

Supporting information

Construction of Au@MoS₂ composite nanosheets biosensor for the ultrasensitive detection of neurotransmitter and Understanding of its mechanism based on DFT calculations

Kaida Lu^{a, #}, Jiamei Liu^{a, #}, Xinyue Dai^b, Li Zhao^a, Yufei Yang^a, Hui Li^a, Yanyan Jiang^{a, c, *}

^a Liquid-Solid Structural Evolution & Processing of Materials (Ministry of Education), School of Materials Science and Engineering, Shandong University, Jinan, Shandong, 250061, P. R. China

^b School of Life Sciences, Shanghai University, Shanghai, 200444, P. R. China

^c Shenzhen Research Institute of Shandong University, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518000, P. R. China

* Corresponding author.

E-mail addresses: yanyan.jiang@sdu.edu.cn (Y. Y. Jiang).

The authors contributed equally to this work.

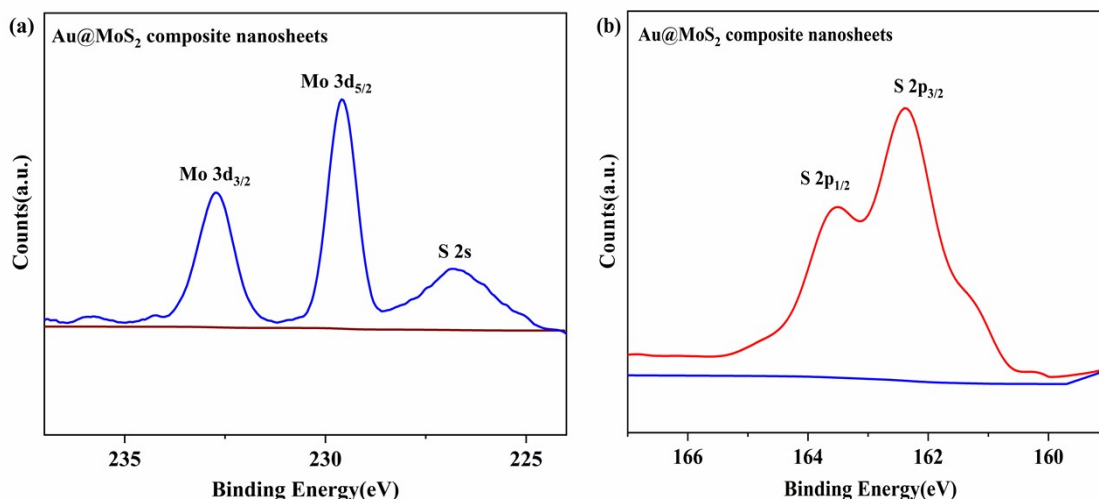


Figure S1. XPS spectra of Au@MoS₂ composite nanosheets. (a) high resolution Mo 3d of Au@MoS₂ composite nanosheets; (b) high resolution S 2p of Au@MoS₂ composite nanosheets. (The peaks of Mo 3d_{3/2}, Mo 3d_{5/2}, S 2s, S 2p_{1/2} and S 2p_{3/2} are located at 232.75 eV, 229.65 eV, 226.8eV, 163.4eV and 162.45eV, respectively.)

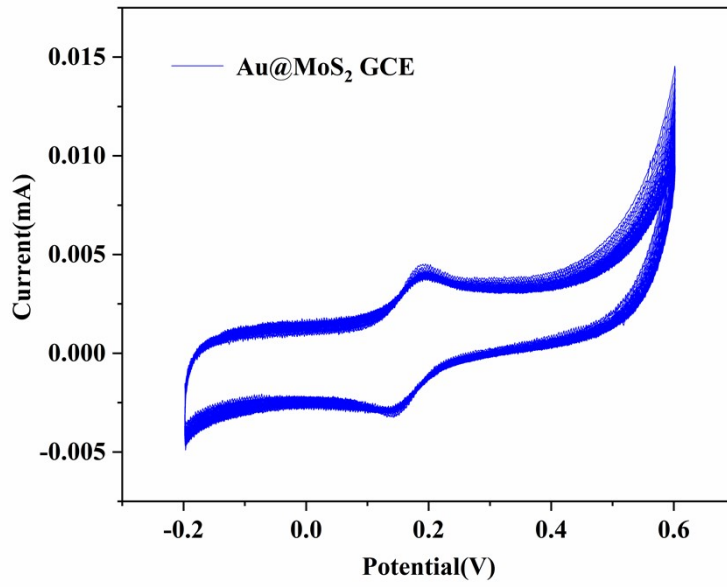


Figure S2. CV curves of Au@MoS₂/GCE cyclic detection (50 cycles) in PBS (pH=7.0, 0.1M) containing 150 μ M DA.