

Electronic Supporting Information (ESI) for

**Achieving blue-excitable yellow-emitting Ca-LMOF
phosphor via water induced phase transformation**

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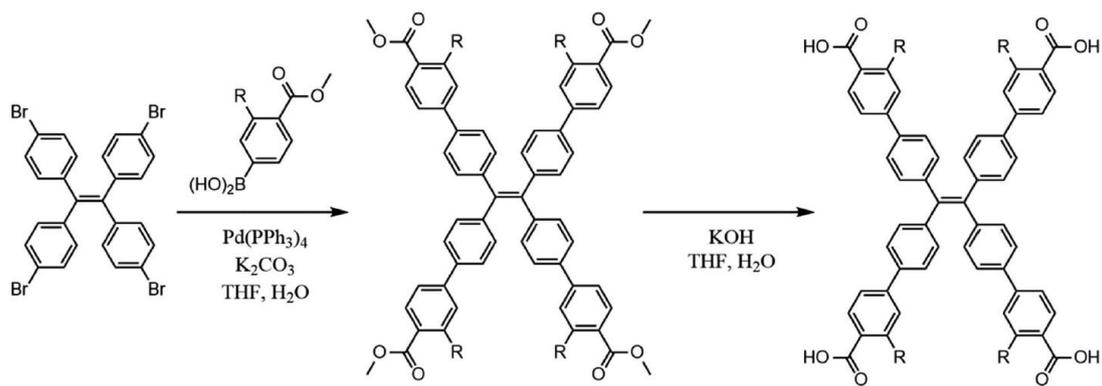
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Table S1 Crystallographic data and structural refinement detail for **1** and **2'**¹.

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Empirical formula | C ₁₀₈ H ₆₂ Ca ₄ F ₈ O ₁₉ | C ₅₄ H ₃₈ CaO ₁₀ |
| Formula weight | 1975.89 | 886.92 |
| Crystal system | Triclinic | Monoclinic |
| Space group | <i>P</i> -1 | <i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i> |
| T/K | 100(2) K | 150(2) K |
| $\lambda/\text{\AA}$ | 0.7288 \AA | 1.54178 |
| <i>a</i> / \AA | 10.0419(5) | 46.0700(16) |
| <i>b</i> / \AA | 15.6393(7) | 7.8309(3) |
| <i>c</i> / \AA | 42.1081(19) | 12.0264(4) |
| α° | 92.477(2) | 90 |
| β° | 91.364(2) | 103.8640(10) |
| γ° | 91.427(2) | 90 |
| <i>V</i> / \AA^3 | 6602.7(5) | 4212.4(3) |
| <i>Z</i> | 2 | 4 |
| <i>D</i> _c /Mg·m ⁻³ | 0.994 | 1.399 |
| μ/mm^{-1} | 0.239 | 1.825 |
| <i>F</i> (000) | 2028 | 1848 |
| Measured refls. | 82534 | 20252 |
| Independent refls. | 21120 | 4186 |
| <i>R</i> _{int} | 0.0635 | 0.0355 |
| No. of parameters | 1288 | 311 |
| <i>GOF</i> | 1.076 | 1.067 |
| ^a <i>R</i> ₁ , ^b <i>wR</i> ₂ [<i>I</i> > 2 σ (<i>I</i>)] | 0.0600, 0.1757 | 0.0356, 0.0891 |
| ^a <i>R</i> ₁ , ^b <i>wR</i> ₂ (all data) | 0.0794, 0.1853 | 0.0383, 0.0914 |
| ^a <i>R</i> ₁ = $\sum \ F_o - F_c \ / \sum F_o $. ^b <i>wR</i> ₂ = $[\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \sum w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}$ | | |



Scheme 1 Synthesis of H₄tcbpe (R = H) and H₄tcbpe-F (R = F).

Syntheses of the organic ligands: The chromophoric ligands H₄tcbpe and H₄tcbpe-F were synthesized using a previously reported method in our literature (**Scheme 1**).²

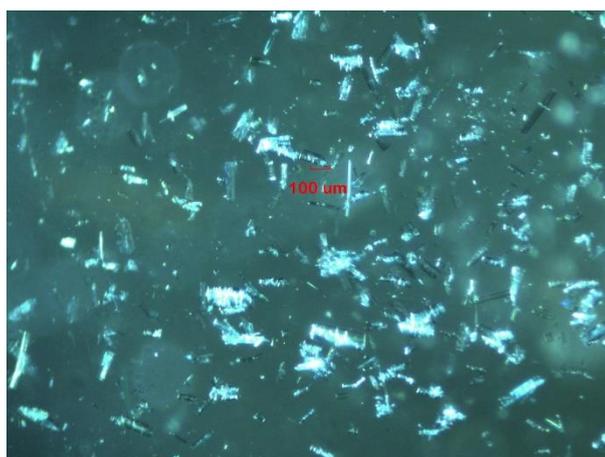


Fig. S1 The crystal image of **1**.

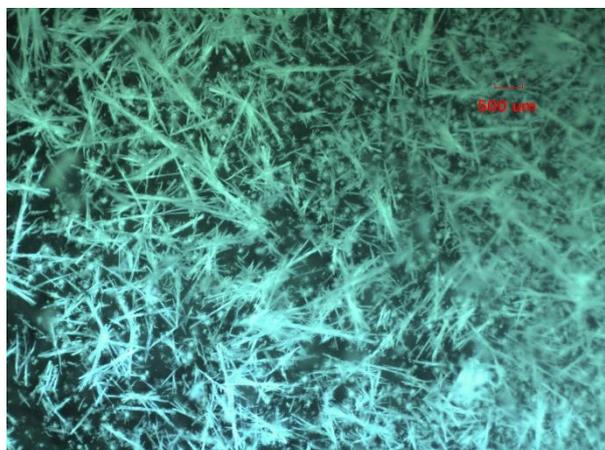


Fig. S2 The crystal image of **2**.

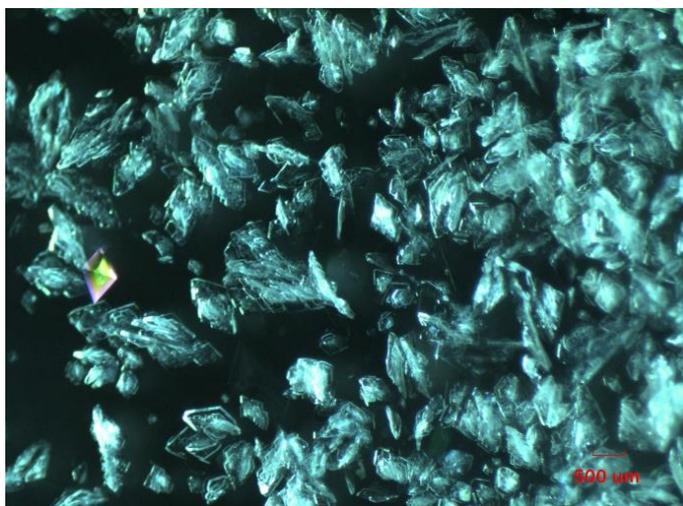


Fig. S3 The crystal image of 1'.

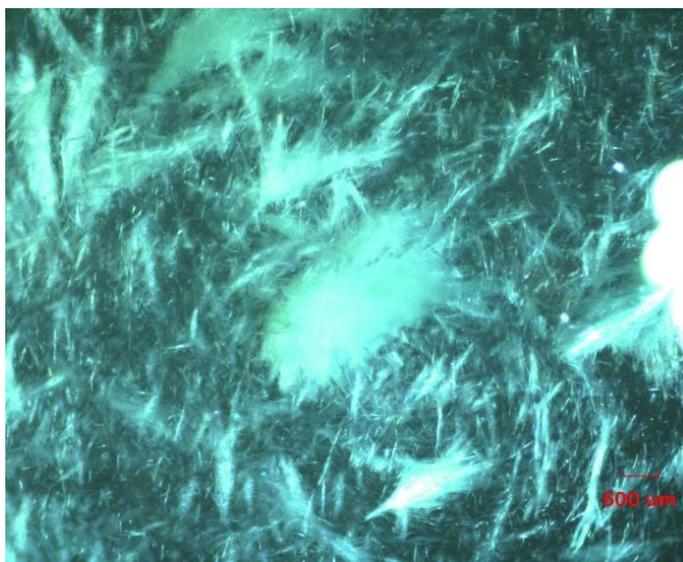


Fig. S4 The crystal image of 2'.

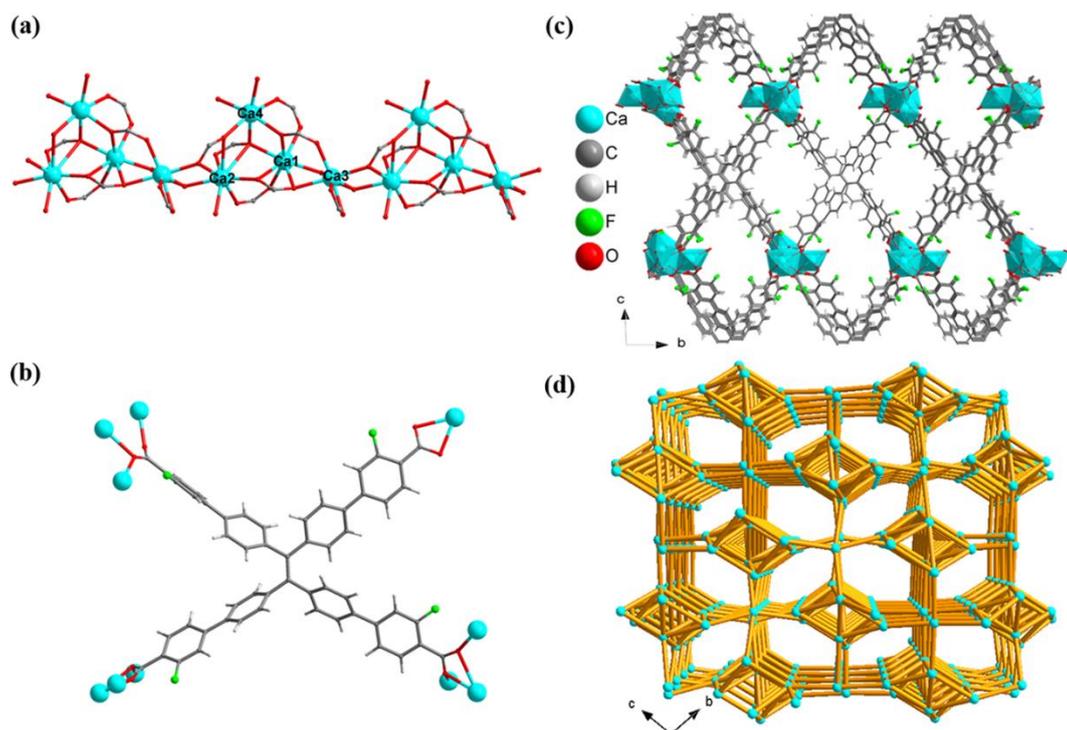


Fig. S5 (a) The coordination environment for Ca^{2+} . (b) The coordination mode of tcbpe-F in **1**. (c) and (d) are the 3D structure and the topology of **1** viewed along the a axis.

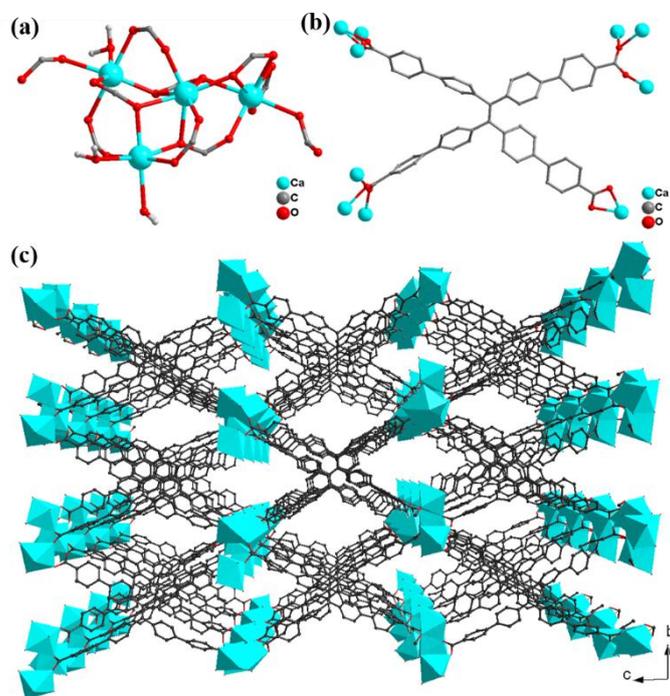


Fig. S6 (a) The coordination environment for Ca^{2+} . (b) The coordination mode of tcbpe in **2**. (c) The 3D structure of **2**.

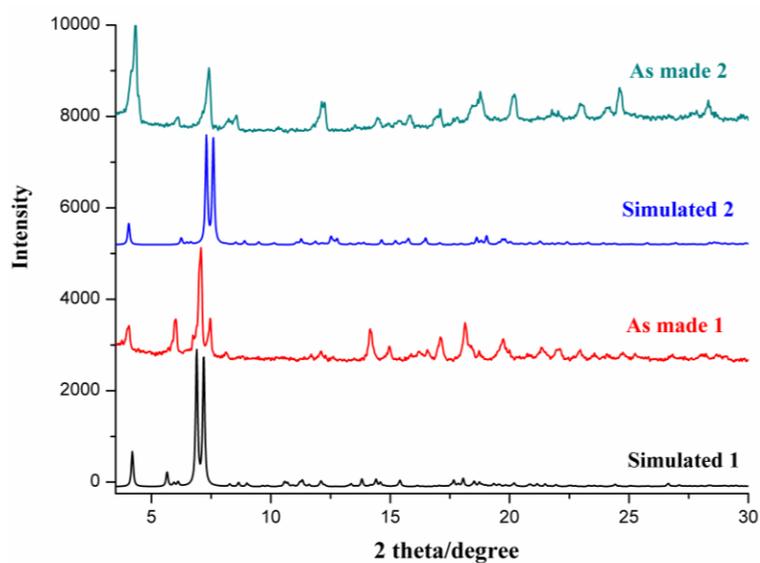


Fig. S7 PXR D patterns of the as-made **1** and **2**. Simulated PXR D patterns of **1** and **2** are included for comparison.

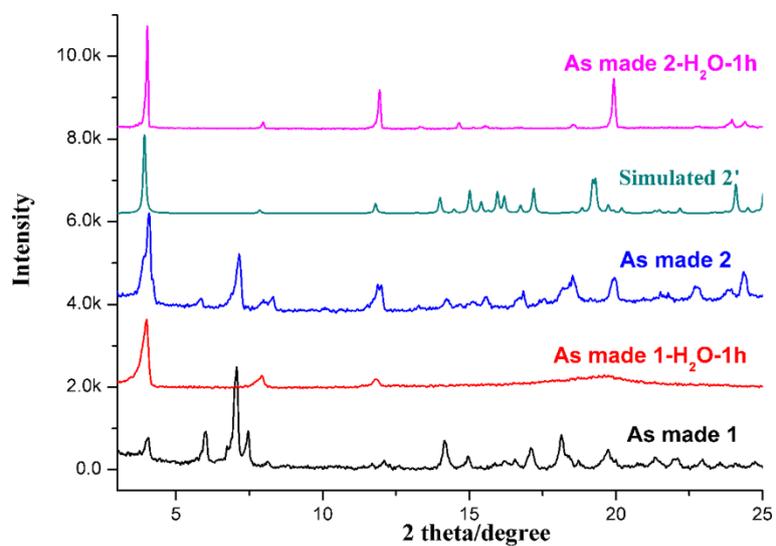


Fig. S8 PXR D patterns of the as-made **1** and **2**, and the corresponding samples after water treatment, along with the simulated PXR D pattern of **2'** for comparison.

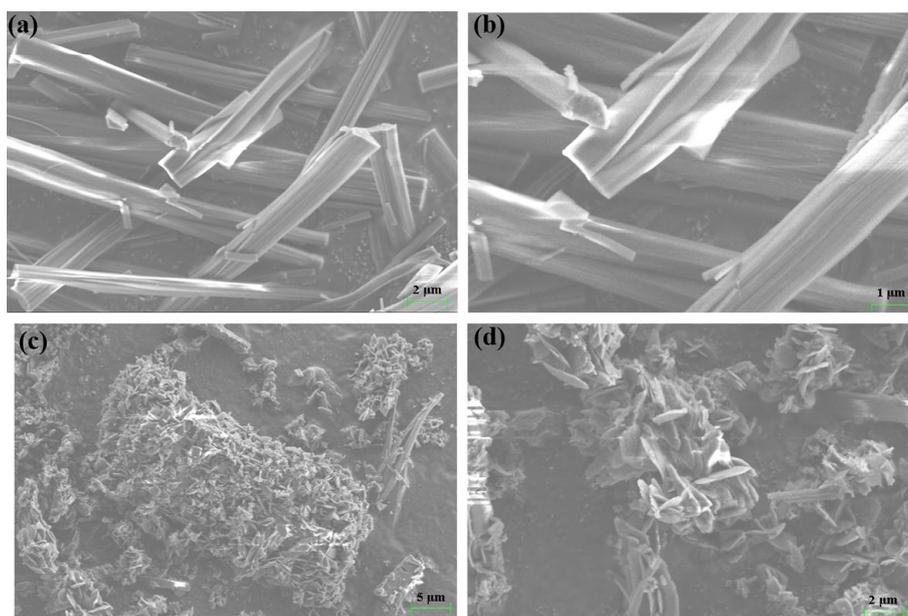


Fig. S9. The SEM photographs of **1** (a, b) and **1'** (c, d).

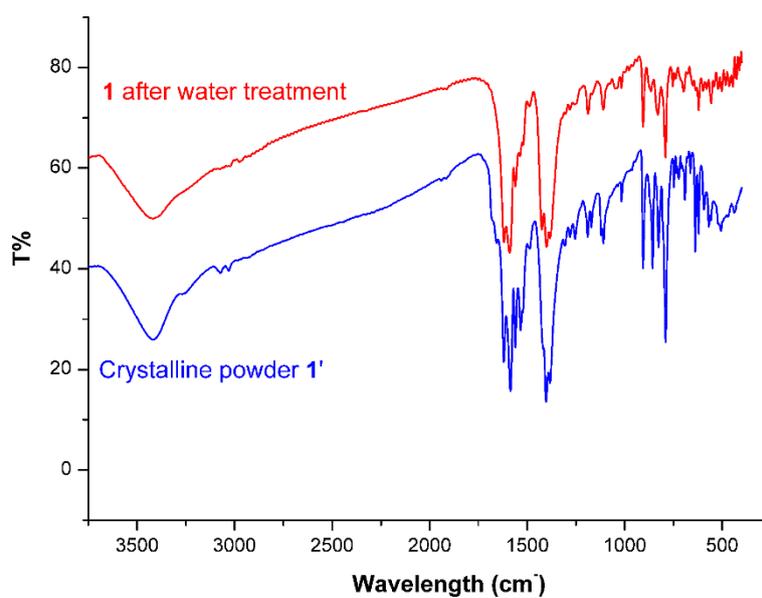


Fig. S10. The IR spectra of the water treated sample **1** and the crystalline powder sample of **1'**.

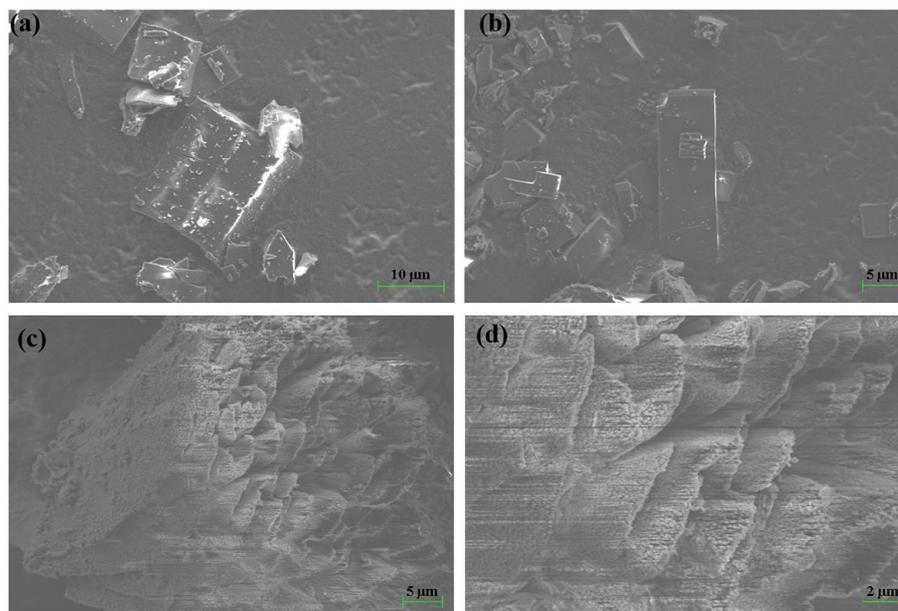


Fig. S11 The SEM photographs of **2** (a, b) and **2'** (c, d).

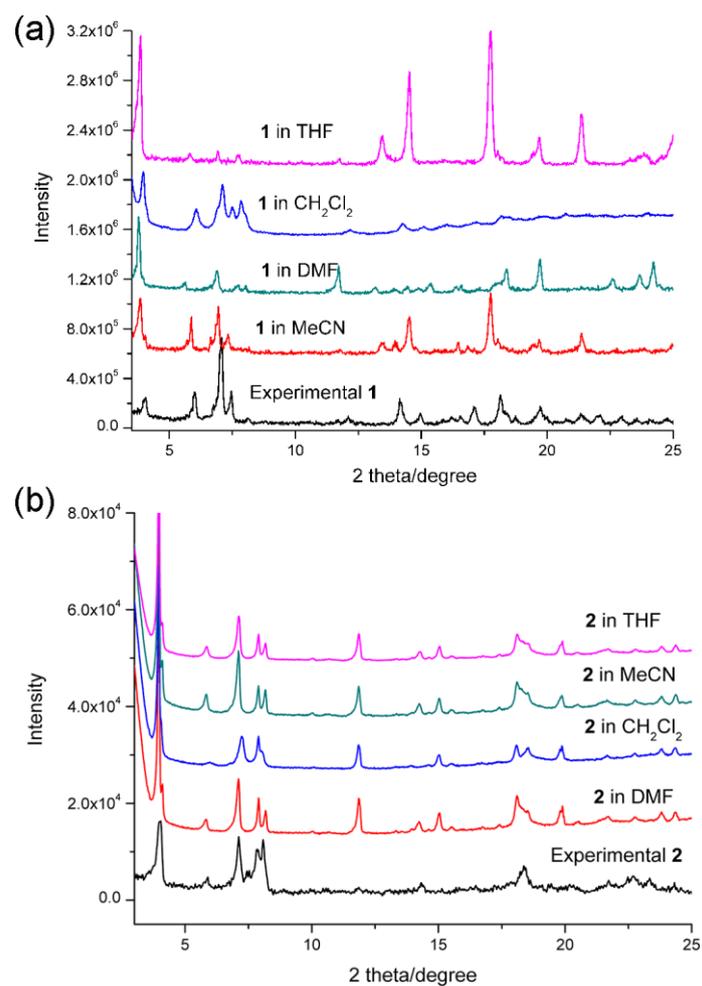


Fig. S12 The PXRD patterns of the as-made and solvent treated samples of **1** (a) and **2** (b).

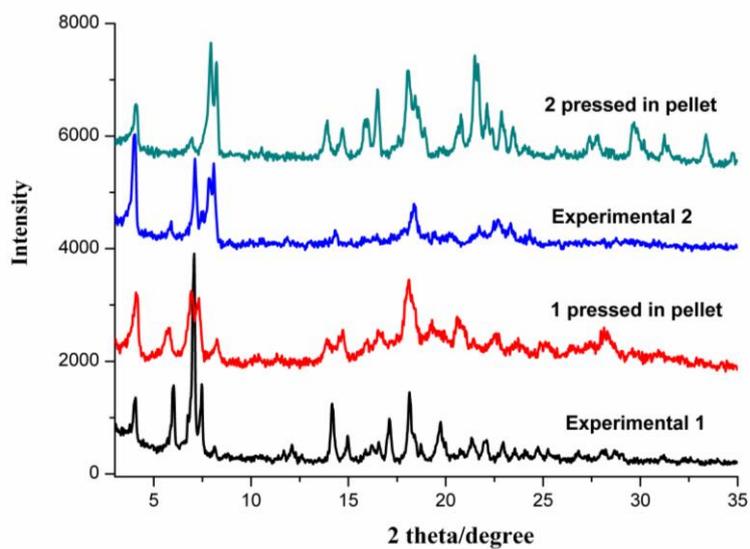


Fig. S13 The PXRD patterns of the as-made **1** and **2**, and the pressed pellets.

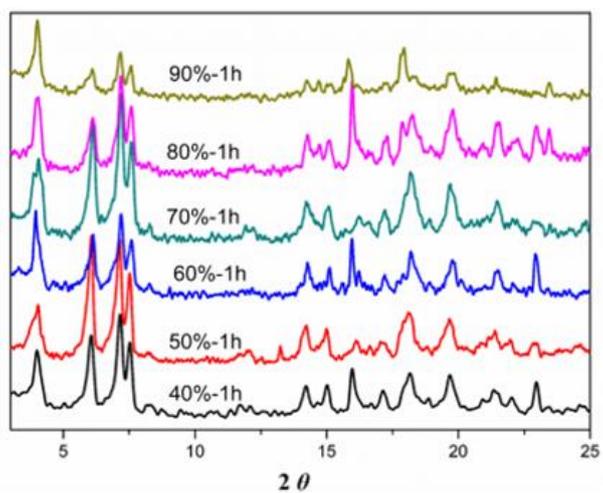


Fig. S14 The PXRD patterns of **1** after being kept in different moisture conditions for 1 h.

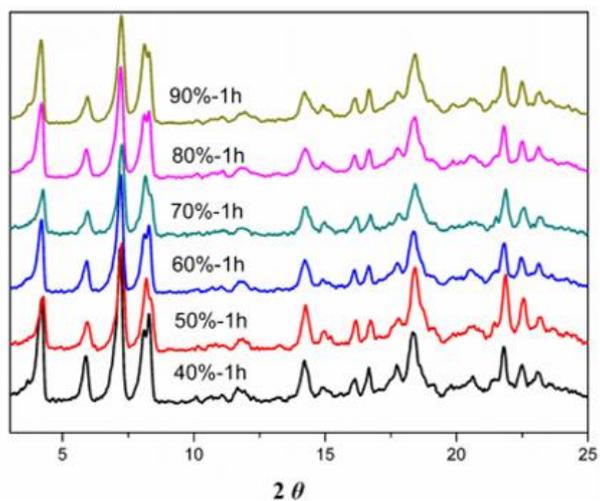


Fig. S15 The PXRD patterns of **2** after being kept in different moisture conditions for 1 h.

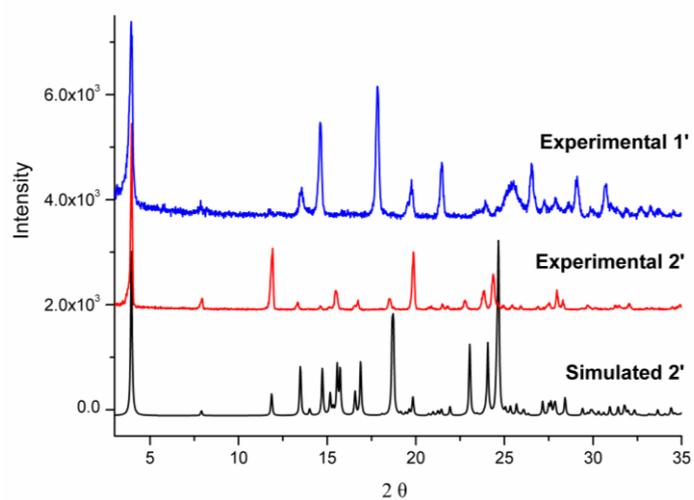


Fig. S16 The PXRD patterns of **1'** and **2'**. Simulated PXRD pattern of **2'** is included for comparison.¹

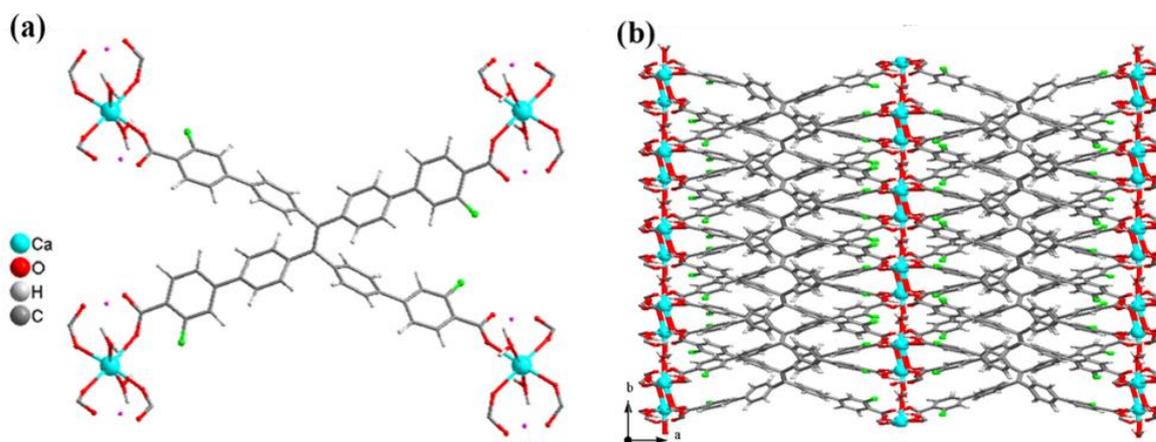


Fig. S17 (a) The coordination environment for Ca^{2+} and tcpe-F in **1'**. The free proton atom has

been highlighted as rose. (b) The 3D structure of **1'** with 4-fold interpenetration.

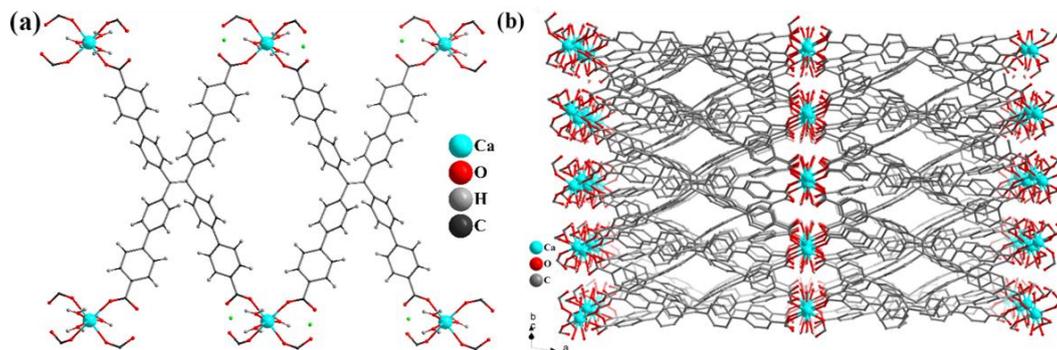


Fig. S18 (a) The coordination environment for tcpe and Ca²⁺ in **2'**. The free proton atom has been highlighted as green. (b) The 3D structure with 4-fold interpenetration.¹

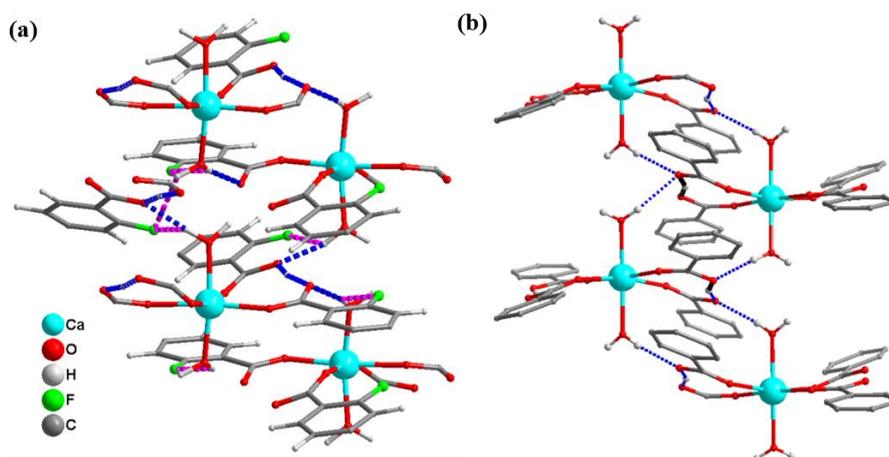


Fig. S19 (a) The H-bonding network in **1'**. The extra H-bonding between F and water is highlighted with pink-colored dotted line. (b) The H-bonding network in **2'**.

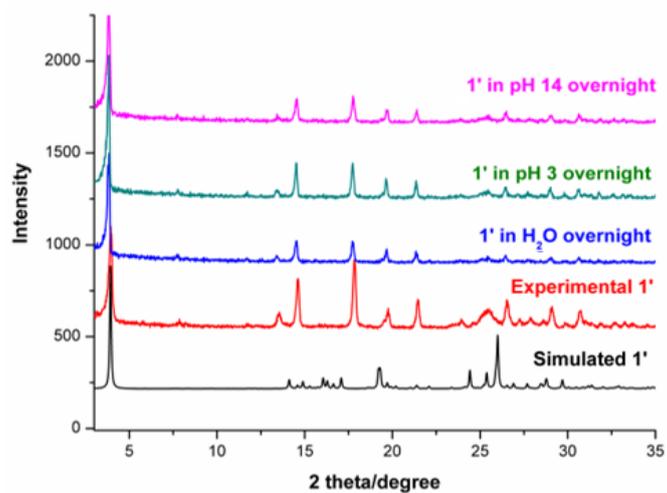


Fig. S20 The PXRD patterns of **1'** and **1'** after being treated in different conditions.

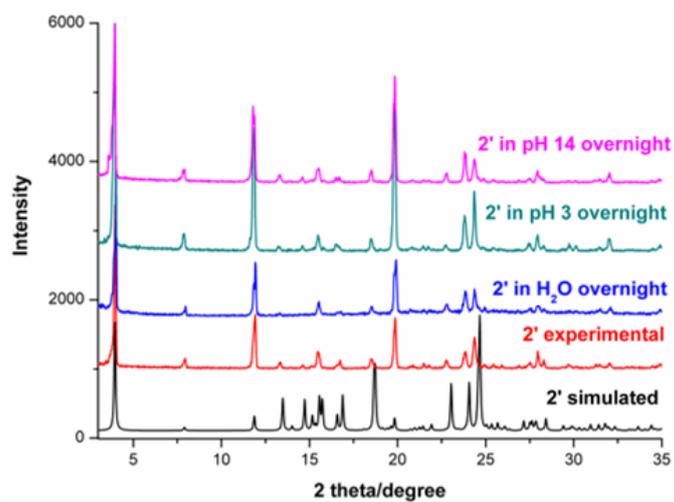


Fig. S21 The PXRD patterns of **2'** and **2'** after being treated in different conditions.

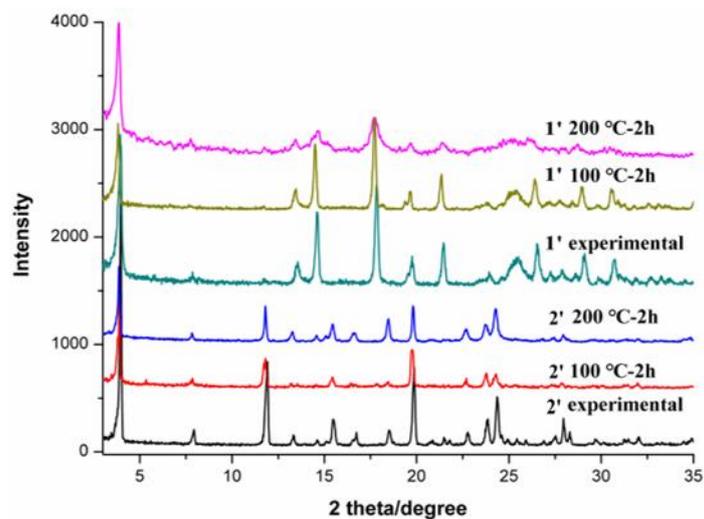


Fig. S22 The PXRD patterns of **1'** and **2'** after being treated at different temperatures in vacuum.

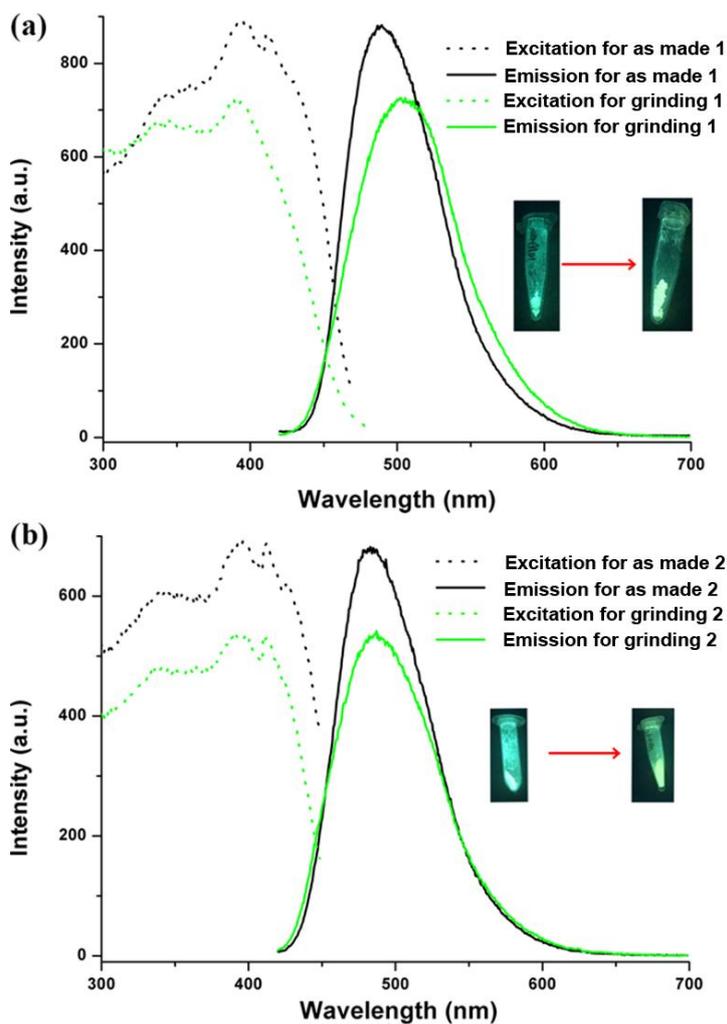


Fig. S23 The FL spectra of **1** (a) and **2** (b) before and after grinding. The insets are photographs taken before and after grinding at room temperature and under excitation using a 365 nm UV

lamp.

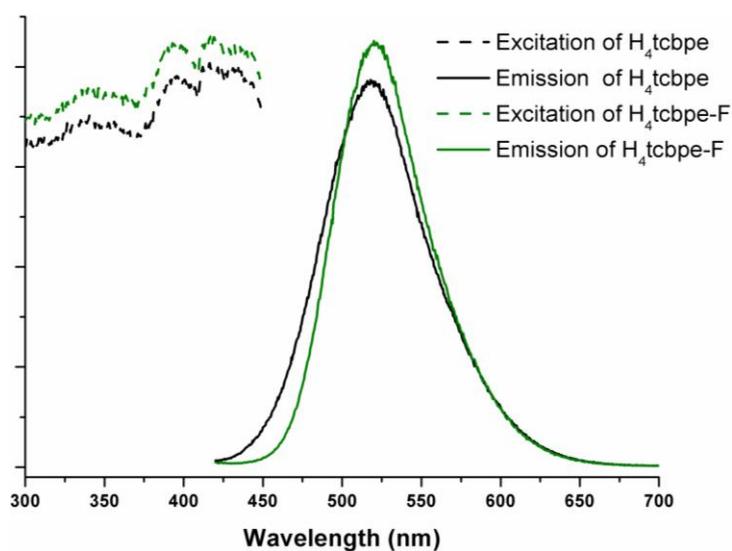


Fig. S24 The excitation and emission spectra of H₄tcbpe and H₄tcbpe-F ligands.

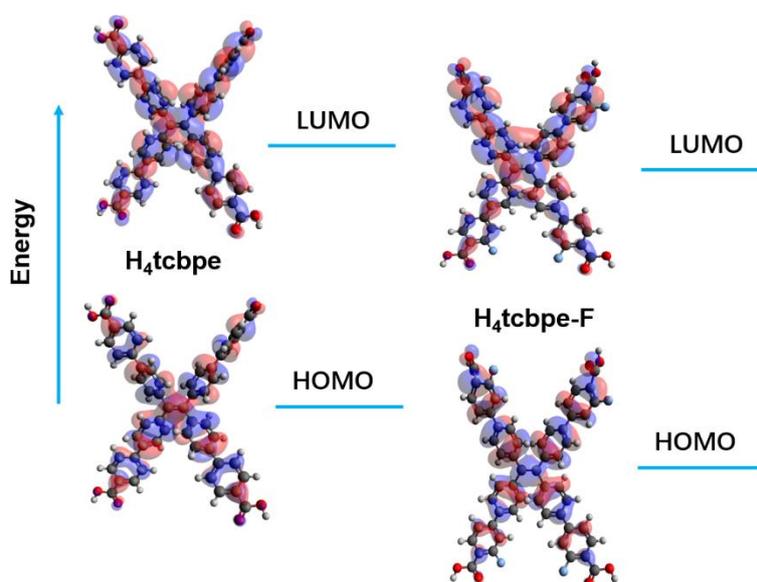


Fig. S25 The energies and compositions of HOMO and LUMO of the H₄tcbpe and H₄tcbpe-F.

Table S2 Calculated LUMO and HOMO energy levels for H₄tcbpe and H₄tcbpe-F.³

| Ligand | LUMO (eV) | HOMO (eV) |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| H ₄ tcbpe | -2.46 | -5.87 |
| H ₄ tcbpe-F | -2.68 | -6.10 |

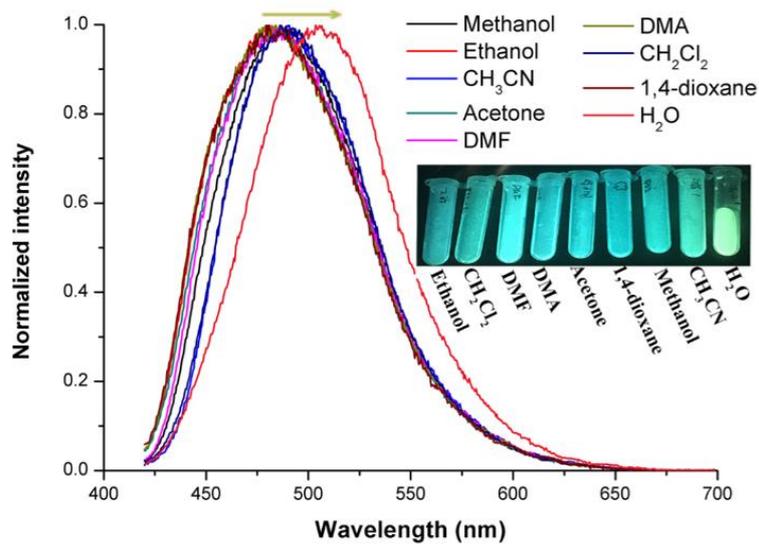


Fig. S26 The FL spectra of **2** after being dispersed at different solvents. Insets are photographs of the solvent-dependent FL under excitation with a 365 nm UV lamp.

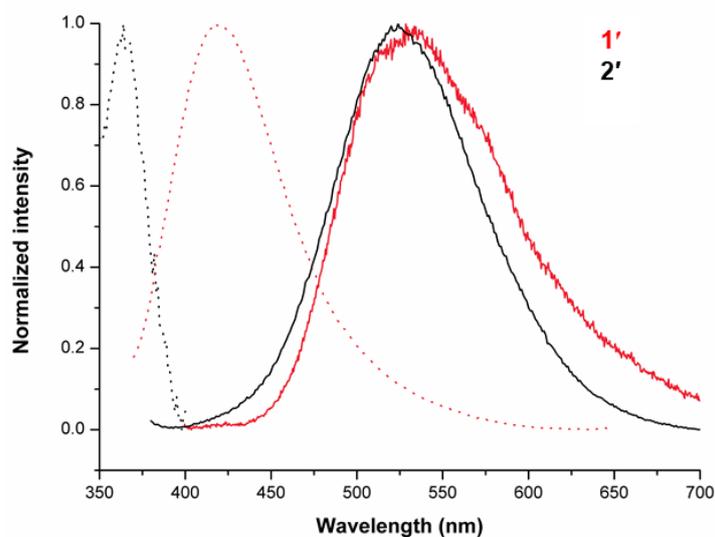


Fig. S27 The excitation and emission spectra of **1'** and **2'** in solid state.

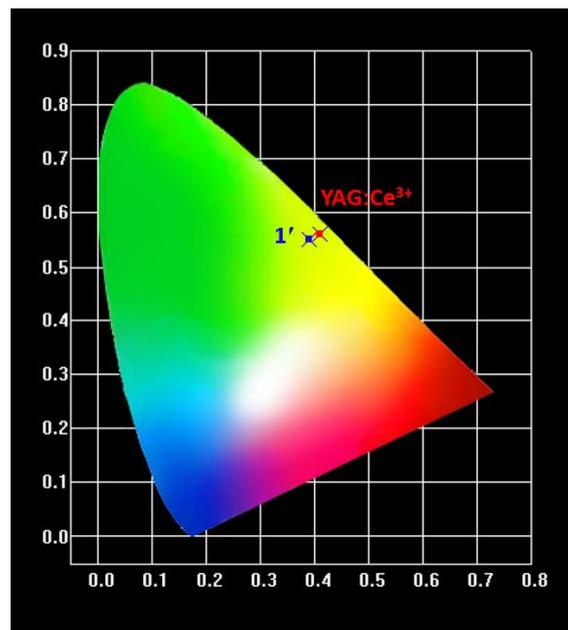


Fig. S28 The CIE coordinates of the activated **1'** compared with that of the commercial YAG:Ce³⁺.

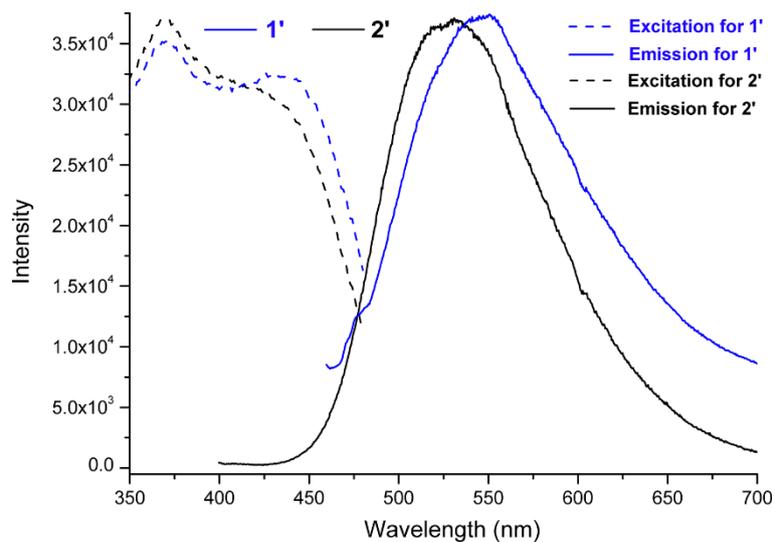


Fig. 29 The excitation and emission spectra of the activated **1'** and **2'**.

References

1. Z.-F. Wu, E. Velasco, C. Shan, K. Tan, Z.-Z. Zhang, Q.-Q. Hu, K. Xing, X.-Y. Huang, J. Li, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2020, **8**, 6820.
2. W. P. Lustig, Z. Shen, S. J. Teat, N. Javed, E. Velasco, D. M. O'Carroll, J. Li, *Chem. Sci.*, 2020, **11**, 1814.
3. W. P. Lustig, S. J. Teat, J. Li, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2019, **7**, 14739.