

Supporting information for

## Quantification of the charge transport processes inside carbon nanopipettes

Rujia Liu, Yingfei Ma, Xiaoyue Shen, Dengchao Wang\*

School of Chemical Sciences, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 10049, P. R. China

\* Email: wangdengchao@ucas.ac.cn

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**Figure S1** TEM characterization of prepared carbon nanopipettes.

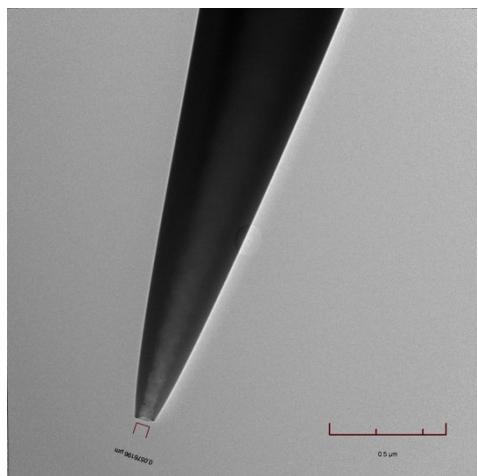
**Figure S2** The simulated cyclic voltammograms of different-sized carbon nanopipettes

**Figure S3** The half-cone angle effect on the cyclic voltammograms of carbon nanopipette

**Figure S4** The solution depth effect on the experimental cyclic voltammograms of carbon nanopipette

**Figure S5** Experimental and simulated cyclic voltammograms of 0.5 mM UA in carbon nanopipettes.

1. Calculation of the CNP resistance.
2. Potential correction of the referenced Ag/AgCl at different KCl solutions
3. EC mechanism of UA, AA.
4. COMSOL report



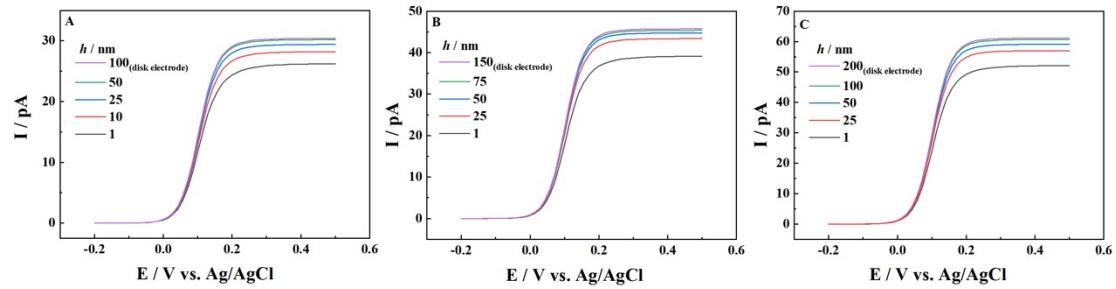
**Figure S1.** TEM image of prepared carbon nanopipettes.  $a = \sim 29$  nm, half-cone angle ( $\theta$ ) is  $\sim 8^\circ$ .

### **1. Calculation of the carbon nanopipette resistance.**

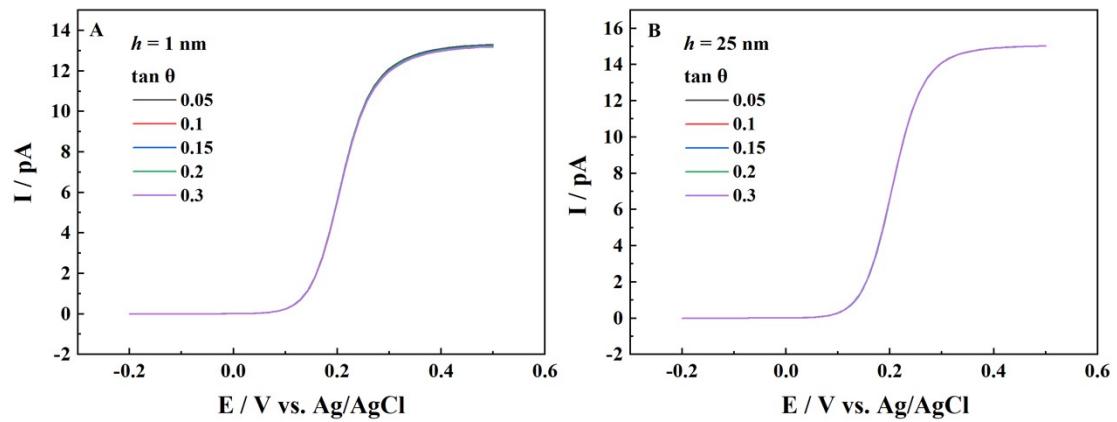
The carbon nanopipette resistance can be calculated depends on the geometry of CNP according to the following equation<sup>1</sup>:

$$R = \frac{1}{4\kappa a} + \frac{1}{\kappa \pi a \tan \theta} \quad (\text{S1})$$

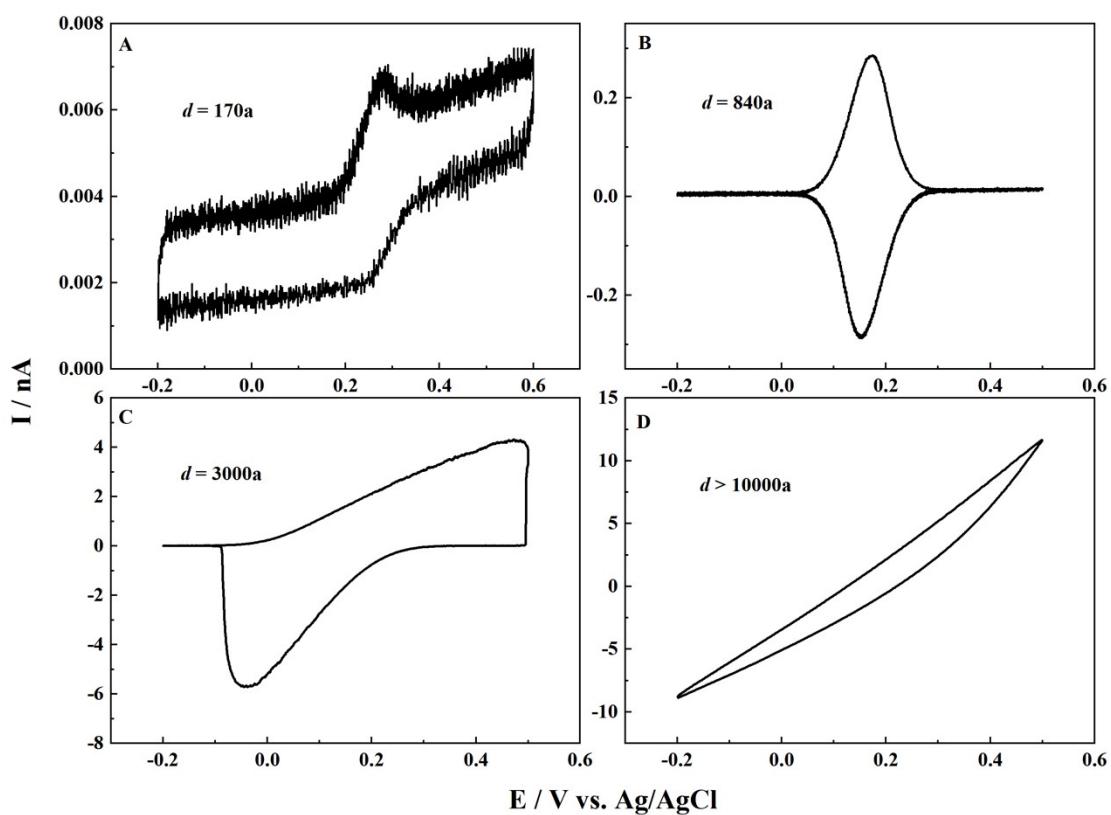
Where  $\kappa = 1.29 \Omega^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$  is the solution conductivity of 0.1 M KCl,  $a = 50 \text{ nm}$  is the radius of CNPs,  $\theta = 8^\circ$  is the tip angle. So, the carbon nanopipette resistance ( $R$ ) is 0.04 GΩ.



**Figure S2** The simulated steady-state voltammograms of CNPs with various carbon layer thickness values in different-sized nanopipettes (A)  $a = 100$  nm, (B)  $a = 150$  nm and (C)  $a = 200$  nm.



**Figure S3** The half-cone angle effect on the steady-state voltammograms of carbon nanopipettes with carbon layer thickness of (A)  $h = 1 \text{ nm}$  and (B)  $h = 25 \text{ nm}$ .



**Figure S4** Experimental cyclic voltammograms from carbon nanopipettes with different solution depth roughly controlled by external pressure.  $a = 50$  nm,  $\tan\theta = 0.2$ ,  $v = 0.1$  V/s and  $E^0 = 0.2$  V.

## 2. Potential correction calculation of Ag/AgCl electrode

The potential of Ag/AgCl electrode depends on Cl<sup>-</sup> concentration, which can be calculated by the Nernst equation.

$$E = E^{\ominus} - \frac{RT}{nF} \ln a_{Cl^-} \quad (S2)$$

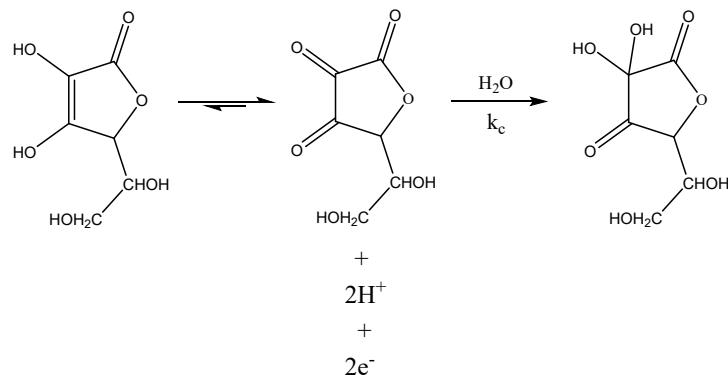
Where  $E^{\ominus} = 0.2224$  V is the standard potential of Ag/AgCl,  $n = 1$  is the number of transferred electrons for the Ag oxidation,  $F = 96485$  C/mol is the Faraday constant,  $T = 298$  K is the temperature.  $a_{Cl^-} \approx c_{Cl^-}$  is the activity of Cl<sup>-</sup>. The calculation results are shown in Table S1.

Table S1. The calculation results of  $E_{Ag/AgCl}$  and  $E_{Fe(CN)_6^{4-}}$  in different Cl<sup>-</sup> concentration

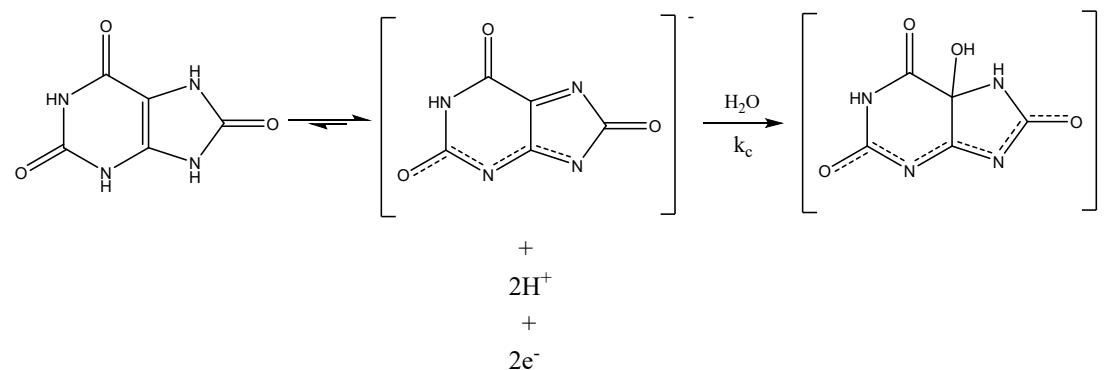
$c_{Cl^-}$ / mM	10	50	100	500	1000
$E_{Ag/AgCl}$ / V vs. NHE	0.34	0.30	0.28	0.24	0.22
$E^0_{Fe(CN)_6^{4-}}$ / V vs. Ag/AgCl	0.12	0.18	0.24	0.26	0.29
$E^0_{Fe(CN)_6^{4-}}$ / V vs. NHE	0.46	0.48	0.52	0.50	0.51
$E^{\ominus}_{Fe(CN)_6^{4-}}$ / V vs. NHE <sup>2</sup>			0.49		

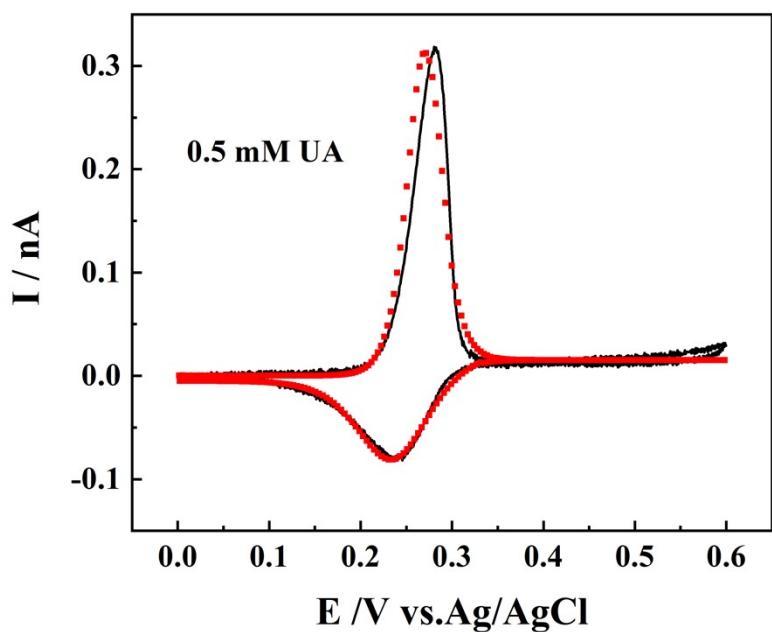
3. The irreversible EC mechanism of uric acid (UA) and ascorbic acid (AA).

The electro-oxidation products of UA and AA are very easily hydrolysed and go through an irreversible EC mechanism<sup>3</sup>. For AA:



For UA:





**Figure S5** Experimental and simulated cyclic voltammograms of 0.5 mM UA in carbon nanopipettes. The oxidation peak is fitted by two-electron transfer process, while the reduction peak is fitted by one electron transfer process.

**Reference:**

1. Y. L. Ying, Y. X. Hu, R. Gao, R. J. Yu, Z. Gu, L. P. Lee and Y. T. Long, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2018, **140**, 5385-5392.
2. D. Polcari, P. Dauphin-Ducharme and J. J. C. R. Mauzeroll, *Chem. Rev.* 2016, **116**, 13234–13278.
3. L. Xiao, J. Chen and C. Cha, *J. Electroanal. Chem.*, 2000, **495**, 27-35..

# Quantification of the charge transport processes inside carbon nanopipettes

Report date Sep 22, 2021 11:12:40 AM

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# 1 Global Definitions

Date Feb 22, 2021 3:15:53 PM

## GLOBAL SETTINGS

Name Depth-5000a.mph  
Path H:\simulation\20210222after\depth-5000a.mph  
Version COMSOL Multiphysics 5.4 (Build: 388)

## USED PRODUCTS

COMSOL Multiphysics  
Chemical Reaction Engineering Module

## 1.1 PARAMETERS

### PARAMETERS 1

Name	Expression	Value	Description
a	50[nm]	5E-8 m	
depth	l*a	5E-5 m	
tan_theta	0.1	0.1	
thickness	5[nm]	5E-9 m	
k0	10[cm/s]	0.1 m/s	
E0	0.16[V]	0.16 V	
E1	0[V]	0 V	
F	96485[C/mol]	96485 C/mol	
v	1	1	
l	1000	1000	

## 2 Component 1

SETTINGS

Description	Value
Unit system	Same as global system

### 2.1 DEFINITIONS

#### 2.1.1 Variables

##### Variables 1

SELECTION

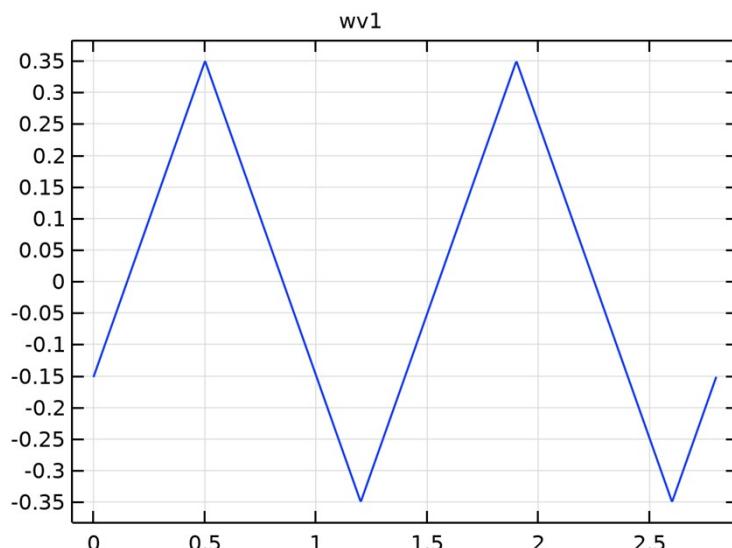
Geometric entity level      Entire model

Name	Expression	Uni	Description
E	1[V]*wv1(t/1[s]) + 0.15[V]	V	t

#### 2.1.2 Functions

##### Waveform 1

Function name      wv1  
Function type      Waveform



Waveform 1

PARAMETERS

Description	Value
-------------	-------

Description	Value
Type	Triangle
Size of transition zone	0.0001
Angular frequency	$\pi/0.7*v$
Phase	-0.68
Amplitude	0.35

### 2.1.3 Coordinate Systems

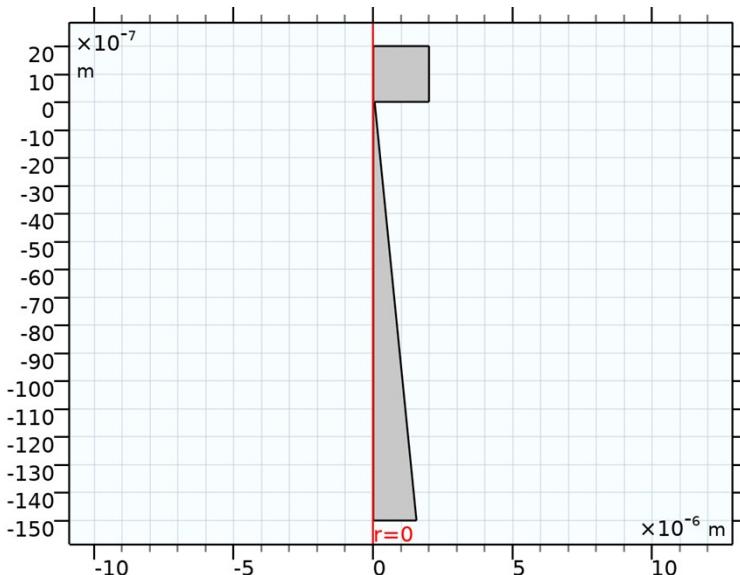
#### Boundary System 1

Coordinate system type      Boundary system  
 Tag                                sys1

COORDINATE NAMES

Firs	Second	Thir
t		d
t1	to	n

### 2.2 GEOMETRY 1



Geometry 1

UNITS

Length unit      m  
 Angular unit     deg

GEOMETRY STATISTICS

Description	Value
Space dimension	2
Number of domains	1

Description	Value
Number of boundaries	7
Number of vertices	7

### 2.2.1 Polygon 1 (pol1)

OBJECT TYPE

Description	Value
Type	Solid

COORDINATES

Description	Value
Data source	Table

COORDINATES

r (m)	z (m)
0	2e-6
2e-6	2e-6
2e-6	0
a	0
a+depth*tan_theta	-depth
0	-depth

### 2.2.2 Point 1 (pt1)

POINT

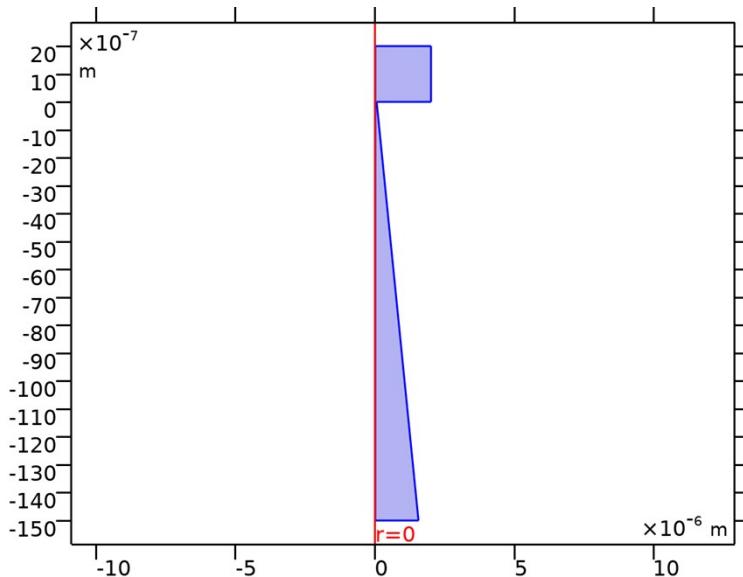
Description	Value
Point coordinate	{5.5E-8, 0}

## 2.3 TRANSPORT OF DILUTED SPECIES

USED PRODUCTS

COMSOL Multiphysics

Chemical Reaction Engineering Module



### Transport of Diluted Species

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level     Domain  
Selection                Domain 1

#### EQUATIONS

$$\frac{\partial c_i}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{J}_i = R_i$$

$$\mathbf{J}_i = -D_i \nabla c_i - z_i \mu_{m,i} F c_i \nabla V$$

### 2.3.1 Interface settings

#### Discretization

##### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Concentration	Linear

#### Transport mechanisms

##### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Convection	Off
Migration in electric field	On
Mass transfer in porous media	Off

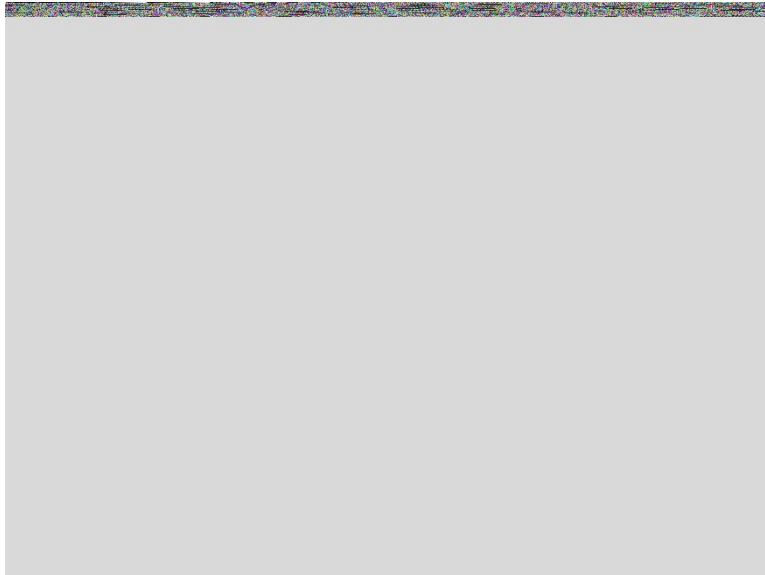
### 2.3.2 Variables

Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection	Details

<b>Name</b>	<b>Expression</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Selection</b>	<b>Details</b>
tds.R_cO	0	mol/(m <sup>3</sup> · s)	Total rate expression	Domain 1	+ operation
tds.R_cR	0	mol/(m <sup>3</sup> · s)	Total rate expression	Domain 1	+ operation
tds.R_cK	0	mol/(m <sup>3</sup> · s)	Total rate expression	Domain 1	+ operation
tds.R_cCl	0	mol/(m <sup>3</sup> · s)	Total rate expression	Domain 1	+ operation
tds.epsilon_p	1	1	Porosity	Domain 1	
tds.theta	tds.epsilon_p	1	Liquid volume fraction	Domain 1	
tds.av	0	1	Gas volume fraction	Domain 1	
tds.nr	dnr	1	Normal vector, r component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nphi	0	1	Normal vector, phi component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nz	dnz	1	Normal vector, z component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nrmesh	dnlmesh	1	Normal vector (mesh), r component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nphimesh	0	1	Normal vector (mesh), phi component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nzmesh	dnzmesh	1	Normal vector (mesh), z component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nrc	root.nrc/tds.ncLen	1	Normal vector, r component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nphic	0	1	Normal vector, phi component	Boundaries 1–7	
tds.nzc	root.nzc/tds.ncLen	1	Normal vector, z component	Boundaries 1–7	

Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection	Details
tds.ncLen	$\text{sqrt}(\text{root.nrc}^2 + \text{root.nzc}^2 + \text{eps})$	1	component Help variable	Boundaries 1–7	

### 2.3.3 Transport Properties 1



*Transport Properties 1*

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Domain  
 Selection                    Domain 1

#### EQUATIONS

$$\frac{\partial c_i}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{J}_i = R_i$$

$$\mathbf{J}_i = -D_i \nabla c_i - z_i \mu_{m,i} F c_i \nabla V$$

### Diffusion

#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Material	None
Diffusion coefficient	User defined
Diffusion coefficient	$\{{\{7.8e-10[m^2/s], 0, 0\}, \{0, 7.8e-10[m^2/s], 0\}, \{0, 0, 7.8e-10[m^2/s]\}}\}$
Diffusion coefficient	User defined
Diffusion coefficient	$\{{\{7.8e-10[m^2/s], 0, 0\}, \{0, 7.8e-10[m^2/s], 0\}, \{0, 0, 7.8e-10[m^2/s]\}}\}$
Diffusion coefficient	User defined
Diffusion coefficient	$\{{\{2e-9[m^2/s], 0, 0\}, \{0, 2e-9[m^2/s], 0\}, \{0, 0, 2e-9[m^2/s]\}}\}$

Description	Value
Diffusion coefficient	User defined
Diffusion coefficient	{ {2e-9[m^2/s], 0, 0}, {0, 2e-9[m^2/s], 0}, {0, 0, 2e-9[m^2/s]} }

## Migration in electric field

SETTINGS

Description	Value
Electric potential	Electric potential (ec)
Mobility	Nernst - Einstein relation
Charge number	{1, 0, 1, -1}

## Coordinate system selection

SETTINGS

Description	Value
Coordinate system	Global coordinate system

## Model input

SETTINGS

Description	Value
Temperature	Common model input

## Shape functions

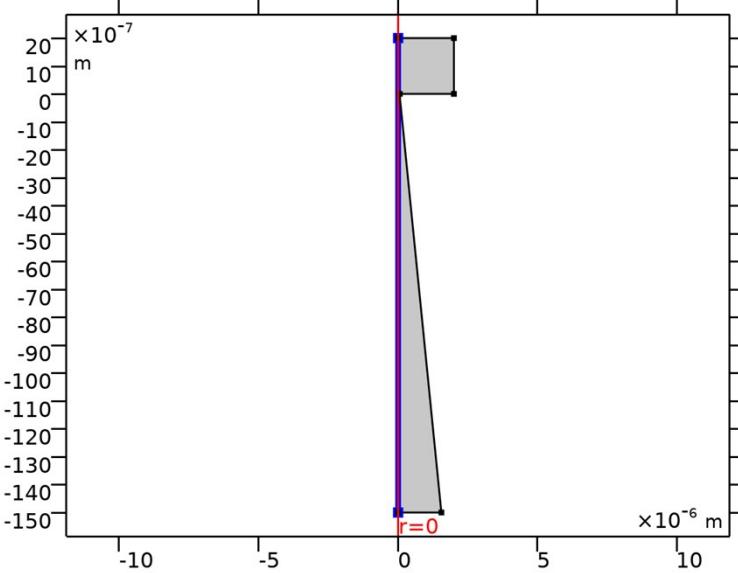
Name	Shape function	Unit	Description	Shape frame	Selection
cO	Lagrange (Linear)	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Spatial	Domain 1
cR	Lagrange (Linear)	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Spatial	Domain 1
cK	Lagrange (Linear)	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Spatial	Domain 1
cCl	Lagrange (Linear)	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Spatial	Domain 1

## Weak expressions

Weak expression	Integration order	Integration frame	Selection
$2*(-cOt*test(cO)+tds.dflux_cOr*test(cOr)+tds.dflux_cOz*test(cOz))*pi*r$	2	Spatial	Domain 1
$2*(-cRt*test(cR)+tds.dflux_cRr*test(cRr)+tds.dflux_cRz*test(cRz))*pi*r$	2	Spatial	Domain 1
$2*(-cKt*test(cK)+tds.dflux_cKr*test(cKr)+tds.dflux_cKz*test(cKz))*pi*r$	2	Spatial	Domain 1
$2*(-cClt*test(cCl)+tds.dflux_cClr*test(cClr)+tds.dflux_cClz*test(cClz))*p$	2	Spatial	Domain 1

<b>Weak expression</b>	<b>Integration order</b>	<b>Integration frame</b>	<b>Selection</b>
i*r 2*tds.z_cO*F_const*cO*((-tds.um_cOrr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cOrz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cOr)+(-tds.um_cOzr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cOzz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cOz))*pi*r	2	Spatial	Domain 1
2*tds.z_cR*F_const*cR*((-tds.um_cRrr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cRrz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cRr)+(-tds.um_cRzr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cRzz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cRz))*pi*r	2	Spatial	Domain 1
2*tds.z_cK*F_const*cK*((-tds.um_cKrr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cKrz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cKr)+(-tds.um_cKzr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cKzz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cKz))*pi*r	2	Spatial	Domain 1
2*tds.z_cCl*F_const*cCl*((-tds.um_cClrr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cClrz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cClr)+(-tds.um_cClzr*d(tds.V,r)-tds.um_cClzz*d(tds.V,z))*test(cClz))*pi*r	2	Spatial	Domain 1
2*tds.streamline*(isScalingSystem Domain==0)*pi*r	2	Spatial	Domain 1
2*tds.crosswind*(isScalingSystem Domain==0)*pi*r	4	Spatial	Domain 1

### 2.3.4 Axial Symmetry 1

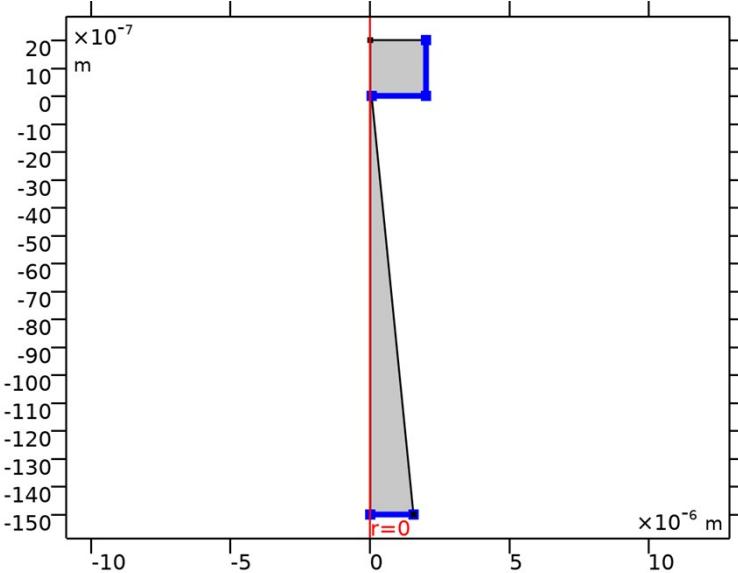


Axial Symmetry 1

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Boundary  
Selection                        Boundary 1

### 2.3.5 No Flux 1



No Flux 1

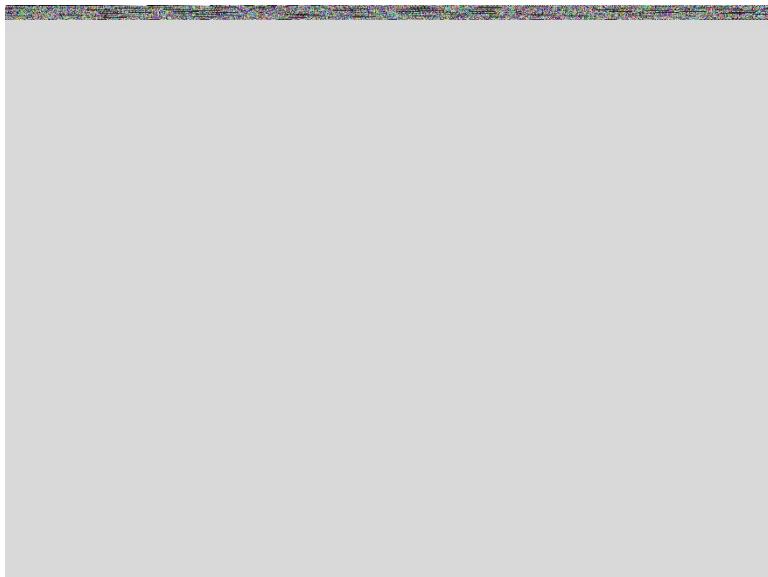
#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Boundary  
Selection                        Boundaries 2, 6–7

## EQUATIONS

$$-\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{J}_i = 0$$

### 2.3.6 Initial Values 1



*Initial Values 1*

#### SELECTION

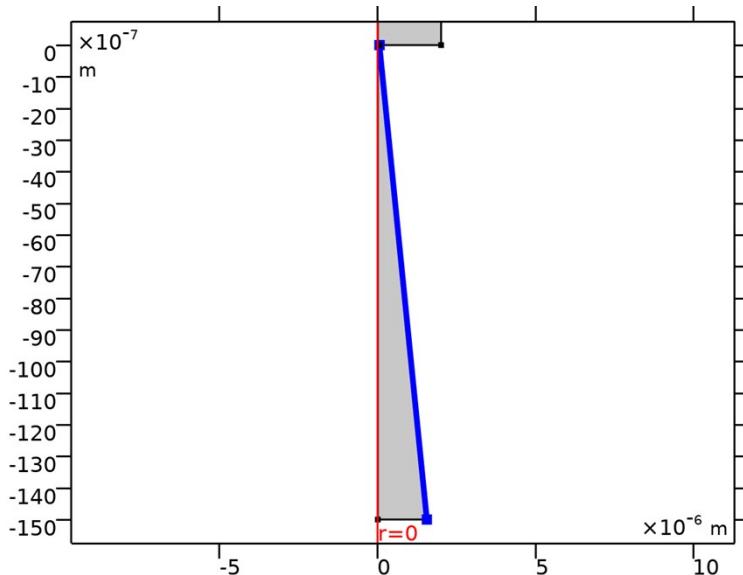
Geometric entity level      Domain  
Selection                      Domain 1

#### Initial values

##### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Concentration	{1, 0, 100, 100}

### 2.3.7 Flux 1



*Flux 1*

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level     Boundary  
Selection                 Boundaries 4–5

#### EQUATIONS

$$-\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{J}_i = J_{0j}$$

#### Inward flux

##### SETTINGS

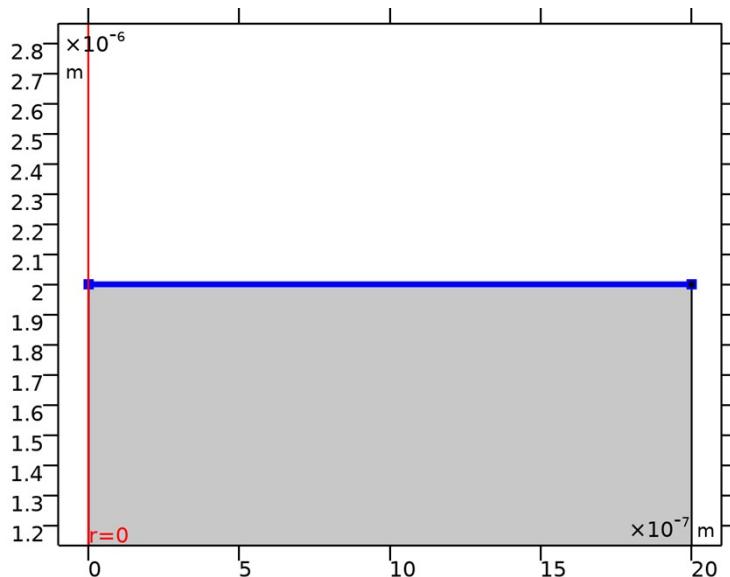
Description	Value
Flux type	General inward flux
Species cO	On
Species cR	On
Species cK	Off
Species cCl	Off
	$\{-k_0*cO*\exp(-0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E_0 - V)) + k_0*cR*\exp(0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E_0 - V)), k_0*cO*\exp(-0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E_0 - V)) - k_0*cR*\exp(0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E_0 - V)), 0, 0\}$

#### Weak expressions

Weak expression	Integration order	Integration frame	Selection
$2*k_0*(-cO*\exp(-0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E_0 - V)) + cR*\exp(0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E_0 - V)))*test(cO)*pi*r$	2	Spatial	Boundaries 4–5

Weak expression	Integration order	Integration frame	Selection
$2*k0*(cO*exp(-0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E0-V))-cR*exp(0.5*38.9[1/V]*(E-E0-V)))*test(cR)*pi*r^0$	2	Spatial	Boundaries 4–5
0	2	Spatial	Boundaries 4–5
0	2	Spatial	Boundaries 4–5

### 2.3.8 Concentration 1



Concentration 1

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Boundary  
Selection                      Boundary 3

#### EQUATIONS

$$c_i = c_{0,j}$$

#### Concentration

##### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Species cO	On
Species cR	On
Species cK	On
Species cCl	On
Concentration	{1, 0, 100, 100}

#### Variables

Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection
------	------------	------	-------------	-----------

Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection
tds.c0_cO	1	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Boundary 3
tds.c0_cR	0	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Boundary 3
tds.c0_cK	100	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Boundary 3
tds.c0_cCl	100	mol/m <sup>3</sup>	Concentration	Boundary 3

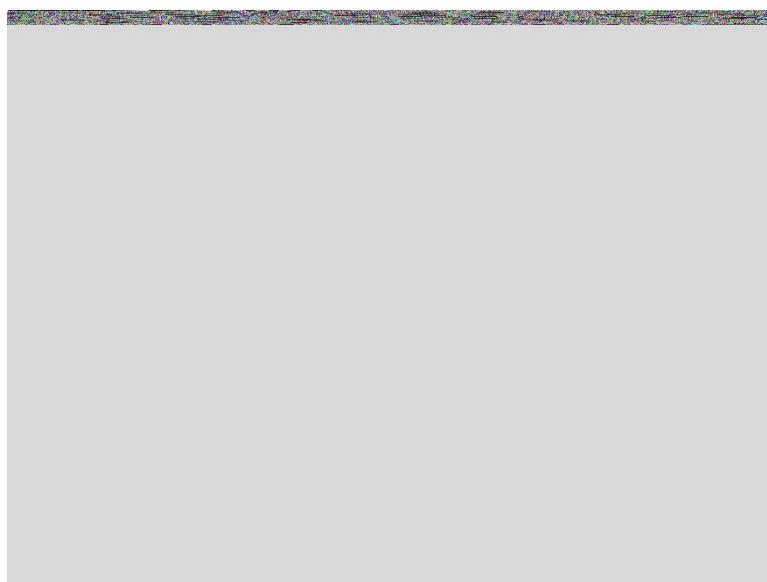
### Constraints

Constraint	Constraint force	Shape function	Selection	Details
-cO+tds.c0_cO	test(-cO+tds.c0_cO)	Lagrange (Linear)	Boundary 3	Elemental
-cR+tds.c0_cR	test(-cR+tds.c0_cR)	Lagrange (Linear)	Boundary 3	Elemental
-cK+tds.c0_cK	test(-cK+tds.c0_cK)	Lagrange (Linear)	Boundary 3	Elemental
-cCl+tds.c0_cCl	test(-cCl+tds.c0_cCl)	Lagrange (Linear)	Boundary 3	Elemental

## 2.4 ELECTRIC CURRENTS

USED PRODUCTS

COMSOL Multiphysics



*Electric Currents*

SELECTION

Geometric entity level	Domain
Selection	Domain 1

EQUATIONS

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} = Q_{j,v}$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \sigma \mathbf{E} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{J}_e$$

$$\mathbf{E} = -\nabla V$$

### 2.4.1 Interface settings

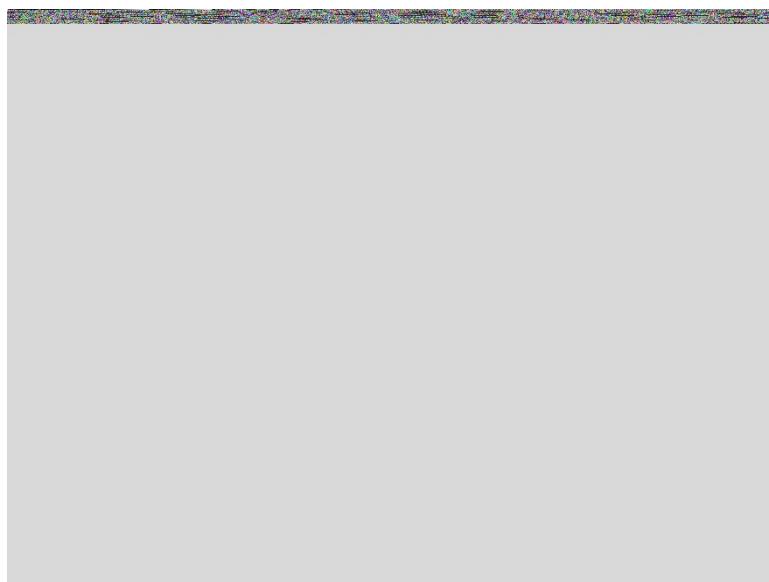
#### Discretization

SETTINGS	
Description	Value
Electric potential	Quadratic

#### Manual terminal sweep settings

SETTINGS	
Description	Value
Activate manual terminal sweep	Off
Reference impedance	50[ohm]

### 2.4.2 Current Conservation 1



Current Conservation 1

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Domain  
Selection                  Domain 1

#### EQUATIONS

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} = Q_{j,v}$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \sigma \mathbf{E} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{J}_e$$

$$\mathbf{E} = -\nabla V$$

## Conduction current

SETTINGS

Description	Value
Electrical conductivity	User defined
Electrical conductivity	$\{\{1, 0, 0\}, \{0, 1, 0\}, \{0, 0, 1\}\}$

## Electric field

SETTINGS

Description	Value
Constitutive relation	Relative permittivity
Relative permittivity	User defined
Relative permittivity	$\{\{80, 0, 0\}, \{0, 80, 0\}, \{0, 0, 80\}\}$

## Coordinate system selection

SETTINGS

Description	Value
Coordinate system	Global coordinate system

## Variables

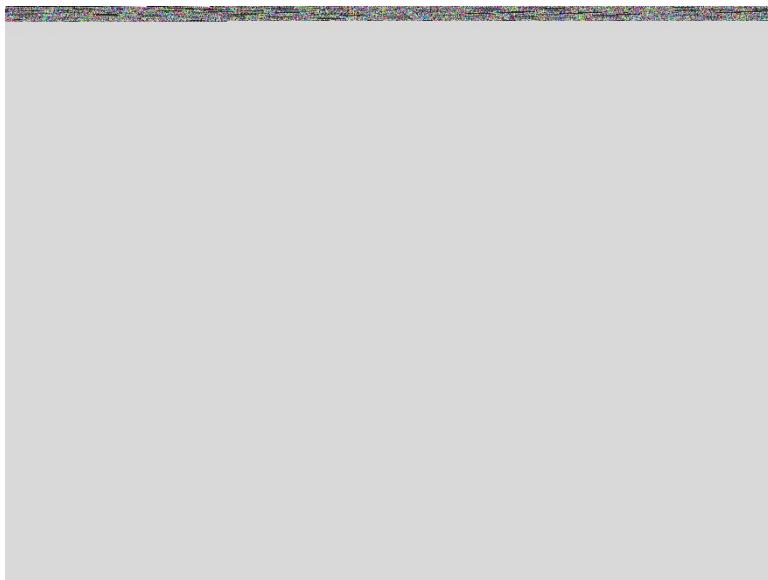
### Shape functions

Name	Shape function	Uni t	Description	Shape frame	Selection
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Spatial	Domain 1
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Material	Domain 1
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Geometry	Domain 1
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Mesh	Domain 1

### Weak expressions

Weak expression	Integration order	Integration frame	Selection
$2*(ec.Jr*test(Vr)+ec.Jz*test(Vz))*e$ $c.d*pi*r$	4	Spatial	Domain 1

### 2.4.3 Axial Symmetry 1



*Axial Symmetry 1*

SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Boundary  
Selection                         Boundary 1

### 2.4.4 Electric Insulation 1



*Electric Insulation 1*

SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Boundary  
Selection                         Boundaries 2, 6–7

## EQUATIONS

$$\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{J} = 0$$

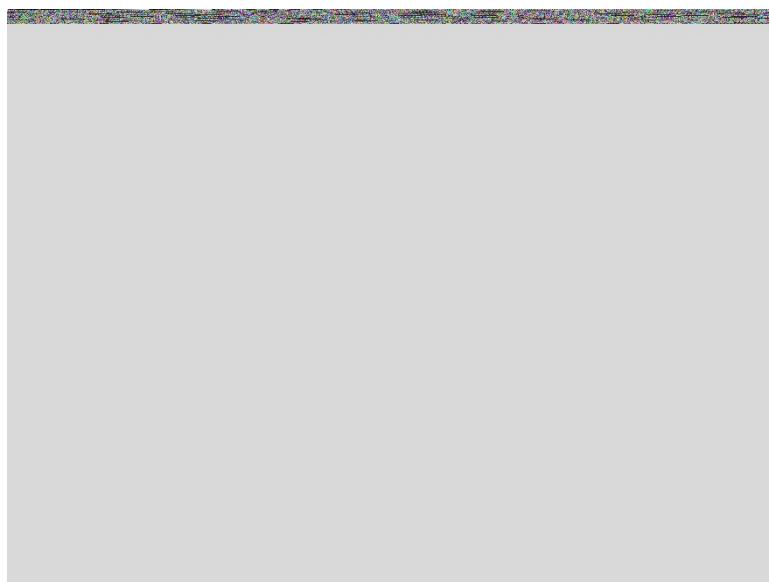
### Variables

Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection	Details
ec.nJ	0	A/m <sup>2</sup>	Normal current density	Boundaries 2, 6–7	+ operation

### Shape functions

Name	Shape function	Unit	Description	Shape frame	Selection	Details
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Spatial	No boundaries	Slit
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Material	No boundaries	Slit
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Geometry	No boundaries	Slit
V	Lagrange (Quadratic)	V	Electric potential	Mesh	No boundaries	Slit

### 2.4.5 Initial Values 1



Initial Values 1

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Domain  
 Selection                    Domain 1

#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
-------------	-------

Description	Value
Electric potential	0

## 2.4.6 Normal Current Density 1



Normal Current Density 1

### SELECTION

Geometric entity level     Boundary  
Selection                 Boundaries 4–5

### EQUATIONS

$$-\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{J} = J_n$$

### Normal current density

#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Type	Inward current density
Normal current density	tds.ntflux_cR*F

### Coordinate system selection

#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Coordinate system	Global coordinate system

### Variables

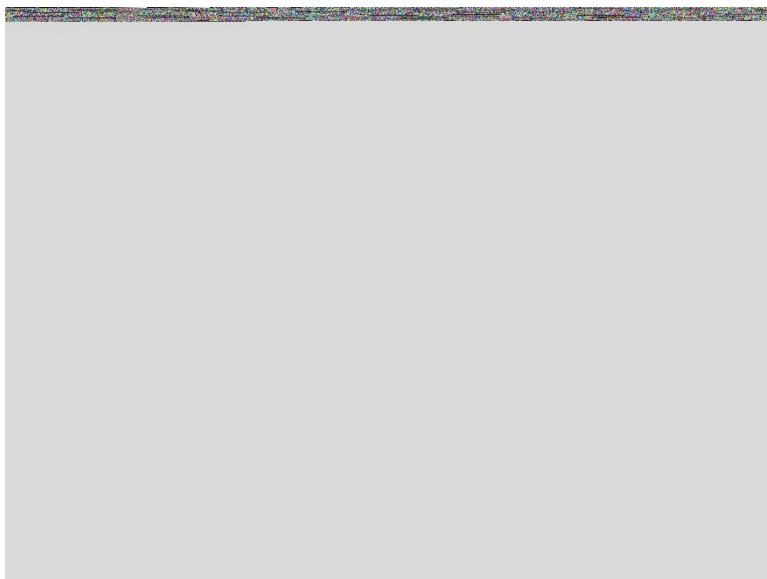
Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection	Details
ec.nJ	ec.ncd1.nJ	A/m <sup>2</sup>	Normal current density	Boundaries 4–5	+ operation

Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection	Details
ec.ncd1.nJ	$tds.ntflux\_cR^* F$	A/m <sup>2</sup>	Normal current density	Boundaries 4–5	

### Weak expressions

Weak expression	Integration order	Integration frame	Selection
$2*ec.d*ec.ncd1.nJ*test(V)*pi*_r$	4	Spatial	Boundaries 4–5

### 2.4.7 Ground 1



Ground 1

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Boundary  
Selection                         Boundary 3

#### EQUATIONS

$$V = 0$$

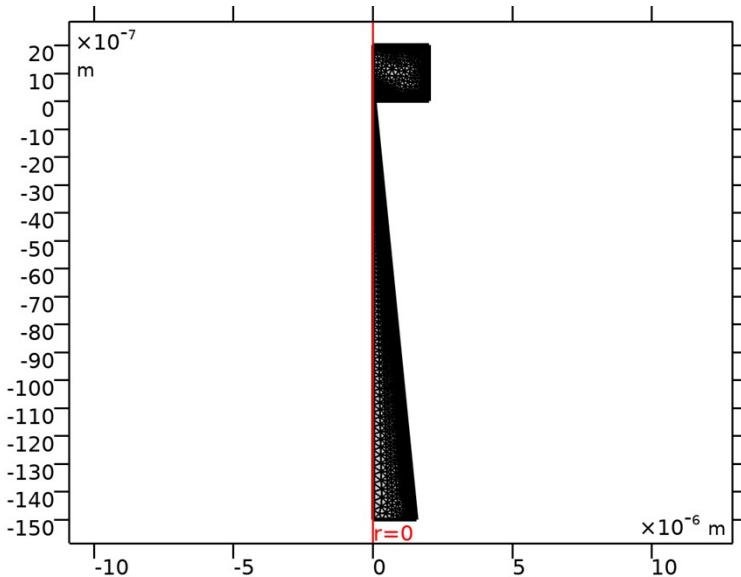
### Variables

Name	Expression	Unit	Description	Selection	Details
ec.nJ	$ec.unr*down(ec.Jr)+ec.unph i*down(ec.Jphi)+ec.unz*do wn(ec.Jz)$	A/m <sup>2</sup>	Normal current density	Boundary 3	+ operation
ec.V0	0	V	Electric potential	Boundary 3	

## Constraints

Constrain	Constraint force	Shape function	Selection	Details
t ec.V0-V	test(ec.V0-V)	Lagrange (Quadratic)	Boundary 3	Elemental

## 2.5 MESH 1



Mesh 1

### 2.5.1 Size (size)

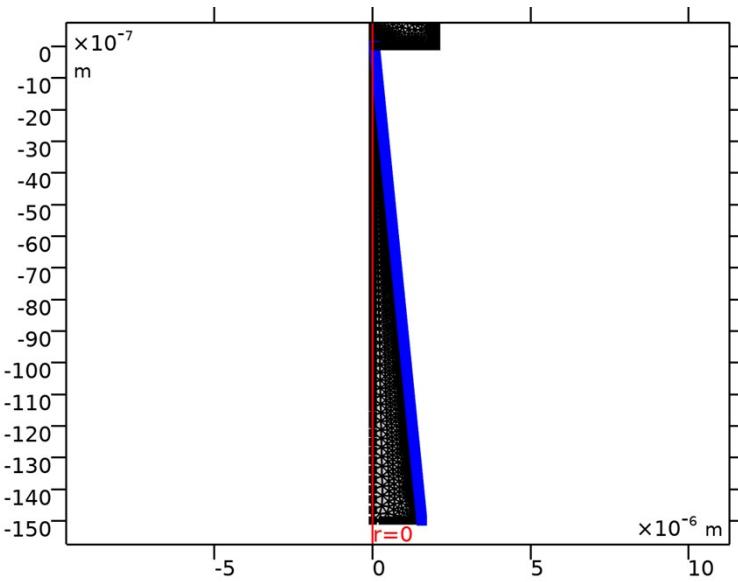
#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Maximum element size	3.4E-7
Minimum element size	1.28E-9
Curvature factor	0.25
Maximum element growth rate	1.2
Predefined size	Extra fine

### 2.5.2 Size 1 (size1)

#### SELECTION

Geometric entity level      Boundary  
 Selection                      Boundaries 4–5



*Size 1*

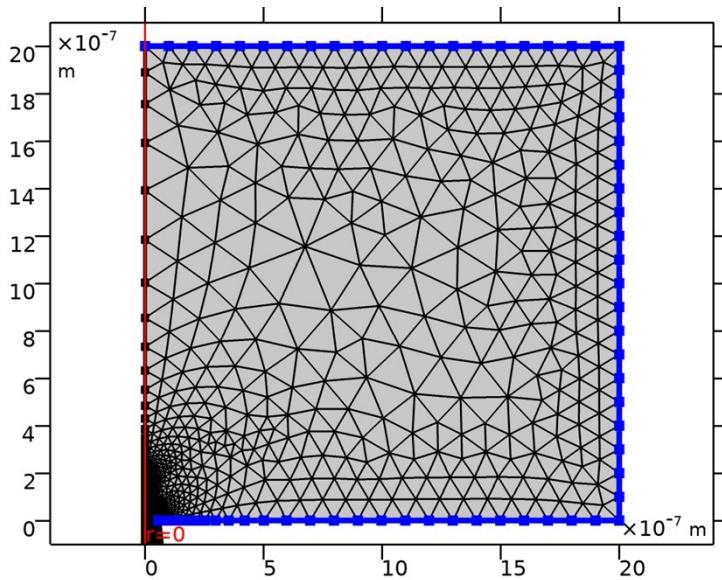
#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Maximum element size	30[nm]
Minimum element size	1.56E-8
Minimum element size	Off
Curvature factor	0.3
Curvature factor	Off
Resolution of narrow regions	Off
Maximum element growth rate	1.3
Maximum element growth rate	Off
Custom element size	Custom

#### 2.5.3 Size 2 (size2)

##### SELECTION

Geometric entity level	Boundary
Selection	Boundaries 3, 6–7



*Size 2*

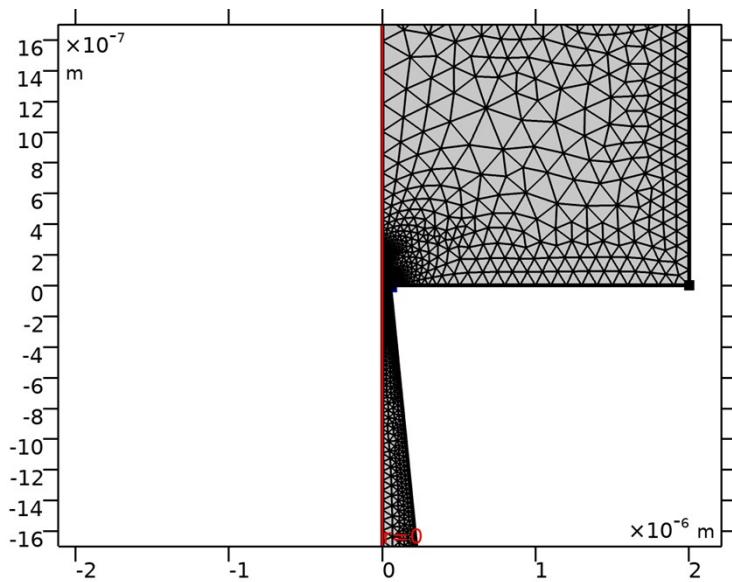
#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Maximum element size	1e-7
Minimum element size	1.56E-8
Minimum element size	Off
Curvature factor	0.3
Curvature factor	Off
Resolution of narrow regions	Off
Maximum element growth rate	1.3
Maximum element growth rate	Off
Custom element size	Custom

#### 2.5.4 Size 3 (size3)

##### SELECTION

Geometric entity level	Point
Selection	Point 3



*Size 3*

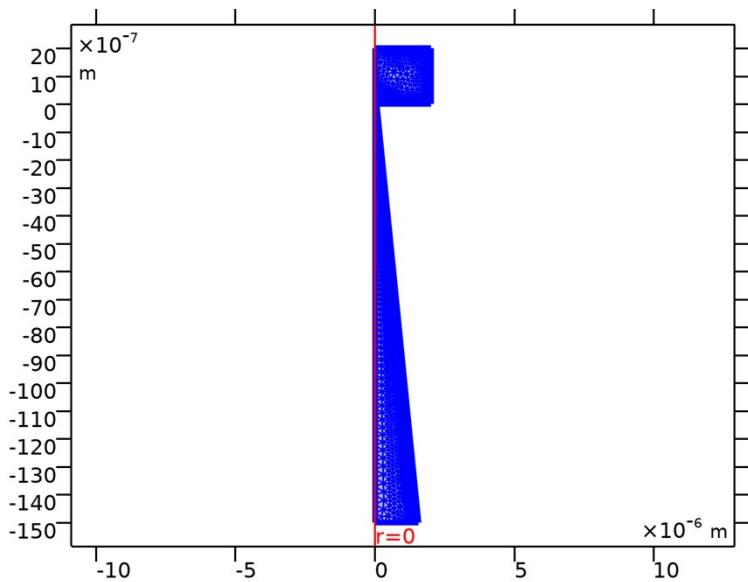
#### SETTINGS

Description	Value
Maximum element size	1e-10
Minimum element size	1.56E-8
Minimum element size	Off
Curvature factor	0.3
Curvature factor	Off
Resolution of narrow regions	Off
Maximum element growth rate	1.3
Maximum element growth rate	Off
Custom element size	Custom

#### 2.5.5 Free Triangular 1 (ftri1)

##### SELECTION

Geometric entity level	Domain
Selection	Remaining



Free Triangular 1

### 3 Study 2

#### COMPUTATION INFORMATION

Computation time 9 min 28 s  
CPU Intel64 Family 6 Model 158 Stepping 10, 6 cores  
Operating system Windows 10

#### 3.1 PARAMETRIC SWEEP

##### Parameter name Parameter value list

1	300
---	-----

#### STUDY SETTINGS

Description	Value
Sweep type	Specified combinations
Parameter name	1
Unit	

#### PARAMETERS

Parameter name	Parameter value list	Parameter unit
1	300	

#### 3.2 TIME DEPENDENT

Times	Uni
range(0,2.8/799,2.8)	s

#### STUDY SETTINGS

Description	Value
Include geometric nonlinearity	Off

#### MESH SELECTION

Geometry	Mesh
mesh1	mesh1

#### PHYSICS AND VARIABLES SELECTION

Physics interface	Discretization
Transport of Diluted Species (tds)	physics
Electric Currents (ec)	physics

#### MESH SELECTION

Geometry	Mesh
Geometry 1 (geom1)	mesh1

### 3.3 SOLVER CONFIGURATIONS

#### 3.3.1 Solution 1

##### Compile Equations: Time Dependent (st1)

STUDY AND STEP

Description	Value
Use study	<u>Study 2</u>
Use study step	<u>Time Dependent</u>

##### Dependent Variables 1 (v1)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Defined by study step	<u>Time Dependent</u>

RESIDUAL SCALING

Description	Value
Method	Manual

INITIAL VALUE CALCULATION CONSTANTS

Constant name	Initial value source
t	range(0,2.8/799,2.8)
timestep	0.0028[s]

##### Concentration (comp1.cCl) (comp1\_cCl)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Field components	comp1.cCl

##### Concentration (comp1.cK) (comp1\_cK)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Field components	comp1.cK

##### Concentration (comp1.cO) (comp1\_cO)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Field components	comp1.cO

##### Concentration (comp1.cR) (comp1\_cR)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Field components	comp1.cR

#### Electric potential (comp1.V) (comp1\_V)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Field components	comp1.V

#### Time-Dependent Solver 1 (t1)

GENERAL

TIME STEPPING

Description	Value
Steps taken by solver	Intermediate
Maximum BDF order	2

#### Fully Coupled 1 (fc1)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Linear solver	<u>Direct 1</u>

METHOD AND TERMINATION

Description	Value
Damping factor	0.9
Jacobian update	Once per time step
Maximum number of iterations	8
Stabilization and acceleration	Anderson acceleration
Dimension of iteration space	5

### 3.3.2 Parametric Solutions 2

#### I=300 (su1)

GENERAL

Description	Value
Solution	I=300

## 4 Results

### 4.1 DERIVED VALUES

#### 4.1.1 Line Integration 1

OUTPUT

Evaluated in [Table 4](#)

DATA

Description	Value
Data set	<a href="#">Study 2/Parametric Solutions 2</a>

EXPRESSIONS

Expression	Uni	Description
tds.ntflux_cR*F	A	t

INTEGRATION SETTINGS

Description	Value
Integration order	4
Compute surface integral	On

#### 4.1.2 Line Average 1

OUTPUT

Evaluated in [Table 3](#)

DATA

Description	Value
Data set	<a href="#">Study 2/Parametric Solutions 2</a>

EXPRESSIONS

Expression	Uni	Description
E	V	t

INTEGRATION SETTINGS

Description	Value
Integration order	4
Compute surface integral	On