

# **N-Aroyloxycarbamates as switchable nitrogen and oxygen precursor: Ir/Cu controlled divergent C–H functionalizaion of heteroarenes**

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## **Supporting Information**

### **Table of Contents**

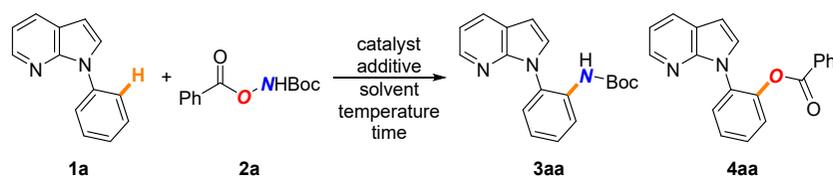
<b>1</b>	<b>General Information</b>	<b>S2</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Full Table of Reaction Optimization</b>	<b>S3</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Experimental Details for Ir(III) catalyzed Amidation reactions</b>	<b>S6</b>
<b>3.1</b>	<b>General Procedure for the Catalytic Amidation (GP A)</b>	<b>S6</b>
<b>3.2</b>	<b>Studies on Reuse of Catalytic System</b>	<b>S6</b>
<b>3.3</b>	<b>Characterization Data of the Amidation Products</b>	<b>S6</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Experimental Details for Copper Enabled Aroyloxylation Reactions</b>	<b>S15</b>
<b>4.1</b>	<b>General Procedure for the Aroyloxylation Reactions (GP B)</b>	<b>S15</b>
<b>4.2</b>	<b>Characterization Data of the Aroyloxylation Products</b>	<b>S15</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Experimental Details for the Difluoroboron Complexes</b>	<b>S28</b>
<b>5.1</b>	<b>General Procedure for the Synthesis of Difluoroboron Complexes (GP C)</b>	<b>S28</b>
<b>5.2</b>	<b>Characterization Data of the Difluoroboron Complexes</b>	<b>S28</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Experimental Details for the Product Derivation</b>	<b>S31</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Mechanistic Investigation Experiments</b>	<b>S34</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>X-Ray Crystal Data of Compound 6aa</b>	<b>S41</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>References and Notes</b>	<b>S43</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Copies of NMR Spectra of the All Compounds</b>	<b>S44</b>

## 1. General Information

All purchased reagents were used without further purification unless otherwise noted. Analytical thin-layer chromatography was performed with 0.25 mm coated commercial silica gel plates (TLC Silica Gel 60 F<sub>254</sub>); visualization of the developed chromatogram was performed by fluorescence. <sup>1</sup>H nuclear magnetic resonance (<sup>1</sup>H NMR) data were acquired at 400 MHz on a Bruker Ascend 400 (400 MHz) spectrometer, and chemical shifts are reported in delta ( $\delta$ ) units, in parts per million (ppm) downfield from tetramethylsilane. Splitting patterns are designated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet, coupling constants *J* are quoted in Hz. <sup>13</sup>C NMR data were acquired at 100 MHz on a Bruker Ascend 400 spectrometer, chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to the center line of a triplet at 77.0 ppm for CDCl<sub>3</sub>. Infrared spectra (IR) data were recorded on a TENSOR 27 FT-IR spectrometer and recorded in wave numbers (cm<sup>-1</sup>). High resolution mass spectra were acquired on a Bruker Daltonics MicroTof-Q II mass spectrometer. **1a–1m** were prepared according to literature methods<sup>[S1]</sup>, **2a** and **2f–2t** were prepared according to literature methods<sup>[S2]</sup> and **2u** was prepared according to literature methods<sup>[S3]</sup>.

## 2 Full Table of Reaction Optimization

Table S1 Identification of reaction conditions for the transformation between 7-azaindole and *N*-benzyloxycarbamate



Entry	Catalyst	Ligand	Additives	Temperature (°C)	Solvent	Yield of <b>3aa</b> (%) <sup>a</sup>	Yield of <b>4aa</b> (%) <sup>a</sup>
1	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	—	AgNTf <sub>2</sub> (10 mol%)	rt	DCE	70	—
2	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	—	AgNTf <sub>2</sub> (10 mol%)	rt	BMIMPF <sub>6</sub>	73	—
3	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	—	AgNTf <sub>2</sub> (10 mol%)	rt	BMIMNTf <sub>2</sub>	75	—
4	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	—	AgNTf <sub>2</sub> (10 mol%)	rt	BMIMBF <sub>4</sub>	82 (89 <sup>b</sup> )	—
5	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	—	AgSbF <sub>6</sub> (10 mol%)	rt	BMIMBF <sub>4</sub>	83 <sup>b</sup>	—
6	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	—	AgOAc (10 mol%)	rt	BMIMBF <sub>4</sub>	80 <sup>b</sup>	—
7	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	—	AgOTf (10 mol%)	rt	BMIMBF <sub>4</sub>	98 <sup>b</sup>	—
8	[Cp*RhCl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> (5 mol%)	—	AgOTf (10 mol%)	rt	BMIMBF <sub>4</sub>	25	—
9	Fe(TPP)Cl (10 mol%)	—	K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	100	toluene	—	—
10	Zn(OTf) <sub>2</sub> (10 mol%)	—	—	100	toluene	—	—
11	Ni(acac) <sub>2</sub> (10 mol%)	MePPh <sub>3</sub> (20 mol%)	—	100	toluene	—	—
12	Pd(OAc) <sub>2</sub> (20 mol%)	—	—	100	toluene	—	—
13	Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub> (20 mol%)	—	—	100	toluene	—	—
14	CuTc	—	—	100	toluene	—	trace
15	Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub>	—	—	100	toluene	—	18
16	Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub>	2,6-lutidine	—	100	toluene	—	32
17	Cu(OTf) <sub>2</sub>	2,6-lutidine	—	100	toluene	—	26
18	CuCN	2,6-lutidine	—	100	toluene	—	—

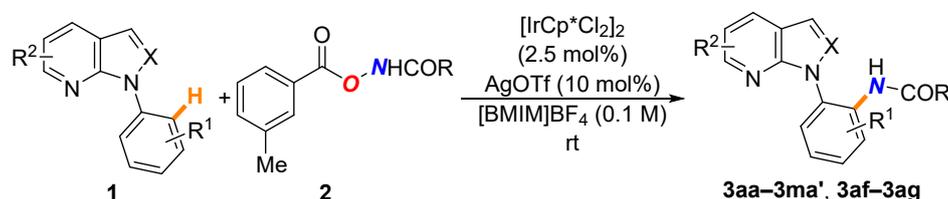
19	CuI	2,6-lutidine	–	100	toluene	–	–
20	CuCl	2,6-lutidine	–	100	toluene	–	–
21	CuBr·SMe	2,6-lutidine	–	100	toluene	–	–
22	Cu <sub>2</sub> O	2,6-lutidine	–	100	toluene	–	–
23	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	2,6-lutidine	–	100	toluene	–	47
24	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> PF <sub>6</sub>	2,6-lutidine	–	100	toluene	–	42
25	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	2-aminopyrin	–	100	toluene	–	36
26	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	2-methyl-4-aminopyridine	–	100	toluene	–	42
27	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	4,4'-di- <i>tert</i> -butyl-2,2'-bipyridine	–	100	toluene	–	trace
28	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	2-amino-trimethylpyridine	–	100	toluene	–	–
29	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	6-methyl-2pyridinitrile	–	100	toluene	–	47
30	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	2-fluoro-6-methylpyridine	–	100	toluene	–	57
31	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	DMAP	–	100	toluene	–	55
32	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	1,10-pnenanthroline	–	100	toluene	–	trace
33	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	2,9-dimethyl-1,10-pnenanthroline	–	100	toluene	–	–
34	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	100	toluene	–	55 (52°)
35	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub> (50 mol%)	–	–	100	toluene	–	44 <sup>d</sup>
36	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	TFA	100	toluene	–	21 <sup>c</sup>
37	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	TSoH·H <sub>2</sub> O	100	toluene	–	16 <sup>c</sup>
38	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	DABCO	100	toluene	–	–
39	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	TMEDA	100	toluene	–	–
40	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	TBHP	100	toluene	–	50 <sup>c</sup>
41	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	DTBP	100	toluene	–	58 <sup>c</sup>
42	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	100	toluene	–	52 <sup>c</sup>
43	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	80	toluene	–	39 <sup>c</sup>
44	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	toluene	–	70 <sup>c</sup>
45	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	140	toluene	–	71 <sup>c</sup>
46	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	–	–
47	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	THF	–	–
48	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	dioxane	–	–

49	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	DFM	–	–
50	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	NMP	–	–
51	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	EtOH	–	–
52	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	DCE	–	54 <sup>c</sup>
53	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	DCB	–	83 <sup>c</sup>
54	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	PhCl	–	85 <sup>c</sup>
55	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	PhCF <sub>3</sub>	–	81 <sup>c</sup>
56	Cu(CH <sub>3</sub> CN) <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	–	–	120	xylene	–	75 <sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.10 mmol), **2a** (0.12 mmol), additives (1.0 equiv.), ligand (1.0 equiv.) and Iridium catalyst (2.5 mol%) or copper salt (1.0 equiv.) in solvent (1.0 mL) were stirred at indicated temperature for 1–12 h under air, isolated yield reported. <sup>b</sup> *m*-Tolueneoxy carbamate was used. <sup>c</sup> 60 mol% copper salt was used. <sup>d</sup> 50 mol% copper salt was used.

### 3 Experimental Details for Ir(III) Catalyzed Amidation Reactions

#### 3.1 General Procedure for the Catalytic Amidation (GP A)

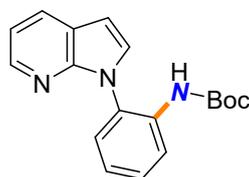


To an oven dried Schlenk tube (10 mL) was added *N*-aryl-7-azaindole **1** (0.1 mmol), hydroxylamines **2** (1.2 equiv.), [IrCp\*Cl<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub> (2 mg, 2.5 mol%), AgOTf (2.6 mg, 10 mol%) in 1.0 mL of [BMIM]BF<sub>4</sub> under air, the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1-12 h. The crude reaction mixture was purified through column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate as eluent to afford aryl amines.

#### 3.2 Studies on Reuse of Catalytic System

The feasibility of recycling the catalyst system was studied under the optimized reaction condition according to **GP A**. After completion of the reaction, the product was separated by extraction with diethyl ether. The upper layer of diethyl ether contains a product mixture directly used for purification. The remains were subsequently subjected to vacuum to remove the rest of solvents before it was reused in next catalytic run. Purification by flash column chromatography to afford the pure product **3aa** (30.2 mg, 98%), (28.4 mg, 92%), and (27.8 mg, 90%) in three cycles, respectively.

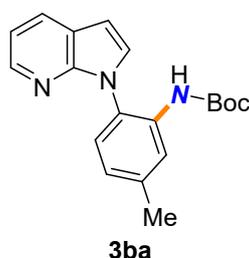
#### 3.3 Characterization Data of the Amidation Products



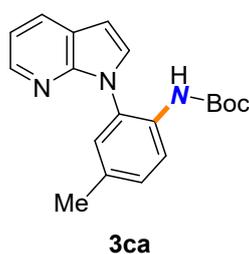
**3aa** 1

**tert-Butyl (2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate:** **3aa** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (30.2 mg, 98%). *R<sub>f</sub>* = 0.63; *m.p.* = 128–129 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): δ = 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 5.7

Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 1.26 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz, DMSO):  $\delta = 153.4, 147.8, 143.3, 134.0, 132.0, 130.5, 129.6, 128.6, 128.2, 126.3, 125.6, 121.2, 117.0, 102.1, 79.5, 28.3$  ppm; IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3083, 1730, 1603, 1503, 1275, 1064, 709$ ; HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  310.1550, found 310.1541.

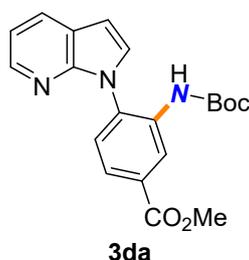


**tert-Butyl (5-methyl-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ba** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (29.4 mg, 91%).  $R_f = 0.56$ ; **m.p.** = 135–136 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.34$  (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 8.00 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.17 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.98 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 1.9$  Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 153.2, 148.2, 143.7, 138.7, 133.8, 129.7, 129.6, 127.3, 126.7, 124.9, 123.7, 121.2, 116.6, 102.2, 80.3, 28.2, 21.4$  ppm; IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3082, 2926, 1722, 1603, 1485, 1393, 1229, 1064, 717$ ; HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  324.1707, found 324.1705.

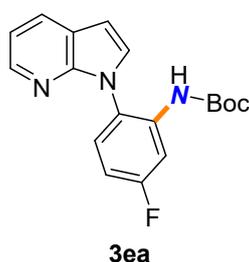


**tert-Butyl (4-methyl-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ca** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (29.1 mg, 90%).  $R_f = 0.53$ ;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.40$  (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 8.05 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd,  $J = 8.4, 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd,  $J = 7.8,$

4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d,  $J = 2.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.44 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 153.5, 148.1, 143.7, 134.3, 131.4, 129.7, 129.5, 129.2, 128.0, 124.0, 121.3, 126.7, 116.7, 102.3, 80.2, 28.3, 20.7$  ppm. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3085, 2932, 1733, 1643, 1481, 1393, 1229, 1054, 717$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  324.1707, found 324.1705.

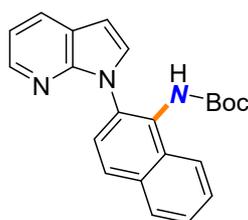


**Methyl 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)benzoate:** **3da** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (25.7 mg, 70%).  $R_f = 0.43$ ; **m.p.** = 106–107 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.75$  (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 8.42 (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 8.08 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.93 (dd,  $J = 8.3, 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.25 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 4.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 166.4, 153.1, 148.0, 143.7, 133.9, 133.6, 130.0, 129.9, 129.4, 127.3, 125.5, 125.4, 121.6, 117.1, 103.5, 80.7, 52.3, 28.2$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3072, 2962, 1722, 1603, 1485, 1372, 1229, 1054, 713$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  368.1605, found 368.1596.



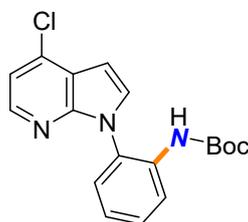
**tert-Butyl (5-fluoro-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate:** **3ea** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (26.8 mg, 82%).  $R_f = 0.53$ ; **m.p.** = 124–125 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.39$  (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 8.07 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 8.00

(dd,  $J = 11.0, 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.23 (ddd,  $J = 8.1, 5.2, 3.5$  Hz, 2H), 6.90 (ddd,  $J = 8.7, 7.5, 2.9$  Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 1.47 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 162.3$  (d,  $J = 244.6$  Hz), 152.6, 148.2, 143.8, 136.2, 136.1, 129.6 (d,  $J = 24.4$  Hz), 128.9 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz), 124.4, 121.2, 116.9, 110.4 (d,  $J = 23.0$  Hz), 109.5 (d,  $J = 28.0$  Hz), 102.7, 81.0, 28.2 ppm. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3069, 2962, 1732, 1603, 1490, 1234, 1048, 711$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{19}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  328.1456, found 328.1452.



3fa

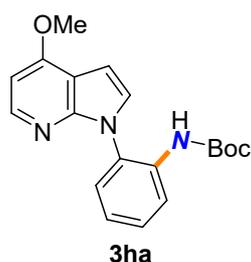
**tert-Butyl (2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)carbamate: 3fa** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (25.5 mg, 71%).  $R_f = 0.47$ ;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.54$  (s, 1H), 8.36 (dd,  $J = 4.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 8.05 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.78 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.49 (ddd,  $J = 8.4, 6.9, 1.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.20 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d,  $J = 3.5$  Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 153.3, 143.9, 136.1, 133.4, 132.0, 130.2, 129.9, 129.8, 127.6, 127.3, 126.8, 126.7, 125.5, 121.4, 119.9, 116.9, 102.7, 80.6, 28.3$  ppm. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3068, 2964, 1723, 1613, 1507, 1485, 1229, 1054, 711$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  360.1707, found 360.1704.



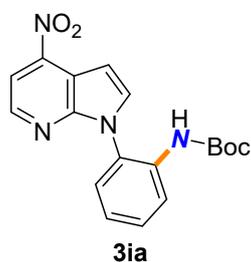
3ga

**tert-Butyl (2-(4-chloro-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ga** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (31.2 mg, 91%).  $R_f = 0.62$ ; **m.p.** = 50–51 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.23 (d,  $J$  = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d,  $J$  = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (ddd,  $J$  = 8.4, 7.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.80 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 153.1, 148.5, 144.0, 136.9, 134.1, 130.2, 129.0, 128.9, 127.6, 124.3, 123.8, 120.6, 117.0, 101.0, 80.6, 28.2 ppm. IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}$ /cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3086, 2988, 1723, 1603, 1507, 1485, 1199, 1054, 833, 711; HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 344.1160, found 344.1164.

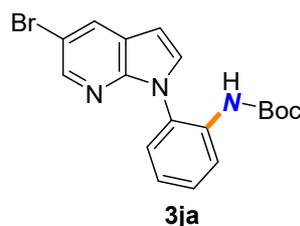


**tert-Butyl (2-(4-methoxy-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ha** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (31.2 mg, 92%).  $R_f$  = 0.62; **m.p.** = 123–124 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.26 (d,  $J$  = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.41 (ddd,  $J$  = 8.5, 7.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.77 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d,  $J$  = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (s, 3H), 1.41 (s, 9H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 160.4, 153.3, 149.6, 145.7, 133.9, 129.5, 128.4, 127.5, 127.4, 124.2, 123.7, 111.4, 99.8, 98.9, 80.3, 55.7, 28.2 ppm; IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}$ /cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3082, 1722, 1575, 1485, 1229, 1073, 717; HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 340.1656, found 340.1654.

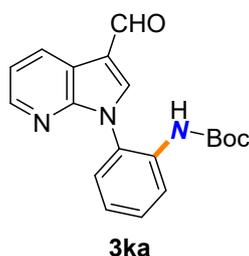


**tert-Butyl (2-(4-nitro-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ia** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (30.1 mg, 85%).  $R_f$  = 0.56; **m.p.** = 128–129 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.54 (d,  $J$  = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d,  $J$  = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d,  $J$  = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d,  $J$  = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (ddd,  $J$  = 8.5, 6.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d,  $J$  = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 152.9, 151.3, 146.4, 143.8, 134.6, 134.3, 129.6, 128.2, 127.8, 124.5, 123.8, 114.1, 110.8, 102.6, 80.9, 28.2 ppm; IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}$ /cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3045, 2935, 1730, 1593, 1494, 1375, 1256, 1083, 717; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 355.1401, found 355.1392.

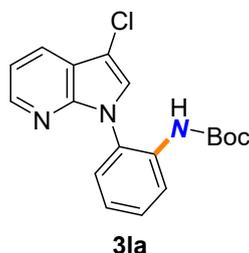


**tert-butyl (2-(5-bromo-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ja** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (35.6 mg, 92%).  $R_f$  = 0.54; m.p. = 121–122 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.39 (d,  $J$  = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d,  $J$  = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d,  $J$  = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (ddd,  $J$  = 8.6, 7.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 6.69 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 153.1, 146.5, 144.2, 134.2, 131.7, 131.1, 128.9, 128.8, 127.6, 124.3, 123.7, 122.8, 112.7, 102.0, 80.7, 28.2.; IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}$ /cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3056, 2926, 1730, 1485, 1247, 1037, 818, 690; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 388.0655, found 388.0659.

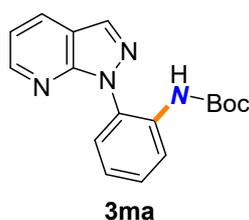


**tert-Butyl (2-(3-formyl-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ka** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (25.3 mg, 75%).  $R_f$  = 0.56; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 10.09 (s, 1H), 8.69 (dd,  $J$  = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (dd,  $J$  = 4.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.09 – 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.89 (d,  $J$  = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.54 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.43 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.28

(m, 1H), 1.38 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 186.1, 154.1, 148.7, 144.9, 141.5, 134.4, 130.9, 130.6, 129.4, 128.1, 126.1, 125.8, 119.0, 117.8, 117.6, 79.9, 27.0 ppm. IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3053, 2936, 2723, 1730, 1717, 1485, 1247, 1037, 715; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calculated for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  338.1499, found 338.1493.

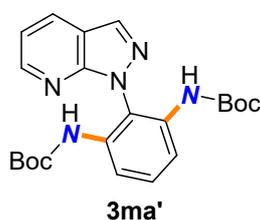


**tert-Butyl (2-(3-chloro-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3la** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (27.1 mg, 79%).  $R_f$  = 0.46; **m.p.** = 126–127 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.35 (dd,  $J$  = 4.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (dd,  $J$  = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.41 (td,  $J$  = 8.3, 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.69 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 153.2, 148.1, 143.7, 134.1, 129.7, 129.7, 129.5, 128.4, 127.5, 124.2, 123.7, 121.3, 116.7, 102.5, 80.4, 28.2 ppm. IR (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3045, 2926, 1717, 1593, 1485, 1289, 1087, 834, 698; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calculated for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{19}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  344.1160, found 344.1163.



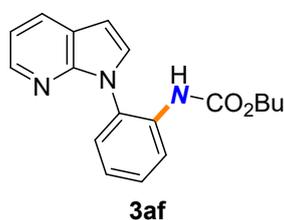
**tert-Butyl (2-(1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate: 3ma** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (28.2 mg, 91%).  $R_f$  = 0.56;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.66 (dd,  $J$  = 4.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.22 (dd,  $J$  = 8.1, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (ddd,  $J$  = 8.6, 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.24 (td,  $J$  = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 1.47 (s, 9H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 152.8, 150.7, 149.8, 134.7, 133.1, 130.7, 128.5, 127.3, 126.2, 123.2, 122.1, 117.9, 116.3,

80.4, 28.3 ppm. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3042, 2967, 1737, 1608, 1487, 1297, 1088, 734; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  311.1503, found 311.1509.

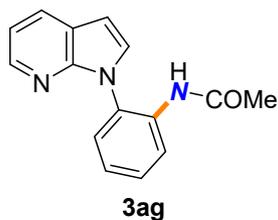


**Di-tert-butyl (2-(1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-1-yl)-1,3-phenylene)dicarbamate:**

**3ma'** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (31.9 mg, 75%).  $R_f$  = 0.46;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.66 (dd,  $J$  = 4.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.27 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.92 – 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.46 (t,  $J$  = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd,  $J$  = 8.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (s, 2H), 1.39 (s, 18H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 152.5, 151.0, 150.4, 136.4, 135.3, 131.2, 129.8, 118.9, 118.2, 117.4, 116.0, 80.6, 28.2. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3073, 2969, 1737, 1604, 1500, 1297, 1120, 730; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_5\text{O}_4$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  426.2136, found 426.2139.



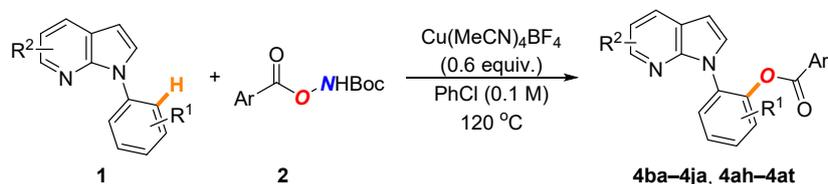
**Butyl (2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate:** **3af** was prepared according to **GP A**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (27.2 mg, 88%).  $R_f$  = 0.39;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.36 (dd,  $J$  = 4.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.07 – 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.43 (td,  $J$  = 8.2, 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.22 (dd,  $J$  = 7.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd,  $J$  = 7.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (t,  $J$  = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 1.58 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.33 – 1.28 (m, 2H), 0.88 (d,  $J$  = 7.4 Hz, 3H);  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 154.2, 148.0, 143.7, 133.7, 129.9, 129.6, 128.5, 127.4, 124.6, 124.0, 121.4, 116.8, 102.7, 65.1, 30.9, 29.7, 19.0, 13.6; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3033, 2989, 1730, 1604, 1500, 1465, 1297, 1375, 1089, 731; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  310.1550, found 310.1555.



**N-(2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)acetamide: 3ag** was prepared according to **GP A**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (20.8 mg, 83%).  $R_f$  = 0.42; **m.p.** = 126–127 °C;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.27 (dd,  $J$  = 4.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.04 – 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.36 (ddd,  $J$  = 8.4, 6.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.11 (dd,  $J$  = 7.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (s, 3H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 168.6, 147.8, 143.1, 132.9, 130.9, 130.2, 130.0, 128.1, 127.1, 126.1, 125.7, 121.7, 116.8, 102.9, 24.2; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3083, 2917, 1730, 1593, 1475, 1375, 1256, 1083, 726; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  252.1132, found 252.1124.

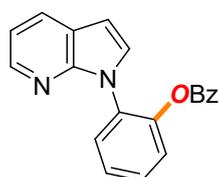
## 4 Experimental Details for Copper Enabled Aroyloxylation Reactions

### 4.1 General Procedure for the Aroyloxylation Reactions (GP B)



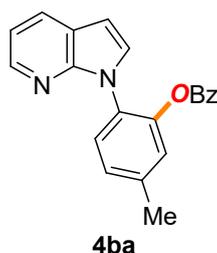
To a solution of *N*-aryl-7-azaindole **1** (0.1 mmol) in chlorobenzene (1.0 mL),  $\text{Cu}(\text{Me}_3\text{CN})_4\text{BF}_4$  (19 mg, 60 mol%) was added aroyloxylation **2** and stirred vigorously at 120 °C for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was filtered through a short celite pad and concentrated under vacuum. The residual was purified through column chromatography using hexane/ethylacetate as eluent to give oxygenation products.

### 4.2 Characterization Data of the Aroyloxylation Products

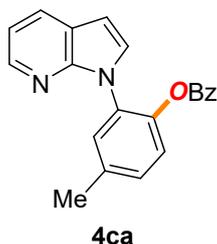


**4aa**

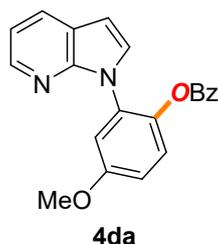
**(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4aa** was prepared according to **GP B**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (26.7 mg, 85%).  $R_f = 0.43$ ; **m.p.** = 90–91 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, MeOD):  $\delta = 8.13$  (dd,  $J = 4.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.93 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dq,  $J = 8.0, 1.6$  Hz, 3H), 7.61 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.50 (dddd,  $J = 7.5, 6.1, 4.9, 1.4$  Hz, 3H), 7.42 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.08 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 4.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (151 MHz, MeOD):  $\delta = 164.2, 147.4, 146.7, 142.5, 133.4, 130.7, 129.5, 129.5, 129.3, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 126.7, 123.7, 121.3, 116.3, 101.4$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 2548, 2177, 1738, 1619, 1510, 1256, 1219, 1046, 749$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  315.1128, found 315.1119.



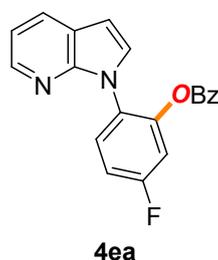
**5-Methyl-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4ba** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (21.3 mg, 65%).  $R_f = 0.34$ ;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.36$  (t,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.61 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 4H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.13 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 6.55 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1H), 2.53 (s, 3H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.7, 148.2, 145.9, 143.7, 139.4, 133.4, 129.9, 129.2, 128.9, 128.9, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.5, 124.4, 120.6, 116.4, 101.3, 21.3$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3069, 1700, 1530, 1329, 1212, 1066, 755$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  329.1285, found 329.1283.



**4-Methyl-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4ca** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (18.0 mg, 55%).  $R_f = 0.35$ ; **m.p.** = 94–95 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.36$  (d,  $J = 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.58 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.10 (t,  $J = 6.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d,  $J = 3.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.8, 148.1, 143.9, 143.7, 136.7, 133.4, 130.3, 129.9, 129.6, 129.2, 129.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.3, 123.6, 120.7, 116.4, 101.4, 21.0$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3075, 1715, 1625, 1500, 1250, 1096, 725$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  329.1285, found 329.1281.

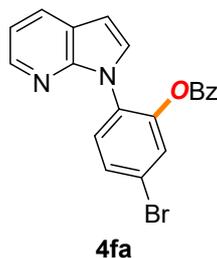


**4-Methoxy-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4da** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (18.2 mg, 53%).  $R_f = 0.43$ ; **m.p.** = 91–92 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.36 (dd,  $J$  = 4.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (dt,  $J$  = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (dt,  $J$  = 8.5, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (td,  $J$  = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd,  $J$  = 9.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.23 (dd,  $J$  = 3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dq,  $J$  = 8.8, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 6.56 (dd,  $J$  = 3.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d,  $J$  = 1.7 Hz, 3H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 165.1, 157.8, 148.1, 143.9, 139.7, 133.5, 131.3, 130.0, 129.1, 129.1, 128.4, 124.6, 120.8, 116.6, 114.4, 113.9, 101.7, 55.9 ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 2540, 2177, 1988, 1738, 1617, 1514, 1254, 1212, 1048, 747; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  345.1234, found 345.1229.

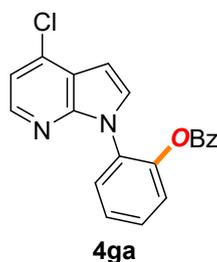


**5-Fluoro-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4ea** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (25.9 mg, 78%).  $R_f = 0.46$ ; **m.p.** = 105–106 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.33 (dd,  $J$  = 4.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (dd,  $J$  = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.65 (dd,  $J$  = 8.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.21 (ddd,  $J$  = 8.9, 7.7, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd,  $J$  = 7.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d,  $J$  = 3.7 Hz, 1H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 164.1, 161.9 (d,  $J$  = 247.8 Hz), 148.1, 147.1, 147.0, 143.8, 133.7, 130.0, 129.7, 129.6, 129.0 (d,  $J$  = 2.9 Hz), 128.4, 127.0, 120.6, 116.6, 113.7 (d,  $J$  = 22.3 Hz), 111.9 (d,  $J$  = 25.5 Hz), 101.7 ppm;  $^{19}\text{F NMR}$  (37 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = -62.32 ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3057, 2936, 1747, 1514, 1436, 1255, 1117, 1040, 764, 695;

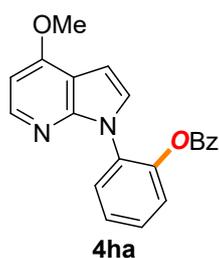
**HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{20}H_{13}FN_2O_2$   $[M+H]^+$  333.1034, found 333.1028.



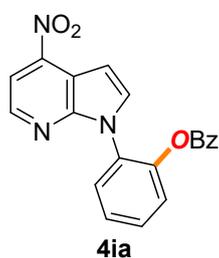
**5-Bromo-2-(1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4fa** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (29.0 mg, 74%).  $R_f = 0.52$ ; **m.p.** = 84–85 °C;  **$^1H$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.33 (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.5$  Hz, 1H), 7.91 (dt,  $J = 7.8, 1.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.80 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.72 (d,  $J = 1.9$  Hz, 1H), 7.64 – 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.10 (ddd,  $J = 7.8, 4.7, 1.0$  Hz, 1H), 6.57 (dd,  $J = 3.6, 1.0$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  **$^{13}C$  NMR** (101 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 164.1, 147.9, 146.5, 143.8, 133.7, 130.0, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 129.1, 128.7, 128.4, 128.3, 127.4, 121.4, 120.7, 116.8, 102.0 ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/cm^{-1}$  = 2935, 1740, 1503, 1238, 1047, 836, 700; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{20}H_{14}BrN_2O_2$   $[M+H]^+$  393.0233, found 393.0238.



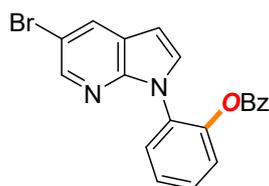
**2-(4-Chloro-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4ga** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (22.6 mg, 65%).  $R_f = 0.42$ ; **m.p.** = 123–124 °C;  **$^1H$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.22 (d,  $J = 5.1$  Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dq,  $J = 15.0, 7.6$  Hz, 4H), 7.44 – 7.34 (m, 3H), 7.12 (d,  $J = 5.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d,  $J = 3.7$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  **$^{13}C$  NMR** (101 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 164.5, 148.6, 146.1, 144.1, 136.1, 133.6, 130.3, 130.0, 129.7, 129.2, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 126.8, 124.1, 120.0, 116.7, 100.1 ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/cm^{-1}$  = 2955, 1730, 1500, 1238, 1045, 852, 710; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{20}H_{13}ClN_2O_2$   $[M+H]^+$  349.0739, found 349.0736.



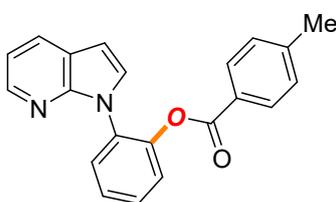
**2-(4-Methoxy-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4ha** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (19.6 mg, 57%).  $R_f = 0.38$ ; **m.p.** = 88–89 °C;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.26$  (t,  $J = 4.1$  Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.47 (m, 4H), 7.38 (t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d,  $J = 3.5$  Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1H), 6.58 (t,  $J = 4.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.02 (d,  $J = 2.9$  Hz, 3H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.5, 159.8, 149.7, 146.1, 145.7, 133.4, 130.8, 130.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 126.8, 126.7, 124.0, 110.9, 98.9, 98.5, 55.5$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 2548, 2177, 2039, 1970, 1212, 1075, 755$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  345.1234, found 345.1226.



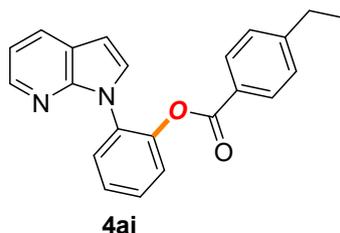
**2-(4-Nitro-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4ia** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (17.3 mg, 48%).  $R_f = 0.35$ ; **m.p.** = 122–123 °C;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.51$  (d,  $J = 5.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d,  $J = 5.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d,  $J = 3.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.69 – 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.65 – 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.59 – 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.37 (t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.3, 151.3, 146.2, 145.9, 143.6, 134.1, 133.8, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 126.9, 124.2, 113.5, 110.5, 101.7$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3073, 2916, 1721, 1593, 1494, 1255, 1073, 726$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  360.0979, found 360.0972.

**4ja**

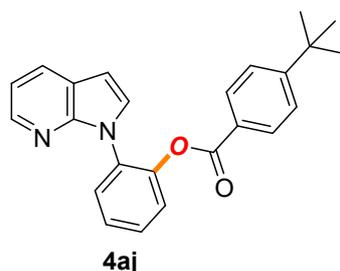
**2-(5-Bromo-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl benzoate: 4ja** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (28.3 mg, 72%).  $R_f = 0.33$ ; **m.p.** = 130–131 °C;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.35$  (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 3H), 7.49 (d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 3H), 6.50 (d,  $J = 3.5$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.5, 146.4, 146.2, 144.2, 133.7, 131.0, 130.6, 130.3, 130.0, 129.2, 128.7, 128.4, 126.8, 125.5, 124.1, 122.3, 112.5, 101.1$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3073, 1722, 1585, 1485, 1238, 1064, 709$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  393.0233, found 393.0226.

**4ah**

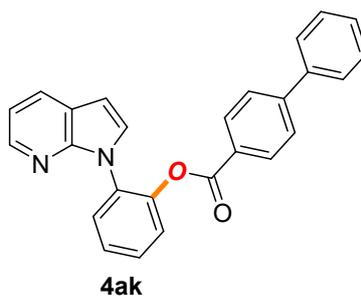
**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 4-methylbenzoate: 4ah** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (26.6 mg, 81%).  $R_f = 0.63$ ;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.36$  (d,  $J = 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d,  $J = 19.2$  Hz, 4H), 7.34 (dd,  $J = 14.7, 5.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 4.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.7, 148.2, 145.9, 143.7, 139.4, 133.4, 129.9, 129.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.5, 124.4, 120.6, 116.4, 101.3, 21.3$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3073, 1710, 1619, 1485, 1234, 1084, 723$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  329.1285, found 329.1286.



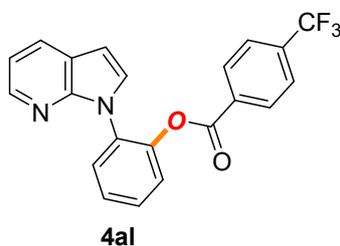
**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 4-ethylbenzoate: 4ai** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (28.4 mg, 83%).  $R_f = 0.63$ ;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.37$  (d,  $J = 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 3H), 7.53 (dq,  $J = 14.3, 7.6$  Hz, 3H), 7.38 (d,  $J = 3.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 2H), 7.11 (dd,  $J = 8.3, 4.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d,  $J = 3.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.69 (q,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 1.26 (t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 3H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.6, 150.5, 148.1, 146.2, 143.7, 130.7, 130.2, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 127.9, 126.6, 126.3, 124.1, 120.7, 116.5, 101.5, 29.0, 15.1$  ppm; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  343.1441, found 343.1434.



**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 4-(tert-butyl)benzoate: 4aj** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (32.5 mg, 88%).  $R_f = 0.64$ ;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.38$  (d,  $J = 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 1H), 7.53 (h,  $J = 8.9, 8.3$  Hz, 3H), 7.38 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 3H), 7.12 (dd,  $J = 8.2, 4.4$  Hz, 1H), 6.58 (q,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 1.35 (s, 9H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.6, 157.3, 148.1, 146.2, 143.7, 130.7, 130.9, 129.9, 129.2, 128.9, 128.8, 126.6, 126.1, 125.4, 124.1, 120.7, 116.5, 101.5, 35.1, 31.1$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3073, 1722, 1580, 1490, 1245, 1068, 715$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  371.1754, found 371.1746.

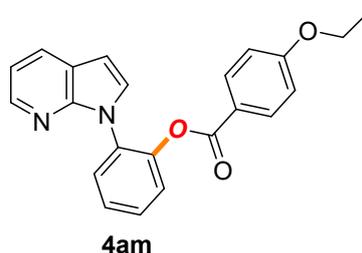


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylate:** **4ak** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (27.3 mg, 70%).  $R_f = 0.38$ ; **m.p.** = 99–100 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.32$  (d,  $J = 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 4H), 7.42 (t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.04 (dd,  $J = 8.1, 4.5$  Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d,  $J = 3.5$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 164.4, 148.1, 146.2, 146.1, 143.8, 139.8, 130.7, 130.5, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.3, 127.6, 127.3, 127.0, 126.7, 124.1, 120.7, 116.6, 101.6$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 2380, 2075, 2010, 1850, 1200, 735$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  391.1441, found 391.1437.

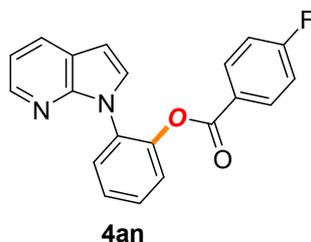


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate:** **4al** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (25.9 mg, 68%).  $R_f = 0.52$ ; **m.p.** = 103–104 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.32$  (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.92 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 7.70 (dd,  $J = 7.6, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 2H), 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.37 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 4.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 163.3, 148.0, 145.9, 143.8, 134.7$  (q,  $J = 32.5$  Hz), 132.1, 130.6, 130.3, 129.1, 128.9, 128.9, 128.7, 127.1, 125.3 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz), 123.8, 123.4 (d,  $J = 271.1$  Hz), 120.7, 116.6, 101.8 ppm;  $^{19}\text{F NMR}$  (376 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = -63.18$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3074, 1764, 1531, 1333, 1272, 1212, 1135, 1066$ ,

859, 755; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{21}H_{13}F_3N_2O_2$   $[M+H]^+$  383.1002, found 383.0995.

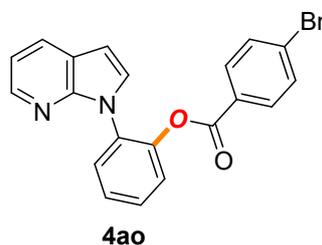


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 4-ethoxybenzoate: 4am** was prepared according to **GP B**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (29.4 mg, 82%).  $R_f$  = 0.58;  **$^1H$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.36 (d,  $J$  = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d,  $J$  = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d,  $J$  = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (h,  $J$  = 7.9 Hz, 3H), 7.37 (d,  $J$  = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dt,  $J$  = 7.5, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (d,  $J$  = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (q,  $J$  = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.44 (t,  $J$  = 7.3 Hz, 3H) ppm;  **$^{13}C$  NMR** (101 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 164.3, 163.2, 148.1, 146.3, 143.7, 132.1, 130.7, 129.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 126.5, 124.1, 120.9, 120.7, 116.5, 114.0, 101.4, 63.7, 14.6 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{22}H_{18}N_2O_3$   $[M+H]^+$  359.1390, found 359.1383.

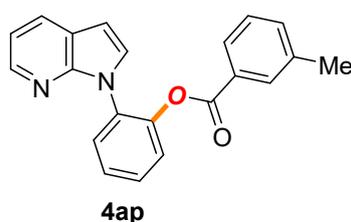


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 4-fluorobenzoate: 4an** was prepared according to **GP B**. The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (20.9 mg, 63%).  $R_f$  = 0.45; **m.p.** = 128–129 °C;  **$^1H$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.34 (dd,  $J$  = 4.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (dd,  $J$  = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.85 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.69 (dd,  $J$  = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.47 (m, 3H), 7.36 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd,  $J$  = 7.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (t,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.57 (d,  $J$  = 3.6 Hz, 1H) ppm;  **$^{13}C$  NMR** (151 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 165.9 (d,  $J$  = 261.3 Hz), 163.5, 148.0, 146.1, 143.7, 132.5 (d,  $J$  = 9.7 Hz), 130.7, 129.0 (d,  $J$  = 25.0 Hz), 129.0, 128.7, 126.8, 125.1 (d,  $J$  = 2.3 Hz), 124.0, 120.7, 116.5, 115.6, 115.5, 101.6 ppm;  **$^{19}F$  NMR** (376 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  = -100.32

ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3048, 1754, 1608, 1513, 1427, 1247, 1220, 1135, 1057, 747; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{13}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  333.1034, found 333.1028.

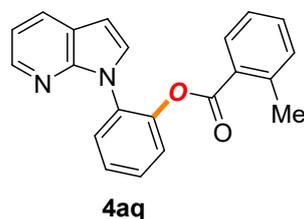


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 4-bromobenzoate: 4ao** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (26.7 mg, 68%).  $R_f$  = 0.48; **m.p.** = 118–119 °C;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.28 (d,  $J$  = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 – 7.45 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d,  $J$  = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd,  $J$  = 8.2, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d,  $J$  = 3.5 Hz, 1H);  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 163.8, 148.0, 146.0, 143.8, 131.7, 131.4, 130.6, 129.7, 129.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.7, 127.8, 126.9, 123.9, 120.7, 116.6, 101.7 ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3069, 1710, 1080, 1475, 1200, 1075, 831, 715; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  393.0233, found 393.0239.

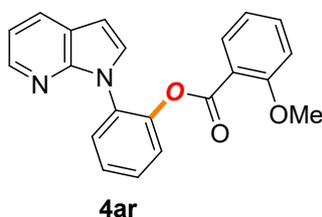


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 3-methylbenzoate: 4ap** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (22.1 mg, 67%).  $R_f$  = 0.62;  **$^1\text{H NMR}$**  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.40 (d,  $J$  = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d,  $J$  = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d,  $J$  = 20.2 Hz, 4H), 7.42 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.25 (t,  $J$  = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd,  $J$  = 8.2, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d,  $J$  = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H) ppm;  **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**  (151 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  = 164.7, 148.1, 146.3, 143.7, 138.1, 134.2, 130.7, 130.5, 129.2, 128.9, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.2, 127.1, 126.7, 124.0, 120.7, 116.5, 101.6, 21.1 ppm. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3075,

1705, 1625, 1500, 1247, 1112, 719; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{21}H_{16}N_2O_2$   $[M+H]^+$  329.1285, found 329.1281.

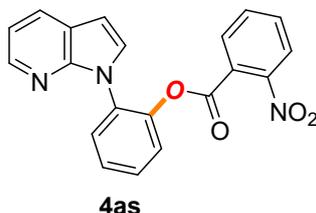


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 2-methylbenzoate: 4aq** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (20.4 mg, 62%).  $R_f = 0.54$ ;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.37$  (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dd,  $J = 8.1, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.47 (m, 4H), 7.40 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.20 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.10 (td,  $J = 7.9, 5.7$  Hz, 2H), 6.58 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (151 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 165.0, 148.2, 146.4, 143.7, 141.2, 132.6, 131.6, 130.8, 130.9, 129.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 127.8, 126.7, 125.6, 124.1, 120.7, 116.5, 101.5, 21.5$  ppm. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 3082, 1715, 1620, 1505, 1238, 1096, 720$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{21}H_{16}N_2O_2$   $[M+H]^+$  329.1285, found 329.1279.

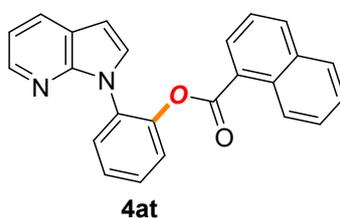


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 2-methoxybenzoate: 4ar** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (25.8 mg, 75%).  $R_f = 0.41$ ; **m.p.** = 101–102 °C;  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.32$  (dd,  $J = 4.7, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd,  $J = 7.7, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.40 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.29 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 1.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.90 – 6.82 (m, 1H), 6.75 (td,  $J = 7.5, 1.0$  Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d,  $J = 3.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 163.6, 153.6, 159.8, 148.2, 146.3, 143.7, 134.3, 132.0, 130.8, 129.4, 128.9, 128.8, 126.6, 124.3, 120.7, 119.9, 118.2, 116.5, 111.9, 101.3, 55.8$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1} = 2514, 2177, 2005, 1212, 1040, 738, 670$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{21}H_{16}N_2O_3$

$[M+H]^+$  345.1234, found 345.1229.



**(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 2-nitrobenzoate: 4as** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow oil (20.5 mg, 57%).  $R_f = 0.63$ ;  **$^1H$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.34$  (d,  $J = 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.98 (t,  $J = 9.6$  Hz, 2H), 7.70 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.64 – 7.55 (m, 3H), 7.50 (dt,  $J = 14.6, 7.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d,  $J = 3.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d,  $J = 3.8$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  **$^{13}C$  NMR** (101 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta = 163.4, 148.0, 147.3, 145.6, 143.9, 133.1, 131.7, 130.7, 129.3, 129.2, 129.0, 128.8, 128.9, 127.4, 127.1, 124.1, 123.5, 120.7, 116.6, 101.7$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/cm^{-1} = 3085, 2900, 1735, 1615, 1567, 1500, 1345, 1258, 1085, 735$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{20}H_{13}N_3O_4$   $[M+H]^+$  360.0979, found 360.0978.

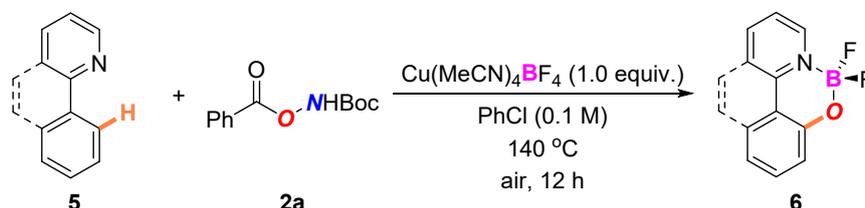


**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenyl 1-naphthoate: 4at** was prepared according to **GP B**, The crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a yellow solid (26.2 mg, 72%).  $R_f = 0.49$ ; **m.p.** = 150–151 °C;  **$^1H$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta = 8.83 - 8.67$  (m, 1H), 8.38 (d,  $J = 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.90 – 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.77 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.56 – 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.11 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d,  $J = 3.8$  Hz, 1H) ppm;  **$^{13}C$  NMR** (151 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta = 165.0, 148.2, 146.5, 143.8, 134.1, 133.7, 131.4, 131.0, 131.0, 129.2, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.5, 128.0, 126.9, 126.3, 125.5, 125.1, 124.3, 124.2, 120.7, 116.5, 101.6$  ppm; **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/cm^{-1} = 2385, 2168, 2014, 1970, 1212, 738$ ; **HRMS** (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $C_{24}H_{16}N_2O_2$   $[M+H]^+$  365.1285, found 365.1278.



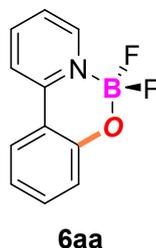
## 5 Experimental Details for the Difluoroboron Complexes

### 5.1 General Procedure for the Synthesis of Difluoroboron Complexes (GP C)

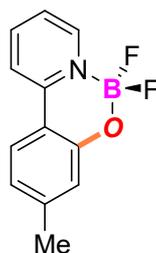


To a solution of heteroarene **5** (1.0 mmol) in chlorobenzene (1.0 mL),  $\text{Cu}(\text{Me}_3\text{CN})_4\text{BF}_4$  (31.5 mg, 1.0 equiv.) was added benzoyloxycarbamate **2a** and stirred vigorously at  $140\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was filtered through a short celite pad and concentrated under vacuum. The residual was purified through column chromatography using hexane/ethylacetate as eluent to give the  $\text{BF}_2$  complexes.

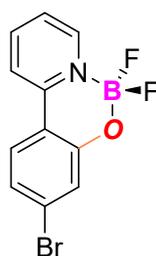
### 5.2 Characterization Data of the Difluoroboron Complexes



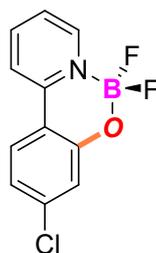
**6,6-Difluoro-6H-6 $\lambda^4$ ,7 $\lambda^4$ -benzo[e]pyrido[1,2-c][1,3,2]oxazaborinine:** **6aa** was prepared according to **GP C**, the crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford the pure product as a white solid (18.2 mg, 83%).  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ ):  $\delta$  = 8.79 (d,  $J$  = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (t,  $J$  = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (t,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (q,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 2H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{DMSO}$ ):  $\delta$  = 155.3, 149.1, 144.5, 141.5, 134.9, 127.0, 125.1, 122.0, 121.2, 120.1, 116.6 ppm.

**6ba**

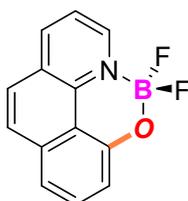
**6,6-Difluoro-3-methyl-6H-6 $\lambda^4$ ,7 $\lambda^4$ -benzo[e]pyrido[1,2-c][1,3,2]oxazaborinine: 6ba** was prepared according to **GP C**, the crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (17.5 mg, 75%). **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.72 (d,  $J$  = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (td,  $J$  = 7.9, 7.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (t,  $J$  = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H) ppm; **<sup>13</sup>C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 150.7, 146.3, 142.0, 141.2, 135.7, 125.1, 122.3, 122.1, 121.1, 120.1, 113.9, 21.8 ppm.

**6ca**

**3-Bromo-6,6-difluoro-6H-6 $\lambda^4$ ,7 $\lambda^4$ -benzo[e]pyrido[1,2-c][1,3,2]oxazaborinine: 6ca** was prepared according to **GP C**, the crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (20.5 mg, 69%). **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.70 (d,  $J$  = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (t,  $J$  = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.17 (d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 1H) ppm; **<sup>13</sup>C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 156.5, 149.7, 142.5, 141.4, 128.8, 126.3, 124.1, 124.0, 123.2, 120.4, 115.0 ppm.

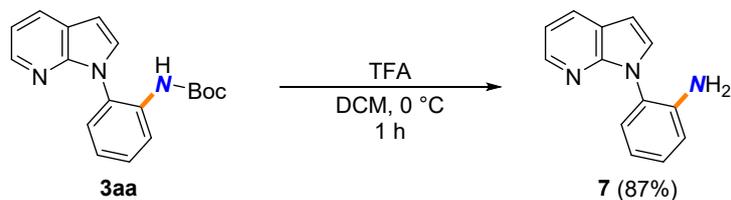
**6da****3-Chloro-6,6-difluoro-6H-6λ<sup>4</sup>,7λ<sup>4</sup>-benzo[e]pyrido[1,2-c][1,3,2]oxazaborinine:**

**6da** was prepared according to **GP C**, the crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (18.2 mg, 72%). **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 8.70 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.27 – 8.16 (m, 1H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H) ppm; **<sup>13</sup>C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 156.6, 149.6, 142.5, 141.4, 140.5, 126.3, 123.2, 121.4, 120.9, 120.4, 114.7 ppm.

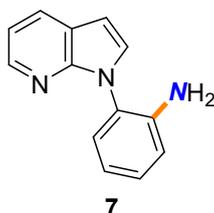
**6ea**

**4,4-Difluoro-4H-5-oxa-3aλ<sup>4</sup>-aza-4λ<sup>4</sup>-borapyrene:** **6ea** was prepared according to **GP C**, the crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane and afforded the analytically pure product as a white solid (18.5 mg, 76%). **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 9.07 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.67 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H) ppm; **<sup>13</sup>C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 153.9, 141.0, 140.7, 139.3, 134.5, 133.1, 130.9, 126.8, 123.4, 121.6, 119.0, 116.7, 112.4 ppm.

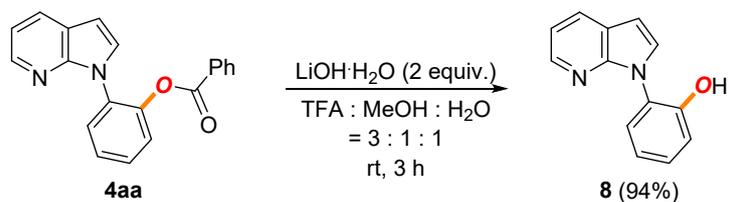
## 6 Experimental Details for the Product Derivation



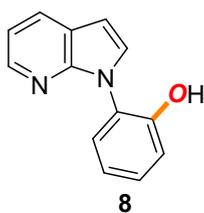
Compound **3aa** (37.1 mg, 0.12 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. TFA (0.2 mL) was added via syringe and the resulting solution was stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane and washed with NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, water and brine. The organic layer was evaporated and the crude product purified by column chromatography on silica to give the compound **7** as a brown solid (32.8 mg, 87%).



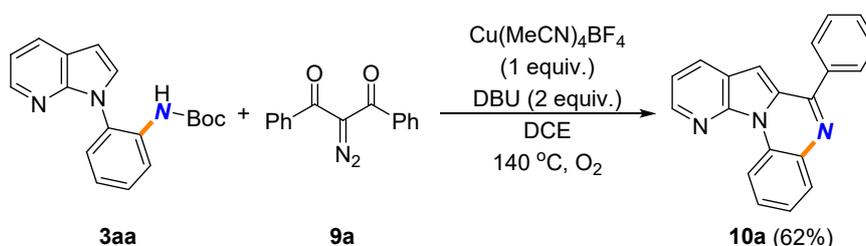
**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)aniline (7):** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 8.41 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, *J* = 16.7, 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (s, 2H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 147.7, 143.7, 142.9, 129.6, 129.4, 129.1, 128.4, 124.9, 121.1, 119.1, 117.4, 116.4, 101.7 ppm.



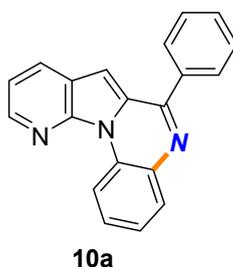
To a solution of **4aa** (31.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in TFA (1.5 mL), MeOH (0.5 mL), and H<sub>2</sub>O (0.5 mL), LiOH·H<sub>2</sub>O (8.0 mg, 2.0 equiv.) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (10 mL X 2 times) and brine, evaporated and the residue was purified by column chromatography with (15% EtOAc/hexane) to give the compound **8** as a brown solid.



**2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-1-yl)phenol (8):** (19.7 mg, 94%). **m.p.** = 95–97 °C; **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 8.16 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H) ppm; **<sup>13</sup>C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 149.9, 147.1, 142.0, 130.8, 129.0, 128.4, 128.0, 124.7, 122.4, 121.5, 121.2, 116.4, 103.4 ppm. **IR** (KBr):  $\tilde{\nu}/\text{cm}^{-1}$  = 3183, 2935, 1730, 1503, 1230, 1047, 827, 690; **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z*: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 211.0866, found 211.0861.

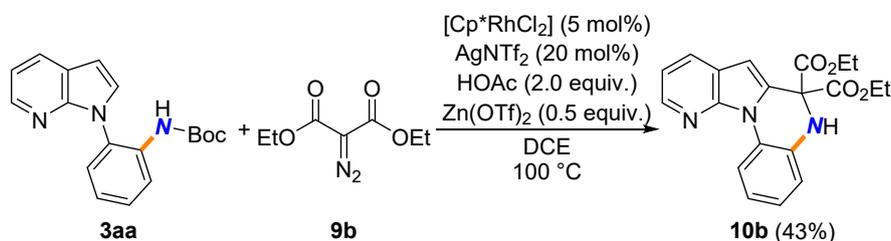


To a solution of amino 7-azaindole **3aa** (0.1 mmol) in DCE (1.0 mL), Cu(Me<sub>3</sub>CN)<sub>4</sub>BF<sub>4</sub> (31.5 mg, 1.0 equiv.), DBU (30.4 mg, 2.0 equiv.) and **9a** (30.1 mg, 1.2 equiv.) were added under O<sub>2</sub>, the reaction was stirred at 140 °C for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was filtered through a short celite pad and concentrated under vacuum. The residual was purified through column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate as eluent to give the compound **10a** as a yellow solid (18.3 mg, 62%).

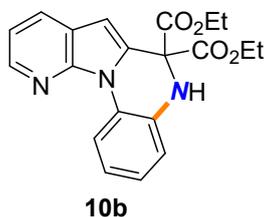


**6-Phenylpyrido[3',2':4,5]pyrrolo[1,2-a]quinoxaline (10a):** **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 9.90 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.70 (dd, *J* = 4.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.07 – 8.02 (m, 2H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.58

(dd,  $J = 5.1, 1.9$  Hz, 3H), 7.47 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 4.5$  Hz, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 155.7, 145.5, 144.9, 137.9, 135.7, 130.5, 130.1, 129.7, 129.0, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 124.8, 121.2, 118.6, 117.6, 99.2$  ppm.



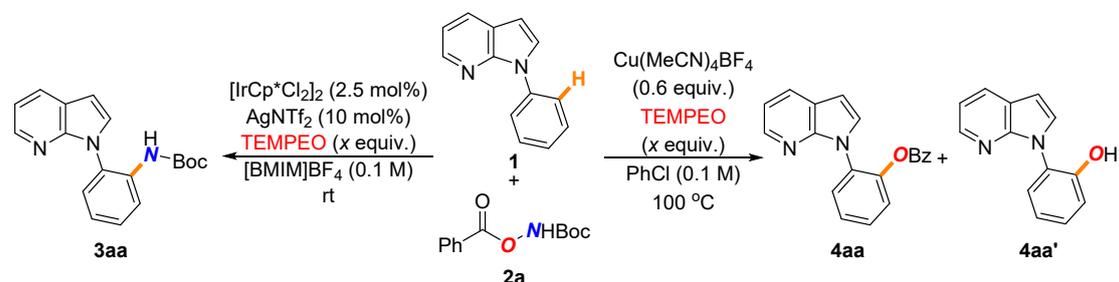
To a solution of amino 7-azaindole **3aa** (0.1 mmol) in DCE (1.0 mL),  $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]$  (3.1 mg, 5.0 mol%),  $\text{AgNTf}_2$  (7.8 mg, 20 mol%),  $\text{Zn}(\text{OTf})_2$  (10.7 mg, 0.5 equiv.),  $\text{HOAc}$  (12.1 mg, 2.0 equiv.), and **9b** (22.3 mg, 1.2 equiv.) were added, the reaction was stirred at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  for 18 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was filtered through a short celite pad and concentrated under vacuum. The residual was purified through column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate as eluent to give the compound **10b** as a yellow solid (15.7 mg, 43%).



**Diethyl pyrido[3',2':4,5]pyrrolo[1,2-a]quinoxaline-6,6(5H)-dicarboxylate (10b):**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 9.15$  (dd,  $J = 5.9, 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 8.56 – 8.40 (m, 1H), 8.01 (d,  $J = 9.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd,  $J = 7.8, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.11 (s, 2H), 7.01 – 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 4.35 (q,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 4H), 1.32 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 6H) ppm;  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta = 167.3, 146.9, 143.5, 132.3, 129.9, 129.0, 125.3, 124.8, 121.5, 121.1, 118.9, 117.2, 115.7, 100.2, 66.4, 63.1, 14.1$  ppm; HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$ : calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  366.1448, found 366.1452.

## 7 Mechanistic Investigation Experiments

### (a) Radical Trapping Experiment

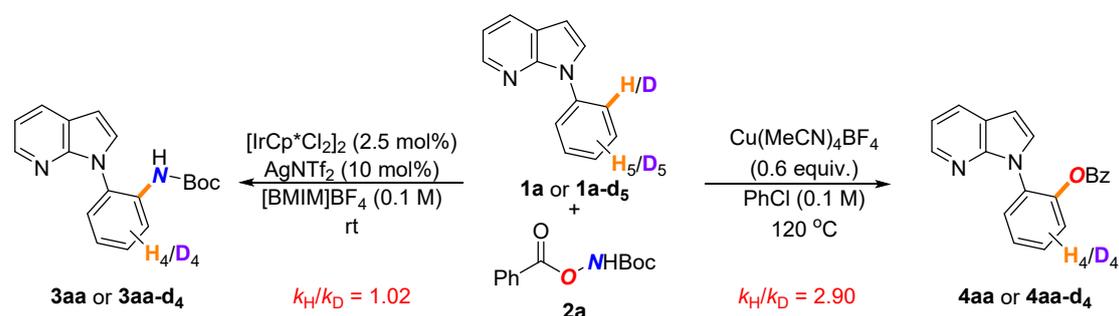


TEMPEO	<b>3aa</b> (%)	<b>4aa</b> (%)	<b>4aa'</b> (%)
none	99	85	0
1 equiv.	87	45	31
2 equiv.	86	41	37

1 equiv. of TEMPO (TEMPO = 2,2,6,6-Tetramethylpiperidin-1-yl)oxyl) was added to the reaction mixture of **1a** and **2a**, the reaction was not inhibited in each case. While the generation of hydroxylation product **4aa'** resulted in a dramatically reduced yield of **4aa** with copper. The yields was not further decreased in the presence of 2.0 equiv. of TEMPO.

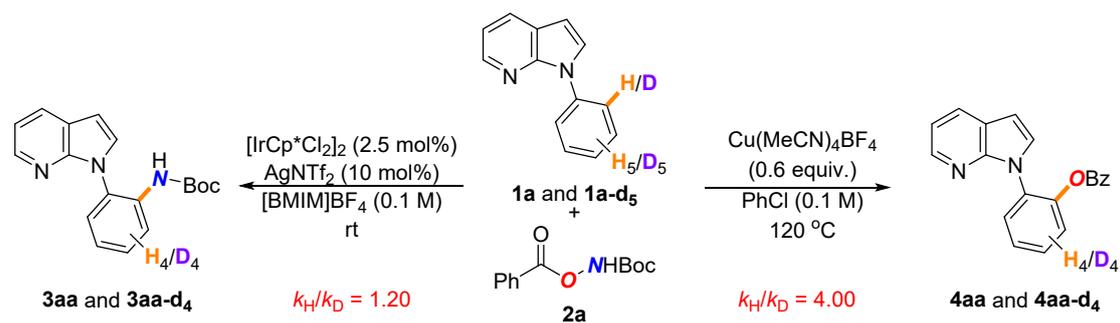
### (b) Isotopic Effect Experiments

Procedure for parallel experiment between **1a** and **1a-d<sub>5</sub>**:

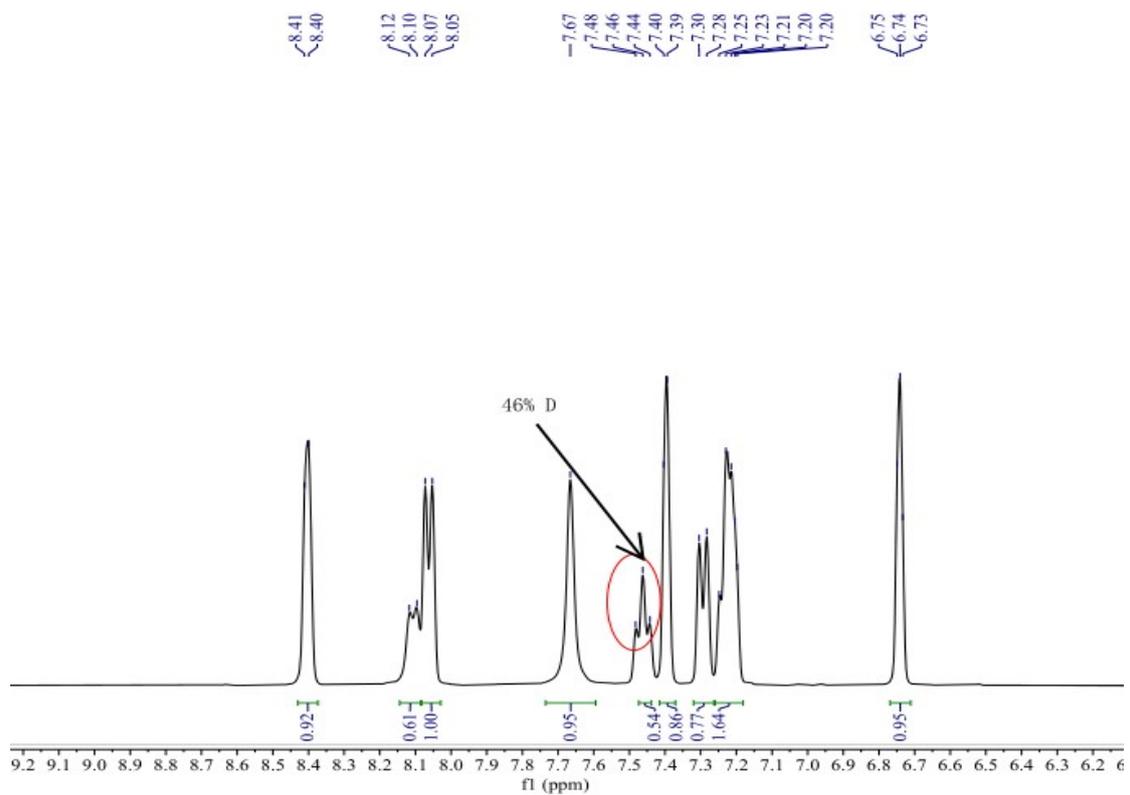
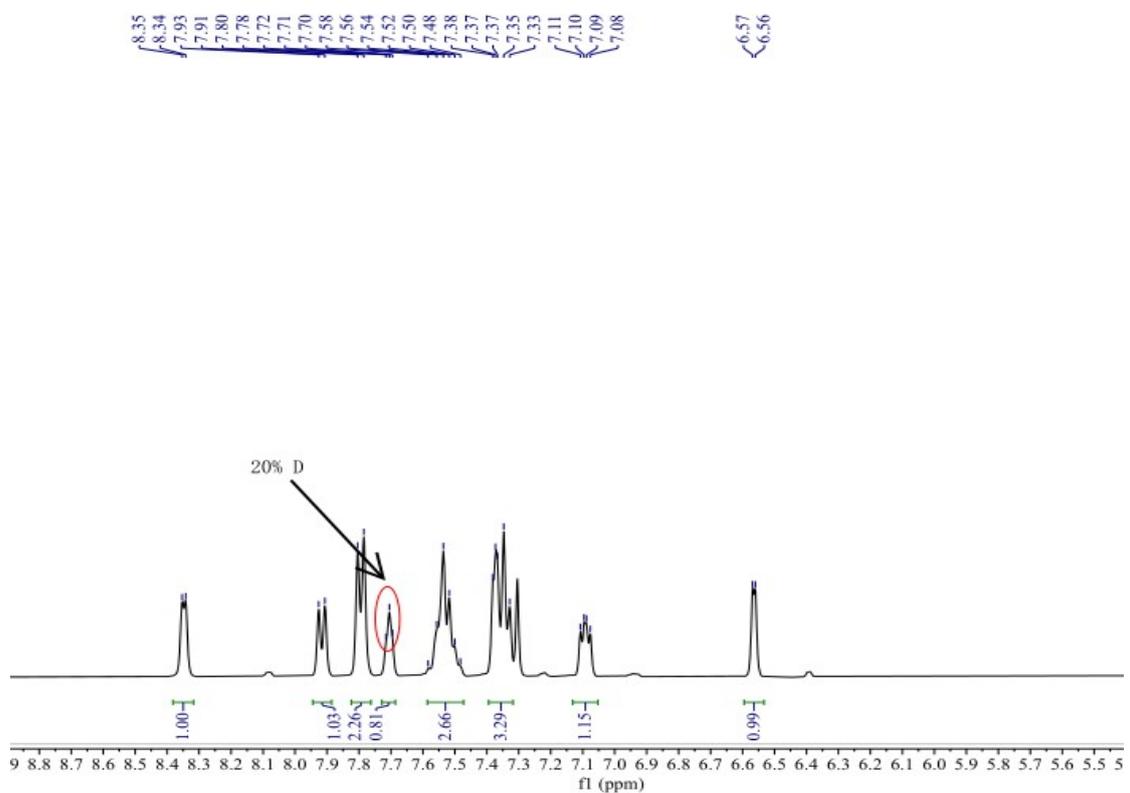


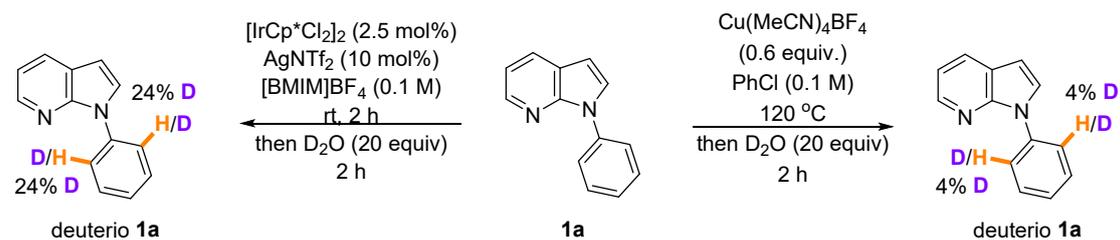
Two sets of parallel reactions of **1a** and **1a-d<sub>5</sub>** (0.1 mmol) were subjected under both standard conditions. The reaction was allowed to afford **3aa** (91%) or **3aa-d<sub>4</sub>** (88%), **4aa** (67%) or **4aa-d<sub>4</sub>** (23%). The kinetic isotope effect ( $k_{\text{H}}/k_{\text{D}}$ ) value was determined as 1.02 and 2.90, respectively.

**Procedure for competition experiment between 1a and 1a-d<sub>5</sub>:**

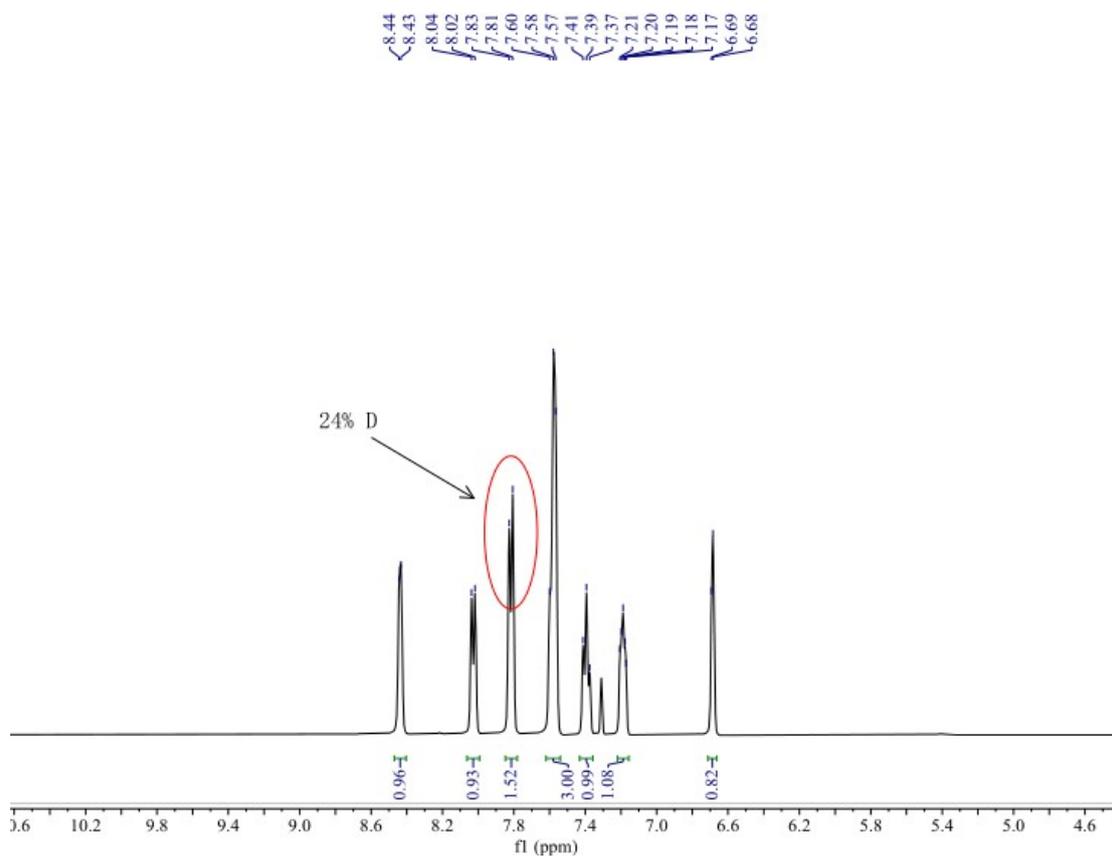


To a solution of benzyloxycarbamate **2a** (28.4 mg, 1.2 equiv.) was added 0.1 mmol of **1a** and 0.1 mmol **1a-d<sub>5</sub>** under standard conditions, resulting in a mixture of **4aa** and **4aa-d<sub>4</sub>** (23.4 mg), **3aa** and **3aa-d<sub>4</sub>** (30.3 mg). The ratios of both products (**3aa:3aa-d<sub>4</sub>**=1.2) and (**4aa:4aa-d<sub>4</sub>**=4) were determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy.

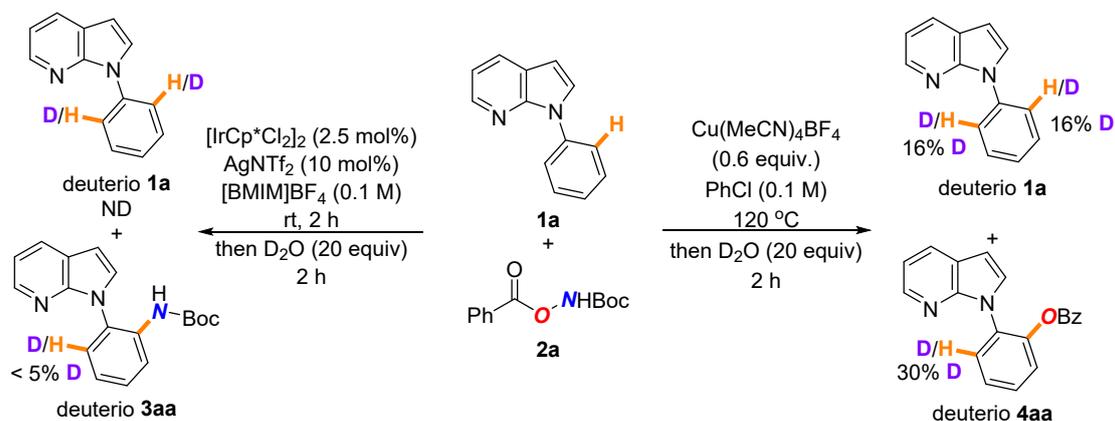
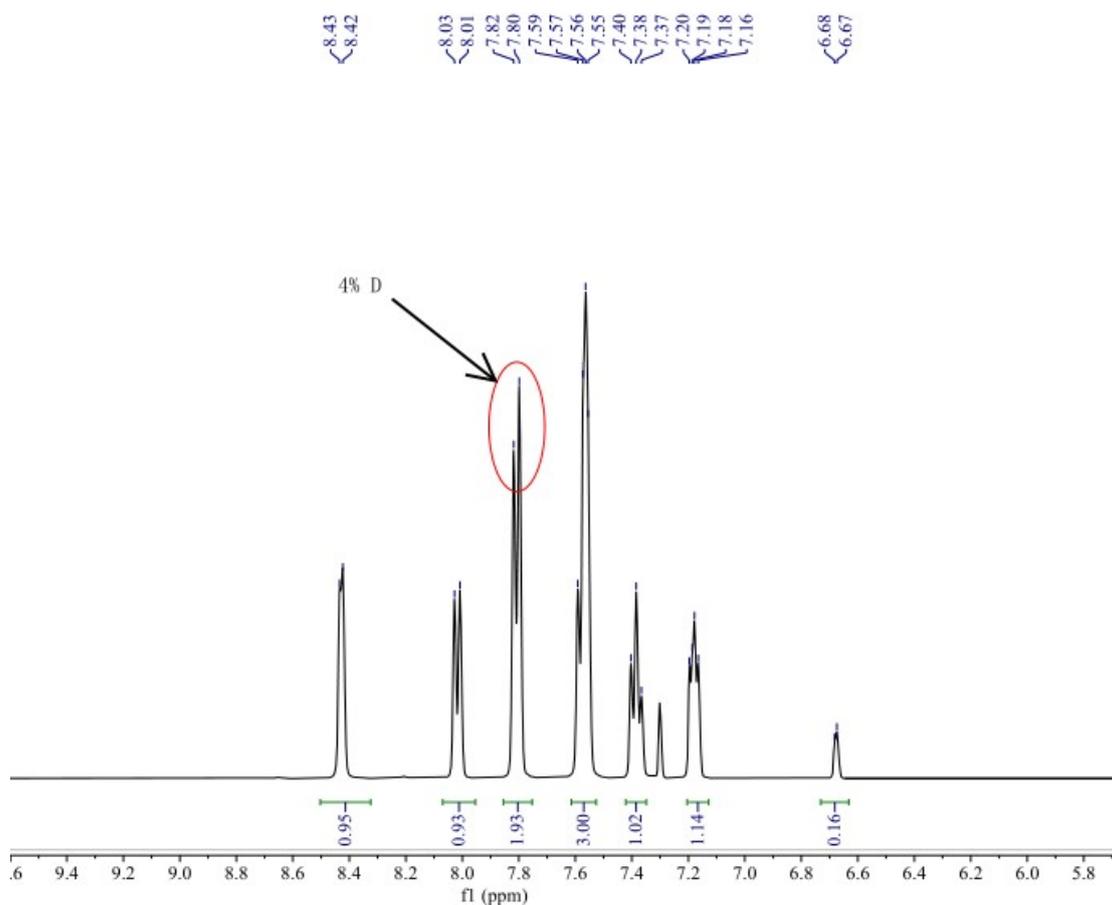
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR of 3aa and 3aa-d<sub>4</sub>****<sup>1</sup>H NMR of 4aa and 4aa-d<sub>4</sub>**

**(c) H/D Exchange Experiment:**

**1a** was subjected to each reaction conditions followed by addition of D<sub>2</sub>O, 24% deuterium incorporation was observed by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis under iridium catalysis, whereas no deuterium incorporation was observed under copper system.

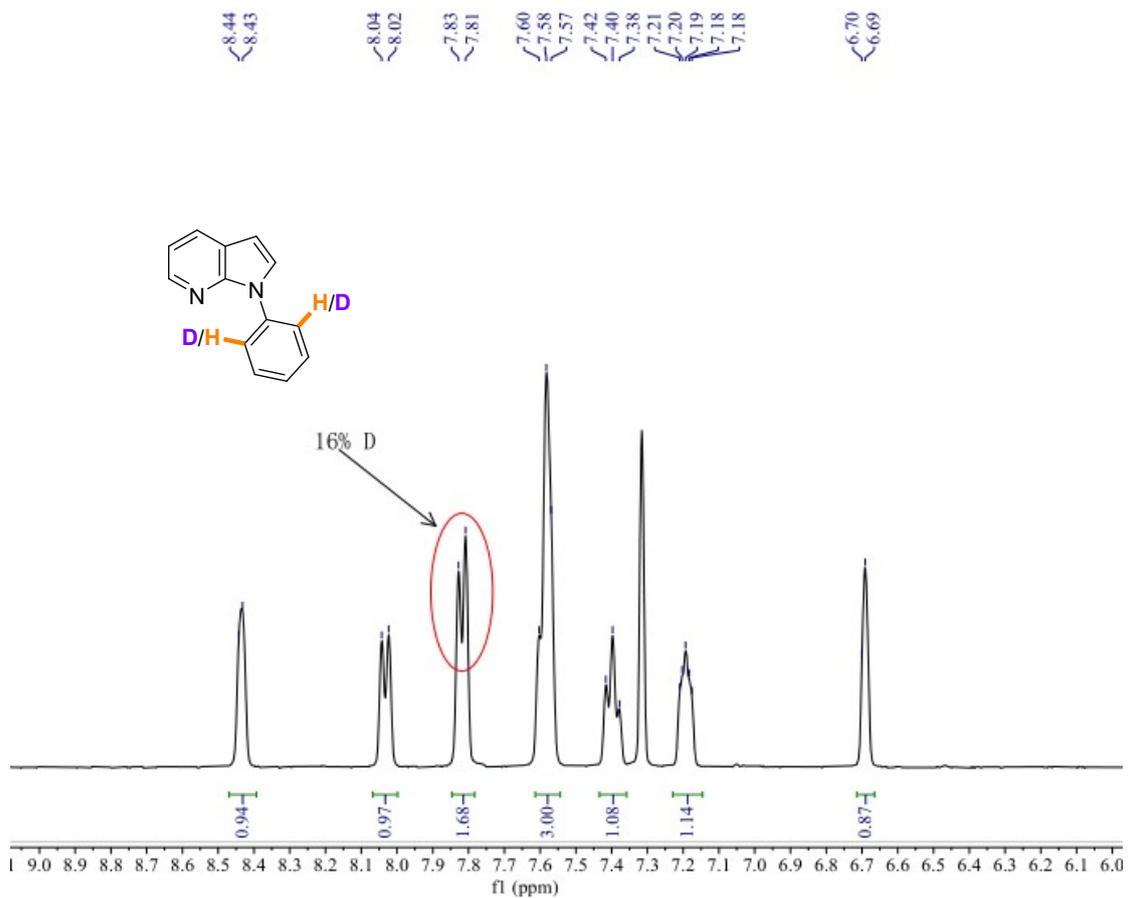
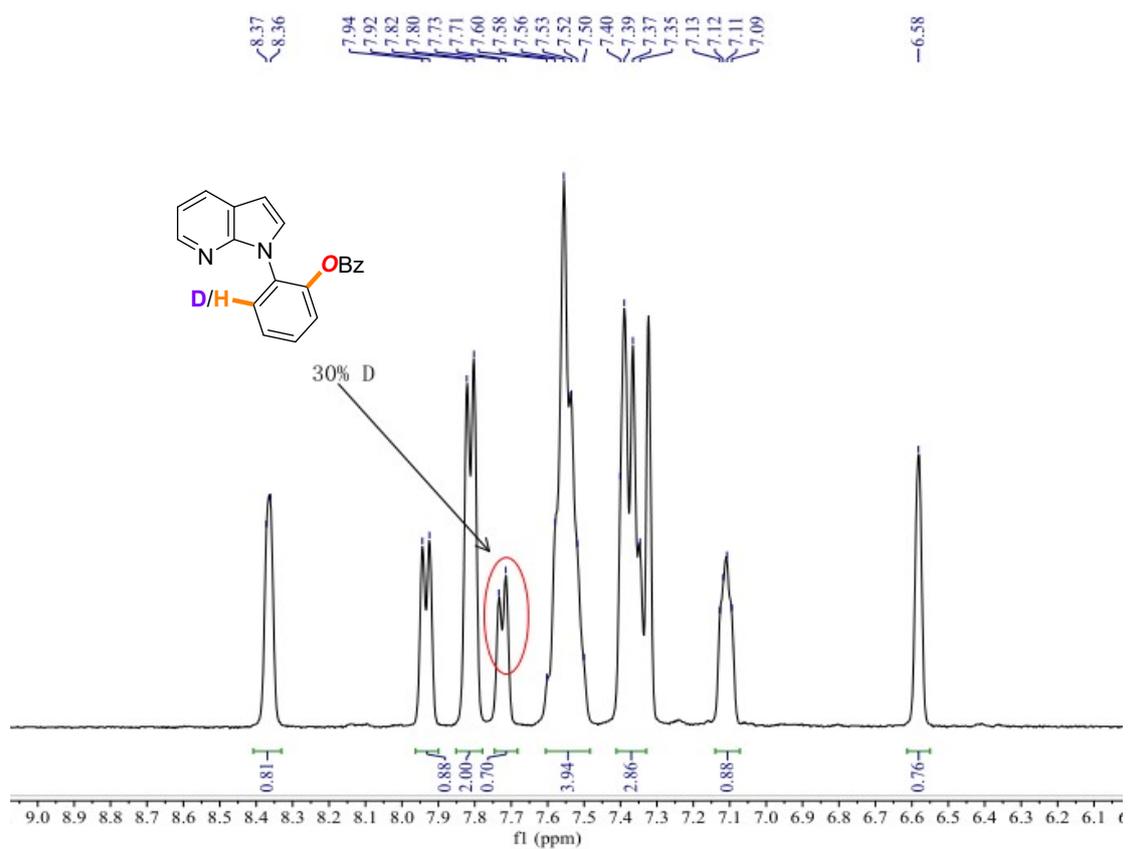
**Under Iridium Catalysis**

## Under Copper System

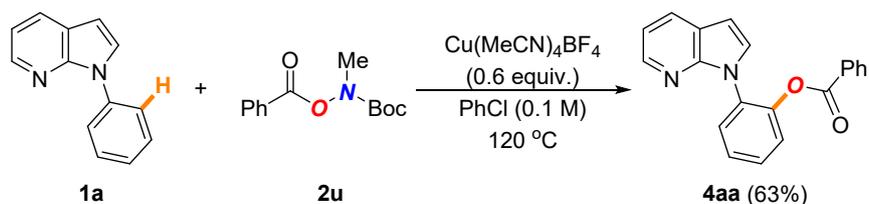


**1a** and **2a** were employed in each reaction conditions, subsequently  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  was added to the reaction mixture. Under iridium catalysis, no **1a** was recovered and the reaction proceed with full conversion. Under copper system, large H/D scrambling was observed in the presence of **2a**.

## Under Copper System

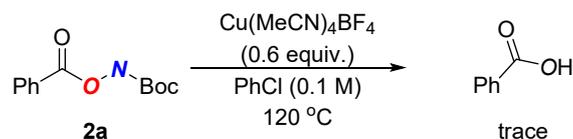


(d)



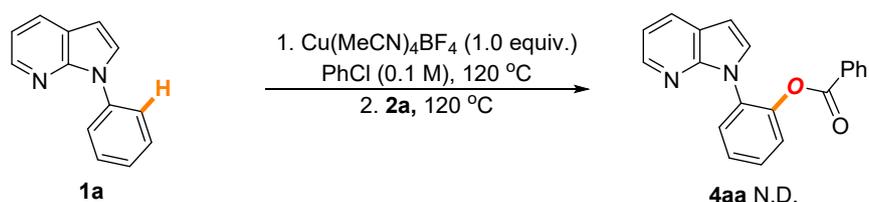
**1a** and **2u** were employed under standard conditions, the corresponding product was obtained in 63% yield.

(e)

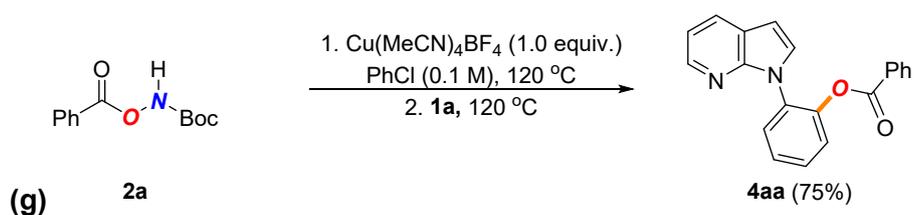


**2a** was subjected in the standard conditions, no **2a** was observed and it underwent decomposed after 5 h. However, only trace amount of benzoic acid was detected.

(f)



**1a** was subjected in the standard reaction condition for 12 h, then **2a** was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at  $120\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 12 h, **4aa** was not detected.



**2a** was subjected in the standard reaction condition for 12 h, then **1a** was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at  $120\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 12 h, **4aa** was obtained in 75% yield.

## 8 X-Ray Crystal Data of Compound 6aa

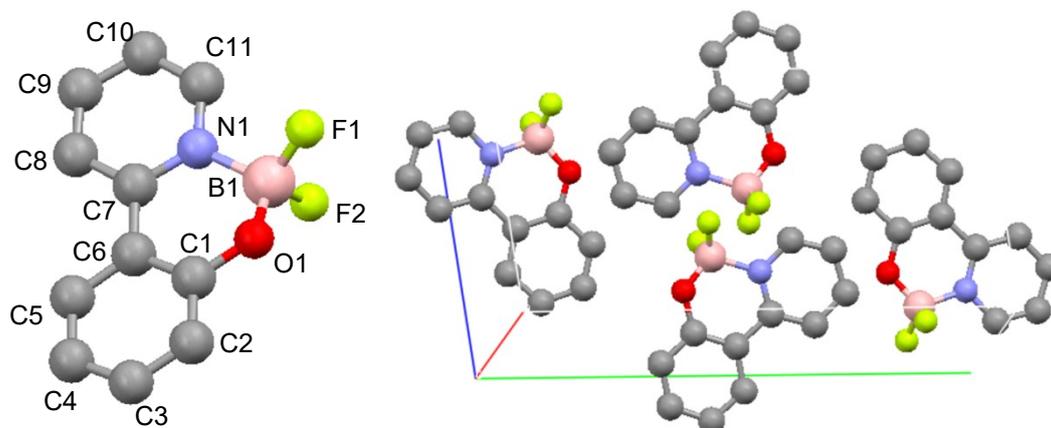


Figure S1 Crystal structure and packing mode **6aa**

Table S2 Crystal data and structure refinement

Identification code	1
Empirical formula	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>8</sub> BF <sub>2</sub> NO
Formula weight	218.99
Temperature/K	273(2)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P 2 <sub>1</sub> /c
a/Å	7.4288(4)
b/Å	15.5325(8)
c/Å	8.9822(4)
α/°	90
β/°	108.6544(16)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	981.988
Z	4
Z'	0
R-factor	6.34
ρ <sub>calc</sub> /g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.481
F(000)	448
Radiation	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)
2θ range for data collection/°	2.623 to 27.533
Index ranges	-9 ≤ h ≤ 9, -20 ≤ k ≤ 20, -11 ≤ l ≤ 11
Reflections number	29116
Reflns/restraints/parameters	2263/0/146
S	0.998

Table S3 Bond lengths [Å].

Atom	Atom	Length/Å	Atom	Atom	Length/Å
B1	F1	1.383	C5	H5	0.93
B1	F2	1.377	C5	C6	1.401
B1	N1	1.588	C6	C7	1.461
B1	O1	1.417	C7	C8	1.392
C1	C2	1.393	C7	N1	1.358
C1	C6	1.398	C8	H8	0.93
C1	O1	1.349	C8	C9	1.366
C2	H2	0.93	C9	H9	0.93
C2	C3	1.357	C9	C10	1.381
C3	H3	0.93	C10	H10	0.93
C3	C4	1.379	C10	C11	1.361
C4	H4	0.93	C11	H11	0.93
C4	C5	1.373	C11	N1	1.353

Table S4 Bond angles [°].

Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/°	Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/°
F2	B1	F1	109.18(16)	C1	C6	C7	120.28(15)
F2	B1	O1	109.55(18)	C5	C6	C7	121.86(17)
F1	B1	O1	112.81(19)	N1	C7	C8	118.33(16)
F2	B1	N1	108.10(17)	N1	C7	C6	117.67(15)
F1	B1	N1	105.97(17)	C8	C7	C6	123.98(16)
O1	B1	N1	111.07(15)	C9	C8	C7	120.9(2)
O1	C1	C2	117.67(18)	C8	C9	C10	119.7(2)
O1	C1	C6	121.88(16)	C11	C10	C9	118.50(18)
C2	C1	C6	120.36(18)	N1	C11	C10	122.04(19)
C3	C2	C1	120.2(2)	C11	N1	C7	120.55(16)
C2	C3	C4	120.7(2)	C11	N1	B1	117.57(15)
C5	C4	C3	119.8(2)	C7	N1	B1	121.73(15)
C4	C5	C6	121.0(2)	C1	O1	B1	122.61(15)
C1	C6	C5	117.84(17)				

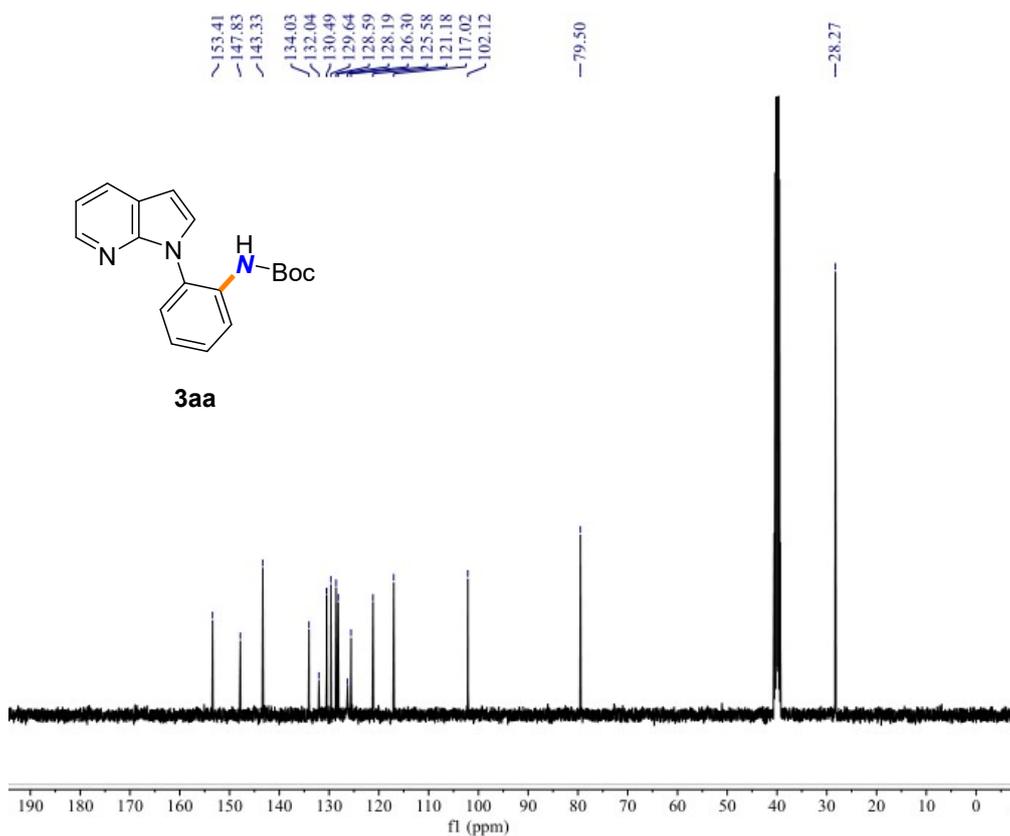
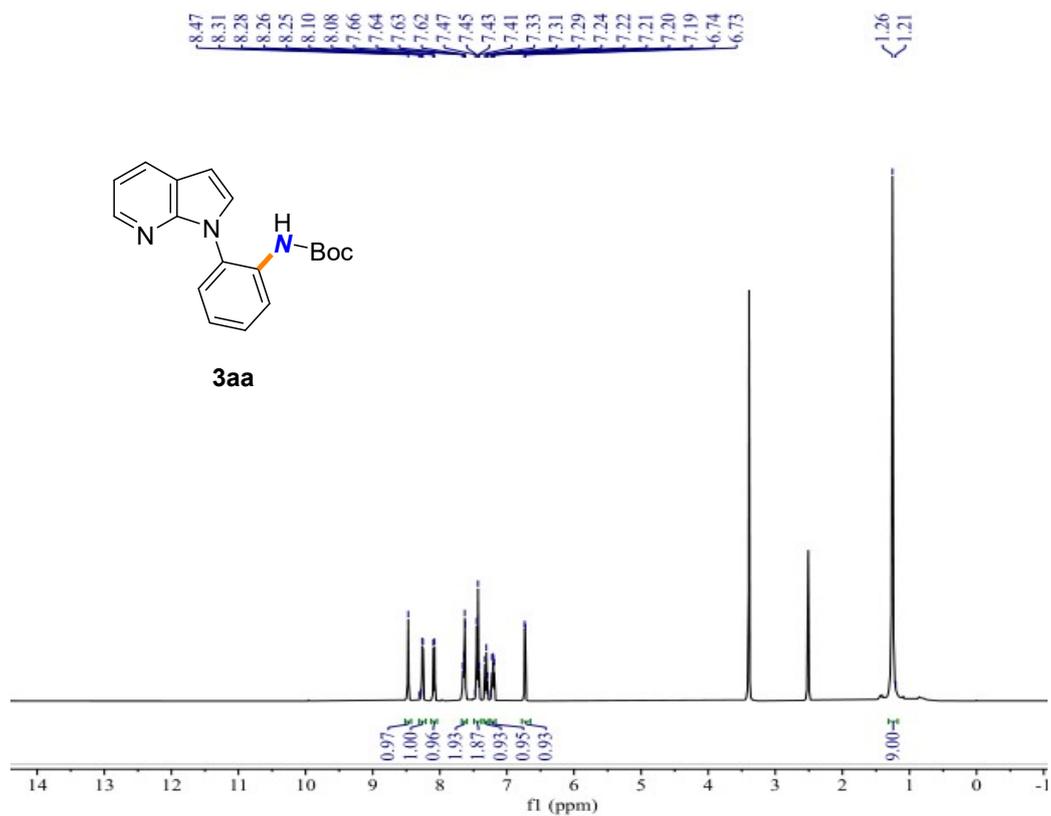
## 9 References and Notes

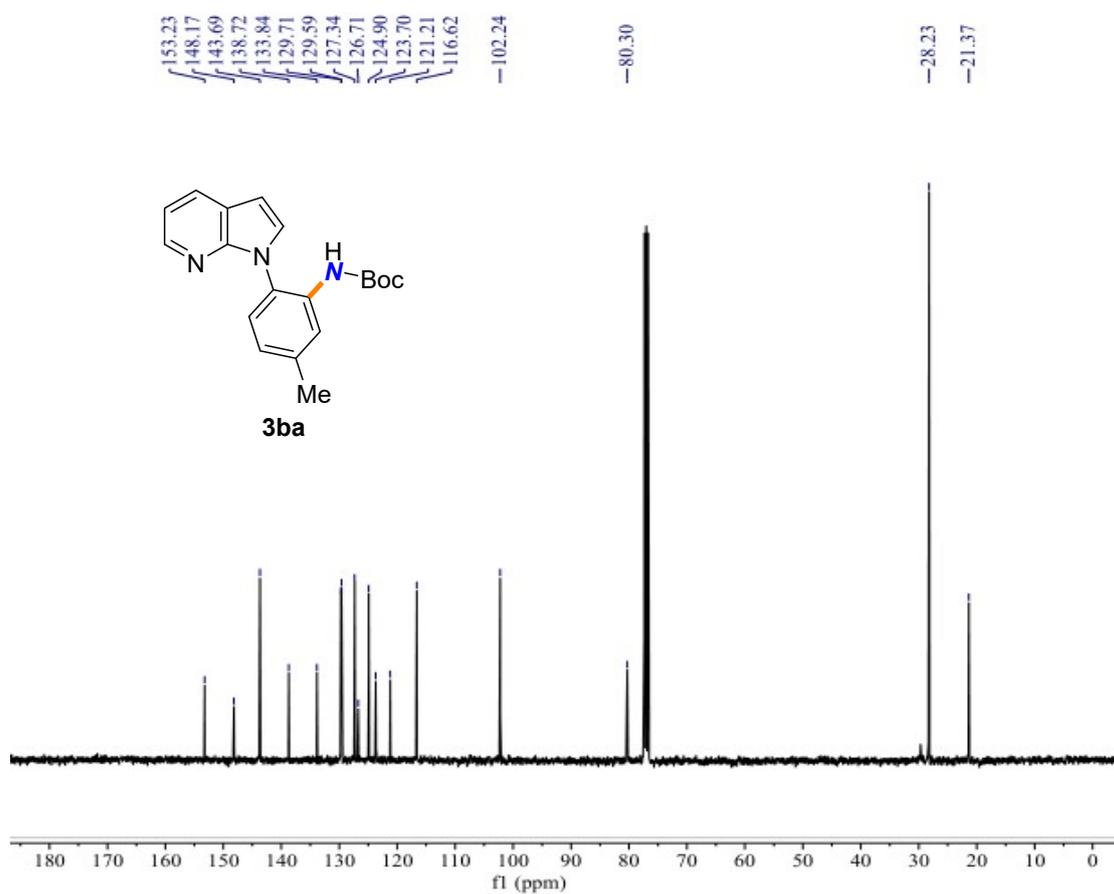
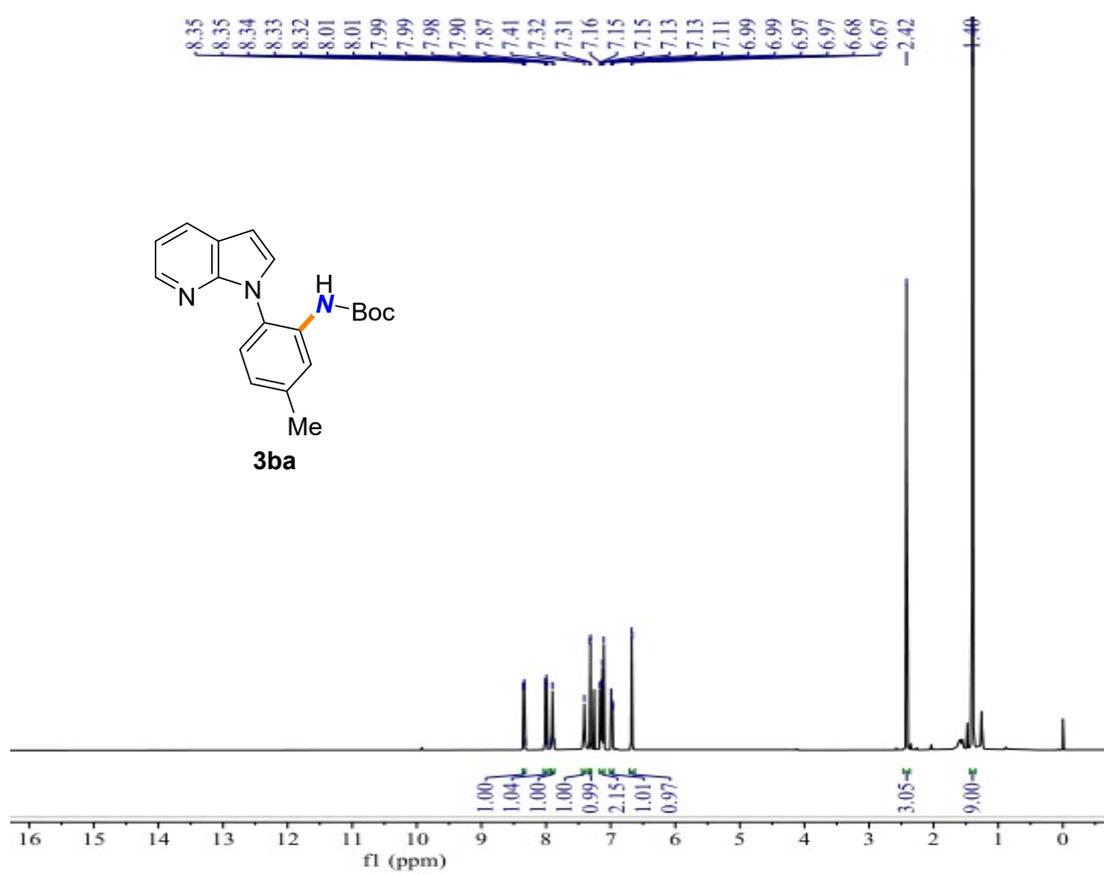
[S1] G. Qian, X. Hong, B. Liu, H. Mao, B. Xu, Rhodium-Catalyzed Regioselective C–H Chlorination of 7-Azaindoles Using 1,2-Dichloroethane, *Org. Lett.* **2014**, *16*, 5294–5297.

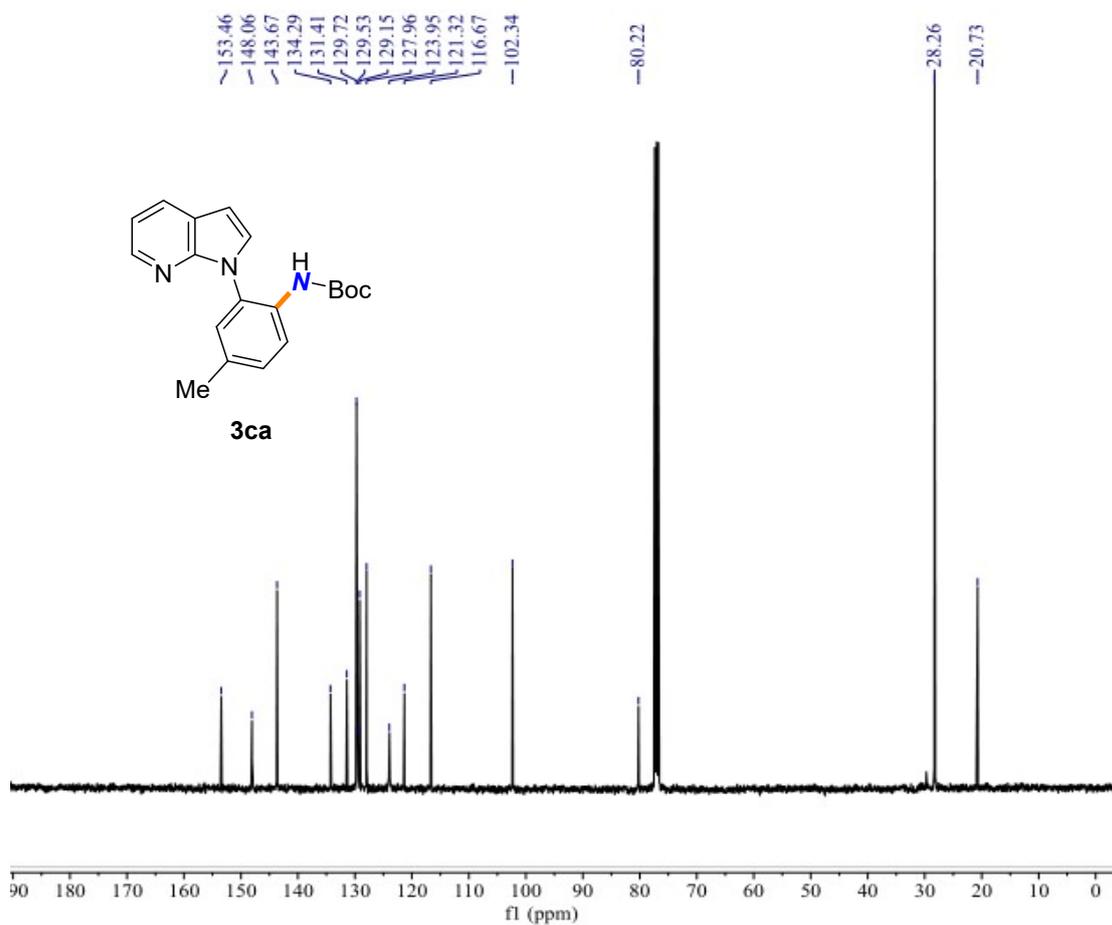
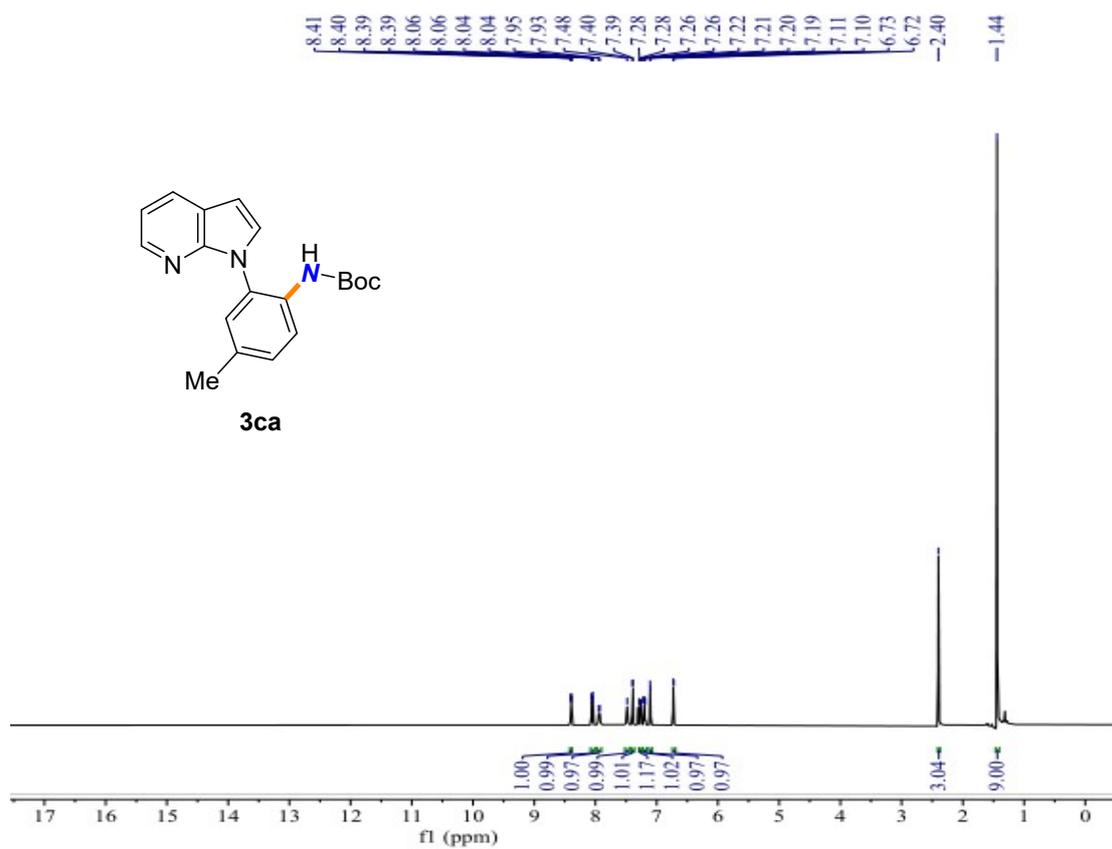
[S2] J. Jinwon, L. Changseok, S. Huiyeong, H. Sungwoo, NiH-Catalyzed Proximal-Selective Hydroamination of Unactivated Alkenes. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2020**, *142*, 20470–20480.

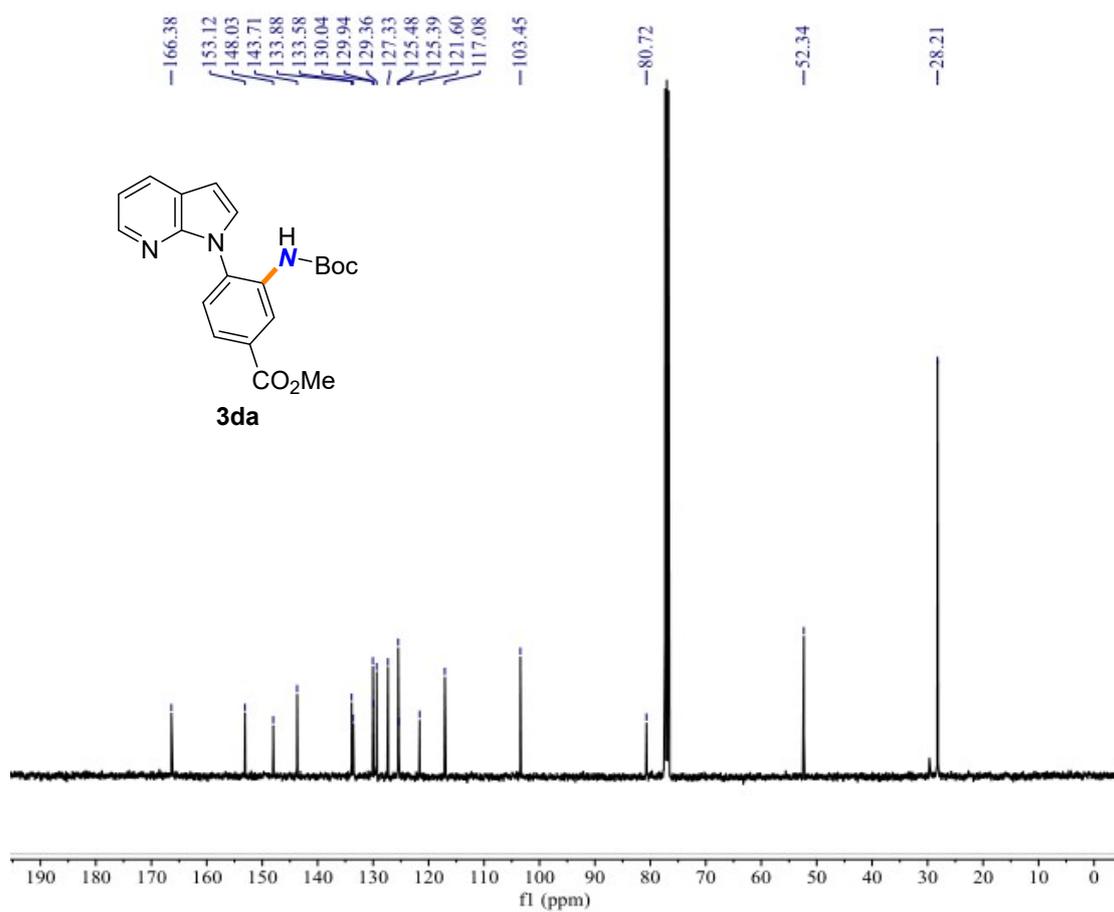
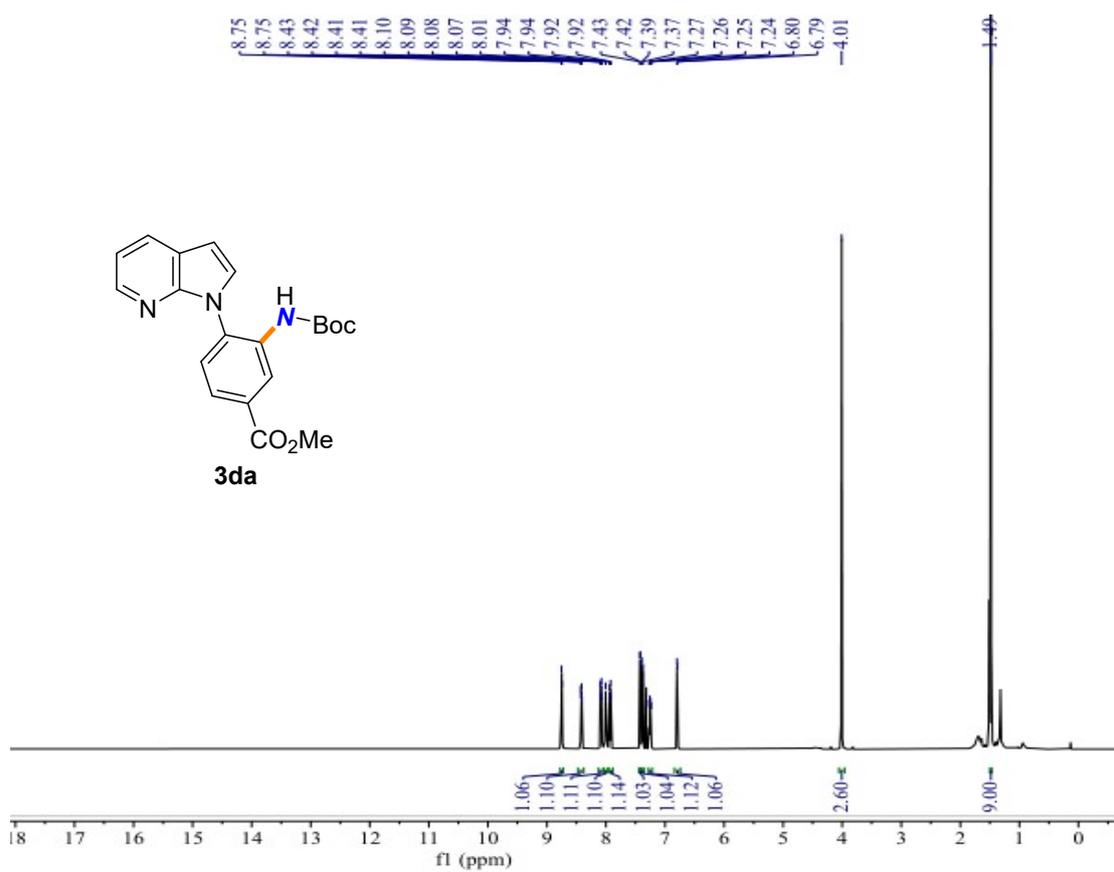
[S3] C. S. Beshara, A. Hall, R. L. Jenkins, K. L. Jones, T. C. Jones, N. M. Killeen, P. H. Taylor, S. P. Thomas, N. C. O. Tomkinson, A general method for the alpha-acyloxylation of carbonyl compounds, *Org. Lett.* **2005**, *7*, 5729–5732.

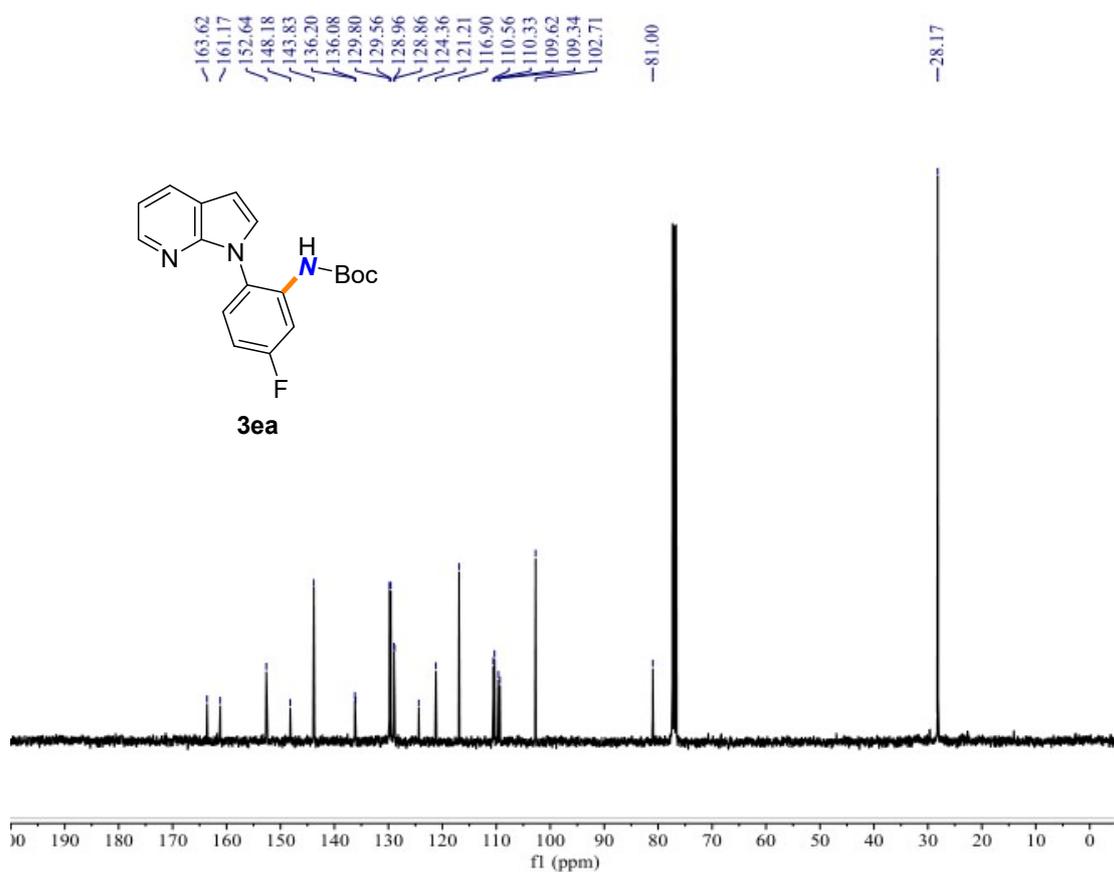
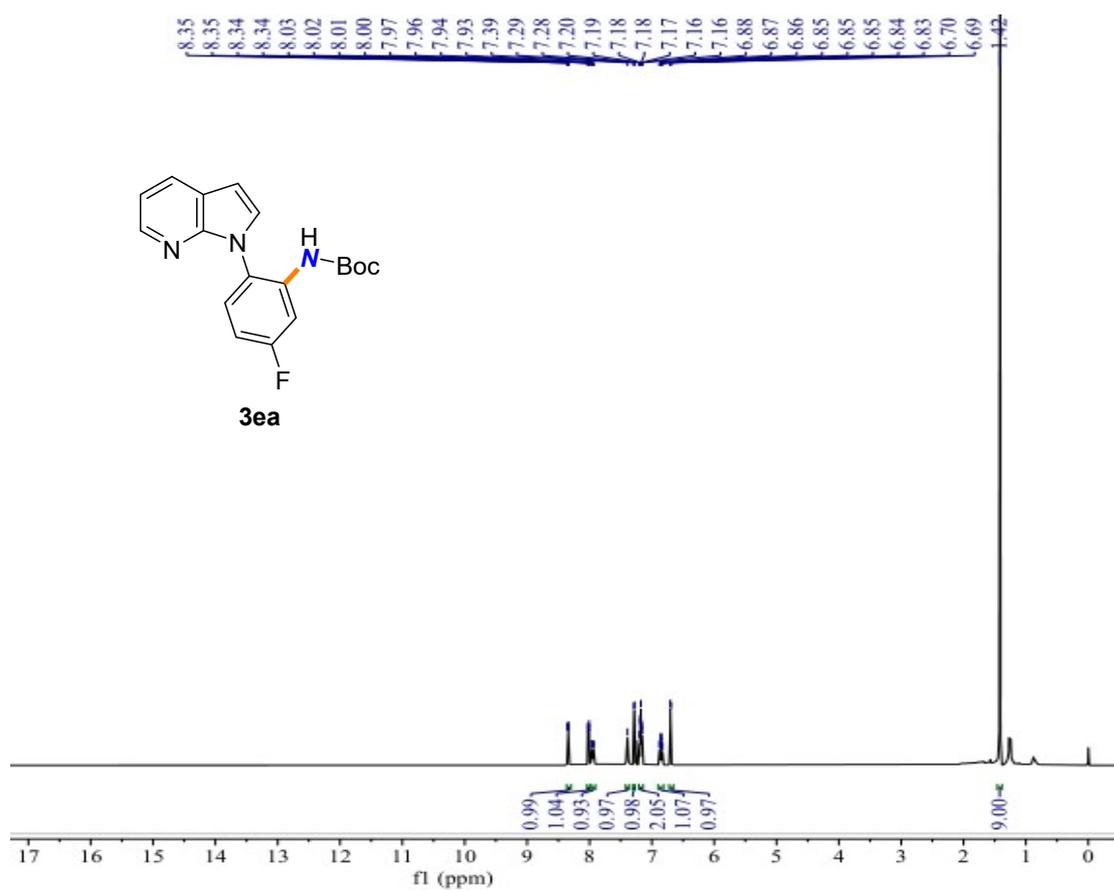
## 10 Copies of NMR Spectra of the All Compounds

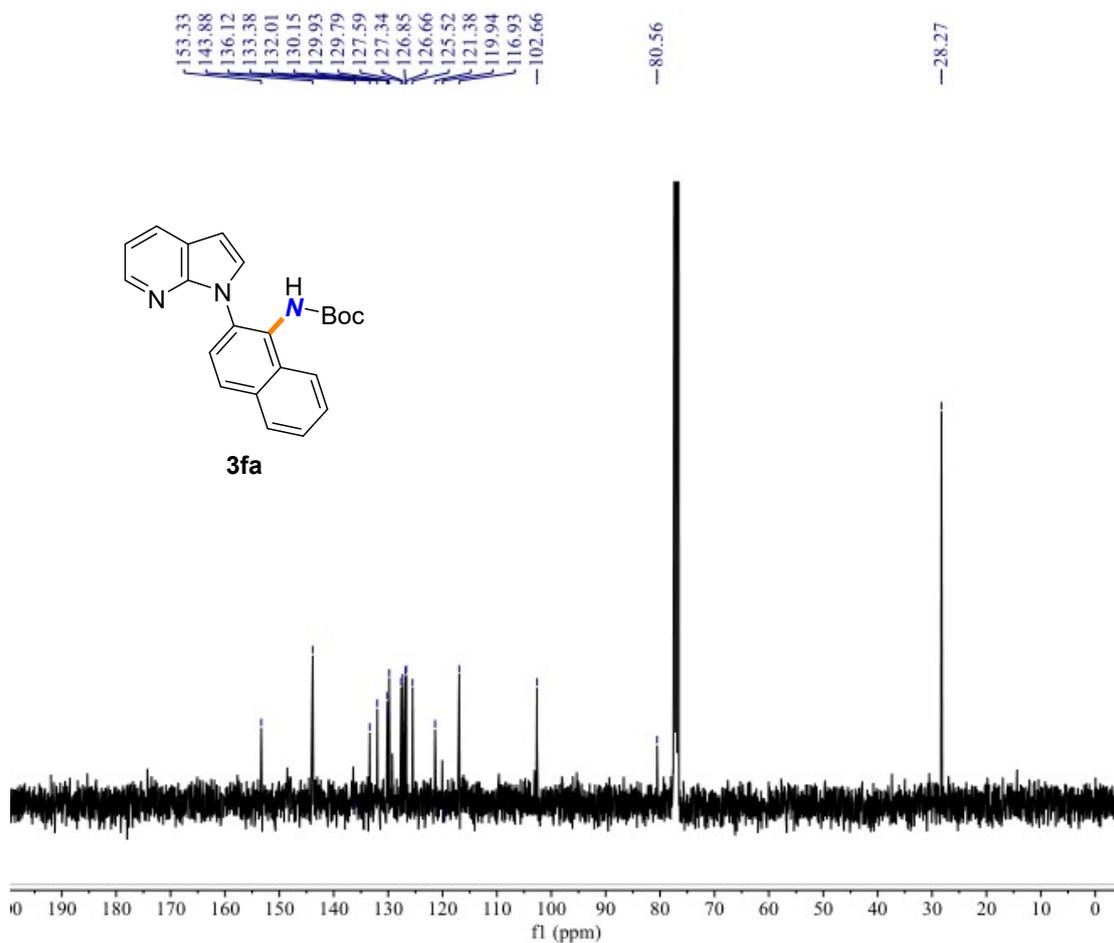
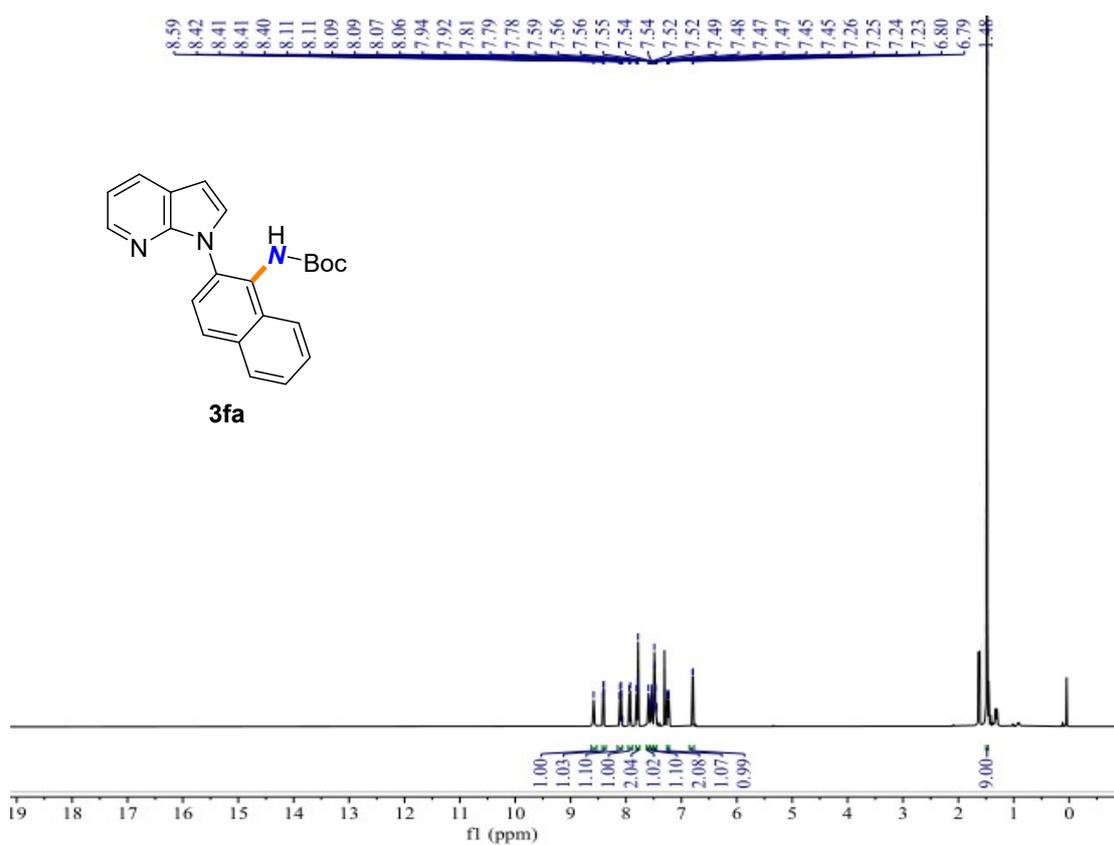


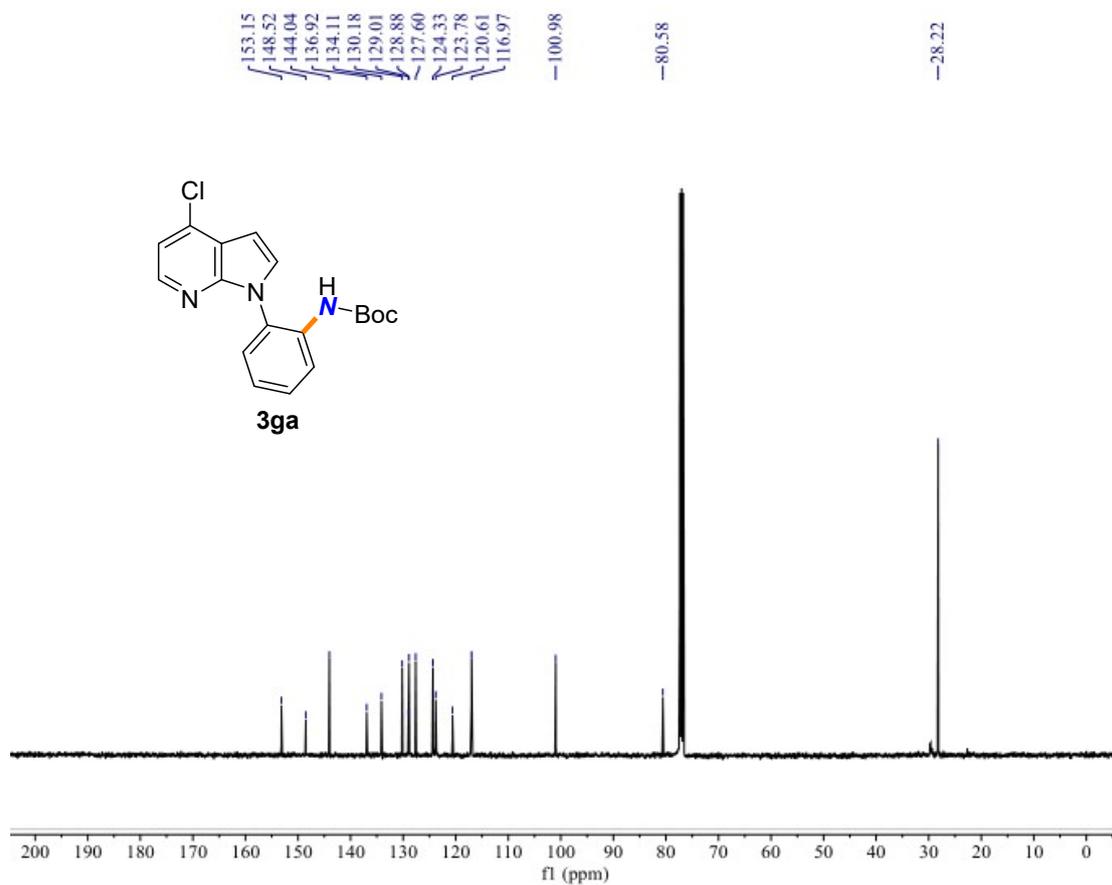
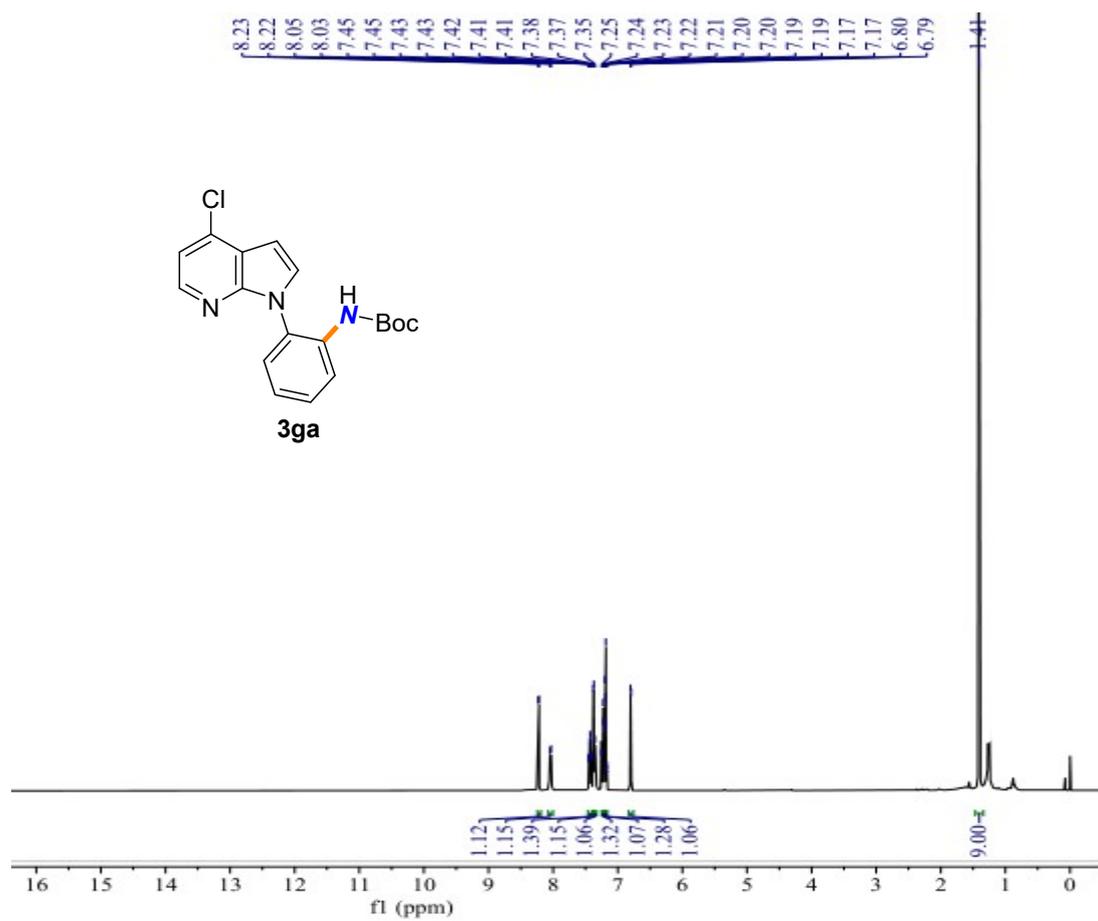


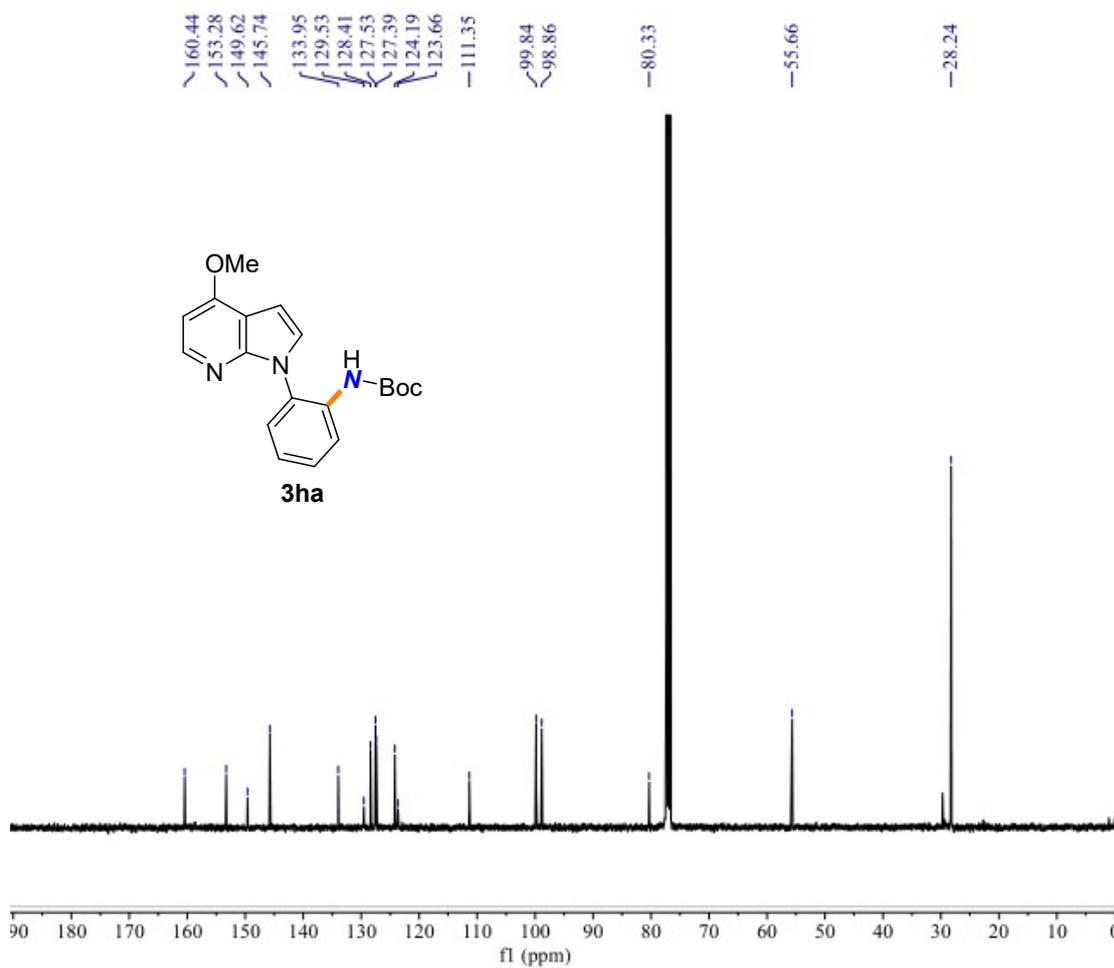
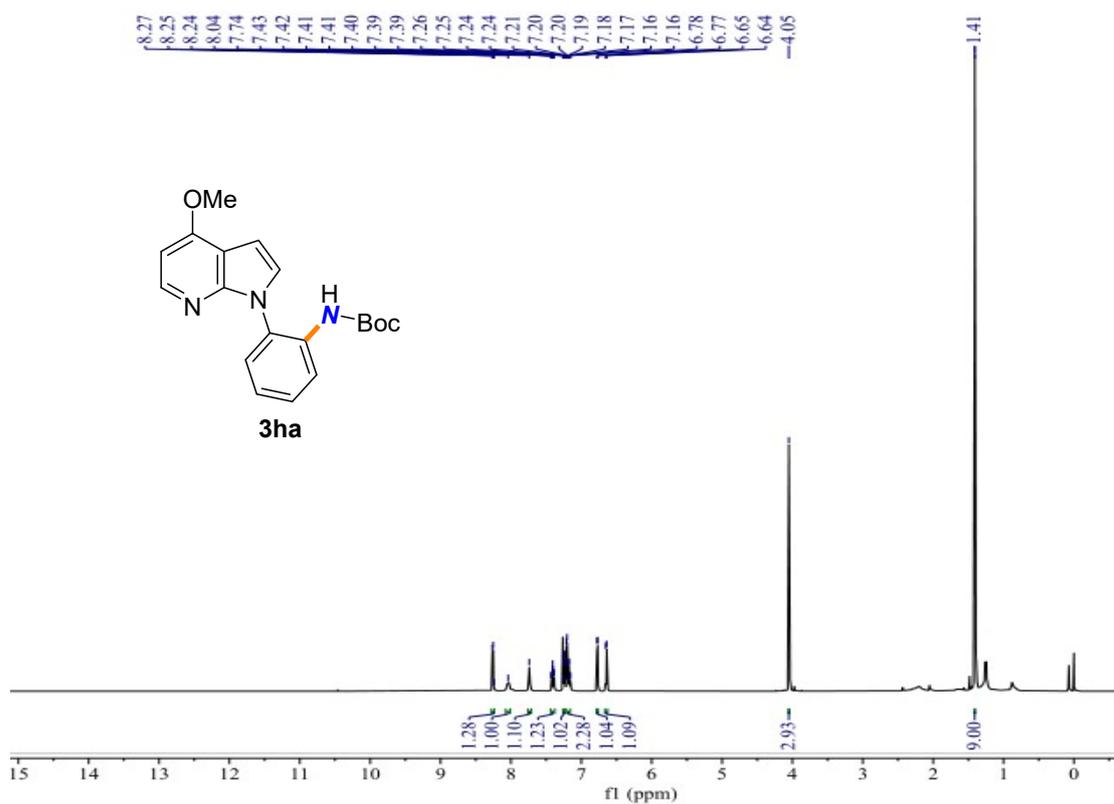


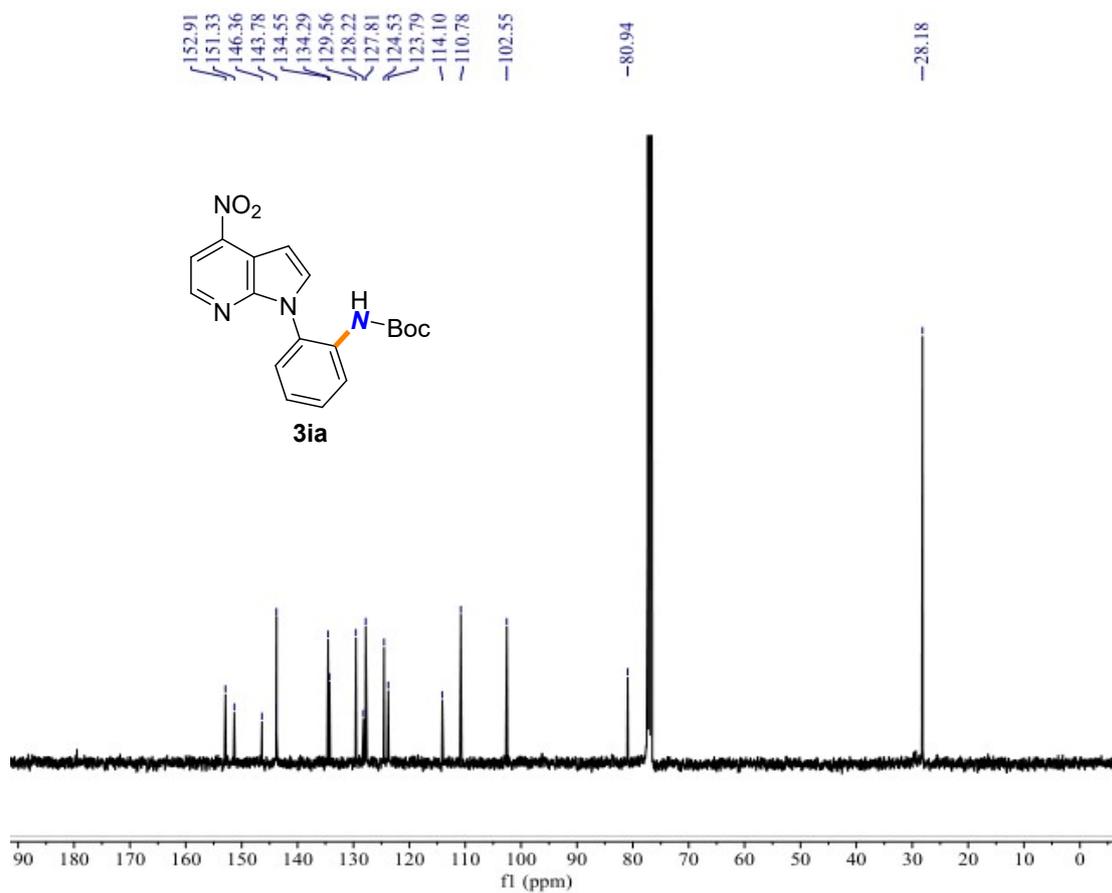
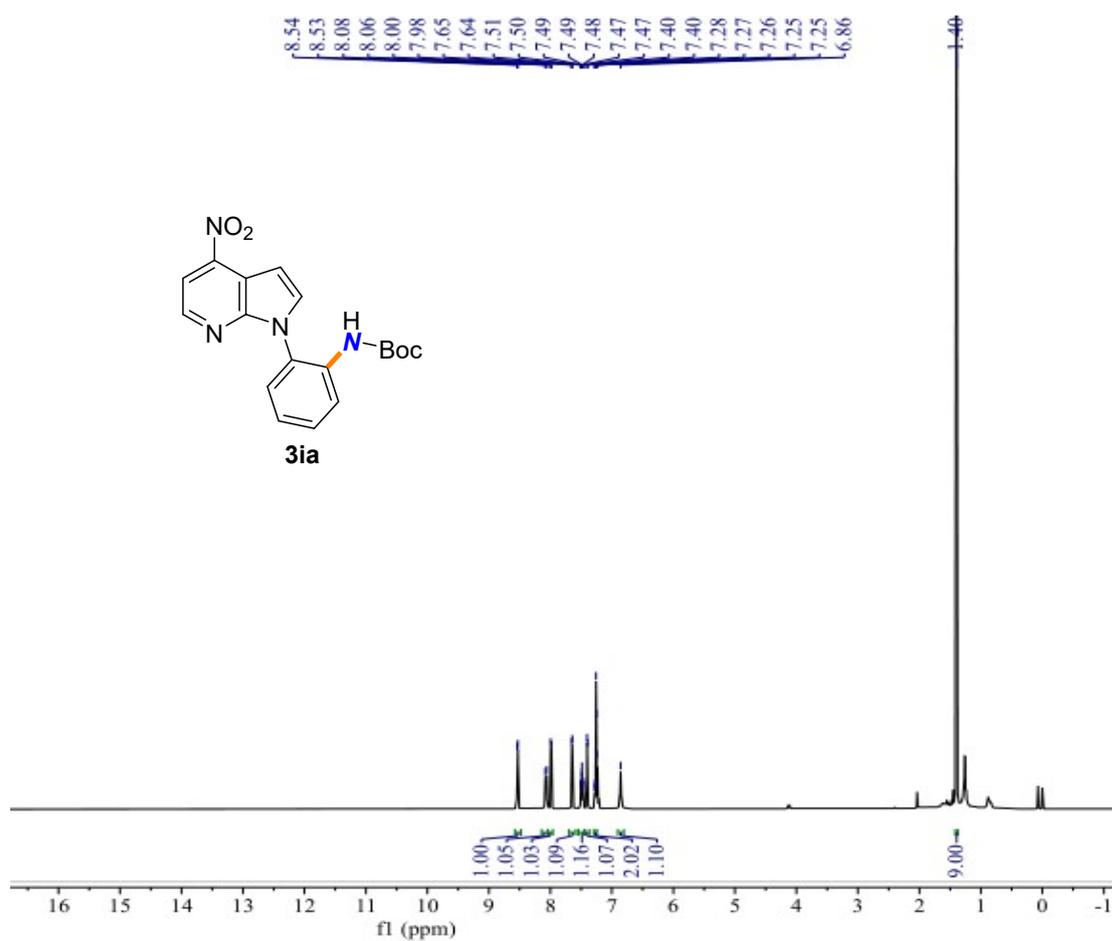


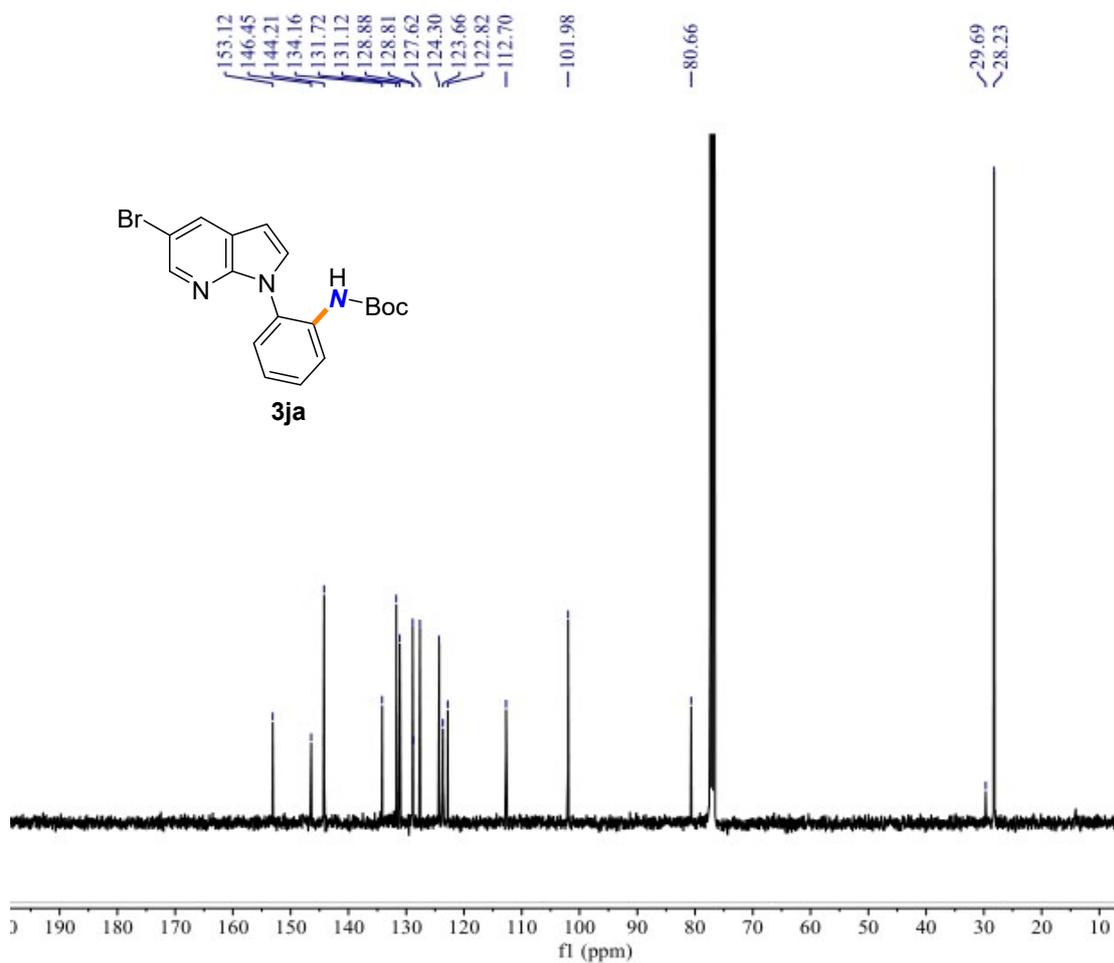
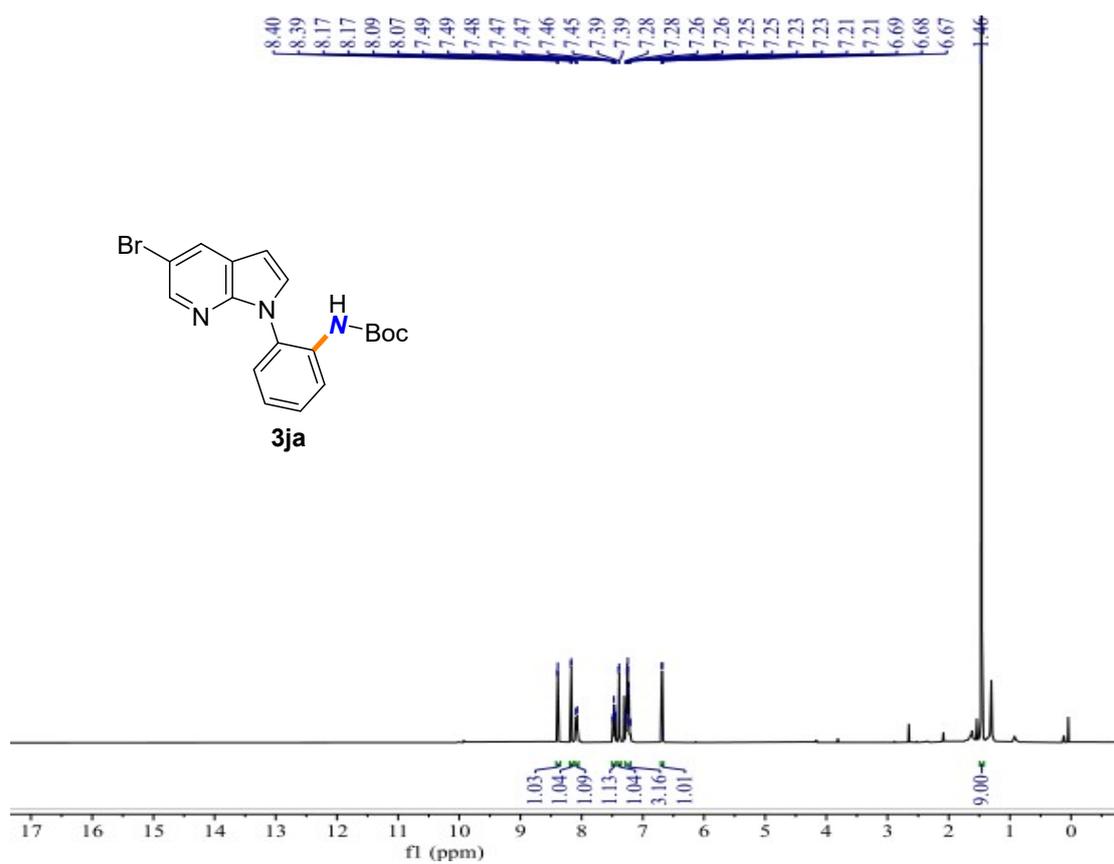


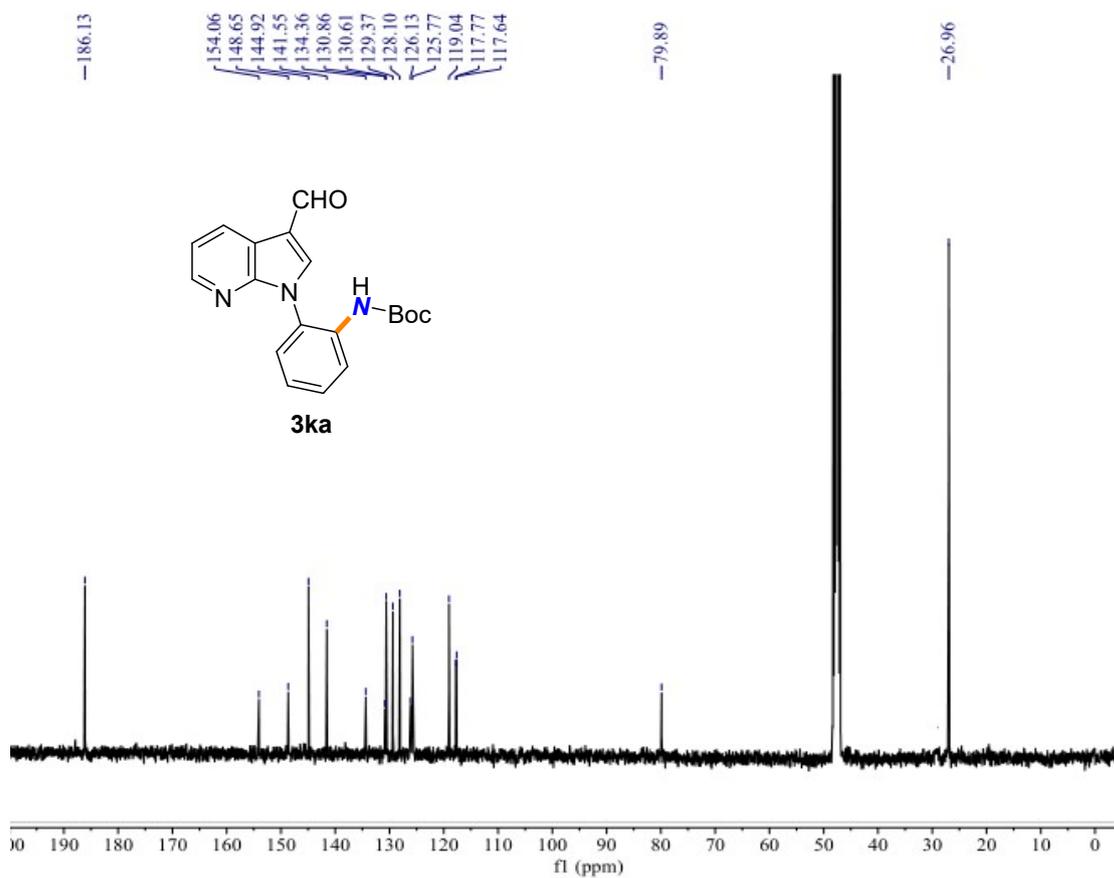
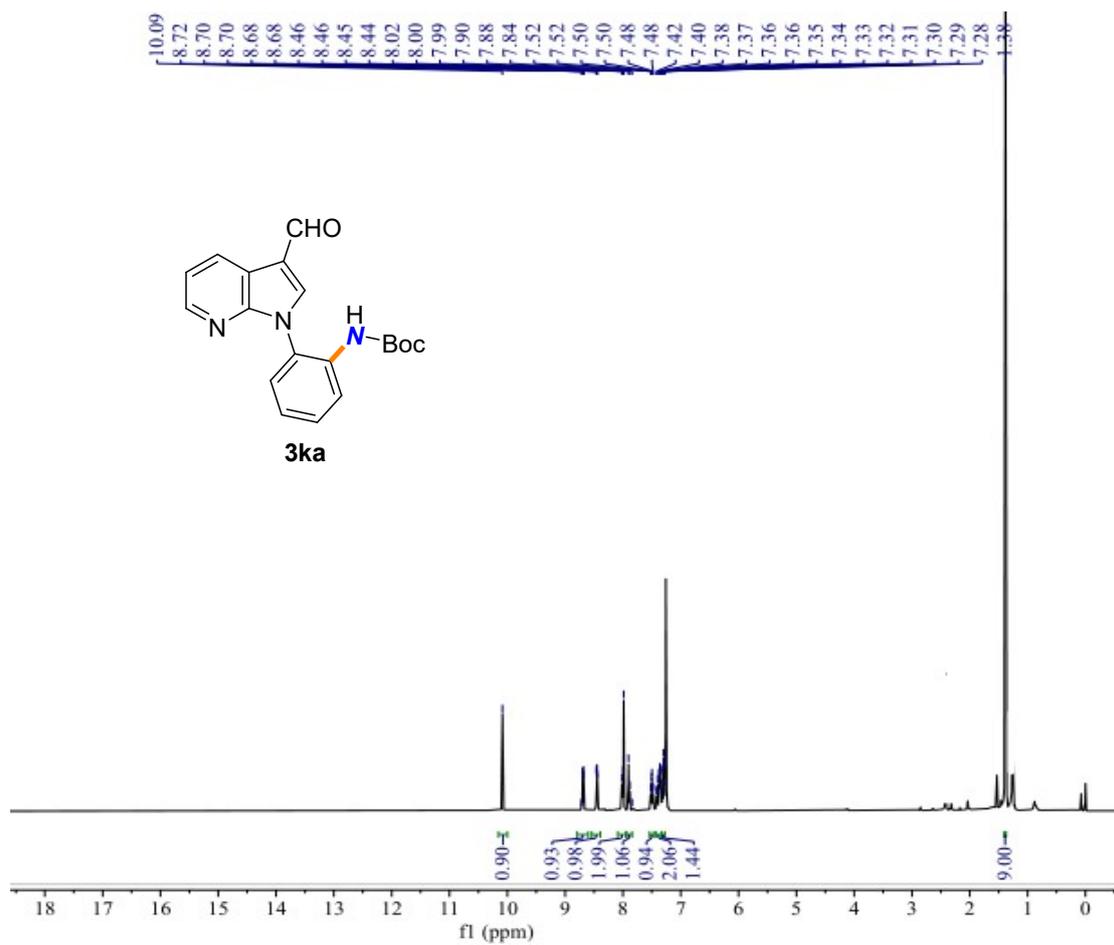


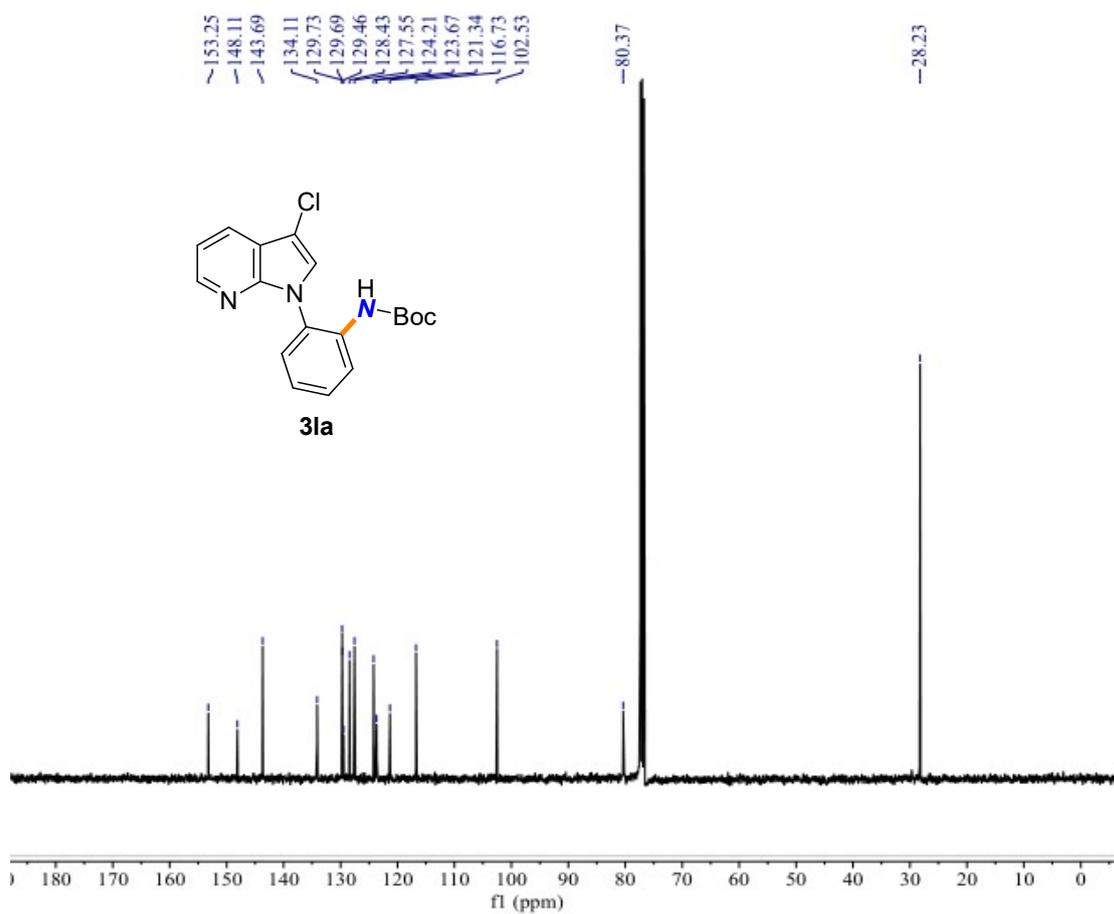
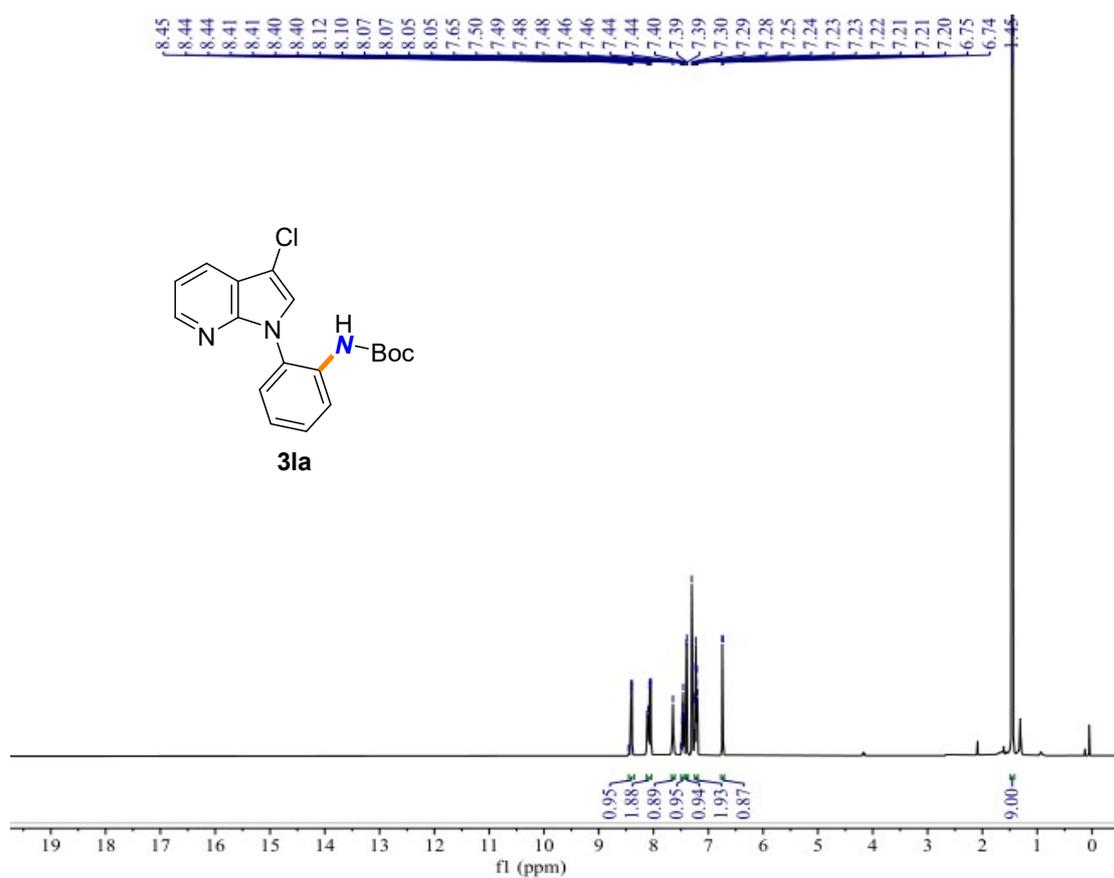


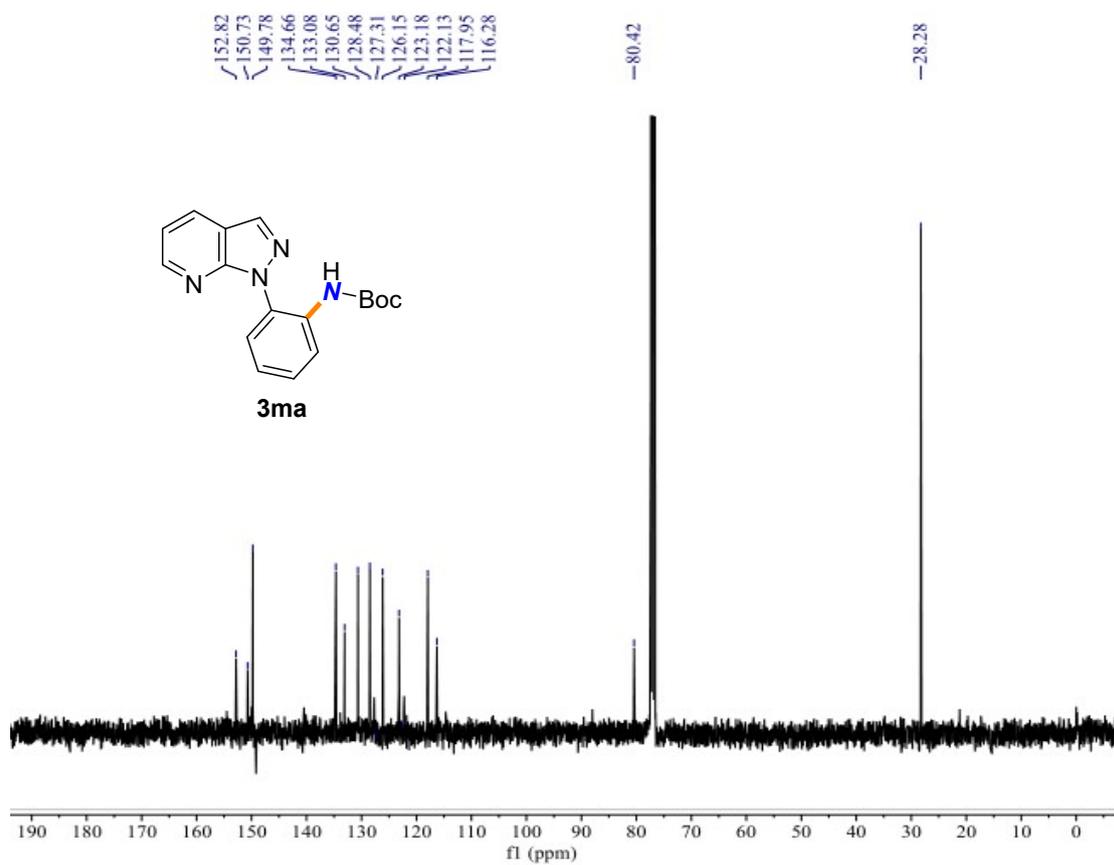
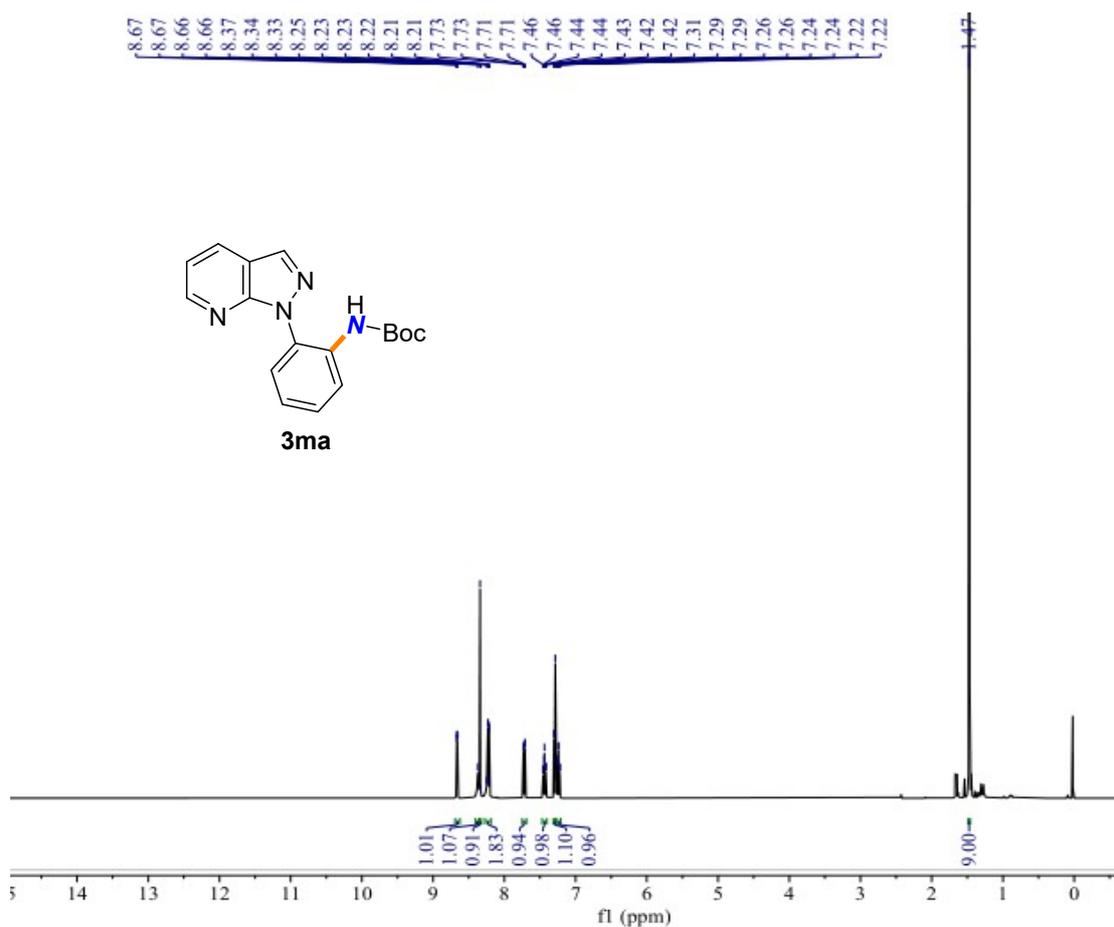


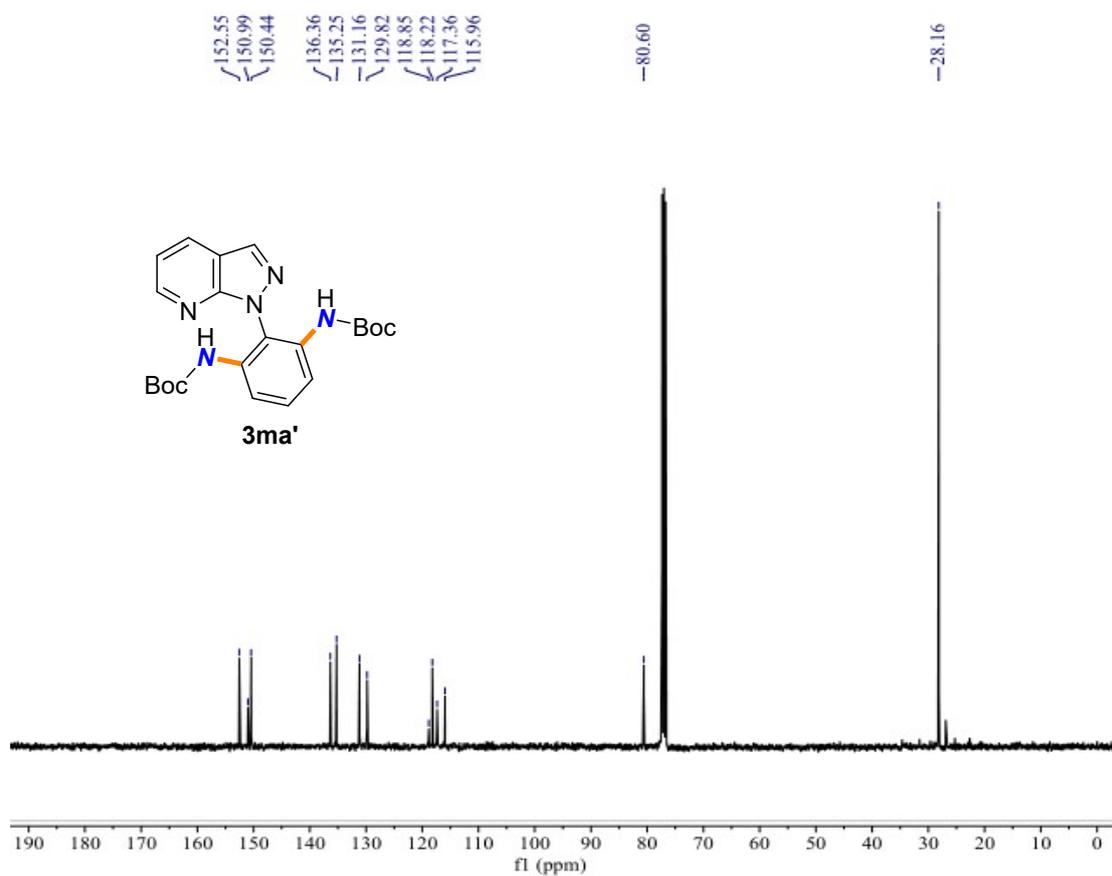
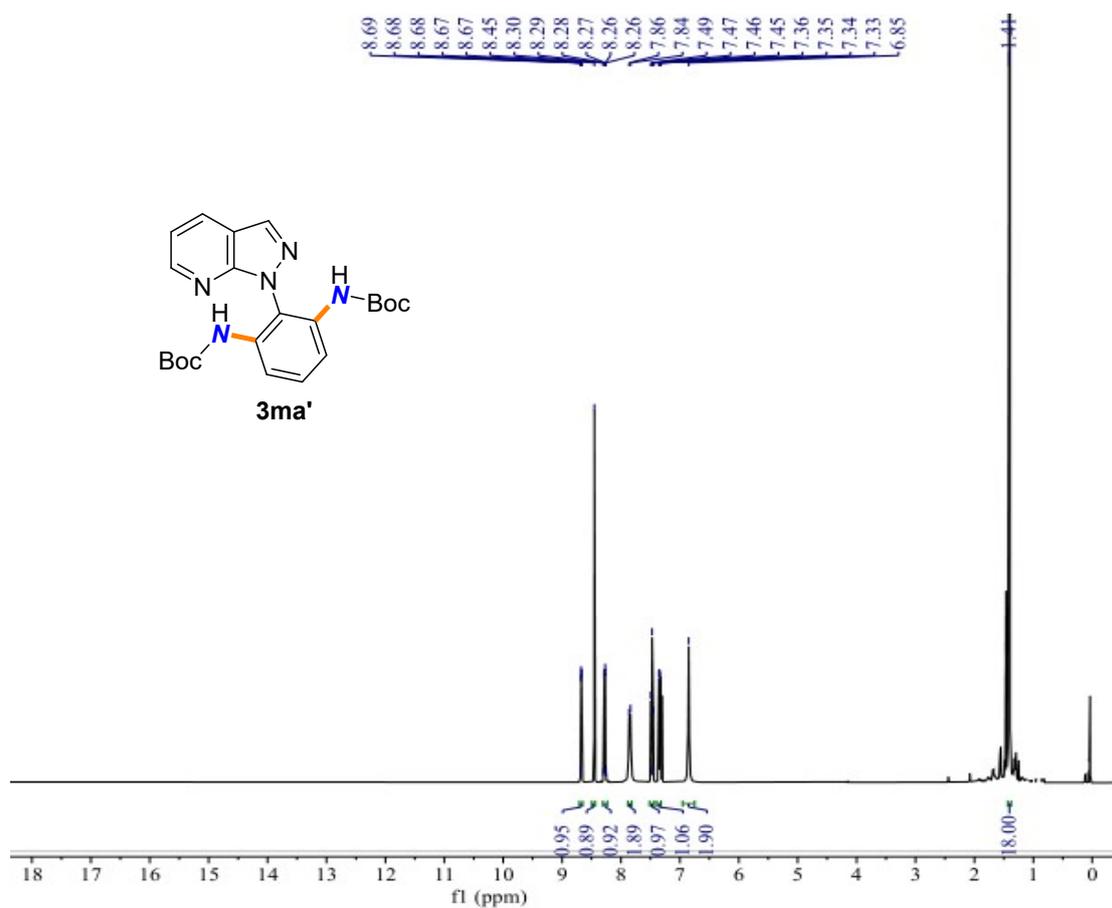


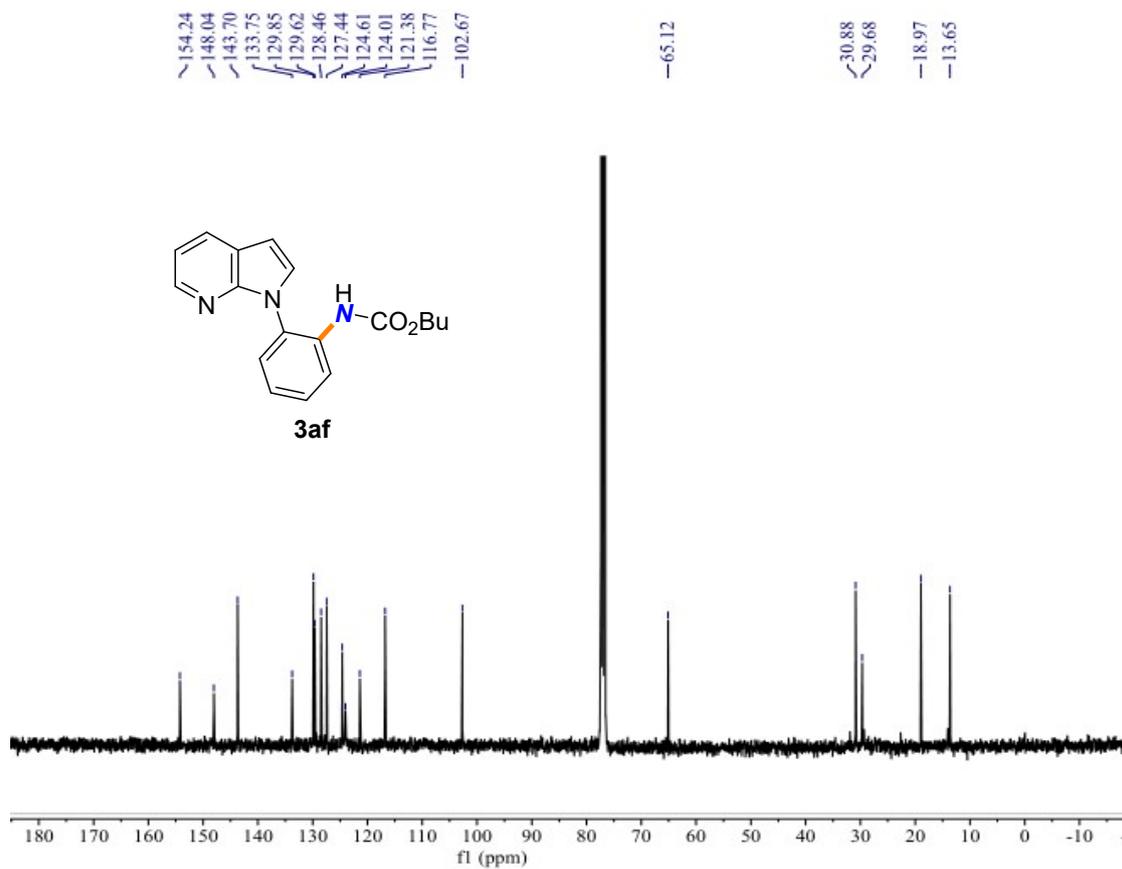
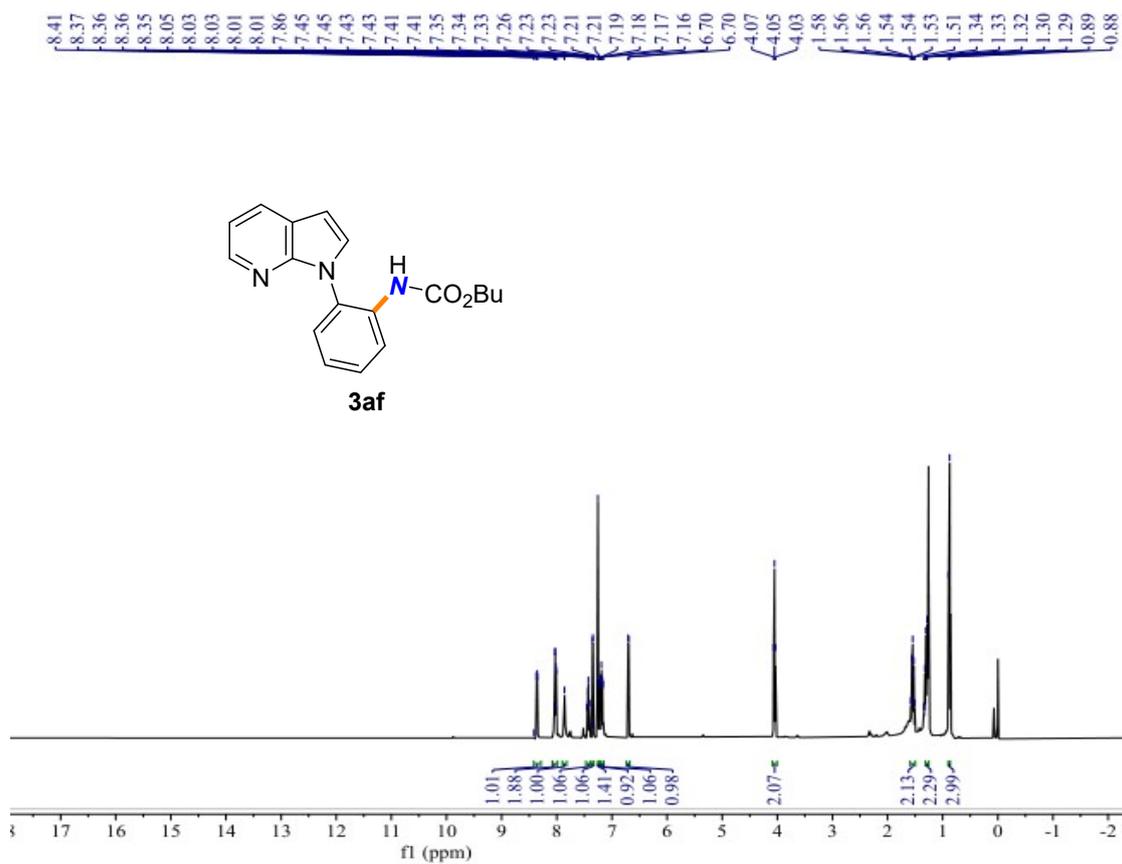


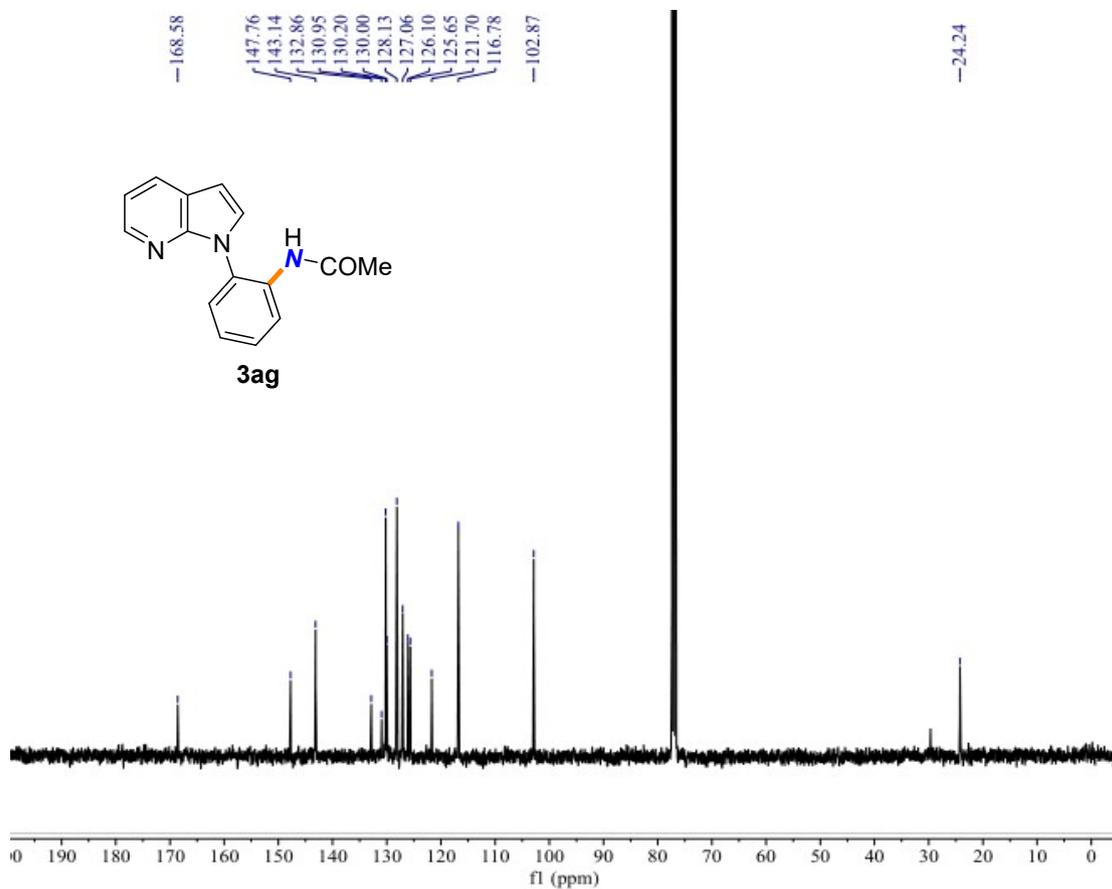
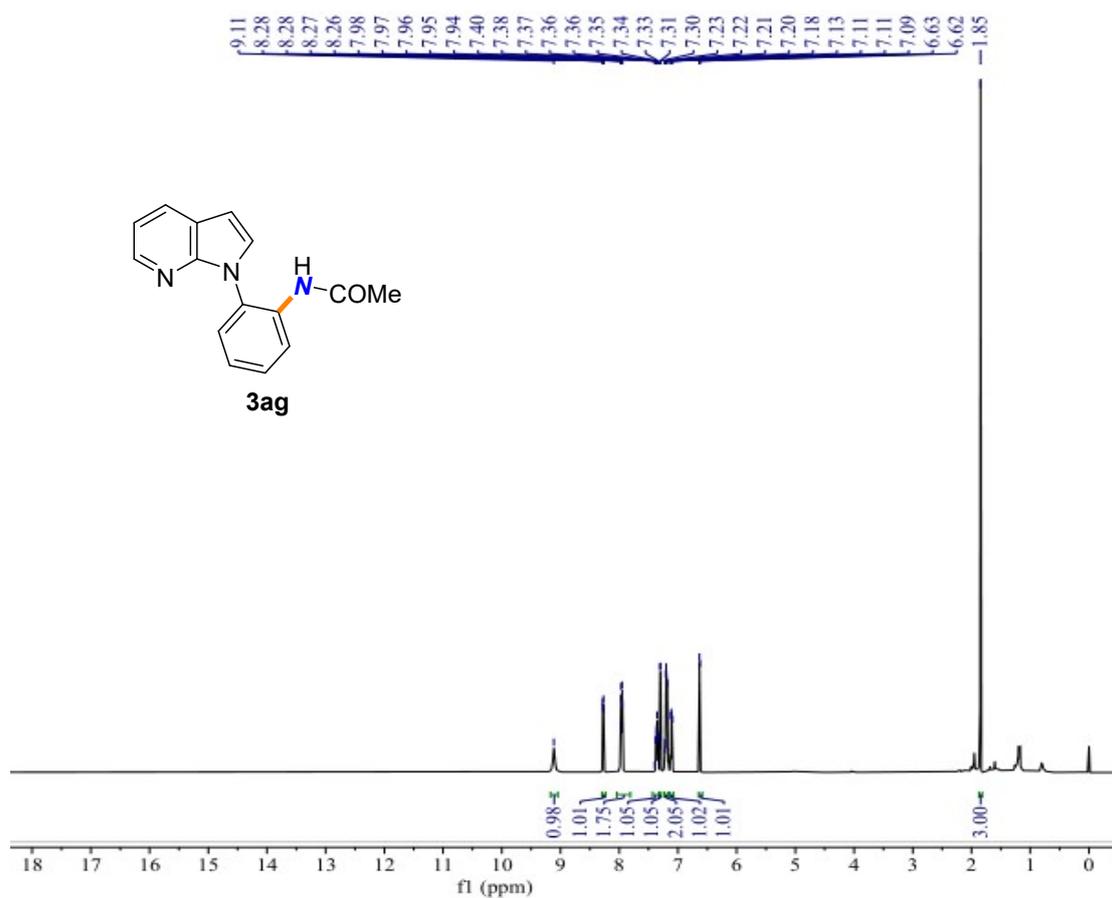


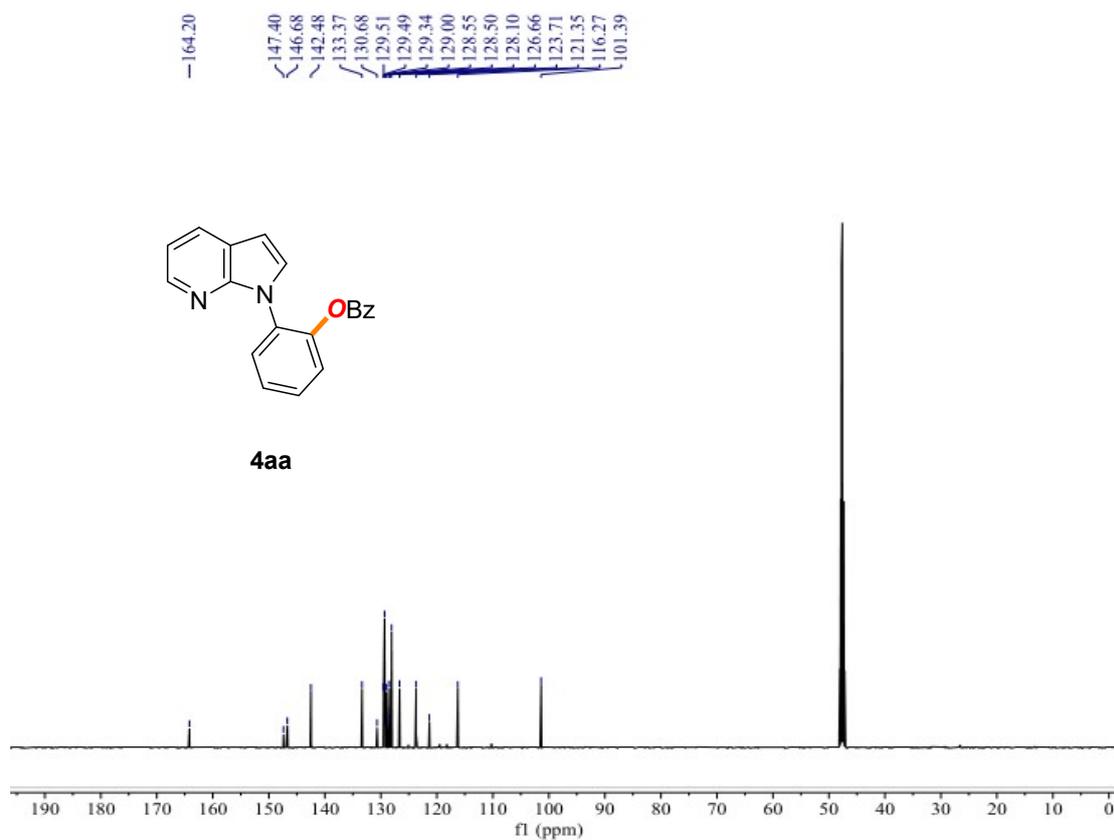
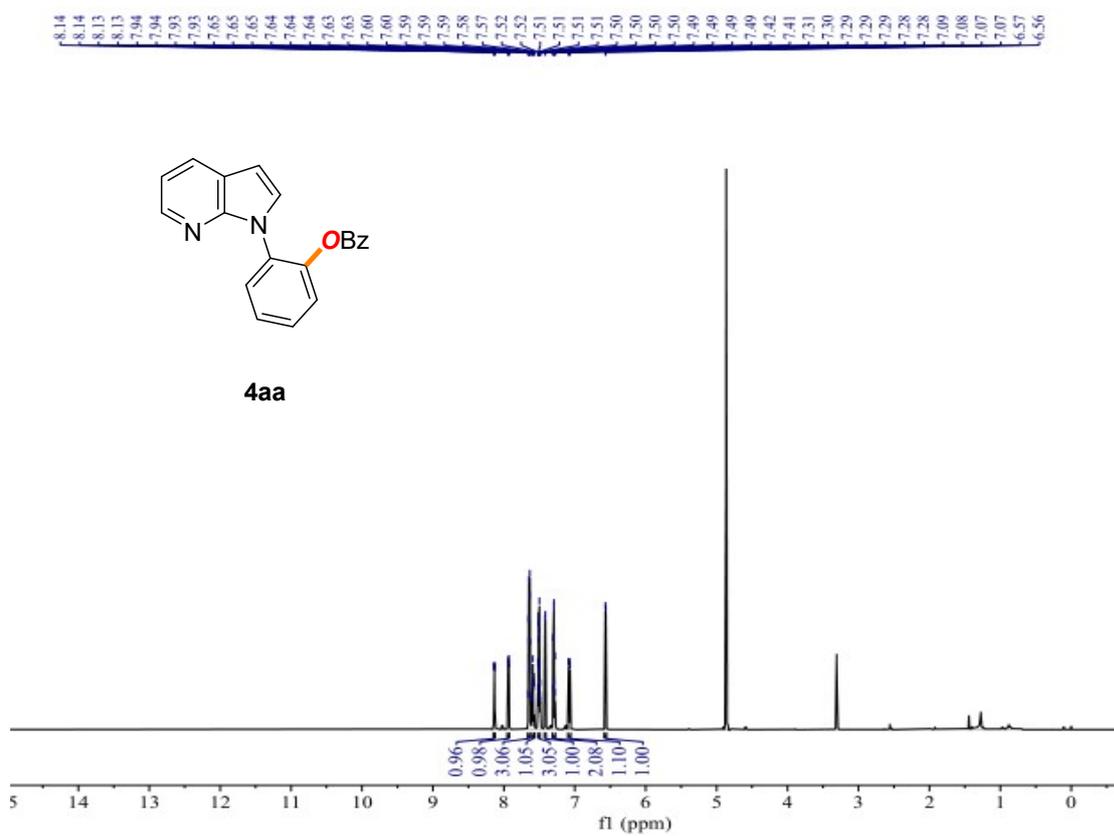


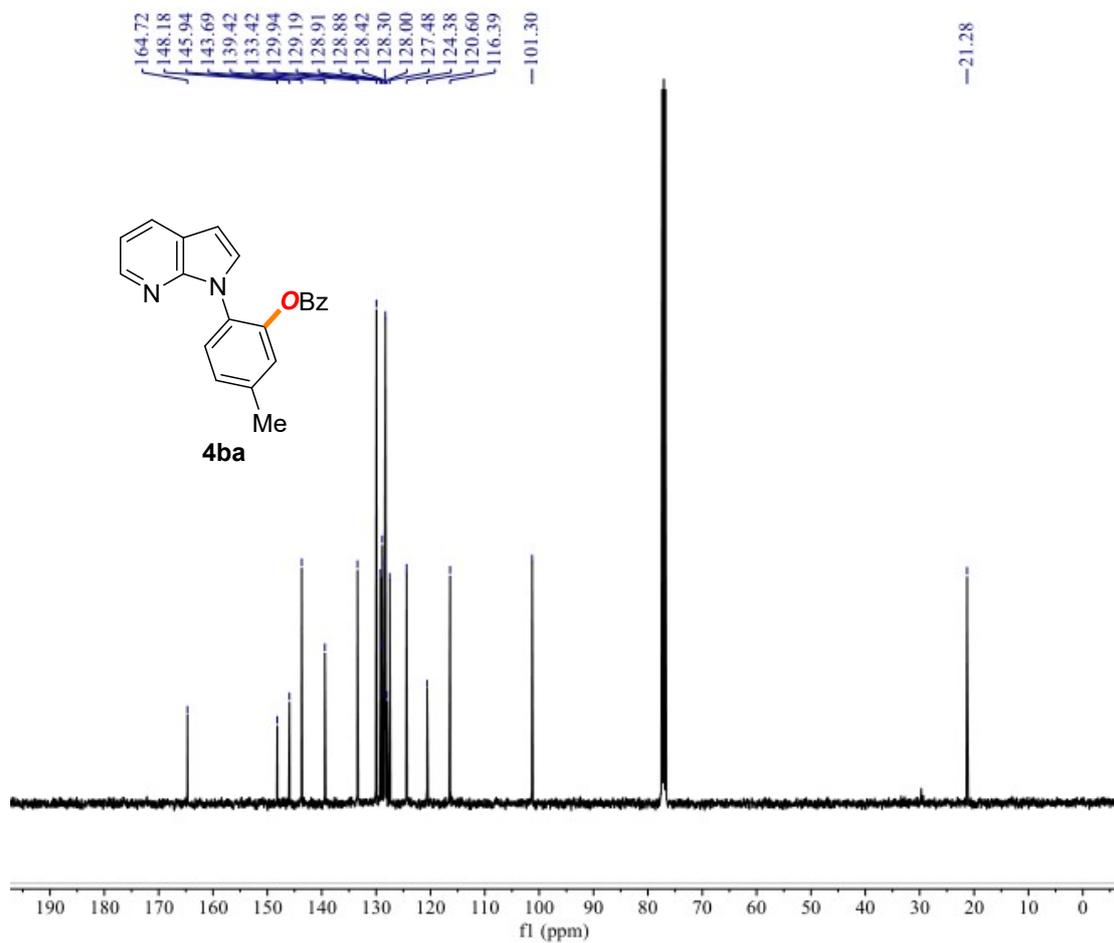
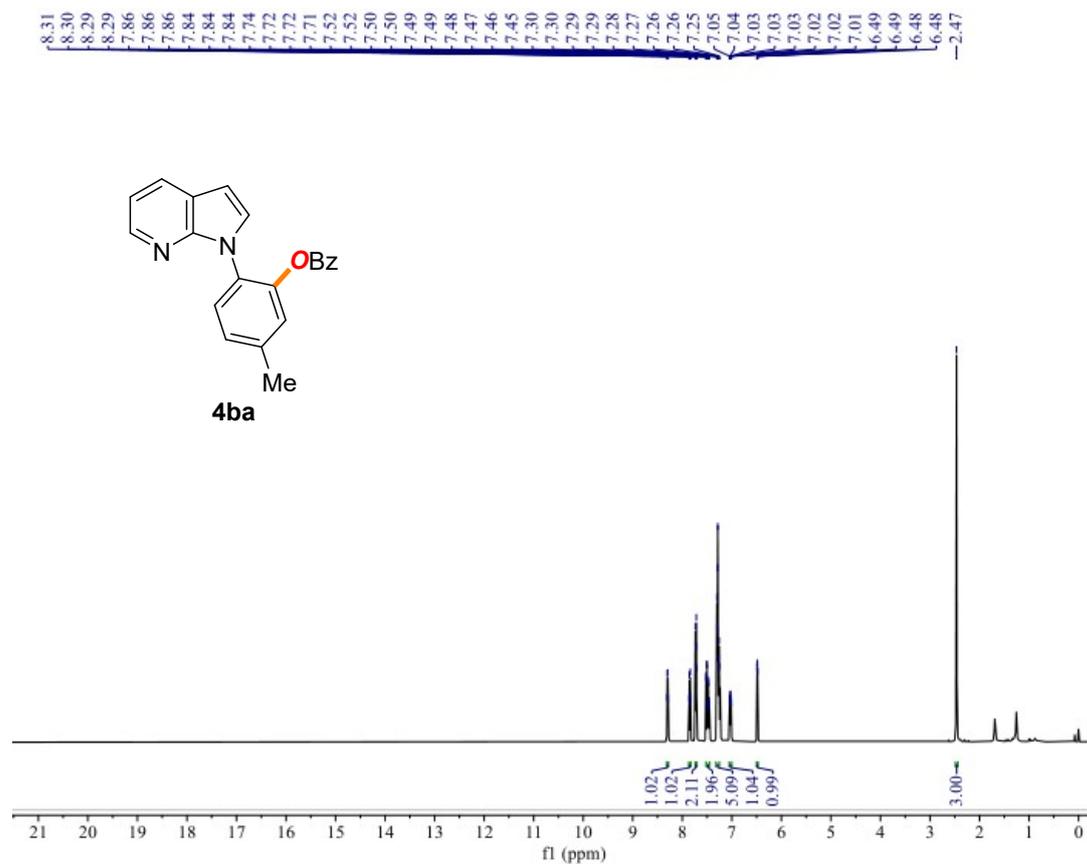


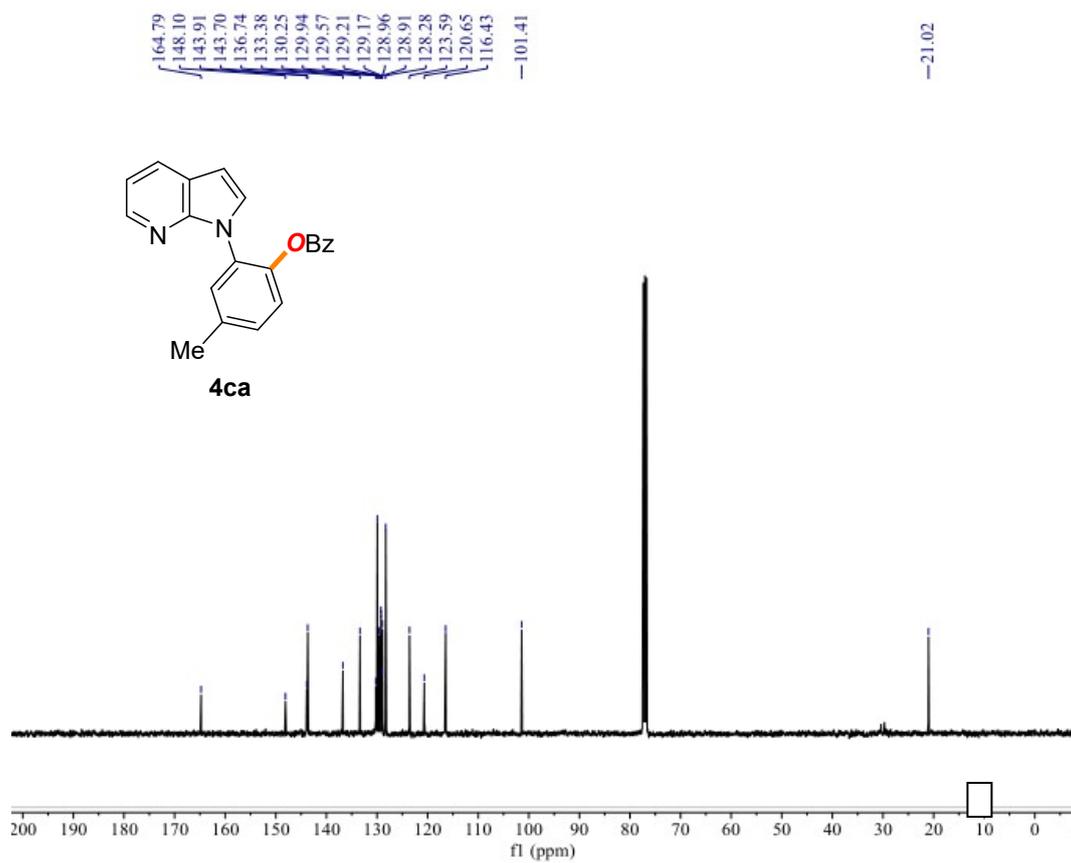
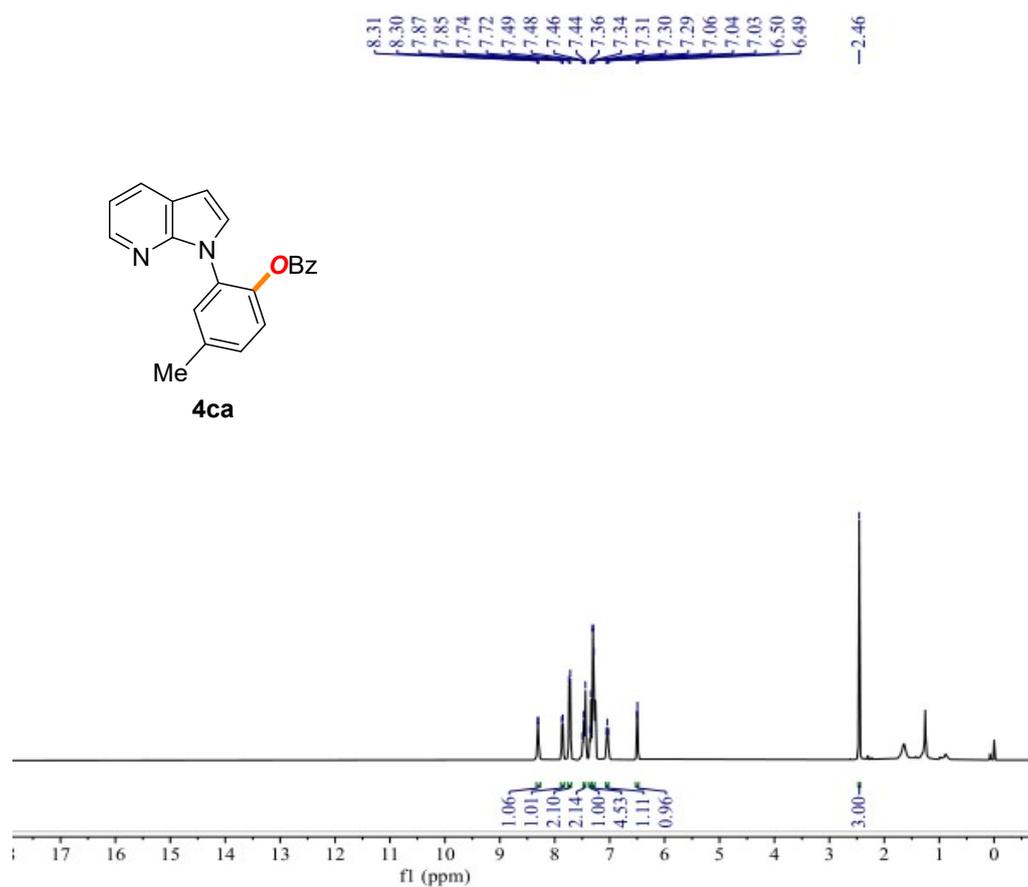


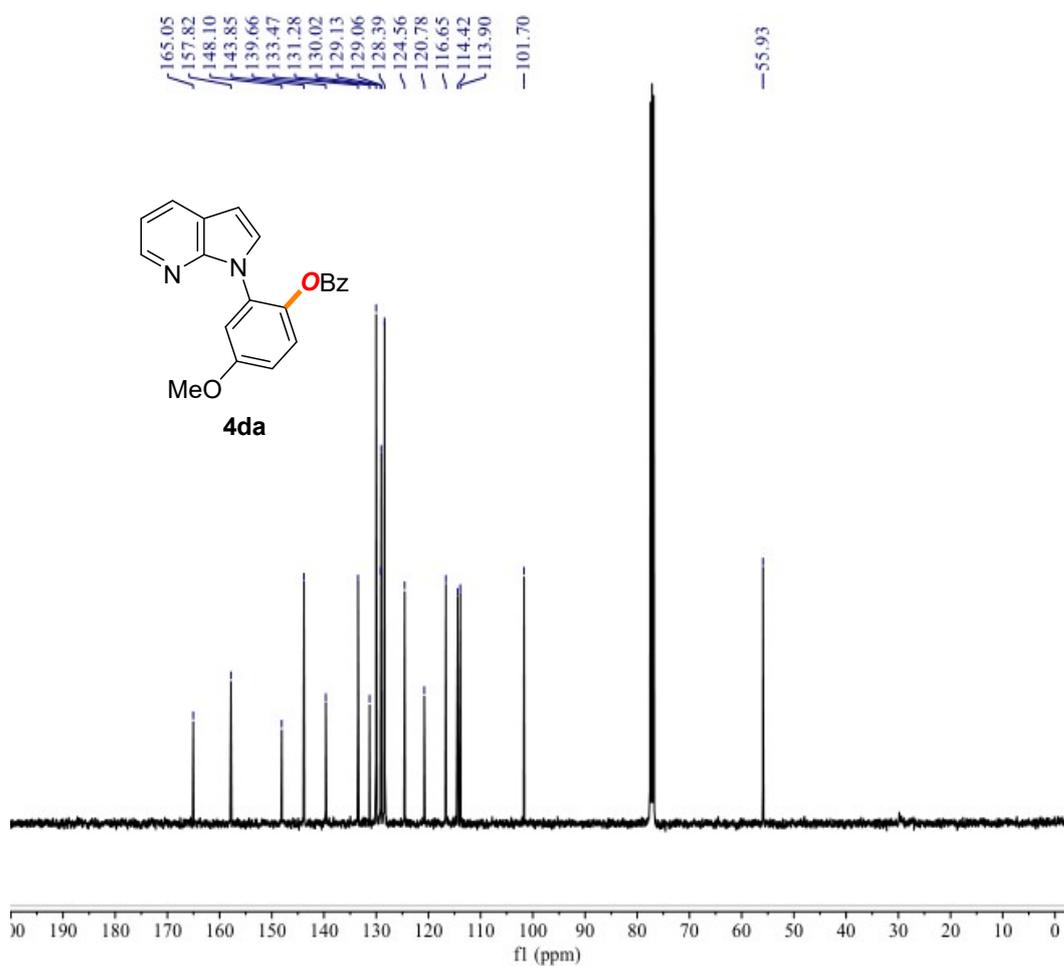
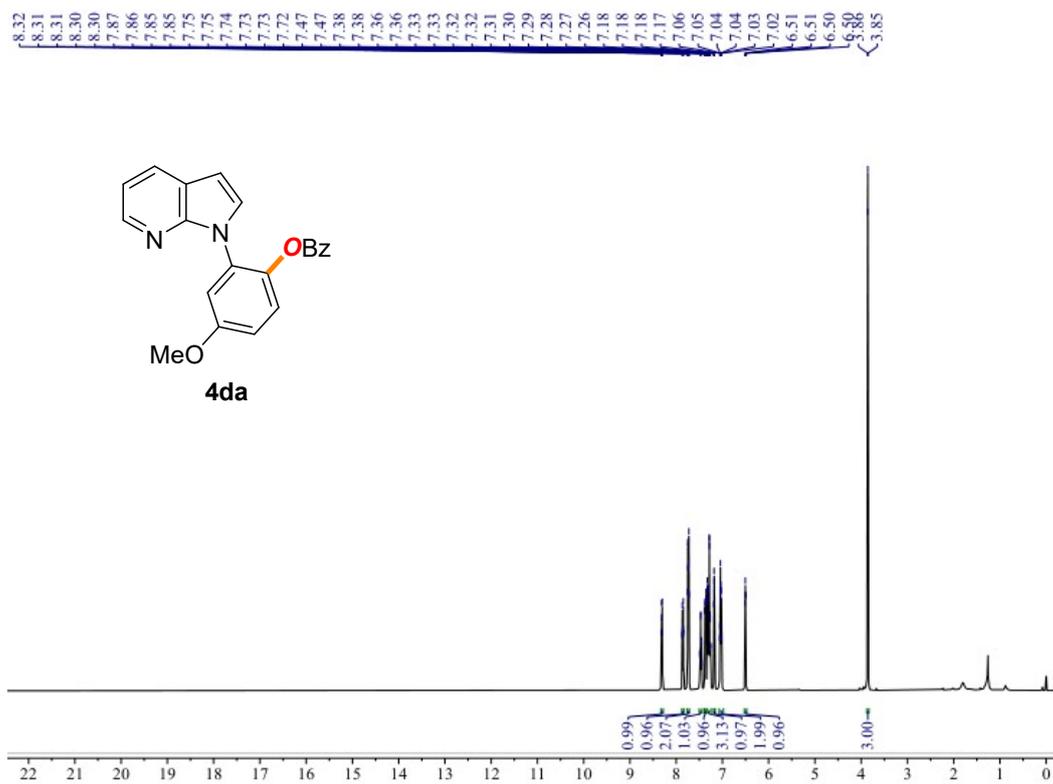




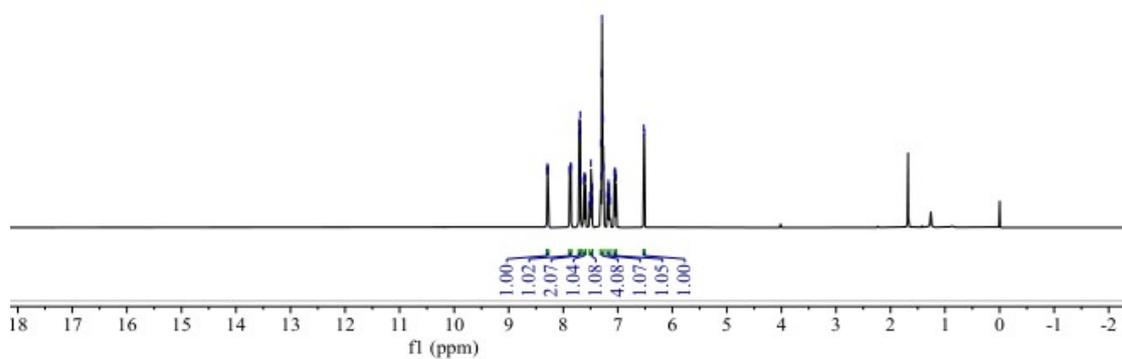
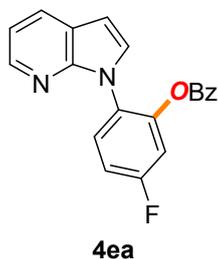




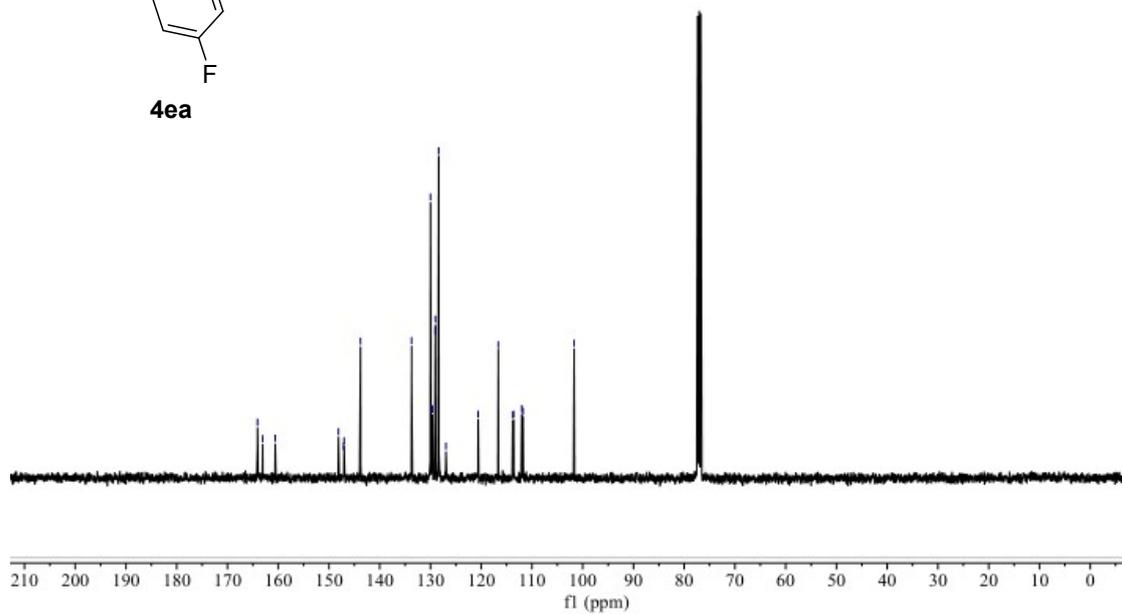
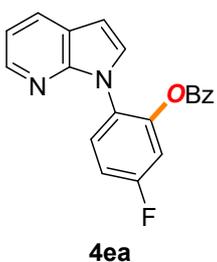


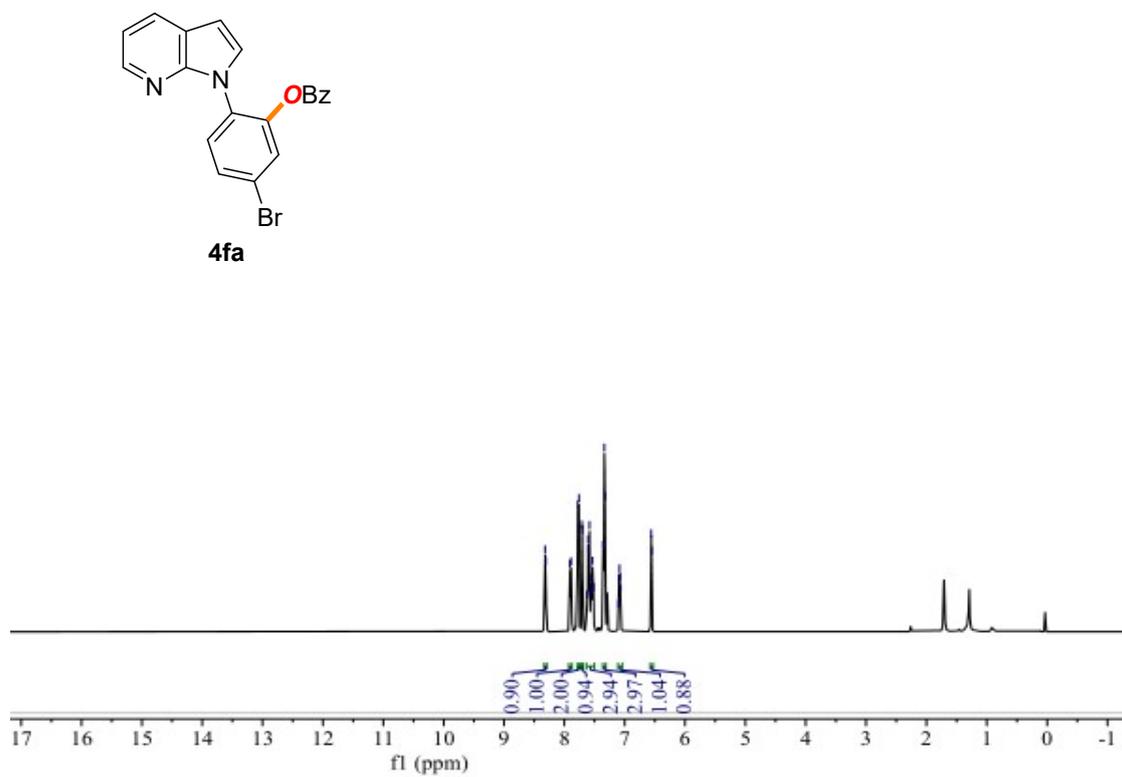
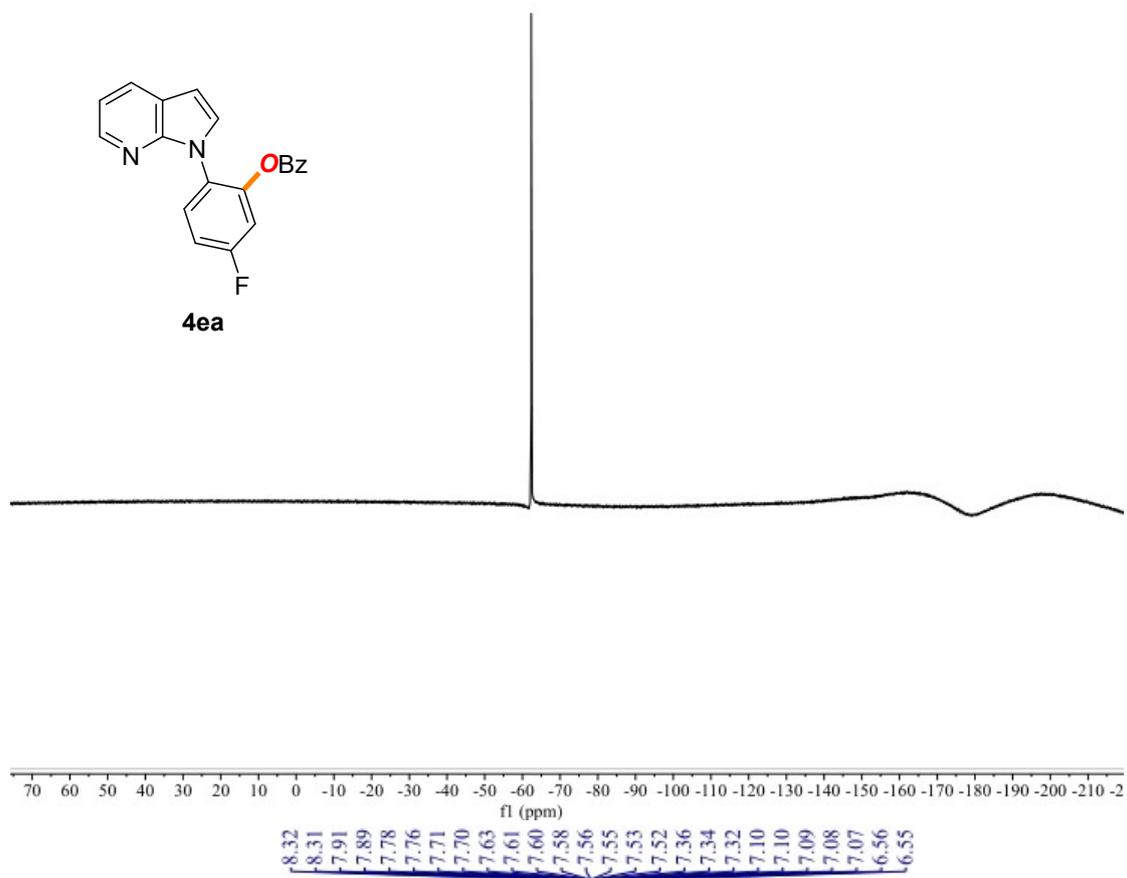


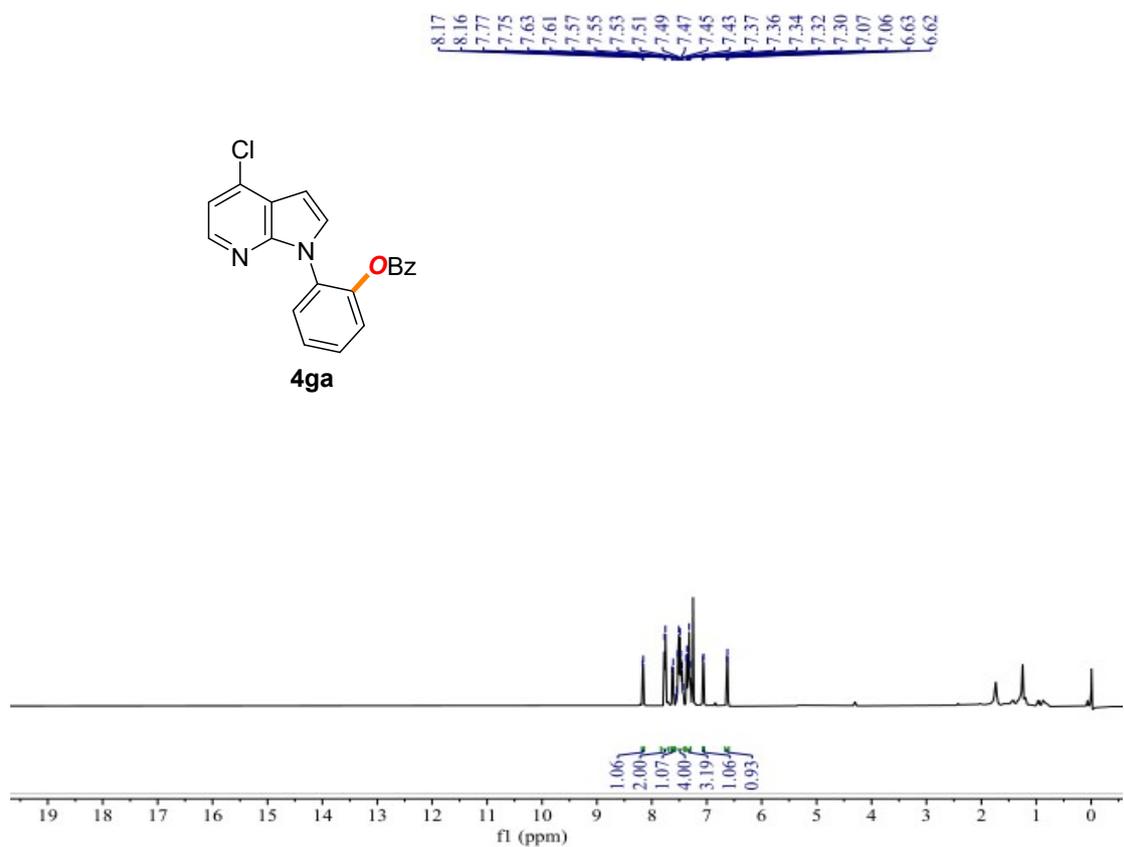
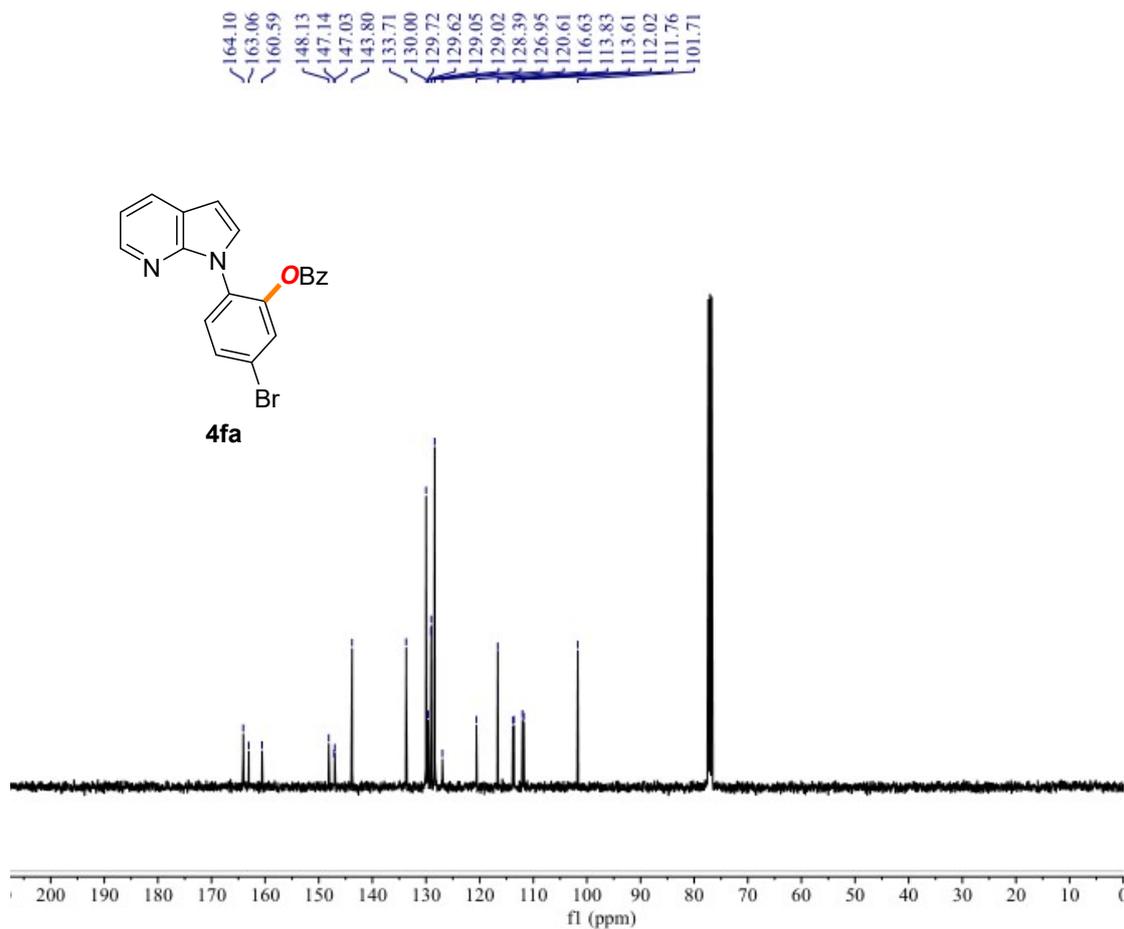
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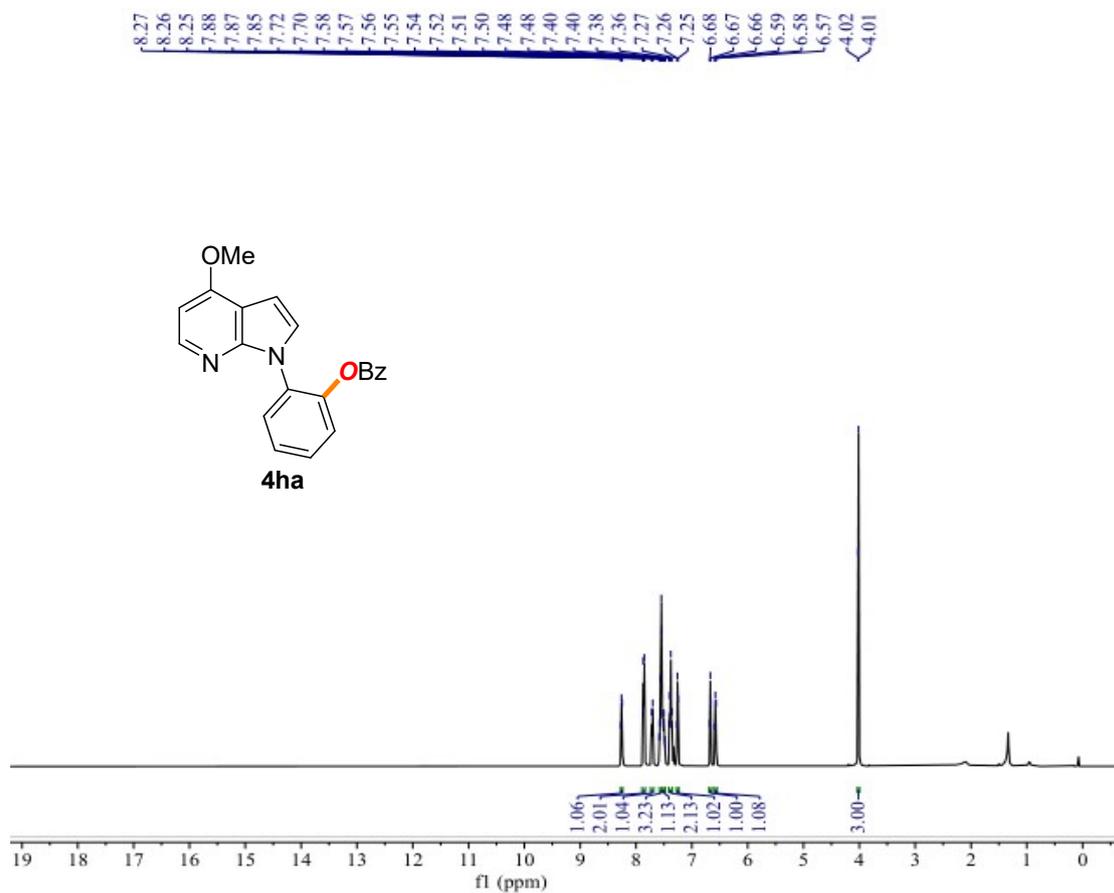
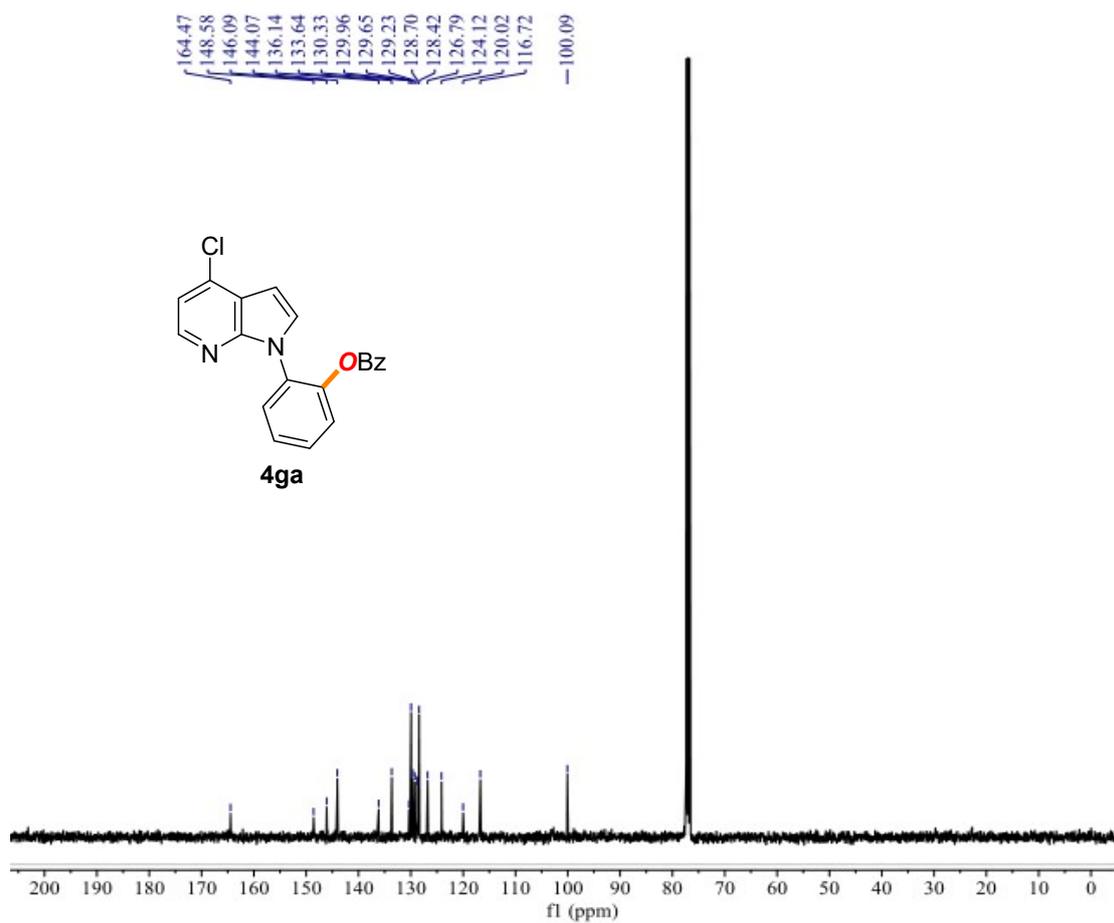


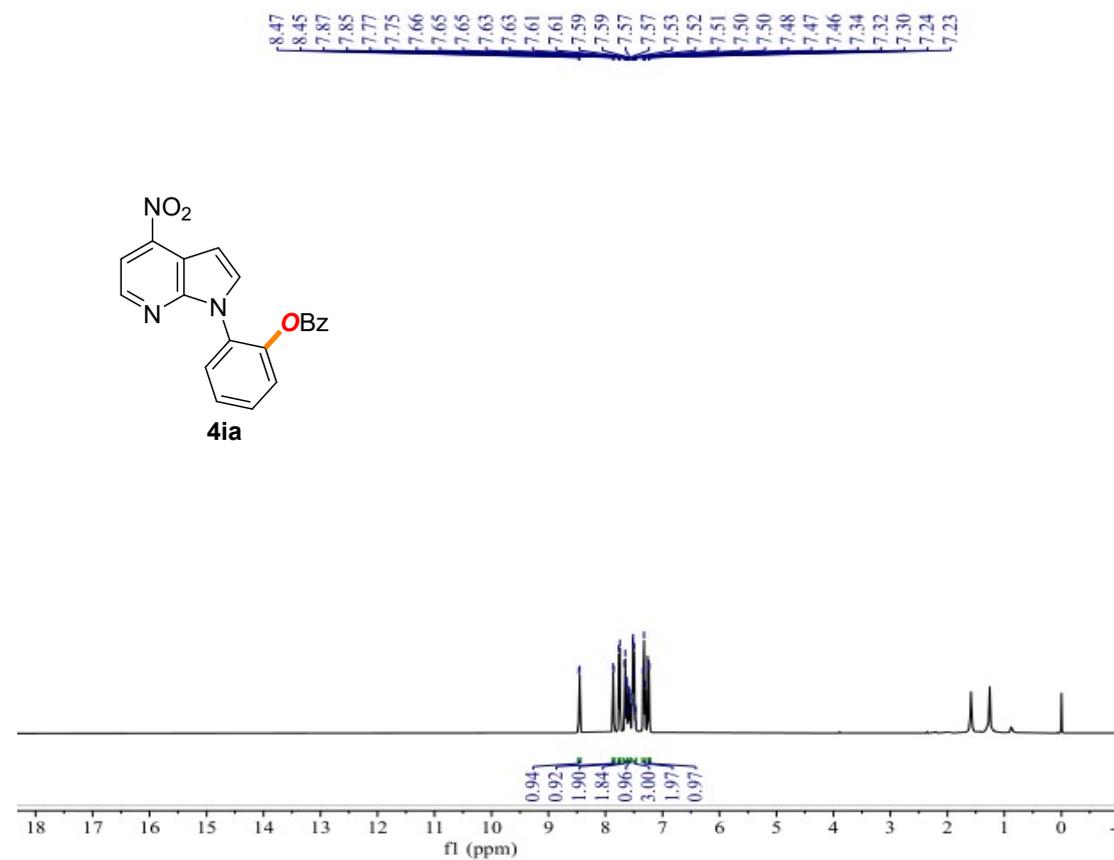
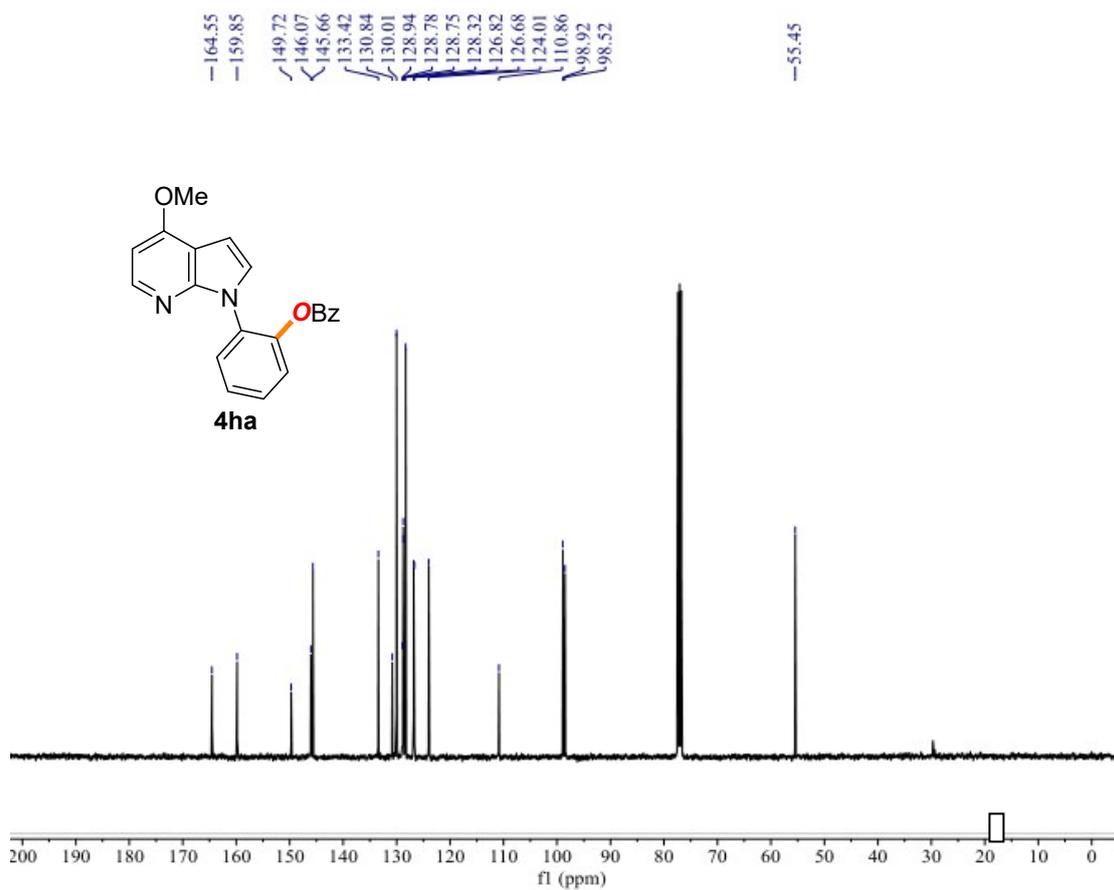
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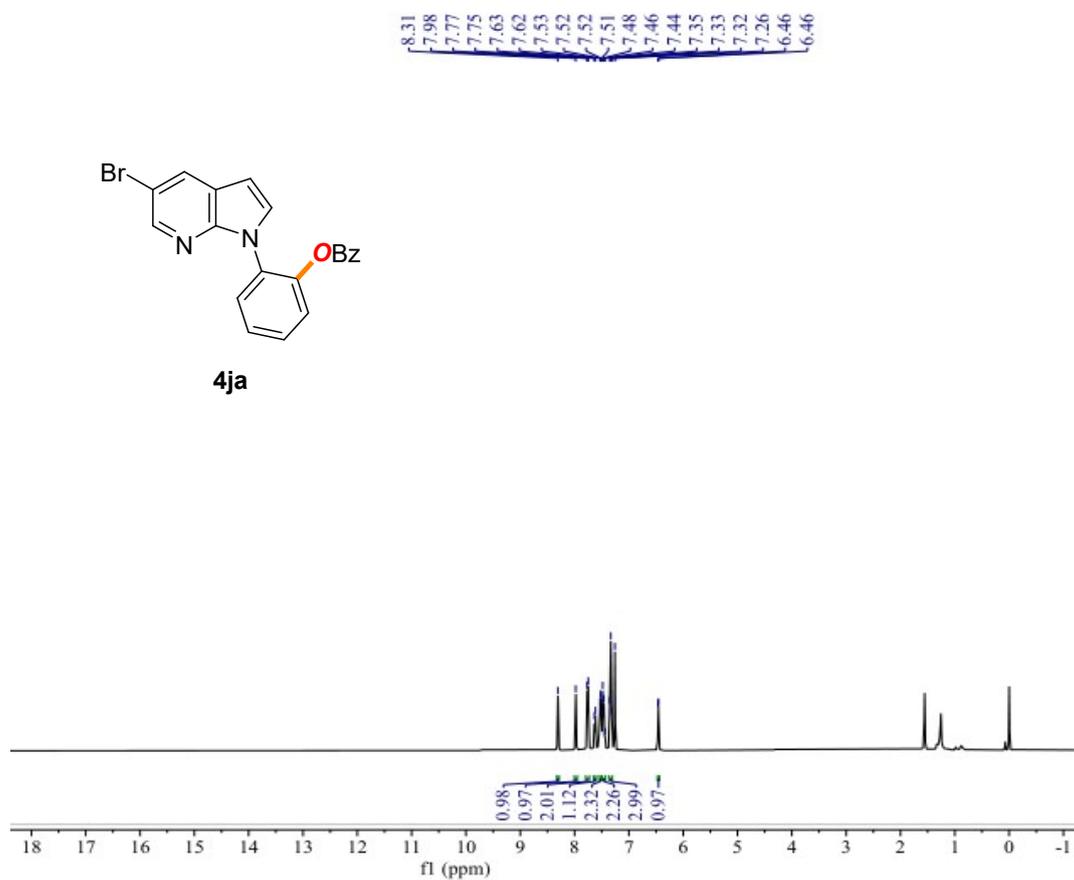
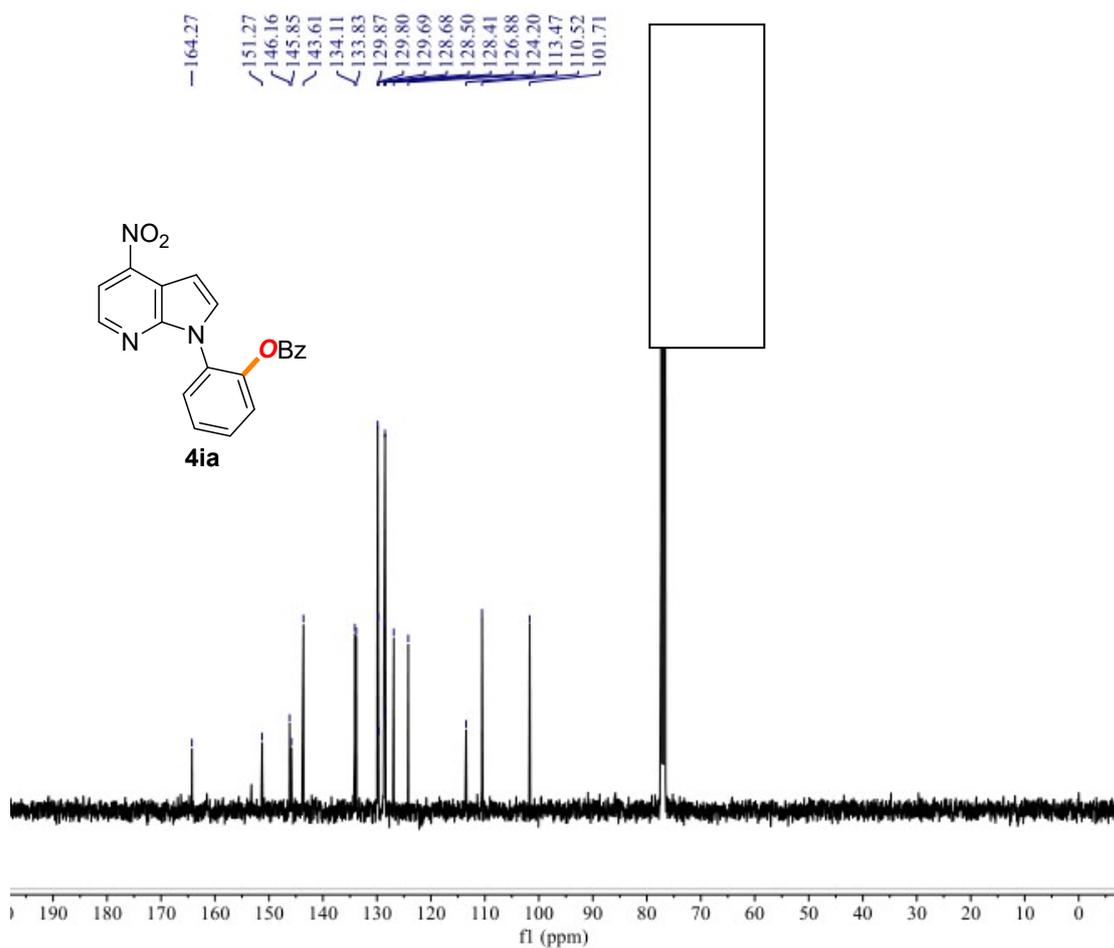


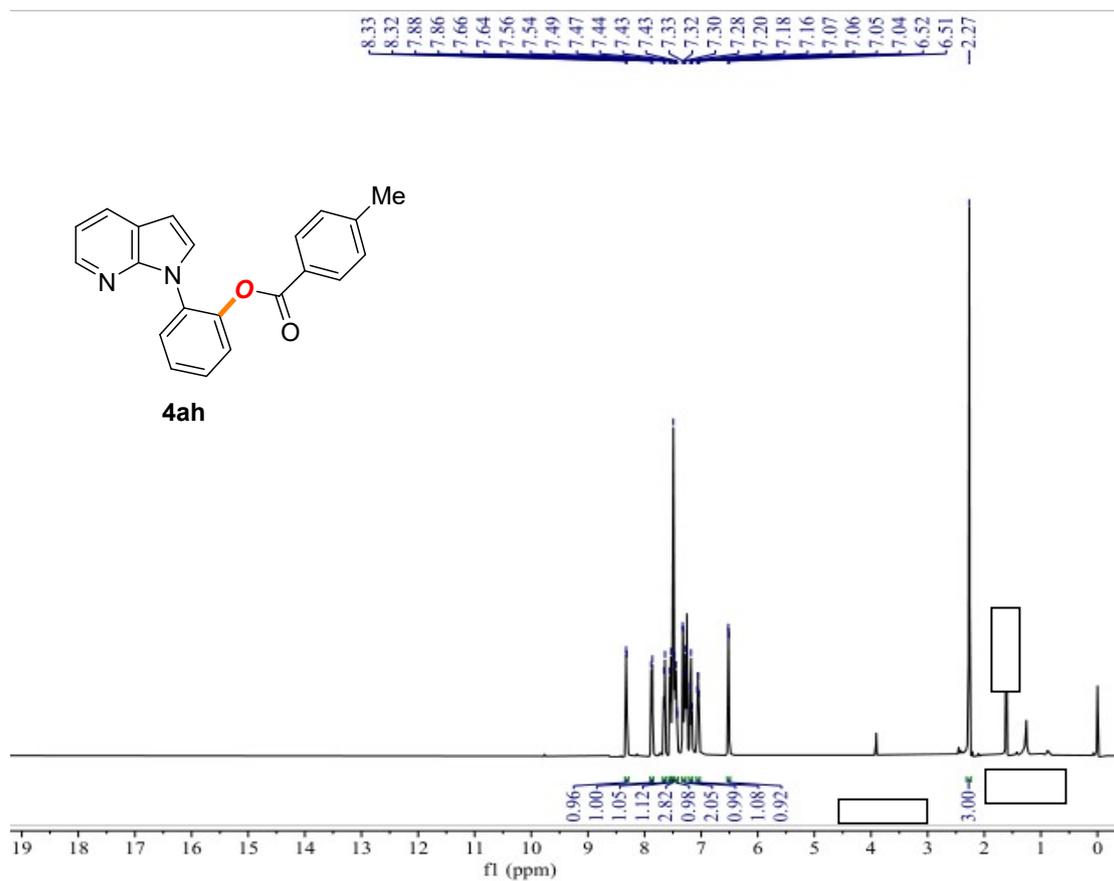
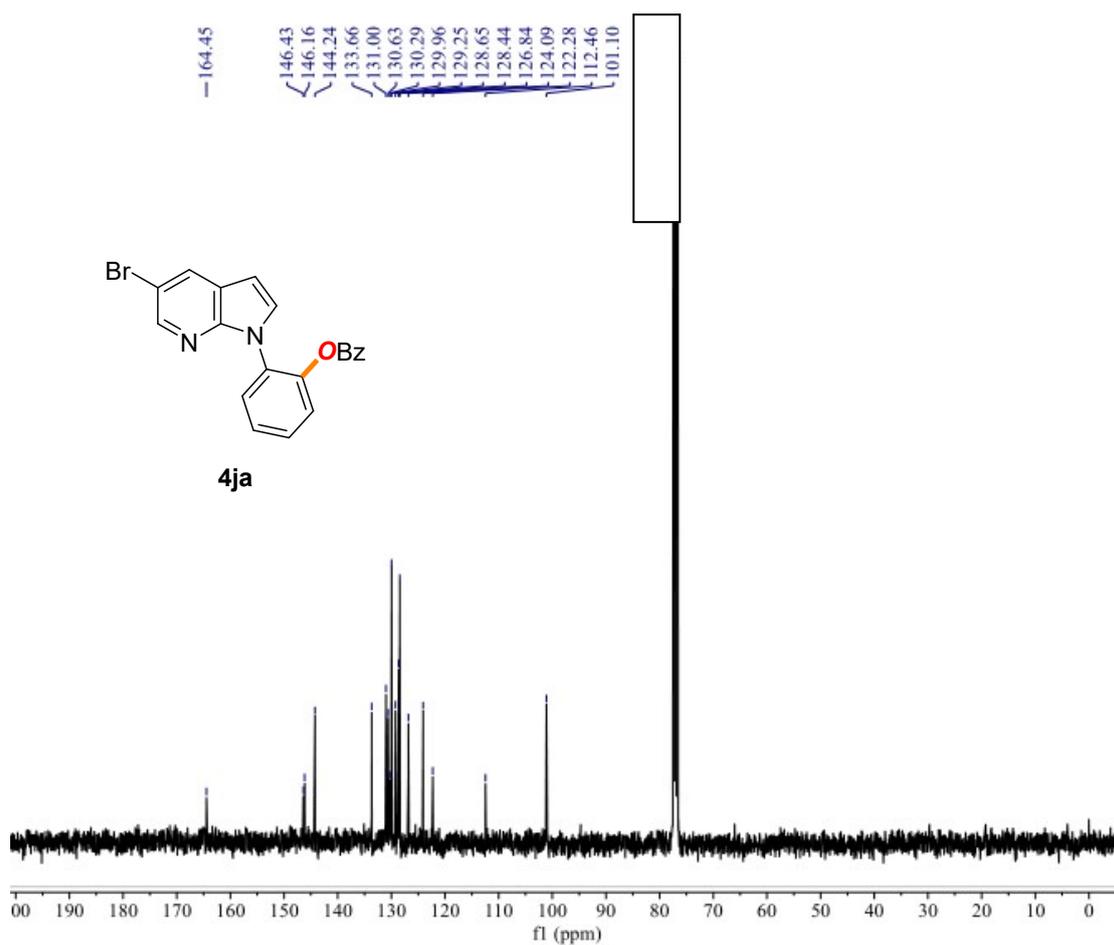


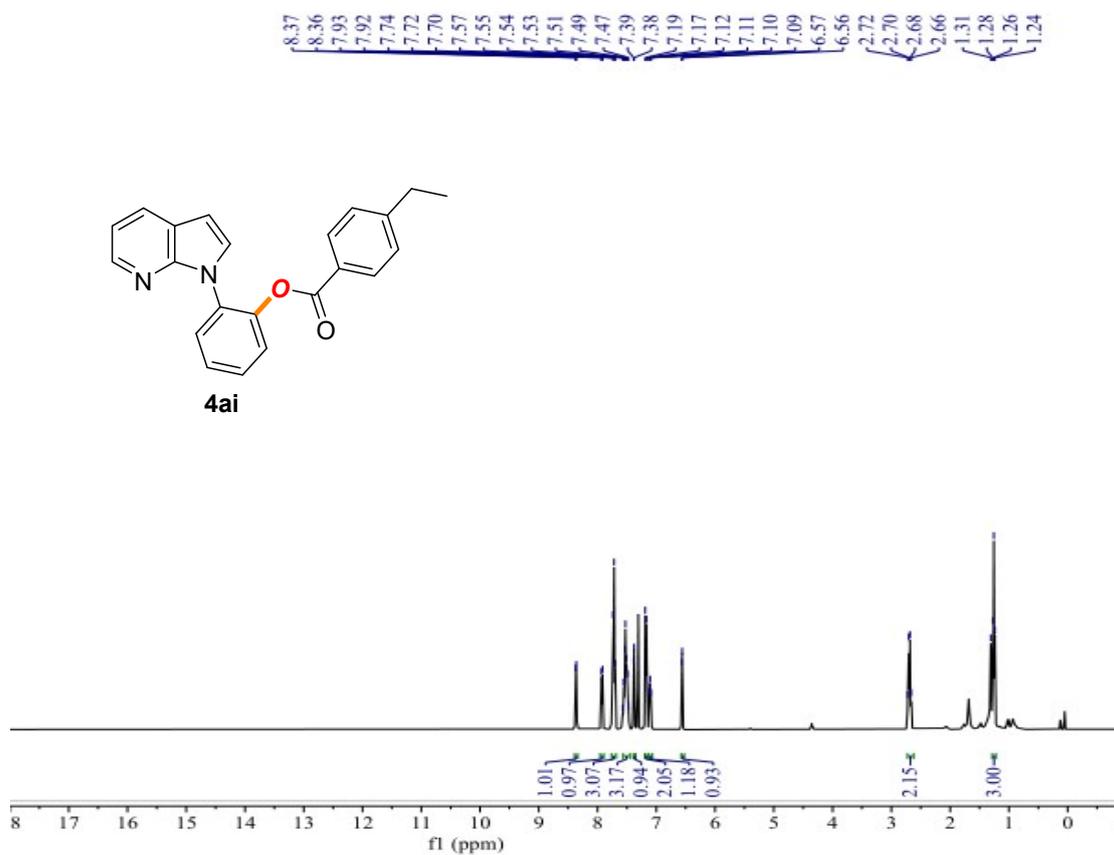
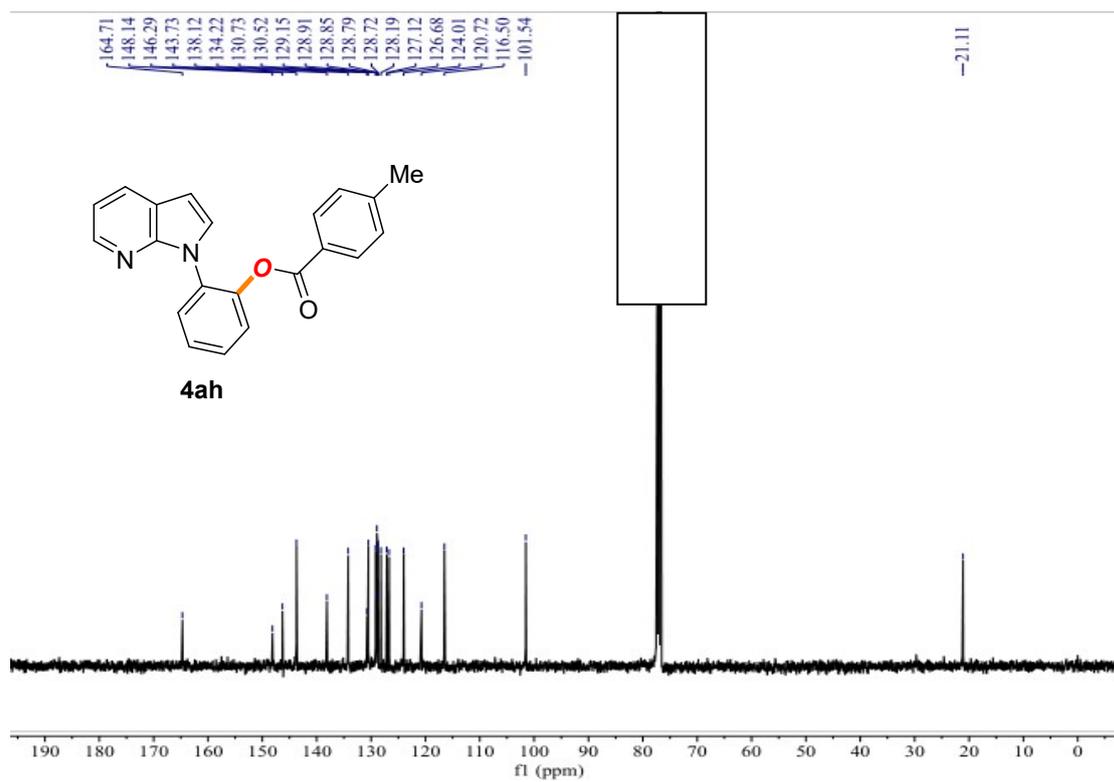


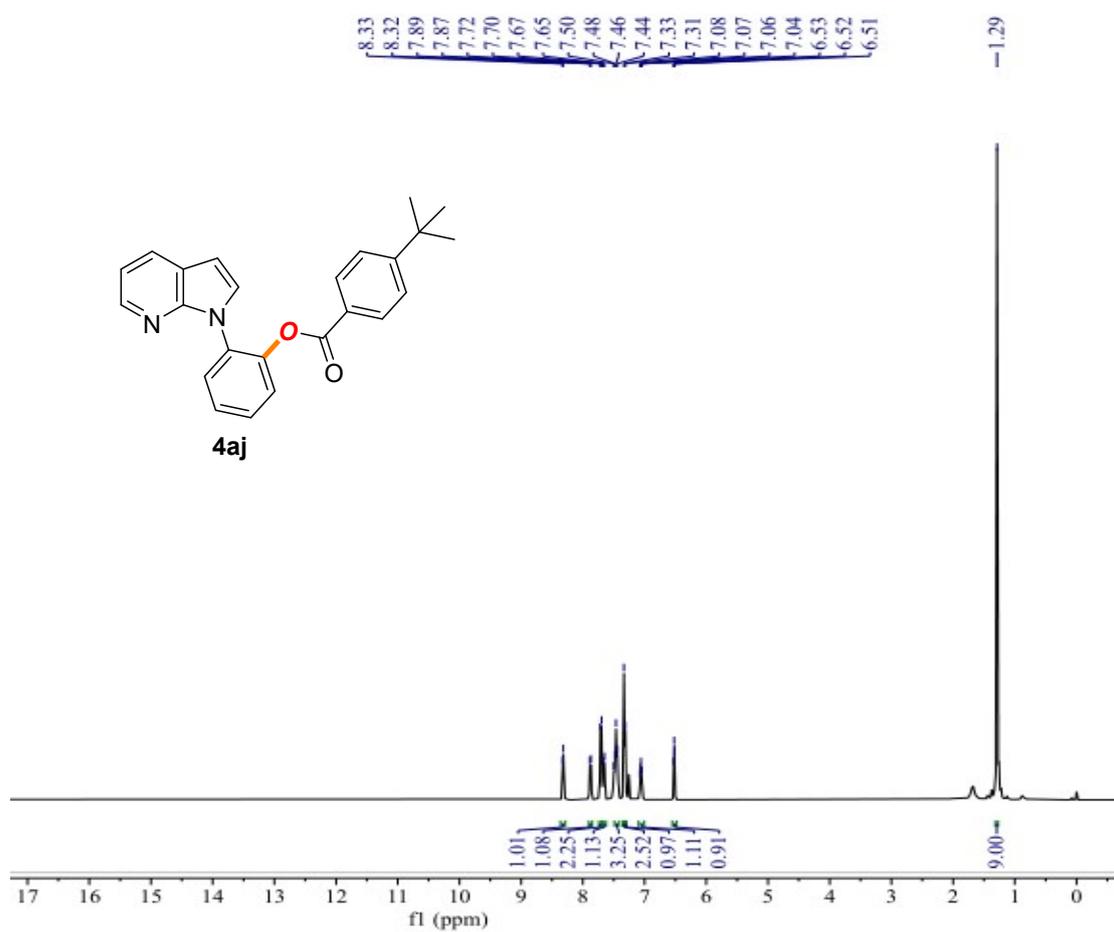
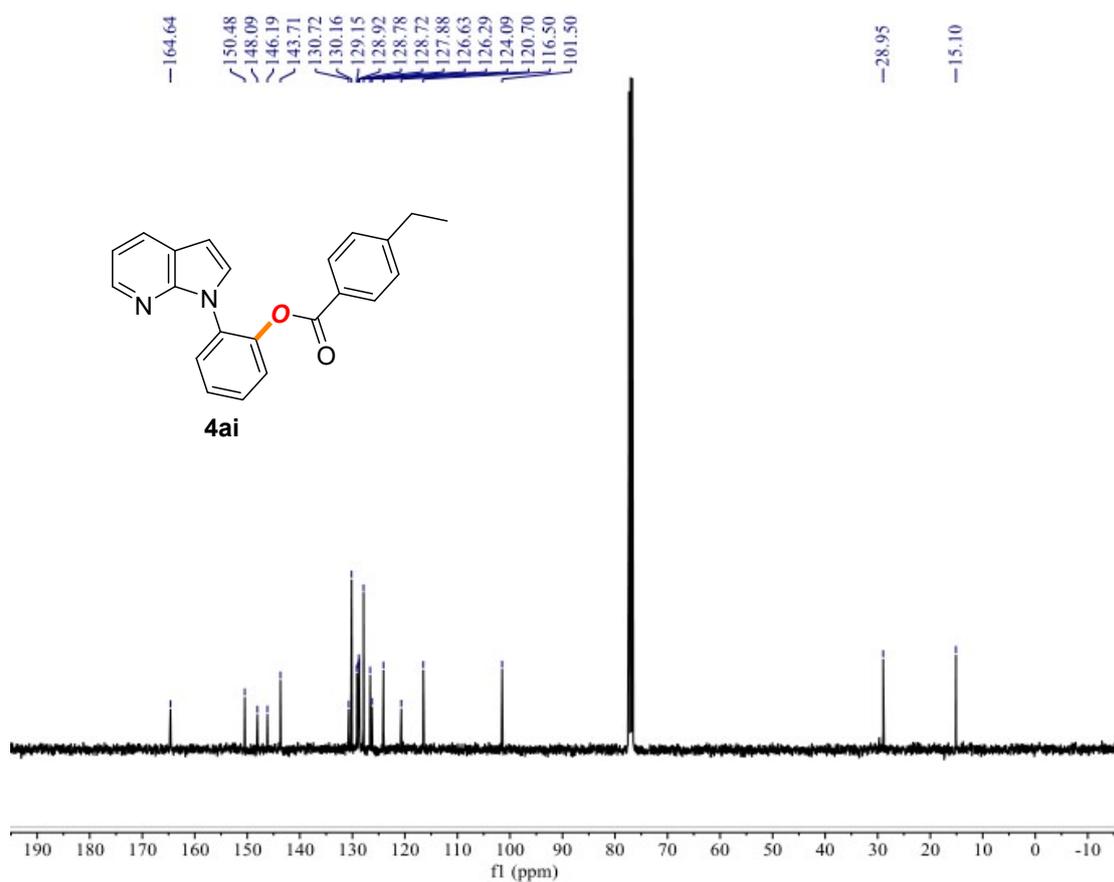


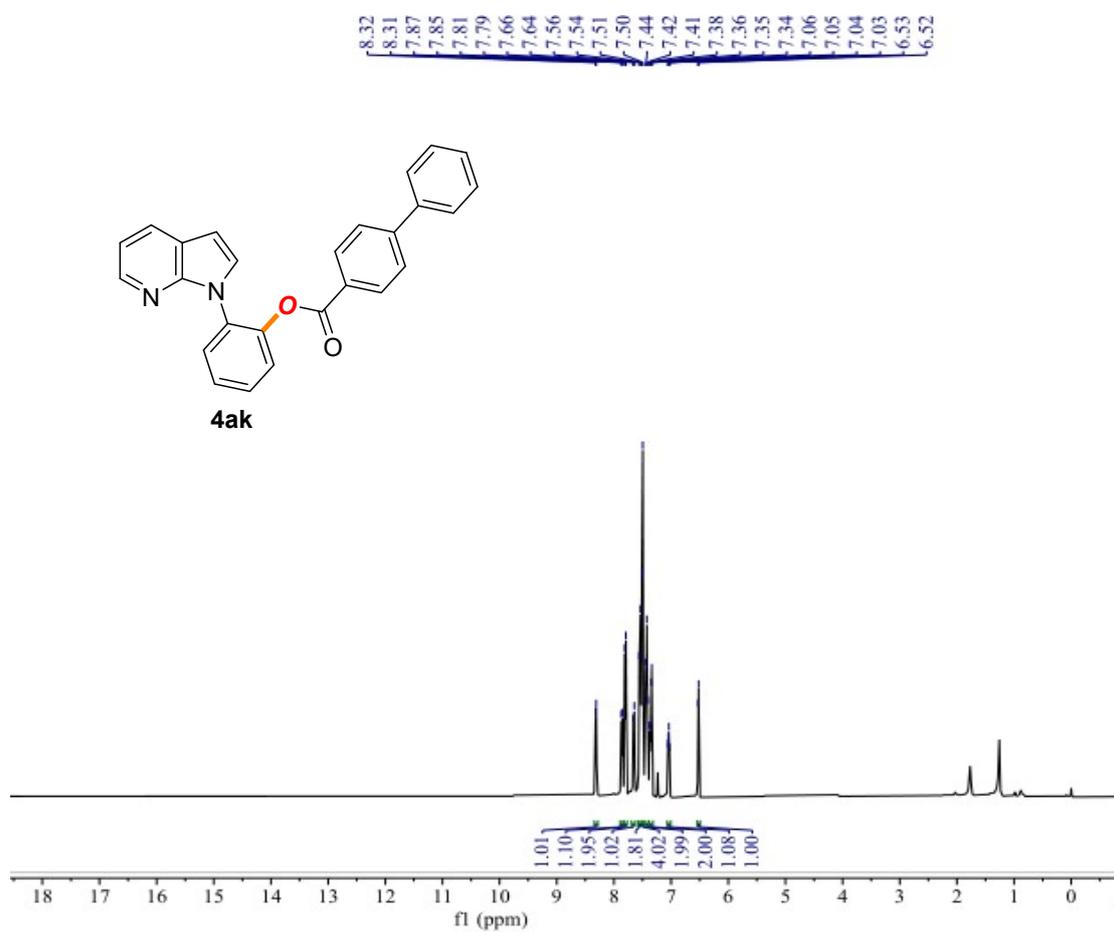
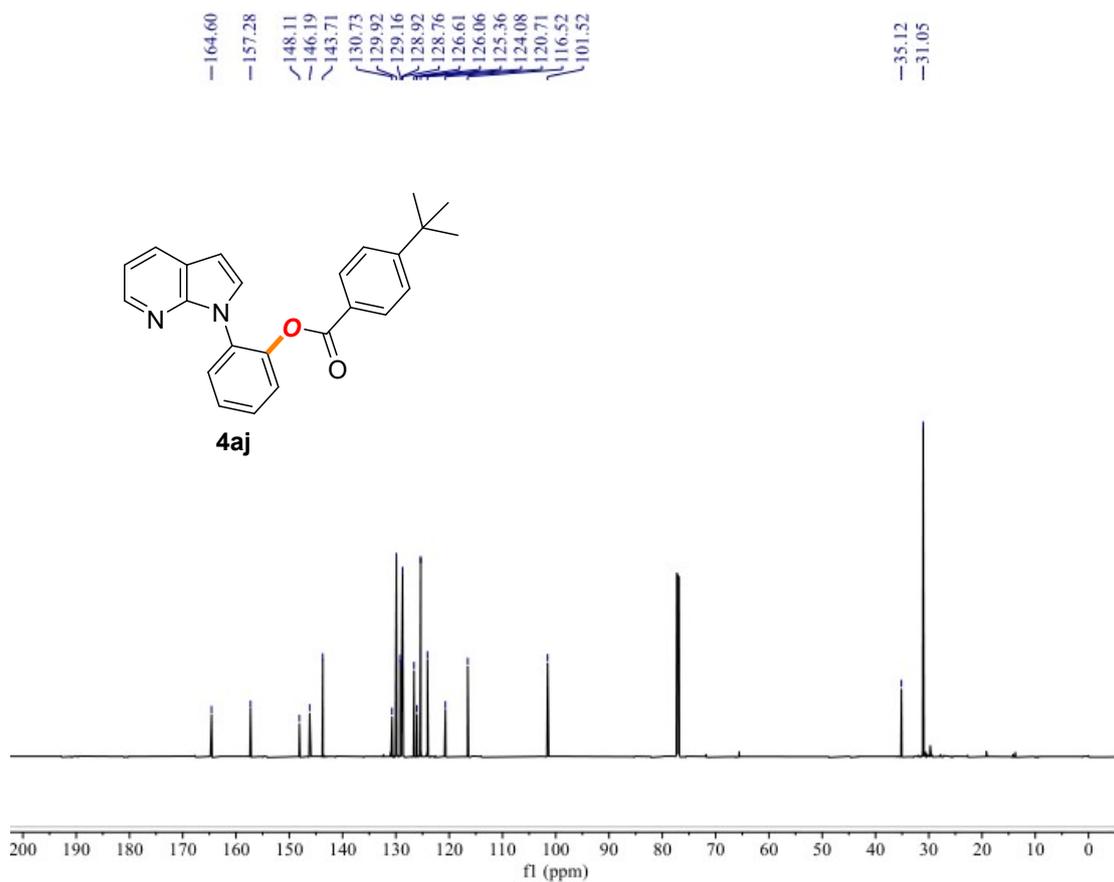


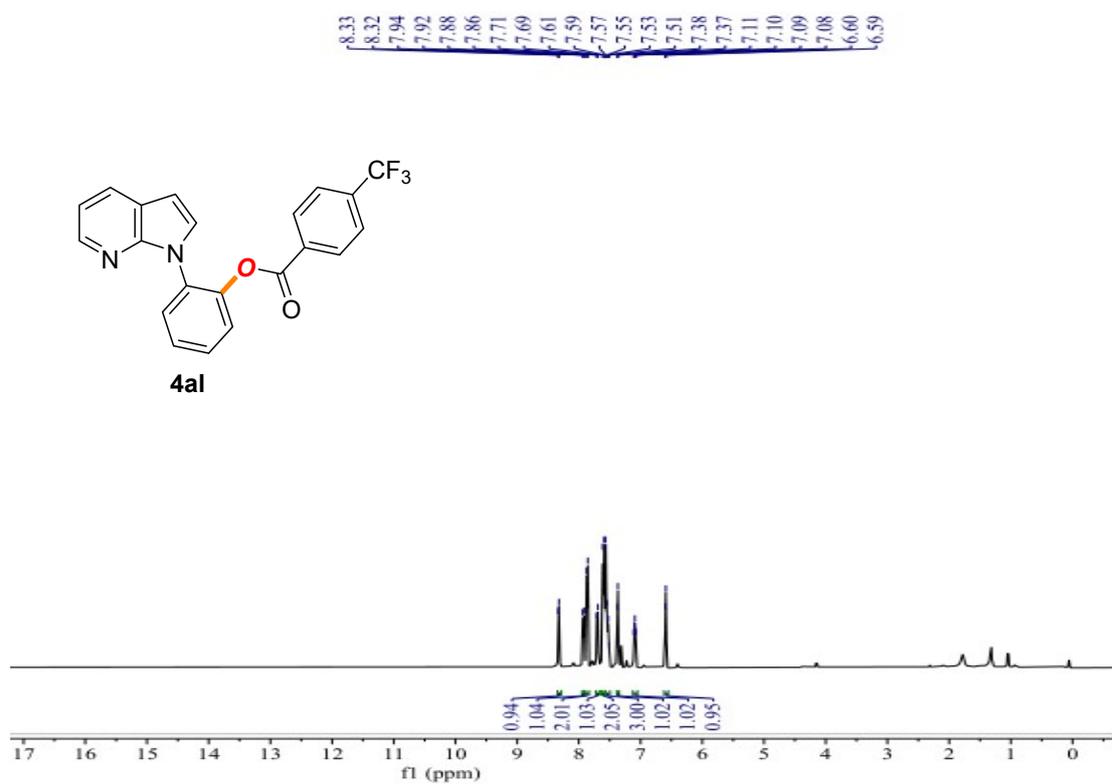
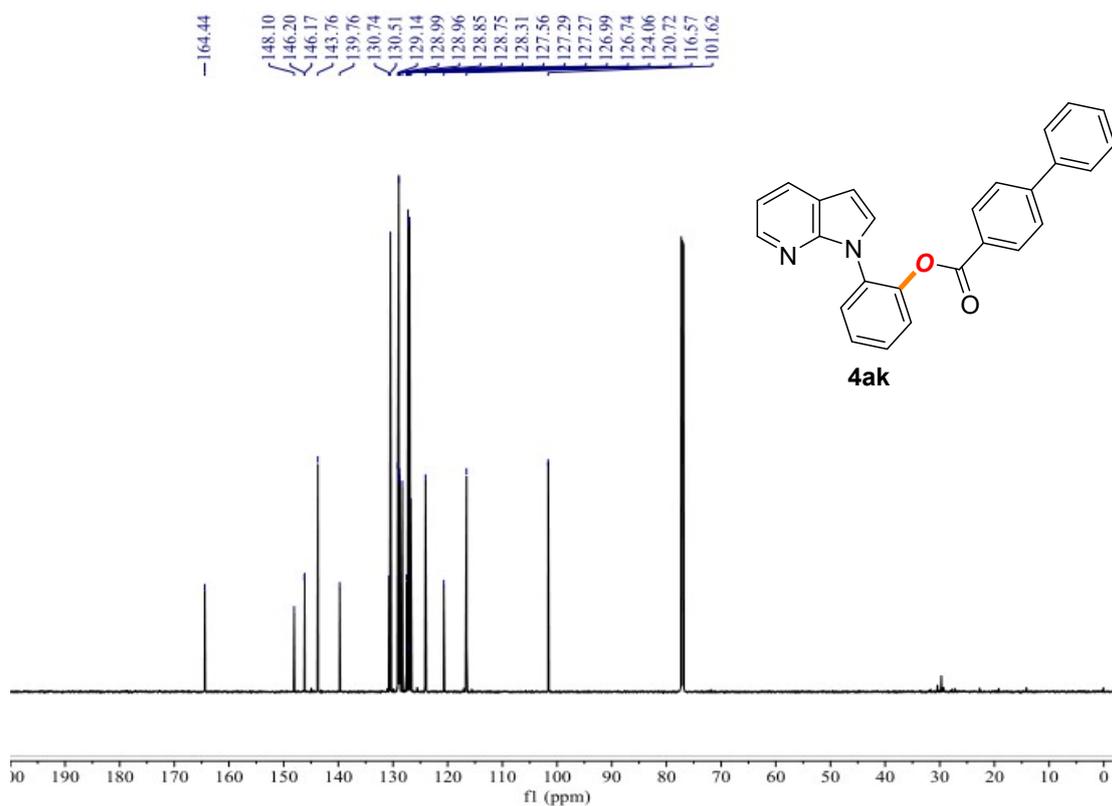


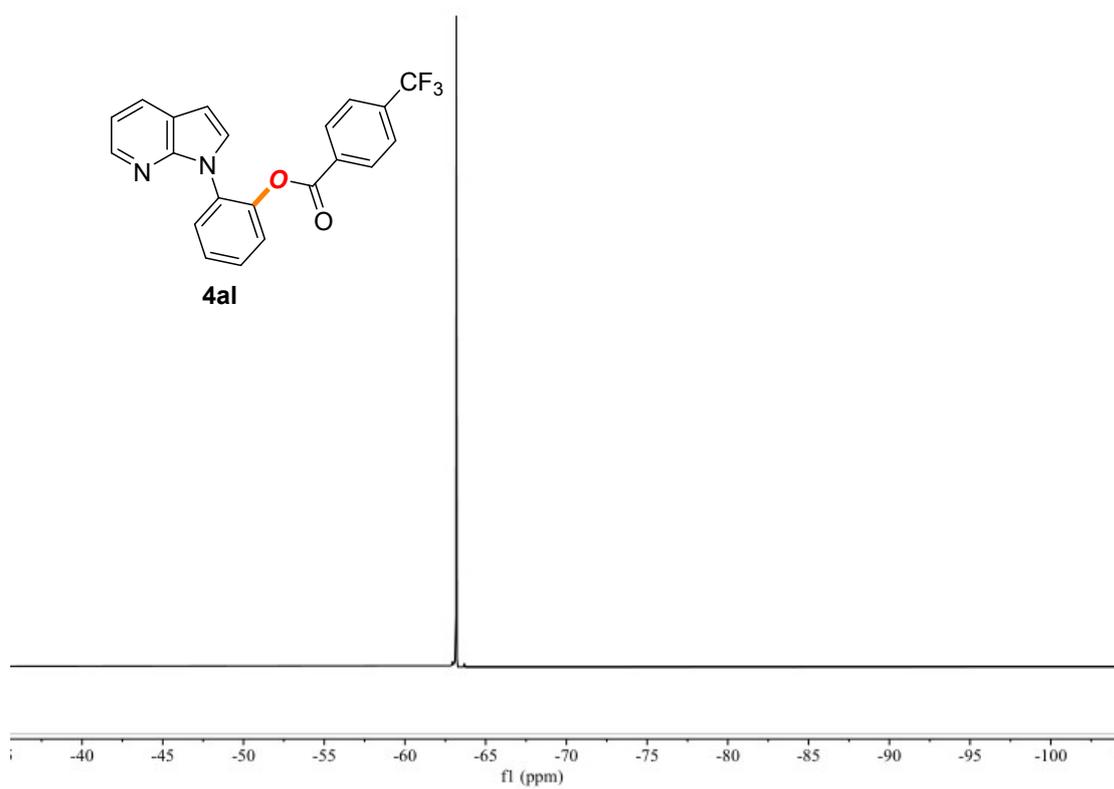
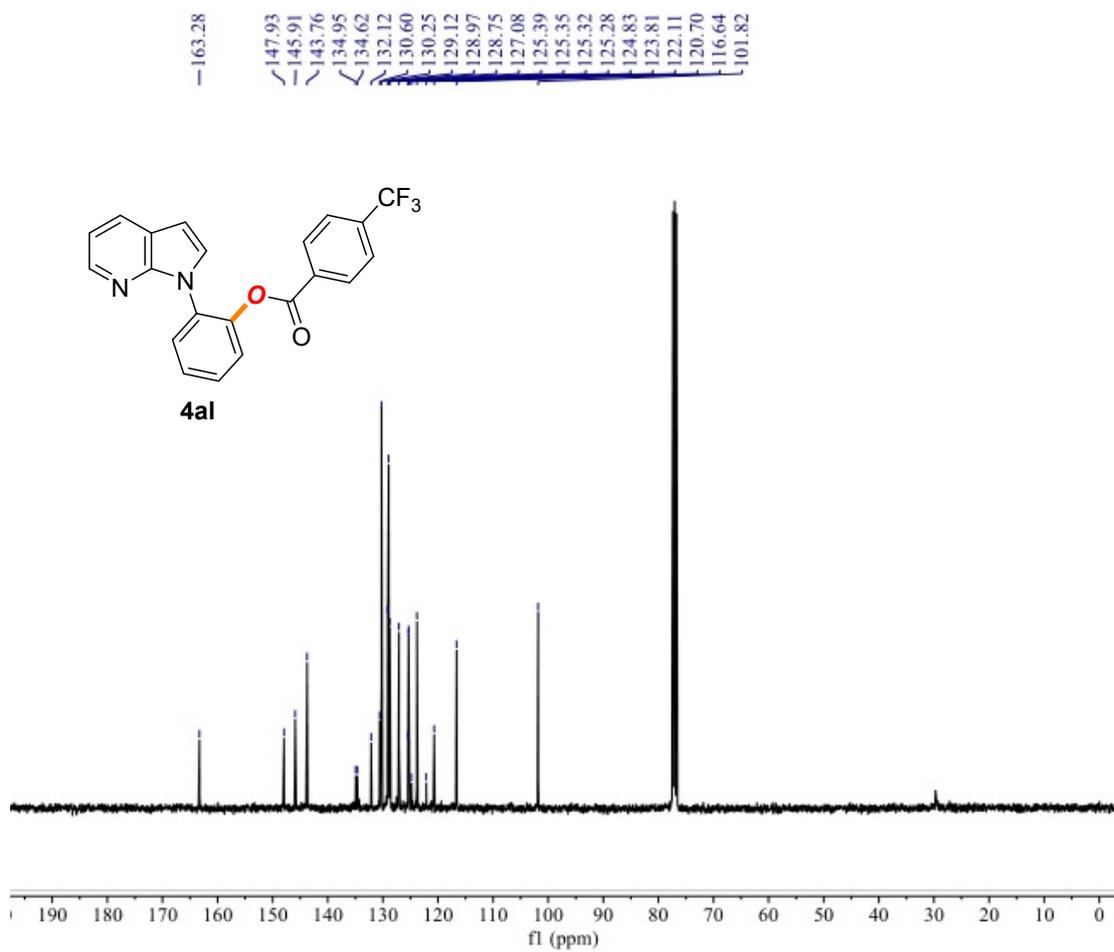


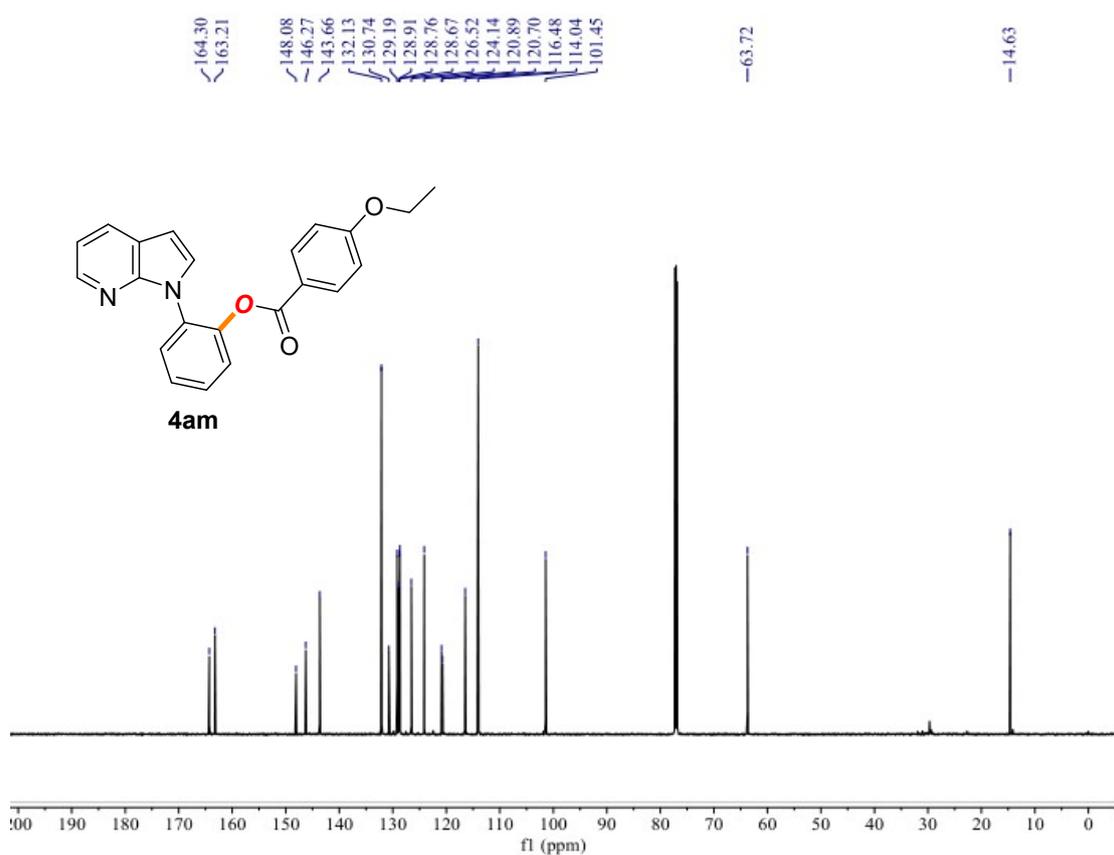
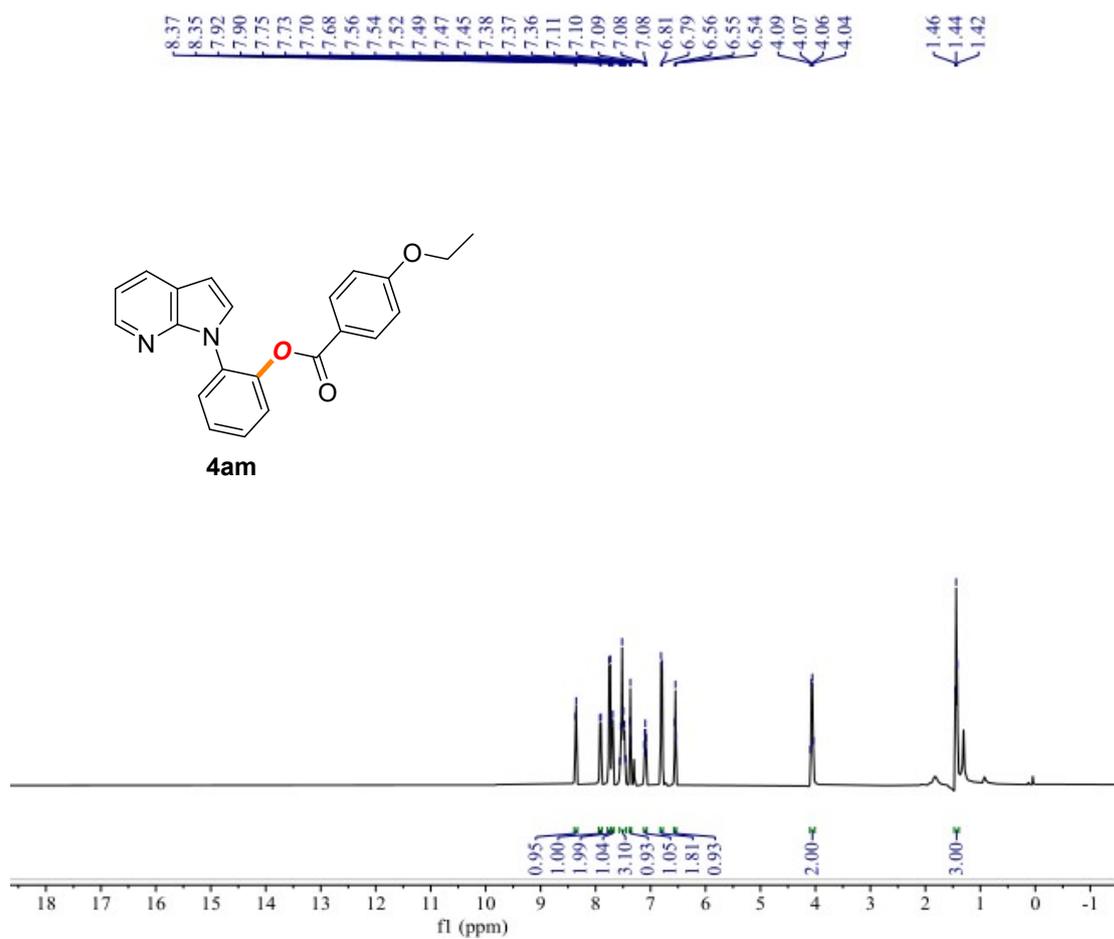


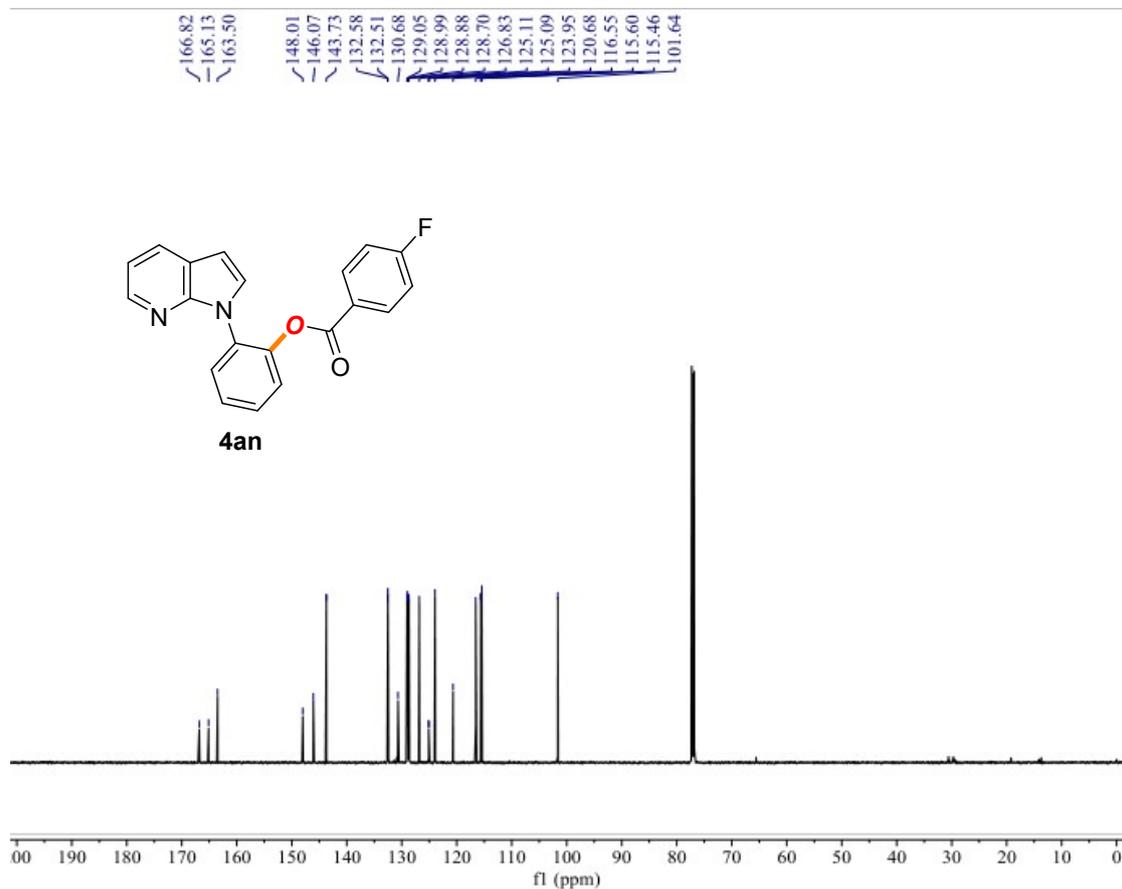
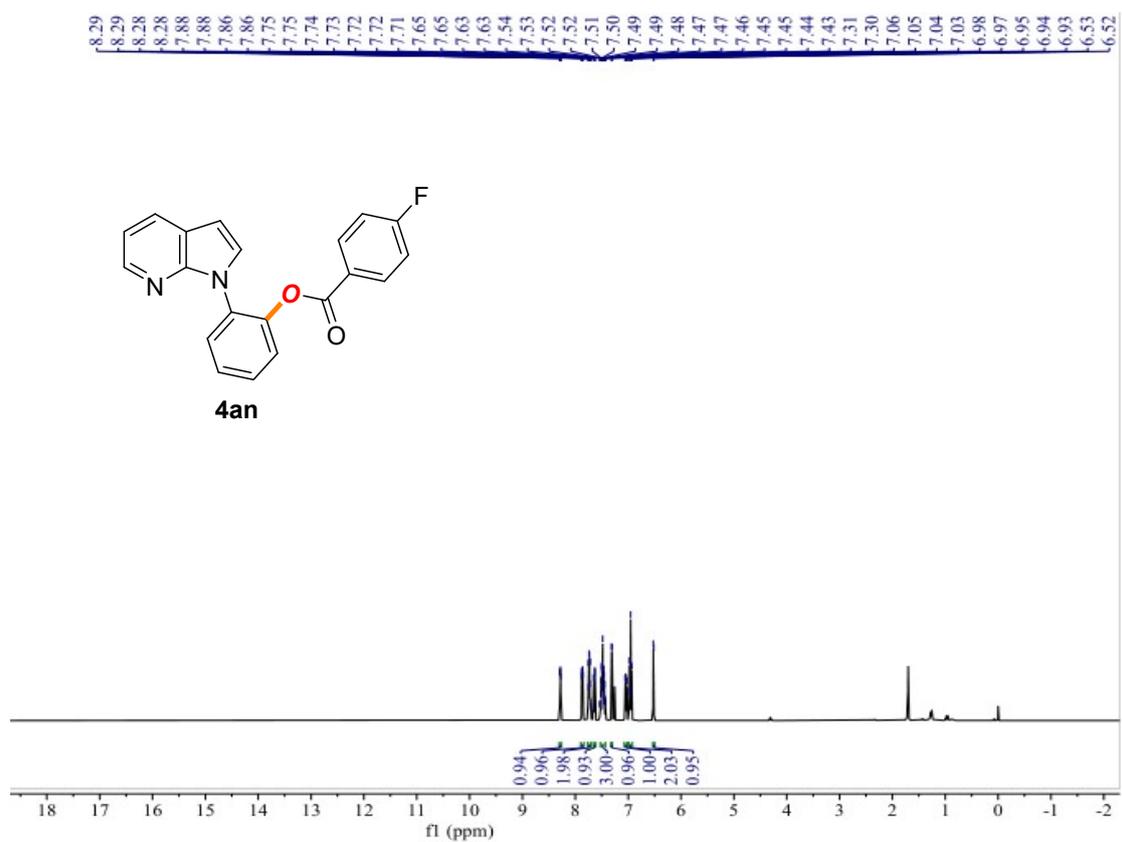


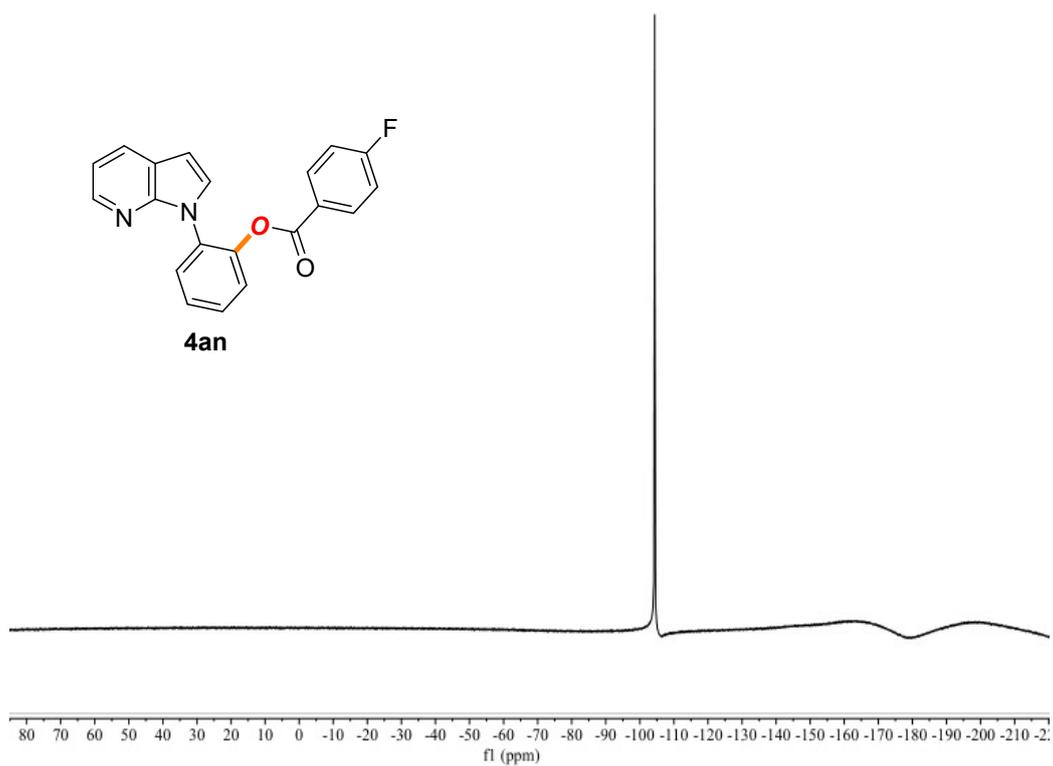












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