Supporting Information For

Porous cross-linked polymer copper and iridium catalyzed the synthesis of quinoxalines and functionalized ketones under solventfree conditions †

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1. General methods and materials

Unless the special instructions, all the reagents were provided from commercial suppliers and used without further purifications (J&K, Energy Chemical, Acros, TCI, etc.). All the obtained products were characterized by ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR and referenced to DMSO-*d*₆ (2.50 ppm for ¹H, and 39.5 ppm for ¹³C) or CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm for ¹H, and 77.1 ppm for ¹³C) with tetramethylsilane as internal standard (0 ppm). ¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR spectra were obtained on Varian 400 or 101 MHz respectively on Bruker Advance III HD 400 MHz spectrometer. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using commercially prepared 100-400 mesh silica gel plates (SGF254). Flash column chromatography was performed on 230-430 mesh silica gel. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on LTQ-FTUHRA mass spectrometer. GC-MS recorded on GCMS-QP2010Ultra.

2. Synthesis of PCP-BTA-Cu and PCP-BTA-Ir

2.1 Procedure for synthesis of 1-(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)-1H-benzotriazole (1a)



1-(6-Bromo-2-pyridinyl)-1H-benzotriazole (**1a**) was synthesized according to literature¹. A mixture of benzotriazole (3.570 g, 30.0 mmol) and 2,6-dibromopyridine (4.740 g, 20.0 mmol) was heated to 180 °C under N₂ and allowed to stir for 2 h. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was added water and extracted with dichloromethane three times. The organic phases were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated by removing the solvent under vacuum to give a crude product. Finally, the residue was subjected to purification by silica gel column chromatography with eluent petroleum ether/ethyl acetate to afford the desired product (**1a**, 70% yield, 3.861 g, Mp.80.1–82.6 °C).

2.2. Procedure for synthesis of 1-(6-(4-vinylphenyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazole (1b).



1-(6-(4-vinylphenyl) pyridin-2-yl)-1*H*-benzo[d] [1,2,3] triazole (**1b**) was synthesized according to literature.² A mixture of triazole intermediate (**1a**, 1.38 g, 5 mmol), 4-vinylbenzyl boronic acid (1.030 g, 7 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (2.600 g, 8 mmol) were dissolved in solvent mixture of toluene/EtOH (10:1 mixture, 40 mL) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.290 g, 0.25 mmol) was added subsequently. The resulting mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 6 hours under N₂ atmosphere. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was added water and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The organic phases were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated by removing the solvent under vacuum to give a crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography, eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate to afford the desired product (**1b**, 80% yield, 1.190 g, Mp.166.5-168.3 °C).

1-(6-(4-vinylphenyl) pyridin-2-yl)-1*H*-benzo[d] [1,2,3] triazole (1b)



White solid, Mp.166.5-168.3 °C, 80% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, J = 15.5, 8.0 Hz, 3H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.09, 151.54, 146.81, 139.70, 138.83, 137.65, 136.22, 131.53, 128.89, 127.14, 126.85, 124.94, 119.92, 118.58, 115.08, 114.80, 112.71. HRMS Calculated for C₁₉H₁₅N₄ [M+H]⁺ 299.1297, found 299.1293.

2.3 Procedure for synthesis of PCP-BTA



The polymer monomer **1b** (0.500 g) and Divinylbenzene (DVB, 2.000 g) were dissolved in DMF (20 mL), followed by the addition of 2,2'-azobis (2-methylpropionitrile) (AIBN, 0.050 g). After stirring for 2 h at room temperature, the solution was transferred into an autoclave for 24 h at 100 °C. Subsequently, the mixture solution was cooled to room temperature and the obtained solid was washed three times with anhydrous ethanol, a white solid product was obtained, which was **PCP-BTA**.

2.4.1 Procedure for synthesis of PCP-BTA-Cu

Under N₂ atmosphere, **PCP-BTA** (1.000 g), $Cu(CH_3COOH)_2 \cdot H_2O$ (200 mg) and dry DMF (20 mL) was added to 50 mL Schlenk tube. Then, the resulting mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h. After cooling down to room temperature centrifugation, washing with water three times, and drying at 80°C, the dark green solid was obtained, which was denoted as **PCP-BTA-Cu**.

2.4.2 Procedure for synthesis of PCP-BTA-Ir

Under N₂ atmosphere, **PCP-BTA** (1.000 g), [Cp*IrCl₂]₂ (200 mg) and dry methanol (20 mL) was added to 50 mL Schlenk tube. Then, the resulting mixture was stirred at 60°C for 12 h. After cooling down to room temperature centrifugation, washing with methanol three times, and drying at 75 °C, the yellow solid was obtained, which was denoted as **PCP-BTA-Ir**.

3. Characterization of PCP-BTA-Cu and PCP-BTA-Ir

Fig.S1 showed SEM and TEM images of PCP-BTA-Cu, PCP-BTA-Ir after five runs.



Fig.S1. (a) SEM images of PCP-BTA-Cu after five runs, (b) TEM images of PCP-BTA-Cu after five runs, (c) SEM images of PCP-BTA-Ir after five runs, (d) TEM images of PCP-BTA-Ir after five runs.

Fig.S2 showed SEM EDS image of PCP-BTA-Cu (a), (b), and corresponding elemental mapping images of (c) C, (d) N, (e) Cu, (f) O, which revealed cooper complex was supported on PCP-BTA successfully.



Fig.S2. SEM EDS image of PCP-BTA-Cu (a), (b), and corresponding elemental mapping images of (c) C, (d) N, (e) Cu, (f) O.

Fig.S3 showed SEM EDS image of PCP-BTA-Ir (a), (b), and corresponding elemental mapping images of (c) C, (d) N, (e) Ir, (f) Cl, which revealed iridium complex was supported on PCP-BTA successfully.



Fig.S3. SEM EDS image of PCP-BTA-Ir (a), (b), and corresponding elemental mapping images of (c) C, (d) N, (e) Ir, (f) Cl.

Nomo	Start	Peak	End	Height	FWHM	Area (P)	Area (N) TPP-	Atomic
Inallie	(BE)	(BE)	(BE)	(CPS)	(eV)	CPS. (eV)	2M	(%)
N 1s	408	398.39	394	1365.59	1.62	3463.98	31.27	2.08
Cu 2p	967.63	932.78	929	2486.65	3.34	20790.11	19.54	1.3
O 1s	540	531.44	526	2152.85	2.86	8187.33	47.48	3.16
C 1s	296	283.99	281	54853.37	1.56	100163.22	1403.8	93.46

Table.S1. Quantitative elemental composition of C, O, N and Cu from the PCP-BTA-Cu XPS data.

Table.S2. Quantitative elemental composition of C, Ir, N and Cl from the PCP-BTA-Ir XPS data.

	Start	Peak	End	Height	FWHM	Area (P)	Area (N) TPP-	Atomic
Name	(BE)	(BE)	(BE)	(CPS)	(eV)	CPS.(eV)	2M	(%)
Ir 4f	72.58	62.65	56.78	1627.32	1.78	5656.54	0.01	0.55
Cl 2p	210.58	198.89	190.78	822.88	3.02	3032.98	0.02	1.54
C 1s	296.58	284.77	279.78	35275.94	1.63	66563.14	1.52	94.19
N 1s	410.58	399.15	392.78	965.46	1.53	4286.15	0.06	3.72

4. General procedure for 4 from diamines

To 25 mL pressure tube was added 1,2-diamine (1.0 mmol), vicinal diol (2.5 mmol), PCP-BTA-Cu (15 mg), CsOH·H₂O (0.75 equiv.). Then, the pressure tube was placed in oil bath (150 $^{\circ}$ C) for 12 h. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was added water and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The organic phases were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated by removing the solvent under vacuum to give a crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography, eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate to afford the desired product **4**.

5. General procedure for 4 from nitroanilines

To 25 mL pressure tube was added 2-nitroaniline (1.0 mmol), vicinal diol (3.0 mmol), PCP-BTA-Cu (15 mg), CsOH·H₂O (0.75 equiv.). Then, the pressure tube was placed in oil bath (150 $^{\circ}$ C) for 12 h. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was added water and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The organic phases were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated by removing the solvent under vacuum to give a crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography, eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate to afford the desired product **4**.

6. General procedure for 8

To 25 mL reaction tube was added secondary alcohol (1.0 mmol), primary alcohol (3.0 mmol), PCP-BTA-Ir (15 mg), KOH (0.5 equiv.). Then, the mixture was heated at 100 °C for 12 h. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was added water and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The organic phases were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated by removing the solvent under vacuum to give a crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography, eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate to afford the desired product **8**. Please see Table S3 for the optimization of reaction conditions.

Table S3. Optimization of reaction conditions.^a



Entry	Catalyst	Base	Time [h]	Solvent	Temperature [°C]	Yield [%] ^b
1	—	KOH	12	toluene	100	15
2	PCP-BTA-Ir	KOH	12	toluene	100	88
3	PCP-BTA-Ir	КОН	12	-	100	92
4	PCP-BTA-Ir	K ₂ CO ₃	12	toluene	100	25
5	PCP-BTA-Ir	NaOH	12	toluene	100	80
6	PCP-BTA-Ir	KOtBu	12	toluene	100	45
7	PCP-BTA-Ir	$CsOH \cdot H_2O$	12	toluene	100	81
8	PCP-BTA-Ir	KOH	12	H ₂ O	100	10
9	PCP-BTA-Ir	KOH	12	1,4-dioxane	100	75
10	PCP-BTA-Ir	KOH	12	-	130	91
11	PCP-BTA-Ir	KOH	12	-	90	87
12	PCP-BTA-Ir	KOH	8	-	100	84
13	PCP-BTA-Ir	КОН	16	-	100	92

^{*a*} Reagents and conditions: **6a** (1.0 mmol), **7a** (3.0 mmol), KOH (0.5 mmol), PCP-BTA-Ir (15 mg), 100 °C, 12 h. ^{*b*} Yields of isolated product.

7. Hammett plot equation



Experimental procedure: To 25 mL pressure tube was added 1,2-diamine (1.0 mmol), 2,3-butanediol (**3f**, 2.5 mmol), PCP-BTA-Cu (15 mg), CsOH·H₂O (0.75 equiv.). Then, the pressure

tube was heated at 150 °C for 1 h. After centrifugation and recycle the catalyst, the water mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate three times. Next, the yield of product **4** was determined by GC.

R	OMe	Me	Н	F	Cl
Yield	22%	18%	14%	8%	6%

8. Reusability of the catalyst

To 25 mL pressure tube was added *o*-phenylenediamine (1.0 mmol), 1,2-propanediol (2.5 mmol), PCP-BTA-Cu (15 mg), CsOH·H₂O (0.75 equiv.) and NaOAc (0.2 equiv.). Then, the pressure tube was placed in oil bath (150 °C) for 12 h. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the catalyst was separated by centrifugation with ethyl acetate, washed with methanol and ethanol, dried in a vacuum, and reused for the next time.

9. Analytical data of the obtained compounds

1-(6-(4-vinylphenyl) pyridin-2-yl)-1*H*-benzo[d] [1,2,3] triazole (1b)



White solid, Mp.166.5-168.3 °C, 80% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, J = 15.5, 8.0 Hz, 3H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.09, 151.54, 146.81, 139.70, 138.83, 137.65, 136.22, 131.53, 128.89, 127.14, 126.85, 124.94, 119.92, 118.58, 115.08, 114.80, 112.71. HRMS Calculated for C₁₉H₁₅N₄ [M+H]⁺ 299.1297, found 299.1293.

(1) 2-methylquinoxaline (4aa) ³.



Yellow liquid, 90% from diamine, 91% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.74 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.76, 145.99, 142.04, 140.94, 130.00, 129.15, 128.91, 128.64, 22.57.

(2) 2-ethylquinoxaline (4ab) ³.



Yellow liquid, 88% from diamine, 89% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.64 (s, 1H), 7.97 – 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.59 (ddd, *J* = 9.6, 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.38, 145.51, 142.08, 141.16, 129.84, 129.11, 128.83, 128.80, 29.56, 13.35.

(3) 2-propylquinoxaline (4ac) 4.



Yellow liquid, 80% from diamine, 83% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.12 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.79 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 3.05 – 2.98 (m, 2H), 1.91 (h, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.06 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.48, 145.85, 142.19, 141.23, 129.94, 129.17, 128.94, 128.85, 38.42, 22.85, 13.93.

(4) 2-butylquinoxaline (4ad) ³.



Yellow dense liquid, 77% from diamine, 79% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.14 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.81 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 3.09 – 3.00 (m, 2H), 1.86 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.49 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.70, 145.84, 142.14, 141.20, 129.98, 129.16, 128.96, 128.81, 36.24, 31.66, 22.59, 13.90.

(5) 2-phenylquinoxaline (4ae) ³.



Yellow dense liquid, 86% from diamine, 82% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.36 (s, 1H), 8.30 – 8.10 (m, 4H), 7.86 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.63 – 7.51 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.89, 143.36, 142.33, 141.57, 136.79, 130.33, 130.22, 129.65, 129.59, 129.19, 129.13, 127.58.

(6) 2,3-dimethylquinoxaline (4af) ³.



Yellow solid, Mp.104.2-106.8 °C, 85% from diamine, 92% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (dd, J = 6.3, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (dd, J = 6.4, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (s, 6H). ³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.41, 141.04, 128.78, 128.28, 23.14.

(7) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydrophenazine (4ag)⁵.



Yellow solid, Mp.91.9-93.3 °C, 92% from diamine, 80% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 3.22 – 3.13 (m, 4H), 2.05 (p, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.14, 141.19, 128.93, 128.32, 33.19, 22.79.

(8) 2,6-dimethylquinoxaline and 2,7-dimethylquinoxaline (4ah)³.



Yellow solid, the two regio-isomers were inseparable in column chromatography. 83% isolated yield from diamine; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.68 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 7.96 – 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.84 – 7.75 (m, 1H), 7.54 (ddd, *J* = 15.4, 8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.57 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.61, 152.76, 145.87, 145.08, 142.07, 141.00, 140.55, 140.47, 139.43, 139.33, 132.28, 131.20, 128.65, 128.13, 128.02, 127.52, 22.52, 22.42, 21.84, 21.68.

(9) 6-methyl-2-phenylquinoxaline and 7-methyl-2-phenylquinoxaline (4ai)³.



Yellow solid, the two regio-isomers were inseparable in column chromatography. 83% isolated yield from diamine; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.29 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 – 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.66 – 7.50 (m, 4H), 2.63 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.81, 151.10, 143.26, 142.48, 142.40, 141.64, 140.87, 140.79, 140.17, 136.97, 132.65, 131.91, 130.08, 129.99, 129.14, 128.62, 128.48, 127.97, 127.53, 127.44, 21.89, 21.86.

(10) 2,3,6-trimethylquinoxaline (4aj)³.



Yellow solid, Mp.92.3-94.9 °C, 86% from diamine, 87% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.49 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (s, 6H), 2.55 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.28, 152.42, 141.09, 139.45, 139.14, 131.03, 127.79, 127.26, 23.14, 23.04, 21.73.

(11) 7-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrophenazine (4ak)⁵.



Yellow solid, Mp.80.5.3-82.1 °C, 78% from diamine, 73% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.48 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.02 (p, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.91, 153.06, 143.44, 139.63, 138.75, 130.17, 127.81, 126.57, 33.16, 33.06, 22.84, 22.82, 21.75.

(12) 2,6,7-trimethylquinoxaline (4al)³.



Yellow solid, Mp.115.9-117.2 °C, 86% from diamine, 86% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.54 (s, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.56, 144.91, 140.87, 140.30, 139.80, 139.10, 128.10, 127.65, 22.36, 20.27, 20.11.

(13) 2-ethyl-6,7-dimethylquinoxaline (4am)⁵.



Yellow solid, Mp.115.2-116.8 °C, 74% from diamine, 77% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.66 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.02 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (s, 6H), 1.43 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.46, 144.53, 141.05, 140.37, 140.16, 139.24, 128.18, 127.93, 29.52, 20.34, 20.21, 13.53.

(14) 2,3,6,7-tetramethylquinoxaline (4an)⁵.



Yellow solid, Mp.181.1-183.7 °C, 88% from diamine, 88% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (s, 2H), 2.70 (s, 6H), 2.46 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.32, 139.95, 139.05, 127.46, 23.05, 20.25.

(15) 7,8-dimethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrophenazine (4ao)⁶.



Yellow solid, Mp.147.2-148.2 °C, 80% from diamine, 70% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (s, 2H), 3.16 – 3.09 (m, 4H), 2.45 (s, 6H), 2.02 (p, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.93, 140.12, 139.22, 127.39, 33.06, 22.88, 20.28.

(16) 6,7-dimethyl-2-phenylquinoxaline (4ap)³.



Yellow solid, Mp.121.3-123.1 °C, 85% from diamine, 80% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.13 – 8.06 (m, 2H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.51 – 7.43 (m, 3H), 2.44 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.06, 142.39, 141.26, 140.91, 140.50, 140.24, 137.12, 129.89, 129.12, 128.66, 128.11, 127.42, 20.44, 20.40.

(17) 6-(tert-butyl)-2-methylquinoxaline and 7-(tert-butyl)-2-methylquinoxaline (4aq)⁵.



Yellow solid, the two regio-isomers were inseparable in column chromatography, 65% isolated yield from diamine; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.70 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.03 – 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.86 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 2.76 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.44 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.57, 153.55, 153.02, 152.36, 145.81, 145.30, 144.87, 144.32, 141.92, 140.86, 140.40, 139.36, 128.98, 128.44, 127.93, 127.89, 124.36, 123.91, 35.24, 35.11, 31.11, 22.52, 22.44.

(18) 6-(tert-butyl)-2,3-dimethylquinoxaline (4ar)⁵.



Yellow solid, Mp.52.4-53.8 °C, 70% from diamine; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 6H), 1.43 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.20, 152.67, 152.23, 140.89, 139.38, 127.68, 127.60, 123.63, 35.11, 31.18, 23.14, 23.07.

(19) 7-methoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrophenazine (4as) ⁵.



Yellow solid, Mp.114.9-115.3 °C, 86% from diamine; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.11 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.03 – 1.98 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.89, 153.77, 151.12, 142.46, 137.13, 129.17, 121.96, 105.75, 55.56, 33.02, 32.72, 22.82, 22.75.

(20) 6-methoxy-2-phenylquinoxaline and 7-methoxy-2-phenylquinoxaline (4at)³.



Yellow solid, the two regio-isomers were inseparable in column chromatography, 77% isolated yield from diamine; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.12 (s, 1H), 8.17 – 8.11 (m, 2H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.40 (dd, *J* = 14.6, 2.8 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.08, 151.95, 143.98, 140.74, 137.75, 136.98, 130.02, 129.15, 128.46, 127.54, 122.95, 106.87, 55.86.

(21) 6-methoxy-2,3-dimethylquinoxaline (4au)³.



Yellow solid, Mp.99.3-100.9 °C, 89% from diamine; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.97, 153.36, 150.64, 142.43, 136.99, 129.24, 121.70, 106.15, 55.69, 23.10, 22.80.

(22) 7-chloro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrophenazine (4av)⁶.



Yellow dense liquid, 78% from diamine, 82% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (td, J = 4.7, 2.3 Hz, 4H), 2.00 – 1.95 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.26, 154.46, 141.44, 139.63, 134.64, 130.00, 129.55, 127.30, 33.17, 33.11, 22.67, 22.65.

(23) 6-chloro-2,3-dimethylquinoxaline (4aw) 5.



Yellow solid, Mp.91.0-92.5 °C, 78% from diamine, 75% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.48, 152.68, 140.26, 138.44, 133.29, 128.67, 128.49, 126.27, 22.15, 22.09.

(24) 6-fluoro-2,3-dimethylquinoxaline (4ax)⁶.



Yellow solid, Mp.108.2-110.3 °C, 70% from diamine, 74% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 2.71 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.07 (d, *J* = 249.8 Hz), 154.41, 152.73 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 141.71 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz), 138.17, 130.23 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz), 118.84 (d, *J* = 25.6 Hz), 111.99 (d, *J* = 21.5 Hz), 23.13, 22.97. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -110.26.

(25) 6-bromo-8-methyl-2-phenylquinoxaline and 7-bromo-5-methyl-2phenylquinoxaline (4ba)⁵.



Yellow solid, the two regio-isomers were inseparable in column chromatography, 85% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.28 (s, 1H), 8.27 – 7.96 (m, 3H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.48 (m, 3H), 2.79 (d, *J* = 18.7 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.03, 150.36, 143.39,

143.02, 142.11, 139.87, 139.56, 139.25, 136.59, 136.39, 133.49, 132.45, 130.43, 130.33, 129.67, 129.20, 129.16, 129.13, 127.55, 127.42, 124.05, 123.20, 17.36, 17.09.

(26) 7-bromo-2,3,5-trimethylquinoxaline (4bb)³.



Yellow solid, Mp.66.1-68.6 °C,79% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.90, 152.58, 141.65, 139.05, 138.68, 132.01, 128.40, 122.08, 23.35, 23.08, 16.91.

(27) 6-chloro-2-phenylquinoxaline (4bc)³.



White solid, Mp.125.3-127.1 °C,two regio-isomers were separated by column chromatography, 80% from nitroaniline, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.29 (s, 1H), 8.39 – 8.14 (m, 2H), 8.13 – 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (qd, *J* = 7.8, 6.8, 3.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.71, 143.47, 141.80, 140.82, 135.98, 135.24, 131.31, 130.84, 130.45, 129.23, 128.08, 127.51.

(28) 7-chloro-2-phenylquinoxaline (4bc')³.



White solid, Mp.146.3-148.2 °C, two regio-isomers were separated by column chromatography, 80% from nitroaniline, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.32 (s, 1H), 8.26 – 8.11 (m, 3H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.63 – 7.49 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.51, 143.46, 142.64, 140.11, 136.32, 136.14, 130.60, 130.57, 130.38, 129.26, 128.52, 127.64.

(29) 2,3-dimethylpyrido[3,4-b] pyrazine (4bd)⁶.



Gray solid; Mp.109.8-111.4 °C, 65% from nitroaniline; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.34 (s, 1H),

8.67 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.82, 155.73, 153.36, 146.60, 143.76, 136.50, 120.91, 23.70, 23.33.

(30) 1,3-diphenylpropan-1-one (8aa)⁷.



White solid, Mp.72.3-73.9 °C, 92% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 – 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J = 8.5, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.29 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, J = 8.5, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.15 (dd, J = 8.5, 6.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.23, 141.32, 136.92, 133.07, 128.63, 128.55, 128.45, 128.07, 126.16, 40.46, 30.17.

(31) 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylpropan-1-one (8ab)⁷.



White solid, Mp.59.1-61.2 °C, 86% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 – 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.91 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.30 (dd, J = 8.4, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.81, 163.48, 141.50, 130.32, 130.04, 128.52, 128.44, 126.09, 113.76, 55.46, 40.11, 30.37.

(32) 3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylpropan-1-one (8ac)⁷.



White solid, Mp.66.7-68.2 °C, 84% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.13 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 2.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.32 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.10 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 6.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.95, 157.57, 137.06, 132.86, 130.16, 129.59, 128.52, 128.12, 127.51, 120.56, 110.31, 55.21, 38.96, 25.75.

(33) 3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylpropan-1-one (8ad)⁷.



Colorless liquid, 81% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 - 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.61 - 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.51 - 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.24 (ddd, J = 7.2, 4.4, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 6.96 - 6.87 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.30 (dd, J = 8.9, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (dd, J = 8.7, 6.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.02, 159.91, 141.30, 138.32, 129.59, 128.54, 128.44, 126.15, 120.68, 119.57, 112.35, 55.45, 40.55, 30.23.

(34) 1-phenyl-3-(o-tolyl) propan-1-one (8ae)⁸.



Colorless liquid, 88% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 - 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.65 - 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26 - 7.16 (m, 4H), 3.34 - 3.26 (m, 2H), 3.14 - 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.38, 139.42, 136.91, 136.02, 133.11, 130.38, 128.77, 128.66, 128.08, 126.36, 126.21, 39.14, 27.56, 19.38.

(35) 3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-1-phenylpropan-1-one (8af)⁸.



White solid, Mp.68.3-70.2 °C,83% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (dd, J = 7.8, 3.6 Hz, 3H), 7.49 (dt, J = 10.1, 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.42 - 7.35 (m, 3H),3.39 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.21, 141.03, 140.47, 139.18, 136.92, 133.15, 128.93, 128.80, 128.68, 128.11, 127.32, 127.17, 127.06, 40.41, 29.79.

(36) 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-phenylpropan-1-one (8ag)⁷.



White solid, Mp.58.2-59.9 °C,82% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 - 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.62 -7.56 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.28 (dt, J = 6.8, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 3.31 (t, J = 7.5Hz, 2H), 3.07 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.82, 139.74, 136.79, 133.15, 131.89, 129.82, 128.64, 128.60, 128.01, 40.13, 29.40.

(37) 3-(2-bromophenyl)-1-phenylpropan-1-one (8ah)⁷.



Colorless liquid, 80% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 – 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.58 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (dd, J = 8.4, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (td, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (td, J = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (dd, J = 8.3, 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.22 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.91, 140.60, 136.81, 133.14, 132.92, 130.83, 128.64, 128.10, 128.01, 127.67, 124.40, 38.63, 30.83.

(38) 1-phenyl-3-(thiophen-2-yl) propan-1-one (8ai) 7.



Yellow liquid, 88% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.64 – 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.49 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, *J* = 3.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (ddd, *J* = 7.5, 6.2, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 3.36 – 3.30 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.59, 143.91, 136.79, 133.18, 128.66, 128.06, 126.88, 124.70, 123.40, 40.46, 24.17.

(39) 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl) propan-1-one (8aj)⁹.



Colorless liquid, 77% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 – 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.97 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.24 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.41, 163.61, 139.96, 137.93, 131.80, 130.31, 129.86, 128.58, 113.79, 55.49, 39.78, 29.58.

(40) 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(m-tolyl) propan-1-one (8ak)⁹.



Colorless liquid, 78% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.06 (m, 3H), 7.00 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.31 – 3.25 (m, 2H), 3.11 – 3.04 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.83, 163.50, 141.48, 138.07, 130.35, 130.08, 129.29, 128.47, 126.88, 125.46, 113.78, 55.45, 40.19, 30.33, 21.44.

(41) 3-(2-bromophenyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl) propan-1-one (8al)¹⁰.



Yellow oil, 73% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 – 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.35 (dt, J = 7.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.99 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.25 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.17, 163.56, 143.91, 132.02, 131.51, 130.30, 130.07, 129.22, 127.22, 122.52, 113.80, 55.48, 39.64, 29.84.

(42) 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(thiophen-2-yl) propan-1-one (8am)¹⁰.



Yellow oil, 75% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 – 6.93 (m, 3H), 6.88 (dd, *J* = 3.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.32 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.13, 163.56, 144.12, 130.33, 129.90, 126.86, 124.64, 123.34, 113.79, 55.48, 40.19, 24.41.

(43) 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) propan-1-one (8an)¹¹.



Yellow oil, 78% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 – 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.90 – 6.84 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.26 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C

NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.15, 158.08, 139.47, 135.24, 133.09, 129.48, 129.36, 128.92, 114.00, 55.29, 40.69, 29.23.

(44) 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(*m*-tolyl) propan-1-one (8ao)¹¹.



Yellow oil, 82% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 – 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.48 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.25 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.08 (m, 3H), 3.30 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.99, 141.08, 139.47, 138.17, 135.26, 129.52, 129.29, 128.94, 128.54, 127.03, 125.46, 40.52, 30.04, 21.47.

10. NMR spectra of obtained compounds



¹³C NMR, 101 MHz



200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 f1 (ppm)





-22.57



























200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 f1 (ppm)







^{10 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -}b f1 (ppm)







22.519 -22.422 -21.842 -21.682





151.81 151.10 142.326 142.326 142.40 141.64 140.17 140.17 130.95 131.91 133.95 133.55 135.555











4aj ¹³C NMR, 101 MHz



200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -1 f1 (ppm)



153.91 153.06 143.44 133.63 138.75 130.17 127.81 127.81





4ak ¹³C NMR, 101 MHz



200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -1 f1 (ppm)



-152.56 144.91 140.87 140.30 139.10 128.10 128.10 128.10





4al ¹³C NMR, 101 MHz



io 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -1 f1 (ppm)































200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -1 f1 (ppm)











152.68 152.68 140.26 133.29 133.29 133.29 133.29 133.29 133.29 133.29 133.29



¹³C NMR, 101 MHz



22.15



-118.96 112.09 111.88 163.31 160.83 160.83 152.74 152.74 152.71 152.71 152.71 152.71 152.71 152.71 152.71 152.71 152.71 152.71 153.818 138.16 138.16 138.16 138.16





23.13



S46





10.5 10.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 -0.5 -1.0 -1.5 11 (ppm)



















































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