

## DOCUMENT S1

### Systematic Synthesis of Bisecting N-glycans and Unique Recognitions by Glycan-Binding Proteins

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# 1. MATERIALS

## 1.1 Key Resource Table (Table S1)

| REAGENT OR RESOURCE   | SOURCE              | CAT#       |
|---|---------------------|------------|
| <b>Antibodies</b>   |                     |            |
| Mouse monoclonal anti-human galectin-3 (clone#194805)                     | R&D Systems         | MAB11541   |
| Mouse monoclonal anti-human CD15s (clone#CSLEX1)                          | BD Biosciences      | 551344     |
| Mouse monoclonal anti-His AF647-conjugated (Clone #AD1.1.10R)             | R&D Systems         | IC0501R    |
| Goat polyclonal anti-mouse IgG(H+L) AF647-conjugated                      | Invitrogen          | A21235     |
| Goat polyclonal anti-human IgG(H+L) AF647-conjugated                      | Invitrogen          | A21445     |
| <b>Glycan-binding proteins</b>  |                     |            |
| Recombinant Calsepa, N-terminal His tag                                   | This study          | N/A        |
| <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> erythroagglutinin (PHA-E), Biotinylated         | Vector Laboratories | B-1125-2   |
| <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> leucoagglutinin (PHA-L), Biotinylated           | Vector Laboratories | B-1115-2   |
| <i>Datura stramonium</i> lectin (DSA, DSL), Biotinylated                  | Vector Laboratories | B-1185-2   |
| <i>Maackia amurensis</i> lectin I (MAL-I), Biotinylated                   | Vector Laboratories | B-1315-2   |
| <i>Sambucus nigra</i> lectin (SNA), Biotinylated                          | Vector Laboratories | B-1305-2   |
| <i>Aleuria aurantia</i> lectin (AAL), Biotinylated                        | Vector Laboratories | B-1395-1   |
| <i>Lotus Tetragonolobus</i> Lectin (LTL), Biotinylated                    | Vector Laboratories | B1325-2    |
| <i>Ulex europaeus</i> agglutinin I (UEA-I), Biotinylated                  | Vector Laboratories | L-1065-2   |
| <i>Ricinus communis</i> agglutinin I (RCA-I), Biotinylated                | Vector Laboratories | B-1085-5   |
| <i>Erythrina cristagalli</i> lectin (ECL), Biotinylated                   | Vector Laboratories | B-1145-5   |
| <i>Wisteria floribunda</i> lectin (WFA, WFL), Biotinylated                | Vector Laboratories | B-1355-2   |
| Wheat germ agglutinin (WGA), Biotinylated                                 | Vector Laboratories | B-1025-5   |
| Concanavalin A (Con A), Biotinylated                                      | Vector Laboratories | B-1005-5   |
| <i>Galanthus nivalis</i> lectin (GNL), Biotinylated                       | Vector Laboratories | B-1245-2   |
| <i>Griffonia simplicifolia</i> lectin II (GS-II), Biotinylated            | Vector Laboratories | B-1215-2   |
| Recombinant Human Galectin-3  | R&D Systems         | 1154-GA    |
| Recombinant human Siglec-3/CD33 Fc Chimera                                | R&D Systems         | 1137-SL    |
| Recombinant human Siglec-10 Fc Chimera                                    | R&D Systems         | 2130-SL    |
| Recombinant Human E-Selectin/CD62E Fc Chimera Protein                     | R&D Systems         | 724-ES     |
| Recombinant Human P-Selectin/CD62P Fc Chimera Protein                     | R&D Systems         | 137-PS     |
| Recombinant Human L-Selectin/CD62L Fc Chimera Protein                     | R&D Systems         | 728-PS     |
| Recombinant Rat CLEC4A2 protein (rDCIR2)                                  | SinoBiological      | 80267-R07H |
| Recombinant A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1) HA protein C-His (PR8)            | bei Resources       | NR-19240   |
| Recombinant A/New York/18/2009 (H1N1) HA protein C-His (NY18)             | bei Resources       | NR-19441   |
| Recombinant A/St. Petersburg/27/2011 (H1N1) pdm09 HA protein C-His (SP27) | bei Resources       | NR-41637   |
| Recombinant A/Czech Republic/32/2011 (H1N1) pdm09 HA protein C-His (CR32) | bei Resources       | NR-42486   |
| Recombinant A/Anhui/1/2013 (H7N9) HA protein C-His (A1)                   | bei Resources       | NR-44365   |
| <b>Other Reagents</b>   |                     |            |
| Streptavidin - Cyanine 5  | Invitrogen          | 434316     |
| Streptavidin - Cyanine 3  | Invitrogen          | SA1010     |
| Calsepa expression plasmid pET15b-His-Calsepa                             | GeneUniversal       | N/A        |
| Nexterion H NHS functionalized slides                                     | Schott AG           | 1070936    |

## 1.2 Other Materials

Unless otherwise stated, chemicals were purchased and used without further purification. Sugar nucleotides, such as uridine 5'-diphospho-galactose (UDP-Gal),<sup>1</sup> guanosine 5'-diphospho-L-fucose (GDP-Fuc),<sup>2</sup> and uridine 5'-diphosphate-*N*-acetylglucosamine (UDP-GlcNAc)<sup>3</sup> were prepared as reported previously. Enzymes including *E. coli*  $\beta$ -galactosidase (LacZ),<sup>4</sup> *Neisseria meningitidis* CMP-sialic acid synthetase (NmCSS),<sup>5</sup> *Pasteurella multocida*  $\alpha$ 2-3 sialyltransferase 1 mutant E271F/R313Y (PmST1-DM),<sup>6</sup> *Pasteurella multocida*  $\alpha$ 2-3 sialyltransferase mutant M144D (PmST1-M144D),<sup>7</sup> *Photobacterium damsela*  $\alpha$ 2-6 sialyltransferase (Pd26ST)<sup>8</sup>, *Helicobacter pylori*  $\beta$ 1-3 *N*-acetylglucosaminyltransferase (HpLgtA),<sup>9</sup> *Helicobacter pylori*  $\alpha$ 1-3 fucosyltransferase C-terminal 66 amino acid truncation (Hp3FT),<sup>10</sup> were expressed and purified as previously described. Bovine  $\beta$ 1-4 galactosyltransferase (b4GalT) was purchased from Sigma.

## 1.3 Cloning and expression of His-tagged Calsepa

Full-length *Calystegia sepium* lectin mRNA (GenBank: U56820.1) was codon optimized (target host: *E. coli*) and cloned into expression vector pET15b using restriction sites NdeI and BamHI (GeneUniversal, Newark, DE). The plasmid pET15b-His-Calsepa was then transformed into *E. coli* BL21(DE3) (New England BioLabs, Ipswich, MA) for overexpression. The strain was grown at 37°C in 1 L of LB medium (Lennox) with 100  $\mu$ g/mL Ampicillin until OD600 reached 0.6–0.8. After cooling the culture on ice for 20 min, isopropyl 1-thio- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside (IPTG) was added to a final concentration of 0.2 mM. Expression was allowed to proceed at 16°C for 20 h. Cells were harvested by brief centrifugation and stored at –20°C until use. To purify soluble recombinant proteins, cells were resuspended in buffer A (20 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 0.3 M NaCl, 15 mM imidazole), and disrupted by a cell disruption X2 pro (Constant Systems Ltd. UK). The lysate was cleared by centrifugation (12,000  $\times$  g, 30 min, 4°C) and loaded onto a 3 mL Ni-NTA gravity column preequilibrated with buffer A. The column was then washed with 200 mL of buffer A and 200 mL of buffer B (20 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 0.3M NaCl, 40 mM imidazole). The protein was finally eluted with buffer C (20 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 0.3 M NaCl, 250 mM imidazole) and desalted against buffer D (50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 0.1 M NaCl) for use.

>Codon optimized Calsepa DNA:

```
GCTGTGCCTATGGATACCATTAGCGGTCCGTGGGGTAATAATGGCGGTAATTTTTGGAGCTTTCGTC
CGGTTAATAAGATTAATCAGATTGTGATTAGCTACGGCGGCGGCGGTAATAATCCGATTGCCCTGAC
CTTTAGTAGCACCAAAGCAGATGGCAGTAAAGATACCATTACCGTGGGTGGTGGTGGTCCGGATAG
TATTACCGGTACCGAAATGGTGAATATTGGCACCGATGAATATCTGACCGGCATTAGTGGCACCTTT
GGCATCTATCTGGATAATAATGTTCTGCGTAGTATTACCTTTACCACCAATCTGAAAGCACATGGCC
CGTATGGCCAGAAAGTTGGTACCCCGTTTAGTAGCGCAAATGTGGTTGGTAATGAAATTGTTGGCTT
TCTGGGTCGCAGTGGTTATTATGTGGATGCAATTGGTACCTATAATCGTCATAAATAA
```

>Peptide sequence of His6-tagged Calsepa

```
MGSSHHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMAVPMDTISGPW
GNNGGNFWSFRPVNKNQIVISYGGGGNNPIALT
FSSTKADGSKDTITVGGGGPDSITGTEMVNIGTD
EYLTGISGTFGIYLDNNVLRISITFTNLKAHGPLYG
QKVGTPFSSANVVGNEIVGFLGRSGYYVDAIGTY
NRHK
```

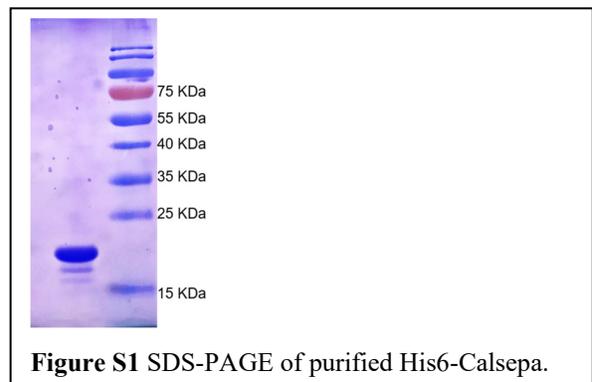


Figure S1 SDS-PAGE of purified His6-Calsepa.

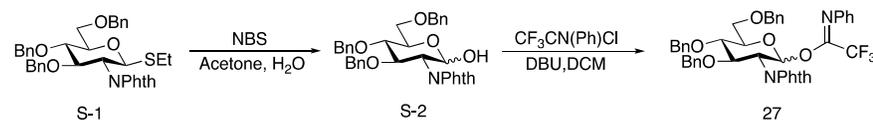
## 2. CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS OF CORE STRUCTURES 7 AND 7i

ESI-mass spectrometry were performed on an LTQ-Orbitrap Elite mass spectrometer (Thermo Fisher) equipped with EASY-spray source and nano-LC Ultimate 3000 high-performance liquid chromatography system (Thermo Fisher). Samples were transmitted into MS with a silica column. LTQ-Orbitrap Elite mass spectrometer was operated in the data-dependent mode. A full-scan survey MS experiment ( $m/z$  range was set according to the molecular weight of N-glycan; automatic gain control target, 1,000,000 ions; resolution at 400  $m/z$ , 240,000; maximum ion accumulation time, 200 ms) was acquired by the Orbitrap mass spectrometer.

MALDI-TOF MS analyses were performed on UltrafleXtreme MALDI TOF/TOF Mass Spectrometer (Bruker). Scan range of MS was set according to the molecular weight of N-glycans, and reflector mode was used for glycan analysis. Mass spectra were obtained in both positive and negative extraction mode with the following voltage settings: ion source 1 (19.0 kV), ion source 2 (15.9 kV), and lens (9.3 kV). The reflector voltage was set to 20 kV. The laser was pulsed at 7 Hz and the pulsed ion extraction time was set at 400 ns. The laser power was kept in the range of 40–90%.

Anhydrous dichloromethane (DCM), TMSOTf, TfOH, PTSA $\times$ H<sub>2</sub>O, solid sodium methoxide and FmocOSu was purchased from Sigma Aldrich. TFA was purchased from Alfa Aesar. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AVANCE 400 (400 MHz) or Bruker AVANCE 600 (600 MHz) spectrometer at 25°C. All <sup>1</sup>H Chemical shifts (in ppm) were assigned according to CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  = 7.24 ppm) and D<sub>2</sub>O ( $\delta$  = 4.79 ppm) and all <sup>13</sup>C NMR was calibrated with CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  = 77.00 ppm).

### Compound 27:

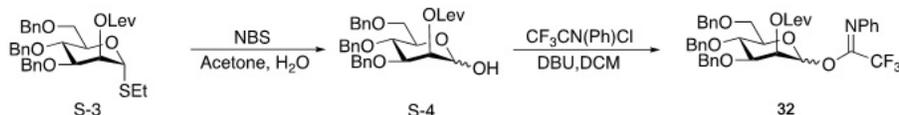


Comp. **S-1**<sup>11</sup> (21.0 g, 33.7 mmol) was dissolved in mixed solvents of acetone (500 ml) and H<sub>2</sub>O (50 ml). The solution was then cooled to -20°C before NBS (30.00 g, 168.5 mmol) was added. After about 5 mins, **S-1** was completely converted to **S-2**. Saturated Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution was added to the mixture to quench the reaction. The solution was concentrated by rotavapor to remove acetone. Then dichloromethane (DCM) was added to the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM twice. The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. Crude **S-2** was directly used for next step without purification.

**S-2** was dissolved in anhydrous DCM (200 ml) and the solution was cooled to 0°C. CF<sub>3</sub>(NPh)COCl (27.4 mL, 168.5mmol) was added to the above solution before DBU (5.10 mL, 33.7 mmol) was slowly added under 0°C. The reaction was slowly warmed to 25°C and stirred for 2 h. The solution was directly concentrated under reduced pressure and the mixture was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **27** (17.1 g) with a yield of 67% over the 2 steps.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  7.76 – 7.62 (m, 4H), 7.41 – 7.25 (m, 8H), 7.25 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.06 – 6.94 (m, 3H), 6.92 – 6.80 (m, 3H), 6.63 (s, 2H), 4.87 – 4.74 (m, 2H), 4.71 – 4.60 (m, 2H), 4.57 (d,  $J$  = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d,  $J$  = 12.3 Hz, 3H), 3.87 (t,  $J$  = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81 – 3.63 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.48, 142.89, 137.78, 137.68, 133.84, 131.33, 128.49, 128.45, 128.41, 128.35, 128.01, 127.91, 127.86, 127.82, 127.81, 127.67, 127.49, 127.36, 126.88, 124.27, 123.35, 119.20, 93.32, 78.81, 78.62, 77.32, 77.00, 76.68, 75.66, 74.98, 74.82, 73.37, 67.75, 54.90, -0.07. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>37</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>Na (M + Na)<sup>+</sup> 773.2451; found 773.2420.

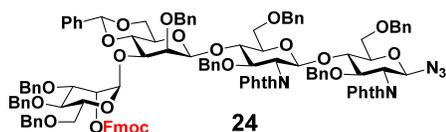
### Compound 32:



Compound **32** was prepared with a similar manner of **27** from the corresponding Ethyl thio donor **S-3**<sup>12</sup> (5 g, 5.8 mmol). Yield (4.9 g, 82%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  7.40 – 7.28 (m, 15H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 5.54 – 5.47 (m, 1H), 4.90 (d,  $J$  = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d,  $J$  = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J$  = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d,  $J$  = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (dd,  $J$  = 11.3, 4.2 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (dd,  $J$  = 8.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.86 (dd,  $J$  = 11.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.81 – 3.74 (m, 1H), 2.78 – 2.71 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  206.08, 171.72, 143.19, 138.06, 137.99, 137.52, 128.70, 128.40, 128.35, 128.23, 128.04, 127.90, 127.82, 127.78, 127.65, 124.37, 119.35, 77.41, 77.21, 77.00, 76.79, 75.41, 73.95, 73.58, 73.42, 72.08, 68.44, 67.50, 37.90, 29.74, 28.02. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>40</sub>H<sub>40</sub>F<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>8</sub>Na (M + Na)<sup>+</sup> 742.2604; found 742.2630.

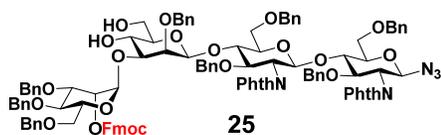
### Compound 24:



Compound **22** (4.23 g, 3.20 mmol)<sup>13</sup>, **23** (3.43 g, 4.80 mmol)<sup>14</sup> and powdered 4Å molecular sieves (10 g) was dissolved in anhydrous DCM (100 ml). The solution was stirred at 25°C for 30 mins and then cooled to -20°C. NIS (1.0 g, 4.8 mmol) and AgOTf (82.2 mg, 0.32 mmol) was added to the solution at -20°C. The reaction was allowed to reach RT and stirred until completion. The solution was filtrated to remove molecular sieves and quenched by 100 mL of saturated 1:1 saturated aq. Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×150 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **24** (5.81 g, 92%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.90 (s, 1H), 7.81-7.61(m, 11H), 7.48 – 7.15 (m, 39H), 6.96 (dd,  $J$  = 22.5, 9.1 Hz, 7H), 6.81 (s, 3H), 5.54 – 5.40 (m, 3H), 5.33 (d,  $J$  = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d,  $J$  = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.00 – 4.82 (m, 5H), 4.78 – 4.47 (m, 10H), 4.40 (dd,  $J$  = 15.9, 12.7 Hz, 3H), 4.34 – 3.96 (m, 12H), 3.91-3.73 (m, 5H), 3.63 (t,  $J$  = 12.7 Hz, 2H), 3.54-3.41 (dt,  $J$  = 18.6, 10.1 Hz, 4H), 3.26 (d,  $J$  = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  168.61, 167.69, 154.74, 143.66, 143.49, 141.40, 141.33, 138.96, 138.57, 138.49, 138.35, 138.30, 137.99, 137.93, 137.38, 133.90, 131.67, 130.37, 128.84, 128.73, 128.57, 128.45, 128.38, 128.14, 128.06, 127.99, 127.96, 127.92, 127.84, 127.80, 127.72, 127.67, 127.61, 127.51, 127.30, 127.11, 127.04, 126.08, 125.55, 125.37, 125.10, 123.81, 123.47, 120.10, 120.08, 101.56, 101.36, 100.10, 98.54, 97.20, 85.71, 78.90, 78.80, 78.58, 78.11, 77.36, 76.93, 76.63, 75.80, 75.62, 75.38, 74.90, 74.73, 74.40, 73.63, 73.37, 72.94, 72.58, 72.38, 71.78, 70.35, 69.25, 68.53, 67.87, 67.04, 56.68, 55.35, 46.70; HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>118</sub>H<sub>110</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>24</sub> (M + H)<sup>+</sup> 1980.7541; found 1980.7536.

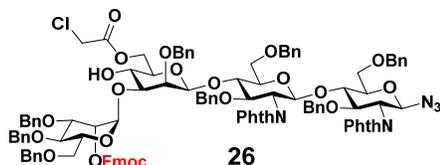
### Compound 25:



TsOH.H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mg, 0.53 mmol) and EtSH (1.18 mL, 15.9 mmol) was added to a solution of compound **24** (5.40 g, 2.70 mmol) in DCM (50 ml). The solution was stirred at 25°C until completion and quenched by adding saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>(aq). The aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×100 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **25** (4.30 g, 84%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dq, *J* = 7.6, 0.9 Hz, 3H), 7.69 – 7.63 (m, 4H), 7.59 (ddq, *J* = 16.4, 7.5, 0.9 Hz, 3H), 7.40 (tdd, *J* = 7.5, 2.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.36 – 7.24 (m, 26H), 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 8H), 7.07 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.97 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 – 6.84 (m, 3H), 6.82 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 6.78 – 6.74 (m, 3H), 5.62 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 6.6 Hz, 3H), 4.74 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 4.3 Hz, 2H), 4.59 – 4.49 (m, 10H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.38 – 4.32 (m, 1H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.26 – 4.14 (m, 7H), 4.08 – 3.93 (m, 5H), 3.82 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.76 – 3.71 (m, 2H), 3.64 (dt, *J* = 11.2, 2.1 Hz, 2H), 3.61 – 3.55 (m, 2H), 3.48 (ddd, *J* = 9.8, 7.4, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 3.45 – 3.38 (m, 3H), 3.23 (dt, *J* = 10.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.05 (ddd, *J* = 9.2, 5.7, 3.3 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 168.45, 167.51, 154.64, 143.44, 143.21, 141.23, 141.17, 138.48, 138.38, 138.20, 138.16, 137.79, 137.72, 137.55, 134.06, 133.81, 131.68, 131.50, 131.34, 128.57, 128.41, 128.30, 128.27, 128.24, 128.18, 128.05, 127.89, 127.82, 127.77, 127.66, 127.42, 127.36, 127.33, 127.24, 127.13, 127.05, 126.99, 126.93, 125.40, 125.16, 123.64, 123.31, 123.10, 119.97, 119.93, 101.05, 97.07, 85.53, 80.76, 79.11, 78.59, 77.86, 76.79, 76.47, 75.81, 75.30, 75.01, 74.67, 74.49, 73.56, 73.28, 72.93, 72.75, 71.86, 71.67, 70.22, 69.47, 67.69, 67.59, 66.32, 62.55, 56.42, 55.18, 46.49. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C<sub>111</sub>H<sub>106</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>24</sub> (M + H)<sup>+</sup> 1892.7228; found 1892.7265.

### Compound 26:

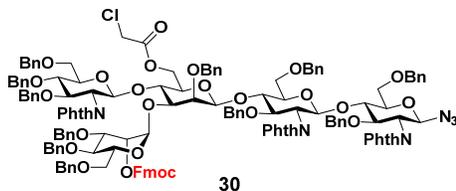


Chloroacetic anhydride (410 mg, 2.40 mmol) and *s*-collidine (1.33mL, 10.0 mmol) was added to a solution of compound **25** (3.80 g, 2.00 mmol) in DCM (100 ml) at 0°C. The solution was stirred for 1h at 0°C and stirred at RT until completion before quenched by adding 1 mL of MeOH. Brine was added the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×100 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **26** (3.59 g, 91%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 3H), 7.70 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.56 (m, 7H), 7.39 (tdd, *J* = 7.5, 2.6, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.14 (m, 36H), 7.08 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.97 – 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.81 – 6.73 (m, 9H), 5.62 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.28 – 5.23 (m, 2H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.91 – 4.83 (m, 3H), 4.73 (dd, *J* = 19.9, 11.5 Hz, 2H), 4.60 – 4.54 (m, 5H), 4.51 (td, *J* = 12.3, 11.8, 4.6 Hz, 5H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.40 – 4.33 (m, 2H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 4.26 – 4.12 (m, 8H), 4.07 – 4.02 (m, 3H), 4.02 – 3.98 (m, 1H), 3.96 – 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.88 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (q, *J* = 3.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (ddd, *J* = 9.6, 5.5, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.62 – 3.54 (m, 2H), 3.51 – 3.44 (m, 2H), 3.44 – 3.37 (m, 2H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (ddt, *J* = 9.9, 7.6, 2.2 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 168.26, 167.55, 154.61, 143.40, 143.20, 141.21, 141.15, 138.80, 138.37, 138.35, 138.18, 138.12, 137.76, 137.47, 133.89, 133.70, 131.71, 131.45, 131.33, 128.57, 128.53, 128.45, 128.41, 128.34, 128.28, 128.24, 128.20, 128.14, 128.09, 127.99, 127.97, 127.90, 127.86, 127.82, 127.79, 127.76, 127.71, 127.65, 127.63, 127.51, 127.45, 127.37, 127.33, 127.29, 127.11, 127.09, 126.92, 126.75, 125.35, 125.13, 123.48, 123.28, 123.05, 119.95,

119.92, 101.49, 97.13, 96.93, 85.49, 80.36, 79.07, 78.85, 77.85, 76.89, 76.71, 76.43, 75.16, 75.00, 74.60, 74.55, 74.42, 74.39, 73.78, 73.56, 73.22, 72.81, 72.70, 71.83, 71.64, 70.19, 69.45, 67.65, 65.74, 64.85, 56.38, 55.14, 46.47, 40.65, -0.05. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $C_{113}H_{107}ClN_5O_{25}$  ( $M + H$ )<sup>+</sup> 1968.6944; found 1968.7000.

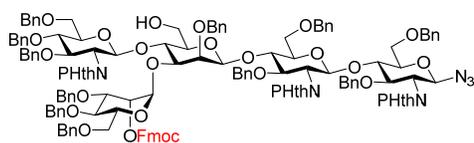
### Compound 30:



Compound **26** (3.23 g, 1.64 mmol), **27** (2.46g, 3.28 mmol) and powdered 4Å molecular sieves (10 g) was dissolved in anhydrous DCM (100 mL). The solution was stirred at 25°C for 30 mins and then cooled to -30°C. TfOH (58  $\mu$ L, 0.66 mmol) was added to the solution at -30° and the solution was stirred at -30°C for 1h and slowly warmed to 25°C within 2h. The solution was quenched by 50  $\mu$ L of Et<sub>3</sub>N and filtrated to remove molecular sieves. Saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>(aq) was added to the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×100 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using toluene and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **30** (3.68 g, 89%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.85 (d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d,  $J$  = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dd,  $J$  = 7.5, 3.0 Hz, 3H), 7.70 (d,  $J$  = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (s, 5H), 7.59 (d,  $J$  = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.41 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 18H), 7.24 – 7.17 (m, 11H), 7.17 – 7.05 (m, 11H), 7.00 (q,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 3H), 6.92 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.84 – 6.80 (m, 3H), 6.76 – 6.66 (m, 11H), 5.77 (s, 1H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 5.23 (d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d,  $J$  = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d,  $J$  = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (dd,  $J$  = 12.6, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 4.77 – 4.71 (m, 4H), 4.67 – 4.62 (m, 2H), 4.59 (dd,  $J$  = 11.7, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 4.55–4.52 (m, 3H), 4.50 – 4.46 (m, 4H), 4.45 – 4.34 (m, 7H), 4.26 – 4.22 (m, 3H), 4.16 – 4.12 (m, 5H), 4.08 (d,  $J$  = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (dd,  $J$  = 15.6, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.92– 3.78 (m, 7H), 3.75 – 3.66 (m, 6H), 3.51 (t,  $J$  = 10.0 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (dd,  $J$  = 13.1, 6.0 Hz, 3H), 3.21 (dd,  $J$  = 10.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (d,  $J$  = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd,  $J$  = 9.6, 4.1 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.58, 166.67, 155.29, 144.49, 143.62, 141.37, 141.12, 138.90, 138.60, 138.52, 138.33, 138.25, 138.21, 138.06, 137.93, 137.85, 133.78, 128.48, 128.40, 128.36, 128.30, 128.26, 128.24, 128.03, 128.00, 127.93, 127.88, 127.84, 127.77, 127.73, 127.63, 127.57, 127.52, 127.45, 127.42, 127.36, 127.22, 127.14, 126.93, 126.84, 126.04, 125.40, 119.95, 100.63, 99.77, 97.12, 96.55, 85.53, 80.16, 79.22, 78.22, 78.19, 77.68, 76.72, 76.67, 75.87, 75.39, 75.14, 74.99, 74.65, 74.57, 74.43, 74.35, 74.00, 73.42, 73.39, 72.93, 72.77, 72.67, 72.25, 72.05, 71.44, 71.28, 70.75, 69.68, 69.61, 67.66, 67.56, 63.96, 56.47, 55.95, 55.22, 46.89, 40.53. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $C_{148}H_{138}ClN_6O_{31}$  ( $M + H$ )<sup>+</sup> 2529.9095; found 2529.9142.

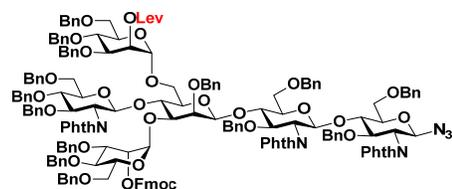
### Compound 31:



Thiourea (1.81 g, 23.8 mmol) and 2,6-lutidine (2.78 mL, 23.8 mmol) was added to a solution of compound **30** (3.00 g, 1.19 mmol) in MeOH (50 ml) at 25°C. The solution was warmed to 65°C and stirred for 12 h until no compound **30** was detected by TLC. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove MeOH and DCM, brine was added to the mixture. The aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×100 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **31** (2.54 g, 87%).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.85 (t,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 2H), 7.76 – 7.63 (m, 15H), 7.39 – 7.27 (m, 20H), 7.23 – 7.11 (m, 16H), 7.08 - 6.99 (m, 6H), 6.93 - 6.90 (m, 3H), 6.86 – 6.82 (m, 5H), 6.74 – 6.67 (m, 8H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 5.25 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d,  $J = 9.4$  Hz, 1H), 5.02 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d,  $J = 11.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.83 (dd,  $J = 12.8, 5.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.79 (d,  $J = 12.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d,  $J = 10.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.65 (dd,  $J = 9.3, 5.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.59 (dd,  $J = 11.6, 8.9$  Hz, 2H), 4.56 – 4.48 (m, 7H), 4.46 - 4.37 (m, 4H), 4.34 (dd,  $J = 12.1, 7.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.30 – 4.24 (m, 3H), 4.21 (s, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 2H), 4.15 (d,  $J = 5.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.10 (dd,  $J = 11.1, 9.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.04 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.93 (d,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.89 – 3.83 (m, 4H), 3.81 – 3.78 (m, 1H), 3.76 – 3.71 (m, 2H), 3.68 (d,  $J = 10.2$  Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 3.52 (dd,  $J = 14.0, 10.8$  Hz, 2H), 3.41 – 3.33 (m, 4H), 3.23 (dd,  $J = 10.8, 2.4$  Hz, 1H), 3.17 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.10 (s, 1H), 2.51 – 2.49 (m, 1H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.41, 167.55, 155.24, 144.47, 143.63, 141.35, 141.10, 138.63, 138.49, 138.37, 138.29, 138.19, 138.09, 138.05, 137.69, 133.73, 128.44, 128.42, 128.34, 128.33, 128.30, 128.28, 128.23, 128.07, 128.04, 128.00, 127.94, 127.90, 127.87, 127.86, 127.81, 127.75, 127.67, 127.65, 127.59, 127.53, 127.46, 127.37, 127.20, 127.11, 126.91, 126.02, 125.41, 123.32, 119.91, 119.78, 100.31, 99.82, 97.18, 96.65, 85.53, 80.20, 79.08, 78.26, 77.91, 76.67, 75.51, 75.21, 75.11, 74.82, 74.70, 74.63, 74.54, 74.45, 74.39, 74.20, 73.36, 73.19, 72.99, 72.79, 72.18, 72.09, 71.43, 70.69, 69.64, 67.68, 67.44, 61.54, 56.46, 55.96, 55.22, 46.88. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{146}\text{H}_{137}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{30}(\text{M} + \text{H})^+$  2453.9379; found 2453.9298

### Compound 33:

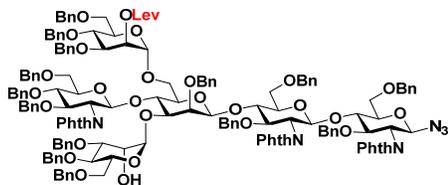


Compound **31** (2.20 g, 0.90 mmol), **32** (1.29 g, 1.80 mmol) and 4Å molecular sieve (5 g) was dissolved in anhydrous DCM (50 mL). The solution was stirred at 25°C for 30 mins and then cooled to -78°C. TfOH (32  $\mu\text{L}$ , 0.66 mmol) was added to the solution at -78° and the solution was stirred at -78°C for 1h and slowly warmed to 25°C within 2h. The solution was quenched by  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  and filtrated to remove molecular sieve. Saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3(\text{aq})$  was added to the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×50 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography to obtain compound **33** (2.23 g, 83%).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform- $d$ )  $\delta$  7.86 (dd,  $J = 7.4, 1.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.59 (m, 12H), 7.48 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.22 (m, 32H), 7.22 – 7.10 (m, 28H), 7.09 – 7.02 (m, 7H), 6.97 (td,  $J = 7.6, 2.2$  Hz, 3H), 6.89 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.83 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 6.80 – 6.76 (m, 1H), 6.72 – 6.66 (m, 6H), 6.66 – 6.60 (m, 3H), 6.58 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 5.79 (dd,  $J = 3.3, 1.8$  Hz, 1H), 5.35 – 5.31 (m, 2H), 5.18 (dd,  $J = 19.0, 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 5.11 (d,  $J = 9.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d,  $J = 1.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.88 (dd,  $J = 25.2, 11.7$  Hz, 2H), 4.81 – 4.75 (m, 3H), 4.73 – 4.62 (m, 7H), 4.60 – 4.44 (m, 14H), 4.40 – 4.35 (m, 4H), 4.33 (d,  $J = 11.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 2H), 4.28 – 4.21 (m, 3H), 4.20 – 4.13 (m, 3H), 4.11 – 4.06 (m, 3H), 4.05 – 3.96 (m, 3H), 3.94 – 3.84 (m, 7H), 3.84 – 3.77 (m, 4H), 3.76 – 3.70 (m, 4H), 3.69 – 3.64 (m, 2H), 3.61 (d,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H), 3.46 (ddd,  $J = 16.6, 9.9, 2.3$  Hz, 3H), 3.36 (dd,  $J = 9.8, 2.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.33 – 3.28 (m, 2H), 3.19 (dd,  $J = 11.1, 2.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.09 (dt,  $J = 9.8, 2.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.55 (ddd,  $J = 9.8, 3.7, 1.5$  Hz, 1H), 2.29 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 2.18 – 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.87 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (151 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  206.33, 170.92, 167.96, 167.38, 155.28, 144.61, 143.69, 141.36, 141.08, 139.02, 138.82, 138.73, 138.69, 138.53, 138.49, 138.43, 138.25, 138.17, 138.09, 138.04, 137.84, 133.74, 133.51, 131.79, 131.51, 129.07, 128.67, 128.46, 128.36, 128.30, 128.27, 128.24, 128.19, 128.11, 128.03, 127.97, 127.91, 127.83, 127.76, 127.70, 127.67, 127.63, 127.57, 127.52, 127.47, 127.41, 127.35, 127.31, 127.27, 127.20, 127.16, 127.10, 127.07, 126.88, 126.10, 125.43, 123.39, 123.10, 119.90, 119.76, 101.18, 99.98, 98.26, 97.12, 96.47, 85.47, 80.13, 79.12, 79.01, 78.78, 78.40, 78.13, 77.26, 77.05, 76.84, 76.30, 75.91, 75.47,

75.10, 75.04, 74.83, 74.65, 74.60, 74.48, 74.39, 74.23, 73.70, 73.58, 73.38, 73.35, 72.89, 72.71, 72.13, 72.08, 71.64, 71.38, 70.75, 70.44, 69.54, 69.08, 68.44, 67.66, 67.60, 65.33, 56.51, 55.89, 55.20, 46.91, 37.87, 29.78, 29.61, 27.93, 0.03. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $C_{178}H_{171}N_6O_7$  ( $M + H$ )<sup>+</sup> 2984.1684; found 2984.1675.

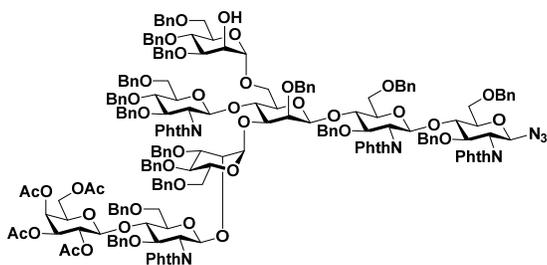
### Compound 34:



To a solution of compound **33** (2.00 g, 0.67 mmol) in DCM (30 ml) was added  $Et_3N$  (10 ml) at 25°C. The solution was stirred for 24h until no compound **33** was detected by TLC. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure and the mixture was directly purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **34** (1.54 g, 84%).

$^1H$  NMR (600 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.77 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 2H), 7.70 - 7.58 (m, 8H), 7.50 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2H), 7.31 - 7.27 (m, 16H), 7.25 - 7.08 (m, 38H), 7.05 - 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.95 (dd,  $J = 7.7, 1.5$  Hz, 2H), 6.90 - 6.85 (m, 5H), 6.80 (d,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 2H), 6.75 - 6.70 (m, 3H), 6.65 (t,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 6.56 (t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 1H), 5.31 (d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 1H), 5.29 (dd,  $J = 3.1, 1.9$  Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d,  $J = 9.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d,  $J = 1.5$  Hz, 1H), 4.89 (q,  $J = 12.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.82 - 4.73 (m, 5H), 4.69 (d,  $J = 13.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d,  $J = 11.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.62 - 4.58 (m, 2H), 4.57 - 4.55 (m, 3H), 4.53 - 4.46 (m, 6H), 4.44 (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.42 - 4.37 (m, 8H), 4.33 - 4.32 (m, 1H), 4.30 - 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.18 (dd,  $J = 10.8, 8.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.11 - 4.09 (m, 2H), 4.04 - 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.91 (dd,  $J = 9.8, 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 3.86 - 3.73 (m, 11H), 3.69 - 3.62 (m, 5H), 3.58 (d,  $J = 11.5$  Hz, 1H), 3.51 (dd,  $J = 13.8, 7.0$  Hz, 2H), 3.46 (d,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.40 (dd,  $J = 12.2, 3.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.34 - 3.30 (m, 2H), 3.27 (dd,  $J = 11.1, 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.09 (d,  $J = 9.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd,  $J = 9.5, 2.5$  Hz, 1H), 2.35 - 2.16 (m, 4H), 1.91 (s, 3H).  $^{13}C$  NMR (150 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  206.36, 171.17, 168.01, 167.43, 139.03, 138.79, 138.63, 138.57, 138.55, 138.45, 138.30, 138.21, 138.10, 137.98, 137.86, 137.73, 134.05, 133.80, 133.58, 131.86, 131.57, 128.66, 128.55, 128.50, 128.48, 128.42, 128.41, 128.32, 128.31, 128.30, 128.20, 128.13, 128.11, 128.06, 127.88, 127.86, 127.85, 127.83, 127.76, 127.73, 127.70, 127.66, 127.62, 127.58, 127.49, 127.42, 127.40, 127.33, 127.31, 126.97, 126.94, 123.55, 123.46, 123.16, 101.74, 101.07, 98.04, 97.75, 97.14, 85.53, 79.61, 79.43, 79.18, 79.12, 78.71, 77.98, 77.61, 76.84, 76.76, 76.02, 75.51, 75.25, 75.21, 75.01, 74.93, 74.83, 74.72, 74.37, 74.34, 74.26, 74.22, 73.45, 73.40, 73.29, 73.06, 72.79, 72.34, 72.19, 71.74, 71.47, 69.74, 69.12, 68.74, 68.54, 68.48, 67.68, 65.43, 56.58, 56.53, 55.27, 37.91, 29.70, 28.03. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $C_{163}H_{161}N_6O_{35}$  ( $M + H$ )<sup>+</sup> 2762.1003; found 2762.0928

### Compound 36:



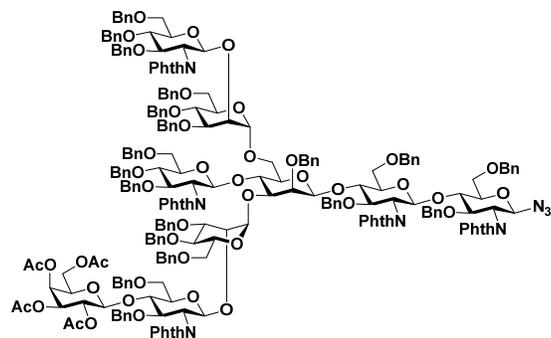
Compound **34** (700 mg, 0.25 mmol), **35** (471 mg, 0.50 mmol)<sup>15</sup> and 4Å molecular sieves (1.5 g) was dissolved in anhydrous DCM (15 mL). The solution was stirred at 25°C for 30 mins and then cooled to -30°C. TfOH (5  $\mu$ L, 0.10 mmol) was added to the solution at -30° and the solution was stirred at -30°C for 1h and slowly warmed to 25°C

within 2h. The solution was quenched by 5  $\mu\text{L}$  of  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  and filtrated to remove molecular sieves. Saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3(\text{aq})$  was added to the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM ( $2 \times 20$  mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was used in the next step without purification.

To a solution of above crude compound in DCM (10 ml) and MeOH (1ml) was added  $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{HOAc}$  (22 mg, 0.24 mmol) at 25  $^\circ\text{C}$ . The solution was stirred for 4h and monitored by TLC. The solution was quenched by saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3(\text{aq})$  and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM ( $2 \times 30$  mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **36** (392 mg, 49% over two steps).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.75 (d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2H), 7.69 – 7.62 (m, 8H), 7.51 (d,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 4H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 11H), 7.25 – 7.01 (m, 48H), 6.98 – 6.89 (m, 12H), 6.86 – 6.84 (m, 3H), 6.77 (d,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 2H), 6.72 – 6.70 (m, 3H), 6.64 (t,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 6.58 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 2H), 5.57 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 5.25 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1H), 5.18 – 5.12 (m, 5H), 4.99 (d,  $J = 1.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.90 (d,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.86 – 4.81 (m, 5H), 4.78 (d,  $J = 11.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.75 – 4.70 (m, 6H), 4.63 (d,  $J = 11.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.55 – 4.48 (m, 5H), 4.45 – 4.36 (m, 13H), 4.33 (dd,  $J = 11.5, 4.9$  Hz, 2H), 4.27 – 4.18 (m, 7H), 4.10 – 3.91 (m, 14H), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.78 – 3.67 (m, 8H), 3.63 (d,  $J = 9.4$  Hz, 1H), 3.60 – 3.45 (m, 7H), 3.37 (d,  $J = 10.2$  Hz, 1H), 3.33 – 3.30 (m, 2H), 3.20 (dd,  $J = 11.0, 3.3$  Hz, 2H), 3.01 (d,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd,  $J = 10.3, 7.0$  Hz, 1H), 2.64 (s, 1H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.77 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  170.38, 170.26, 170.05, 169.20, 168.05, 167.49, 138.89, 138.39, 138.32, 138.26, 138.14, 138.05, 137.83, 133.91, 133.77, 133.47, 131.97, 131.56, 128.54, 128.49, 128.36, 128.33, 128.26, 128.20, 128.14, 128.06, 128.02, 127.90, 127.82, 127.79, 127.75, 127.69, 127.62, 127.55, 127.45, 127.40, 127.37, 123.35, 101.03, 100.37, 99.58, 99.30, 97.11, 97.09, 96.26, 85.46, 81.09, 80.34, 78.92, 78.33, 75.50, 75.44, 75.26, 74.71, 74.60, 74.50, 74.44, 74.24, 74.18, 73.76, 73.26, 72.89, 72.75, 72.55, 72.11, 71.32, 71.19, 70.77, 70.50, 69.87, 69.72, 69.19, 68.75, 67.70, 67.57, 67.07, 66.88, 60.90, 60.60, 56.52, 56.07, 56.01, 55.57, 55.22, 29.73, 20.74, 20.63, 20.60, 20.57. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{184}\text{H}_{198}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{48}$  ( $\text{M} + \text{H}$ ) $^+$  3273.3268; found 3273.3351

### Compound 37:

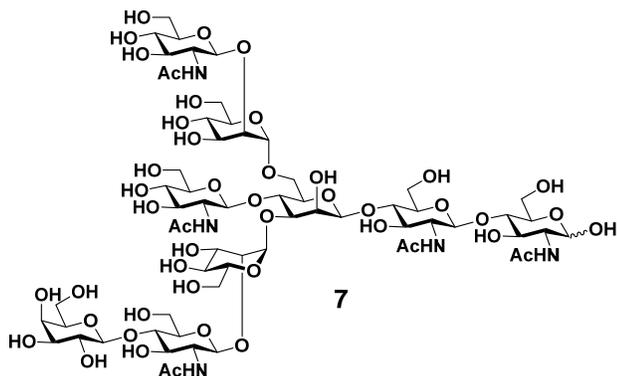


Compound **36** (350 mg, 0.11 mmol), **27** (165 mg, 0.22 mmol) and 4 $\text{\AA}$  molecular sieves (1.0 g) was dissolved in anhydrous DCM (10 mL). The solution was stirred at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$  for 30 mins and then cooled to -20 $^\circ\text{C}$ . TfOH (2.5  $\mu\text{L}$ , 0.044 mmol) was added to the solution at -20 $^\circ$  and the solution was stirred at -20 $^\circ\text{C}$  for 1h and slowly warmed to 25 $^\circ\text{C}$  within 2h. The solution was quenched by 3  $\mu\text{L}$  of  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  and filtrated to remove molecular sieves. Saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3(\text{aq})$  was added to the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM ( $2 \times 20$  mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain Compound **37** (290 mg, 70%).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform- $d$ )  $\delta$  7.82 (d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.71 – 7.59 (m, 7H), 7.53 (s, 2H), 7.46 – 7.37 (m, 6H), 7.31 – 7.13 (m, 42H), 7.11 – 6.96 (m, 25H), 6.95 – 6.79 (m, 26H), 6.77 – 6.72 (m, 3H), 6.48 (d,  $J$

= 6.3 Hz, 3H), 5.60 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H), 5.26 – 5.21 (m, 1H), 5.16 (dd,  $J = 10.4, 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.12 (dd,  $J = 8.9, 2.2$  Hz, 2H), 5.09 (d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.86 – 4.75 (m, 7H), 4.73 – 4.65 (m, 7H), 4.63 (d,  $J = 11.9$  Hz, 2H), 4.55 (d,  $J = 13.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.51 (d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.49 – 4.43 (m, 5H), 4.42 (d,  $J = 13.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.39 – 4.32 (m, 7H), 4.32 – 4.20 (m, 11H), 4.07 (dtd,  $J = 10.8, 5.0, 2.9$  Hz, 5H), 4.04 – 3.97 (m, 6H), 3.94 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 5H), 3.92 – 3.87 (m, 4H), 3.82 – 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.66 (dd,  $J = 8.7, 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 3.63 – 3.48 (m, 7H), 3.45 – 3.41 (m, 2H), 3.40 – 3.36 (m, 2H), 3.36 – 3.27 (m, 6H), 3.27 – 3.21 (m, 2H), 2.98 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1H), 2.62 (s, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H), 1.74 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (151 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  170.33, 170.22, 169.98, 169.15, 168.17, 167.66, 167.38, 139.26, 139.17, 139.03, 138.94, 138.85, 138.73, 138.65, 138.50, 138.25, 138.04, 137.86, 133.69, 133.33, 131.92, 131.82, 131.70, 131.48, 129.21, 128.44, 128.26, 128.19, 128.09, 128.03, 128.00, 127.97, 127.93, 127.88, 127.78, 127.65, 127.49, 127.43, 127.37, 127.32, 127.22, 126.96, 126.87, 126.67, 123.30, 123.12, 101.74, 100.21, 99.73, 98.24, 96.92, 96.79, 96.02, 85.37, 80.87, 80.17, 79.04, 78.89, 78.69, 78.31, 77.95, 77.66, 76.59, 75.41, 74.99, 74.72, 74.62, 74.56, 74.46, 74.39, 74.28, 74.14, 73.66, 73.34, 72.79, 72.68, 72.59, 72.38, 71.90, 71.13, 70.51, 70.38, 69.65, 68.81, 68.55, 68.35, 67.48, 67.13, 67.02, 60.82, 56.81, 56.50, 55.98, 55.41, 55.14, 20.69, 20.57. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{235}\text{H}_{228}\text{N}_8\text{O}_{54}$  ( $\text{M} + \text{Na}$ ) $^+$  4048.5239; found 4048.5235.

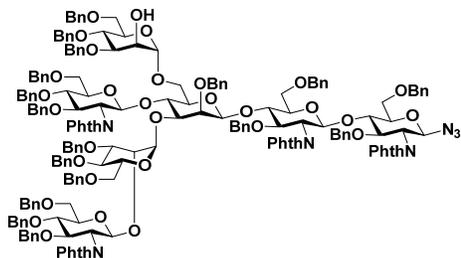
### Compound 7:



To a solution of compound **37** (250 mg, 66.0  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in *n*-butanol (10 ml) was added ethylenediamine (3 ml) at 25°C. The solution was stirred for 8 h at 90°C. Then the solution was directly concentrated under reduced pressure and co-evaporated twice with toluene (5 ml). To the above syrup was added pyridine (10 ml) and acetic anhydride (10 ml). The solution was stirred for 10 h at 25°C. The solution was directly concentrated under reduced pressure and co-evaporated twice with toluene (5 ml). The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography. To the obtained intermedia was added MeOH (10 ml) and NaOMe (20 mg). The solution was stirred with a stable pH 9-10 for 10 h at 25°C. The solution was quenched by Dowex 50H $^+$  and filtrated to remove the resin. The obtained solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the above syrup in a mixed solvent of MeOH (10 ml) and H $_2$ O (1 ml) was added 10% Pd (OH) $_2$ /C (200 mg). The solution was stirred for 24 h under H $_2$  atmosphere at 25°C. The solid was filtered off and the solution was concentrated to give compound **7** (55 mg, 50 % for 4 steps).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ )  $\delta$  5.11 (d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.98 (s, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.54-4.52 (m, 2H), 4.47 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.40 – 4.36 (m, 2H), 4.18 (s, 1H), 4.10 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 1H), 4.00 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.92 – 3.30 (m, 50H), 3.18 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 1.99 (dt,  $J = 10.9, 8.8$  Hz, 15H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ )  $\delta$  174.72, 174.61, 174.53, 174.45, 102.89, 101.41, 100.56, 100.10, 99.69, 99.49, 97.67, 94.79, 90.43, 79.65, 79.19, 78.88, 78.49, 78.09, 76.41, 76.17, 75.71, 75.33, 74.69, 74.56, 74.25, 73.48, 73.43, 73.31, 72.44, 71.95, 71.66, 71.11, 70.94, 70.33, 69.98, 69.86, 69.49, 69.31, 69.23, 68.55, 67.56, 67.36, 65.38, 62.48, 61.90, 61.83, 61.63, 61.03, 60.54, 59.99, 59.83, 56.10, 55.24, 54.84, 53.63, 22.43, 22.36, 22.21, 22.15, 22.12, 21.86. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{64}\text{H}_{108}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{46}$  ( $\text{M} + \text{H}$ ) $^+$  1682.6265; found 1682.6350

## Compound 38:

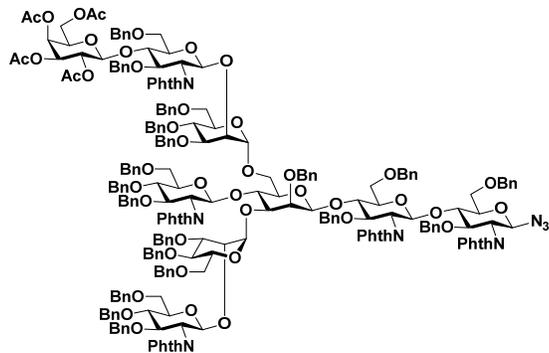


Compound **34** (700 mg, 0.25 mmol), **27** (375 mg, 0.50 mmol) and 4Å molecular sieves (1.5 g) was dissolved in a mixture of anhydrous DCM (15 mL) and anhydrous acetonitrile (2 mL). The solution was stirred at 25 °C for 30 mins and then cooled to -20°C. TfOH (5 µL, 0.10 mmol) was added to the solution at -20° and the solution was slowly warmed to 25°C within 1h. The solution was quenched by 5 µL of Et<sub>3</sub>N and filtrated to remove molecular sieves. Saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>(aq) was added to the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×20 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was used in the next step without purification.

To the crude compound in mixture of solvents DCM (10 ml) and MeOH (1ml) was added N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>.HOAc (22 mg, 0.24 mmol) at 25 °C. The solution was stirred for 4h. The solution was quenched by saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>(aq) and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×30 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **38** (350 mg, 43%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.70 – 7.56 (m, 7H), 7.53 – 7.43 (m, 5H), 7.27 – 7.13 (m, 48H), 7.13 – 6.86 (m, 38H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 7.1 Hz, 5H), 6.73 – 6.68 (m, 3H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.14 – 5.09 (m, 2H), 5.01 – 4.92 (m, 2H), 4.87 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 2H), 4.84 – 4.80 (m, 2H), 4.80 – 4.74 (m, 4H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.69 – 4.65 (m, 3H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.57 – 4.53 (m, 3H), 4.50 (dt, *J* = 14.1, 5.2 Hz, 6H), 4.46 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 3.4 Hz, 3H), 4.44 – 4.40 (m, 3H), 4.40 – 4.34 (m, 7H), 4.28 – 4.22 (m, 4H), 4.22 – 4.15 (m, 3H), 4.09 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 4.08 – 4.04 (m, 2H), 4.04 – 4.00 (m, 3H), 4.00 – 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.93 – 3.85 (m, 5H), 3.78 (q, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 5H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.70 – 3.58 (m, 9H), 3.52 – 3.46 (m, 2H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.33 – 3.26 (m, 4H), 3.08 – 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.96 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 167.98, 167.43, 138.97, 138.88, 138.76, 138.68, 138.54, 138.37, 138.25, 138.16, 138.10, 138.02, 137.92, 133.80, 133.71, 133.50, 131.95, 131.45, 128.47, 128.33, 128.28, 128.21, 128.16, 128.08, 128.03, 127.96, 127.91, 127.87, 127.80, 127.77, 127.73, 127.63, 127.55, 127.49, 127.46, 127.43, 127.37, 127.33, 127.26, 127.21, 127.14, 126.82, 126.74, 123.28, 100.72, 99.43, 98.60, 97.60, 97.03, 96.51, 85.38, 81.04, 80.16, 79.57, 79.36, 79.16, 78.77, 77.94, 77.21, 77.00, 76.79, 76.24, 75.46, 75.39, 75.15, 75.08, 74.89, 74.78, 74.71, 74.60, 74.43, 74.15, 74.03, 73.55, 73.19, 72.80, 72.64, 72.50, 72.16, 71.20, 70.51, 69.83, 69.69, 69.14, 67.64, 67.50, 64.66, 56.43, 56.33, 55.98, 55.13. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C<sub>193</sub>H<sub>186</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>39</sub> (M + H)<sup>+</sup> 3225.2786; found 3225.2801.

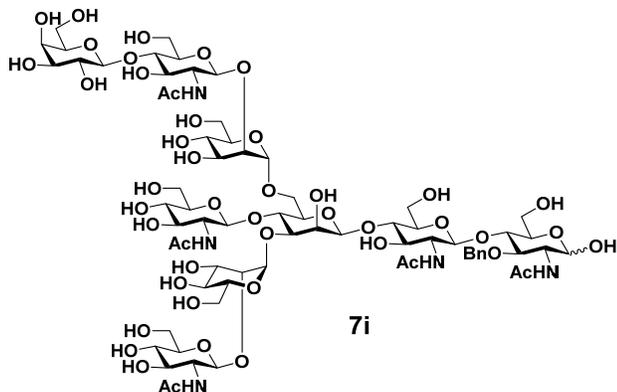
### Compound 39:



Compound **38** (320 mg, 0.10 mmol), **35** (198 mg, 0.21 mmol) and 4Å molecular sieves (1.0 g) was dissolved in anhydrous DCM (10 mL). The solution was stirred at 25°C for 30 mins and then cooled to 0°C. TfOH (2.5 μL, 0.044 mmol) was added to the solution at 0° and the solution was stirred at 0°C for 1h and slowly warmed to 25°C within 2h. The solution was quenched by 2.5 uL of Et<sub>3</sub>N and filtrated to remove molecular sieves. Saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>(aq) was added to the solution and the aq. layer was extracted with DCM (2×20 mL). The organic layer was combined, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography using hexanes and ethyl acetate to obtain compound **39** (246 mg, 65%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 31.4 Hz, 8H), 7.50 – 7.34 (m, 8H), 7.30 – 7.12 (m, 42H), 7.12 – 6.98 (m, 26H), 6.95 – 6.80 (m, 27H), 6.76 – 6.70 (m, 3H), 6.49 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 1.8 Hz, 3H), 5.59 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.24 – 5.21 (m, 1H), 5.15 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (dt, *J* = 8.2, 6.7 Hz, 3H), 4.90 – 4.85 (m, 2H), 4.85 – 4.80 (m, 4H), 4.80 – 4.75 (m, 2H), 4.74 – 4.66 (m, 7H), 4.65 – 4.60 (m, 3H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.53 – 4.46 (m, 6H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 4.39 – 4.32 (m, 8H), 4.32 – 4.27 (m, 6H), 4.27 – 4.19 (m, 4H), 4.14 – 4.07 (m, 3H), 4.07 – 3.97 (m, 10H), 3.97 – 3.93 (m, 4H), 3.92 – 3.88 (m, 4H), 3.87 – 3.76 (m, 4H), 3.71 (s, 1H), 3.68 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.62 – 3.53 (m, 6H), 3.51 – 3.39 (m, 6H), 3.39 – 3.28 (m, 7H), 3.25 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.73 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 170.25, 170.14, 169.90, 169.10, 167.69, 167.37, 139.28, 139.16, 139.07, 138.95, 138.81, 138.62, 138.36, 138.15, 138.01, 133.68, 133.32, 133.16, 132.05, 131.84, 131.61, 129.19, 128.45, 128.27, 128.19, 128.10, 128.03, 127.95, 127.89, 127.80, 127.66, 127.51, 127.43, 127.36, 127.22, 127.02, 126.93, 126.86, 126.78, 126.68, 123.28, 123.11, 114.10, 101.78, 100.25, 99.81, 98.31, 97.05, 96.83, 96.12, 85.44, 80.98, 80.21, 79.18, 78.92, 78.38, 77.96, 77.82, 76.90, 75.55, 75.13, 74.70, 74.61, 74.49, 74.40, 74.17, 73.74, 73.44, 72.98, 72.88, 72.80, 72.72, 72.65, 72.49, 71.95, 71.21, 70.68, 70.51, 70.37, 69.79, 68.99, 68.81, 68.70, 67.66, 67.17, 60.89, 56.92, 56.60, 56.09, 55.57, 55.28, 20.62, 20.51, 20.47. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C<sub>235</sub>H<sub>229</sub>N<sub>8</sub>O<sub>54</sub> (M + H)<sup>+</sup> 4026.5419; found 4026.5430.

### Compound 7i:

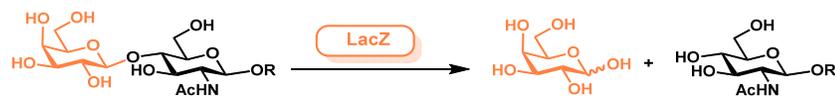


To a solution of compound **39** (220 mg, 58.0  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in *n*-butanol (10 ml) was added ethylenediamine (3 ml) at 25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The solution was stirred for 8 h at 90  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Then the solution was directly concentrated under reduced pressure and co-evaporated twice with toluene (5 ml). To the above syrup was added pyridine (10 ml) and acetic anhydride (10 ml). The solution was stirred for 10 h at 25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The solution was directly concentrated under reduced pressure and co-evaporated twice with toluene (5 ml). The crude liquid was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography. To the obtained intermediate was added MeOH (10 ml) and NaOMe (20 mg). The solution was stirred with a stable pH 9-10 for 10 h at 25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The solution was quenched by Dowex 50H<sup>+</sup> and filtrated to remove the resin. The obtained solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the above syrup in a mixed solvent of MeOH (10 ml) and H<sub>2</sub>O (1 ml) was added 10% Pd(OH)<sub>2</sub>/C (200 mg). The solution was stirred for 24 h under H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere at 25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The solid was filtered off and the solution was concentrated to give compound **7i** (58 mg, 60 % for 4 steps).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)  $\delta$  5.52 (s, 1H), 5.08 (d,  $J = 2.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 0.4H), 4.95 (s, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1.4H), 4.59 (d,  $J = 11.2$  Hz, 2.4H), 4.51 – 4.44 (m, 4H), 4.37 (t,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 2.8H), 4.14 (s, 1H), 4.09 – 3.94 (m, 4.8H), 3.89 – 3.35 (m, 66H), 3.30 (t,  $J = 9.4$  Hz, 1.4H), 3.21-3.14 (m, 1.4H), 1.98 – 1.93 (m, 21H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)  $\delta$  174.75, 174.67, 174.61, 174.57, 174.46, 174.40, 174.23, 102.94, 101.39, 101.22, 100.53, 100.02, 99.90, 99.58, 99.52, 99.33, 97.70, 97.61, 94.77, 90.40, 79.63, 79.15, 78.60, 78.50, 78.24, 76.72, 76.44, 76.21, 75.78, 75.31, 74.54, 74.33, 73.49, 73.31, 72.95, 72.49, 72.20, 72.00, 71.38, 71.08, 70.95, 70.65, 70.47, 70.28, 69.93, 69.73, 69.44, 69.29, 69.21, 68.48, 67.54, 67.32, 65.18, 61.90, 61.83, 61.63, 60.98, 60.58, 60.37, 59.95, 59.87, 56.09, 55.27, 55.20, 54.73, 53.60, 22.40, 22.36, 22.26, 22.16, 22.12, 22.10, 21.87, 21.85. HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>64</sub>H<sub>108</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>46</sub>(M + H)<sup>+</sup> 1682.6265; found 1682.6330

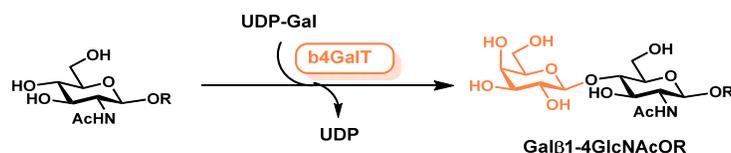
### 3. ENZYMIC MODULAR SYNTHESIS AND HPLC PURIFICATION

#### dG. $\beta$ -galactosidase digestion with LacZ



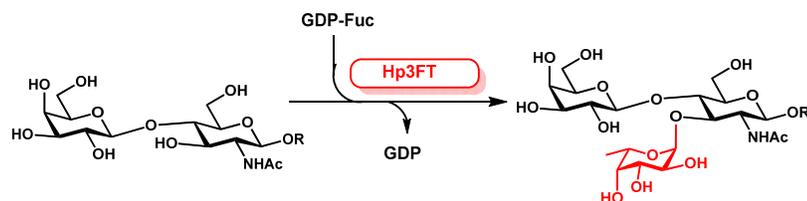
Reaction mixtures contain Tris-HCl (100 mM, pH 7.5), a galactosylated glycan (10 mM), and an appropriate amount of LacZ. Reactions were incubated at 37°C for 3 days and monitored by MALDI-TOF MS. After over 90% glycan conversion, the reaction was quenched, concentrated and subject for HPLC purification. Product-containing fractions were pooled and lyophilized for characterization.

#### G. $\beta$ 1-4 galactosylation with b4GalT



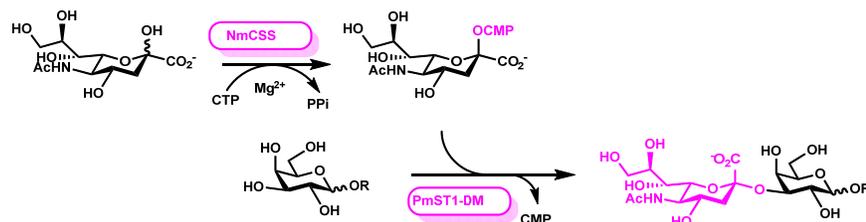
Reaction mixtures contain Tris-HCl (100 mM, pH 7.5), an acceptor glycan (10 mM), UDP-Gal (15 mM), MgCl<sub>2</sub> (10 mM), and an appropriate amount of b4GalT. Reactions were incubated at 37 °C 6 h to overnight and monitored by HPLC and/or MALDI-TOF MS. After complete conversion of the acceptor, the reaction was quenched, concentrated and subject for HPLC purification. Product-containing fractions were pooled and lyophilized for characterization and next step modular assembly.

#### F2. $\alpha$ 1-3 fucosylation with Hp3FT



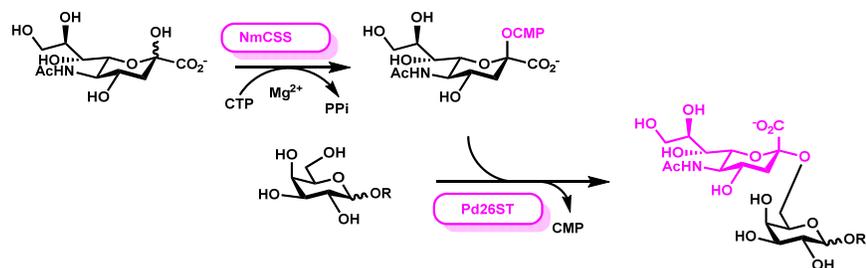
Reaction mixtures contain Tris-HCl (100 mM, pH 7.5), an acceptor glycan (10 mM), GDP-Fuc (15 mM), MgCl<sub>2</sub> (10 mM), and appropriate amount of Hp3FT. Reactions were incubated at 37 °C 6 h to overnight and monitored by HPLC and/or MALDI-TOF MS. After complete conversion of the acceptor, the reaction was quenched, concentrated and subject for HPLC purification. Product-containing fractions were pooled and lyophilized for characterization and next step modular assembly

#### S1. $\alpha$ 2-3 sialylation with PmST1-DM



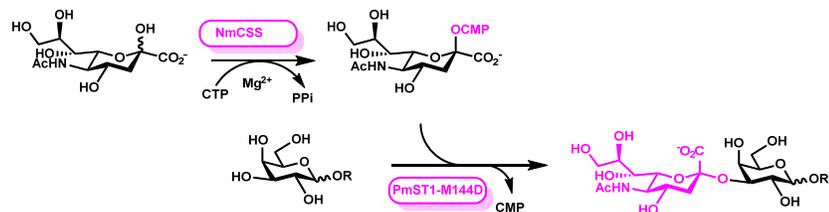
Reaction mixtures contain Tris-HCl (100 mM, pH 8.0), an acceptor glycan (10 mM), CTP (15 mM), Neu5Ac (15 mM), MgCl<sub>2</sub> (10 mM), and appropriate amount of NmCSS and PmST1-DM. PmST1-DM-catalyzed reactions were incubated at 37 °C for 15-30 min and monitored by HPLC and/or MALDI-TOF MS. After complete conversion of the acceptor, the reaction was quenched, concentrated and subject for HPLC purification. Product-containing fractions were pooled and lyophilized for characterization and next step modular assembly

### S2. $\alpha$ 2-6 sialylation with Pd26ST



Reaction mixtures contain Tris-HCl (100 mM, pH 8.0), an acceptor glycan (10 mM), CTP (15 mM), Neu5Ac (15 mM),  $MgCl_2$  (10 mM), and appropriate amount of NmCSS and Pd26ST. Reactions were incubated at 37 °C 3 h to 6 h and monitored by HPLC and/or MALDI-TOF MS. After complete conversion of the acceptor, the reaction was quenched, concentrated and subject for HPLC purification. Product-containing fractions were pooled and lyophilized for characterization and next step modular assembly

### S3. $\alpha$ 2-3 sialylation with PmST1-M144D



Reaction mixtures contain Tris-HCl (100 mM, pH 8.0), an acceptor glycan (10 mM), CTP (15 mM), Neu5Ac (15 mM),  $MgCl_2$  (10 mM), and appropriate amount of NmCSS and PmST1-144D. Reactions were incubated at 37 °C 3 h to 6 h and monitored by HPLC and/or MALDI-TOF MS. After complete conversion of the acceptor, the reaction was quenched, concentrated and subject for HPLC purification. Product-containing fractions were pooled and lyophilized for characterization and next step modular assembly

## HPLC Analysis and Purification

HPLC analysis of synthesized glycans was performed on a Shimadzu LC-20AD system using a Waters XBridge BEH amide column (130 Å, 5  $\mu$ m, 4.6 mm  $\times$  250 mm) monitored by a UV detector (210 nm). The running solvents are ddH<sub>2</sub>O (for non-sialylated N-glycans) or 100 mM ammonium formate pH 3.4 (for sialylated N-glycans) (solvent A) and acetonitrile (solvent B). Gradient elution from 65% solvent B to 50% solvent B within 25 mins, with a flow rate of 1 mL/min.

HPLC purification of synthesized glycans was performed on a Shimadzu LC-20AR semi-preparative system using a analytical XBridge BEH amide column (130 Å, 5  $\mu$ m, 4.6 mm  $\times$  250 mm) (for reactions with 3 mg or less products) or a semi-preparative XBridge BEH amide column (130 Å, 5  $\mu$ m, 10 mm  $\times$  250 mm). Same running solvents and elution conditions were used as for analysis with the only difference of flow rate for the semi-preparative column (4.5 mL/mL).

## 4. MICROARRAY FABRICATION AND ANALYSIS

### 4.1 AEAB label

N-glycans (50 µg) were dissolved in 50 µL of DMSO and AcOH solution (7:3, v/v) and incubated with AEAB at 60 °C for 2 h. Then, ice cold acetonitrile was used to precipitate the glycans and the precipitation was dissolved in water and purified by HPLC. Hypercarb™ porous graphitic carbon column (150 mm × 4.6 mm, Thermo Fisher) was used for the purification with ddH<sub>2</sub>O containing 0.1% TFA as solvent A and acetonitrile containing 0.1% TFA as solvent B. A gradient elution with solvent B from 15 % to 45 % in 30 mins was used for the purification of AEAB labeled glycans.

### 4.2 Method for microarray fabrication

The bisecting vs. non-bisecting microarray was printed according to the guidelines of MIRAGE as summarized in **Table S2**. All glycans were prepared at a concentration of 100 µM in the printing buffer (150 mM phosphate, pH 8.5), and printed on Nexterion slide H-3D hydrogel coated glass microarray slides (Schott AG), each for 1 nL in replicates of four as described previously.<sup>16</sup> Non-contact printing was performed at room temperature with a humidity of 60% by a sciFLEXARRAYER S3 spotter (Scienion) with two PDC 80 Piezo Dispense Capillary, and 8 subarrays were printed on each slide. After overnight dehumidification under room temperature, the slides were washed with MilliQ water and subsequently blocked with 50 mM ethanolamine in 100 mM Tris buffer (pH 9.0) for 2 hours. The blocked slides were then washed with MilliQ water twice, dried, and stored desiccated at -20°C until use. Print buffer was printed as a negative control. In addition, biotinylated PEG amine (0.01mg/mL), Mouse IgG (0.1 mg/mL) and Human IgG (0.1 mg/mL) were printed in four replicates in print buffer to serve as a positive control. A marker containing anti-human IgG conjugate with Cy3 (0.01 mg/mL) and anti-human IgG conjugate with Alexa 647 (0.01 mg/mL) was also printed in the replicates of four.

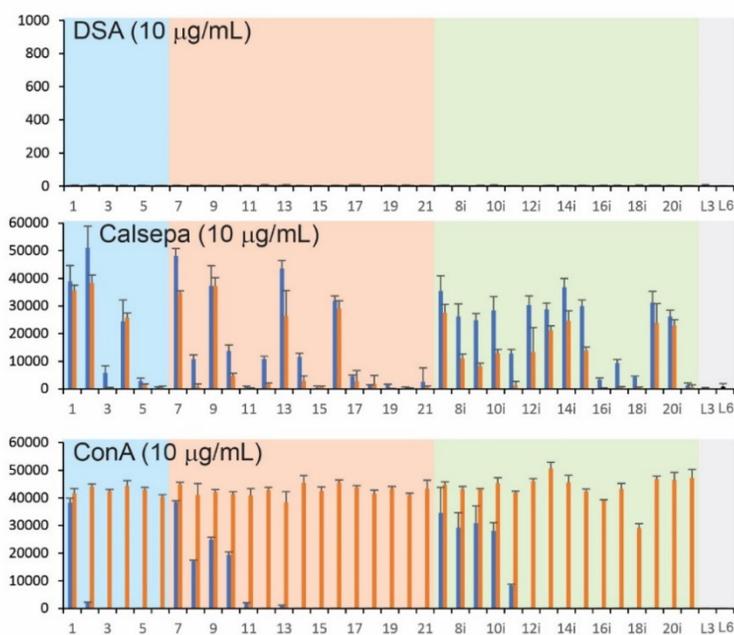
### 4.3 Method for microarray assay

All assay were performed as previously reported.<sup>16</sup> Biotin-labelled lectins were detected by Cy3-streptavidin (1 µg/mL) (PHA-L, DSA, LTL, UEA-I, WFL, and GS-II) or Cy5-streptavidin (1 µg/mL). Human galectins, Siglecs and selectins were detected by corresponding second antibody with fluorescent label (5 µg/mL). Influenza A Hemagglutinin were detected with mouse anti-His-tag antibody (Alexa Fluor 647 conjugated) and goat anti-mouse IgG antibody (Alexa Fluor 647 conjugated) in a molar ratio of 4:2:1. After binding and washing, the slides were scanned with a GenePix 4000B scanner, and the collected data was analyzed with GenePix Pro.

**Table S2.** Glycan microarray information based on MIRAGE.

| Classification                                     | Guidelines   |
|--|--|
| <b>1. Sample: Glycan Binding Sample</b>            |  |
| Description of Sample                              | Glycan binding proteins ( <b>Table S1</b> ).   |
| Sample modifications                               | Not applicable.  |
| Assay protocol                                     | Microarray analyses were performed essentially as described Section 4.3 Method for microarray assay.                                       |
| <b>2. Glycan Library</b>                           |  |
| Glycan description for defined glycans             | All glycans were synthesized as described in body text.  |
| Glycan description for undefined glycans           | Not applicable.  |
| Glycan modifications                               | Glycans were linked with Ser.  |
| <b>3. Printing Surface; e.g., Microarray Slide</b> |  |
| Description of surface                             | Nexterion slide H-3D hydrogel coated glass microarray slides.  |
| Manufacturer                                       | Schott   |
| Custom preparation of surface                      | Not relevant.  |
| Covalent Immobilization                            | Glycans were linked with Ser for robotically arraying and the amine group could be covalently immobilized on NHS ester coated glass slide. |

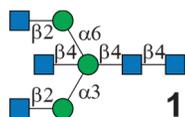
| 4. Arrayer (Printer)                                  |   |
|---|---|
| Description of Arrayer                                | sciFLEXARRAYER S3 spotter (Sciencion) with two PDC 80 Piezo Dispense Capillary, and 8 subarrays were printed on each slide  |
| Dispensing mechanism                                  | Non-contact liquid delivery.  |
| Glycan deposition                                     | Each glycan probe was printed at 1 deposit in 6 replicates.   |
| Printing conditions                                   | Samples were prepared at a concentration of 100 $\mu$ M in the printing buffer (150 mM phosphate, pH 8.5), printing was performed at room temperature and relative humidity of 60%. |
| 5. Glycan Microarray with “Map”                       |   |
| Array layout  | Each array slide contained 8 identical subarrays (pads). Each subarray contained up to 74 unique samples.   |
| Glycan identification and QC                          | Quality control included analyses with plant lectins.   |
| 6. Detector and Data Processing                       |   |
| Scanning hardware                                     | GenePix 4000B Microarray Scanner (Molecular Devices, LLC)   |
| Scanner settings                                      | Laser channel: wavelength 635 nm or 535 nm<br>PMT gain: 600<br>Scan power:100%  |
| Image analysis software                               | GnePix Pro (Molecular Devices, LLC)   |
| Data processing                                       | The gr files were processed with in-house excel macro to obtain basic descriptive statistics. No particular normalization method or statistical analysis was used.                  |
| 7. Glycan Microarray Data Presentation                |   |
| Data presentation                                     | The microarray binding results are in Figure 5,6, S5-S12, and Table 2. Binding results are presented as relative fluorescence intensity units (RFU) of binding in mean and S.D.     |
| 8. Interpretation and Conclusion from Microarray Data |   |
| Data interpretation                                   | No software or algorithms were used to interpret processed data.  |
| Conclusions   | Described in Results parts.   |



**Figure S2. microarray results for Lectins DSA, Calsepa, and ConA at 10 mg/mL**

Results are shown as relative fluorescence units (RFUs) by averaging the background-subtracted fluorescence signals of 4 replicate spots, error bars represent the standard deviation (SD). Source data are provided as a Source Data file. L3, 3'SLNnT; L6, 6'SLNnT.

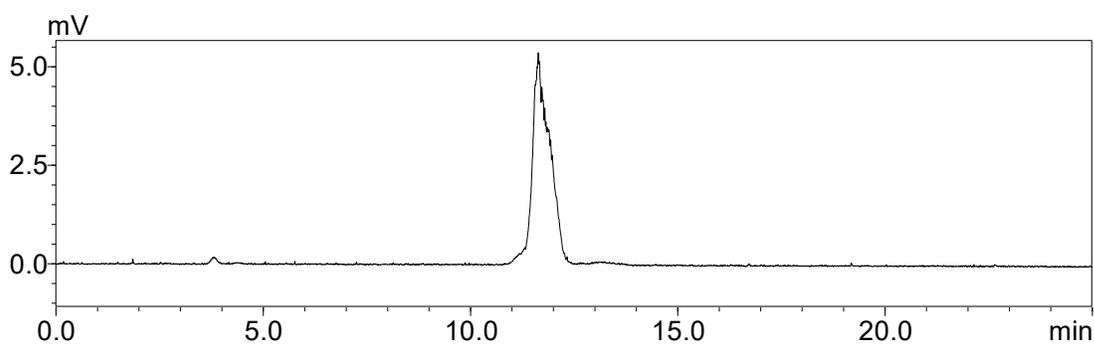
## 5. HPLC, MASS SPECTROMETRY, AND NMR ANALYSIS



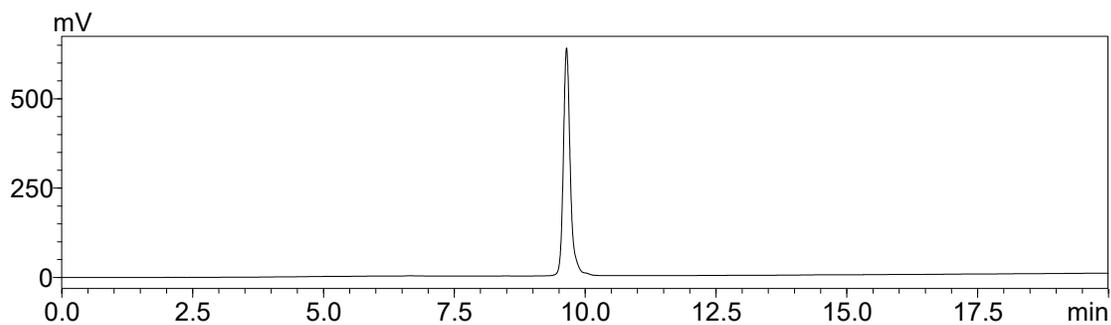
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.16 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 4.61 – 4.55 (m, 2H), 4.55 – 4.49 (m, 2H), 4.44 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 4.15 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 4.05 (t,  $J = 9.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.00 – 3.40 (m, 50H), 3.37 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 3H), 3.24 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 2H), 2.08 – 1.95 (m, 15H).

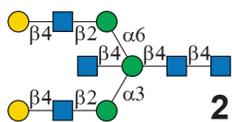
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{58}\text{H}_{97}\text{N}_{5}\text{O}_{41}$  1519.5659; found  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$  1542.5551.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

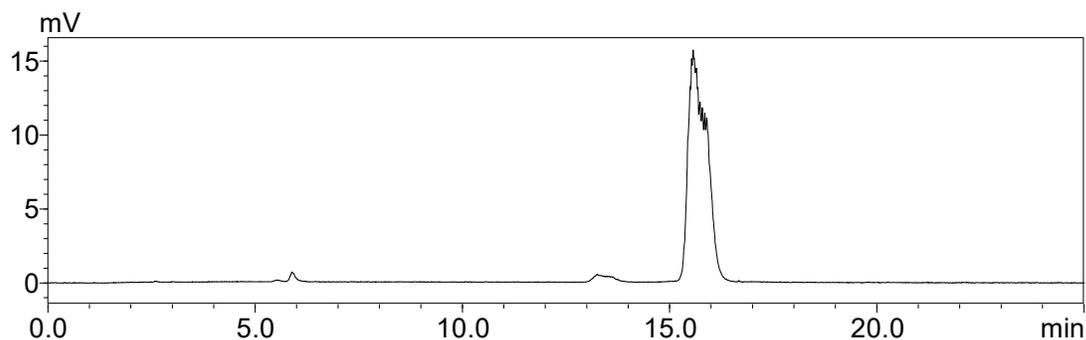




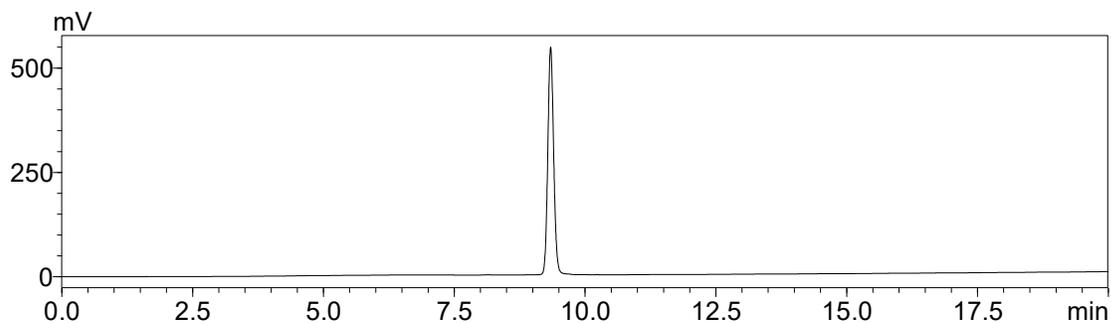
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.07 (d,  $J = 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.02 (t,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.73 – 4.68 (m, 2H), 4.64 – 4.56 (m, 3H), 4.52 – 4.45 (m, 3H), 4.27 (dd,  $J = 3.4, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dd,  $J = 3.6, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.10 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 2H), 4.03 – 3.45 (m, 61H), 3.40 (d,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd,  $J = 9.9, 8.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 2.00 (m, 15H).

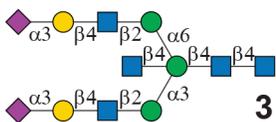
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{70}\text{H}_{117}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{51}$  1843.6715; found  $[\text{M}+2\text{H}]^{2+}$  922.8437.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

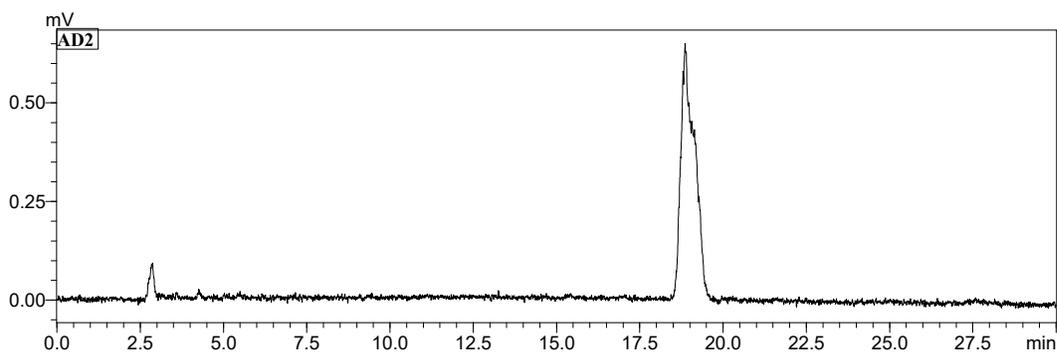




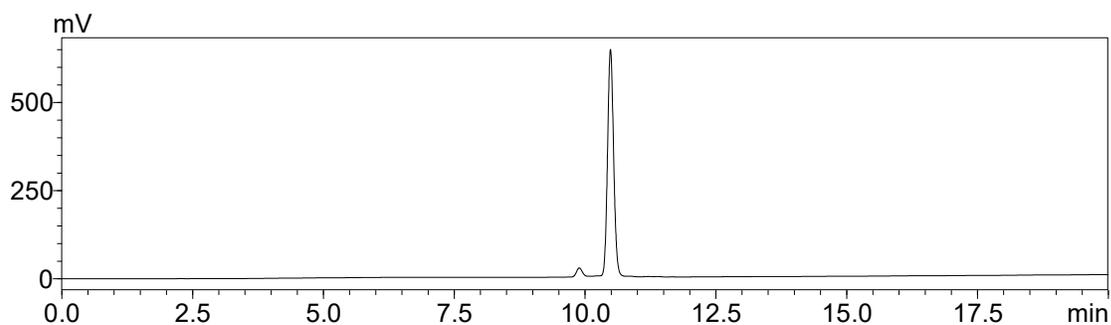
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.5$  Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.61 (dd,  $J = 8.6, 5.7$  Hz, 2H), 4.59 – 4.53 (m, 3H), 4.47 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d,  $J = 3.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.20 – 4.15 (m, 2H), 4.13 (dt,  $J = 9.7, 3.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.09 (d,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.94 (m, 5H), 3.94 – 3.81 (m, 14H), 3.80 – 3.45 (m, 35H), 3.41 (t,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H), 3.27 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dt,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 2H), 2.12 – 1.98 (m, 15H), 1.81 (td,  $J = 12.1, 6.5$  Hz, 2H).

HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{92}\text{H}_{151}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{67}$  2425.8624; found  $[\text{M}-2\text{H}]^-$  1211.9151.

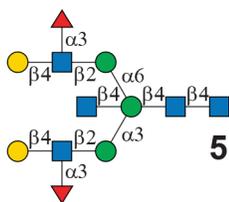
HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



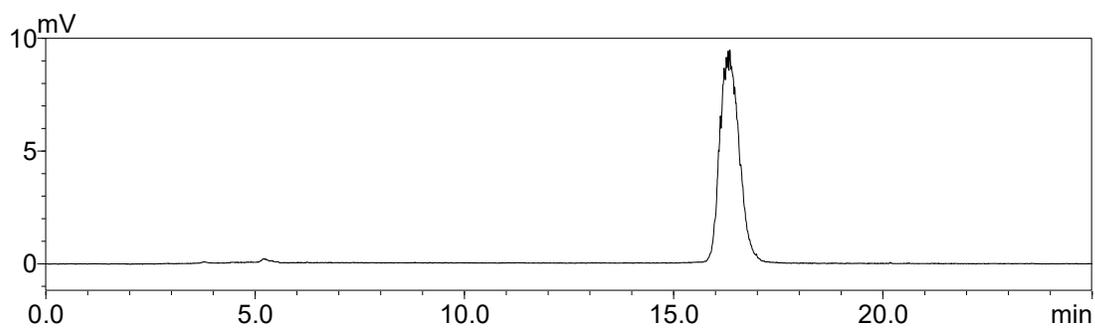




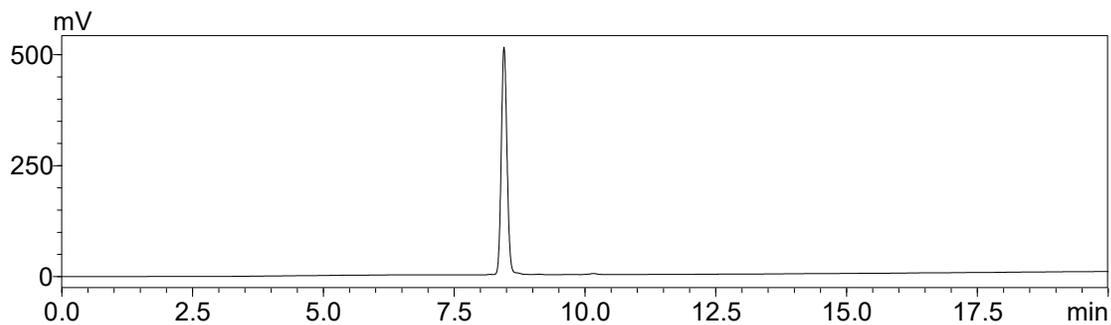
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.15 (dd,  $J = 8.4, 4.0$  Hz, 2H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 6.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.60 (dd,  $J = 8.3, 5.6$  Hz, 4H), 4.51 – 4.43 (m, 4H), 4.27 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.14 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 2H), 4.03 – 3.39 (m, 71H), 3.25 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 1.97 (m, 15H), 1.19 (dd,  $J = 14.8, 6.6$  Hz, 6H).

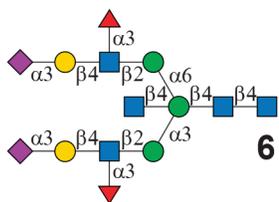
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{82}\text{H}_{137}\text{N}_{50}\text{O}_{59}$  2135.7874; found  $[\text{M}+2\text{H}]^{2+}$  1068.9021.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

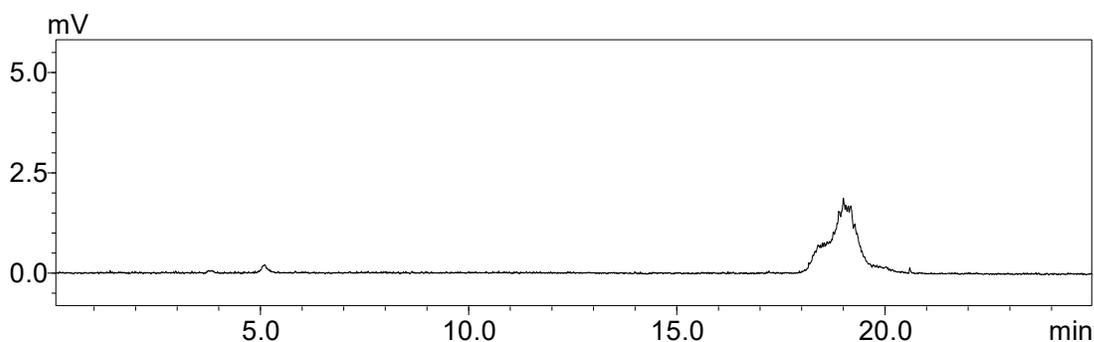




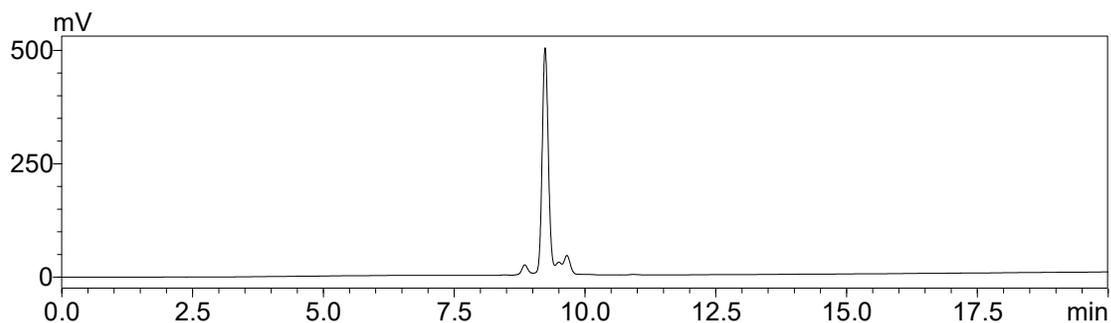
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.39 (s, 1H), 5.33 (t,  $J = 4.2$  Hz, 3H), 5.23 (d,  $J = 12.7$  Hz, 3H), 5.04 – 4.97 (m, 4H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 4.72 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 2H), 4.67 (t,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 3H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 4.38 (s, 1H), 4.33 (s, 2H), 4.28 (d,  $J = 9.1$  Hz, 3H), 4.22 – 3.65 (m, 56H), 3.62 (s, 4H), 3.46 (t,  $J = 9.2$  Hz, 3H), 3.01 – 2.87 (m, 6H), 2.32 – 2.18 (m, 15H), 1.99 (dd,  $J = 12.1, 5.1$  Hz, 5H), 1.42 – 1.31 (m, 7H).

HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{104}\text{H}_{171}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{75}$  2717.9782; found  $[\text{M}-2\text{H}]^2-$  1357.9730.

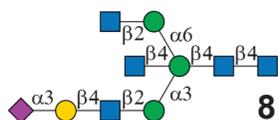
HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



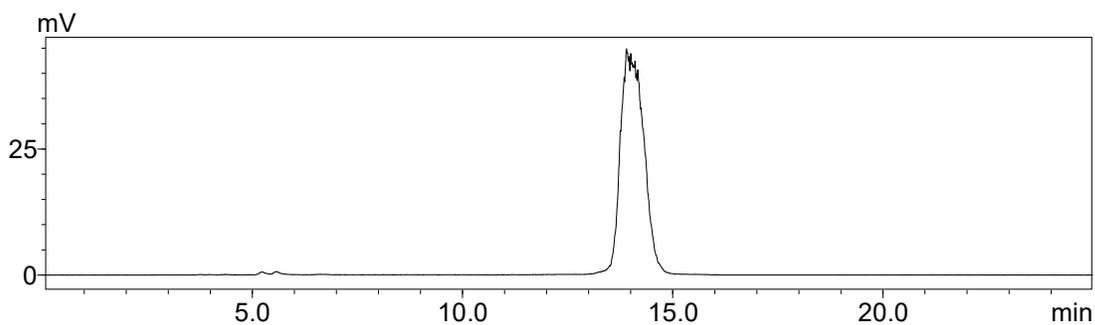




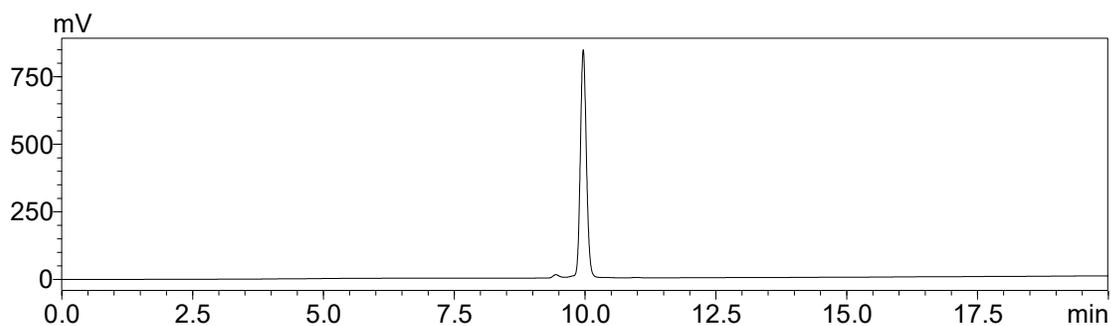
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 3.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.60 (td,  $J = 8.4, 4.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.55 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.47 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.17 – 4.14 (m, 1H), 4.12 (dd,  $J = 9.9, 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.98 (ddd,  $J = 13.7, 10.9, 7.9$  Hz, 4H), 3.94 – 3.45 (m, 45H), 3.45 – 3.37 (m, 2H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd,  $J = 12.5, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 1.95 (m, 15H), 1.80 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H).

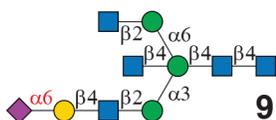
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{75}\text{H}_{124}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{54}$  1972.7141; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  1971.6954.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

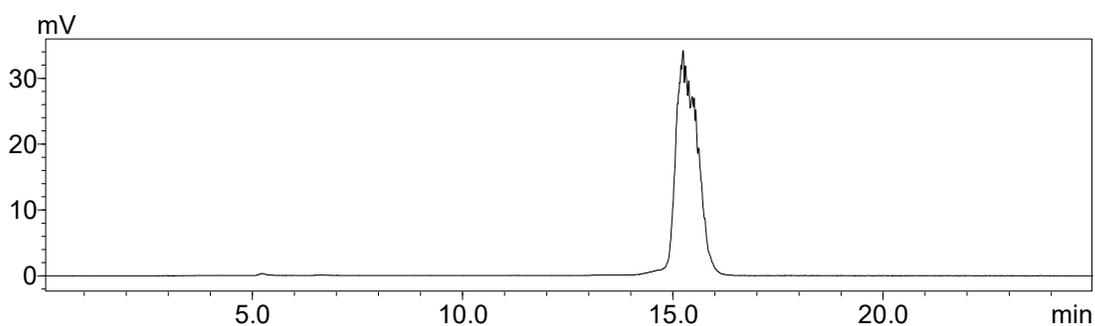




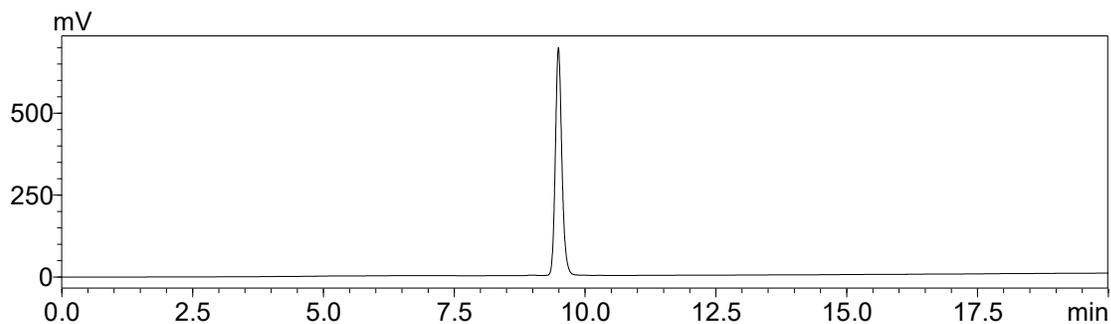
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 5.01 (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.64 – 4.59 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.47 (dd,  $J = 13.8, 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.29 – 4.25 (m, 1H), 4.20 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d,  $J = 2.5$  Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.45 (m, 51H), 3.41 (d,  $J = 8.9$  Hz, 2H), 3.28 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.12 – 1.99 (m, 16H), 1.73 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H).

HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{75}\text{H}_{124}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{54}$  1972.7141; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  1971.6943.

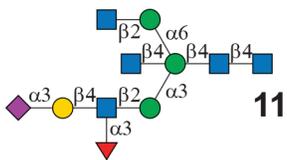
HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



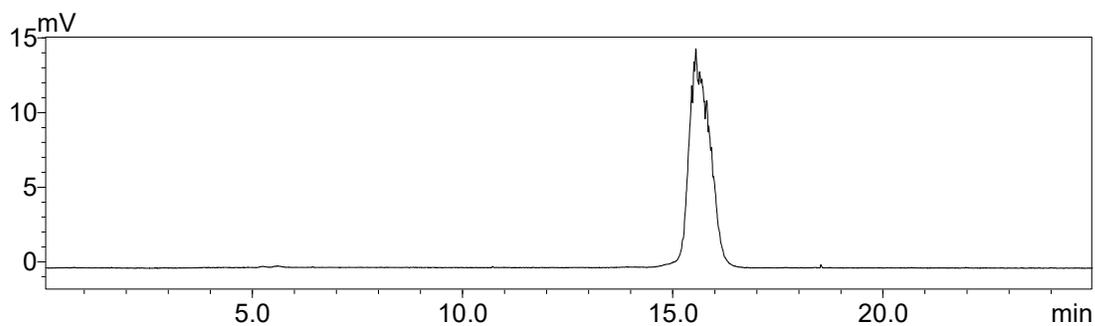




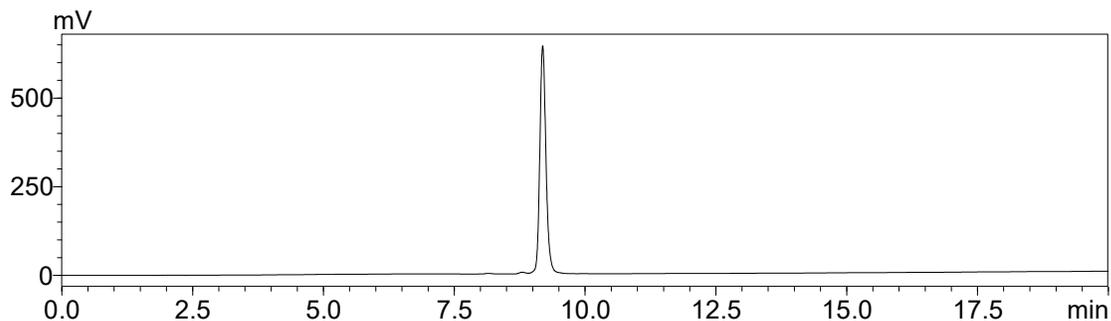
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 5.01 (d,  $J = 1.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d,  $J = 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.65 – 4.58 (m, 2H), 4.54 (dd,  $J = 14.0, 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.47 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd,  $J = 3.5, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.10 (dd,  $J = 10.0, 3.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.06 (d,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.37 (m, 53H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.13 – 1.97 (m, 15H), 1.80 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H), 1.17 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

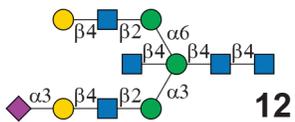
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{81}\text{H}_{134}\text{N}_{6}\text{O}_{58}$  2118.7720; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2117.7599.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

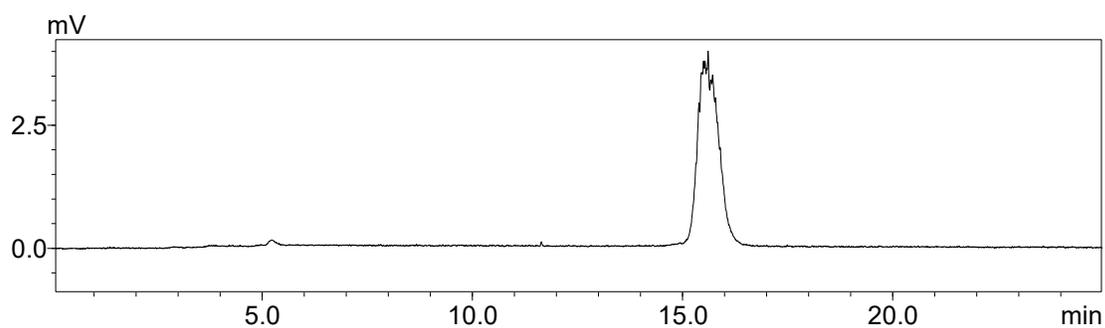




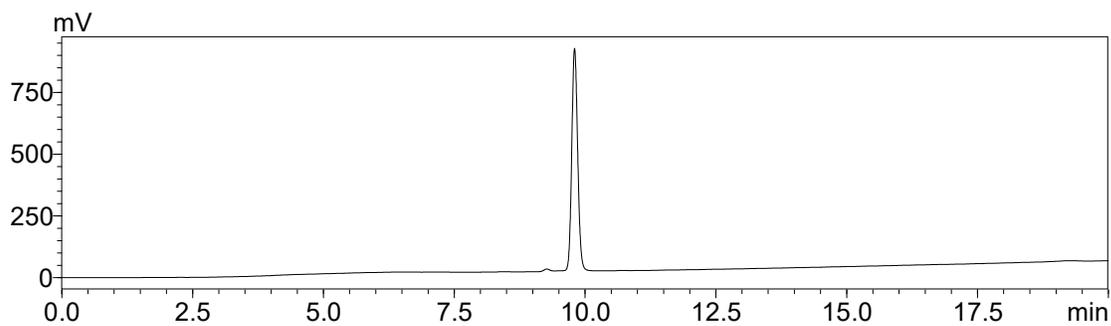
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 5.02 (d,  $J = 1.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 9.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.65 – 4.54 (m, 4H), 4.48 (dd,  $J = 11.2, 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 4.29 – 4.24 (m, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dd,  $J = 3.5, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd,  $J = 9.9, 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.08 (d,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.52 (m, 52H), 3.49 (td,  $J = 9.6, 2.0$  Hz, 2H), 3.44 – 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.27 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.12 – 2.00 (m, 15H), 1.80 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H), 1.34 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 1H).

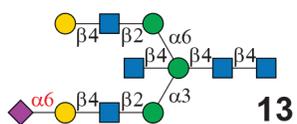
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>81</sub>H<sub>134</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>59</sub> 2134.7670; found [M-H]<sup>-</sup> 2133.7560.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

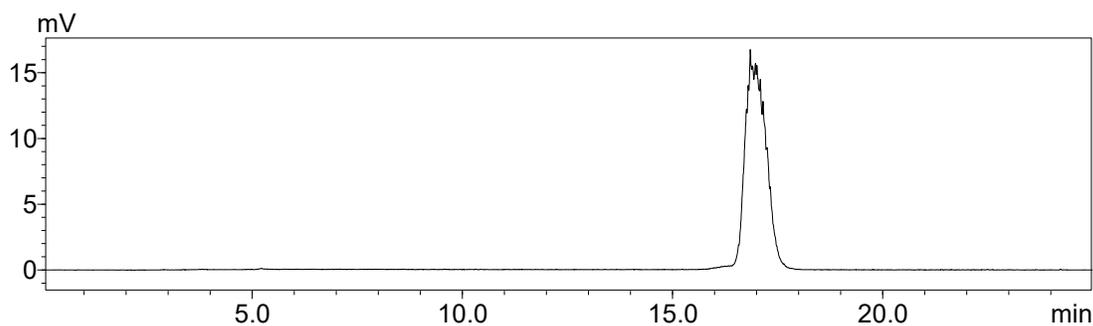




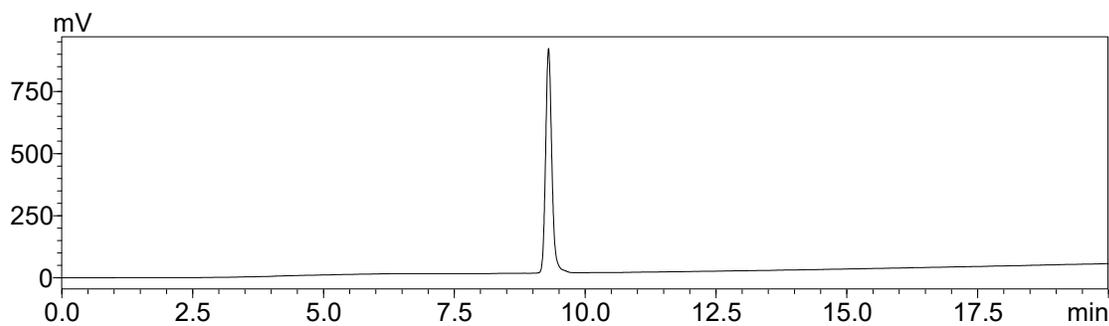
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 5.02 (t,  $J = 1.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.66 – 4.55 (m, 3H), 4.52 – 4.43 (m, 3H), 4.27 (dd,  $J = 3.3, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd,  $J = 3.5, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.08 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.45 (m, 55H), 3.41 (t,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.28 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.12 – 2.00 (m, 15H), 1.73 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H).

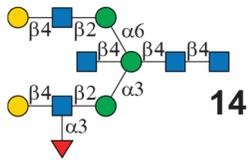
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{81}\text{H}_{134}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{59}$  2134.7670; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2133.7514.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

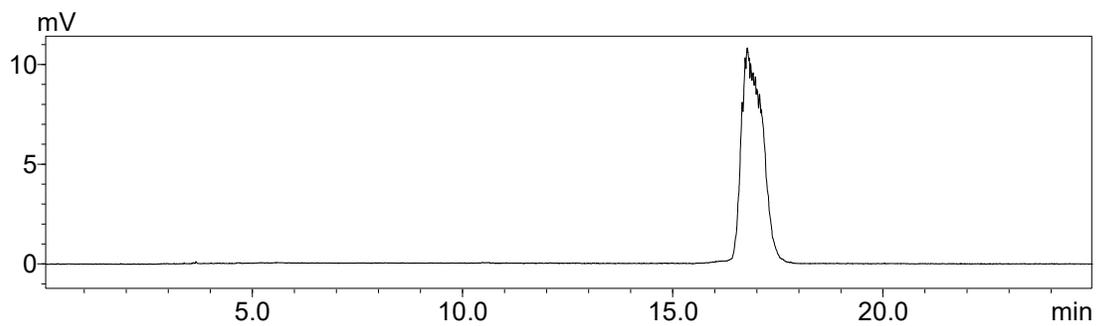




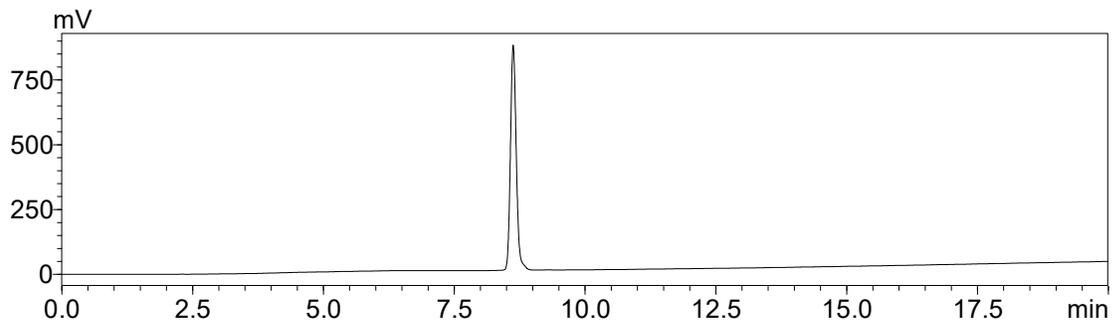
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (s, 1H), 5.15 (d,  $J = 3.9$  Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d,  $J = 12.7$  Hz, 3H), 4.68 (s, 3H), 4.64 – 4.56 (m, 4H), 4.47 (q,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 4H), 4.26 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.15 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.08 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 2H), 4.02 – 3.43 (m, 59H), 3.41 (t,  $J = 8.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.25 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 2H), 2.18 – 1.96 (m, 15H), 1.17 (d,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 4H).

HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{76}\text{H}_{127}\text{N}_{5}\text{O}_{55}$  1989.7295; found  $[\text{M}+2\text{H}]^{2+}$  995.8733

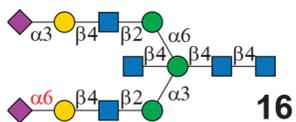
HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



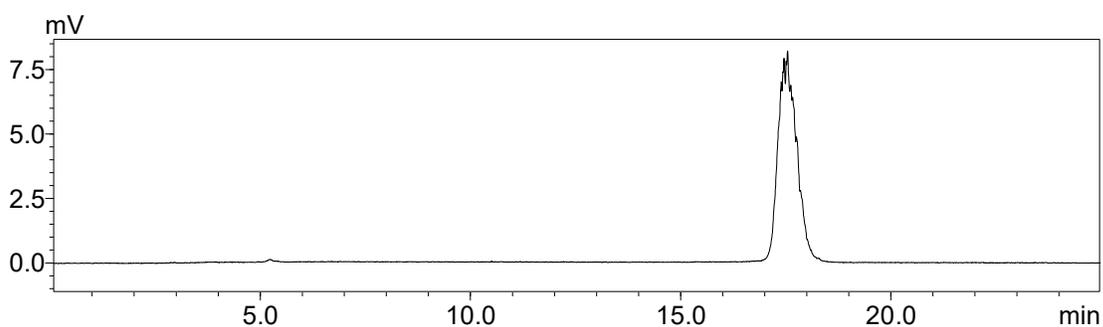




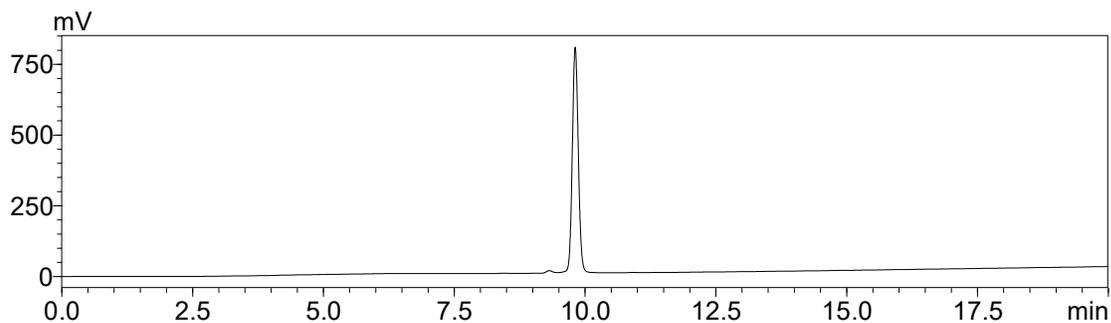
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.71 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.66 – 4.59 (m, 2H), 4.57 (dd,  $J = 8.1, 5.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.46 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H), 4.14 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.09 (d,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.44 (m, 50H), 3.41 (t,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.28 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 1.97 (m, 15H), 1.81 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H), 1.74 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H).

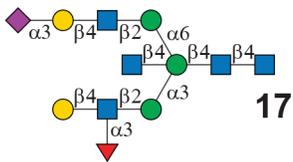
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>92</sub>H<sub>151</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>67</sub> 2425.8624; found [M-2H]<sup>2-</sup> 1211.9152.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

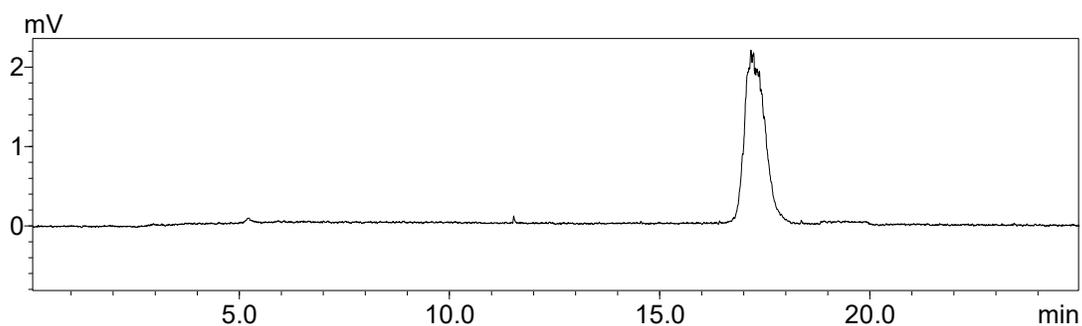




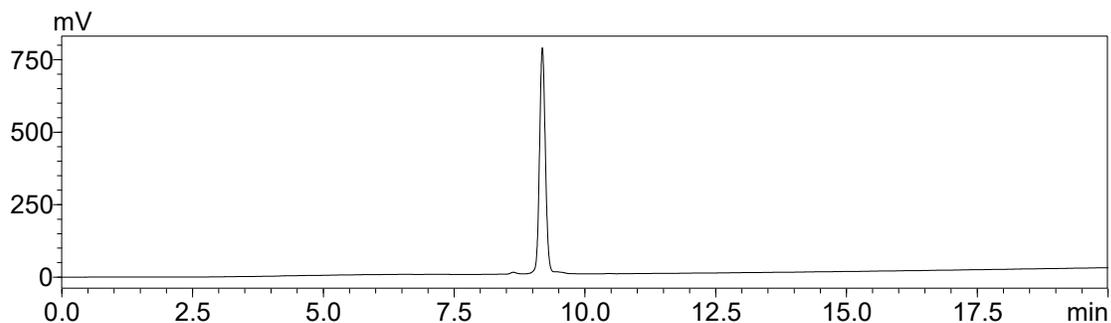
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.5$  Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.61 (dd,  $J = 8.1, 5.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.57 (dd,  $J = 8.1, 5.5$  Hz, 2H), 4.47 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 5.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H), 4.13 (dd,  $J = 9.9, 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.09 (d,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.38 (m, 57H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 2H), 2.77 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.18 – 1.96 (m, 16H), 1.81 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 2H), 1.18 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>87</sub>H<sub>144</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>63</sub> 2280.8249; found [M-H]<sup>-</sup> 2279.8148.

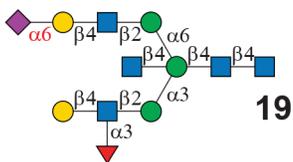
HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



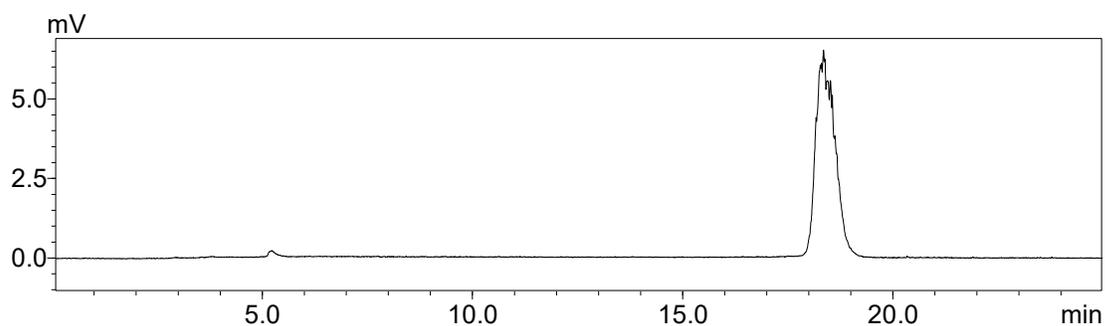




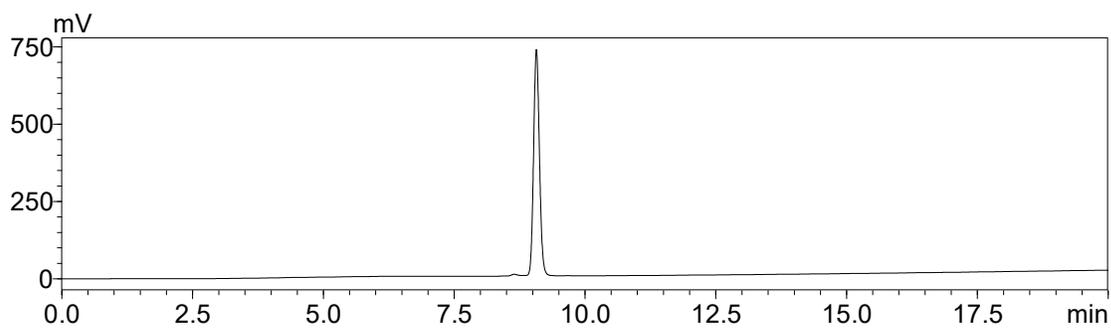
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 4.85 (d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 5.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.61 (t,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 3H), 4.51 – 4.42 (m, 3H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.16 (s, 1H), 4.07 (t,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.40 (m, 58H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.69 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.19 – 1.98 (m, 16H), 1.72 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2H), 1.18 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

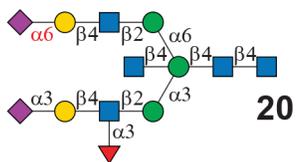
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{93}\text{H}_{154}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{67}$  2280.8249; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2279.8142.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

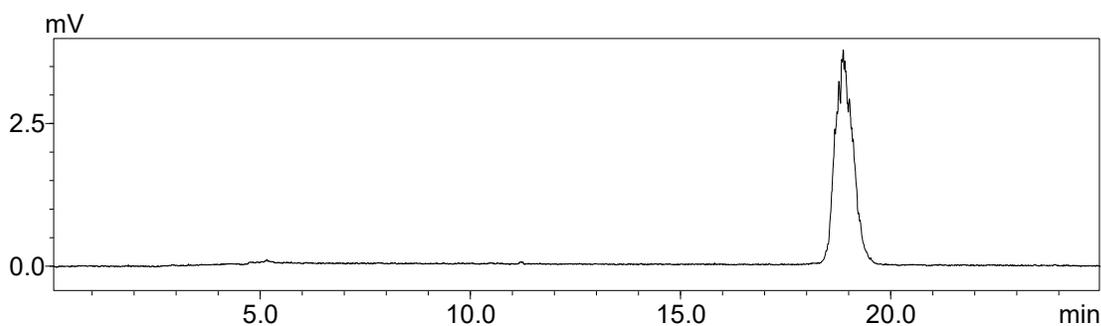




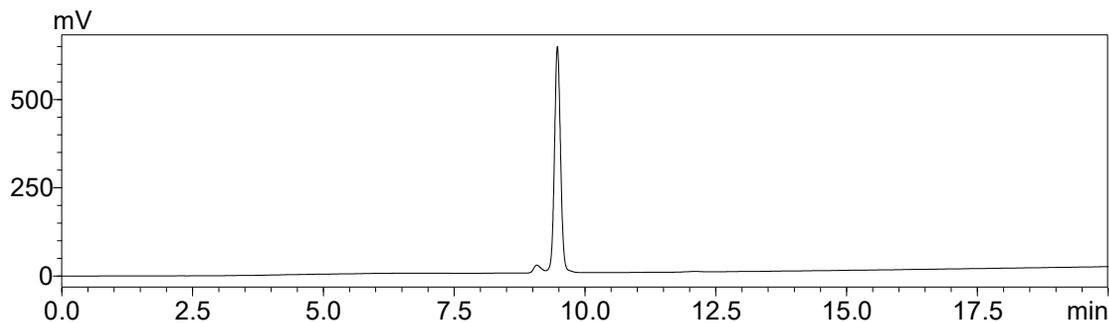
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d,  $J = 6.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 4.64 – 4.57 (m, 3H), 4.53 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.47 (t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 2H), 4.26 (s, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.16 (s, 1H), 4.11 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.10 – 4.08 (m, 1H), 4.05 (d,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.40 (m, 52H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 2H), 2.77 (dd,  $J = 12.3, 4.6$  Hz, 2H), 2.69 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 2H), 2.16 – 1.96 (m, 15H), 1.80 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2H), 1.72 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2H), 1.17 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

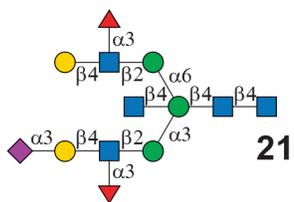
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>98</sub>H<sub>161</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>71</sub> 2571.9203; found [M-2H]<sup>2-</sup> 1284.9439.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

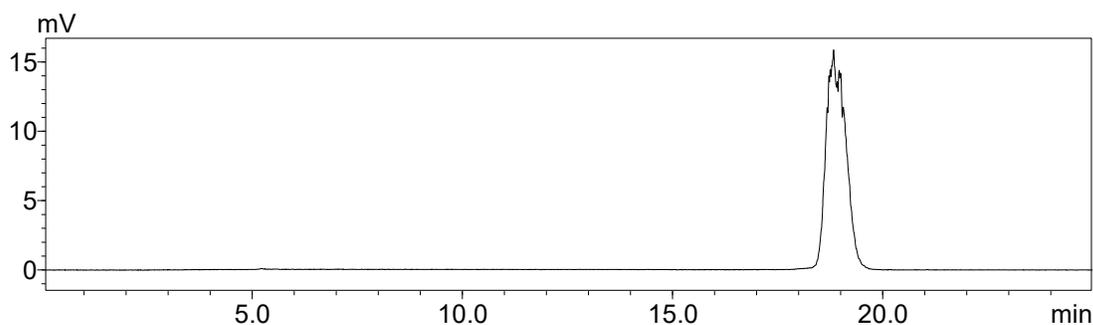




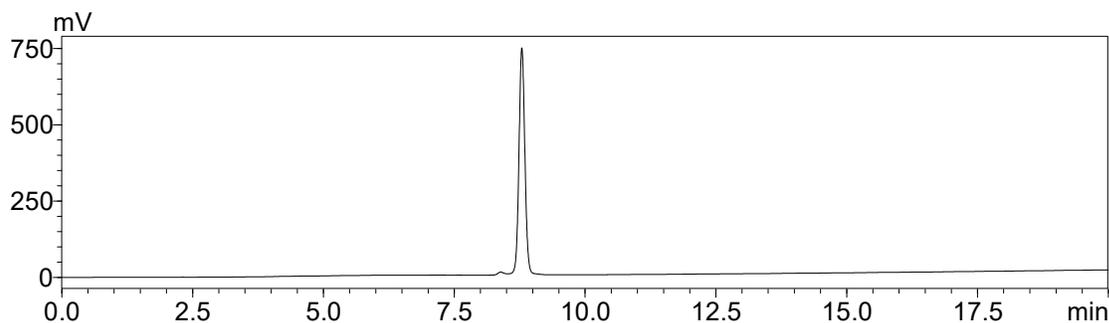
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d,  $J = 4.1$  Hz, 2H), 5.05 (d,  $J = 5.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.71 (d,  $J = 5.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.64 – 4.57 (m, 3H), 4.53 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.48 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.26 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.14 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.10 (dd,  $J = 9.8, 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.39 (m, 57H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd,  $J = 12.5, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 1.98 (m, 15H), 1.80 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 2H), 1.19 (dd,  $J = 19.4, 6.6$  Hz, 5H).

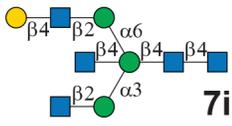
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{93}\text{H}_{154}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{67}$  2426.8828; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2425.8742.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



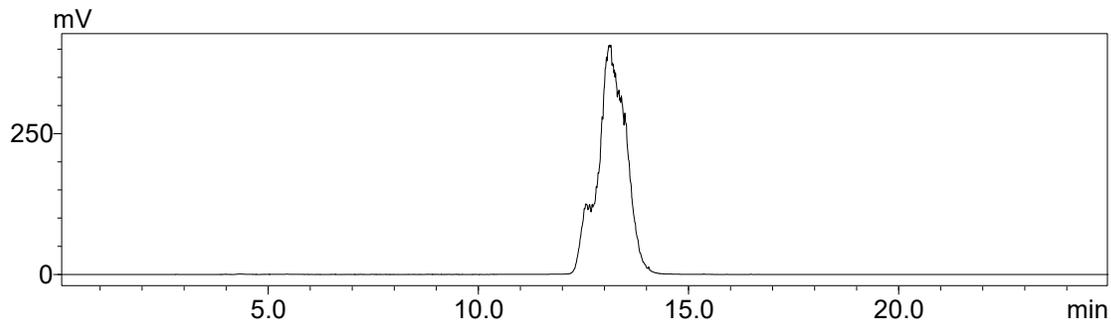


<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.5$  Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d,  $J = 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.02 (d,  $J = 1.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d,  $J = 10.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.64 – 4.54 (m, 3H), 4.47 (t,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.25 (dd,  $J = 3.4, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.14 (dt,  $J = 3.3, 1.5$  Hz, 1H), 4.11 – 4.05 (m, 1H), 4.01 – 3.44 (m, 49H), 3.40 (ddd,  $J = 9.9, 7.6, 2.1$  Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd,  $J = 9.8, 8.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.16 – 1.96 (m, 15H).

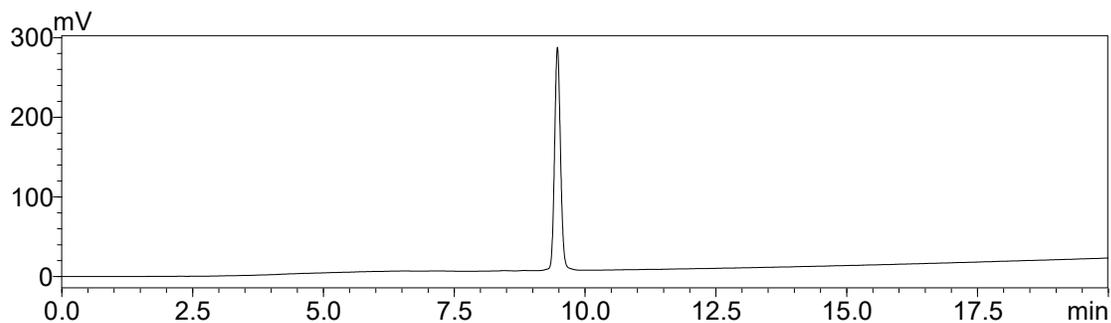
<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)  $\delta$  174.75, 174.67, 174.61, 174.57, 174.46, 174.40, 174.23, 102.94, 101.39, 101.22, 100.53, 100.02, 99.90, 99.58, 99.52, 99.33, 97.70, 97.61, 94.77, 90.40, 79.63, 79.15, 78.60, 78.50, 78.24, 76.72, 76.44, 76.21, 75.78, 75.31, 74.54, 74.33, 73.49, 73.31, 72.95, 72.49, 72.20, 72.00, 71.38, 71.08, 70.95, 70.65, 70.47, 70.28, 69.93, 69.73, 69.44, 69.29, 69.21, 68.48, 67.54, 67.32, 65.18, 61.90, 61.83, 61.63, 60.98, 60.58, 60.37, 59.95, 59.87, 56.09, 55.27, 55.20, 54.73, 53.60, 22.40, 22.36, 22.26, 22.16, 22.12, 22.10, 21.87, 21.85.

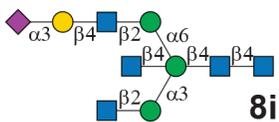
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>64</sub>H<sub>107</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>46</sub> 1681.6187; found [M+2H]<sup>2+</sup> 841.8186.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

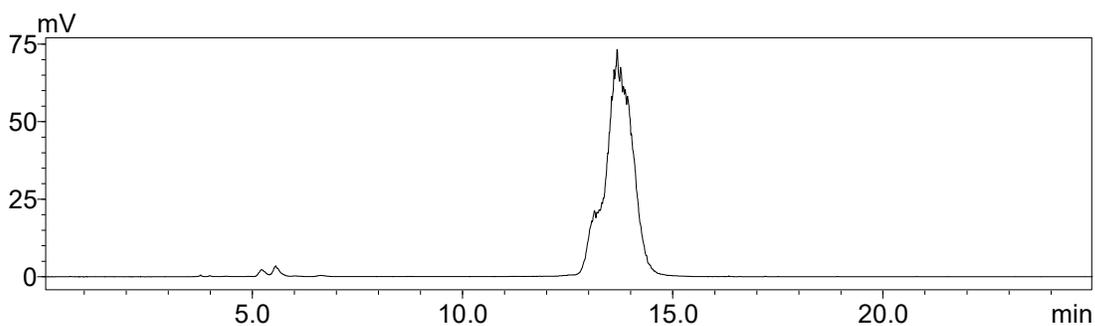




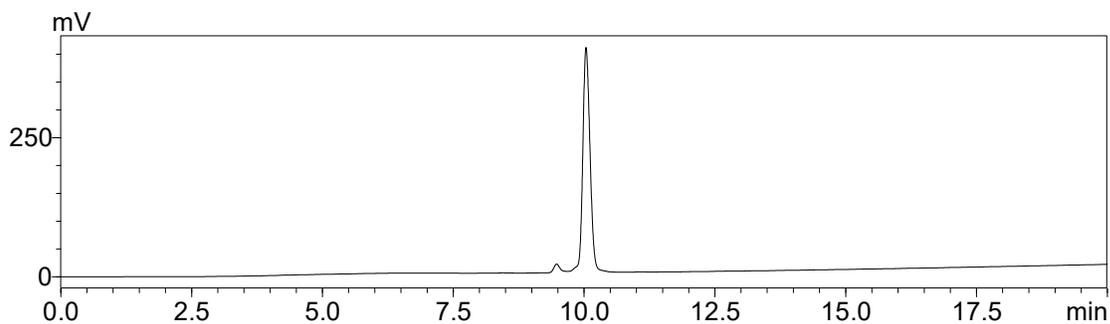
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.39 (d,  $J = 2.3$  Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 4.66 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d,  $J = 2.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.34 (s, 1H), 4.33 – 4.26 (m, 2H), 4.22 – 3.63 (m, 45H), 3.60 (t,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 1H), 3.47 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.96 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.35 – 2.16 (m, 15H), 1.99 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H).

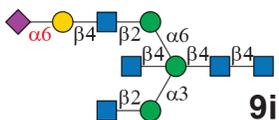
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{75}\text{H}_{124}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{54}$  1972.7141; found  $[\text{M-H}]^-$  1971.6948.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

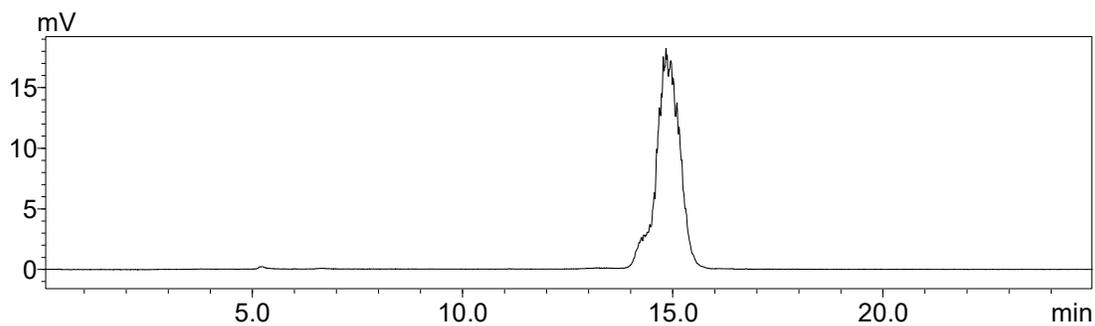




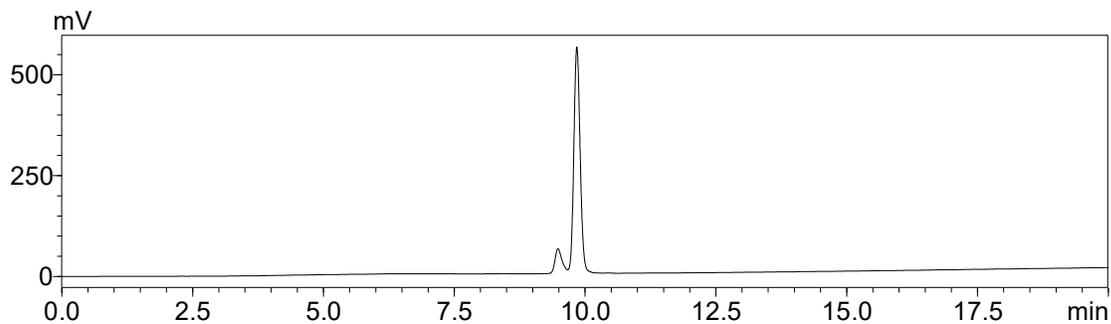
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.61 (t,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.56 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.47 (t,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 2H), 4.26 (d,  $J = 3.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.16 (s, 1H), 4.08 (t,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.36 (m, 49H), 3.27 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.69 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 1.99 (m, 15H), 1.72 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H).

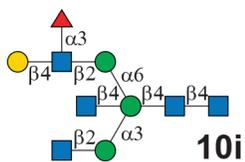
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{75}\text{H}_{124}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{54}$  1972.7141; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  1971.6982.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

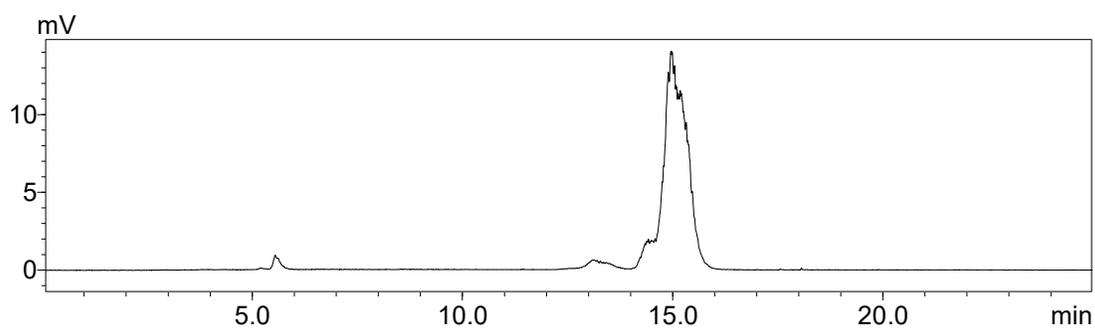




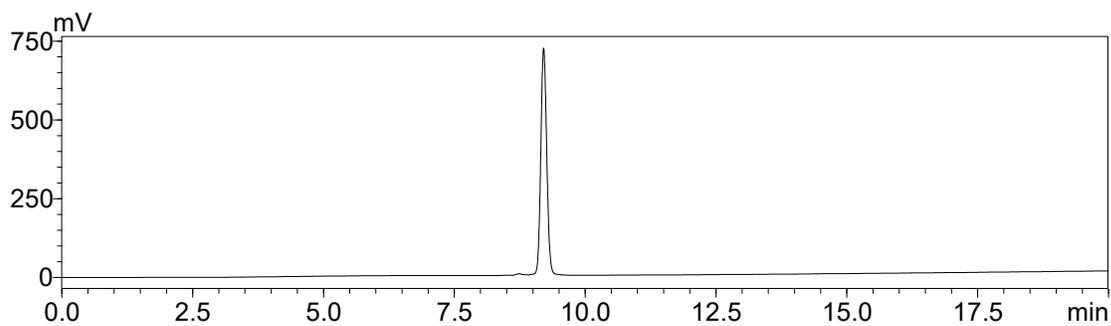
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.69 (d,  $J = 3.7$  Hz, 2H), 4.60 (dd,  $J = 8.3, 5.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.55 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H), 4.47 (dd,  $J = 9.9, 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 4.25 (d,  $J = 3.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 4.07 (t,  $J = 9.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.36 (m, 51H), 3.27 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 2H), 2.17 – 1.95 (m, 15H), 1.19 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

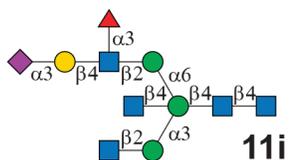
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{70}\text{H}_{117}\text{N}_{50}\text{O}_{50}$  1827.6766; found  $[\text{M}+2\text{H}]^{2+}$  914.8469.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

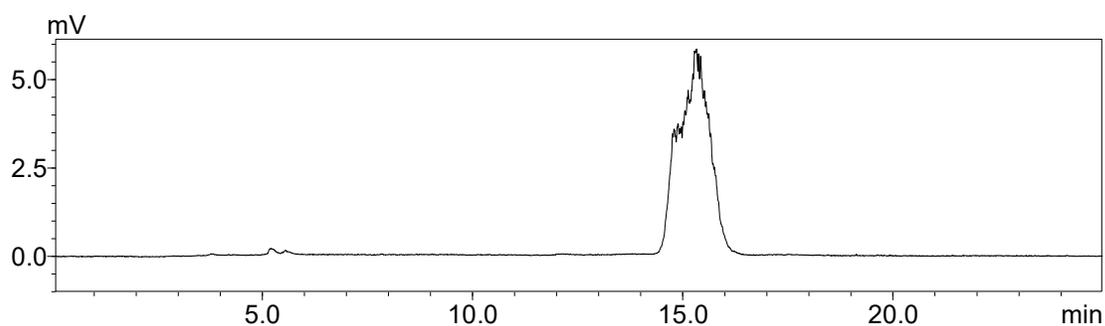




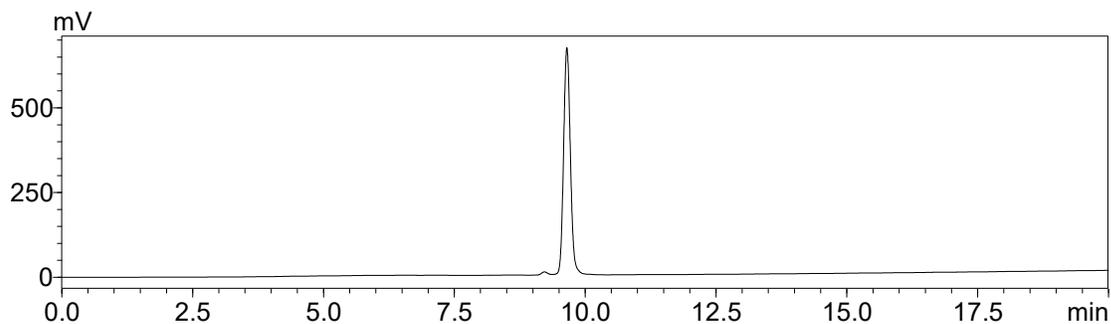
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.16 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.66 (s, 1H), 4.57 (t,  $J = 9.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.51 (dd,  $J = 13.3, 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.43 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.22 (s, 1H), 4.15 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 1H), 4.09 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 4.00 – 3.33 (m, 53H), 3.21 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.12 – 1.93 (m, 15H), 1.76 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H), 1.13 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

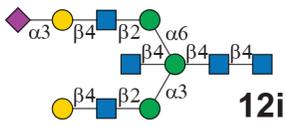
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{81}\text{H}_{134}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{58}$  2118.7720; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2117.7585.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

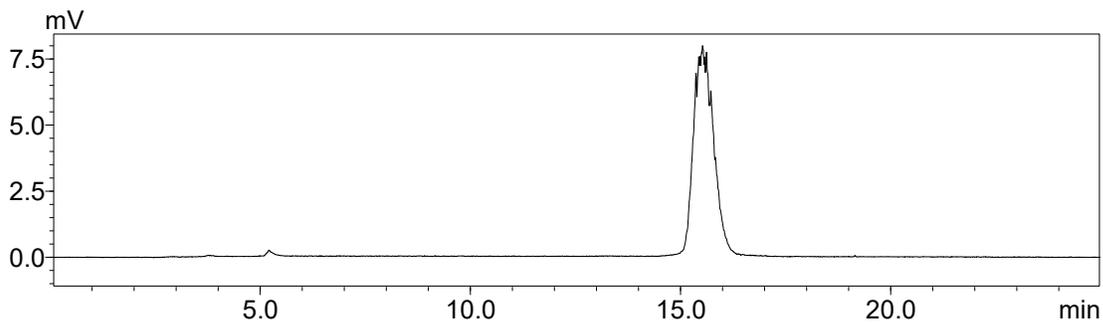




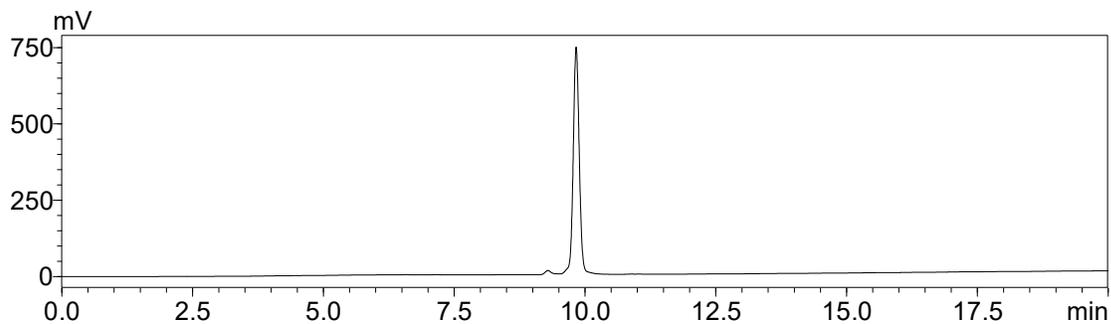
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 5.03 – 4.97 (m, 1H), 4.69 (d,  $J = 11.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.60 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 5.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.56 (dd,  $J = 8.1, 5.2$  Hz, 2H), 4.46 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 4.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.26 (t,  $J = 2.5$  Hz, 1H), 4.20 – 4.14 (m, 2H), 4.14 – 4.06 (m, 2H), 4.02 – 3.44 (m, 51H), 3.43 – 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd,  $J = 12.5, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.16 – 1.96 (m, 15H), 1.80 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H).

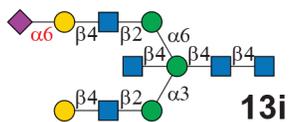
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for C<sub>81</sub>H<sub>134</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>59</sub> 2134.7670; found [M-H]<sup>-</sup> 2133.7560.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

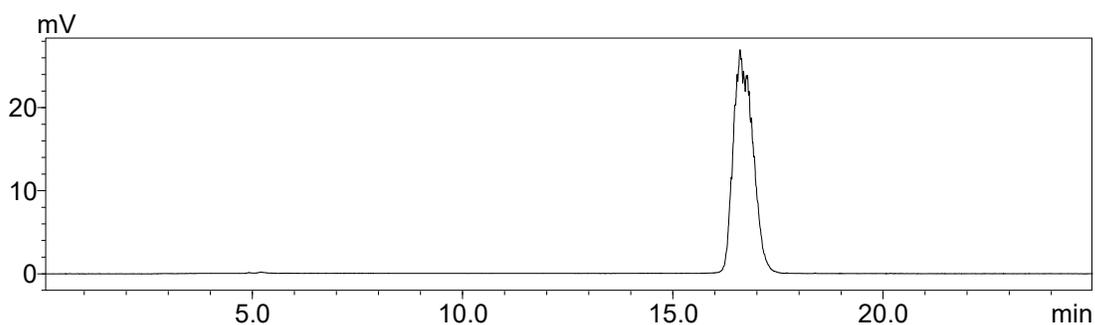




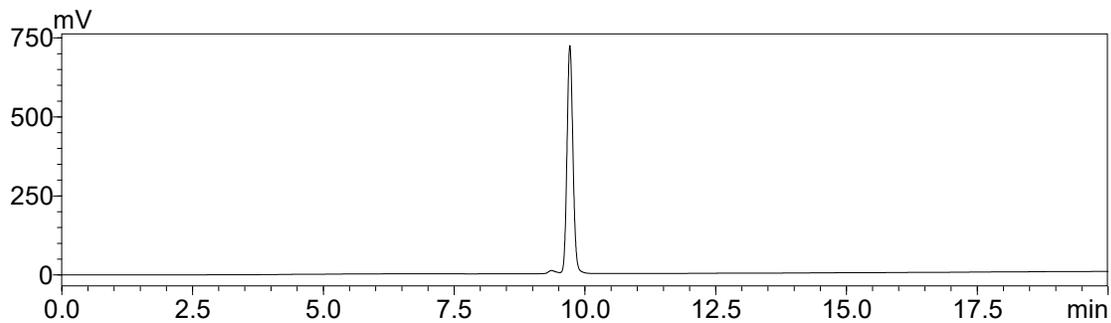
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.5$  Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d,  $J = 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t,  $J = 2.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d,  $J = 6.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.64 – 4.56 (m, 3H), 4.46 (dd,  $J = 10.0, 7.8$  Hz, 3H), 4.26 (dd,  $J = 3.4, 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dd,  $J = 3.4, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.09 – 4.03 (m, 1H), 4.03 – 3.45 (m, 52H), 3.42 (ddd,  $J = 9.9, 7.7, 2.1$  Hz, 1H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.14 – 1.96 (m, 15H), 1.71 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2H).

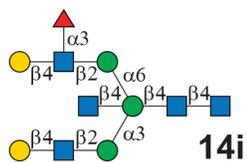
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{81}\text{H}_{134}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{59}$  2134.7670; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2133.7567.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

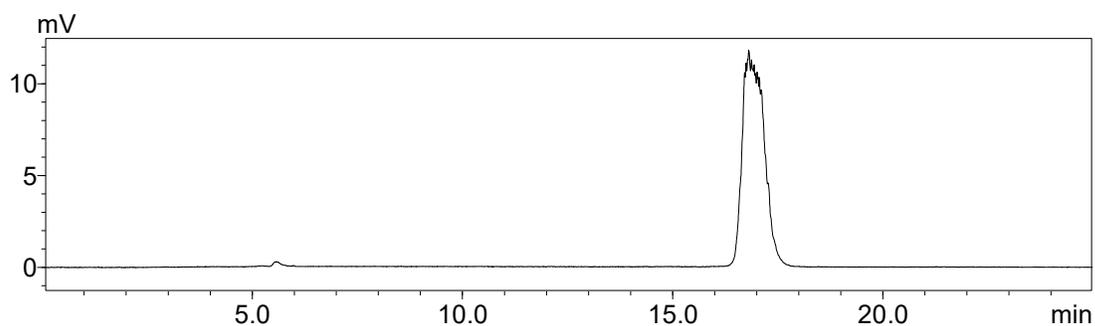




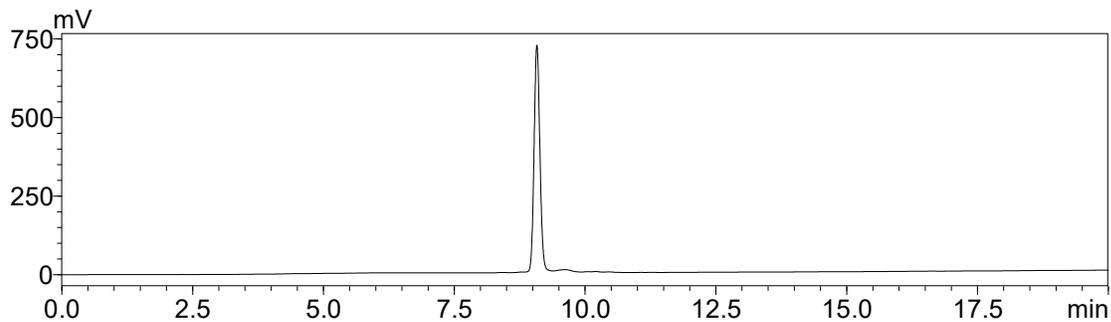
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d,  $J = 4.1$  Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 4.9$  Hz, 2H), 4.60 (dd,  $J = 8.2, 5.1$  Hz, 3H), 4.50 – 4.43 (m, 3H), 4.26 (s, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 4.07 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.44 (m, 63H), 3.44 – 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 1.94 (m, 15H), 1.19 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

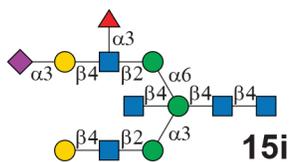
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{76}\text{H}_{127}\text{N}_{5}\text{O}_{55}$  1989.7295; found  $[\text{M}+2\text{H}]^{2+}$  995.8722.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

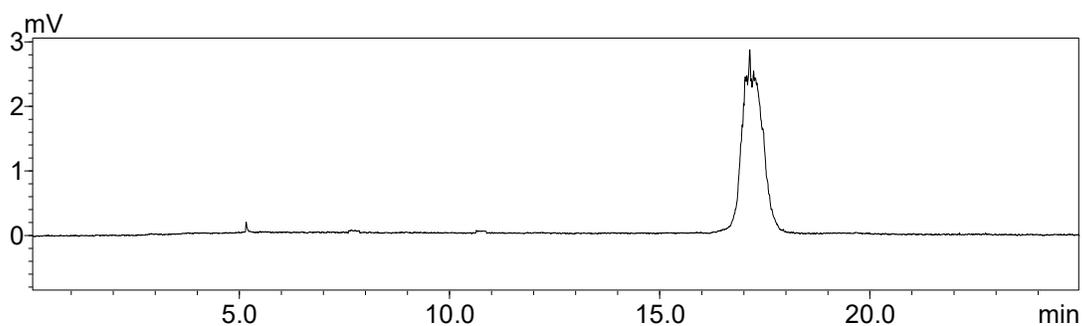




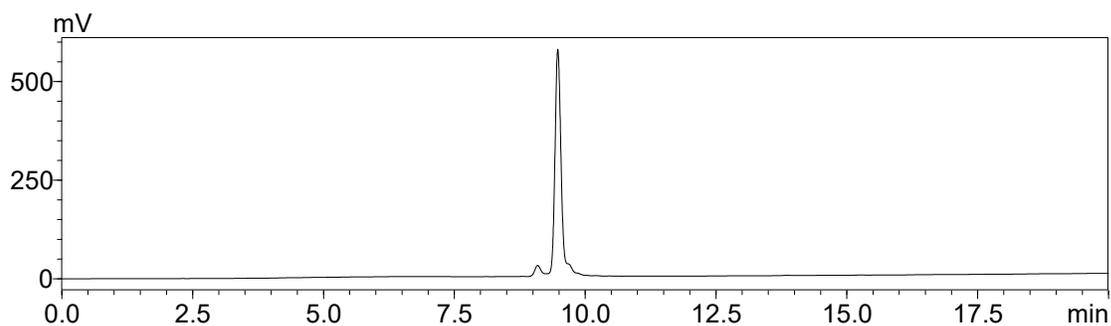
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.18 (d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d,  $J = 3.9$  Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 4.58 (dt,  $J = 12.5, 6.7$  Hz, 3H), 4.52 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 4.26 (d,  $J = 3.5$  Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 2.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 1H), 4.07 (q,  $J = 10.9, 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 4.02 – 3.36 (m, 55H), 3.25 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 1.94 (m, 15H), 1.79 (t,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, 2H), 1.18 (d,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 3H).

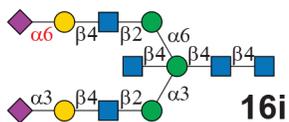
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{87}\text{H}_{144}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{63}$  2280.8249; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2279.8140.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

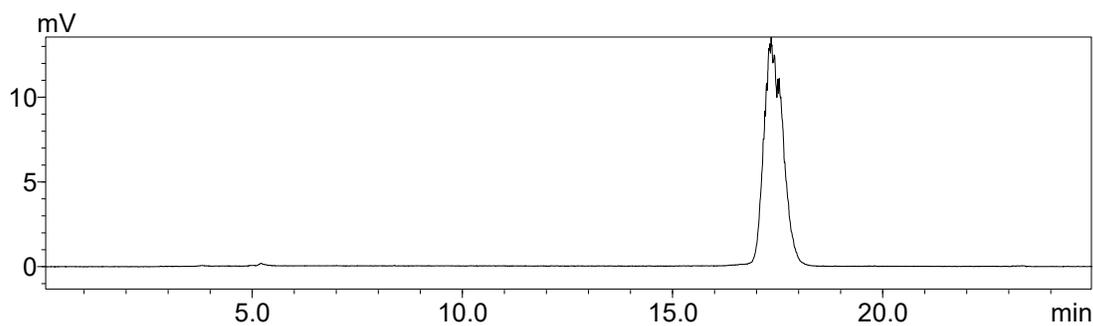




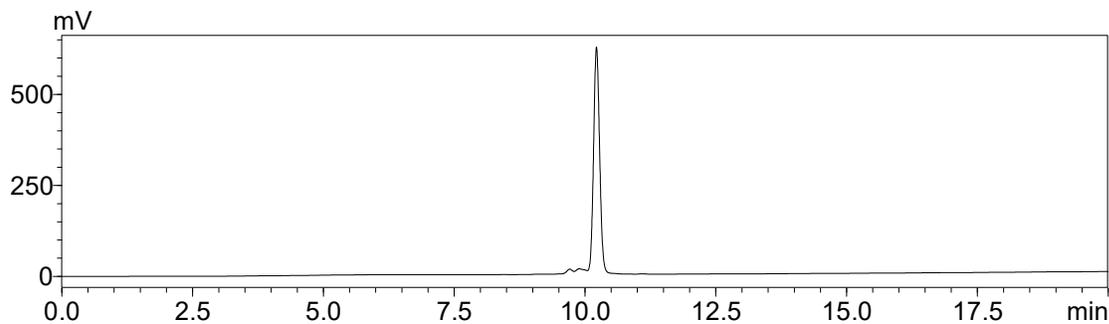
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.69 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.63 – 4.57 (m, 2H), 4.55 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.46 (t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 2H), 4.25 (s, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 4.11 (dd,  $J = 9.9, 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t,  $J = 9.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.45 (m, 47H), 3.42 (t,  $J = 8.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.80 – 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.68 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 1.95 (m, 14H), 1.79 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 1H), 1.71 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H).

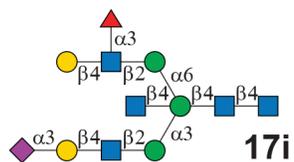
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{92}\text{H}_{151}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{67}$  2425.8624; found  $[\text{M}-2\text{H}]^2-$  1211.9152.

HLC



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

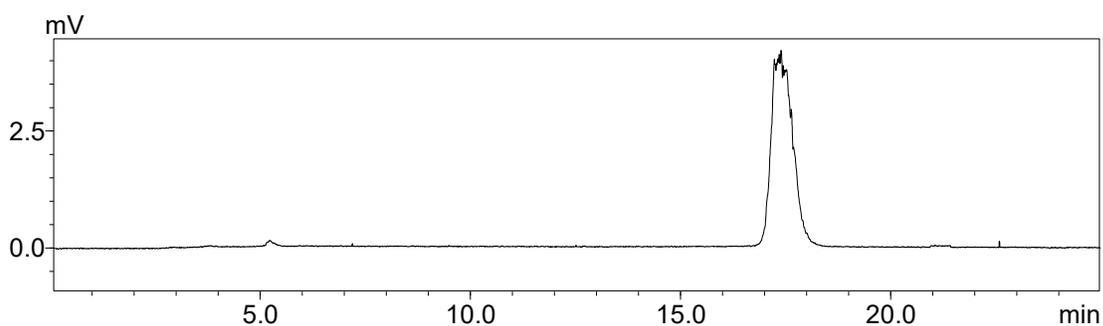




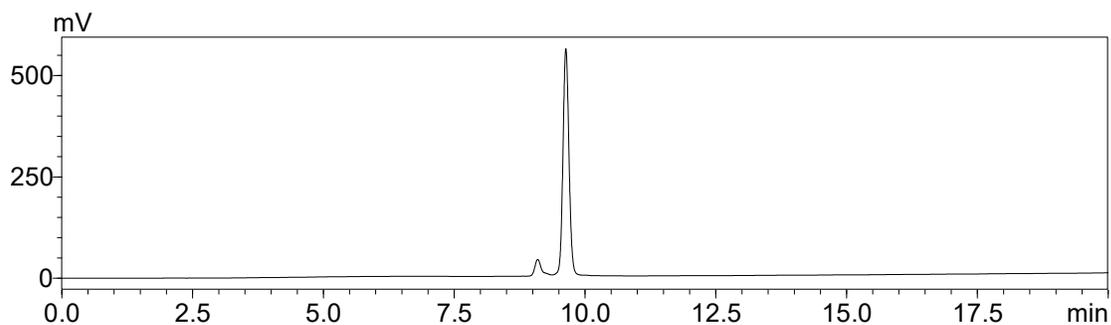
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d,  $J = 4.1$  Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 4.63 – 4.57 (m, 2H), 4.55 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.47 (t,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 2H), 4.25 (s, 1H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d,  $J = 3.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.11 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.45 (m, 50H), 3.42 (t,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 2H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 2H), 2.75 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 1.96 (m, 14H), 1.79 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{87}\text{H}_{144}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{63}$  2280.8249; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2279.8150.

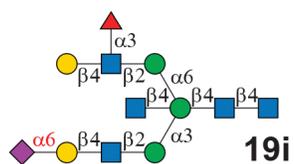
HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



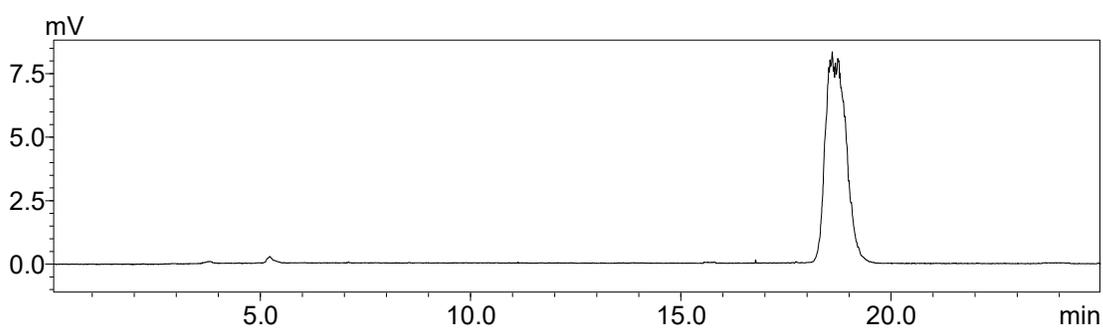




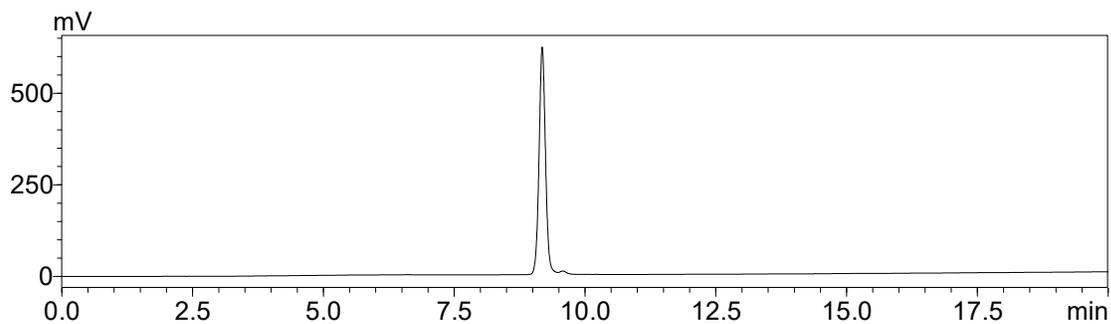
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.19 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.64 – 4.55 (m, 3H), 4.46 (dd,  $J = 18.7, 9.2$  Hz, 3H), 4.26 (s, 1H), 4.19 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 4.05 (t,  $J = 9.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.44 (m, 52H), 3.41 (t,  $J = 8.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.27 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 1H), 2.67 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 1.95 (m, 15H), 1.73 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

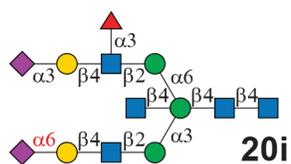
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{87}\text{H}_{144}\text{N}_{6}\text{O}_{63}$  2280.8249; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2279.8154.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

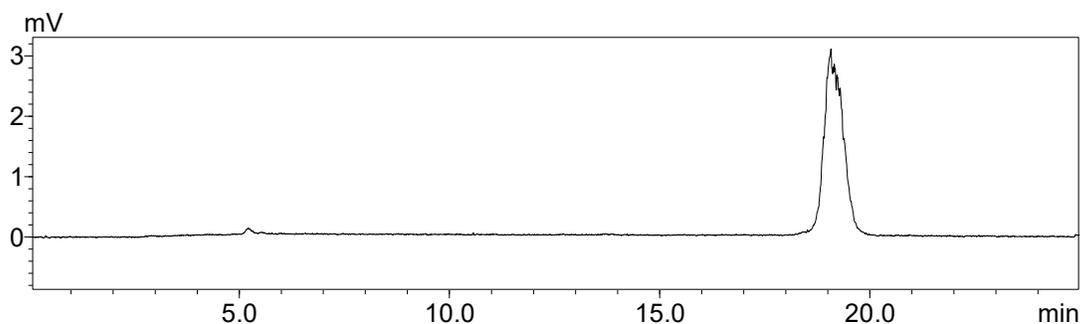




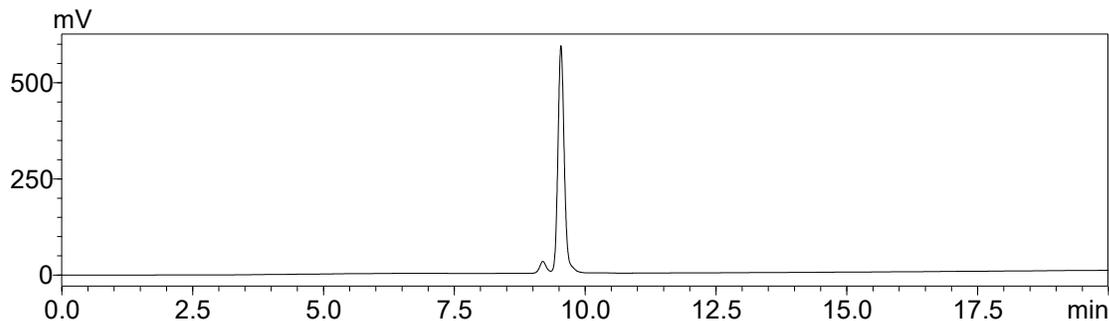
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (d,  $J = 2.9$  Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.70 (d,  $J = 5.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.61 (dt,  $J = 14.3, 8.7$  Hz, 3H), 4.54 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 4.20 (d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, 1H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 4.12 – 4.05 (m, 2H), 4.04 – 3.39 (m, 52H), 3.28 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 2H), 2.77 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.6$  Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 4.7$  Hz, 1H), 2.16 – 1.95 (m, 15H), 1.81 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2H), 1.74 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2H), 1.33 (d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, 1H), 1.20 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 3H).

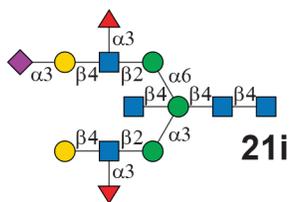
HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{98}\text{H}_{161}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{71}$  2571.9203; found  $[\text{M}-2\text{H}]^-$  1284.9448.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)



HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)

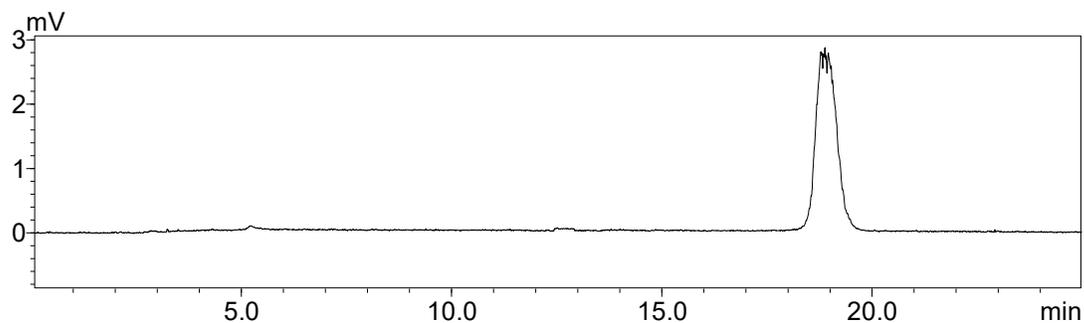




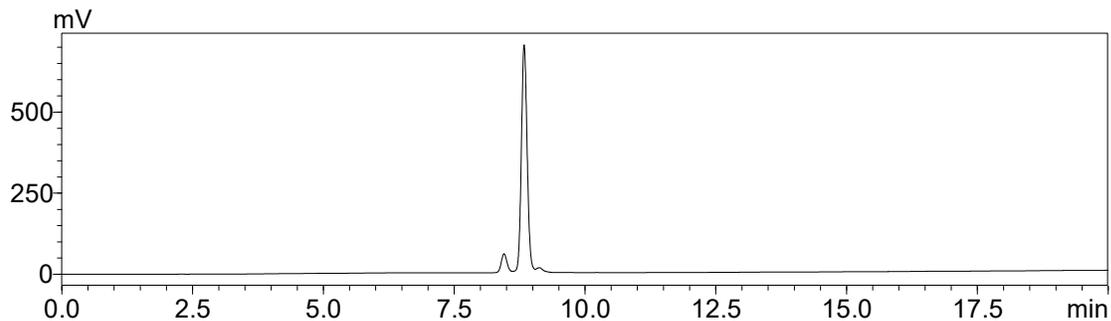
$^1\text{H NMR}$  (600 MHz, Deuterium Oxide)  $\delta$  5.20 (s, 1H), 5.16 (d,  $J = 4.1$  Hz, 2H), 5.14 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 2H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 4.60 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 4H), 4.54 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 2H), 4.51 – 4.44 (m, 3H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 4.13 – 4.06 (m, 3H), 4.05 – 3.39 (m, 67H), 3.26 (t,  $J = 9.3$  Hz, 3H), 2.77 (dd,  $J = 12.6, 4.5$  Hz, 2H), 2.16 – 1.95 (m, 16H), 1.81 (t,  $J = 12.1$  Hz, 3H), 1.19 (dd,  $J = 11.1, 6.9$  Hz, 6H).

HRMS (ESI)  $m/z$  calcd. for  $\text{C}_{93}\text{H}_{154}\text{N}_6\text{O}_{67}$  2426.8828; found  $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$  2425.8742.

HPLC (free N-glycan with HILIC column)

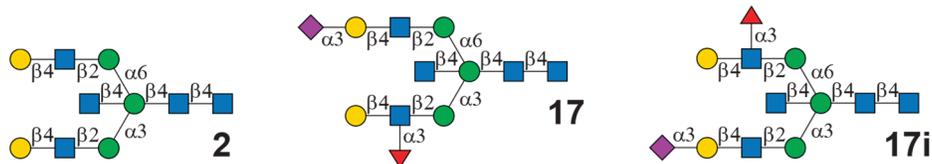


HPLC (AEAB-labeled N-glycan with PGC column)



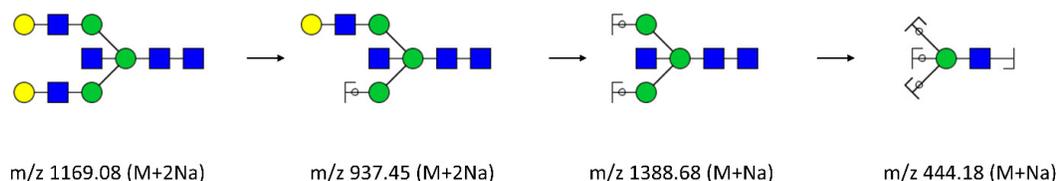
## 6. LC-HCD-MS/MS and MS<sub>n</sub> ANALYSIS OF COMPOUNDS 2, 17, AND 17i

### Experiment details:



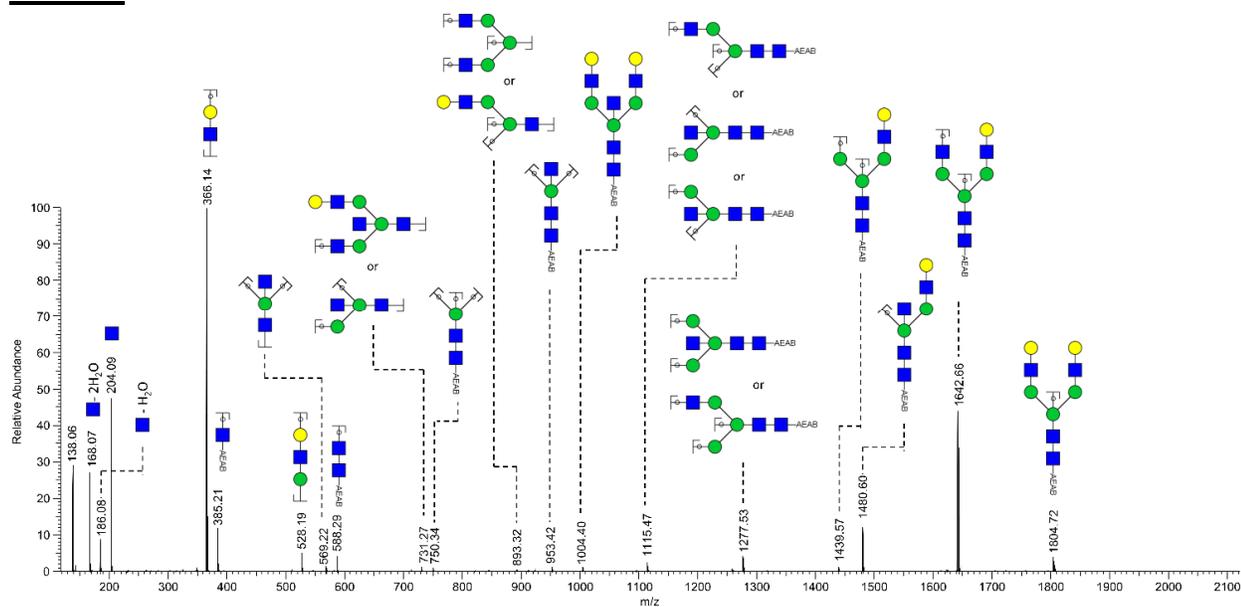
**UPLC-MS Analysis of AEAB labelled glycans:** AEAB labeled **2**, **17** or **17i** were resuspended in water to a concentration of 0.5  $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{L}$ . Experiments were carried out with a linear separation of low-to-high organic (100% Acetonitrile containing 0.1% formic acid) on a Zorbax Eclipse XDB-C18 column (Agilent; 2.1x150 mm, 1.8  $\mu\text{m}$ ) connected to a Thermo QExactive HF mass spectrometer. All chemicals used for chromatography were mass-spec grade purity. A constant flow of 0.3 mL/min was used into the mass spectrometer. A full FTMS spectrum was collected with the Orbitrap detector at a resolution of 120 000 from  $m/z$  400-1800, with a data dependent scan used to collect HCD fragments of highly abundant ions throughout the separation. An injection of 2  $\mu\text{L}$  (1  $\mu\text{g}$ ) was used for analysis.

**Permethylation and MS<sub>n</sub> analysis of native compounds 2, 17, and 17i:** Approximately 20  $\mu\text{g}$  of the sample was transferred to a glass vial and resuspended in 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO). A sodium hydroxide (NaOH)-DMSO base was made by combining 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of 50% v/v NaOH and 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of methanol (MeOH) and shaking. To this 4 mL of DMSO was added and the sample was mixed vigorously and then centrifuged for 5 mins at 3000 g. A white precipitate of carbonates is formed at the top of the DMSO and a clear NaOH-DMSO base at the bottom of the tube. All precipitate and DMSO was removed without disturbing the base. 4 mL of DMSO was added and the base was once again once again mixed vigorously and centrifuged. This process was repeated until precipitate no longer formed. The clear base was then resuspended in 1 mL of DMSO, and 300  $\mu\text{L}$  of this was added to the sample. 150  $\mu\text{L}$  of iodomethane was added to the sample. The sample was then vortexed and allowed to shake on a sample shaker for 25 minutes. The reaction was quenched by adding 2 mL of HPLC grade  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . 2 mL of dichloromethane was then added to extract the glycans. The sample was mixed vigorously for 30 seconds and then centrifuged at 3000 g for 1 minute. The upper water layer was then removed, and 2 additional mL of water was added. This process was repeated a total of 4 times. After the final water layer was removed, the glycan containing dichloromethane layer was then transferred to a clean glass tube and dried under a stream of  $\text{N}_2$ .<sup>17, 18</sup> Permethylated glycans were then resuspended in 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of MeOH, and transferred to an LC target vial and diluted to 0.2  $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{L}$  in 50:50 MeOH: $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . MS<sub>1</sub> and MS<sub>2</sub> data were collected on an Orbitrap Fusion Tribrid mass spectrometer equipped with a nanospray ion source and connected to a Dionex binary solvent system (Waltham, MA).<sup>19</sup> MS<sup>4</sup> experiments for compound **2** were done by direct injecting the sample into the Orbitrap Fusion and following the fragmentation pathway outlined in **Figure S3**.

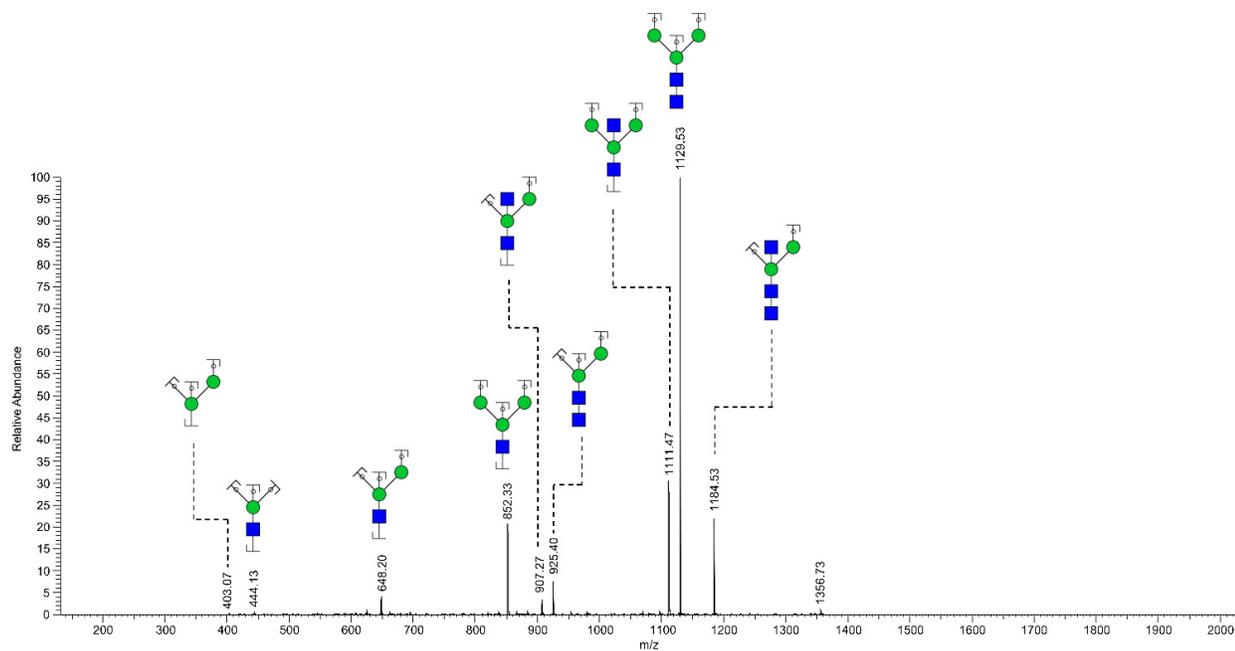


**Figure S3.** Fragmentation pathway of MS<sub>4</sub> experiment done to confirm bisecting GlcNAc.

## Results:

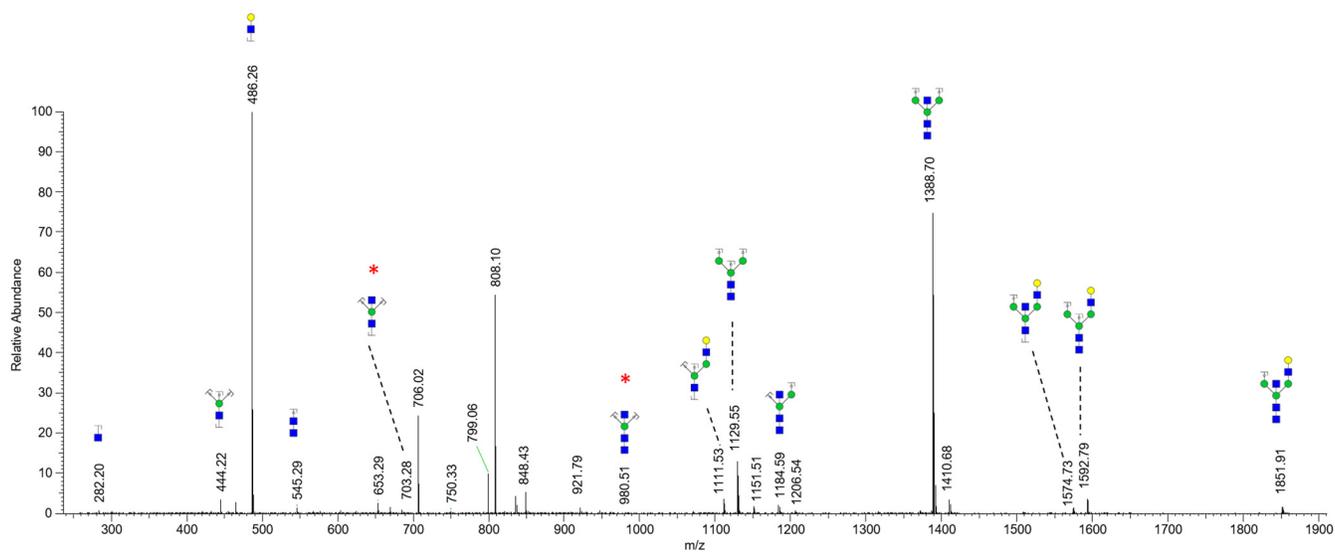


**Figure S4.** LC-HCD-MS/MS of AEAB labeled **2** (MS/MS of  $m/z$  1004  $[M+2H]$ ).

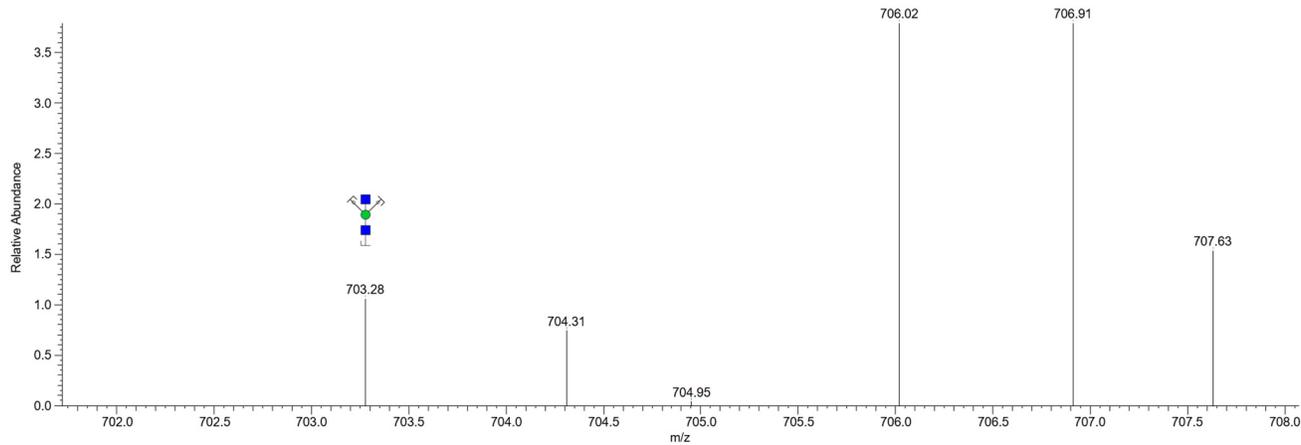


**Figure S5:**  $MS^4$  of permethylated compound **2**. The fragmentation pathway for this experiment can be seen in **Figure S5**. This data was collected in the ion trap. Fragment at  $m/z$  444.1 confirms the bisecting GlcNAc.

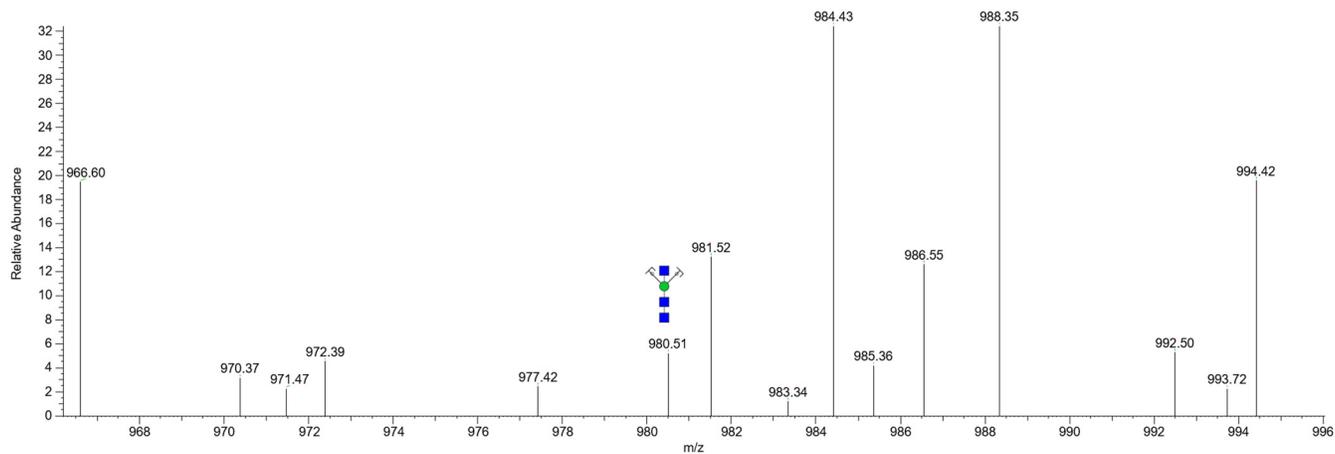
To determine presence of bisecting GlcNAc, an  $MS^n$  strategy to trim down the permethylated N-glycan to the trimannose core was utilized.<sup>18, 20</sup> Fragmentation to the core yields a 3-substituted structure at  $m/z$  1388.68  $[M+Na]$ , that could correspond to either a tri-antennary structure or a bi-antennary structure with a bisecting GlcNAc. Fragmentation of this ion yields an  $m/z$  of 444  $[M+Na]$  for bisecting structures or  $m/z$  458  $[M+Na]$  for tri-antennary glycans.



**Figure S6:** MS<sup>3</sup> of permethylated compound 2 (m/z 1169 [M+2Na] → 937 [+2Na]).

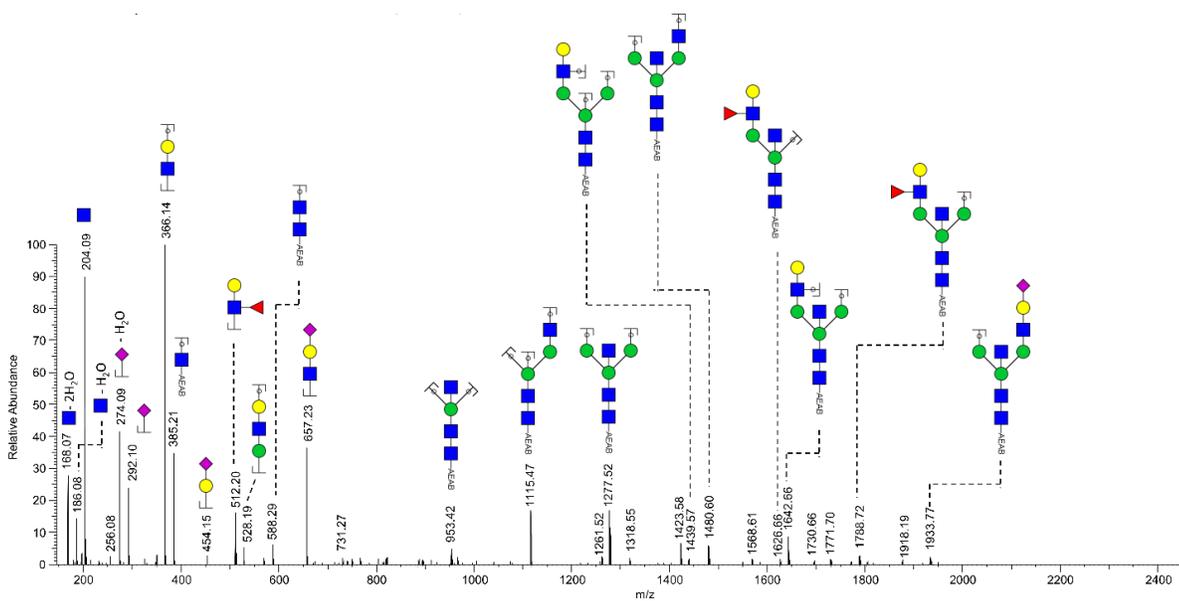


**Figure S7:** Zoom in of MS<sup>3</sup> of permethylated compound 2 (Ppm error: -56.87).

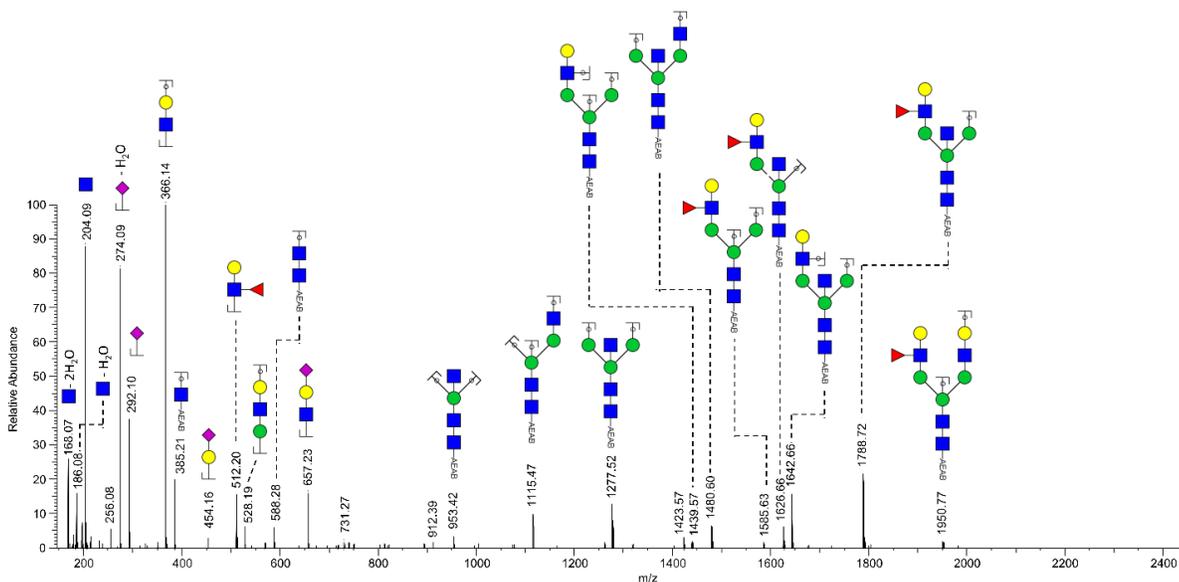


**Figure S8:** Zoom in of MS<sup>3</sup> of permethylated compound 2 (Ppm error: 30.60).

MS<sup>3</sup> spectrum was obtained using IT-MS mode by fragmenting a 3-substituted structure at m/z 937.45 [M+2Na], that could correspond to either a tri-antennary structure or a bi-antennary structure with a bisecting GlcNAc. The data (Figure S6, S7, S8) support that this structure is the bi-antennary structure with a bisecting GlcNAc. If the bisecting GlcNAc was galactosylated there would be a diagnostic fragment at m/z 966.46, whereas if the GlcNAc is not galactosylated we would not expect to see this fragment and instead would see a fragment at m/z 980.48. A fragment at m/z 980.51 was observed, which is within expected ppm error for ion trap MS. Additionally, a fragment at m/z 703.28 was observed which corresponds to a loss of the reducing end GlcNAc. The bond between the core mannose's is not labile, and it is difficult to achieve these fragments. Because of this the intensities of these fragments are low. The fragment expected for galactosylated bisecting GlcNAc was not observed.

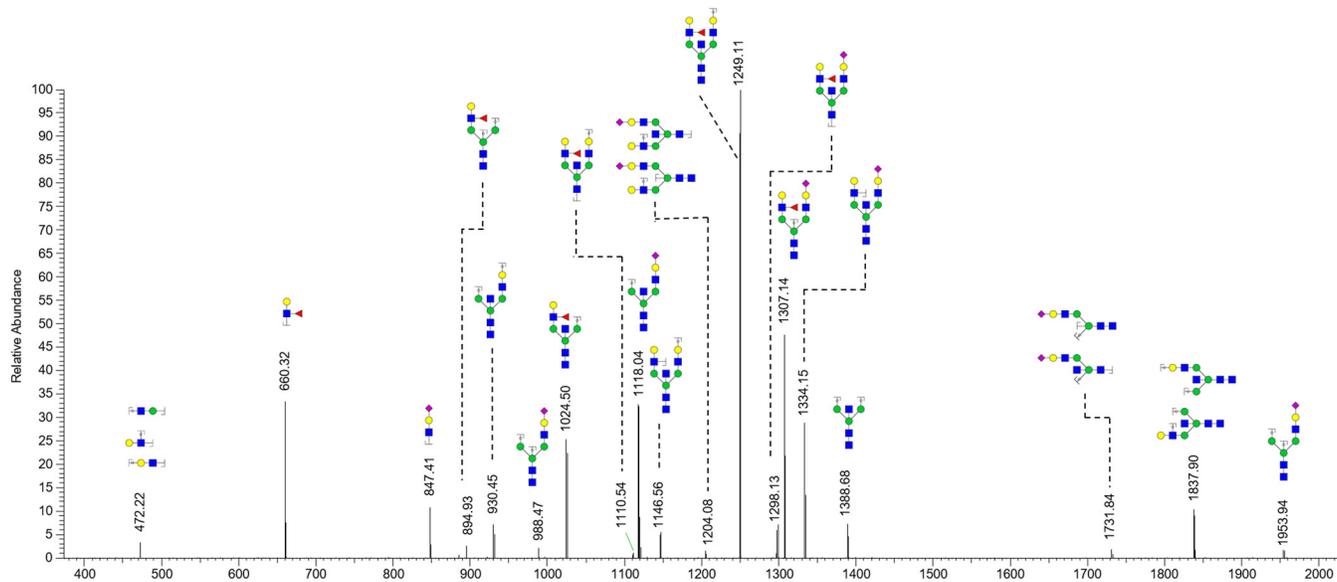


**Figure S9.** LC-HCD-MS/MS of AEAB labeled **17** (MS/MS of m/z 815 [M+3H]). Fragments at m/z 512 and m/z 657 confirm the sialic acid and fucose are on different branches.

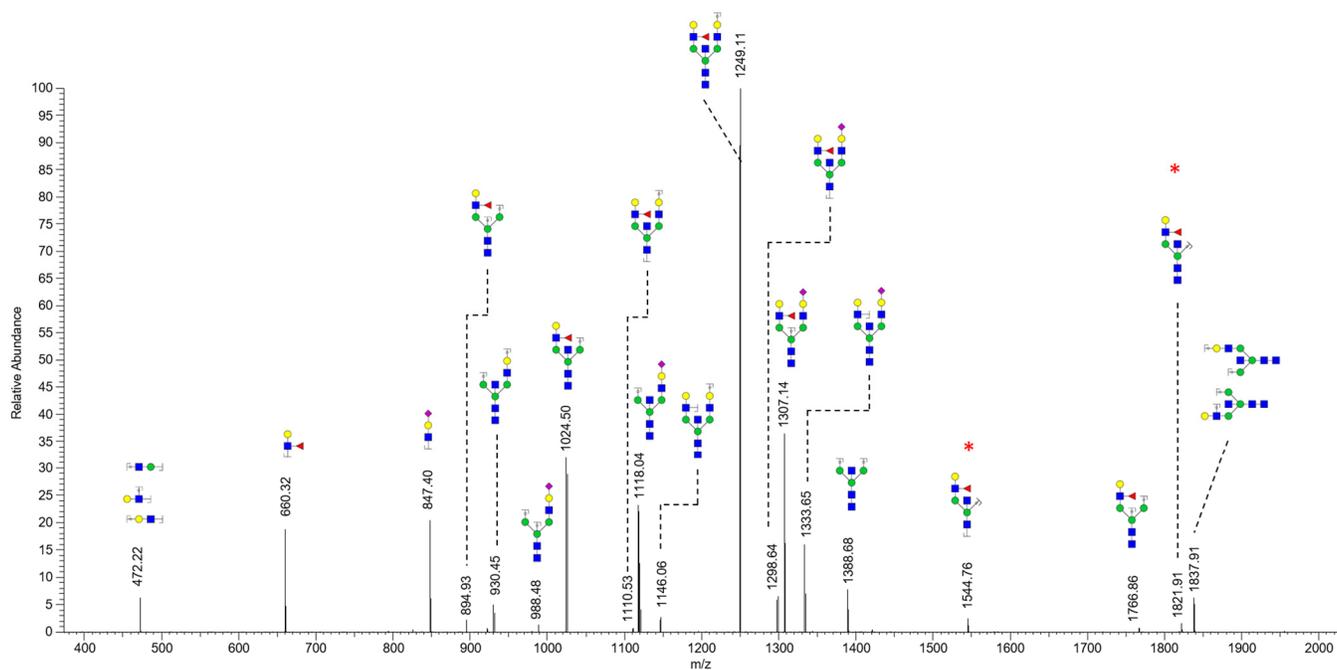


**Figure S10.** LC-HCD-MS/MS of AEAB labeled **17i** (MS/MS of m/z 815 [M+3H]). Fragments at m/z 512 and m/z 657 confirm the sialic acid and fucose are on different branches.

For compounds **17** and **17i**, the retention times shift confirming these structures are structural isomers (Part 5 HPLC analysis of AEAB labeled **17** and **17i**). For MS/MS, both compounds produced fragment ions at  $m/z$  512 which confirm the fucosylated branch, and  $m/z$  657 which confirm the sialylated branch confirming that **17** and **17i** are positional isomers with respect to the sialic acid placement. An additional water loss would be seen if the fucose and sialic acid were on different branches. This LC-HCD-MS/MS analysis of AEAB labelled compound **17** and **17i** confirmed that Module S1 catalyzed reaction only attach  $\alpha$ 2-3Neu5Ac into the branch without fucosylation. This is further supported by LC-CID-MS/MS data collected on permethylated samples, which produced these same diagnostic fragments (**Figure S11, S12**).



**Figure S11.** Compound **17** Permethylated MS/MS of  $m/z$  1436.7 [M+2Na]

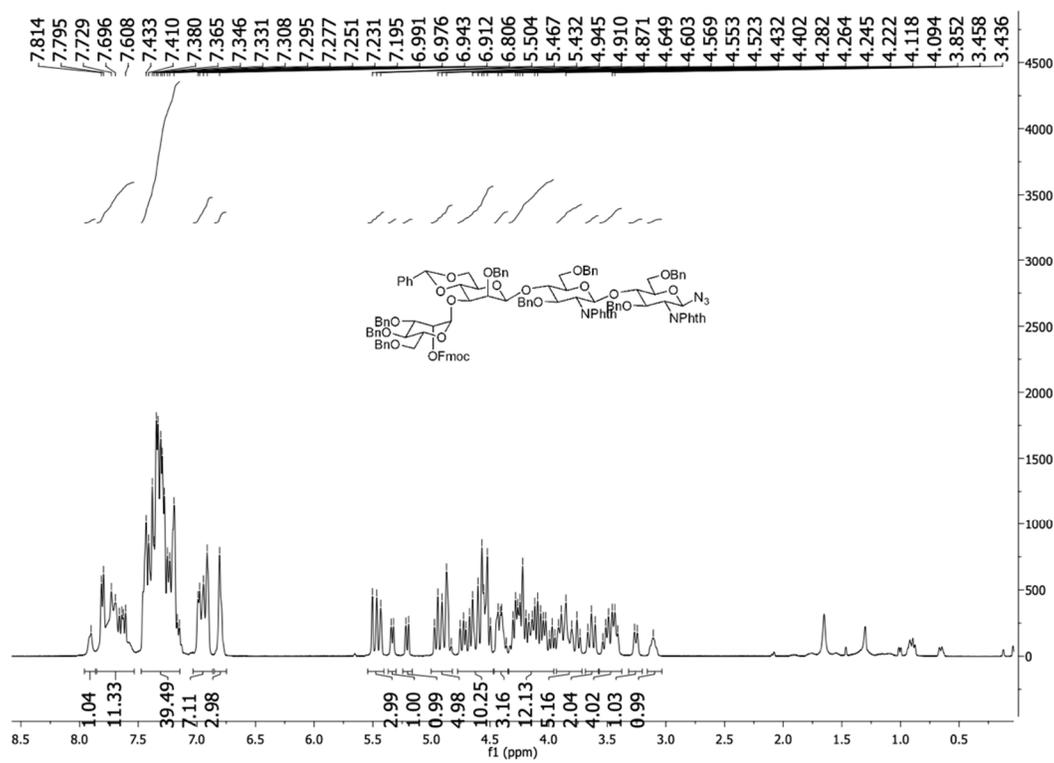


**Figure S12.** Compound **17i** Permethylated MS/MS of  $m/z$  1436.7 [M+2Na]

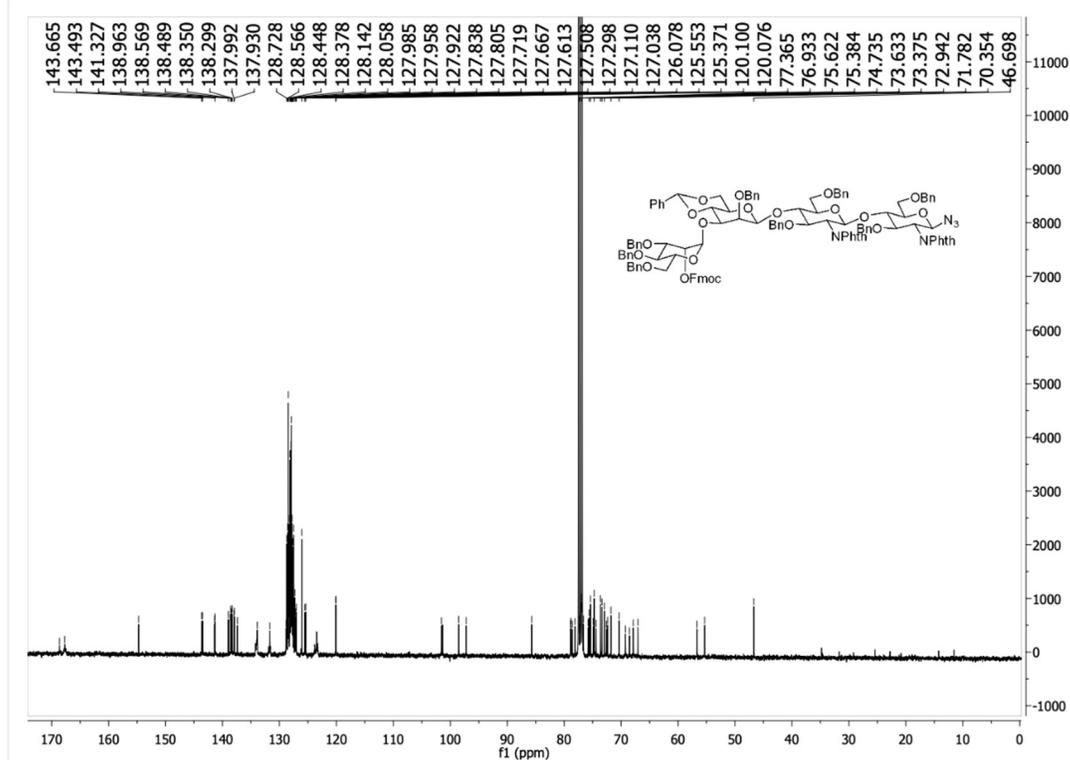
## 7. NMR SPECTRA

### Compound 24

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )



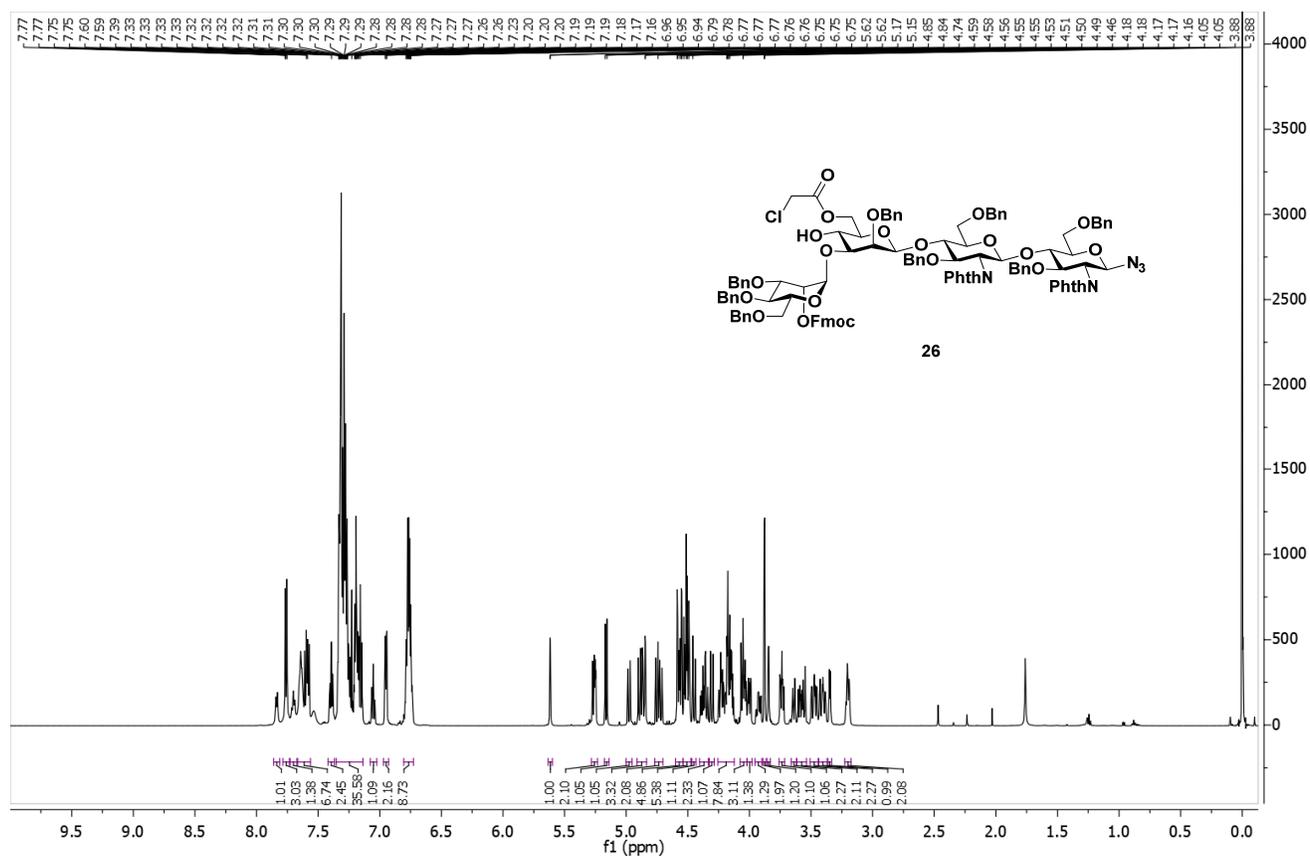
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )



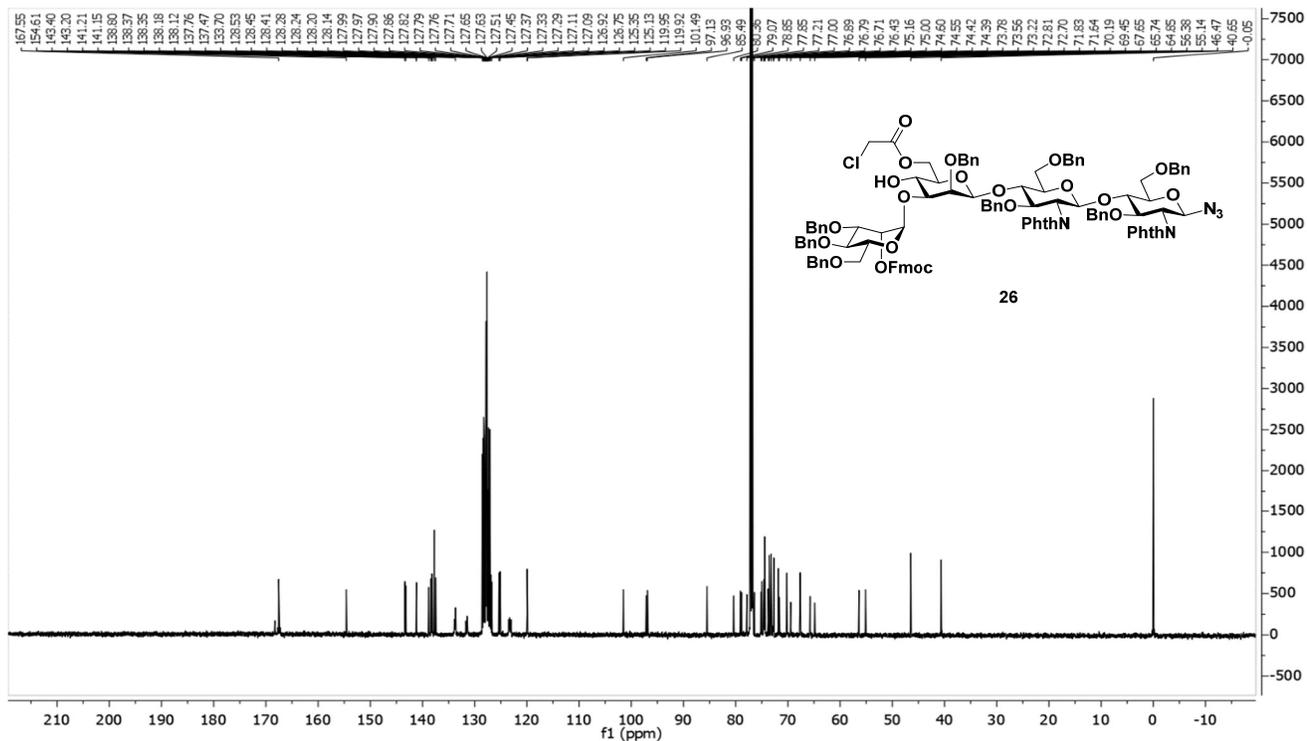


# Compound 26

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

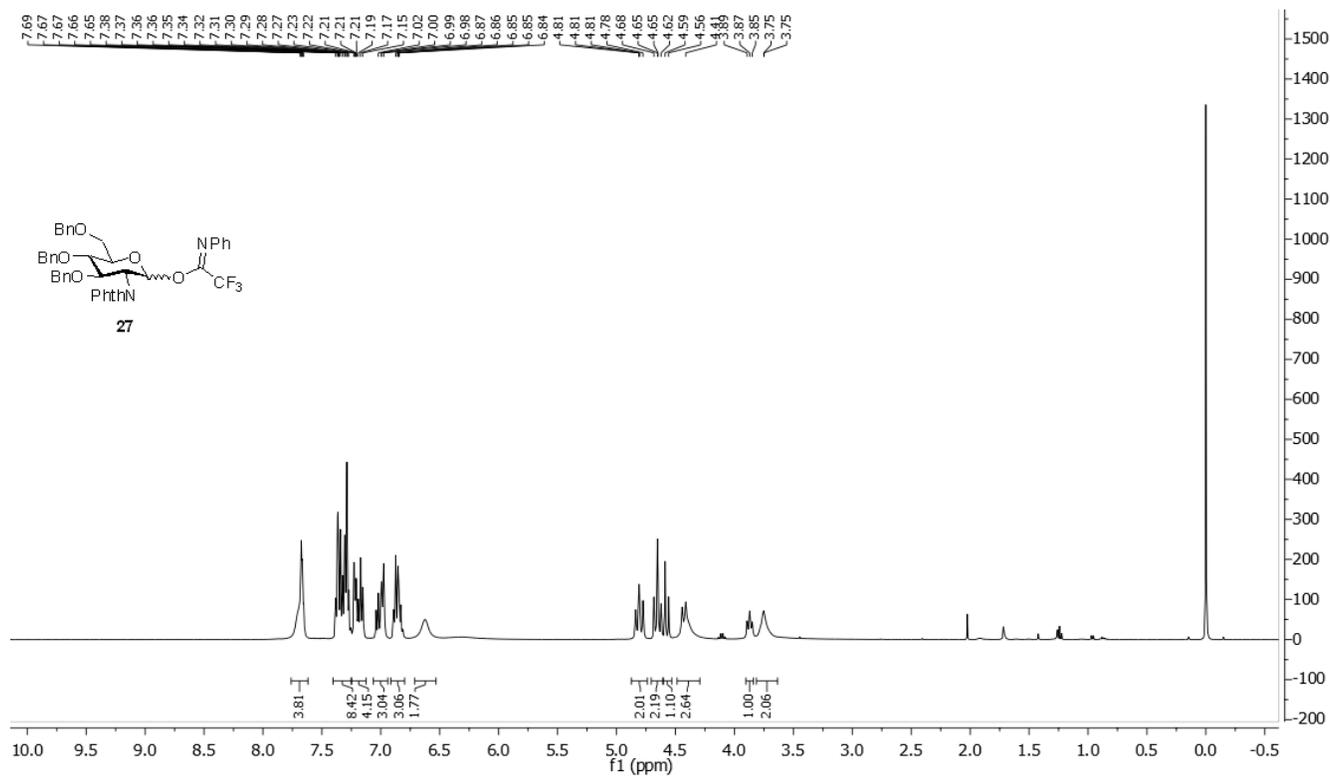


$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

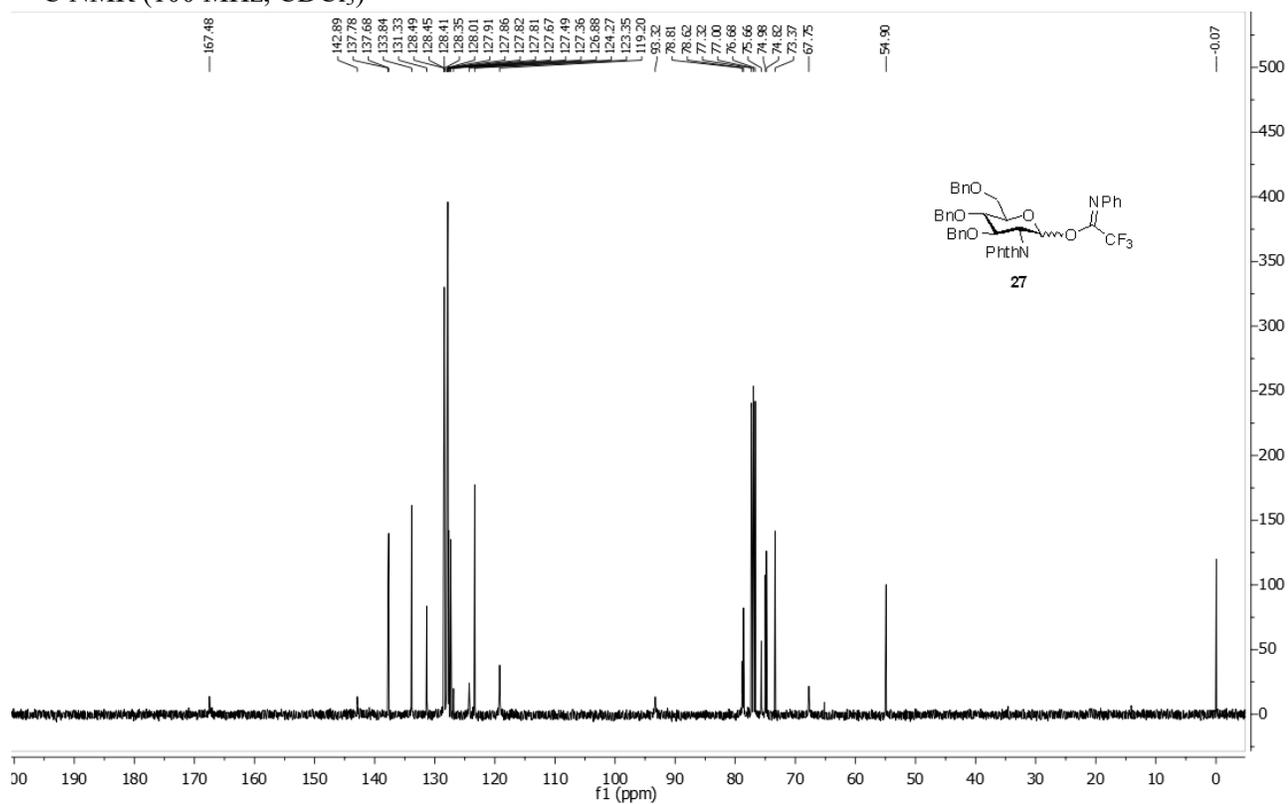


# Compound 27

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

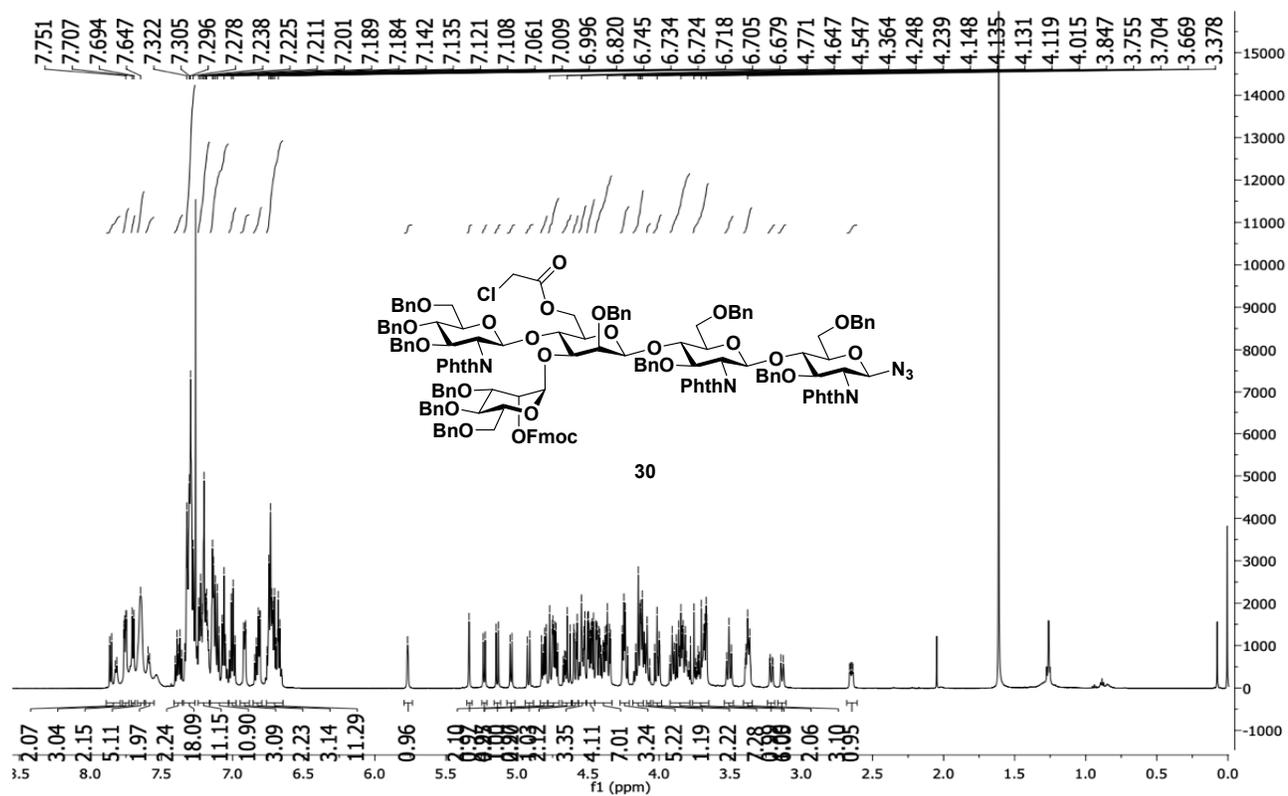


<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

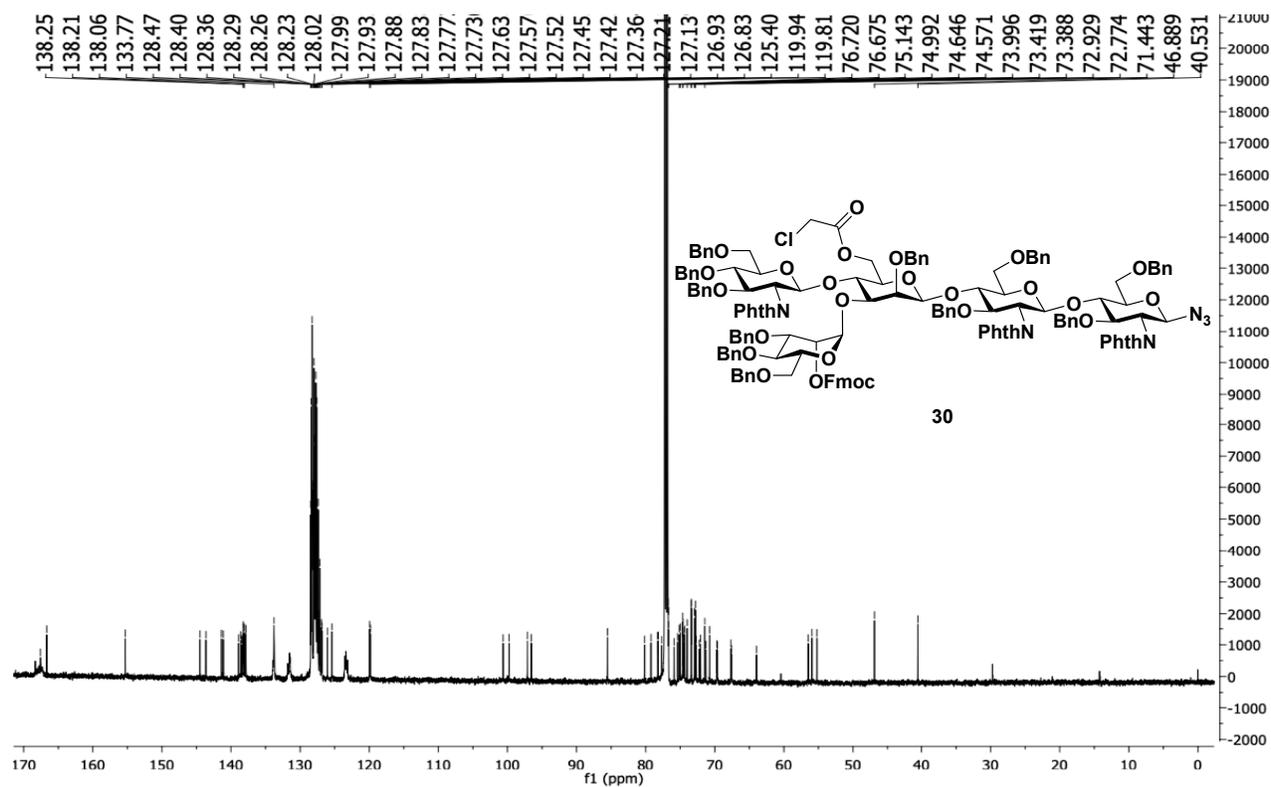


### Compound 30

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )



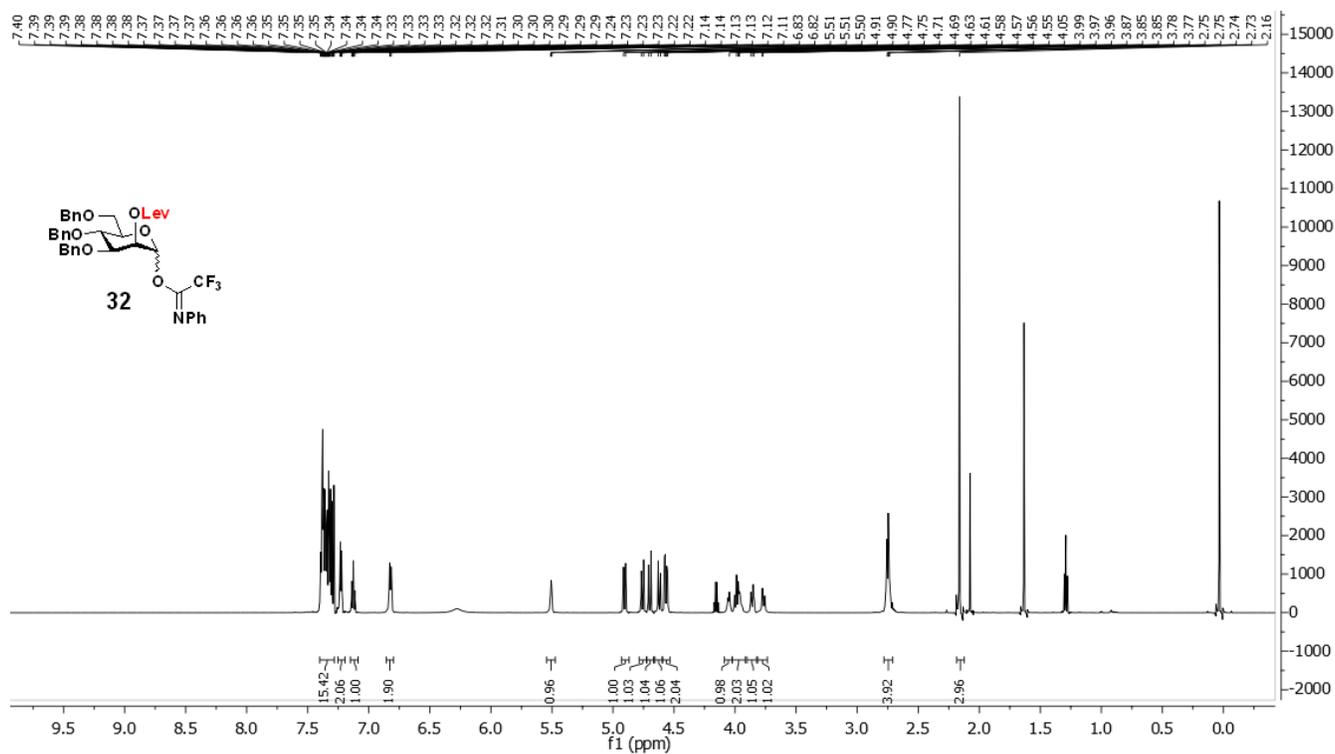
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )



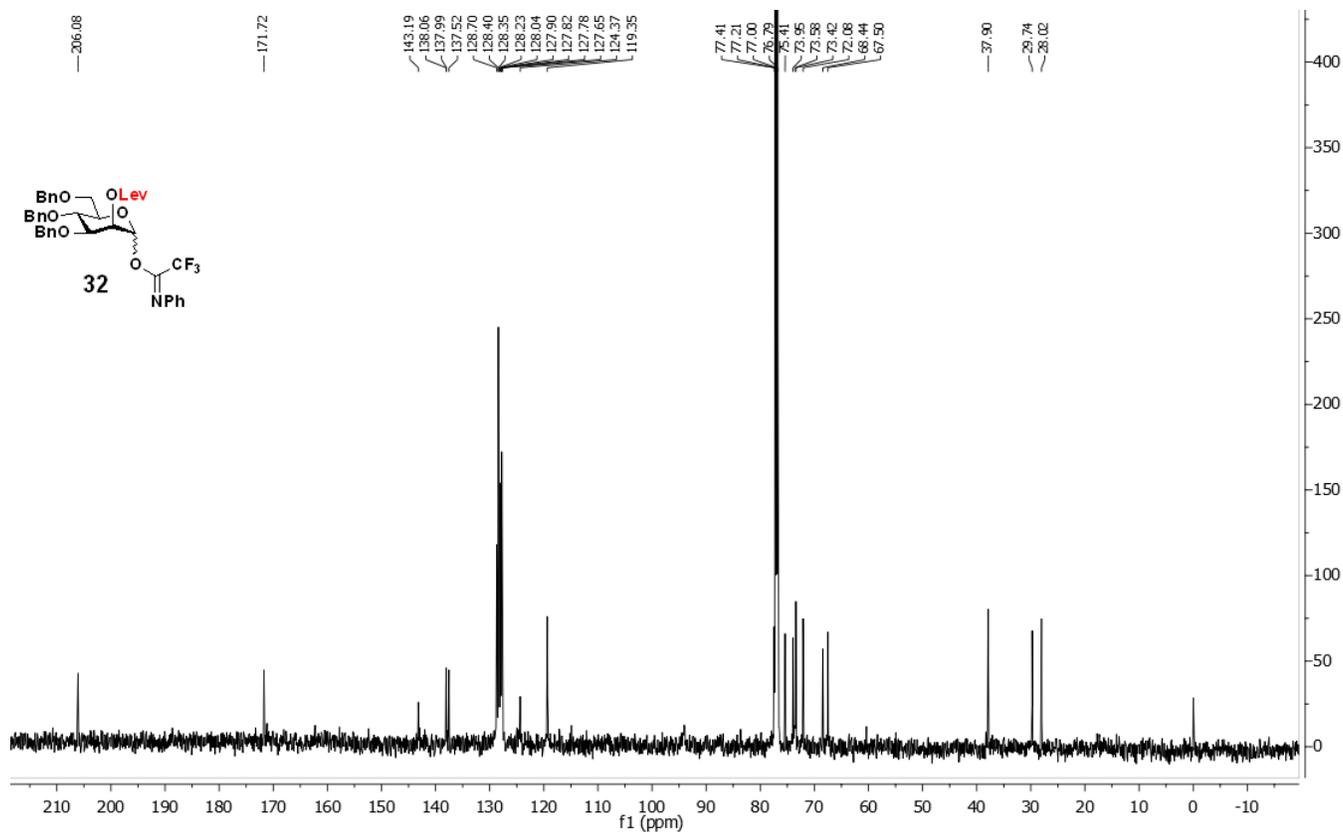


# Compound 32

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

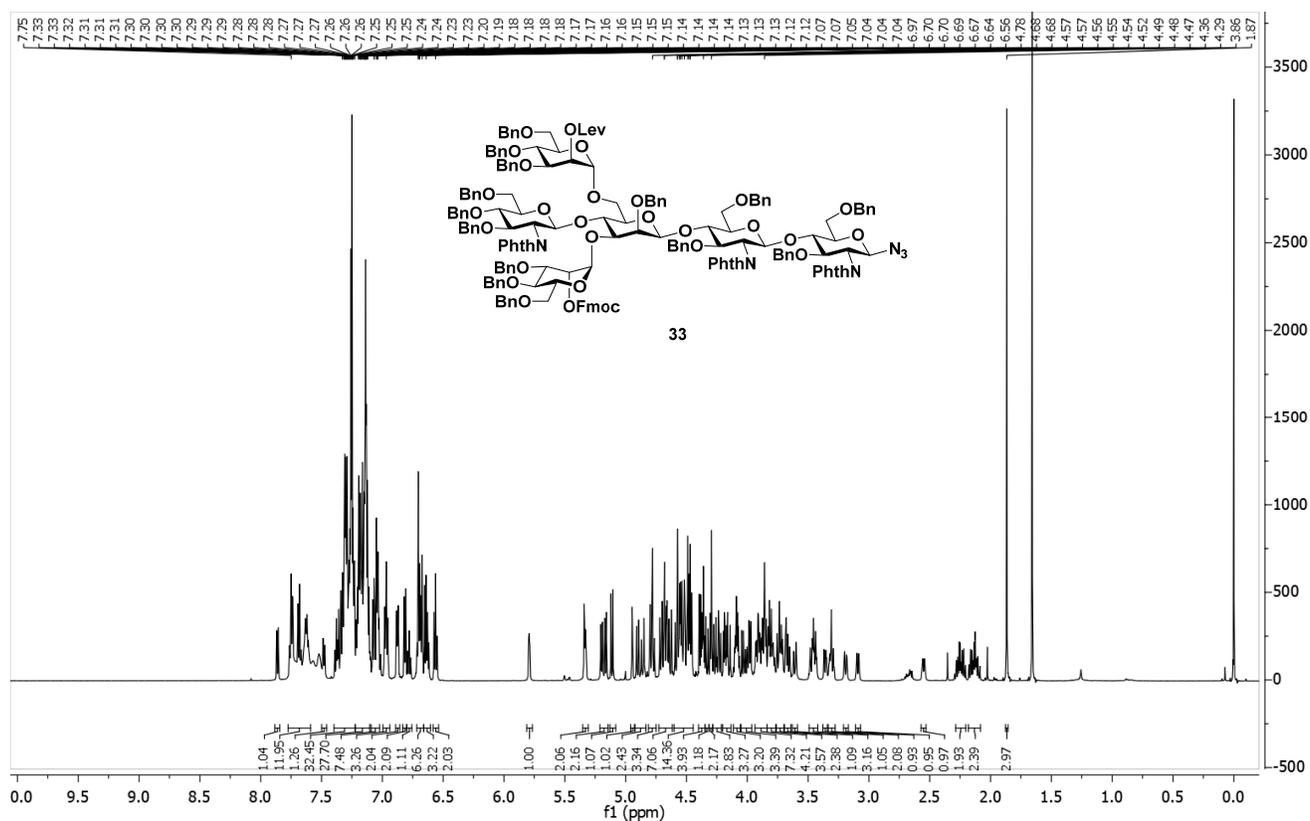


$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

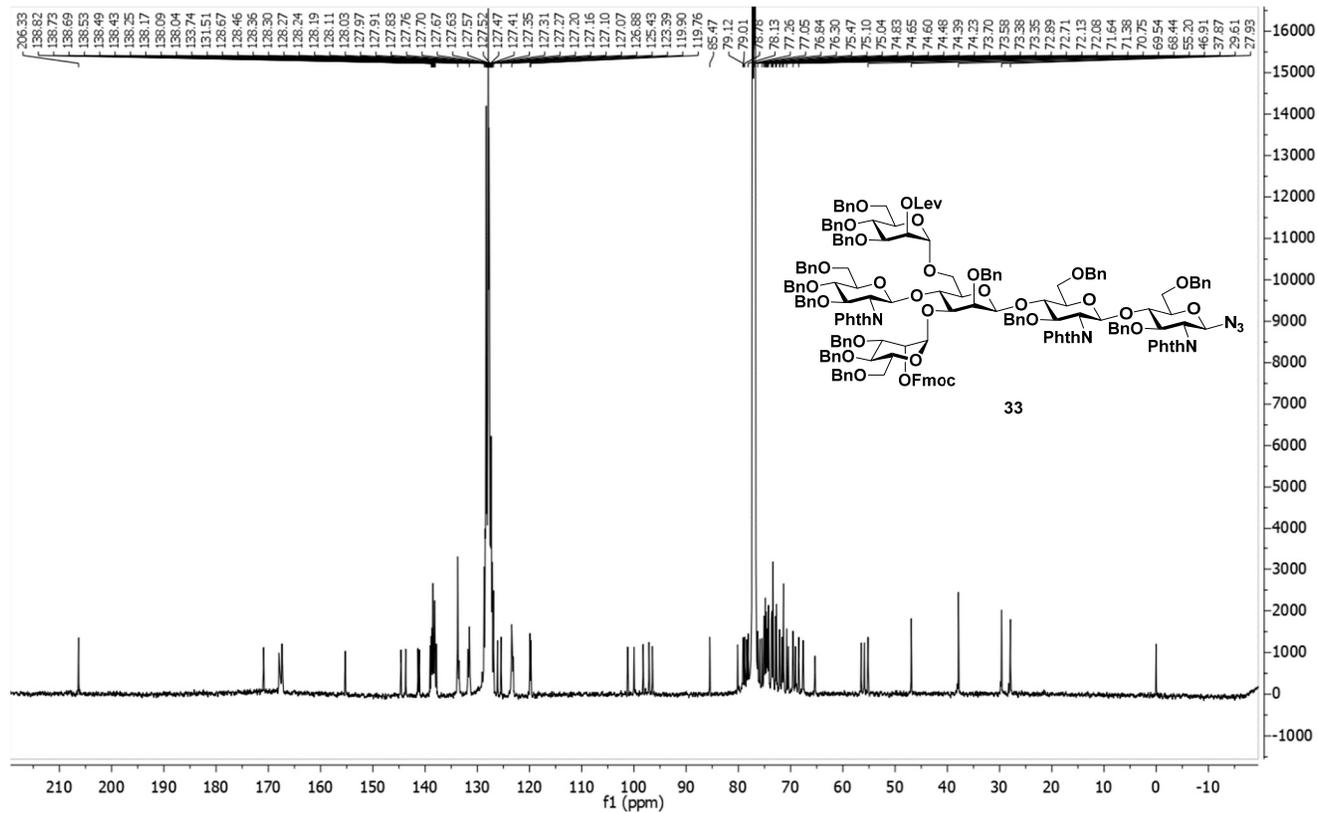


# Compound 33

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

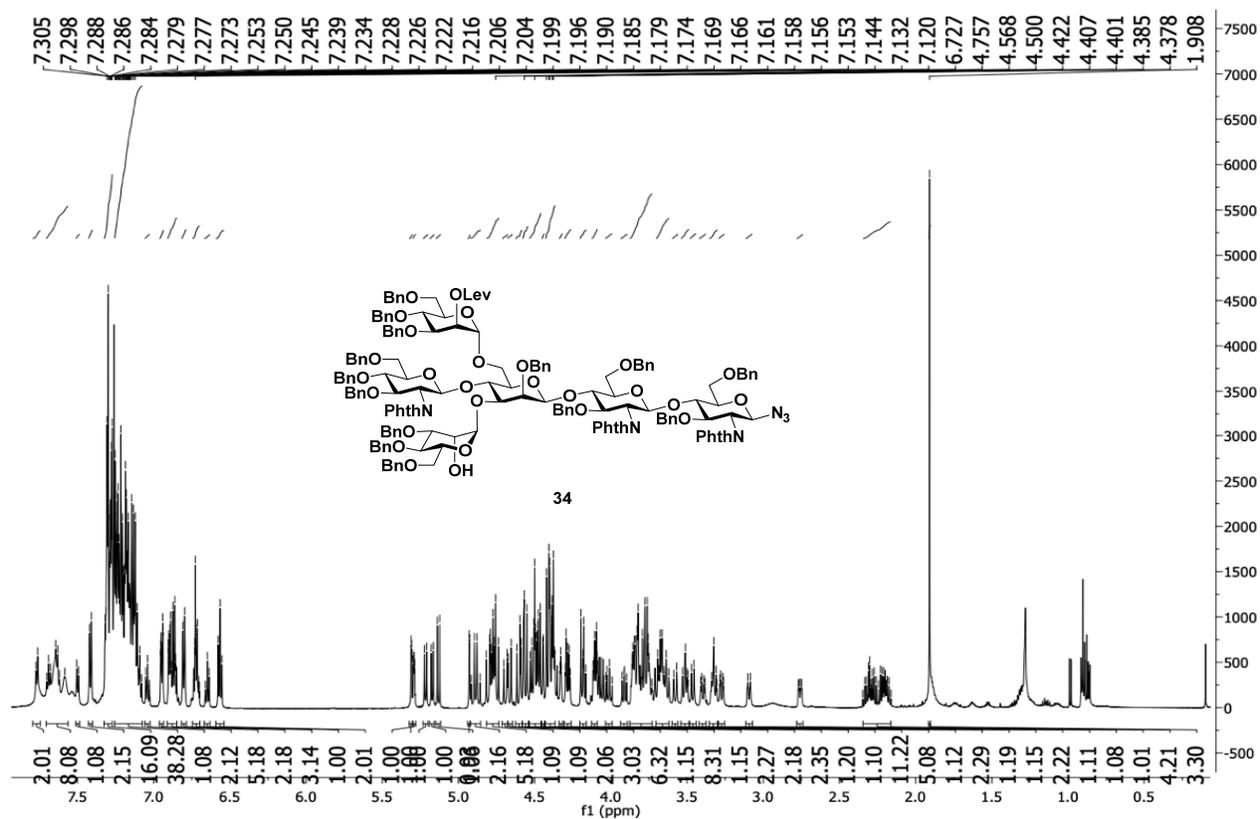


$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

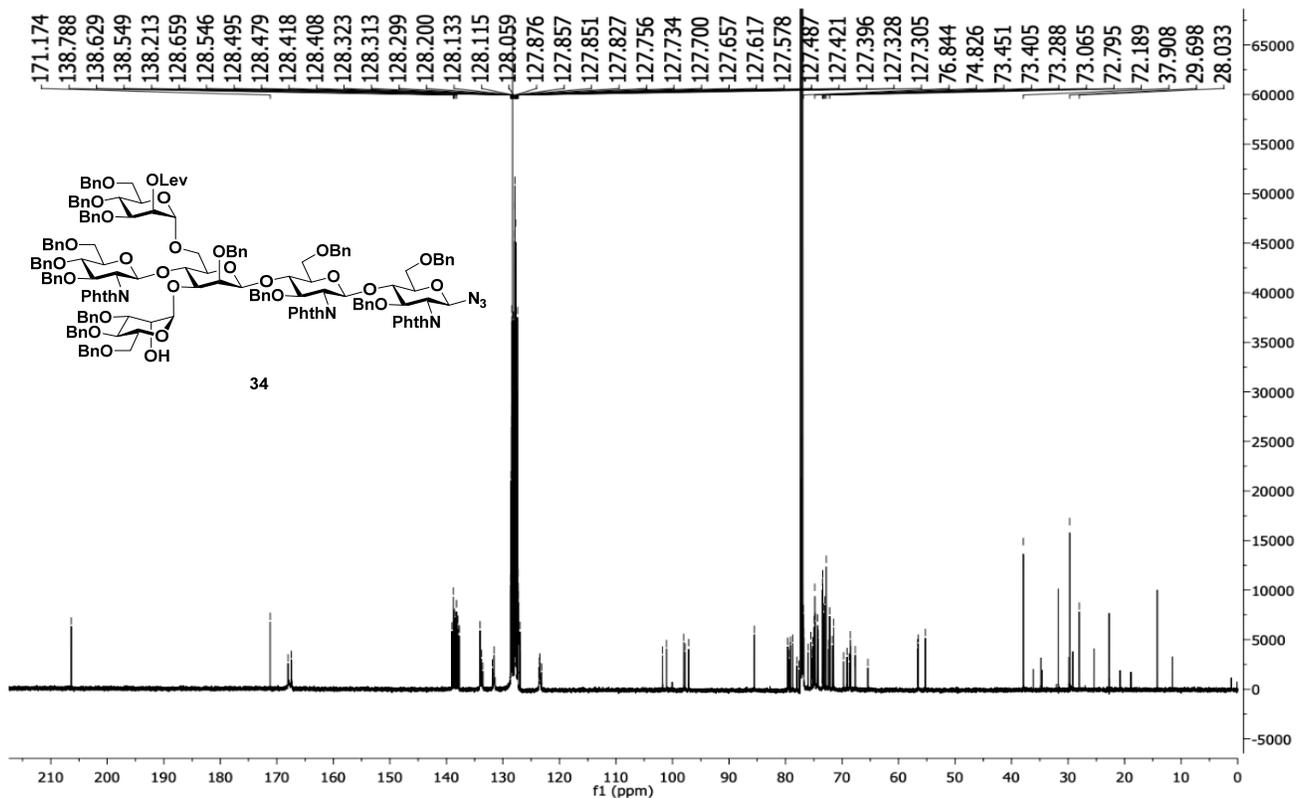


# Compound 34

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

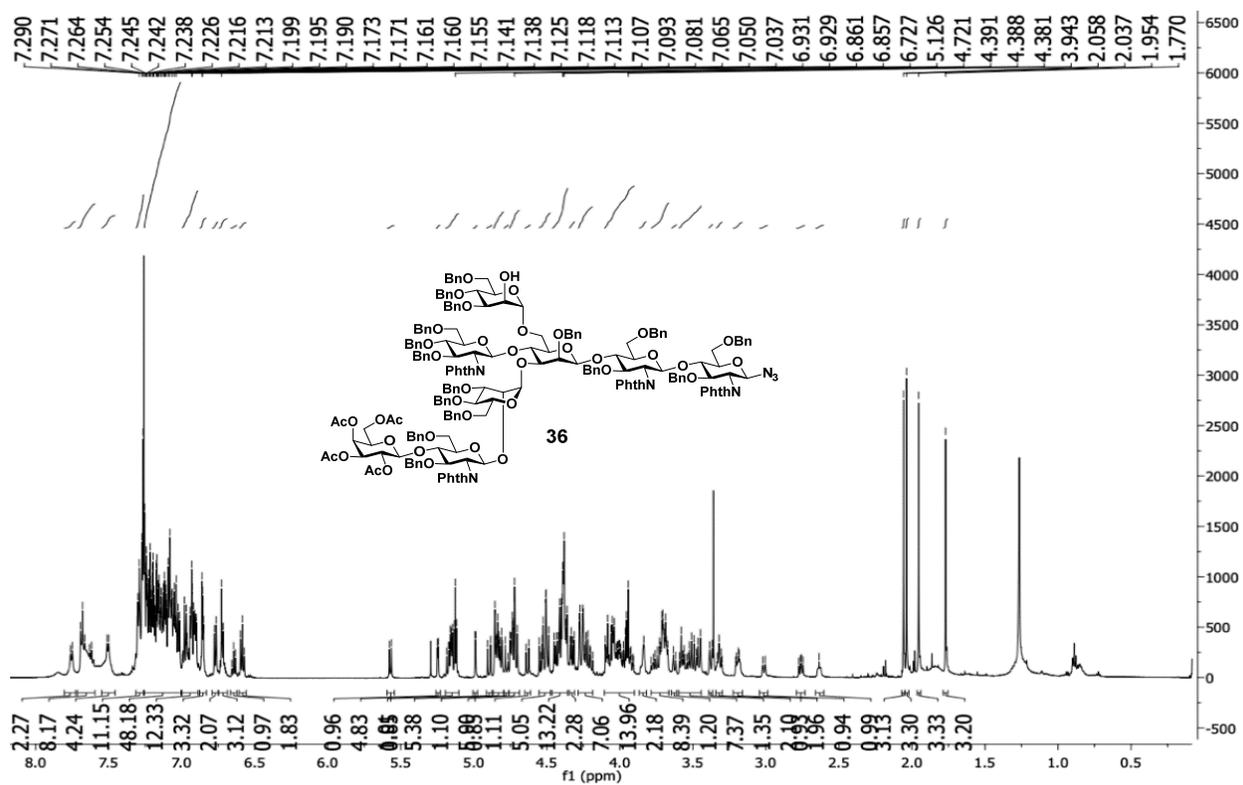


$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )

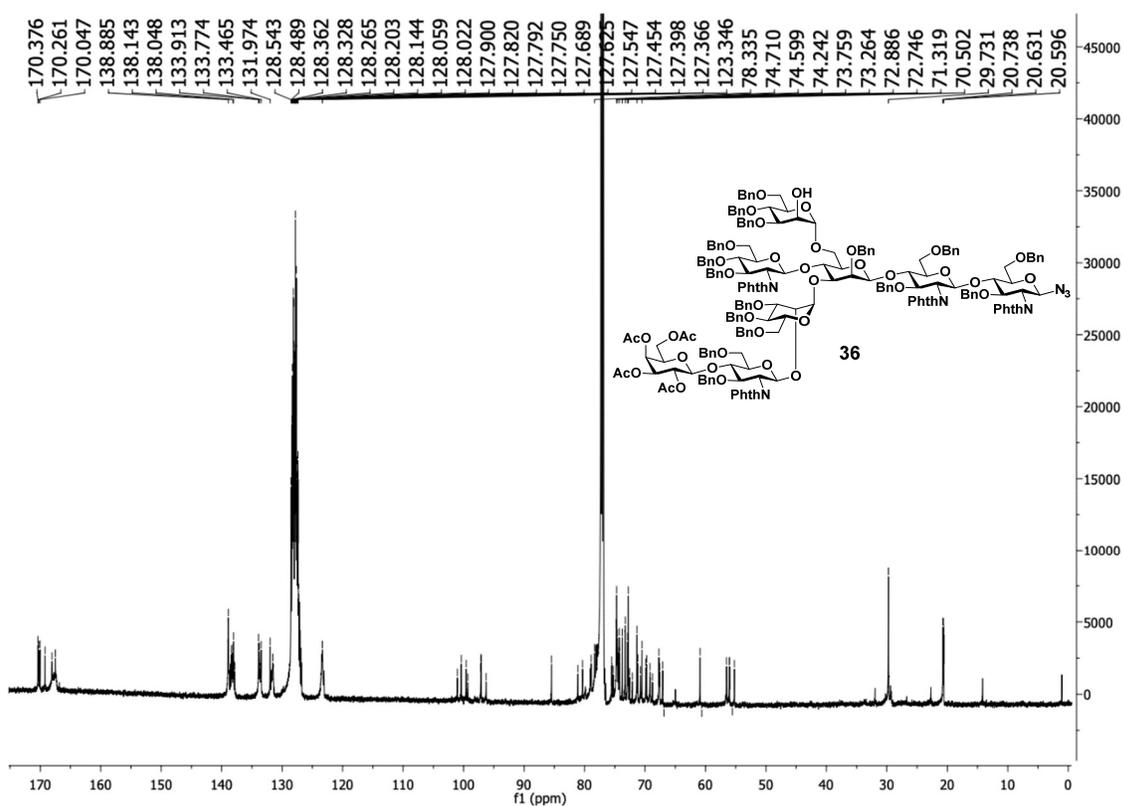


### Compound 36

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

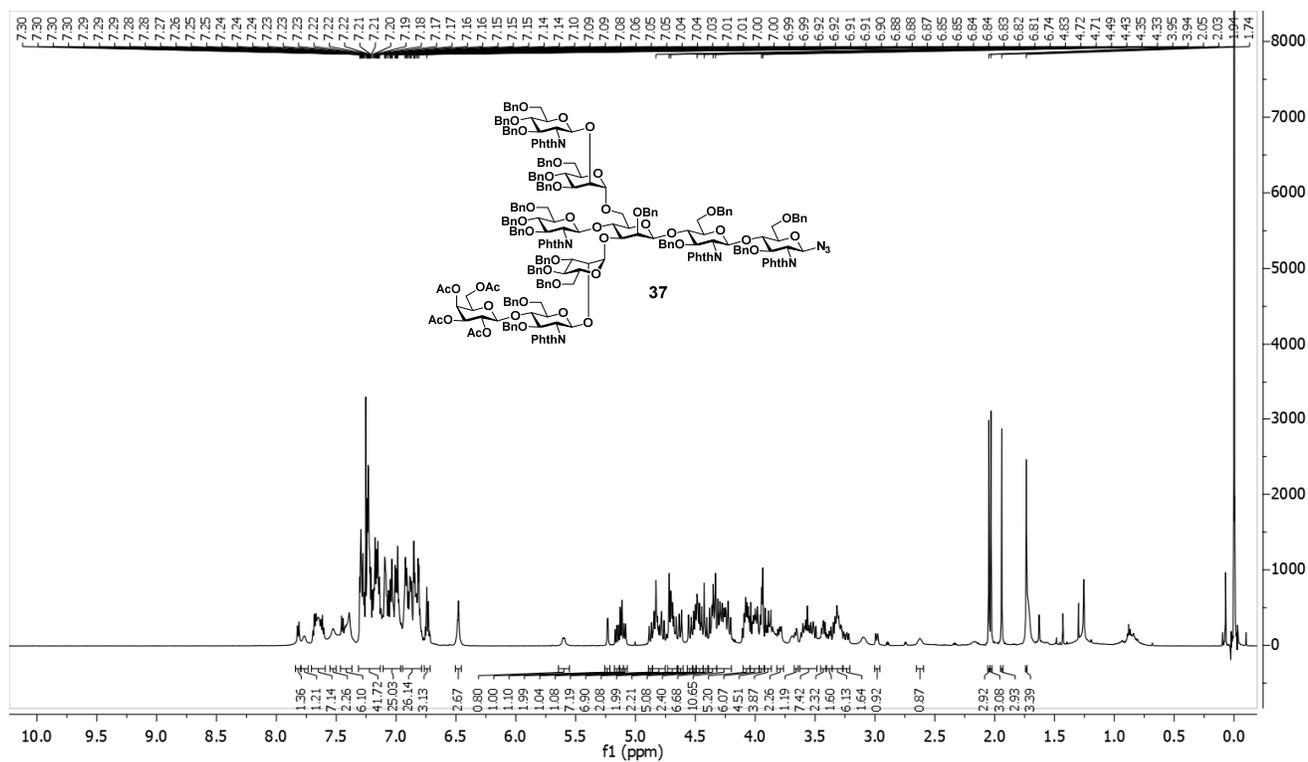


<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)



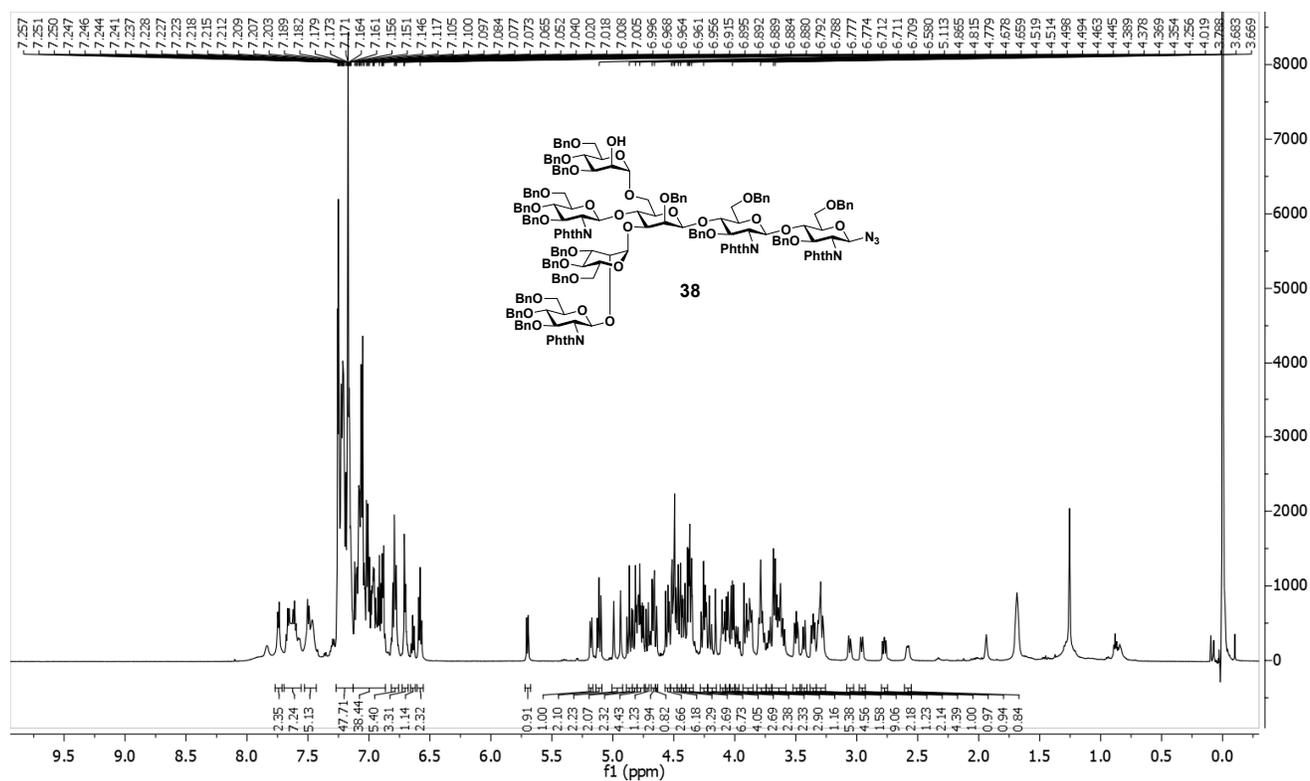
# Compound 37

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

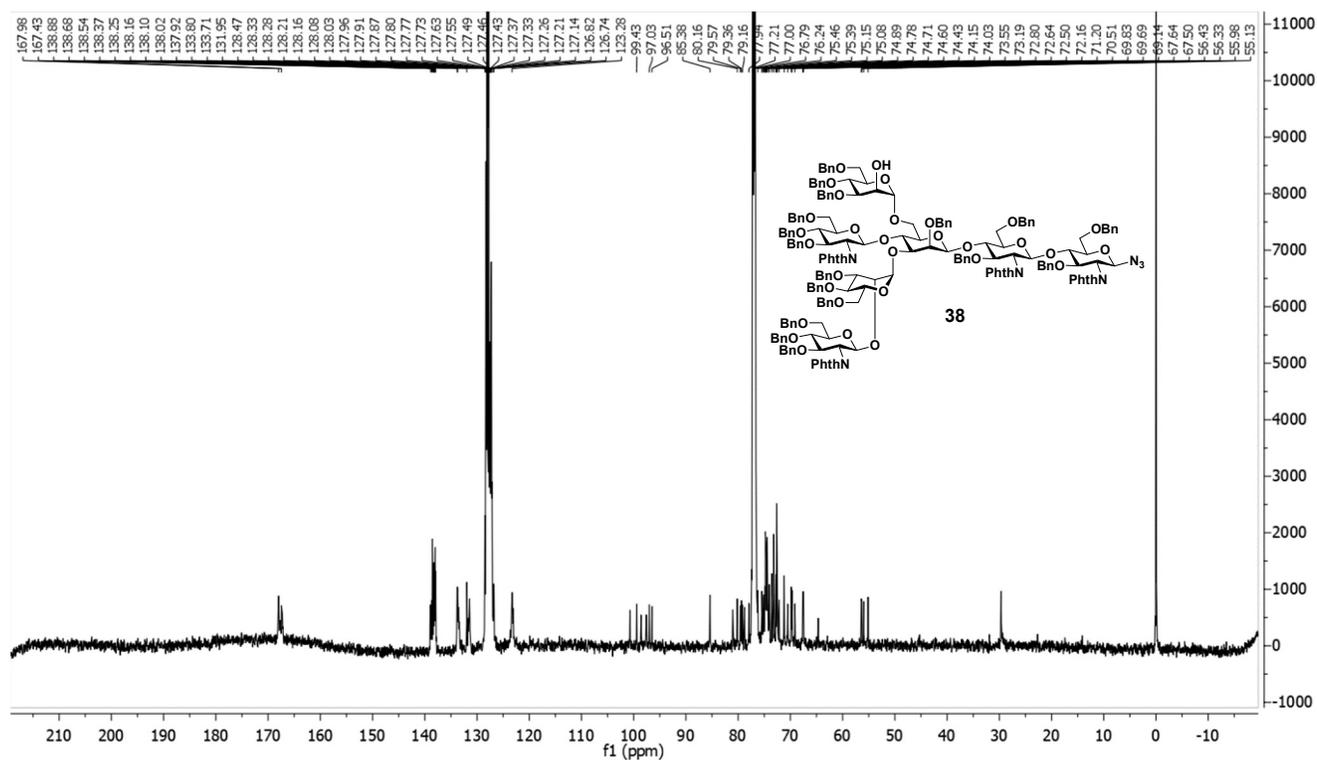


# Compound 38

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

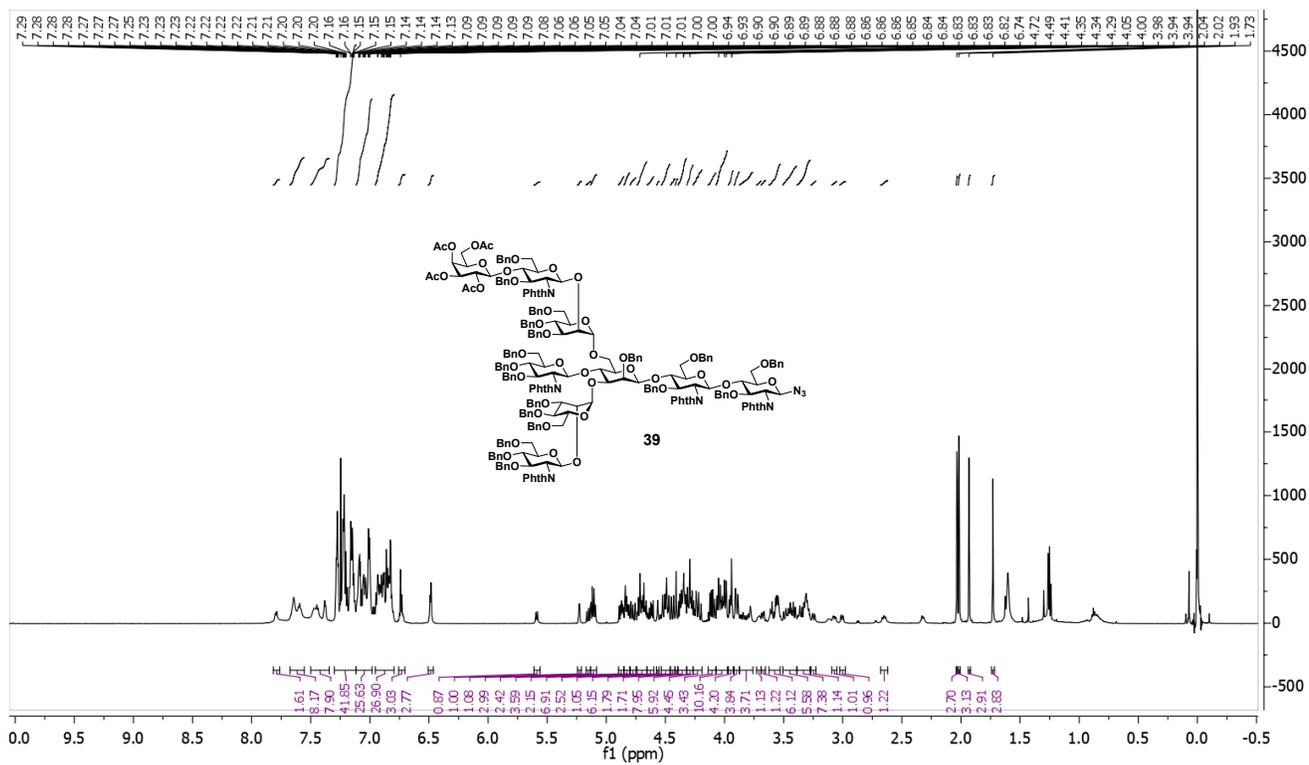


<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

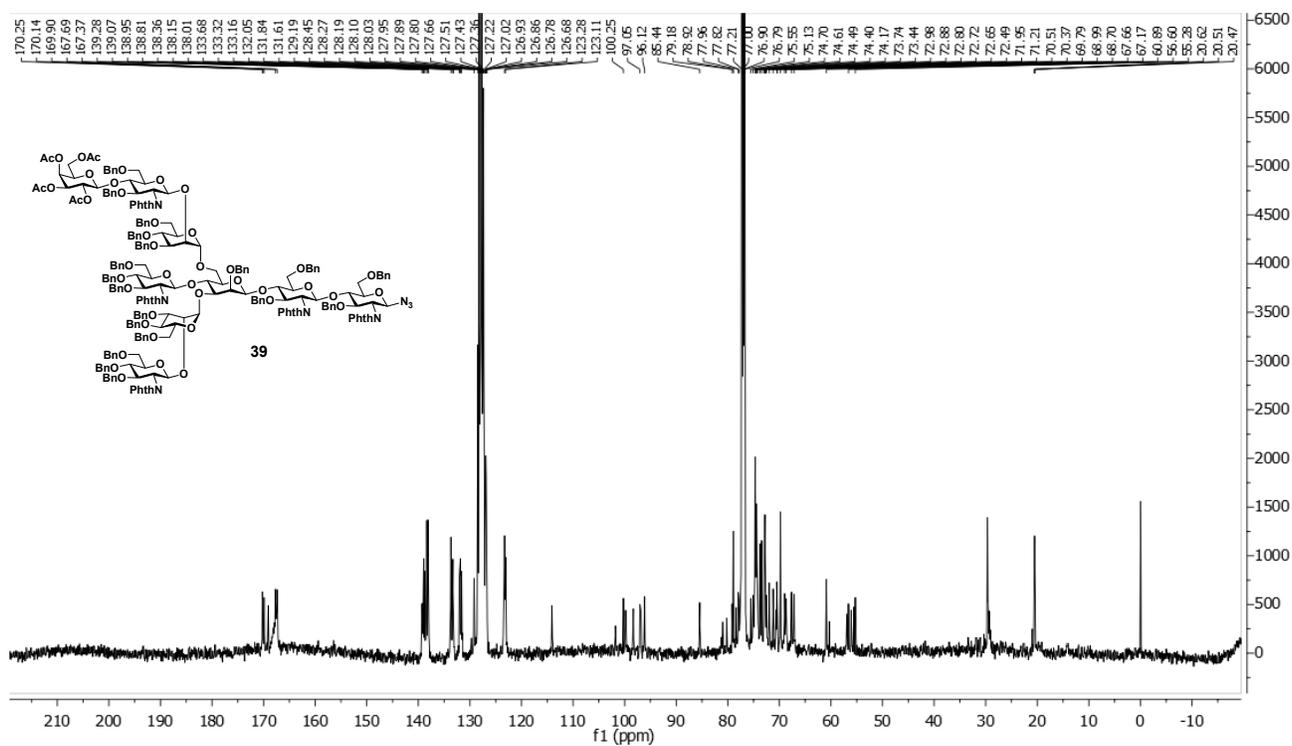


# Compound 39

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

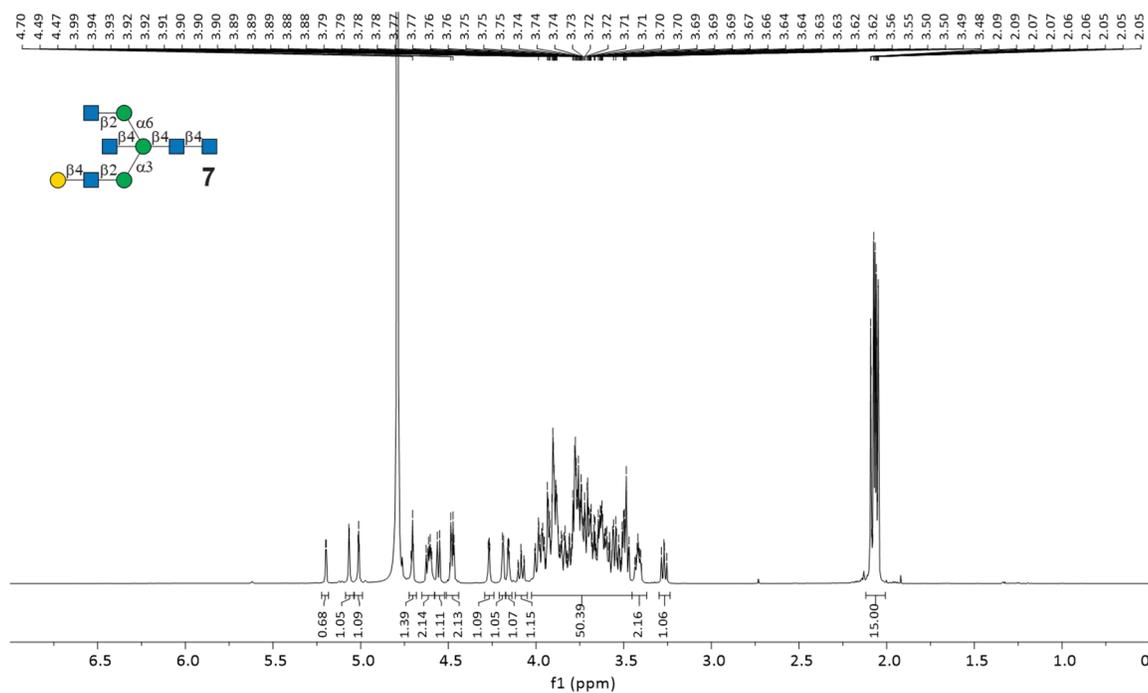


<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

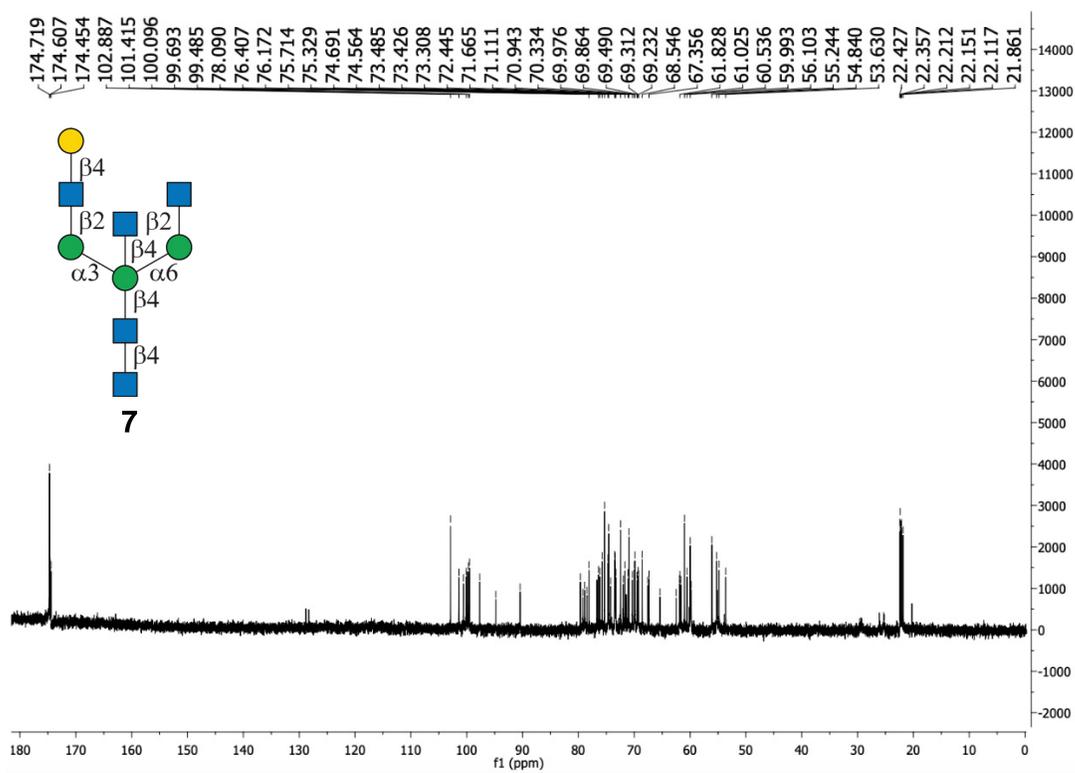


# Compound 7

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ )

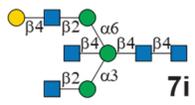
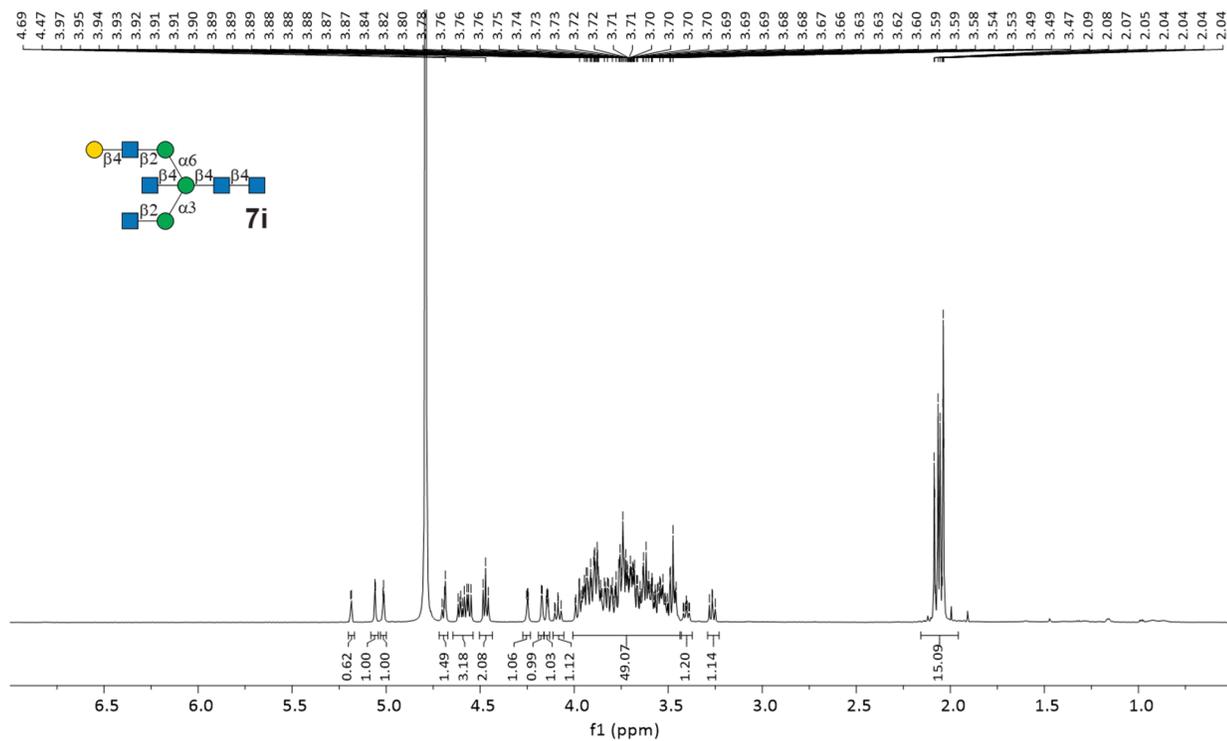


$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ )

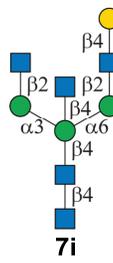
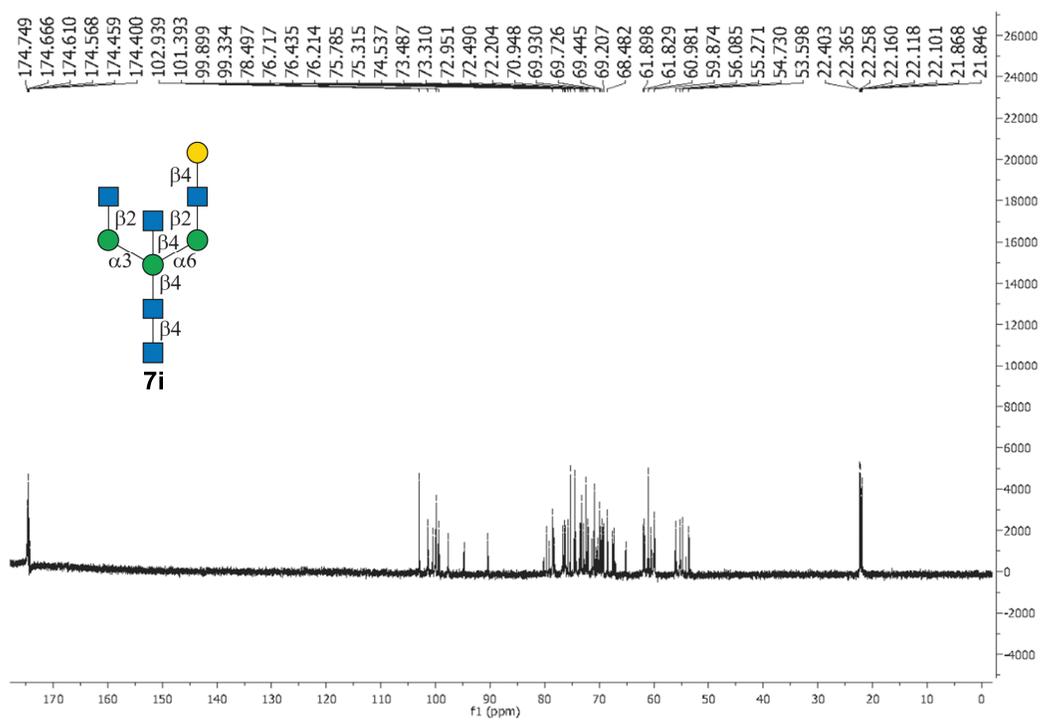


# Compound 7i

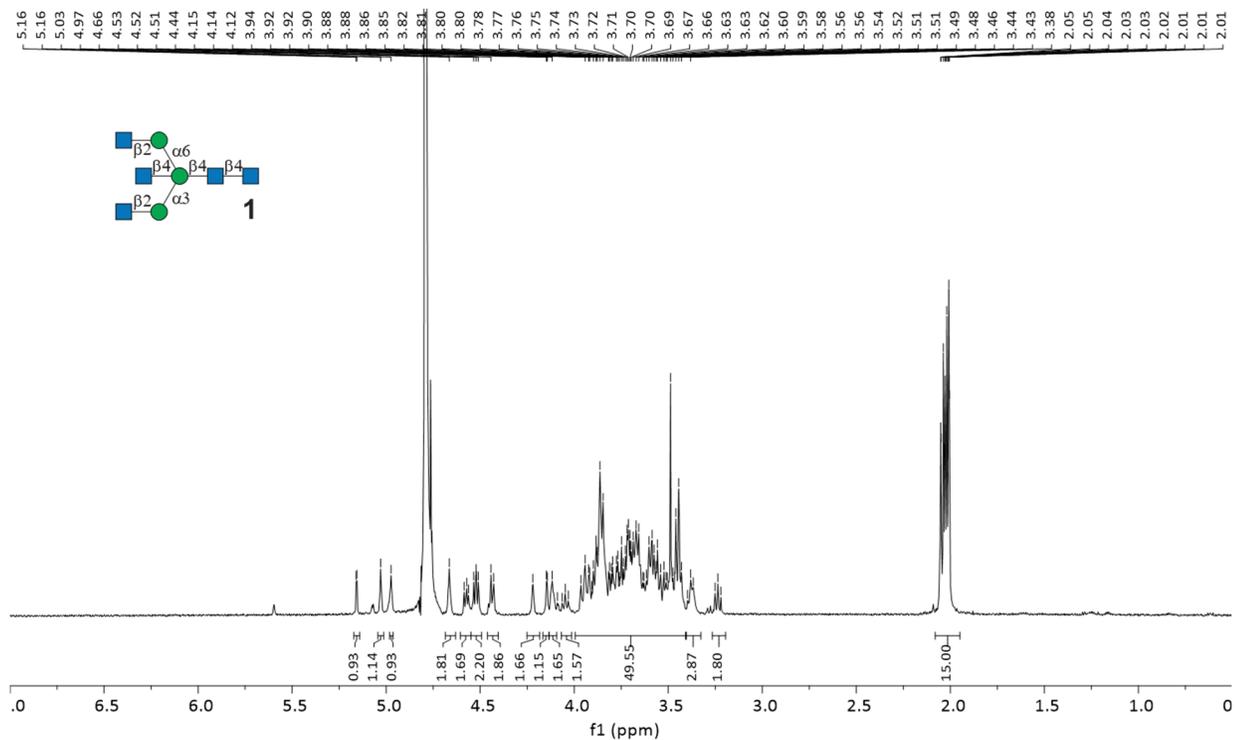
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)



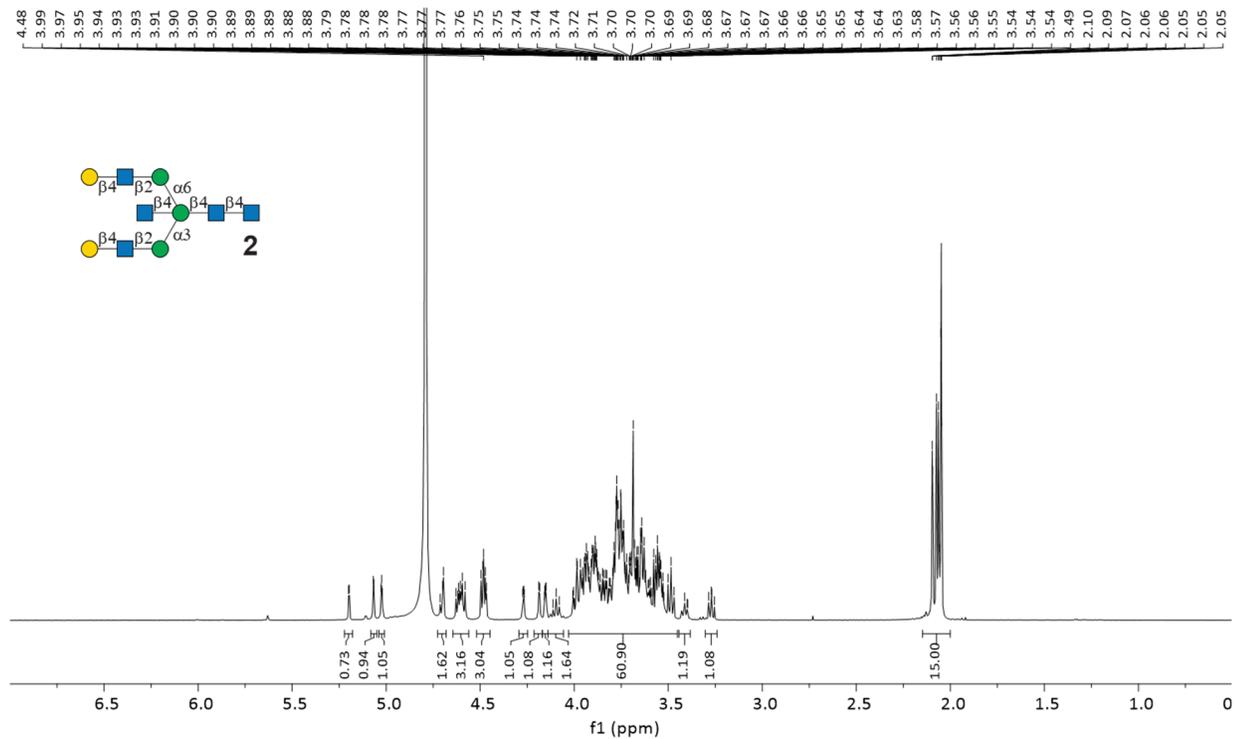
<sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O)



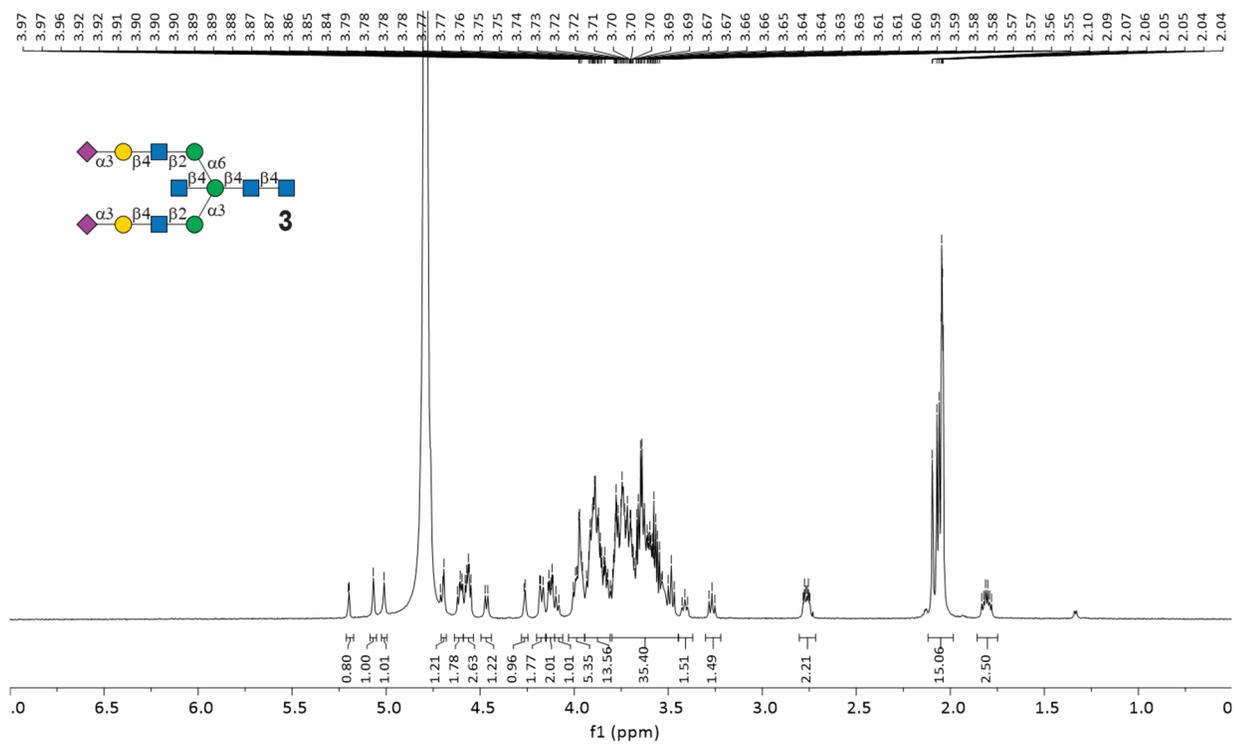
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 1



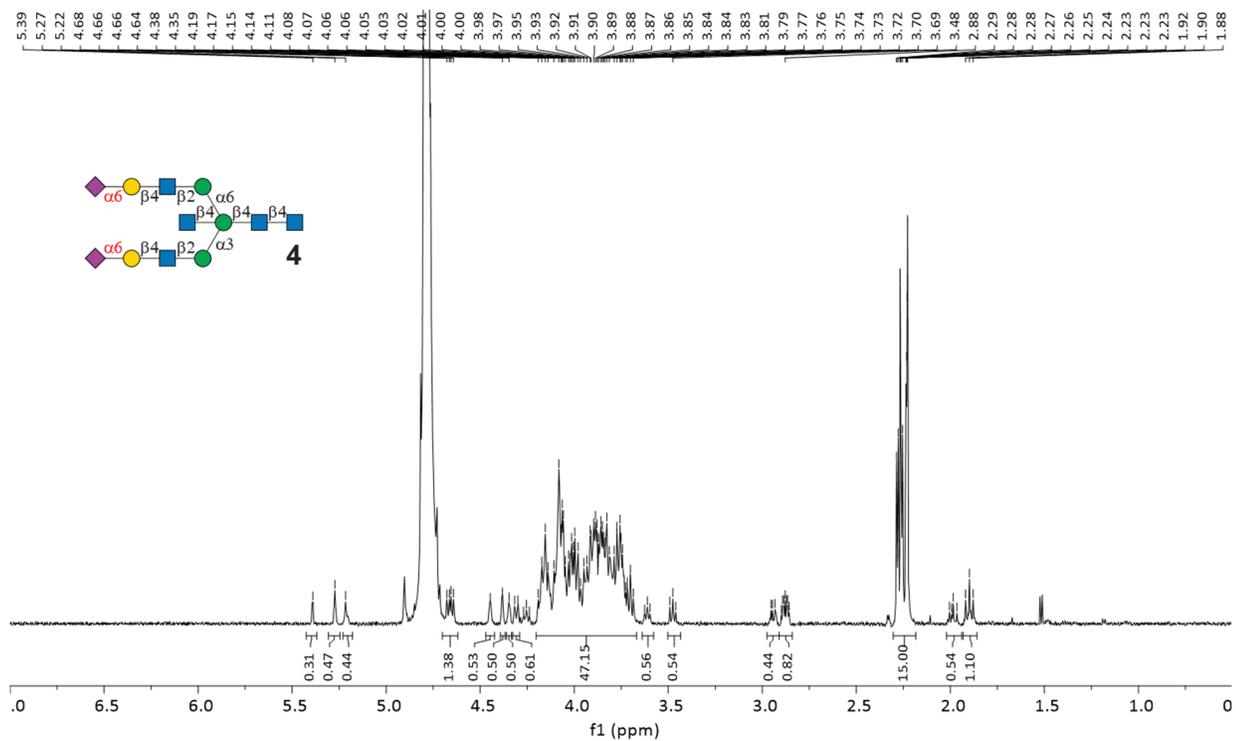
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 2



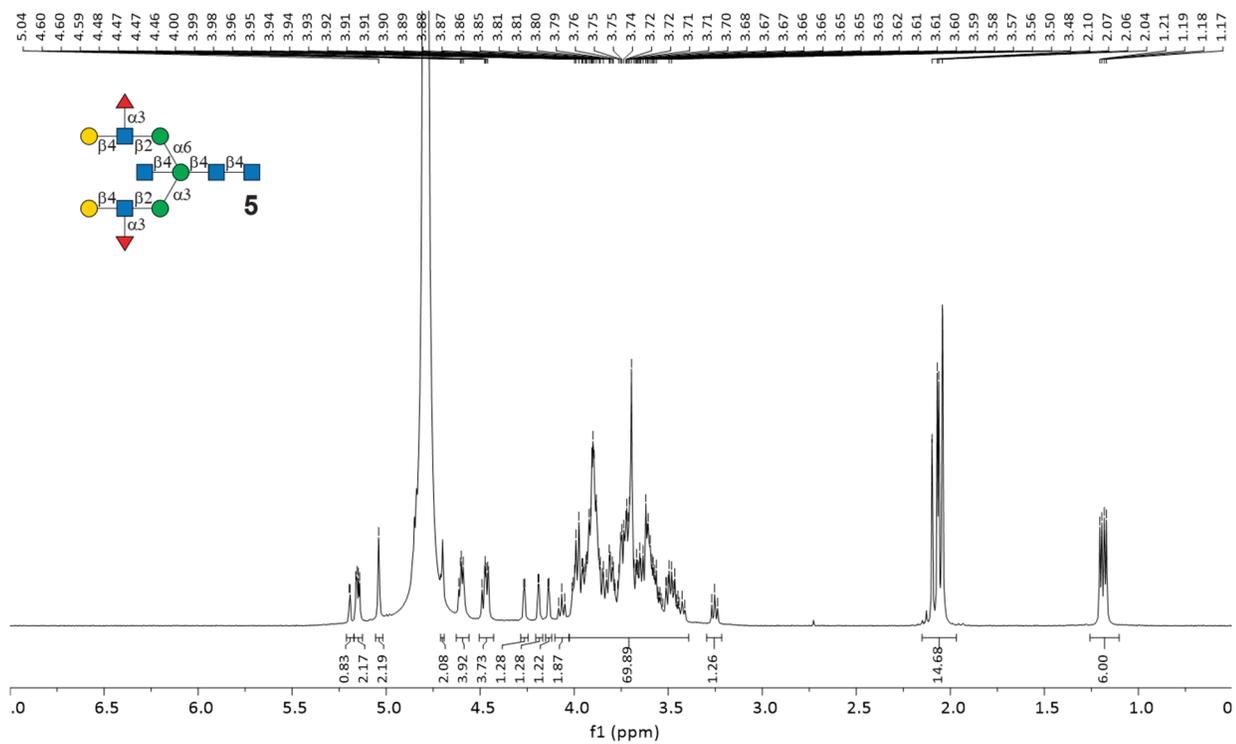
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 3



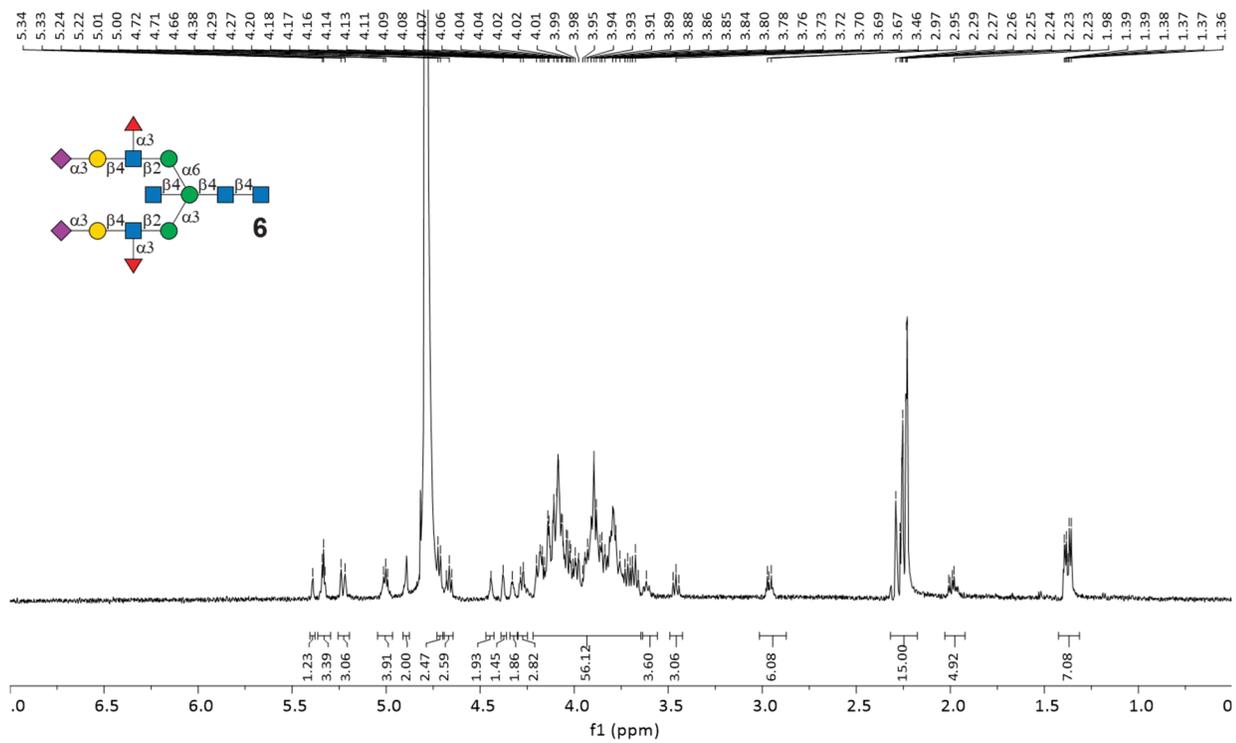
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 4



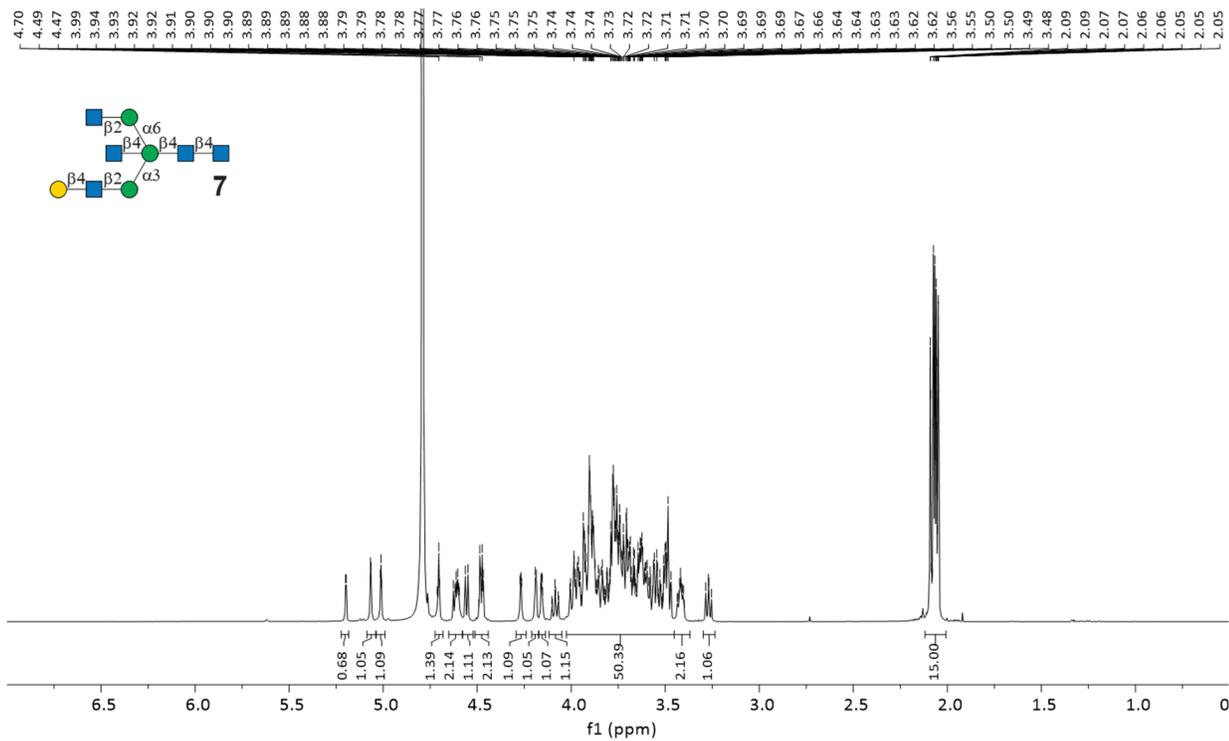
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 5



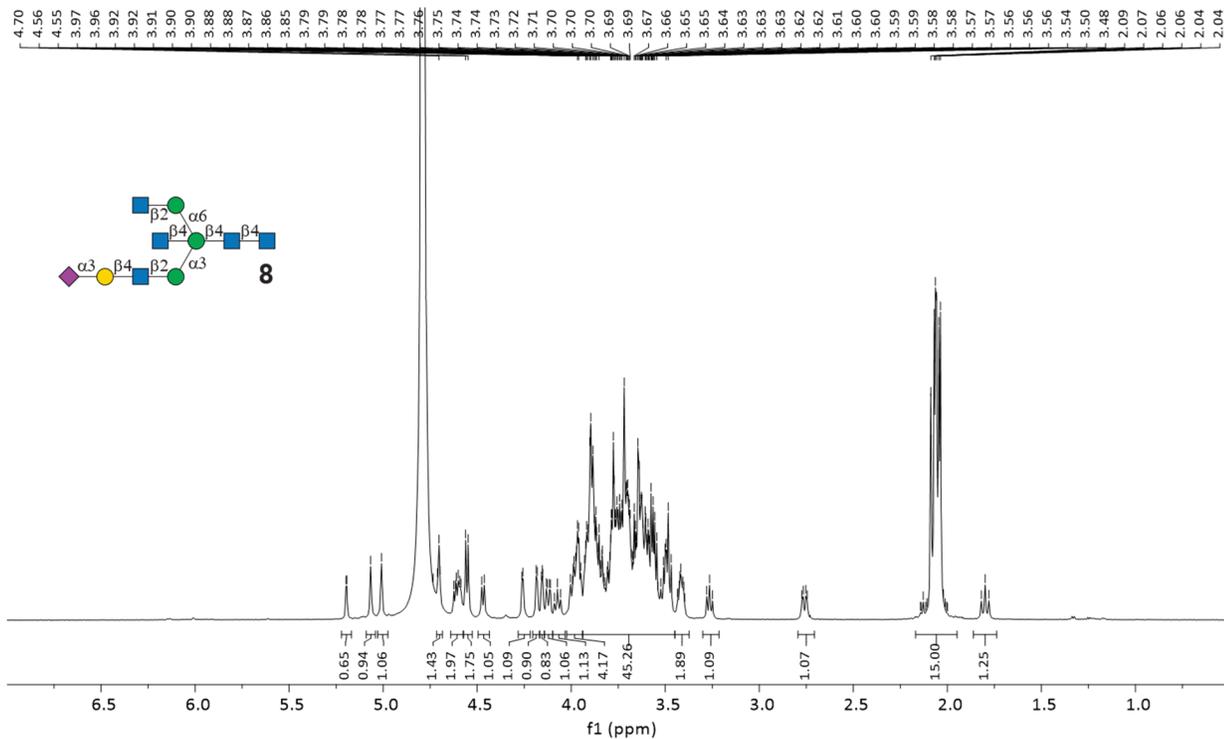
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 6



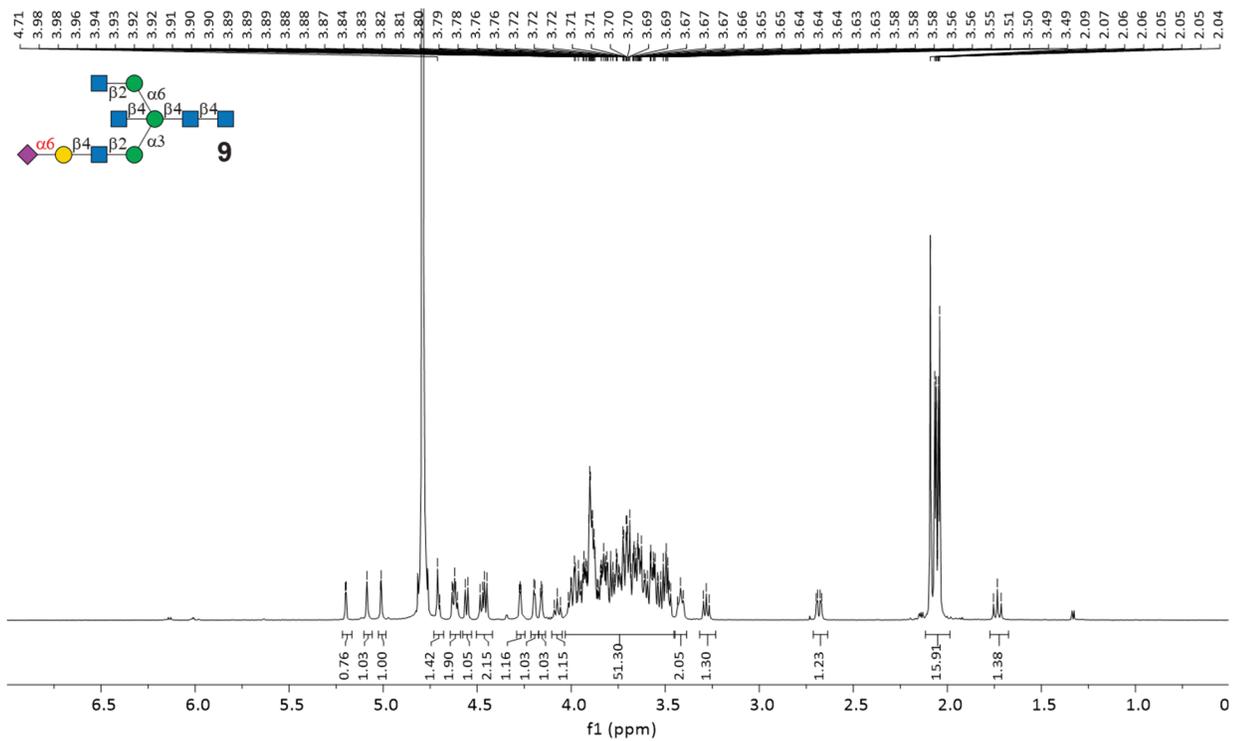
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 7



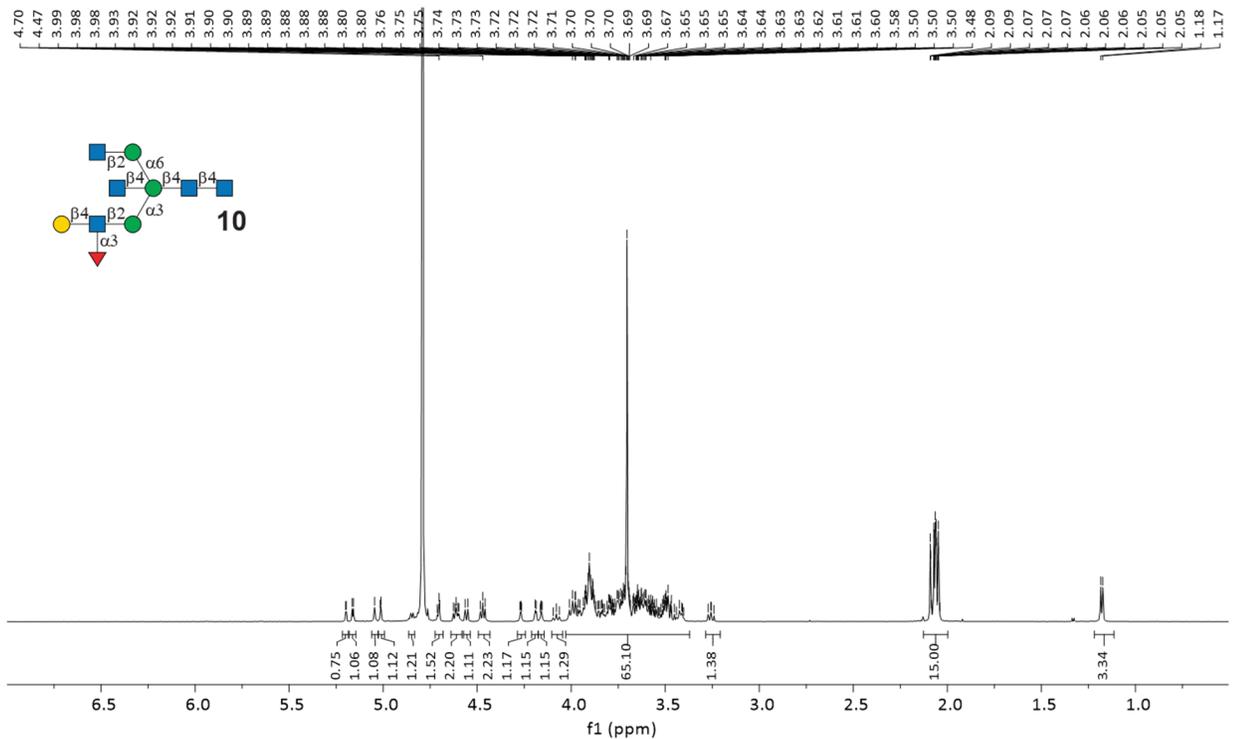
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound 8



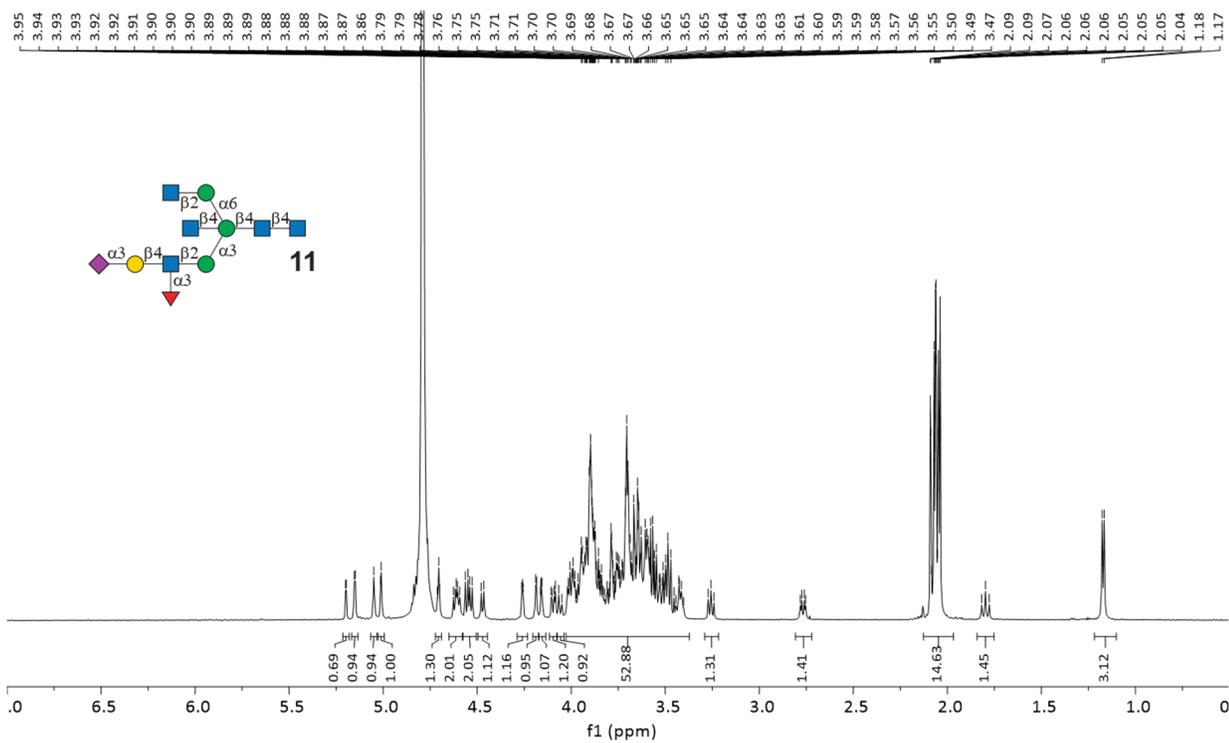
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **9**



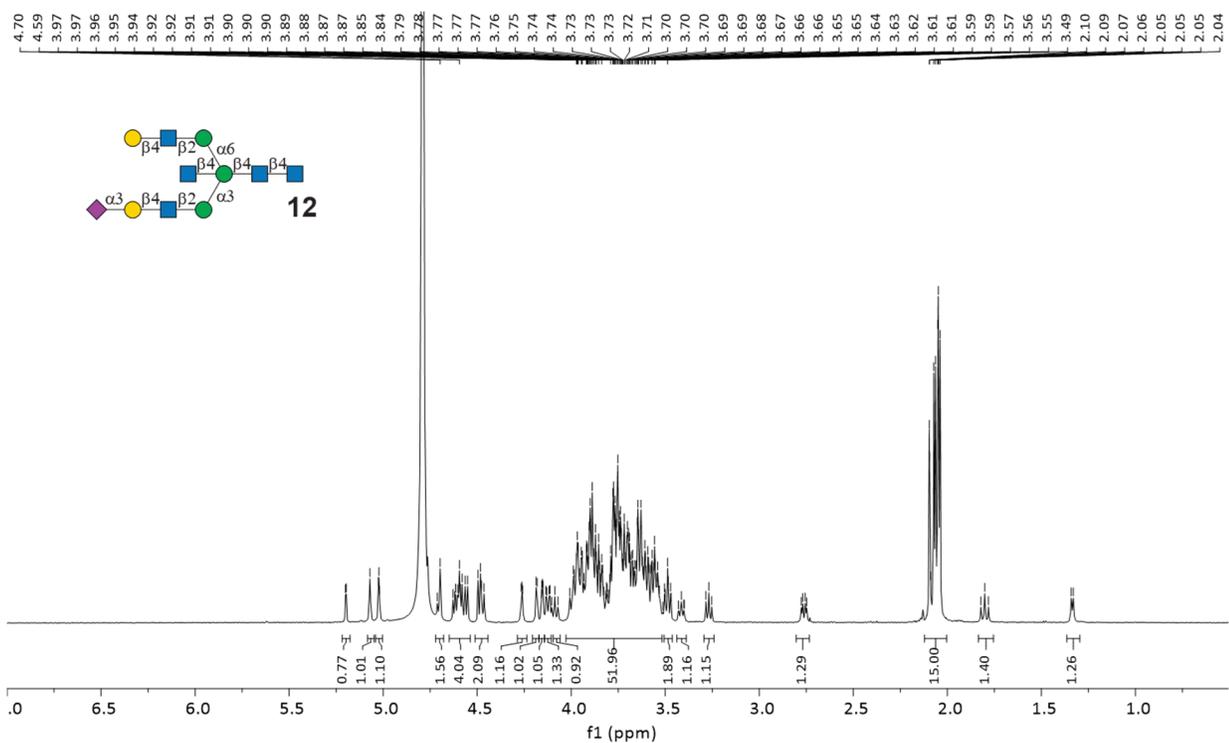
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **10**



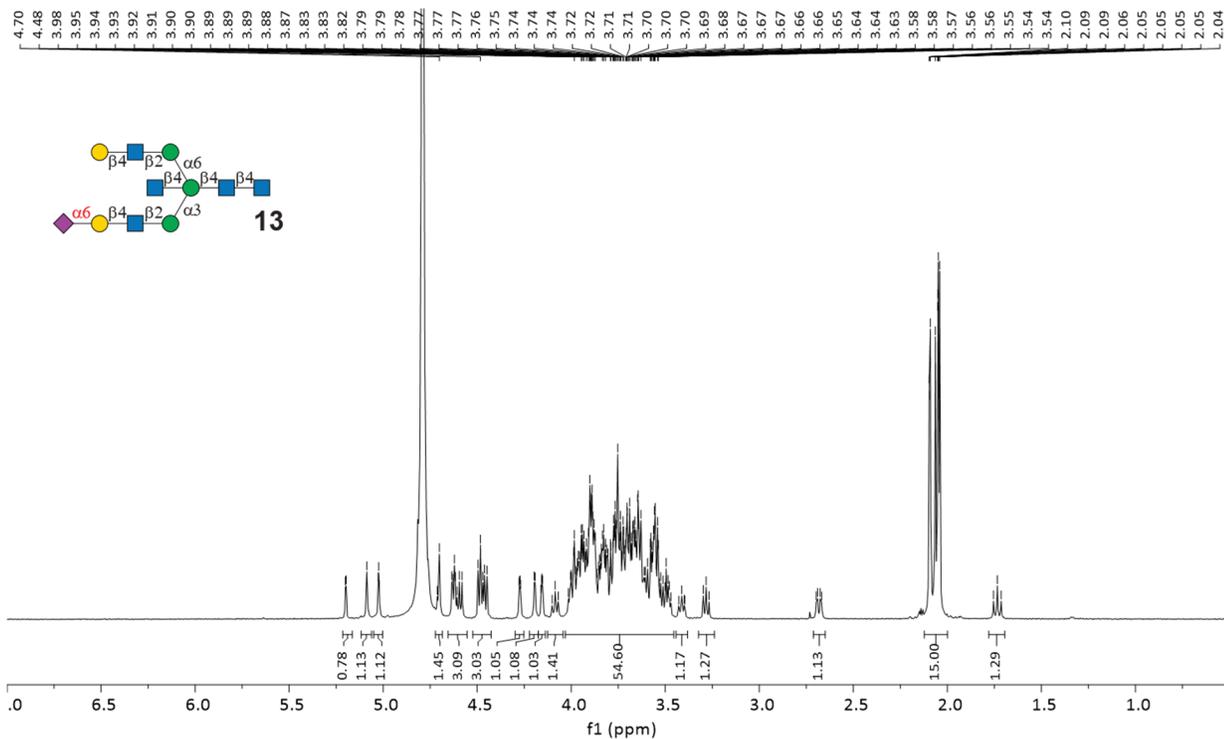
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **11**



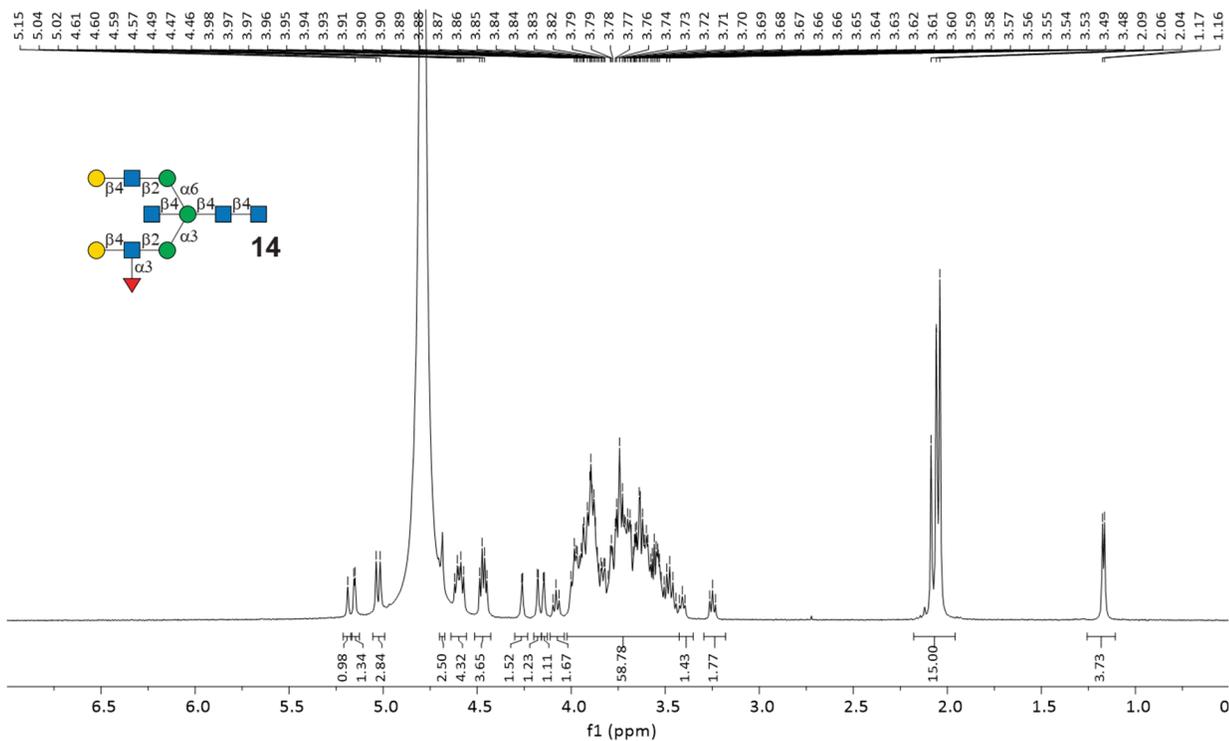
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **12**



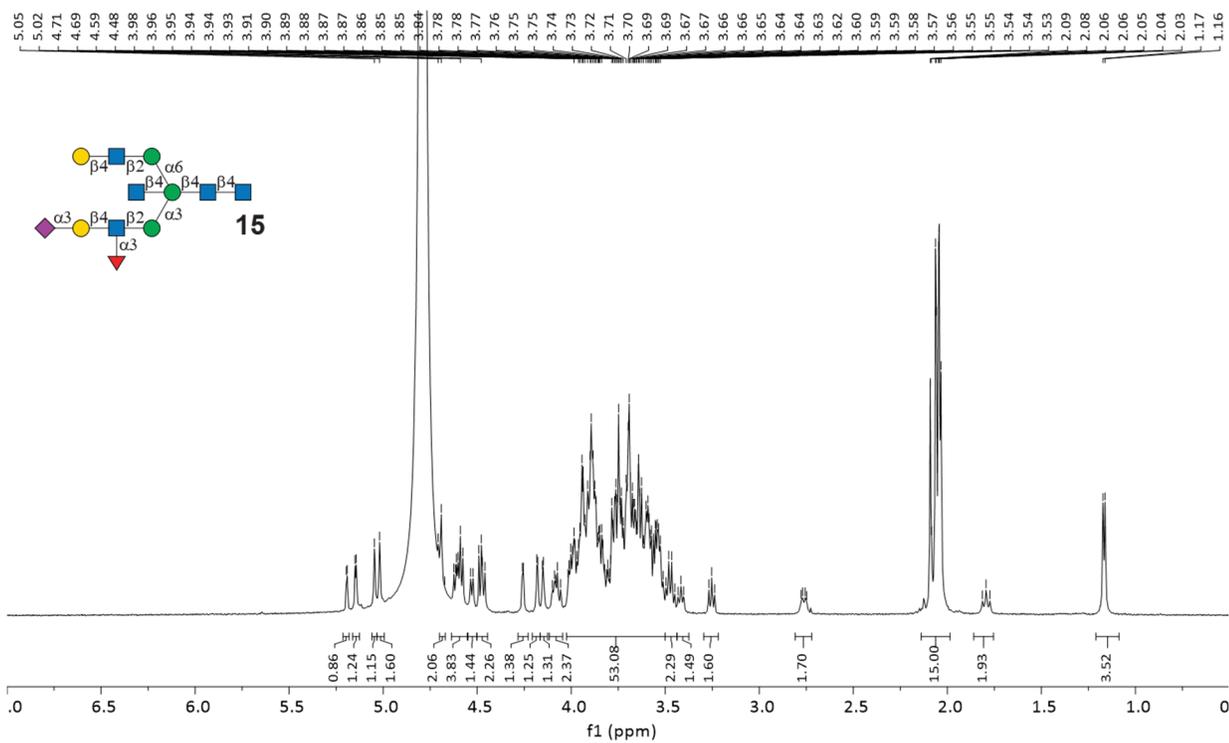
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of compound **13**



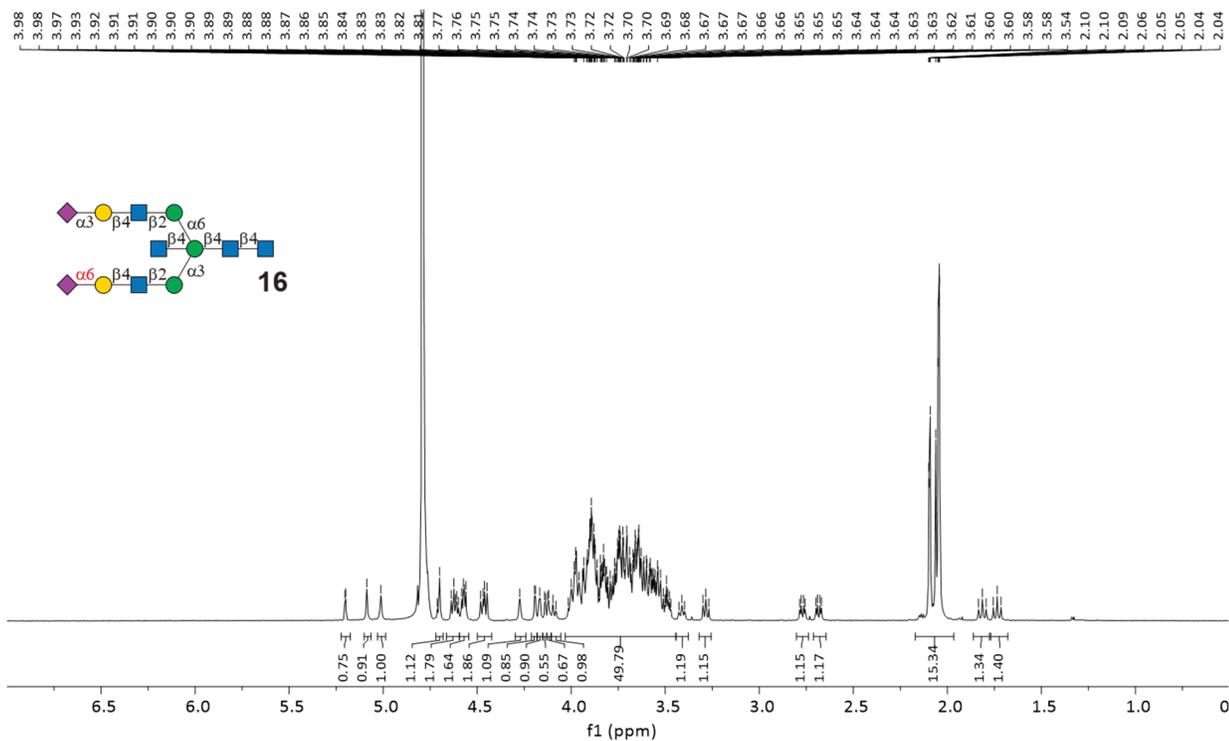
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of compound **14**



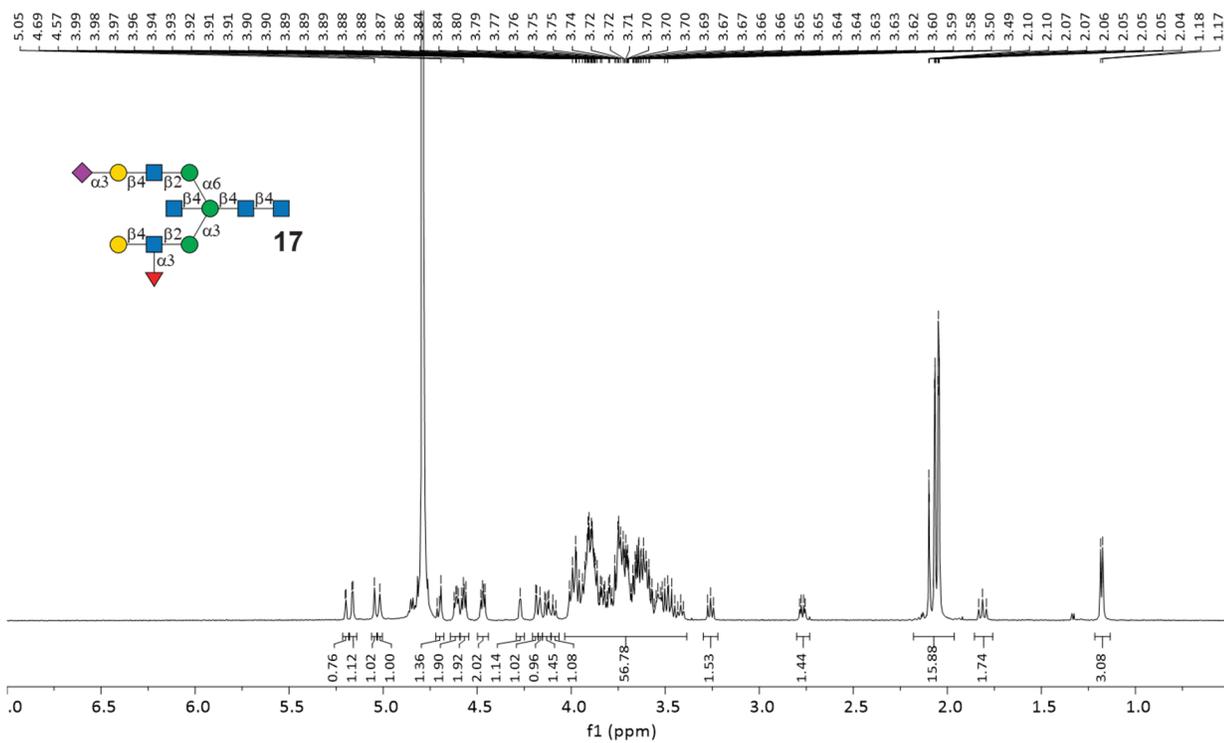
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **15**



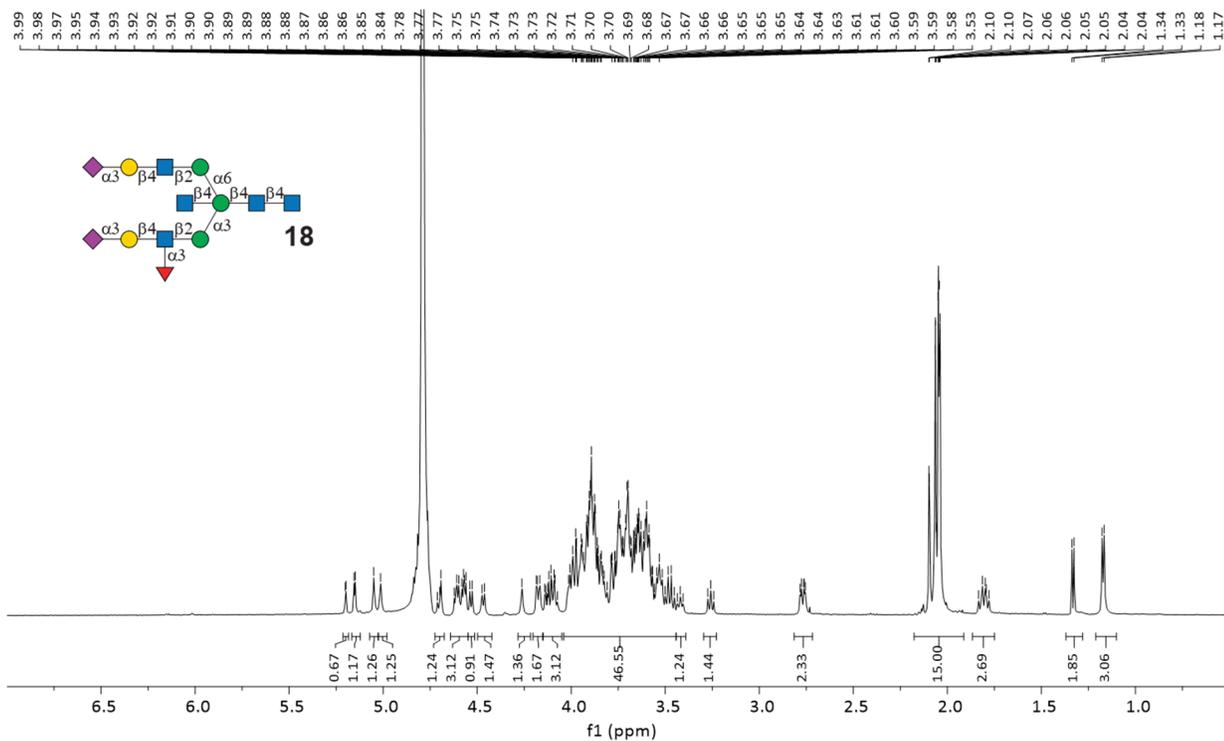
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **16**



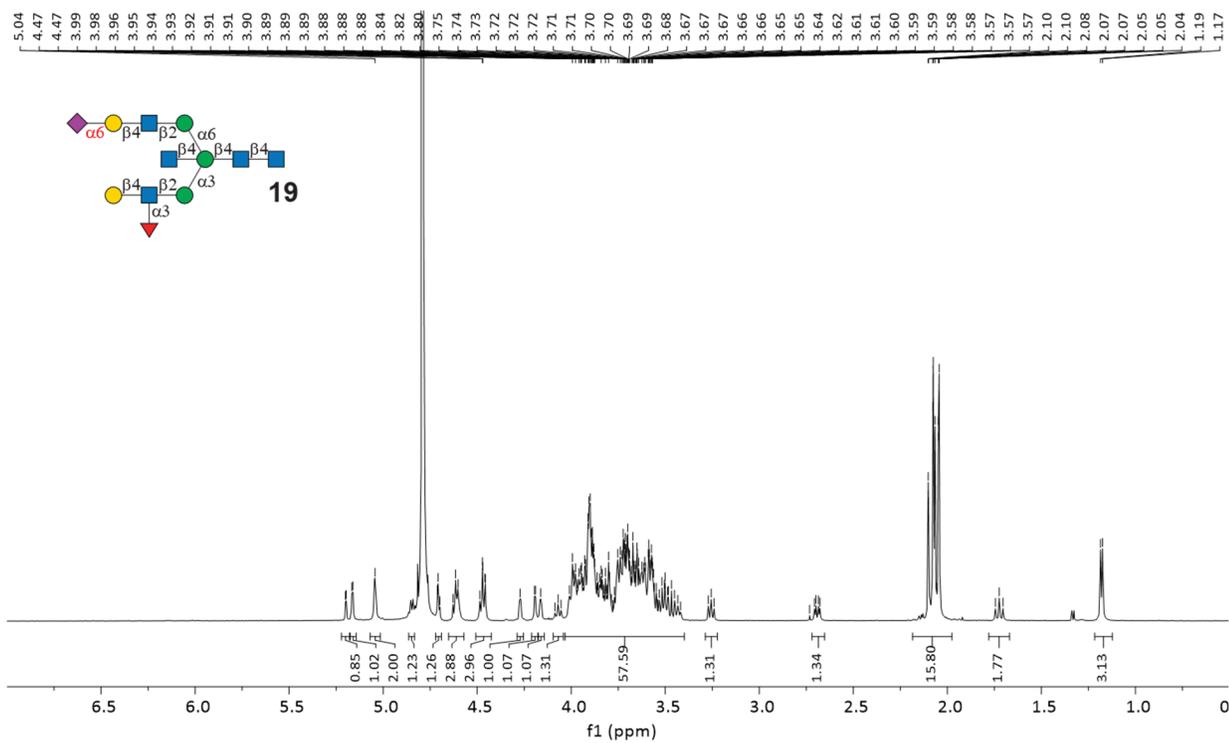
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **17**



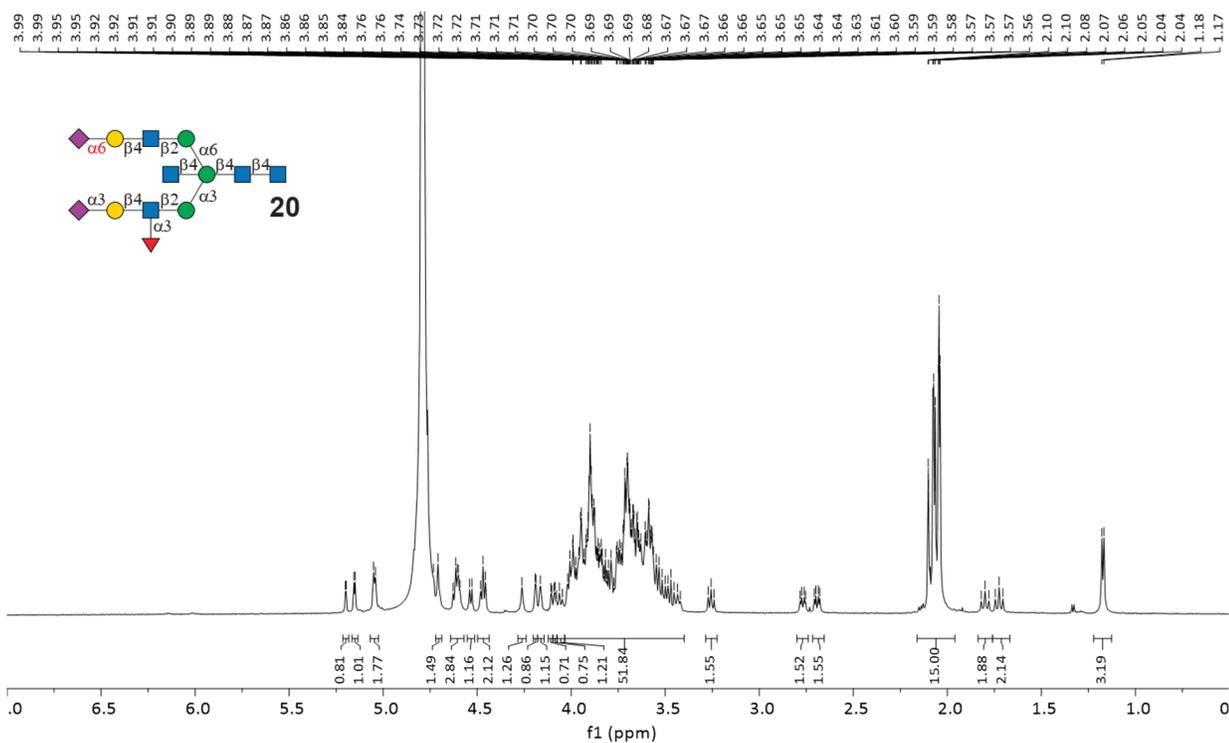
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **18**



$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of compound **19**



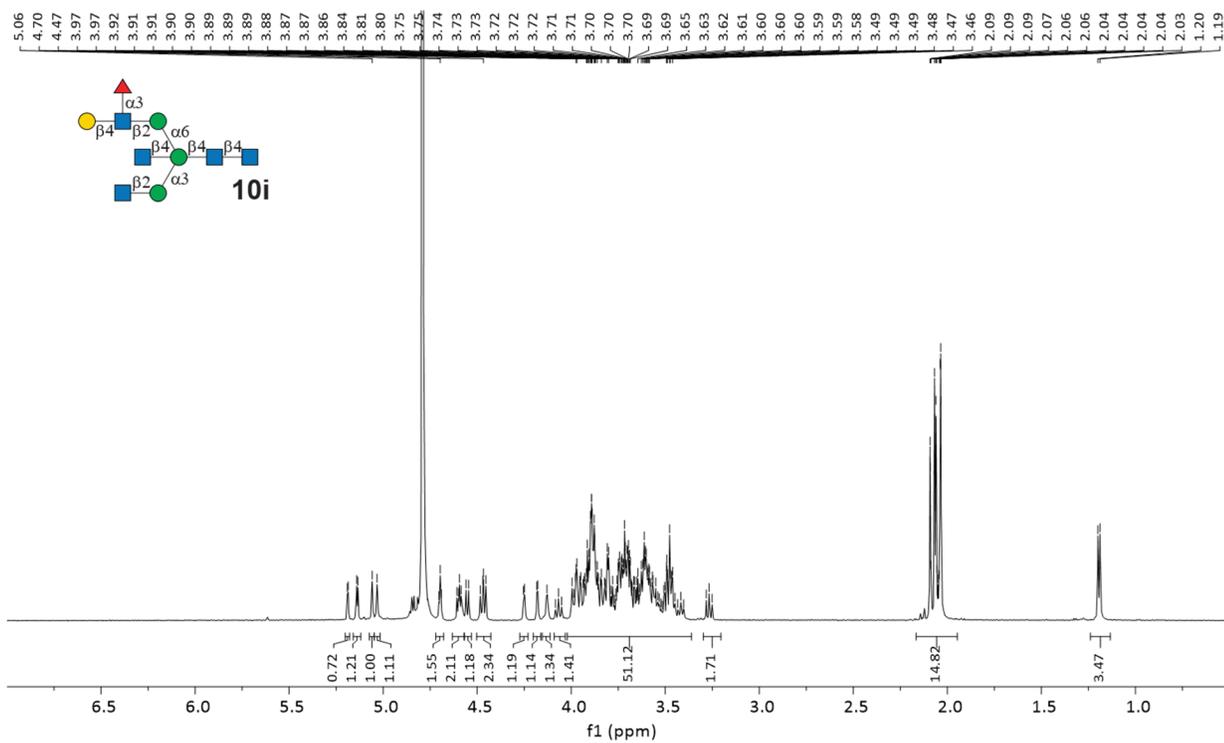
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of compound **20**



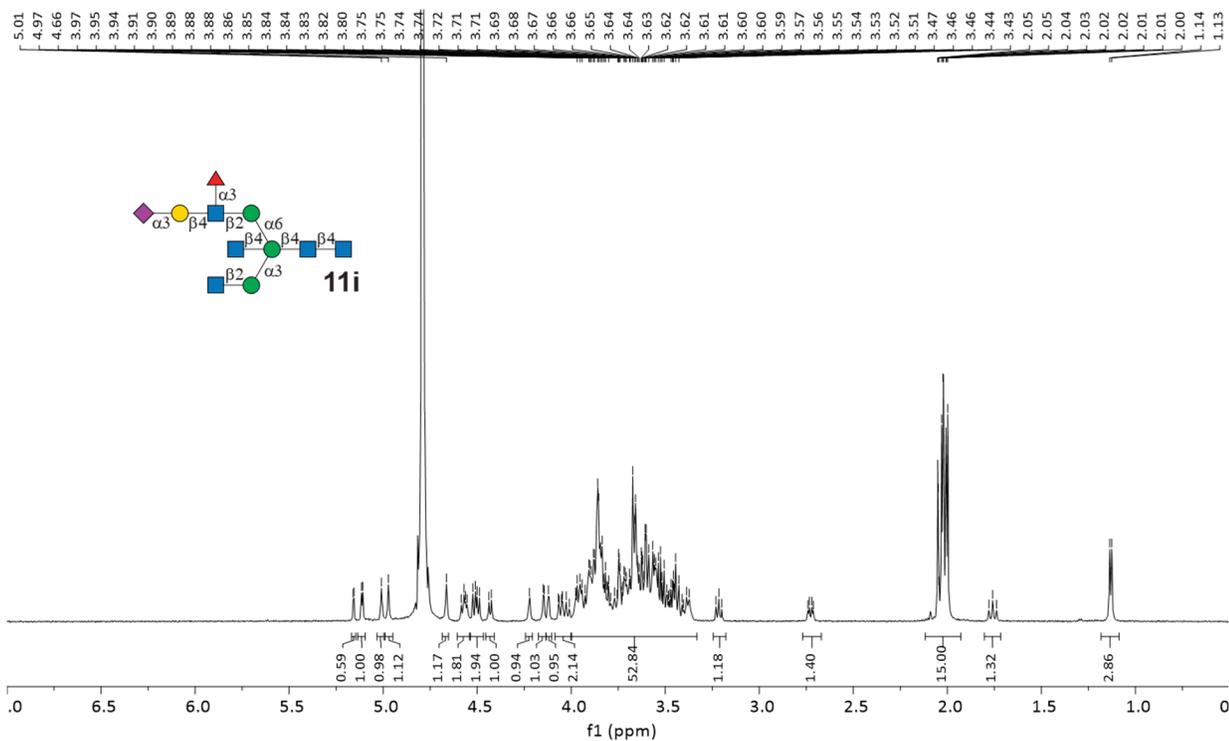




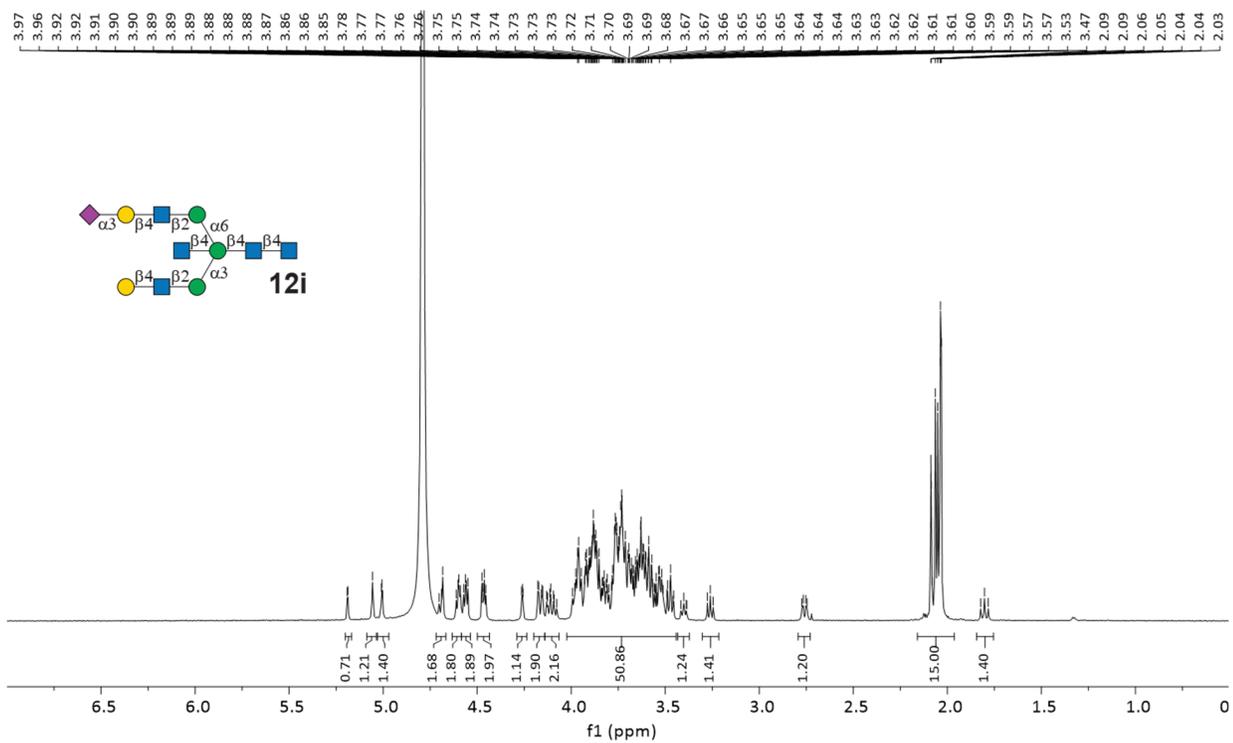
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **10i**



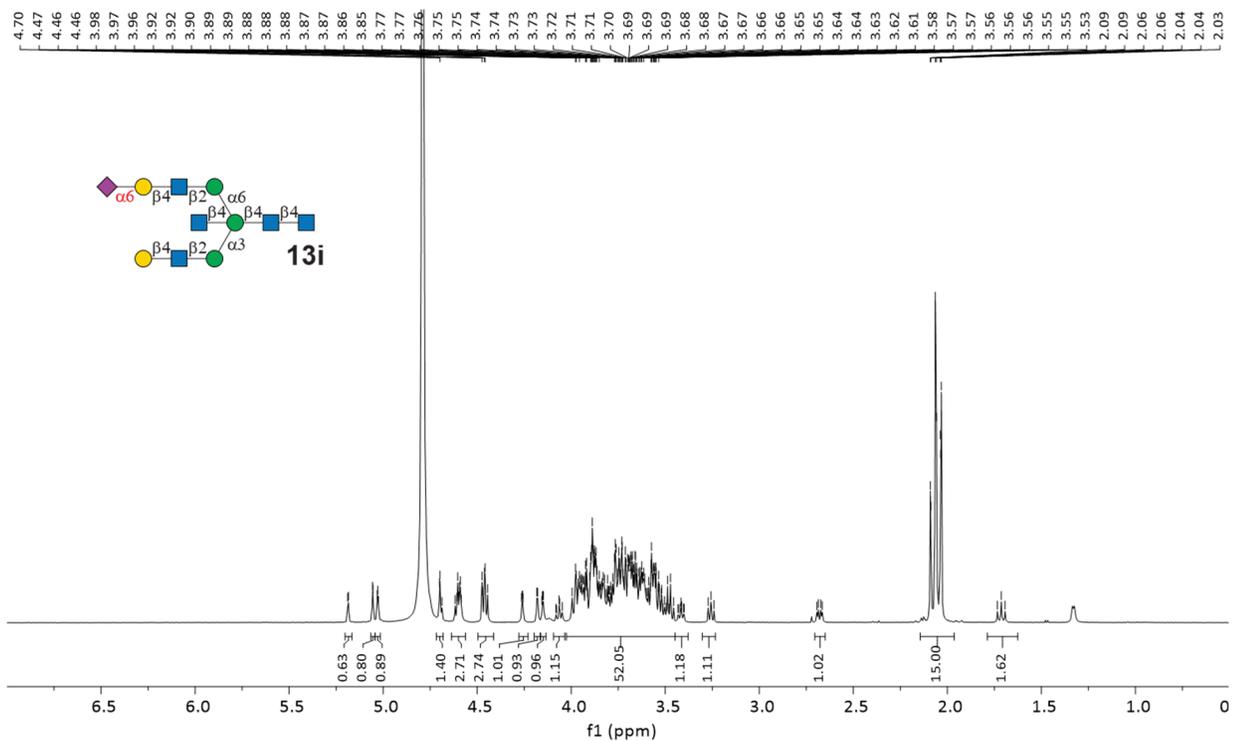
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **11i**



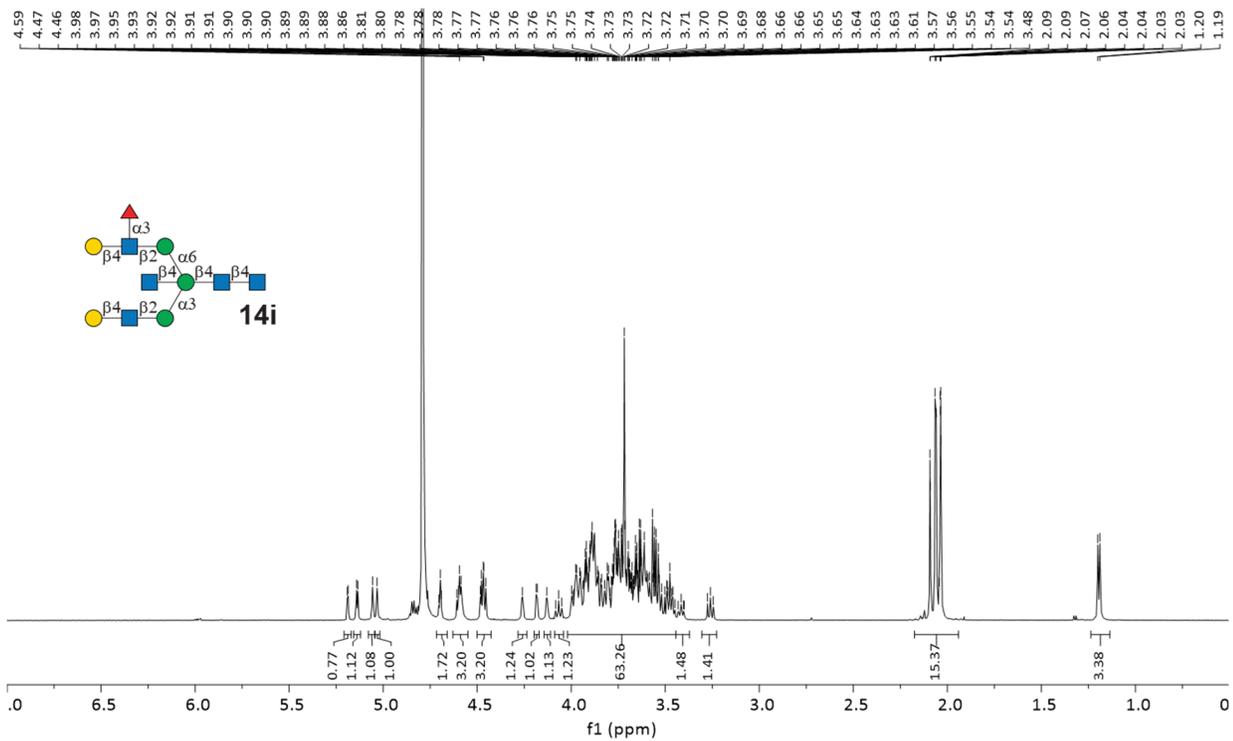
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **12i**



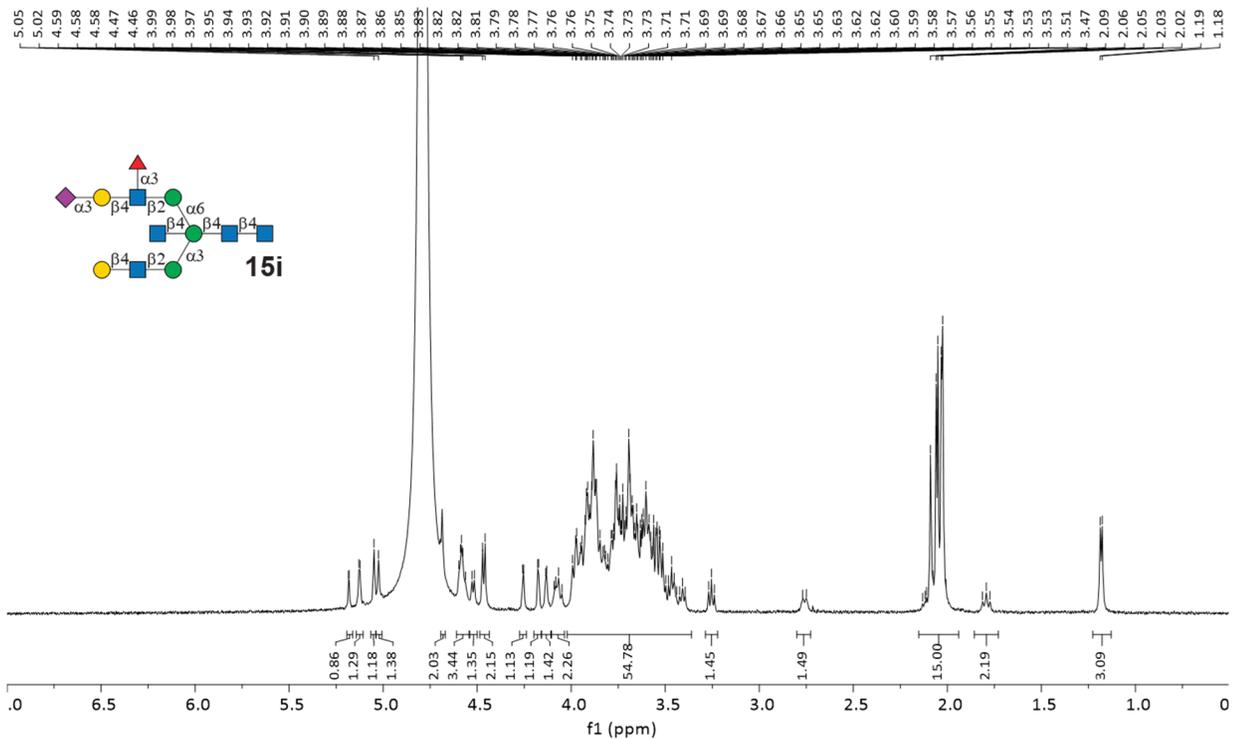
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **13i**



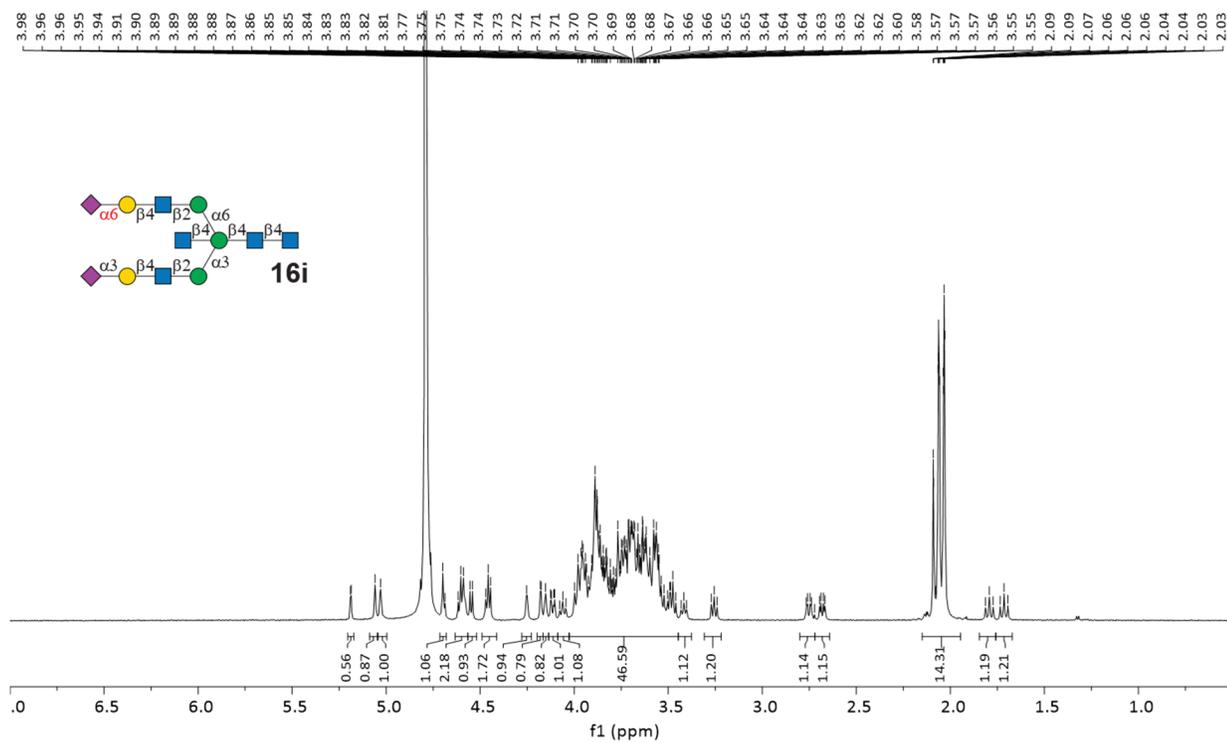
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **14i**



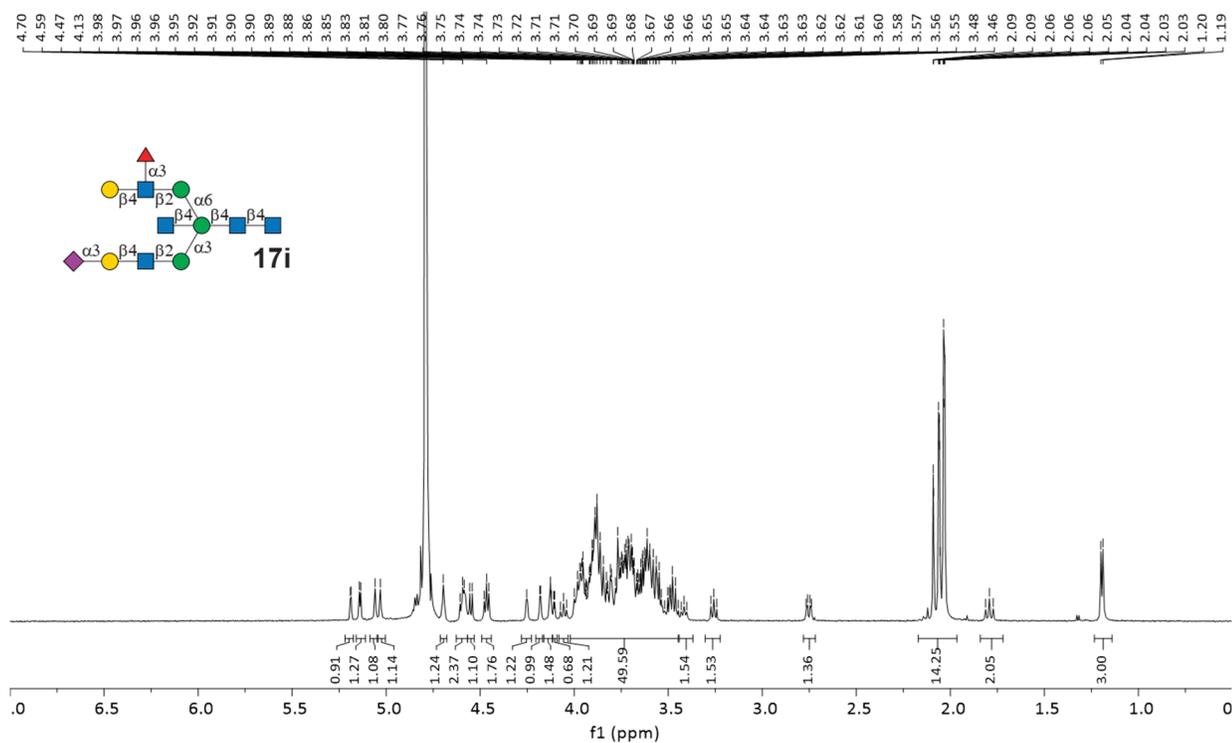
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **15i**



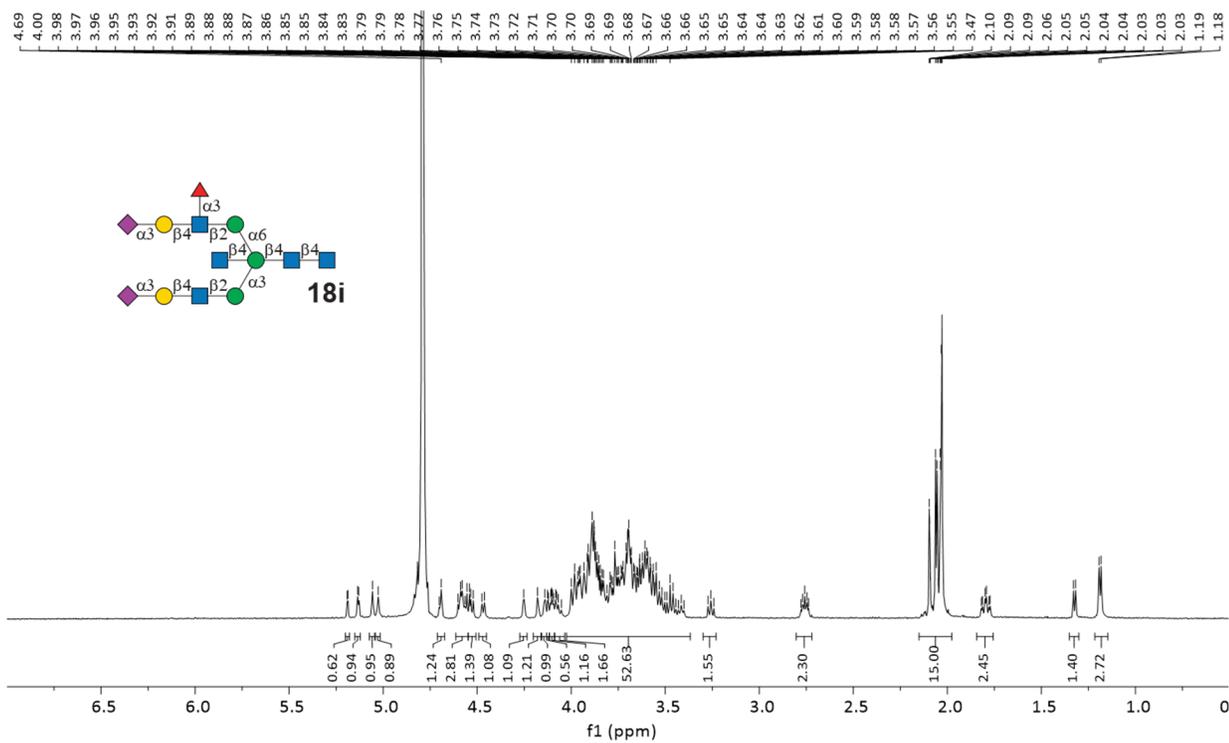
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **16i**



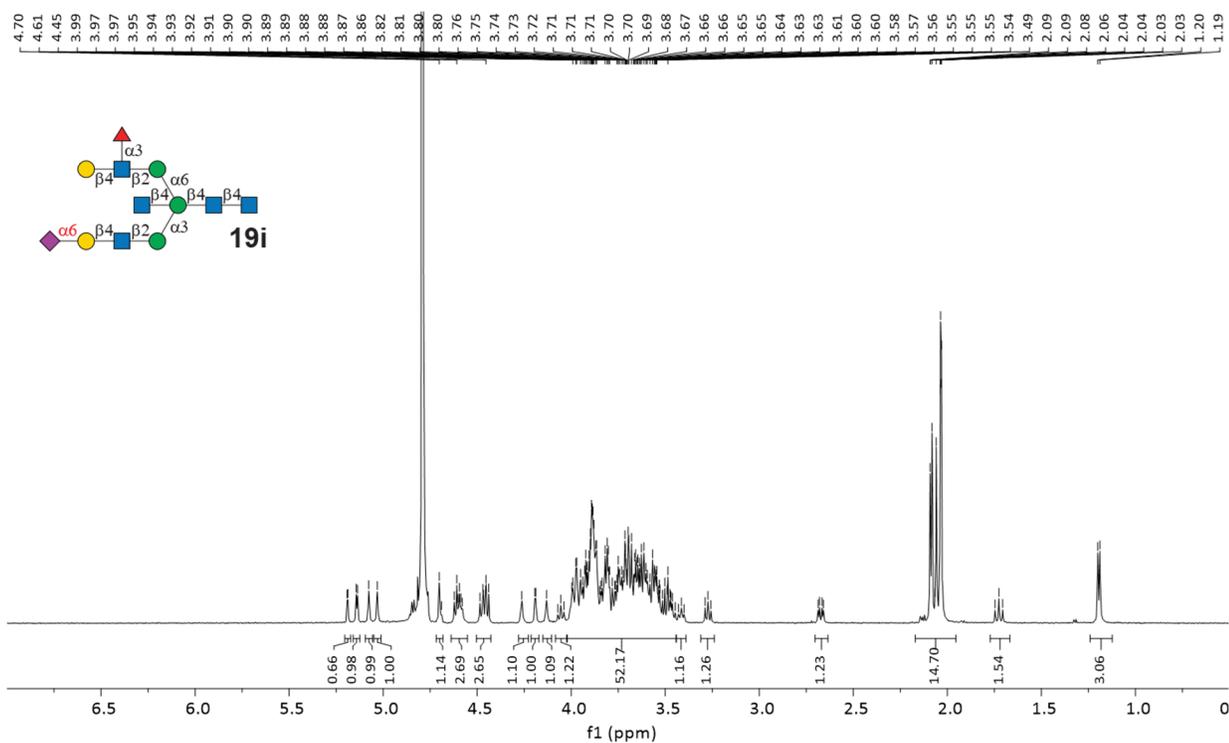
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **17i**



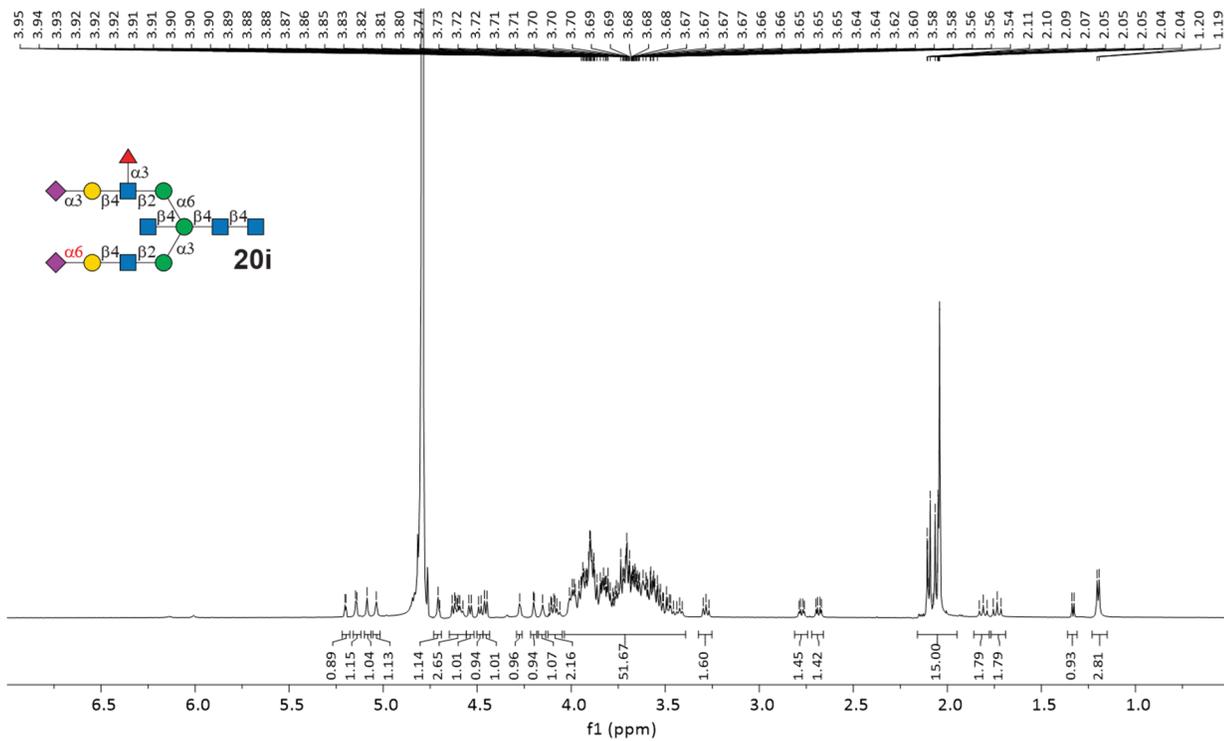
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of compound **18i**



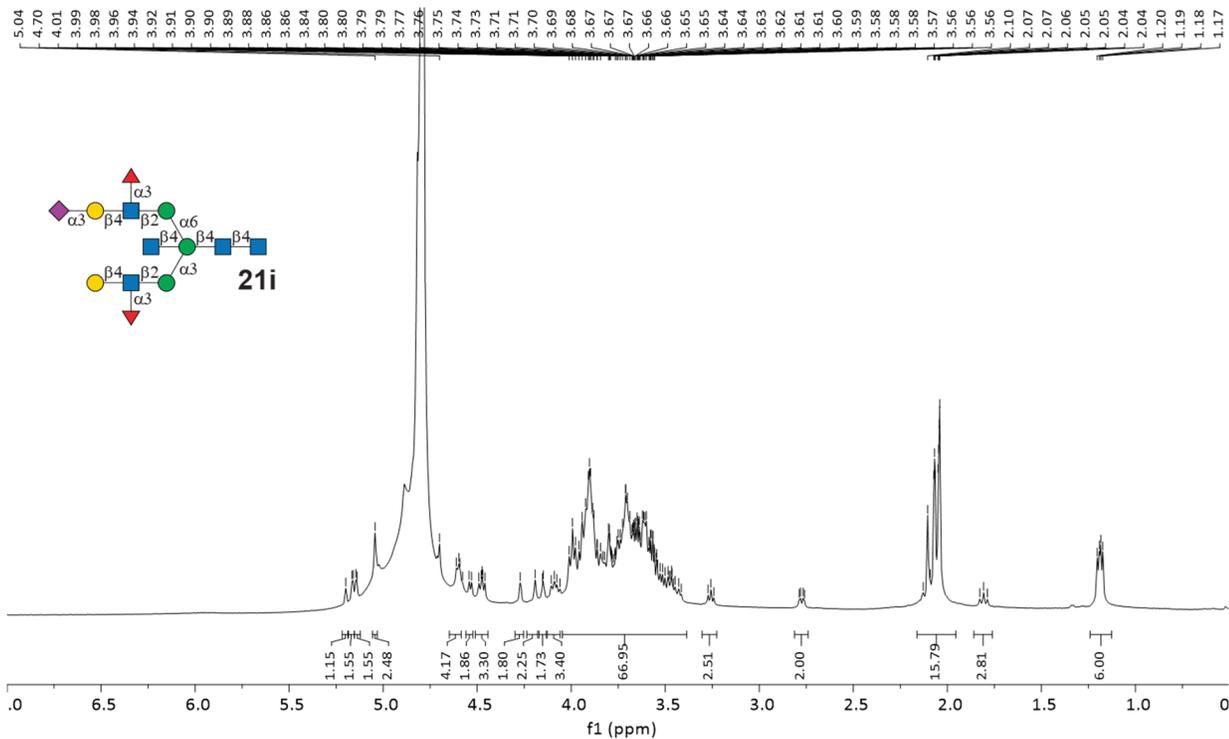
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of compound **19i**



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **20i**



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of compound **21i**



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