

## Supplementary Data

### High Performance and Gate-controlled GeSe/HfS<sub>2</sub> Negative Differential Resistance Device

Amir Muhammad Afzal<sup>\*1</sup>, Muhammad Zahir Iqbal<sup>2</sup>, Muhammad Waqas Iqbal<sup>1</sup>, Thamer Alomayri<sup>3</sup>, Ghulam Dastgeer<sup>4</sup>, Yasir Javed<sup>5</sup>, Naveed Akhtar Shad<sup>6</sup>, Rajwali Khan<sup>7</sup> M Munir Sajid<sup>6</sup>, R. Neffati<sup>8,9</sup>, Tasawar Abbas<sup>1</sup>, Qudrat Ullah Khan<sup>10</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Physics, Riphah International University, 13 Raiwind Road, Lahore, Pakistan

<sup>2</sup>Nanotechnology Research Laboratory, Faculty of Engineering Sciences, GIK Institute of Engineering Sciences and Technology, Topi 23640, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Pakistan

<sup>3</sup>Department of Physics, Faculty of Applied Science, Umm-Al-Qura University, 21955, Makkah, Saudi Arabia

<sup>4</sup>Department of Physics & Astronomy and Graphene Research Institute-Texas Photonics Center International Research Center (GRI-TPC IRC), Sejong University, Seoul 05006, Korea

<sup>5</sup>Department of Physics, University of Agriculture, Faisalabad, 38000, Pakistan

<sup>6</sup>Department of Physics, GC University, Faisalabad, 38000, Pakistan

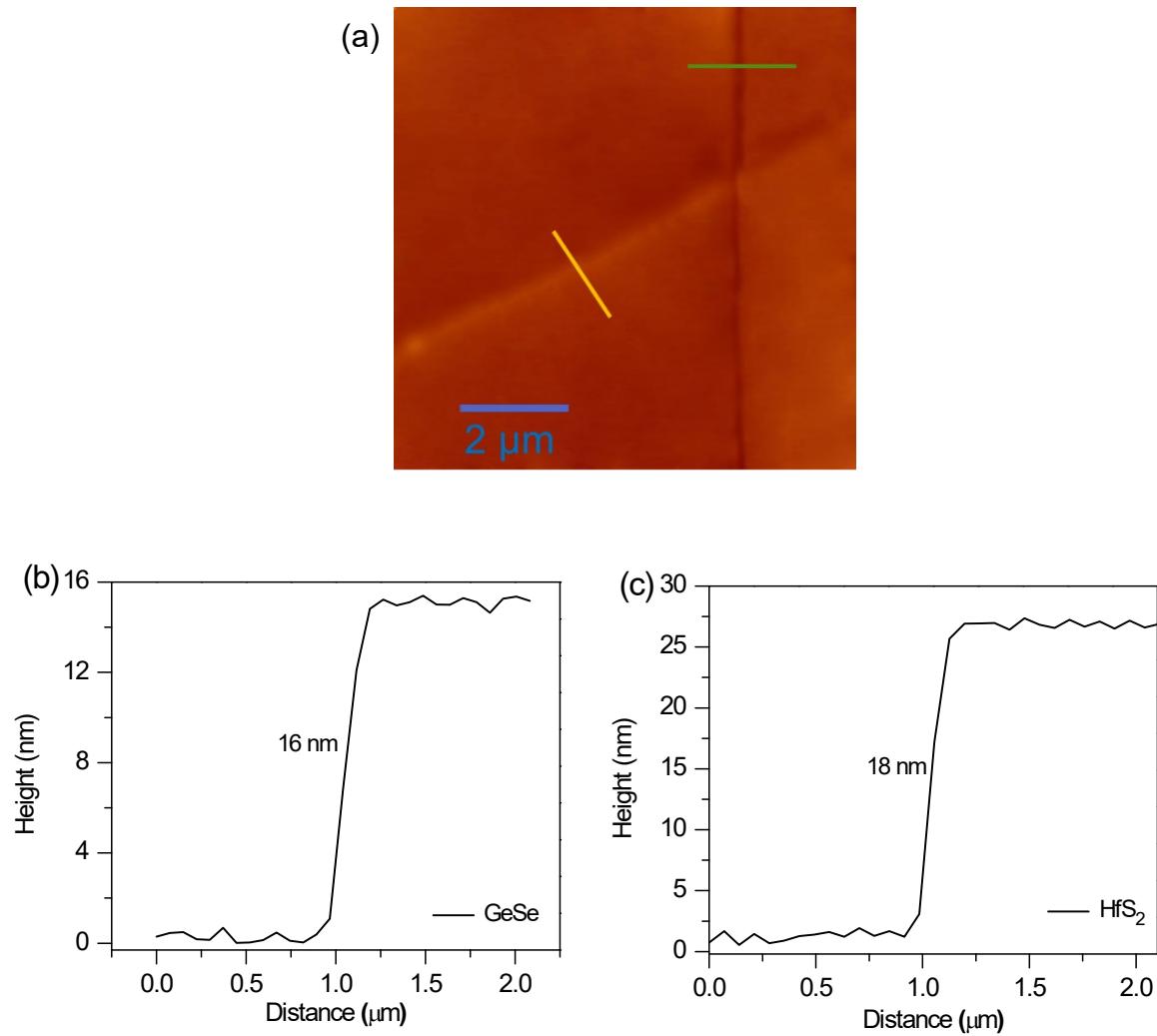
<sup>7</sup>Department of Physics Lakki Marwat University, Lakki Marwat, KPK Pakistan

<sup>8</sup>Department of Physics, Faculty of Science, King Khalid University; P.O. Box 9004, Abha, Saudi Arabia.

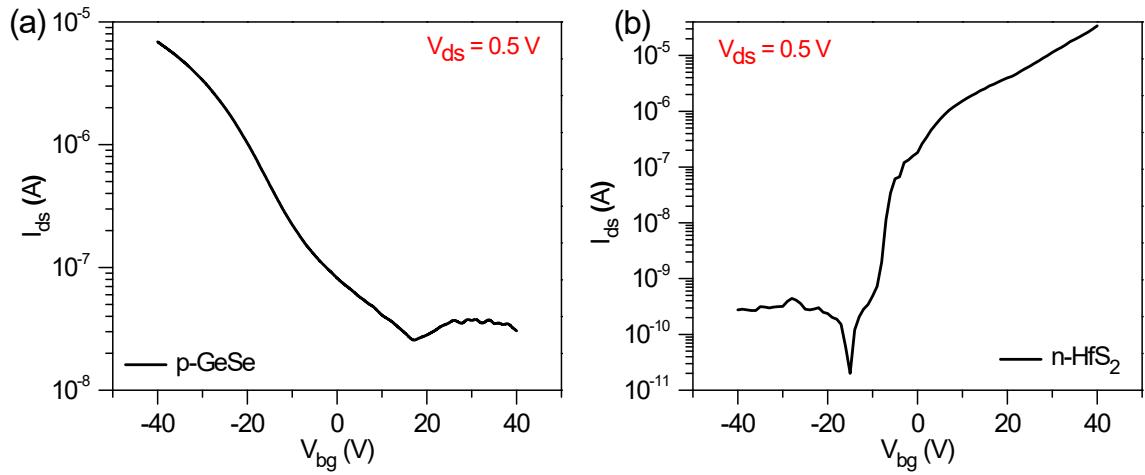
<sup>9</sup>Laboratoire de Physique de la Matière Condensée, Département de Physique, Faculté des Sciences de Tunis, Université Tunis El Manar, Campus universitaire, 1060 Tunis, Tunisia

<sup>10</sup>Key Laboratory of Optoelectronic Devices and Systems, College of Physics and Optoelectronic Engineering, Shenzhen University, Shenzhen, China

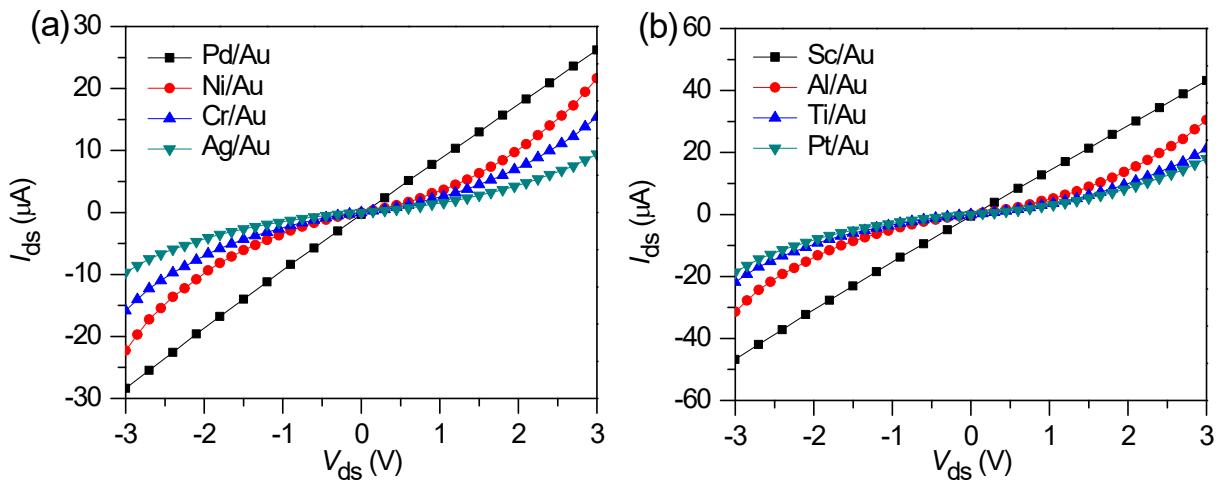
\* Corresponding author: amirafzal461@gmail.com



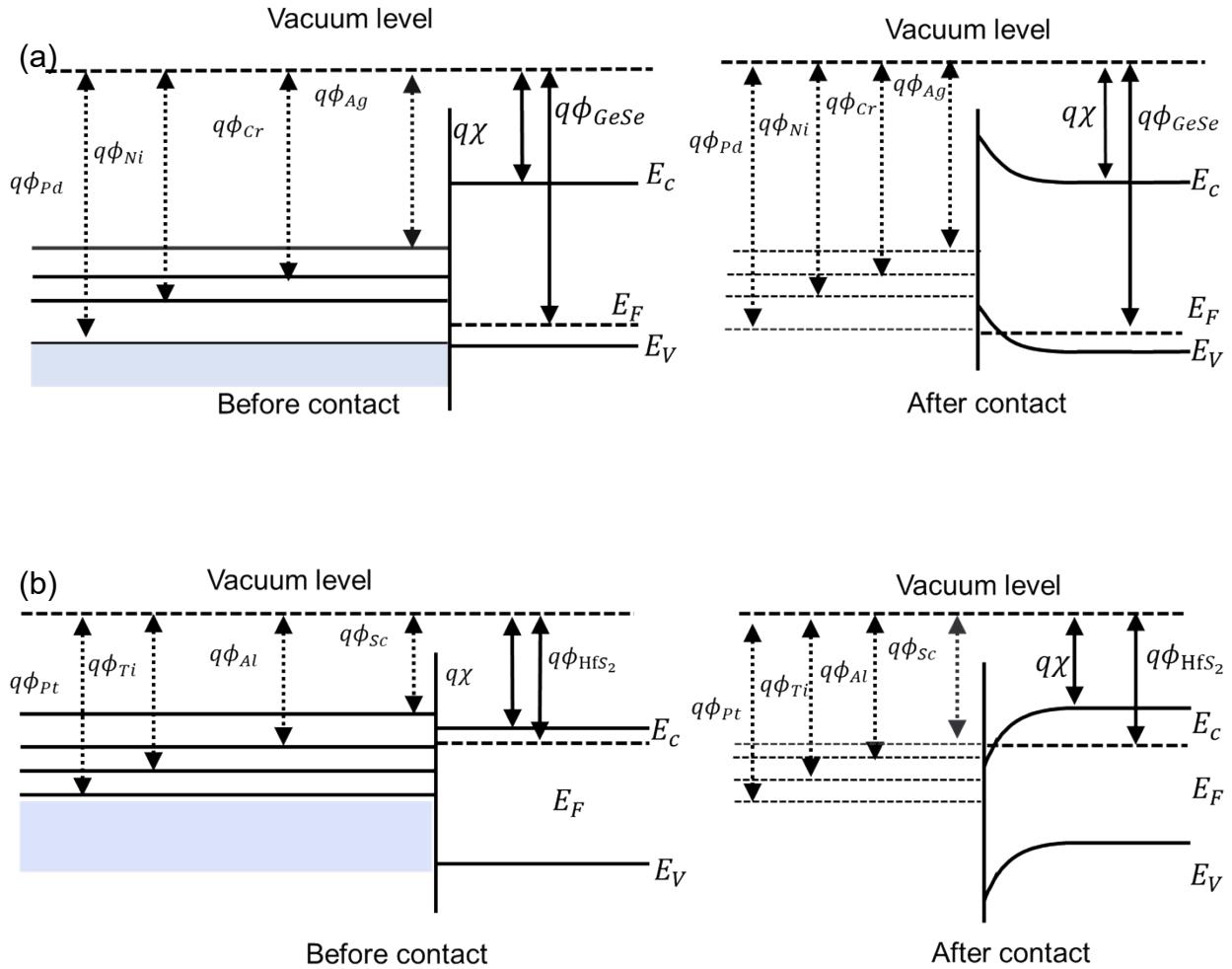
**Figure S1.** (a) Atomic force microscopy image of GeSe/HfS<sub>2</sub> heterostructure (b) Height profile of GeSe flake. The thickness of GeSe flake is 16 nm (c) Height profile of HfS<sub>2</sub> flake. The thickness of HfS<sub>2</sub> is 18 nm



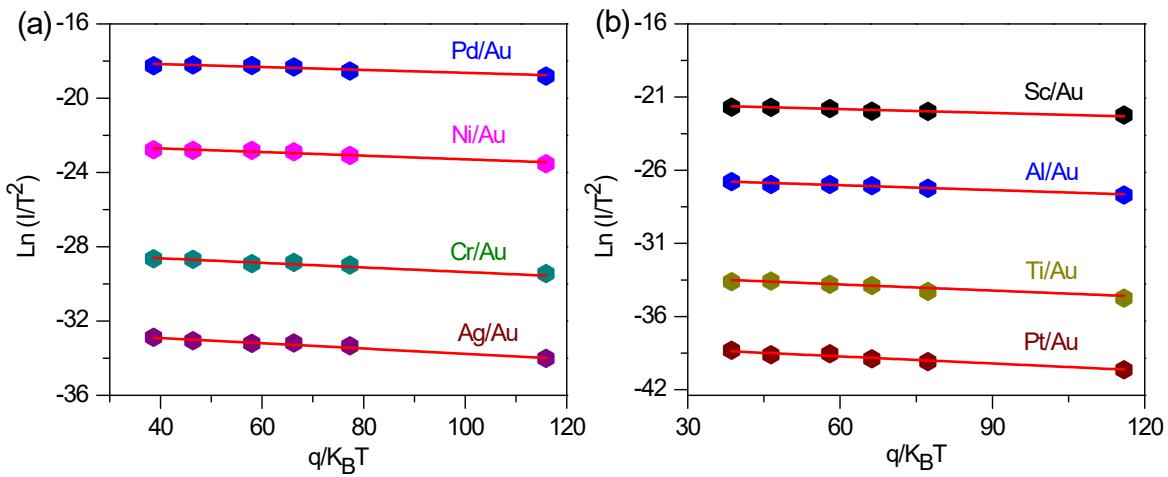
**Figure S2.** Transfer curves of (a) p-GeSe with Pd/Au (b) n- HfS<sub>2</sub> with Sc/Au



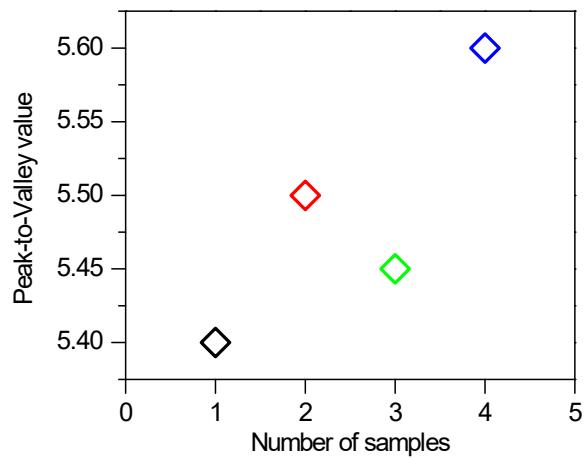
**Figure S3.** Current-voltage ( $I_{ds}$ - $V_{ds}$ ) characteristics of (a) p-GeSe with different electrodes (b) n- HfS<sub>2</sub> with different electrodes



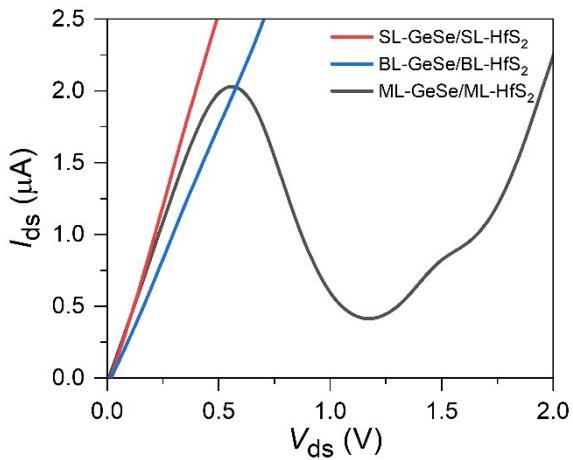
**Figure S4.** Band energy diagram of metal-TMDs (GeSe and HfS<sub>2</sub>) junction before contact and after contact (a) p-GeSe (b) n-HfS<sub>2</sub>



**Figure S5.** Richardson's plot ( $\ln(I/T^2)$  vs  $q/K_B T$ ) to calculate the barrier height for (a) GeSe (b) HfS<sub>2</sub>



**Figure S6.** Peak to valley ratio of different samples



**Figure S7.** Effect of thickness on the performance of p-GeSe/n-HfS<sub>2</sub> NDR device

Sr. No.	Heterostructure	Peak-to-valley current ratio	Ref.
1	BP/SnSe <sub>2</sub>	2.8	<sup>1</sup>
2	MoS <sub>2</sub> /WSe <sub>2</sub>	0.6	<sup>2</sup>
3	MoS <sub>2</sub> /WSe <sub>2</sub>	1.6	<sup>3</sup>
4	WSe <sub>2</sub> /SnSe <sub>2</sub>	4	<sup>4</sup>
5	BP/ReSe <sub>2</sub>	3.3	<sup>5</sup>
6	WSe <sub>2</sub>	1.5	<sup>6</sup>
7	BP/ReS <sub>2</sub>	6.9	<sup>7</sup>
8	GeSe/HfS <sub>2</sub>	9.8	This work

Table 1. Comparison of p-GeSe/n-HfS<sub>2</sub> NDR devices with previously reported value.

## References

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