

Supporting Information

Palladium-rich Plasmonic Nanorattles with Enhanced LSPRs *via* Successive Galvanic Replacement Mediated by Co-reduction

Mariia Ivanchenko^a, Andrew J. Evangelista^a, Hao Jing^{*a}

^aDepartment of Chemistry and Biochemistry, George Mason University, Fairfax, Virginia 22030, USA

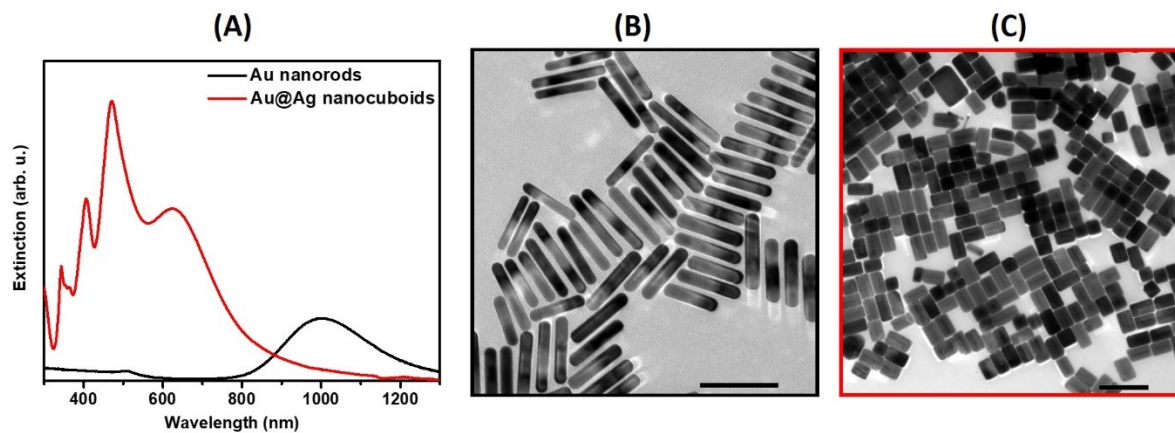


Fig. S1. (A) Extinction spectra of Au NRs and Au@Ag nanocuboids colloidal solutions. (B) TEM image of Au NRs. Scale bar corresponds to 100 nm. (C) TEM image of Au@Ag nanocuboids. Scale bar corresponds to 200 nm.

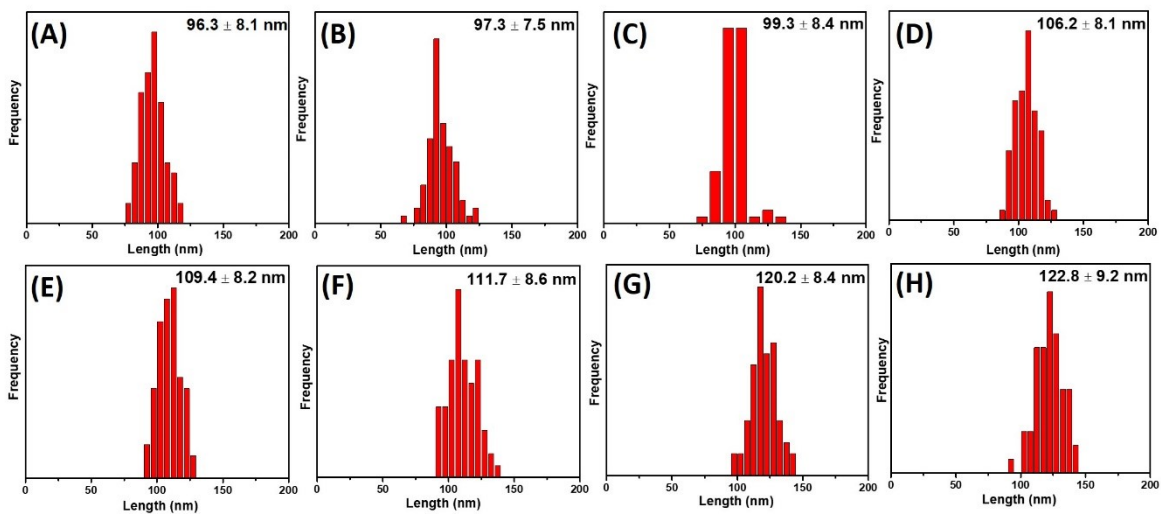


Fig. S2. Length distributions of (A) Au@Ag nanocuboids and (B-H) Au@Ag_Pd nanorattles obtained using (B) 10 μL , (C) 30 μL , (D) 50 μL , (E) 70 μL , (F) 90 μL , (G) 150 μL , and (H) 200 μL of 1 mM H_2PdCl_4 obtained from analysis of TEM images.

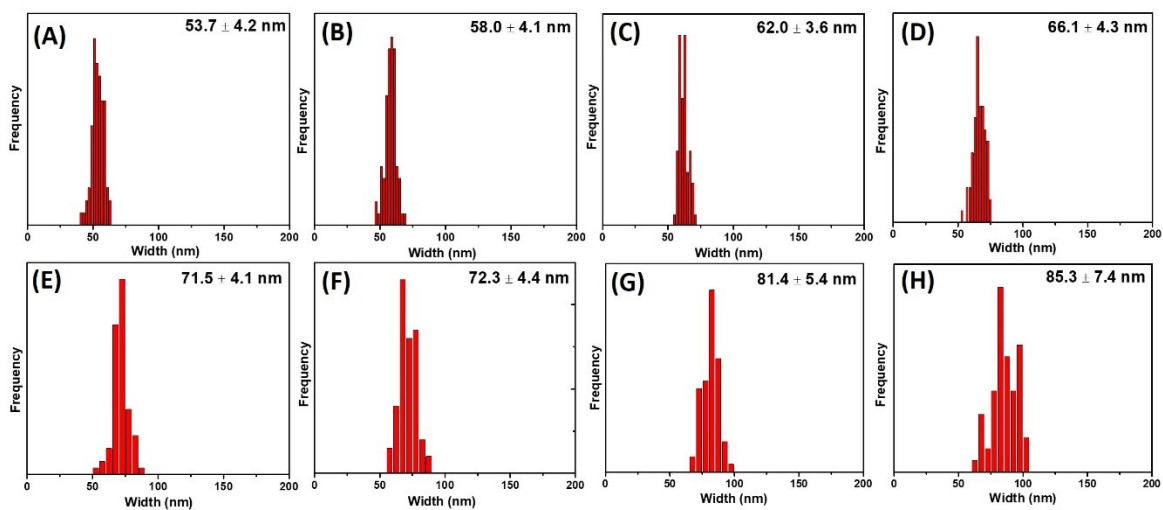


Fig. S3. Width distributions of (A) Au@Ag nanocuboids and (B-H) Au@Ag/Pd nanorattles obtained using (B) 10 μL, (C) 30 μL, (D) 50 μL, (E) 70 μL, (F) 90 μL, (G) 150 μL, and (H) 200 μL of 1 mM H₂PdCl₄ obtained from analysis of TEM images.

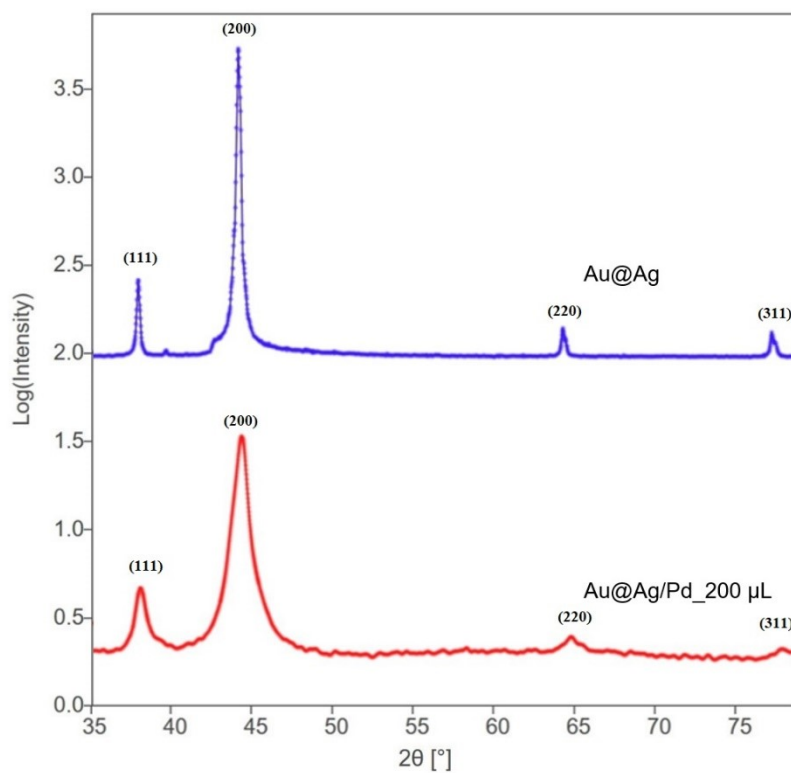


Fig. S4. XRD patterns of Au@Ag nanocuboids and Au@Ag/Pd nanorattles.

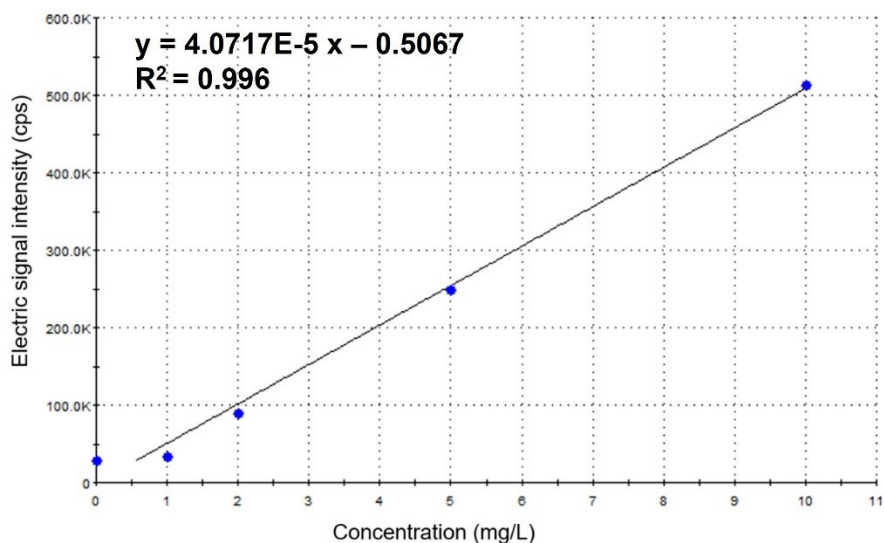


Fig. S5. Five-point calibration curve for ICP-OES measurements of Pd-content.

Table S1. The leaching study of Pd active sites in Au@Ag/Pd nanorattles obtained using 200 μ L of 1 mM H_2PdCl_4 during 4-NTP to 4-ATP conversion based on ICP-OES results. (standard deviation is 0.40 mg/L)

Sample	Concentration of Pd in nanorattles
Before reaction	21.64 mg/L
After reaction	19.51 mg/L

Table S2. Comparison of the catalytic performance based on the kinetic constants (k) of the multicomponent plasmonic nanomaterials (including Au, Ag and Pd) of various morphologies for the conversion of the 4-NTP to 4-ATP obtained from SERS monitoring.

Nanostructure	k	Pd content	Ref.
Au@Ag/Pd nanorattles	$0.044\ s^{-1}$	mole%(Pd) = 1.6%	This work
	$0.069\ s^{-1}$	mole%(Pd) = 8.0%	
	$0.088\ s^{-1}$	mole%(Pd) = 13.6%	
	$0.146\ s^{-1}$	mole%(Pd) = 20.9%	
AuAg:Pd concave nanolayers	$5.5 \times 10^{-3}\ s^{-1}$	mole%(Pd) = 4.8%	1
	$1.0 \times 10^{-2}\ s^{-1}$	mole%(Pd) = 9.6%	
Au@AgPd core/shell nanoflowers	$6.64 \times 10^{-3}\ s^{-1}$	wt%(Pd) = 45.3%	2

References

- 1 W. S. Huang, I W. Sun, C. C. Huang. *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2018, **6**, 13041-13049.
- 2 Y. Lai, L. Dong, R. Liu, S. Lu, Z. He, W. Shan, F. Geng, Y. Cai, J. Liu. *Chin. Chem. Lett.*, 2020, **31**, 9, 2437-2441.