## Supporting Information

**Table S1** Fraction of Q<sup>n</sup> Si population determined by quantitative data of solid-state

<sup>29</sup> Si	MAS	NMR	spectra
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Sample name	Chemical shift range	$(Q^2+Q^3)/Q^n$	$Q^4/Q^n$
	(ppm)	(%)	(%)
R0.5	-80.0 ~ -127.4	64	36
R0.5S5	-81.5 ~ -126.0	55	45
<i>R0.5S10</i> (or <i>RS-160</i> )	-85.8 ~ -132.8	46	54
<i>RS-112</i>	-89.4 ~ -122.7	45	55
<i>RS-28</i>	-88.9 ~ -123.0	44	56
R0.5S10-AT	-80.0 ~ -132.4	55	45
	Sample name <i>R0.5</i> <i>R0.5S5</i> <i>R0.5S10</i> (or <i>RS-160</i> ) <i>RS-112</i> <i>RS-28</i> <i>R0.5S10-AT</i>	Sample name       Chemical shift range (ppm)         R0.5       -80.0 ~ -127.4         R0.5S5       -81.5 ~ -126.0         R0.5S10 (or RS-160)       -85.8 ~ -132.8         RS-112       -89.4 ~ -122.7         RS-28       -88.9 ~ -123.0         R0.5S10-AT       -80.0 ~ -132.4	Sample nameChemical shift range $(Q^2+Q^3)/Q^n$ (ppm)(%) $R0.5$ $-80.0 \sim -127.4$ 64 $R0.5S5$ $-81.5 \sim -126.0$ 55 $R0.5S10$ (or $RS-160$ ) $-85.8 \sim -132.8$ 46 $RS-112$ $-89.4 \sim -122.7$ 45 $RS-28$ $-88.9 \sim -123.0$ 44 $R0.5S10-AT$ $-80.0 \sim -132.4$ 55

Sample	303~473 K	473~823 K	823~1073 K	Total weight loss	Removal rates of PI
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(303~1073 K)	(%)
RS-28	7.95	12.97	1.60	22.52	
RS-28-AT	9.56	5.34	1.27	16.17	46.42
RS-56	5.21	12.77	1.85	19.83	
RS-56-AT	8.79	6.86	1.64	17.29	58.82
RS-112	8.23	12.02	1.39	21.64	
RS-112-AT	9.59	4.89	1.08	15.56	59.35
RS-140	6.83	14.17	1.33	22.33	
RS-140-AT	8.87	5.48	1.24	15.59	61.32
RS-160	5.54	11.91	1.07	18.52	
RS-160-AT	9.22	4.52	1.05	14.79	62.05

 Table S2 TG analysis results of zeolite precursors and catalysts

Catalysts	Total pore volume (cm <sup>3</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Exter. BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Micro. BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	L/B	Acid amount (mmol/g)
$Fe_2O_3@RS-28-C$	0.38	422	90	332	77.9	0.71
$Fe_2O_3$ @RS-56-C	0.37	445	99	346	66.5	0.75
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> @RS-112-C	0.41	490	111	379	17.8	1.19
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> @RS-140-C	0.40	502	112	390	4.2	1.49
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> @RS-160-C	0.41	498	110	388	12.7	0.35

Table S3 Textural properties of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> supported zeolite catalysts<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> The BET surface area and pore volume are calculated based on the  $N_2$  adsorption-desorption analysis; the acid amount is calculated based on the NH<sub>3</sub>-TPD analysis results; the L/B ratio was calculated based on the pyridine-IR analysis results.



Figure S1 UV-vis spectra of RS-series catalysts



**Figure S2** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherms and pore size distributions of zeolite catalysts *RS-140-AT* (top) and *RS-160-AT* (bottom).



Figure S3 Removal percentage of PI in zeolite precursor by acid treatment



Figure S4 XPS spectra of *RS*-series catalysts



Figure S5 XRD patterns of 28%Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> supported zeolite catalysts



Figure S6 HRTEM images of *RS-160* zeolite precursor.



**Figure S7** Recycling test in the condensation of benzaldehyde with ethylene glycol over catalyst *RS-160-AT* (Reaction conditions: catalyst, 25 mg; cyclohexane, 6 ml; benzaldehyde, 5 mmol; ethylene glycol, 7.5 mmol; Temp., 363 K; time, 5 h)