

Electronic Supplementary Information

Multifunctional molecular ferroelectric with Chiral feature, High Curie Temperature, Large Spontaneous Polarization and Photoluminescence: $(C_9H_{14}N)_2CdBr_4$

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Fig. S1 Crystal morphology of compound 1.

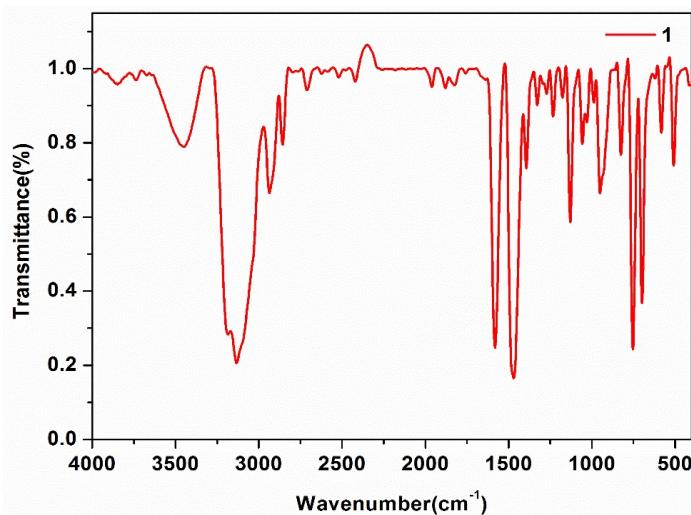


Fig. S2 Infrared spectrum of compound 1.

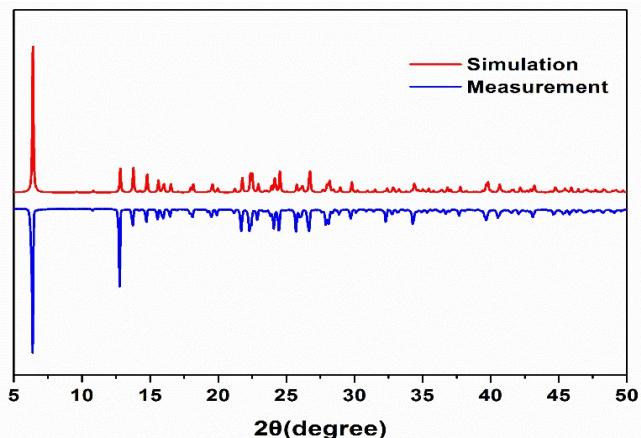


Fig. S3 The powder XRD of **1**.

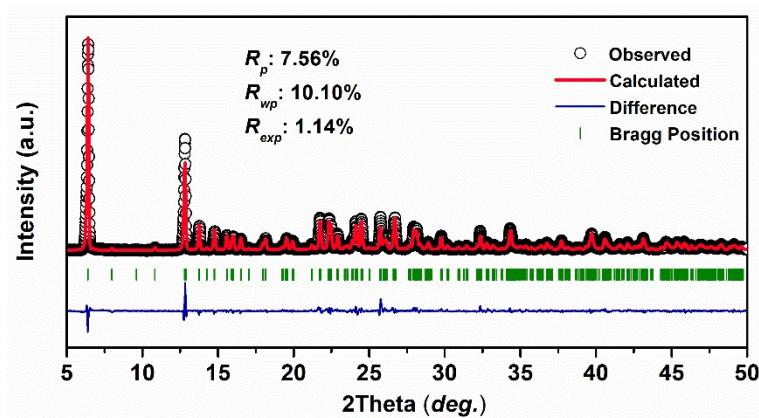


Fig. S4 Powder X-ray diffractograms of **1** collected in 300 K (**LTP**), refined by Le Bail method using the FULLPROF program. The lattice parameters obtained from the fitting: $a = 11.15813(0.0046)$, $b = 7.91511(0.00034)$, $c = 13.94007(0.00061)$ Å ($R_p = 7.56\%$, $R_{wp} = 10.10\%$, $R_{exp} = 1.14\%$).

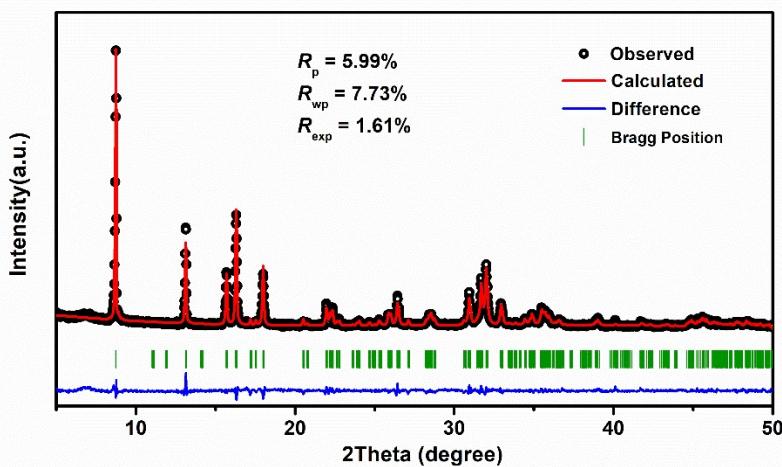


Fig. S5 Structural refinement results of PXRD data for compound **1** in 405 K (**HTP**). The indexing of PXRD data reveals an orthorhombic lattice, and through the Le Bail refinements, we obtained the orthorhombic point group mmm. The refined cell parameters are $a = 7.958$ Å, $b = 8.008$ Å, $c = 20.222$ Å, $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$, and $V = 1288.7$ Å³ ($R_p = 5.99\%$, $R_{wp} = 7.73\%$, $R_{exp} = 1.61\%$). These results are highly consistent, confirming the phase purity of the compound and high accuracy of the simulation methods.

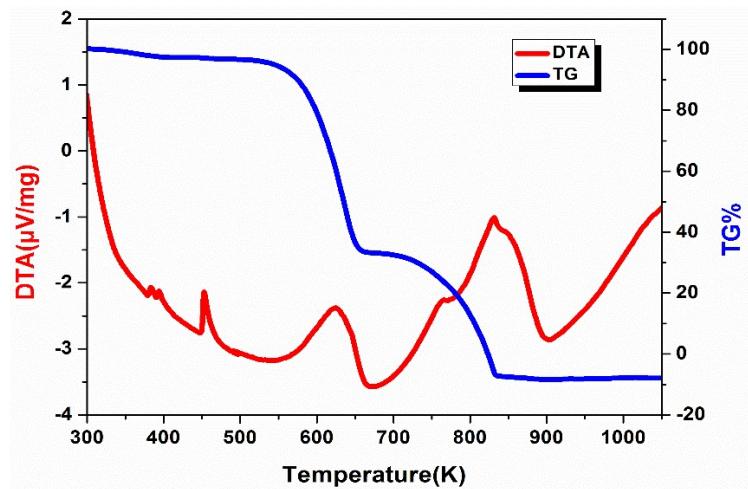


Fig. S6 TG-DTA curves for 1.

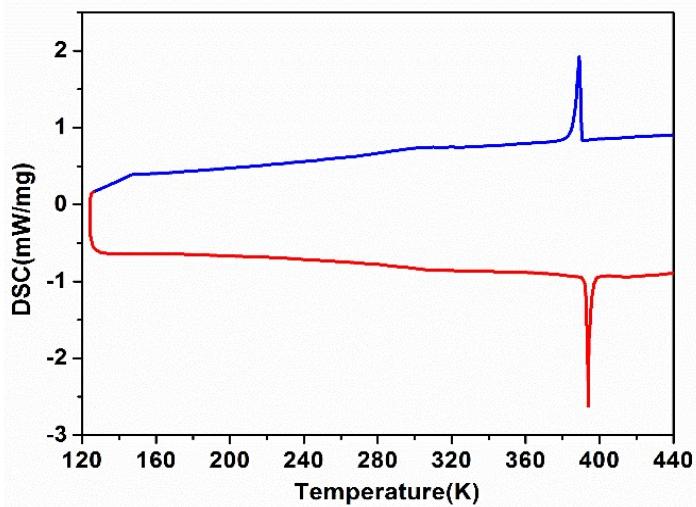


Fig. S7. DSC curve of compound 1, temperature range 120-440 K.

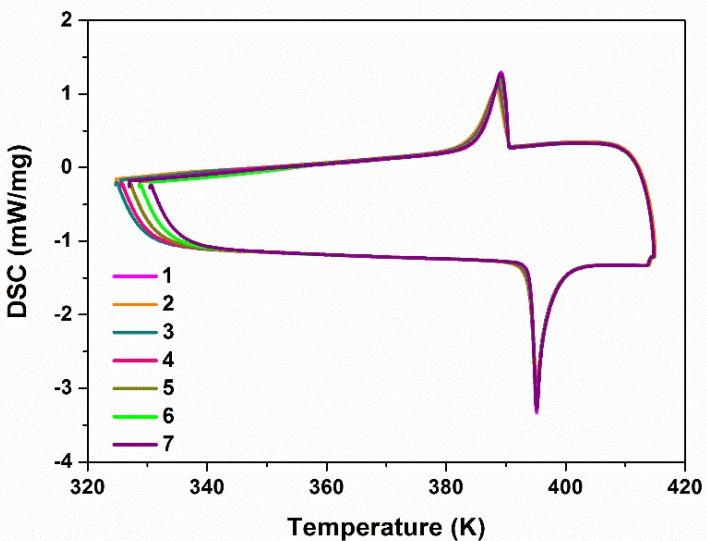


Fig. S8 DSC cycle test of compound 1 with the scan rate 15 K / min.

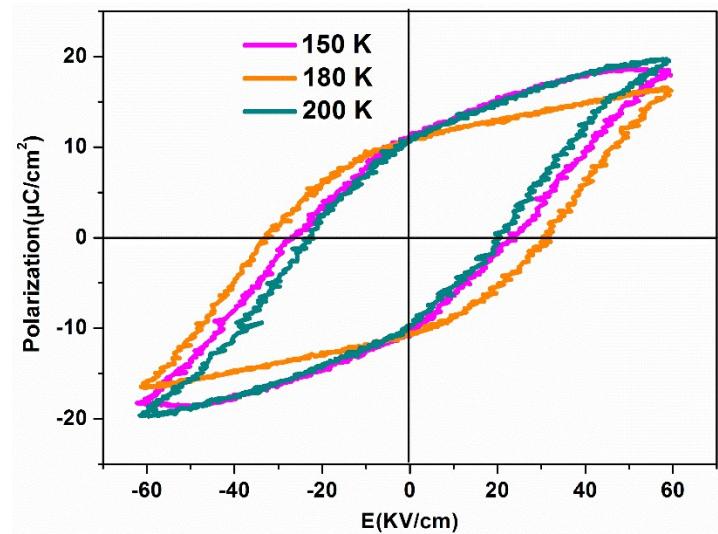


Fig. S9 Polarization hysteresis loops of compound **1** at low temperature.

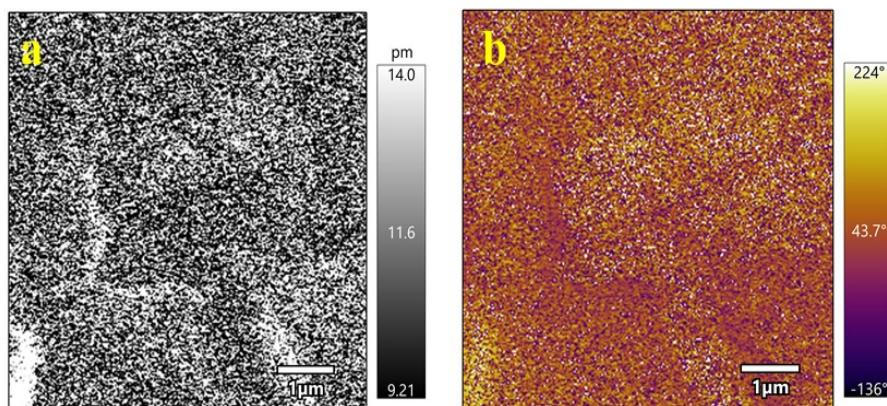


Fig. S10 The Vertical PFM amplitude (a) and phase (b) mapping.

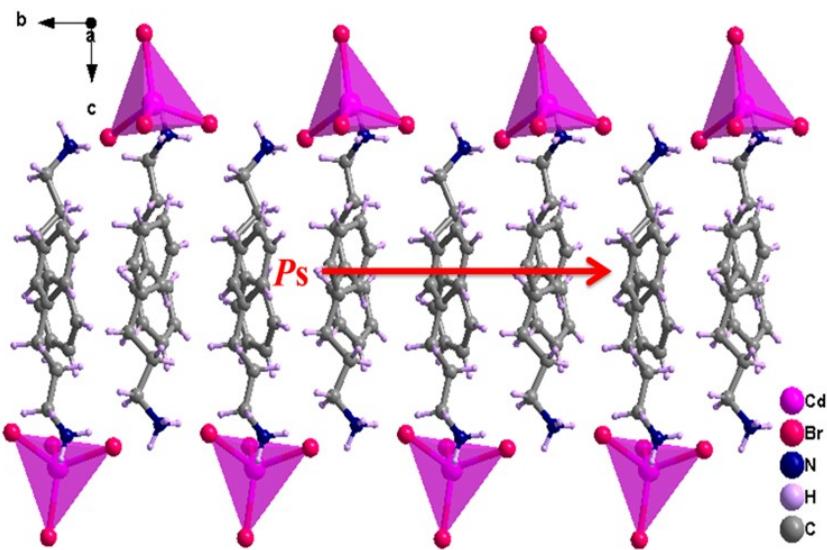


Fig. S11 Stacking diagram of compound **1**. The red arrow reveals the direction of P_s .

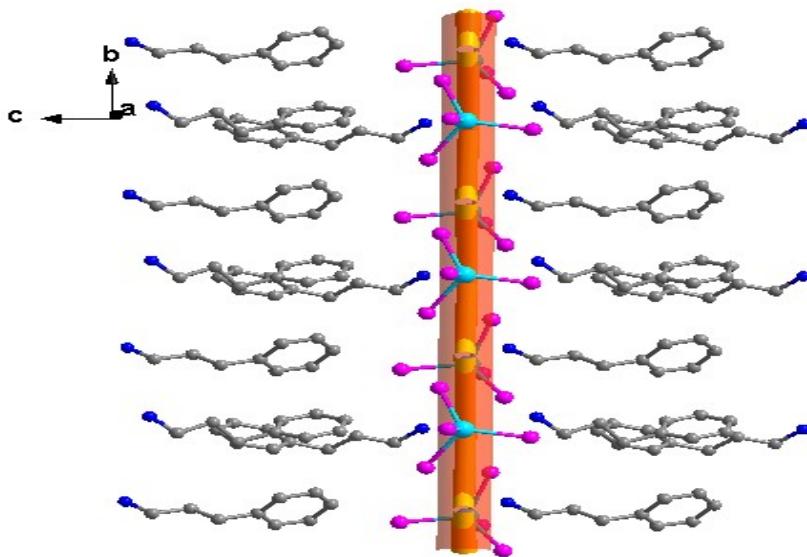


Fig. S12 CdBr₄ tetrahedrons are arranged around the spiral axis "S-shape".

Table S1 Crystal data and refinement parameters for **1**

Compounds	1
Empirical formula formula	C ₁₈ H ₂₈ Br ₄ CdN ₂
Temperature (K)	300 K
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁
<i>a</i> (Å)	11.1342(6)
<i>b</i> (Å)	7.8950(4)
<i>c</i> (Å)	13.9106(7)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90
$\beta/^\circ$	96.953(2)
$\gamma/^\circ$	90
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1213.81(11)
<i>Z</i>	2
ρ calcd/cm ³	1.927
μ/mm^{-1}	7.488
F(000)	676.0
R ₁ , wR ₂ [I > 2σ(I)]	R ₁ = 0.0499, wR ₂ = 0.0807
R ₁ , wR ₂ (all data)	R ₁ = 0.0770, wR ₂ = 0.0898
Flack parameter	0.057(17)

Table S2. Selected bond lengths (Å) for Compound **1**

Compound	1
Bond	Cd1-Br4 2.5788(13)
Lengths[Å]	Cd1-Br1 2.5998(13)
	Cd1-Br3 2.5961(13)
	Cd1-Br2 2.5599(14)
	N1-C1 1.466(13)

N2-C10	1.446(15)
C2-C1	1.491(13)
C10-C11	1.492(15)

Table S3 Selected bond angles ($^{\circ}$) for **1**

Compound	1	
Bond angles ($^{\circ}$)	Br4-Cd1-Br1	104.81(5)
	Br4-Cd1-Br3	113.96(5)
	Br4-Cd1-Br1	106.48(4)
	Br2-Cd1-Br4	110.75(5)
	Br2-Cd1-Br1	107.25(5)
	Br2-Cd1-Br3	112.93(5)
	N1-C1-C2	112.5(9)
	N2-C10-C11	114.0(10)

Table S4 Hydrogen bonds parameters of **1**.

D-H \cdots A	D-H	H \cdots A	D \cdots A	\angle D-H \cdots A
N1-H1A \cdots Br1	0.89	2.74	3.495(9)	144
N1-H1B \cdots Br4	0.89	2.69	3.476(9)	148
N1-H1C \cdots Br2	0.89	2.74	3.556(9)	155
N2-H2C \cdots Br1	0.89	2.61	3.424(10)	153
N1-H2D \cdots Br3	0.89	2.73	3.502(10)	146
N1-H2E \cdots Br3	0.89	2.57	3.374(10)	151

Calculation of ΔS and N

Compound 1:
In the heating cycle mode

$$\Delta H = R \ln N_1$$

$$\Delta H = \int_{T_2}^{T_1} \frac{Q}{T} dT$$

$$\approx \frac{\Delta H}{T_c}$$

$$= \frac{8.942 J^{-1} mol \times 704.46 g^{-1} mol}{395 K}$$

$$= 15.95 J \cdot mol^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}$$

$$N_1 = \exp\left(\frac{\Delta S}{R}\right) = \exp\left(\frac{15.95 J \cdot mol^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}}{8.314 J \cdot mol^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}}\right)$$

$$= 6.75$$

In the cooling cycle mode

$$\Delta SC = R \ln N_2$$

$$\Delta SC = \int_{T_2}^{T_1} \frac{Q}{T} dT$$

$$\approx \frac{\Delta H}{T_c}$$

$$= \frac{8.56 J^{-1} mol \times 704.46 g^{-1} mol}{389 K}$$

$$= 15.15 J \cdot mol^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}$$

$$N_2 = \exp\left(\frac{\Delta S_c}{R}\right) = \exp\left(\frac{15.15 J \cdot mol^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}}{8.314 J \cdot mol^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}}\right)$$

$$= 6.17$$