Synthesis of tertiary alkyl fluorides and chlorides by site-selective nucleophilic ring-opening reaction of α-aryl azetidinium salts

Eiji Tayama and Kohei Kawai Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Niigata University 950-2181, Japan E-mail: tayama@chem.sc.niigata-u.ac.jp

Electronic Supplementary Information

Contents:

1. HPLC chromatogram for determination of enantiomeric excess (ee)	S1–2
2. Preparation of substrates	S3–12
3. Copies of ¹ H, ¹³ C and ¹⁹ F NMR (representative) spectra of substrates and products	S13–62

1. HPLC chromatogram for determination of enantiomeric excess (ee)

The ee were determined by HPLC analysis using chiral column in comparison with the racemic compounds.

(*S*)-1a: 93% ee, Daicel Chiralcel OJ-H column (25 cm), *n*-hexane/EtOH = 99/1 as the eluent, flow rate = 0.50 mL/min, $t_{\rm R}$ = 8.1 min for (*S*)-1a (96.7%) and 18.6 min for (*R*)-1a (3.3%).







(*R*)-11: 93% ee, Daicel Chiralpak AD-H column (25 cm), *n*-hexane/EtOH/Et₂NH = 100/2/0.1 as the eluent, flow rate = 0.50 mL/min, t_R = 14.7 min for (*R*)-11 (96.5%) and 19.1 min for (*S*)-11 (3.5%).

2. Preparation of substrates

2-1. Representative procedure for preparation of 2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1,1-dimethyl-2-(o-tolyl)azetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesulfonate (**2a**)¹



(Step 1) γ-Butyrolactone (6.0 mL, 78 mmol) and red-phosphorus (50 mg, 1.6 mmol) in a two-neck roundbottom flask was stirred at 100 °C under an Ar atmosphere. Br₂ (4.3 mL, 84 mmol) was added dropwise for 1 h to the mixture with stirring. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature and excess Br_2 was removed by flow of air. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (26 mL) and treated with conc. H₂SO₄ (0.4 mL). Isobutene gas (excess) was added to the solution in the reaction flask which equipped with a dry ice condenser. The solution was stirred for 2 days at room temperature. The resulting mixture was treated with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NaBr, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated by evaporation. Purification of the residue by chromatography on silica gel (n-hexane/EtOAc = 30/1 to 20/1 as the eluent) gave tert-butyl 2,4dibromobutanoate (16) (14.07 g, 60% yield) as a colourless oil. The product included impurities observed by ¹H NMR analysis. (Step 2) A mixture of benzylamine (276 µL, 2.53 mmol), 16 (764 mg, 2.53 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (1.05 g, 7.60 mmol) in MeCN (13 mL) was refluxed for 8 h. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated by evaporation and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (n-hexane/EtOAc = 5/1 to 3/1 as the eluent) to obtain tert-butyl 1benzylazetidine-2-carboxylate (17)¹ (360 mg, 58% yield) as a pale yellow oil. (Step 3) A mixture of 17 (360 mg, 1.46 mmol) and NaHCO₃ (0.37 g, 4.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (7.3 mL) was treated with methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (0.25 mL, 2.2 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The mixture was concentrated by evaporation to ca. 1/2 volume and purified by chromatography on silica gel $(CH_2Cl_2/MeOH = 15/1 \text{ to } 6/1 \text{ as the eluent})$ to obtain rel-(1R,2R)-1-benzyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1methylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesulfonate $[rel-(1R,2R)-18]^1$ (556 mg, 93% yield) as colourless crystals. (Step 4) A 1.0 M tBuOK THF solution (1.6 mL, 1.6 mmol) was added to a solution of rel-(1R,2R)-18 (556 mg, 1.35 mmol) in THF (12 mL) at 0 °C under an Ar atmosphere. After stirring for 3 h at the same temperature, the resulting mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and extracted with EtOAc. The combined extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ followed by brine. The solution was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated by evaporation. Purification of the residue by chromatography on silica gel (*n*-

¹ E. Tayama, K. Watanabe and Y. Matano, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2016, 3631.

hexane/EtOAc = 10/1 to 6/1 as the eluent) gave *tert*-butyl 1-methyl-2-(*o*-tolyl)azetidine-2-carboxylate (**1a**)¹ (236 mg, 67% yield) as a colourless oil. (Step 5) A mixture of **1a** (678 mg, 2.59 mmol) and NaHCO₃ (0.66 g, 7.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (13 mL) was treated with methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (0.59 mL, 5.2 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The mixture was concentrated by evaporation to ca. 1/2 volume and purified by chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH = 15/1 to 7/1 as the eluent) to obtain **2a** (1.11 g, quant.) as colourless crystals, mp 119-121 °C. IR (ATR) v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3076, 3041, 2979, 2940, 1728, 1459, 1395, 1371, 1302, 1254, 1225, 1145, 1105, 1078, 1030, 995, 969, 946, 856, 832, 770, 753, 728; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45-7.33 (3H, m, ArH), 7.29-7.23 (1H, m, ArH), 4.52 (1H, ddd, *J* = 10.6, 10.4, 9.4 Hz, 4-H), 4.27 (1H, ddd, *J* = 9.6, 9.4, 2.4 Hz, 4-H), 3.90 (1H, ddd, *J* = 12.4, 10.6, 9.6 Hz, 3-H), 3.63 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.02-2.84 (1H, br m, 3-H), 2.97 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.33 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.39 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 135.9, 132.5, 130.6, 129.7, 128.5, 126.9, 120.6 (q, *J* = 322 Hz), 86.8, 86.3, 62.7, 50.9, 50.7, 27.4, 27.1, 20.7; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₇H₂₆NO₂ [M – OTf]⁺ 276.1958, found 276.1955.

2-2. 2-(5-Bromo-2-methylphenyl)-2-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-1,1-dimethylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesul-fonate (**2b**)



Prepared from **1b**¹ by the same procedures with the preparation of **2a** shown in the representative procedure (2-1). The yields were shown in the above scheme. Colourless gum; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2980, 2938, 1731, 1461, 1397, 1372, 1250, 1224, 1141, 1095, 1075, 1029, 992, 942, 857, 831, 808, 791, 756, 724, 692; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, ArH), 7.48 (1H, br s, ArH), 7.18 (1H, d, J = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 4.56 (1H, ddd, J = 10.6, 10.2, 9.6 Hz, 4-H), 4.31 (1H, ddd, J = 10.2, 9.3, 3.2 Hz, 4-H), 3.86 (1H, ddd, J = 12.9, 10.6, 9.3 Hz, 3-H), 3.64 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.00 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.95-2.80 (1H, br m, 3-H), 2.30 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.49 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.9, 135.4, 134.2, 133.7, 131.8, 131.2, 120.6 (q, J = 322 Hz), 120.3, 86.9, 85.8, 62.8, 51.1, 50.7, 27.4, 27.0, 20.4; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₇H₂₅BrNO₂ [M – OTf]⁺ 354.1063; found 354.1058.

2-3. 2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-1,1-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)azetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesulfonate (**2c**)



Prepared from 1c¹ by the same procedures with the preparation of 2a shown in the representative procedure (2-1). The yields were shown in the above scheme. Colourless gum; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3041, 2982, 2939, 1733, 1624, 1462, 1415, 1398, 1373, 1334, 1253, 1225, 1123, 1086, 1029, 997, 974, 942, 896, 863, 836, 795, 768, 756, 747, 731, 703; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.59 (1H, br s, ArH), 7.47 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 4.60 (1H, ddd, *J* = 10.0, 10.0, 10.0 Hz, 4-H), 4.27 (1H, ddd, *J* = 10.0, 10.0, 2.6 Hz, 4-H), 3.97 (1H, ddd, *J* = 12.0, 10.0, 10.0 Hz, 3-H), 3.65 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.98 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.95 (1H, br, 3-H), 2.43 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.40 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.6, 140.9 (q, *J* = 1 Hz), 133.3, 130.9, 129.0 (q, *J* = 33 Hz), 127.1 (q, *J* = 4 Hz), 125.2, 123.4 (q, *J* = 273 Hz), 120.5 (q, *J* = 322 Hz), 87.0, 85.9, 62.8, 51.0, 50.7, 27.2, 26.8, 20.7; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅F₃NO₂ [M – OTf]⁺ 344.1832; found 344.1819.

2-4. 2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-2-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-1,1-dimethylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesulfonate (2d)



Prepared from $1d^{1}$ by the same procedures with the preparation of 2a shown in the representative procedure (2-1). The yields were shown in the above scheme. Colourless crystals, mp 105-107 °C; IR (ATR) v_{max} / cm⁻¹ 2976, 2936, 1731, 1505, 1477, 1458, 1396, 1371, 1296, 1254, 1224, 1146, 1105, 1078, 1029, 982, 969, 958, 872, 847, 827, 794, 765, 755, 739, 696; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (1H, br s, ArH), 7.19 (1H, d,

J = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.14 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 4.52 (1H, ddd, J = 10.0, 10.0, 9.4 Hz, 4-H), 4.28 (1H, ddd, J = 10.2, 9.4, 3.0 Hz, 4-H), 3.90 (1H, ddd, J = 12.0, 10.2, 10.0 Hz, 3-H), 3.63 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.02-2.80 (1H, br m, 3-H), 2.95 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.39 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.28 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.40 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6, 136.7, 132.7, 132.4, 131.4, 129.3, 129.1, 120.7 (q, J = 322 Hz), 86.8, 86.2, 62.5, 50.9, 50.6, 27.4, 27.0, 20.8, 20.2; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₈H₂₈NO₂ [M – OTf]⁺ 290.2115; found 290.2110.

2-5. 2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-2-(5-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)-1,1-dimethylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethane-sulfonate (**2e**)



Prepared from $1e^1$ by the same procedures with the preparation of 2a shown in the representative procedure (2-1). The yields were shown in the above scheme. Colourless crystals, mp 81-83 °C; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3033, 2978, 2939, 1731, 1614, 1508, 1476, 1456, 1444, 1412, 1396, 1372, 1317, 1296, 1257, 1223, 1145, 1101, 1075, 1028, 971, 943, 844, 836, 820, 794, 769, 755, 739, 696; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.18 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 6.96-6.88 (2H, m, ArH), 4.52 (1H, ddd, J = 10.2, 10.2, 9.4 Hz, 4-H), 4.26 (1H, ddd, J = 10.2, 9.4, 3.2 Hz, 4-H), 3.91 (1H, ddd, J = 12.0, 10.2, 10.2 Hz, 3-H), 3.85 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.63 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.96 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.91-2.76 (1H, br m, 3-H), 2.25 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.41 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C {¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 158.2, 133.6, 130.5, 127.5, 120.6 (q, J = 322 Hz), 116.0, 114.4, 86.4, 86.3, 62.4, 55.5, 50.9, 50.6, 27.4, 27.0, 19.8; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₈H₂₈NO₃ [M – OTf]⁺ 306.2064; found 306.2060.

2-6. 2-(4-Bromo-2-methylphenyl)-2-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-1,1-dimethylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesul-fonate (**2f**)



Prepared from tert-butyl 2-(4-bromo-2-methylphenyl)-1-methylazetidine-2-carboxylate (1f) by the same procedures with the preparation of 2a shown in the representative procedure (2-1). The yields were shown in the above scheme. **1f**: colourless crystals, mp 133-135 °C; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2972, 2931, 2854, 2829, 2780, 1712, 1591, 1564, 1474, 1442, 1392, 1367, 1254, 1237, 1207, 1159, 1123, 1085, 1053, 973, 955, 942, 910, 869, 840, 810, 768, 749, 724; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.32 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, ArH), 7.22 (1H, d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, ArH), 3.47 (1H, ddd, *J* = 8.6, 6.1, 2.5 Hz, 4-H), 3.32 (1H, ddd, J = 8.6, 6.1, 2.5 Hz, 4-H), 3.42 (1H, 4-Hz, 4-J = 8.6, 8.2, 6.1 Hz, 4-H), 2.94 (1H, ddd, J = 10.5, 8.2, 2.5 Hz, 3-H), 2.46 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.10 (1H, ddd, J = 10.5, 8.2, 2.5 Hz, 3-H), 2.46 (1H, s, NCH₃), 2.10 (1H, s, NCH₃), 2.10 (1H, s, NCH₃), 3.10 (1H, s, 10.5, 8.6, 8.6 Hz, 3-H), 2.05 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.43 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}$ NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.1, 141.8, 135.7, 132.8, 128.5, 127.0, 120.2, 81.9, 75.3, 52.0, 39.7, 28.9, 28.1, 18.8; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for $C_{16}H_{23}BrNO_2 [M + H]^+ 340.0907$, found 340.0902. **2f**: colourless gum; IR (ATR) $v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3034$, 2980, 2937, 1731, 1590, 1561, 1466, 1397, 1372, 1250, 1224, 1142, 1098, 1079, 1028, 986, 941, 910, 857, 846, 825, 791, 756; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (1H, dd, J = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, ArH), 7.42 (1H, d, J = 1.8 Hz, ArH), 7.35 (1H, d, J = 8.6 Hz, ArH), 4.50 (1H, ddd, J = 10.0, 10.0, 9.6 Hz, 4-H), 4.24 (1H, ddd, J = 9.6, 9.6, 2.8 Hz, 4-H), 3.99-3.84 (1H, br m, 3-H), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.98 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.94-2.78 (1H, br m, 3-H), 2.31 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.41 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ165.7, 138.1, 134.9, 130.3, 129.8, 128.9, 124.7, 120.4 (q, J = 322 Hz), 86.6, 86.2, 62.6, 50.8, 50.5, 27.2, 26.8, 20.2; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for $C_{17}H_{25}BrNO_2 [M - OTf]^+ 354.1063$; found 354.1058.

2-7. 2-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-1,1-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)azetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesulfonate (**2g**)



Prepared from tert-butyl 1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)azetidine-2-carboxylate (1g) by the same procedures with the preparation of 2a shown in the representative procedure (2-1). The yields were shown in the above scheme. 1g: colourless crystals, mp 79-81 °C; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3014, 2979, 2957, 2930, 2860, 2843, 2791, 1716, 1616, 1474, 1447, 1411, 1395, 1369, 1326, 1254, 1208, 1183, 1156, 1118, 1083, 998, 972, 956, 912, 894, 877, 844, 813, 771, 757, 739; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.46 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.32 (1H, s, ArH), 3.48 (1H, ddd, *J* = 8.6, 6.0, 2.6 Hz, 4-H), 3.36 (1H, ddd, J = 8.8, 8.2, 6.0 Hz, 4-H), 2.98 (1H, ddd, J = 10.5, 8.2, 2.6 Hz, 3-H), 2.49 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.13 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.12 (1H, ddd, J = 10.5, 8.8, 8.6 Hz, 3-H), 1.43 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}$ NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.9, 146.5, 134.2, 128.7 (q, J = 32 Hz), 126.8 (q, J = 4 Hz), 125.7, 124.4 (q, J = 273 Hz), 122.4 (q, J = 4 Hz), 82.1, 75.5, 52.0, 39.6, 28.8, 28.0, 19.0; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₇H₂₃F₃NO₂ [M + H]⁺ 330.1675, found 330.1666. **2g**: colourless gum; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3048, 2982, 2939, 1733, 1469, 1410, 1373, 1335, 1252, 1225, 1123, 1092, 1029, 941, 914, 880, 829, 795, 768, 756, 741, 715; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ7.68-7.60 (2H, m, ArH), 7.52 (1H, s, ArH), 4.55 (1H, ddd, J = 10.0, 10.0, 9.5 Hz, 4-H), 4.23 (1H, ddd, J = 10.0, 9.5, 2.6 Hz, 4-H), 4.04-3.88 (1H, br m, 3-H), 3.62 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.10-2.90 (1H, br m, 3-H), 3.02 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.40 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.41 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}$ NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.5, 137.2, 133.7, 132.1 (q, *J* = 33) Hz), 129.5, 128.9 (q, J = 4 Hz), 123.5 (q, J = 4 Hz), 123.4 (q, J = 271 Hz), 120.5 (q, J = 318 Hz), 87.0, 86.2, 63.1, 51.1, 50.8, 27.2, 27.1, 20.5; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅F₃NO₂ [M – OTf]⁺ 344.1832; found 344.1817.

2-8. 2-(3-Bromo-2-methylphenyl)-2-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-1,1-dimethylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethane-sulfonate (**2h**)



Prepared from tert-butyl 2-(3-bromo-2-methylphenyl)-1-methylazetidine-2-carboxylate (1h) by the same procedures with the preparation of 2a shown in the representative procedure (2-1). The yields were shown in the above scheme. 1h: yellow crystals, mp 42-44 °C; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3002, 2971, 2933, 2860, 2837, 2788, 1713, 1593, 1560, 1458, 1433, 1393, 1366, 1279, 1253, 1210, 1195, 1159, 1149, 1126, 1088, 1055, 995. 971, 944, 909, 845, 822, 789, 771, 747, 717, 696; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ7.50 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, ArH), 7.43 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, ArH), 7.06 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 8.0 Hz, ArH), 3.46 (1H, ddd, J = 8.5, 6.0, 2.6 Hz, 4-H), 3.33 (1H, ddd, J = 8.8, 8.2, 6.0 Hz, 4-H), 2.96 (1H, ddd, J = 10.7, 8.2, 2.6 Hz, 3-H), 2.47 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.14 (1H, ddd, J = 10.7, 8.8, 8.5 Hz, 3-H), 2.12 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.43 (9H, s, tBu); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101) MHz, CDCl₃) *δ*170.2, 144.8, 133.0, 130.8, 126.7, 125.8, 124.6, 81.9, 76.0, 51.7, 39.6, 29.3, 28.1, 19.1; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for $C_{16}H_{23}BrNO_2 [M + H]^+$ 340.0907, found 340.0902. **2h**: colourless gum; IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2980, 2936, 1731, 1635, 1562, 1467, 1436, 1397, 1372, 1251, 1224, 1141, 1073, 1029, 1003, 984, 942, 854, 830, 781, 757, 735, 701; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 7.51 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 7.28 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.8, 7.8 Hz, ArH), 4.57 (1H, ddd, *J* = 10.0, 9.7, 9.7 Hz, 4-H), 4.24 (1H, ddd, *J* = 9.7, 9.7, 2.8 Hz, 4-H), 3.96 (1H, ddd, J = 10.4, 10.0, 9.7 Hz, 3-H), 3.64 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.03-2.77 (1H, br, 3-H), 2.94 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.34 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.41 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 135.5, 135.0, 131.7, 128.6, 128.1, 127.6, 120.6 (g, *J* = 322 Hz), 86.8, 86.5, 62.4, 51.1, 50.2, 27.5, 27.3, 21.5; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for $C_{17}H_{25}BrNO_2 [M - OTf]^+ 354.1063$; found 354.1059.

2-9. (S)-tert-Butyl 1-methyl-2-(o-tolyl)azetidine-2-carboxylate [(S)-1a]¹

(S)-1a was prepared according to the slightly modified procedures reported by our group.¹



(Step 1) A mixture of 16 (3.02 g, 10.0 mmol), (R)-1-phenylethylamine (1.27 mL, 10.0 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (4.15 g, 30.0 mmol) in MeCN (50 mL) was refluxed for 7 h. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature followed by filtered. The filtrate was concentrated by evaporation and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel [n-hexane/EtOAc = 15/1 to 5/1 as the eluent, R_{f} : (2R, 1'R) > (2S, 1'R)] to obtain (2R,1'R)-tert-butyl 1-(1'-phenylethyl)azetidine-2-carboxylate (2R,1'R)-**33** (718 mg, 27% yield) as a pale yellow oil and (2S,1'R)-tert-butyl 1-(1'-phenylethyl)azetidine-2-carboxylate (2S,1'R)-33 (768 mg, 29% yield) as a pale yellow oil. (2R, 1'R)-33: $[\alpha]^{24}_{589}$ +108.6 (c 1.0 in EtOH); (2S, 1'R)-33: $[\alpha]^{24}_{589}$ -58.7 (c 1.0 in EtOH). (Step 2) A solution of (2R,1'R)-33 (718 mg, 2.75 mmol) in MeOH (14 mL) was treated with a 4 M HCl cyclopentyl methyl ether (CPME) solution (0.83 mL, 3.3 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirring for 30 min at room temperature, the solution was concentrated by evaporation. A mixture of the residue and Pd(OH)₂/C (Pd 20%, wetted with ca. 50% H₂O) (0.20 g) in MeOH (14 mL) was stirred for 3 days at room temperature under a H₂ atmosphere. The resulting mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite and the filtrate was concentrated by evaporation. A mixture of the residue, benzyl bromide (327 µL, 2.75 mmol), and KHCO₃ (1.38 g, 13.8 mmol) in MeCN (14 mL) was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and refluxed for 0.5 h. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated by evaporation and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc = 7/1 to 5/1 as the eluent) to obtain (*R*)-tert-butyl 1benzylazetidine-2-carboxylate (R)-17 (323 mg, 47% yield) as a colourless oil. 96% ee [determined by HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralcel OJ-H column (25 cm), *n*-hexane/2-PrOH = 99/1 as the eluent, flow rate = 0.50 mL/min, $t_{\rm R} = 11.8$ min for (*R*)-17 (97.9%) and 14.4 min for (*S*)-17 (2.1%)]. [α]²⁴₅₈₉ +86.2 (*c* 1.0 in EtOH). (Step 3) A mixture of (R)-17 (323 mg, 1.31 mmol, 96% ee) and NaHCO₃ (0.33 g, 3.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (6.6 mL) was treated with methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (0.22 µL, 1.96 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated by evaporation to ca. 1/2 volume and purified by chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH = 15/1 to 6/1 as the eluent) to obtain (1*R*,2*R*)-1-benzyl-2-(*tert*butoxycarbonyl)-1-methylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesulfonate (1R,2R)-18 (516 mg, 96% yield) as a colourless gum. $[\alpha]^{24}_{589}$ +28.6 (c 1.0 in EtOH). (Step 4) A solution of (1R,2R)-18 (516 mg, 1.25 mmol) in

THF (10 mL) and DMPU² (1.3 mL) was treated with a 1 M *t*BuOK THF solution (1.5 mL, 1.5 mmol) at 0 °C under an Ar atmosphere. After stirring for 3 h at the same temperature, the resulting mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and extracted with *n*-hexane. The combined extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ followed by brine. The solution was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated by evaporation. Purification by chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 10/0 to 10/1 as the eluent) gave (*S*)-**1a** (171 mg, 52% yield) as a colourless oil. 93% ee [determined by HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralcel OJ-H column (25 cm), *n*-hexane/EtOH = 99/1 as the eluent, flow rate: 0.50 mL/min, *t*R = 8.1 min for (*S*)-**1a** (96.7 %) and 18.6 min for (*R*)-**1a** (3.3 %)]. [a]²³₅₈₉-165.2 (*c* 1.0 in EtOH).

2-10. 1-Benzyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-2-ethyl-1-methylazetidin-1-ium trifluoromethanesulfonate (12)



(Step 1) A solution of rel-((1R,2R)-1-benzyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)azetidin-1-ium-1-yl)trihydroborate³ [rel-(1R,2R)-34] (346 mg, 1.32 mmol) in THF (7.5 mL) was treated with a 1.0 M LiHMDS solution in THF (3.2 mL, 3.2 mmol) at 0 °C under an Ar atmosphere. The solution was stirred for 30 min at 0 °C and treated with iodoethane (275 µL, 3.42 mmol) at the same temperature. The mixture was allowed to warm at room temperature and stirred for 3 h. The resulting mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ extracted with EtOAc. followed by brine. The solution was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated by evaporation. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 20/1, 10/1 to 5/1 as the eluent) to obtain *tert*butyl 1-benzyl-2-ethylazetidine-2-carboxylate (35) (176 mg, 48% yield) as a coluorless oil. IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3087, 3062, 3028, 3004, 2967, 2931, 2877, 2828, 2799, 1716, 1602, 1495, 1476, 1455, 1391, 1366, 1338, 1312, 1248, 1227, 1175, 1140, 1028, 1004, 946, 908, 849, 828, 799, 732, 697; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33-7.24 (4H, m, Ph), 7.24-7.17 (1H, m, Ph), 3.75 (1H, d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, CH₂Ph), 3.67 (1H, d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, CH₂Ph), 3.14 (1H, ddd, *J* = 8.3, 6.3, 5.9 Hz, 4-H), 3.07 (1H, ddd, *J* = 8.3, 6.3, 5.9 Hz, 4-H), 2.51 (1H, dddd, J = 10.7, 8.3, 5.9, 0.6 Hz, 3-H), 2.01-1.86 (2H, m, 3-H and CH₂CH₃), 1.83 (1H, dq, J = 13.2, 7.5 Hz, CH_2CH_3), 1.50 (9H, s, *t*Bu), 0.87 (3H, dd, J = 7.5, 7.5 Hz, CH_2CH_3); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}$ NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 172.7, 138.9, 128.5, 128.1, 126.7, 80.5, 72.9, 55.8, 49.4, 28.1, 26.5, 25.4, 8.0; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for $C_{17}H_{26}NO_2 [M + H]^+ 276.1958$, found 276.1952. (Step 2) A mixture of **35** (92 mg, 0.33 mmol) and NaHCO₃ (84 mg, 1.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.7 mL) was treated with methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (74 µL, 0.65 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The mixture was concentrated by evaporation to ca. 1/2volume and purified by chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH = 20/1 to 10/1 as the eluent) to obtain 12 (146 mg, quant.) as a colourless gum. The product 12 was obtained as an almost single diastereomer. The relative stereochemistry of 12 was not determined. IR (ATR) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3040, 2981, 2942, 2887, 1733,

² Addition of DMPU [1,3-dimethyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2(1*H*)-pyrimidinone] improve the yield of the Sommelet– Hauser rearrangement product: E. Tayama, K. Hirano and S. Baba, *Tetrahedron*, 2020, **76**, 131064. See also ref. 1.

³ E. Tayama, R. Nishio and Y. Kobayashi, Org. Biomol. Chem., 2018, 16, 5833.

1499, 1461, 1425, 1397, 1372, 1357, 1327, 1254, 1223, 1141, 1078, 1029, 958, 930, 877, 837, 802, 768, 754, 736, 706; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56-7.36 (5H, m, Ph), 4.98 (1H, ddd, J = 10.4, 10.0, 9.7 Hz, 4-H), 4.83 (1H, d, J = 12.6 Hz, CH_2 Ph), 4.08 (1H, d, J = 12.6 Hz, CH_2 Ph), 3.51 (1H, ddd, J = 9.9, 9.7, 2.4 Hz, 4-H), 3.16 (1H, ddd, J = 11.2, 10.4, 9.9 Hz, 3-H), 3.02-2.82 (1H, m, 3-H), 2.95 (3H, s, NCH₃), 2.45-2.28 (2H, m, CH_2 CH₃), 1.53 (9H, s, *t*Bu), 0.97 (3H, t, J = 7.2 Hz, CH_2CH_3); ¹³C {¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.7, 131.8, 130.5, 129.4, 126.4, 120.6 (q, J = 322 Hz), 86.2, 85.4, 61.3, 58.9, 46.3, 27.6, 25.5, 22.7, 7.5; HRMS (ESI): calcd. for C₁₈H₂₈NO₂ [M – OTf]⁺ 290.2115, found 290.2108.



2a_1H_n4249.esp





































200 192 184 176 168 160 152 144 136 128 120 112 104 96 88 80 72 64 56 48 40 32 24 16 8 0 Chemical Shift (ppm)





























































10_19F_44011.esp



(*R*)**-10** ¹⁹F (376 MHz, CDCl₃) C₆F₆: δ −162.9 ppm

30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -220 -230 Chemical Shift (ppm)

and a sector of the sector of



11_19F_44017.esp



(*R*)-**11** ¹⁹F (376 MHz, CDCl₃) C₆F₆: δ −162.9 ppm

30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -220 -230 Chemical Shift (ppm)





14_19F_4658.esp





