

Supporting Information

Atropoenantioselective Palladaelectro-Catalyzed Anilide C–H Olefinations by Catalyst Control Viable with Natural Sunlight as an Energy Source

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General Information

Technical grade solvents for extraction and chromatography (cyclohexane, *n*-pentane, dichloromethane, diethyl ether, ethyl acetate and methanol) were distilled before using. DCM, DMF and toluene were dried using a solvent purification system (SPS) from MBraun. DME was dried over sodium and distilled under N₂.

Platinum electrodes (10 mm × 15 mm × 0.25 mm, 99.9%; obtained from ChemPur® Karlsruhe, Germany) and graphite felt (GF) electrodes (10 mm × 15 mm × 6 mm, SIGRACELL® GFA 6 EA, obtained from SGL Carbon, Wiesbaden, Germany) were connected using stainless steel adapters.

Electrocatalysis was conducted using an AUTOLAB multichannel Line from METROHM.

Amides **1** were synthesized according to known procedure.^[1] Olefins **2** were used as obtained by commercial sources. Other chemicals were obtained from commercial sources and were used without further purification.

Routine TLC analysis was carried out on aluminium sheets coated with silica gel 60 F254, 0.2 mm thickness. Plates were revealed using a 254 nm ultraviolet lamp.

Chromatography was carried out on Merck silica gel 60 (40–63 µm).

GPC were done using a recycling preparative HPLC system from Japan Analytical Industries (*LC-92XX II Series, UV and RI Detector*) connected to JAIGEL HH series column, with HPLC grade chloroform.

Yields refer to isolated compounds, estimated to be >95% pure as determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury VX 300, Inova 500 or Bruker Avance III 300, Avance III 400 and Avance III HD 500 with chemical shift values being reported in ppm relative to residual chloroform ($\delta_{\text{H}} = 7.26$ ppm or $\delta_{\text{C}} = 77.2$ ppm). Data were treated with MestreNova software and are reported as follows: chemical shift, integration, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quint = quintet, sept = septet, hept = heptet, m = multiplet, br = broad signal) and coupling constant (Hz).

Infrared spectra were recorded on a Bruker FT-IR Alpha-P device and are reported in wavenumbers (cm^{-1}).

High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) spectra were recorded with APEX IV 7T FTICR. ESI-MS on Bruker MicroTOF and maXis.

Optical rotations were measured with Anton Paar MCP 150 at 20 °C under a Na/Hg lamp, $\lambda = 589 \text{ nm}$ (c in $\text{g}/100 \text{ mL}$). Values were denoted as specific rotations: $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$.

Chiral HPLC measurements were performed on an Agilent 1290 Infinity using CHIRALPAK® columns ($3.0 \mu\text{m}$ particle size; $\varnothing 4.6 \text{ mm}$ and 250 mm lengths) at room temperature.

The structure of the major stereoisomer is shown. The ratio of diastereomers were established by means of ^1H -NMR spectroscopy.

The absolute configuration of the products was determined by comparison with Shi's article.^[1]

Optimization of Reaction Conditions

<p>Reaction scheme showing the electrocatalytic coupling of 1a and 2a to form 3aa. Reagents: Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol%), (S)-5-oxoproline (20 mol%), Additive (10 mol%), Base (2 equiv), TFE/DME, 24 h. Electrochemical setup: GF anode, Pt cathode.</p>							
Entry	Current	Temperature [°C]	Base	Additive	Comments	Yield [%]	ee [%]
1	4 mA	50	NaOAc	-		11	78
2	4 mA	50	NaOPiv	-		12	50
3	4 mA	50	NaOAc	1,4-BQ		78	97
4	4 mA	50	NaOAc	Cu(OAc) ₂ •H ₂ O		32	76
5	4 mA	50	NaOAc	2,5-di- <i>tert</i> -butyl-1,4- BQ		37	96
6	4 mA	50	NaOAc	(tris-4-bromophenyl)amine		22	86
7	4 mA	50	NaOAc	ferrocene		57	96
8	4 mA	50	NaOAc	1,4-BQ	Under N ₂ atmosphere	65	98
9	4 mA	30	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		22	97
10	4 mA	50	NaOAc	1,4- BQ	<i>n</i> -Bu ₄ NPF ₆ (2 equiv)	60	98
11	4 mA	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		88	98
12	6 mA	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		88	97
13	8 mA	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		54	97
14	10 mA	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		23	52
15	2 mA	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		51	98
16	6 mA	70	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		70	96
17	4 mA	30	NaOAc	1,4- BQ	Blue LED irradiation	Traces	/
18	4 mA	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ	With divided cells ^[b]	45	95
19	0.8 V	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		63	96
20	0.4 V	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		81	97
21	-	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ		42	97
22	-	60	NaOAc	-		28	96
23	4 mA	60	NaOAc	1,4- BQ	No palladium	0	/
24	-	60	NaOAc	1,4-BQ (1 equiv)		60	97

[a] Reaction conditions: Undivided cell, **1a** (0.5 mmol), **2a** (1.5 mmol), [Pd] (10 mol%), (S)-5-oxoproline (20 mol%), additive (10 mol%), base (1.0 mmol), 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (2.5 mL), DME (2.5 mL), 24 h, graphite felt (GF) anode, Pt-plate cathode, isolated yields, under air. [b] Divided cell, anode: **1a** (0.5 mmol), **2a** (1.5 mmol), [Pd] (10 mol%), (S)-5-oxoproline (20 mol%), 1,4-BQ (10 mol%), NaOAc (0.5 mmol), 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (2.5 mL), DME (2.5 mL), graphite felt, (GF) anode, cathode: NaOAc (0.5 mmol), 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (2.5 mL), DME (2.5 mL), Pt-plate cathode. Constant anodic potential with a silver wire as the reference electrode.

Experimental

General procedure A: Atroposelective palladaelectro-catalyzed C–H olefination

The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell, with a GF anode (10 mm x 15 mm x 6 mm) and a platinum cathode (10 mm x 15 mm x 0.25 mm). A 10 mL cell was charged with the amide **1** (0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (11.3 mg, 10 mol%), (*S*)-5-oxoproline (12.9 mg, 20 mol%), 1,4-benzoquinone (5.4 mg, 10 mol%) and NaOAc (82 mg, 1.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv). Then was added 2.5 mL of TFE, 2.5 mL of DME and the olefin **2** (1.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv). The electrocatalysis was performed at 60 °C with a constant current of 4.0 mA maintained for 24 h. The resulting mixture was filtered through a celite pad, eluted with EtOAc and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford the title compound **3**.

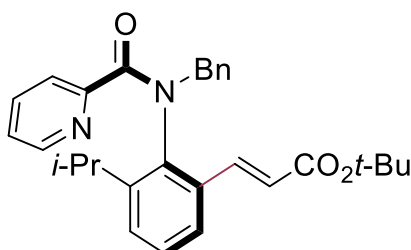
General procedure B: Sequential atroposelective palladaelectro-catalyzed C–H olefination/hydrogenation

The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell, with a GF anode (10 mm x 15 mm x 6 mm) and a platinum cathode (10 mm x 15 mm x 0.25 mm). A 10 mL cell was charged with the amide **1** (0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (11.3 mg, 10 mol%), (*S*)-5-oxoproline (12.9 mg, 20 mol%), 1,4-benzoquinone (5.4 mg, 10 mol%) and NaOAc (82 mg, 1.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv). Then was added 2.5 mL of TFE, 2.5 mL of DME and the olefin **2** (1.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv). The electrocatalysis was performed at 60 °C with a constant current of 4.0 mA maintained for 24 h. The current was then stopped and a balloon of H₂ was added. The mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 24 h, filtered through a celite pad, eluted with EtOAc and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford the title compound **3**.

General procedure for the synthesis of racemic products

The racemic compounds were prepared using *rac*-(*S/R*)-5-oxoproline as the chiral ligand instead of (*S*)-5-oxoproline, following the general procedure A or B.

Tert-butyl 3-(3-(*N*-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3aa



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a pale yellow foam (205 mg, 0.45 mmol, 90%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 99/1.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{29}H_{33}N_2O_3^+$: 457.2486. Found: 457.2488;

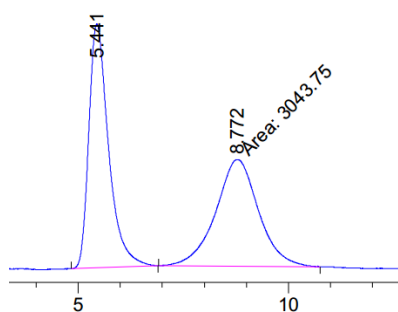
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -88.9$ ($c = 1.00$, CH_2Cl_2);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1049, 1078, 1147, 1233, 1257, 1287, 1316, 1367, 1390, 1445, 1472, 1568, 1585, 1639, 1704, 2869, 2931, 2967, 3007;

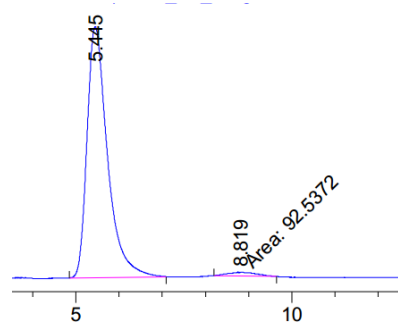
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.10 (ddd, $J = 4.8, 1.7, 0.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dt, $J = 7.9, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.54 (td, $J = 7.8, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 8H), 7.04 (ddd, $J = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.98 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.50 (s, 9H), 0.84 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.4 (C_q), 165.7 (C_q), 153.3 (C_q), 147.6 (CH), 147.1, (C_q) 140.5 (CH), 139.0 (C_q), 136.0 (CH), 135.9 (C_q), 133.4 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 121.7 (CH), 80.3 (C_q), 54.5 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH_3), 28.2 (CH), 24.2 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_3);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.2 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 5.4 min, t_r (minor) = 8.8 min, 98% *ee*.

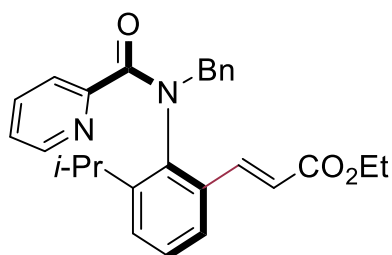


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.441	BB	0.4660	3175.45264	97.49440	51.0588
2	8.772	MM	1.1871	3043.75049	42.73253	48.9412



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.445	BV R	0.4726	4323.95996	131.51231	99.0395
2	8.819	MM	0.5617	41.93618	1.24432	0.9605

Ethyl (E)-3-(2-(N-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ab



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (186 mg, 0.43 mmol, 87%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 96/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{27}H_{29}N_2O_3^+$: 429.2173. Found: 429.2173;

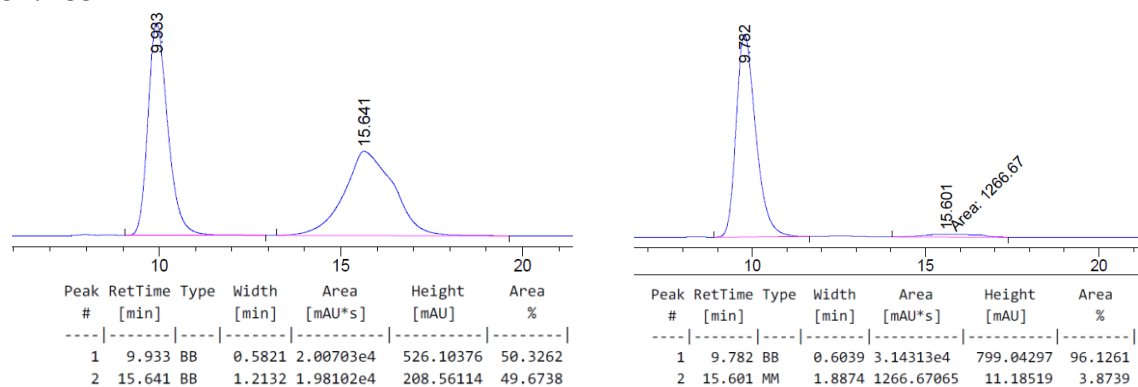
$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -120.2 (c = 1.02, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1044, 1078, 1166, 1260, 1308, 1365, 1390, 1444, 1495, 1567, 1585, 1638, 1709, 2869, 2929, 2964, 3061;

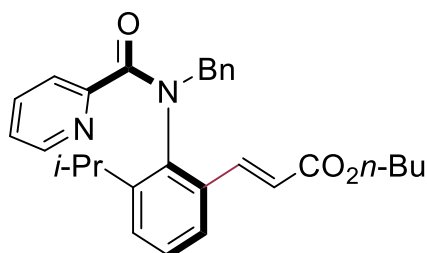
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.09 (ddd, J = 4.8, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dt, J = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.58–7.52 (m, 1H), 7.48–7.42 (m, 1H), 7.27–7.21 (m, 3H), 7.21–7.15 (m, 5H), 7.04 (ddd, J = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.25–4.14 (m, 2H), 2.93 (hept, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.75 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.4 (C_q), 166.5 (C_q), 153.3 (C_q), 147.6 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 141.7 (CH), 139.2 (C_q), 136.1 (CH), 135.9 (C_q), 133.4 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 119.8 (CH), 60.4 (CH_2), 54.6 (CH_2), 28.2 (CH), 24.2 (CH_3), 23.5 (CH_3), 14.4 (CH_3);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.2 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 9.8 min, t_r (minor) = 15.6 min, 92% *ee*.



Butyl (E)-3-(2-(N-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ac



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (178 mg, 0.39 mmol, 78%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 96/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{29}H_{33}N_2O_3^+$: 457.2486. Found: 457.2487;

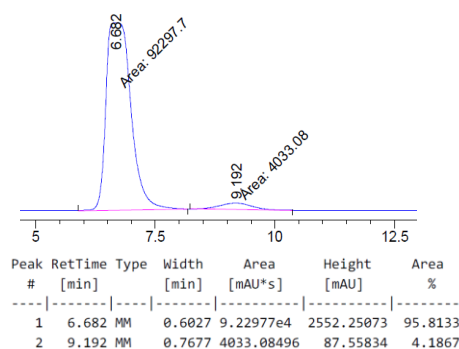
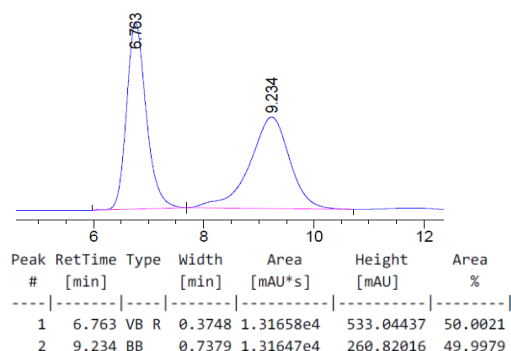
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -49.9$ ($c = 0.95$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1064, 1166, 1260, 1307, 1388, 1445, 1470, 1567, 1585, 1640, 1709, 2870, 2932, 2961, 3030, 3063;

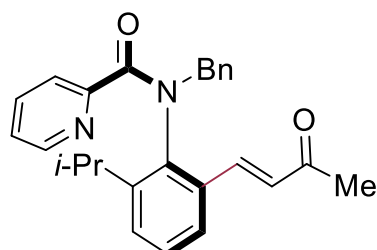
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.04 (ddd, $J = 4.8, 1.8, 0.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dt, $J = 7.8, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (td, $J = 7.8, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.23–7.18 (m, 3H), 7.17–7.11 (m, 5H), 7.01–6.95 (m, 1H), 5.98 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.15–4.06 (m, 2H), 2.93 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.68–1.58 (m, 2H), 1.45–1.34 (m, 2H), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.75 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H).

^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.2 (C_q), 166.3 (C_q), 153.0 (C_q), 147.3 (CH), 146.9 (C_q), 141.3 (CH), 138.9 (C_q), 135.8 (CH), 135.7 (C_q), 133.1 (C_q), 130.3 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.7 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 124.0 (CH), 119.6 (CH), 64.2 (CH_2), 54.4 (CH_2), 30.6 (CH_2), 28.0 (CH), 24.1 (CH_3), 23.3 (CH_3), 19.1 (CH_2), 13.7 (CH_3).

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 6.7 min, t_r (minor) = 9.2 min, 92% *ee*.



***N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-isopropyl-6-(3-oxobut-1-en-1-yl)phenyl)picolinamide 3ad**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) followed by GPC afforded the title compound as pale brown powder (141 mg, 0.35 mmol, 71%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 96/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₇N₂O₂⁺: 399.2067. Found: 399.2067;

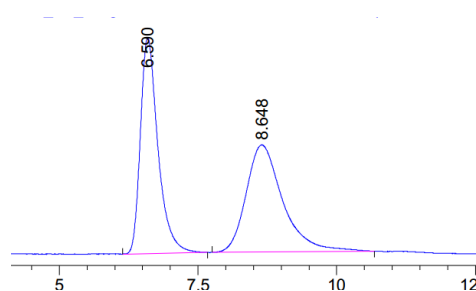
[α]_D²⁰ = -41.3 (*c* = 1.03, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1048, 1079, 1166, 1228, 1255, 1286, 1336, 1359, 1389, 1444, 1472, 1495, 1568, 1584, 1660, 1691, 2245, 2869, 2930, 2964, 3030, 3061;

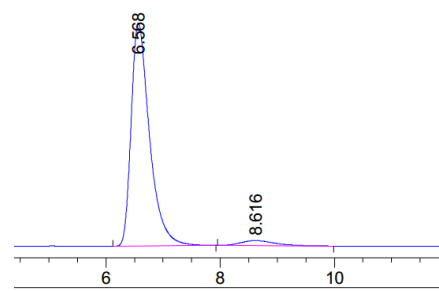
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 – 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.71 – 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.56 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 5H), 7.06 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.09 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (hept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.00 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.2 (C_q), 154.6 (C_q), 147.5 (C_q), 147.1 (C_q), 141.5 (CH), 139.6 (C_q), 136.2 (CH), 135.8 (C_q), 133.5 (C_q), 130.7 (CH), 129.1 (CH), 129.0 (CH), 128.9 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 54.8 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH₃), 26.0 (CH), 24.5 (CH₃), 23.7 (CH₃);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 80/20, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 6.6 min, *t_r*(minor) = 8.6 min, 92% *ee*.

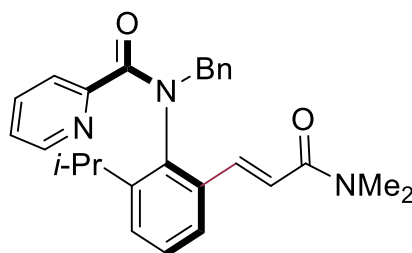


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.590	BB	0.3305	1009.44196	45.90656	49.0687
2	8.648	BB	0.6228	1047.75989	22.77252	50.9313



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.568	BB	0.3381	1.67912e4	750.32416	95.9003
2	8.616	BB	0.5074	717.81958	17.14570	4.0997

***N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-(3-(dimethylamino)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)-6-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide
3ae**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (DCM/MeOH = 98:2) afforded the title compound as white foam (143 mg, 0.33 mmol, 67%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 96/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{27}H_{30}N_3O_2^+$: 428.2333. Found: 428.2334;

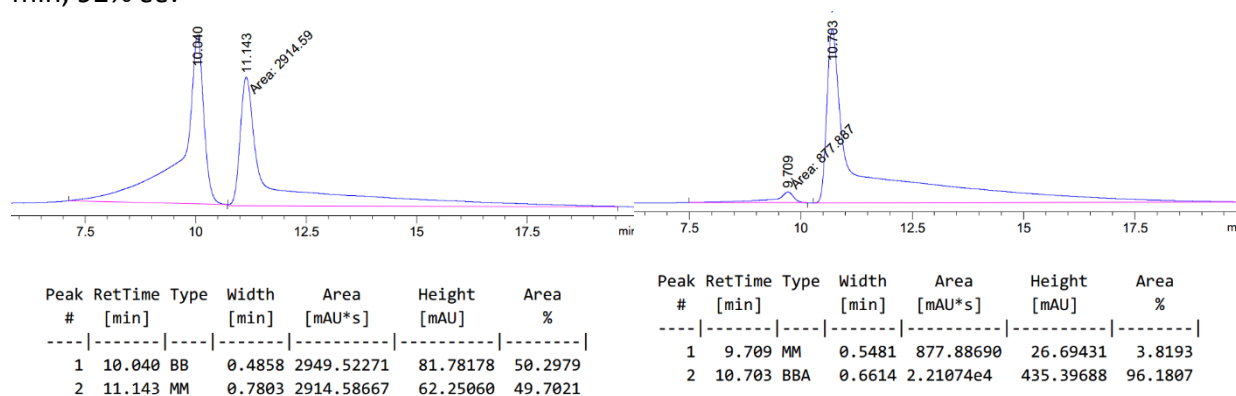
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -183.9$ ($c = 1.07$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1049, 1078, 1140, 1167, 1260, 1286, 1336, 1359, 1391, 1443, 1472, 1494, 1567, 585, 1608, 1642, 2239, 2869, 2930, 2963, 3030, 3062;

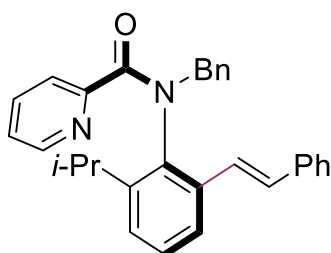
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.16 (d, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, $J = 11.6, 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (td, $J = 7.8, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.22 (m, 4H), 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.11 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.03 (s, 6H), 2.77 (hept, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 0.56 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3H), 0.53 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.4 (C_q), 166.6 (C_q), 153.2 (C_q), 147.8 (CH), 147.2 (C_q), 139.4 (CH), 138.8 (C_q), 136.5 (C_q), 136.1 (CH), 134.0 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 125.2 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 120.2 (CH), 54.4 (CH_2), 37.6 (CH), 28.0 (CH_3), 24.0 (CH_3), 23.4 (CH_3);

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 70/30, 1.0 mL/min, 250 nm): t_r (major) = 10.7 min, t_r (minor) = 9.7 min, 92% ee.



***N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-isopropyl-6-styrylphenyl)picolinamide 3af**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as pale brown foam (146 mg, 0.34 mmol, 68%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 98/2.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₀H₂₉N₂O⁺: 433.2274. Found: 433.2277;

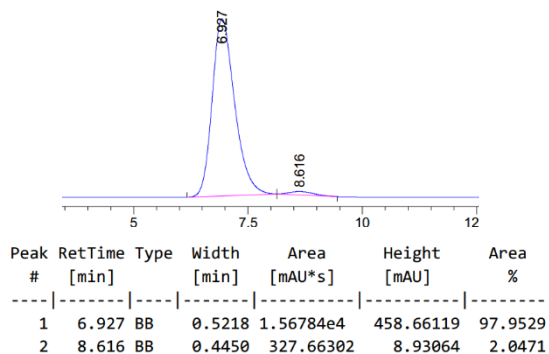
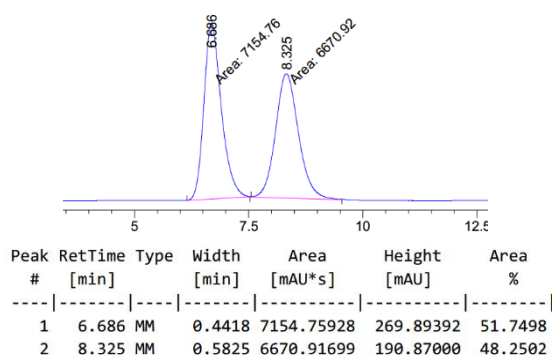
[α]_D²⁰ = -137.4 (*c* = 0.85, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1049, 1078, 1167, 1242, 1286, 1335, 1392, 1440, 1471, 1496, 1567, 1585, 1640, 2868, 2930, 3028, 3060;

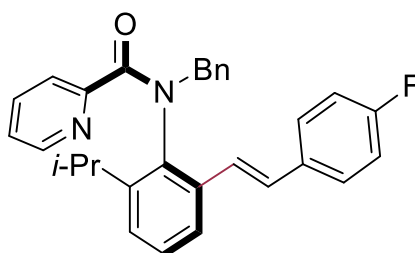
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.31 (ddt, *J* = 12.4, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 3H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.14 (m, 4H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (ddd, *J* = 6.1, 4.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (hept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 0.86 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.85 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H);

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1 (C_q), 153.7 (C_q), 147.8 (CH), 147.0 (C_q), 138.1 (C_q), 137.3 (C_q), 136.5 (C_q), 135.9 (C_q), 135.8 (CH), 130.6 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 126.7 (CH), 126.3 (CH), 125.9 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 123.8 (CH), 123.3 (CH), 54.5 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH), 24.4 (CH₃), 23.6 (CH₃);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 6.9 min, *t_r*(minor) = 8.6 min, 96% *ee*.



***N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-(4-fluorostyryl)-6-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide 3ag**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as pale brown foam (145 mg, 0.32 mmol, 65%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 97/3.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₀H₂₈FN₂O⁺: 451.2180. Found: 451.2181;

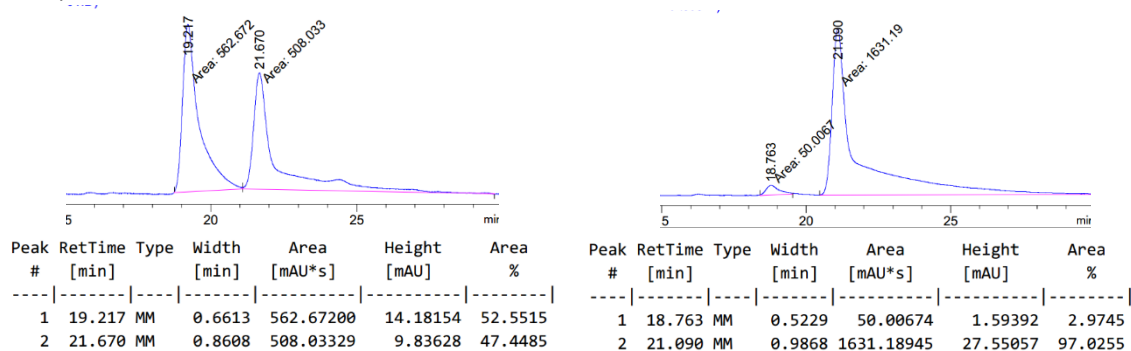
[α]_D²⁰ = -120.8 (*c* = 0.96, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1049, 1078, 1095, 1158, 1226, 1287, 1336, 1392, 1443, 1472, 1508, 1568, 1585, 1600, 1639, 2869, 2929, 2964, 3031, 3063;

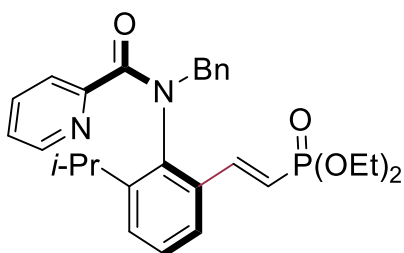
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (dt, *J* = 4.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.28 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.16 (m, 6H), 7.10 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (ddd, *J* = 5.8, 4.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (hept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 0.89 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H);

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1 (C_q), 162.5 (d, *J* = 247.4 Hz, C_q), 153.7 (C_q), 147.7 (CH), 147.0 (C_q), 138.1 (C_q), 136.5 (C_q), 135.9 (CH), 135.8 (C_q), 133.5 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, C_q), 130.6 (CH), 129.2 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 126.3 (CH), 125.7 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, CH), 124.3 (CH), 123.8 (CH), 123.2 (CH), 115.6 (d, *J* = 21.6 Hz, CH), 54.5 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH), 24.4 (CH₃), 23.7 (CH₃); **¹⁹F NMR** (282 MHz) δ -114,1;

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 1.2 mL/min, 250 nm): *t_r*(major) = 21.1 min, *t_r*(minor) = 18.8 min, 94% ee.



Diethyl (2-(*N*-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylstyryl)phosphate 3ah



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 8:2) afforded the title compound as pale brown foam (81 mg, 0.16 mmol, 33%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 94.5/5.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{28}H_{34}N_2O_4P^+$: 493.2251. Found: 493.2252;

$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -89.9$ ($c = 1.03$, $CHCl_3$);

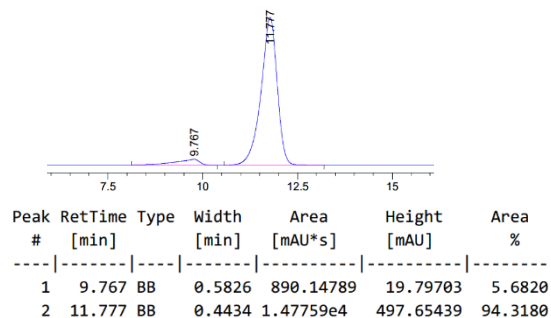
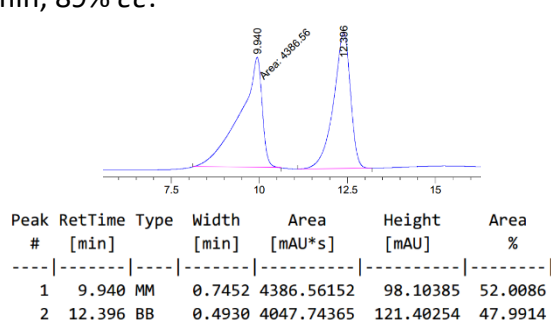
ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1023, 1049, 1165, 1241, 1284, 1336, 1391, 1443, 1472, 1568, 1585, 1643, 2869, 2929, 2965, 3062;

1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.08 (ddd, $J = 4.8, 1.8, 0.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dt, $J = 7.9, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.57 (td, $J = 7.8, 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.24 (m, 4H), 7.23 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, $J = 7.8, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (ddd, $J = 7.6, 4.7, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, $J = 19.1, 17.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.90 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.14 – 3.96 (m, 4H), 2.85 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.31 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 6H), 0.70 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.69 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H);

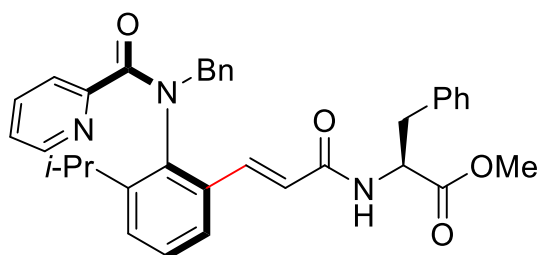
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.6 (C_q), 153.1 (C_q), 147.5 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 144.9 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, CH), 139.1 (C_q), 136.2 (CH), 135.9 (C_q), 133.6 (d, $J = 22.6$ Hz, C_q), 130.5 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 124.5 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 116.3 (d, $J = 192.0$ Hz, CH), 62.1 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, CH_2), 62.0 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, CH_2), 54.8 (CH_2), 28.2 (CH), 24.0 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_3), 16.6 (CH_3), 16.5 (CH_3);

^{31}P NMR (121 MHz) δ 18.3;

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 80/20, 1.0 mL/min, 250 nm): t_r (major) = 11.8 min, t_r (minor) = 9.8 min, 89% *ee*.



Methyl (3-(2-(*N*-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acryloyl)-*L*-phenylalaninate 3ai



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3 to 6:4) afforded the title compound as white foam (270 mg, 0.4 mmol, 96%), with an diastereomeric ratio >95/5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{35}H_{36}N_3O_4^+$: 562.2700. Found: 562.2697;

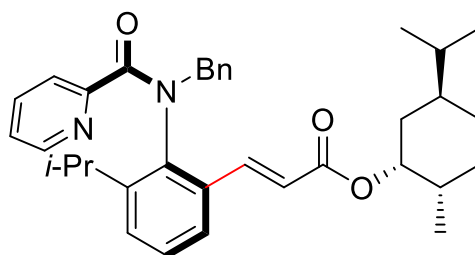
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -40.7$ ($c = 0.96$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1079, 1170, 1205, 1237, 1261, 1285, 1335, 1359, 1394, 1444, 1496, 1534, 1585, 1630, 1743, 2248, 2869, 2930, 2963, 3030, 3063, 3317;

1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.16 (dt, $J = 3.9, 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dt, $J = 8.0, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.54 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.20 (td, $J = 7.1, 1.8$ Hz, 3H), 7.17 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.12 (m, 5H), 7.07 (ddd, $J = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.13 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, $J = 15.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.08 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.94 (dt, $J = 7.7, 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.30 – 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.91 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 0.77 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.74 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 172.3 (C_q), 168.4 (C_q), 165.5 (C_q), 153.3 (C_q), 147.8 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 138.8 (C_q), 138.0 (CH), 136.2 (CH), 136.2 (C_q), 136.0 (C_q), 133.6 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 129.4 (CH), 128.8 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.2 (CH), 124.5 (CH), 124.5 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 122.6 (CH), 54.4 (CH_2), 53.5 (CH), 52.5 (CH_3), 38.1 (CH_2), 28.2 (CH), 24.2 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_3).

(2R,5R)-5-isopropyl-2-methylcyclohexyl (E)-3-(2-(N-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3aj



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a colorless foam (197 mg, 0.37 mmol, 73%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 96/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{35}H_{43}N_2O_3^+$: 539.3268. Found: 539.3272;

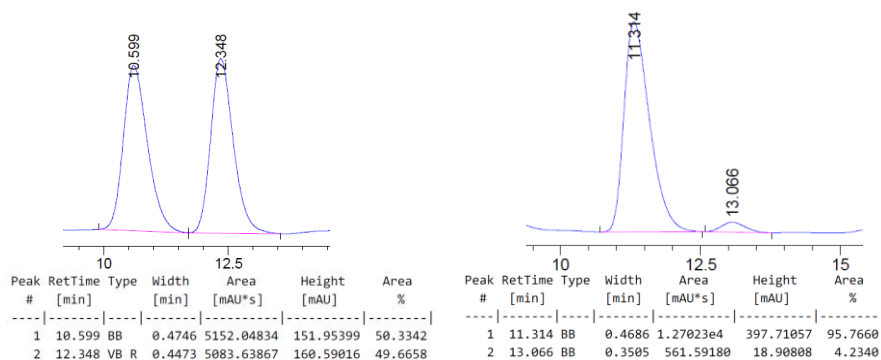
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -58.5$ ($c = 1.00$, CH_2Cl_2);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1078, 1168, 1260, 1306, 1388, 1445, 1585, 1643, 1704, 2869, 2928, 2957;

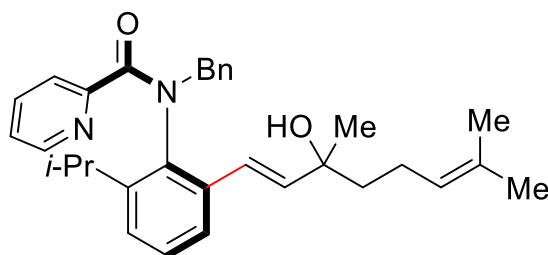
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.17 – 8.05 (m, 1H), 7.75 – 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.59 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.10 (m, 9H), 7.10 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.07 – 5.89 (m, 1H), 5.45 – 5.08 (m, 1H), 4.93 – 4.57 (m, 2H), 3.19 – 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.04 (td, $J = 14.5, 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.91 (hept, $J = 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.79 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.03 – 0.88 (m, 10H), 0.84 – 0.76 (m, 6H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.3 (C_q), 165.9 (C_q), 153.3 (C_q), 147.4 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 141.2 (CH), 139.1 (C_q), 135.9 (CH), 135.8 (C_q), 133.3 (C_q), 130.5 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 120.2 (CH), 74.1 (CH), 54.4 (CH_2), 47.1 (CH), 41.0 (CH_2), 34.3 (CH_2), 31.4 (CH), 28.2 (CH), 26.3 (CH), 24.1 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_2), 23.5 (CH_3), 22.1 (CH_3), 20.9 (CH_3), 16.5 (CH_3);

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 11.3 min, t_r (minor) = 13.1 min, 92% *ee*.



(E)-N-benzyl-N-(2-(3-hydroxy-3,7-dimethylocta-1,6-dien-1-yl)-6-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide 3ak



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the two diastereoisomer of the title compound as colorless oils in a ratio of 1/1 (146 mg, 0.30 mmol, 60%). The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography.

The first fraction has an enantiomeric ratio of 97.5/2.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{32}H_{39}N_2O_2^+$: 483.3006. Found: 483.2994;

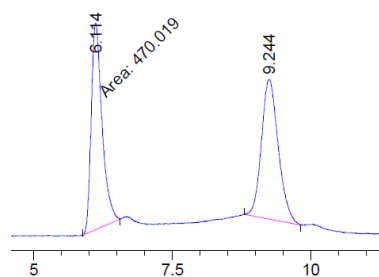
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -204$ ($c = 0.50$, CH_2Cl_2);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1078, 1167, 1238, 1286, 1336, 1396, 1441, 1473, 1567, 1585, 1637, 2868, 2926, 2963, 3059, 3440;

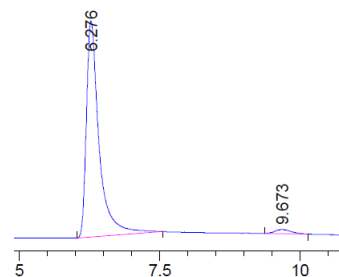
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.18 (d, $J = 4.8$, 1H), 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.16 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.10 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.14 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 5.10 – 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.66 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.03 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.99 – 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.66 (q, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.55 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 3H), 1.53 – 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 0.91 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H), 0.90 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.9 (C_q), 153.6 (C_q), 147.9 (CH), 146.8 (C_q), 138.5 (CH), 137.9 (C_q), 136.6 (C_q), 135.8 (CH), 135.5 (C_q), 131.7 (C_q), 130.8 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 126.1 (CH), 124.5 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 123.7 (CH), 123.4 (CH), 73.1 (C_q), 54.3 (CH_2), 42.3 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH), 28.1 (CH_3), 25.8 (CH_3), 24.5 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_3), 23.0 (CH_2), 17.8 (CH_3);

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 80/20, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): P1 t_r (major) = 6.3 min, t_r (minor) = 9.7 min, 95% *ee*.



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.114	MM	0.2262	470.01938	34.63272	48.7111
2	9.244	BB	0.2731	494.89340	23.45688	51.2889



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.276	BB	0.2305	3721.78101	236.60236	97.5673
2	9.673	BB	0.2361	92.79662	4.70594	2.4327

The second fraction has an enantiomeric ratio of 96.5/3.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{32}H_{39}N_2O_2^+$: 483.3006. Found: 483.2995;

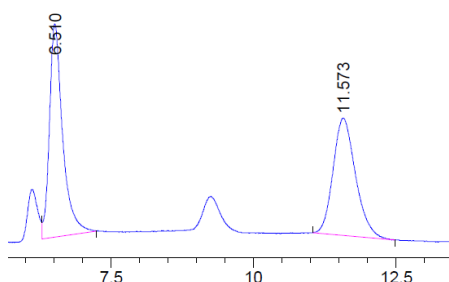
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -88.8$ ($c = 1.00$, CH_2Cl_2);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1078, 1167, 1240, 1286, 1336, 1394, 1442, 1472, 1568, 1585, 1637, 2868, 2926, 2964, 3061, 3454;

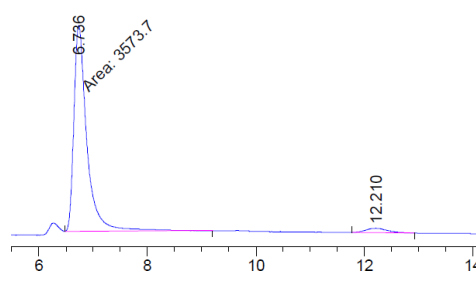
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.20 – 8.16 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.15 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.09 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 7.03 (ddd, $J = 6.9, 4.8, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.26 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.09 – 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.70 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.02 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.96 – 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.50 – 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.88 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.9 (C_q), 153.6 (C_q), 147.9 (CH), 146.8 (C_q), 138.7 (CH), 137.8 (C_q), 136.6 (C_q), 135.7 (CH), 135.4 (C_q), 131.8 (C_q), 130.7 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 126.1 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 123.7 (CH), 123.5 (CH), 73.0 (C_q), 54.3 (CH_2), 42.6 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH), 27.5 (CH_3), 25.8 (CH_3), 24.5 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_3), 22.9 (CH_2), 17.8 (CH_3);

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 80/20, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): P2 t_r (major) = 6.7 min, t_r (minor) = 12.2 min, 93% ee.

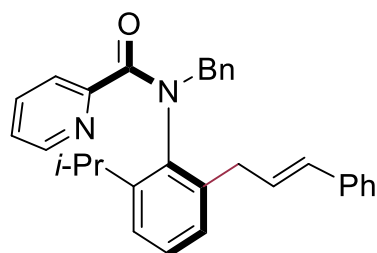


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.510	VB	0.2370	818.90314	50.82763	51.6328
2	11.573	BB	0.3508	767.11078	27.98165	48.3672



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.736	MM	0.2773	3573.69775	214.79782	96.5449
2	12.210	BB	0.3227	127.89192	4.66650	3.4551

***N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-cinnamyl-6-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide 3aI**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as pale yellow solid (92 mg, 0.21 mmol, 41%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 97/3.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₁H₃₁N₂O⁺: 447.2431. Found: 447.2431;

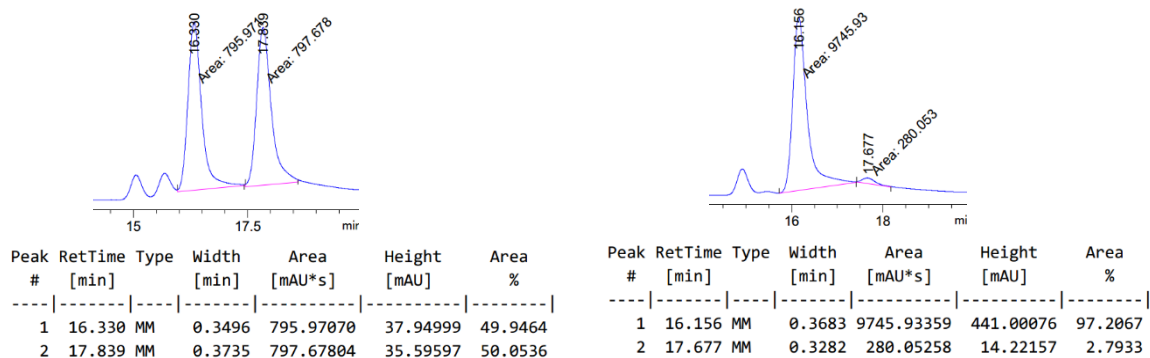
[α]_D²⁰ = -30.7 (*c* = 0.89, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1048, 1078, 1167, 1235, 1287, 1336, 1356, 1394, 1439, 1450, 1471, 1495, 1567, 1585, 1637, 2868, 2929, 2963, 3027, 3060;

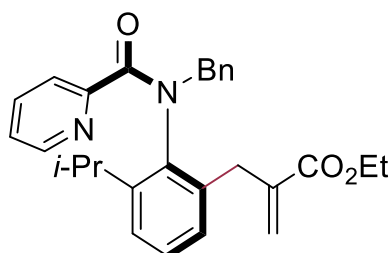
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.20 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 5H), 7.23 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.03 (m, 3H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (ddd, *J* = 16.0, 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (hept, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (ddd, *J* = 16.0, 6.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H);

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.8 (C_q), 153.6 (C_q), 147.6 (CH), 146.5 (C_q), 138.5 (C_q), 138.3 (C_q), 137.6 (C_q), 136.6 (C_q), 136.1 (CH), 131.4 (CH), 130.6 (CH), 130.5 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.1 (CH), 127.1 (CH), 126.1 (CH), 124.9 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 54.4 (CH₂), 35.0 (CH₂), 28.6 (CH), 24.6 (CH₃), 23.9 (CH₃);

R_t (ID-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/05, 1.0 mL/min, 250 nm): *t_r*(major) = 16.2 min, *t_r*(minor) = 17.7 min, 94% *ee*.



Ethyl 2-(2-(*N*-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylbenzyl)acrylate 3am



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as pale yellow oil (128 mg, 0.29 mmol, 58%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 91/9.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{28}H_{31}N_2O_3^+$: 443.2329. Found: 443.2328;

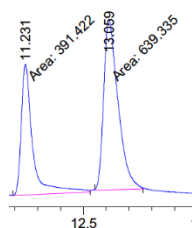
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -50.7$ ($c = 1.03$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1028, 1078, 1143, 1169, 1197, 1210, 1249, 1286, 1334, 1364, 1395, 1440, 1452, 1471, 1567, 1585, 1638, 1714, 2869, 2930, 2964, 3062;

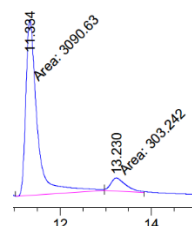
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.17 (dt, $J = 4.8, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dt, $J = 8.0, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.57 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.11 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.97 (dd, $J = 7.9, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, $J = 7.6, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.11 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 5.16 (dd, $J = 7.7, 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.90 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.66 – 3.27 (m, 2H), 2.80 (hept, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 0.64 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H), 0.62 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.7 (C_q), 167.1 (C_q), 153.3 (C_q), 147.6 (CH), 146.8 (C_q), 139.4 (C_q), 139.2 (C_q), 136.9 (C_q), 136.8 (C_q), 136.1 (CH), 130.4 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 127.1 (CH), 126.8 (CH_2), 124.9 (CH), 124.5 (CH), 124.5 (CH), 60.9 (CH_2), 54.3 (CH_2), 33.8 (CH_2), 28.5 (CH), 24.2 (CH_3), 23.7 (CH_3), 14.4 (CH_3);

R_t (ID-3 column, Hex/IPA 80/20, 1.0 mL/min, 250 nm): t_r (major) = 11.3 min, t_r (minor) = 13.2 min, 82% ee.

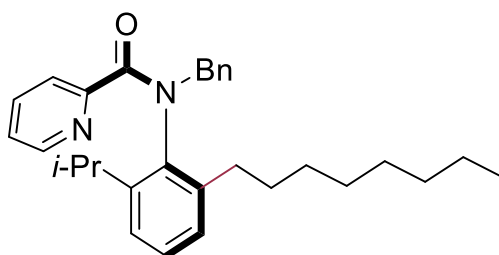


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.231	MM	0.2910	391.42188	22.41537	37.9742
2	13.059	MM	0.3644	639.33514	29.24508	62.0258



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.334	MM	0.2902	3090.63428	177.49234	91.0650
2	13.230	MM	0.3860	303.24219	13.09423	8.9350

***N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-isopropyl-6-octylphenyl)picolinamide 3an**



Prepared according to general procedure **B** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as colorless oil (127 mg, 0.28 mmol, 58%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 95/5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{30}H_{39}N_2O^+$: 443.3057. Found: 443.3053;

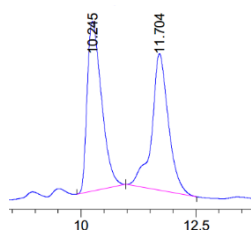
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -15.9$ ($c = 1.04$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1047, 1078, 1090, 1168, 1195, 1210, 1237, 1287, 1306, 1336, 1357, 1395, 1439, 1452, 1495, 1568, 1586, 1640, 2855, 2925, 2959, 3030, 3062;

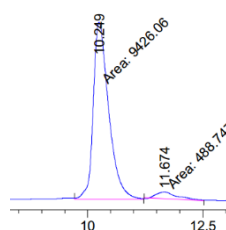
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.17 (ddd, $J = 4.7, 1.7, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.13 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (ddd, $J = 7.3, 4.8, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, $J = 7.8, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, $J = 7.6, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.96 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.20 (ddd, $J = 15.6, 7.6, 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.08 (ddd, $J = 15.3, 11.2, 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.36 – 1.03 (m, 13H), 0.89 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 0.84 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.9 (C_q), 153.8 (C_q), 147.7 (CH), 146.4 (C_q), 140.5 (C_q), 138.6 (C_q), 136.8 (C_q), 135.8 (CH), 130.4 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 125.9 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 123.8 (CH), 54.5 (CH_2), 32.0 (CH_2), 31.2 (CH_2), 30.1 (CH_2), 29.8 (CH_2), 29.6 (CH_2), 29.4 (CH_2), 28.6 (CH), 24.6 (CH_3), 23.8 (CH_3), 22.8 (CH_2), 14.3 (CH_3);

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 0.5 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 10.2 min, t_r (minor) = 11.7 min, 90% ee.

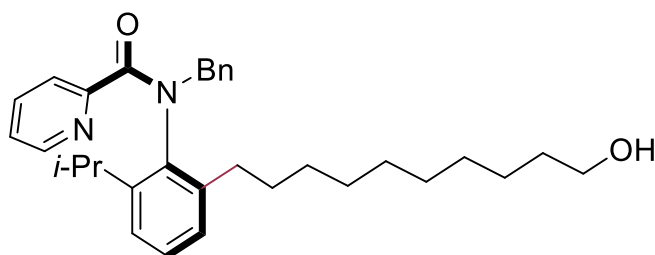


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.245	BB	0.3384	2882.62256	132.69370	51.6420
2	11.704	BB	0.3676	2699.31494	106.90063	48.3580



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.249	MM	0.3896	9426.06348	403.28116	95.0705
2	11.674	MM	0.5245	488.74716	15.53042	4.9295

***N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-(10-hydroxydecyl)-6-isopropylphenyl)picolinamide 3ao**



Prepared according to general procedure **B** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as pale brown oil (190 mg, 0.39 mmol,), with an enantiomeric ratio of 92/8.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₂H₄₃N₂O₂⁺: 487.3319. Found: 487.3314;

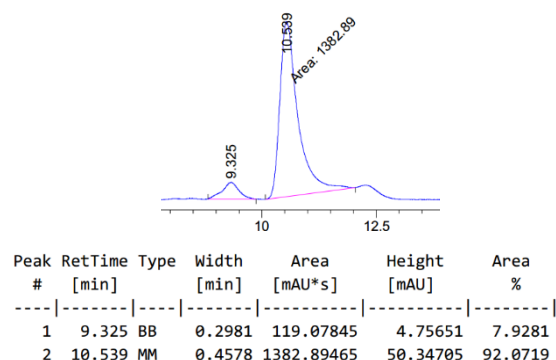
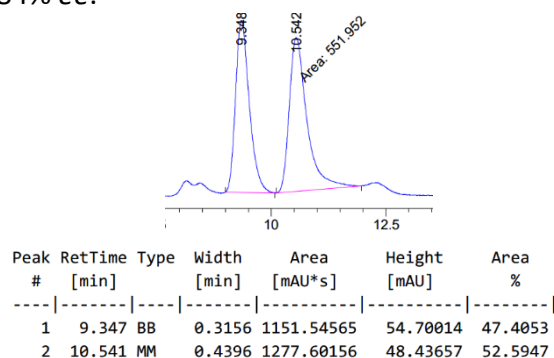
[α]_D²⁰ = -19.5 (*c* = 1.10, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1049, 1078, 1169, 1237, 1287, 1336, 1355, 1397, 1440, 1495, 1567, 1585, 2853, 2925, 2961, 3029, 3063, 3430;

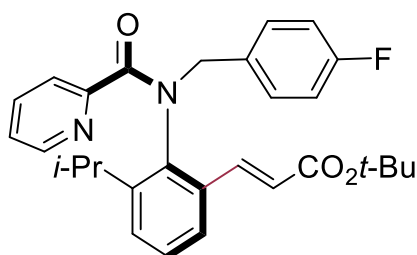
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (ddd, *J* = 4.8, 1.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (ddd, *J* = 7.3, 4.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (hept, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (ddt, *J* = 11.5, 6.4, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (ddd, *J* = 14.9, 11.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 1.56 (dq, *J* = 8.1, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.40 – 1.04 (m, 14H), 0.83 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H);

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9 (C_q), 153.7 (C_q), 147.7 (CH), 146.4 (C_q), 140.5 (C_q), 138.6 (C_q), 136.8 (C_q), 135.9 (CH), 130.4 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 125.9 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 123.8 (CH), 63.2 (CH₂), 54.5 (CH₂), 32.9 (CH₂), 31.1 (CH₂), 30.0 (CH₂), 29.8 (CH₂), 29.7 (CH₂), 29.6 (CH₂), 29.5 (CH₂), 29.5 (CH₂), 28.6 (CH), 25.9 (CH₂), 24.5 (CH₃), 23.8 (CH₃);

R_t (IC-3 column, Hex/IPA 70/30, 1.0 mL/min, 280 nm): *t_r*(major) = 10.5 min, *t_r*(minor) = 9.3 min, 84% ee.



Tert-butyl (E)-3-(2-(N-(4-fluorobenzyl)picolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ba



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (156 mg, 0.33 mmol, 66%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 94/6.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₉H₃₂FN₂O₃⁺: 475.2391. Found: 475.2389;

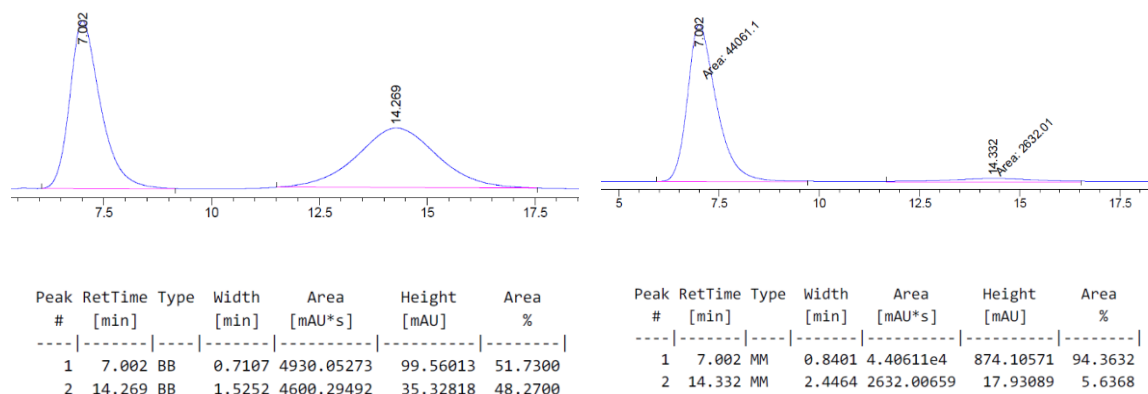
[α]_D²⁰ = -92.4 (*c* = 1.12, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1048, 1094, 1144, 1220, 1284, 13165, 1390, 1446, 1509, 1568, 1586, 1642, 1704, 2870, 2931, 2968, 3062;

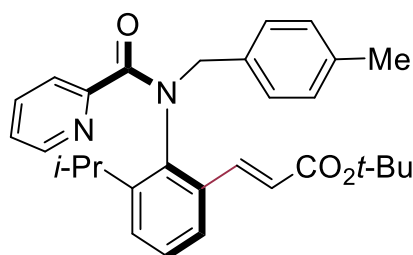
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (ddd, *J* = 4.7, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 7.13 (m, 5H), 7.00 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.87 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 5.87 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (hept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 0.90 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4 (C_q), 165.6 (C_q), 162.6 (d, *J* = 246.4 Hz, C_q), 153.1 (C_q), 147.5 (CH), 147.0 (C_q), 140.3 (CH), 138.9 (C_q), 136.0 (CH), 133.3 (C_q), 132.2 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, CH), 131.8 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, C_q), 128.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 115.2 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz, CH), 80.3 (C_q), 53.7 (CH₂), 29.3 (CH), 28.2 (CH₃), 24.3 (CH₃), 23.5 (CH₃).

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 7.0 min, *t_r*(minor) = 14.3 min, 88% *ee*.



***Tert*-butyl (E)-3-(3-isopropyl-2-(N-(4-methylbenzyl)picolinamido)phenyl)acrylate 3ca**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (207 mg, 0.44 mmol, 88%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 97/3.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₀H₃₅N₂O₃⁺: 471.2642. Found: 471.2641;

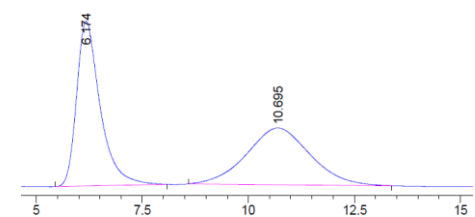
[α]_D²⁰ = -70.4 (*c* = 1.00, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1050, 1144, 1232, 1258, 1366, 1390, 1446, 1472, 1514, 1567, 1586, 1643, 1703, 2869, 2929, 2967, 3057;

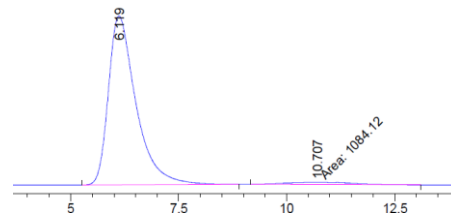
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (ddd, *J* = 4.7, 1.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.11 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.03 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 5.87 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (hept, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 0.89 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H) ;

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4 (C_q), 165.7 (C_q), 153.4 (C_q), 147.5 (CH), 147.2 (C_q), 140.5 (CH), 139.0 (C_q), 137.5 (C_q), 136.0 (CH), 133.4 (C_q), 132.8 (C_q), 130.5 (CH), 129.0 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.0 (CH), 121.5 (CH), 80.3 (C_q), 54.1 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH), 28.2 (CH₃), 24.2 (CH₃), 23.6 (CH₃), 21.2 (CH₃);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 6.2 min, *t_r*(minor) = 10.7 min, 94% *ee*.

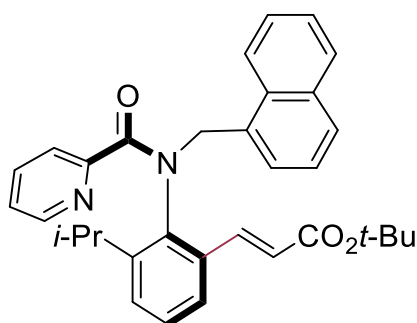


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.174	BB	0.5607	1742.09827	44.99779	52.0161
2	10.695	BB	1.2170	1607.05322	15.44391	47.9839



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.119	BB	0.6633	3.79304e4	853.74976	97.2212
2	10.707	MM	1.6740	1084.12292	10.79376	2.7788

Tert-butyl (E)-3-(3-isopropyl-2-(N-(4-methylbenzyl)picolinamido)phenyl)acrylate 3da



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as white solid (202 mg, 0.40 mmol, 80%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 97/3.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{33}H_{35}N_2O_3^+$: 507.2642. Found: 507.2644;

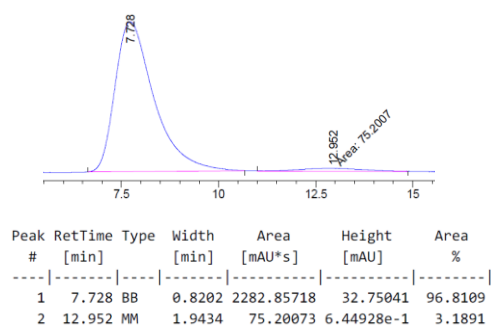
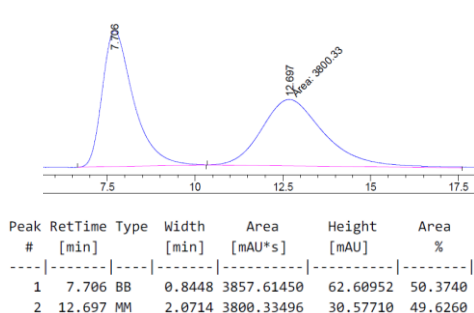
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -54.5$ ($c = 1.05$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1050, 11487, 1233, 1258, 1289, 1365, 1393, 1445, 1472, 1568, 1585, 1638, 1704, 2869, 2931, 2967, 3060;

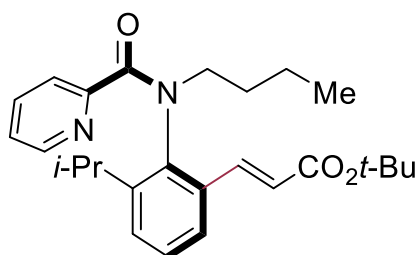
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.12 (ddd, $J = 4.8, 1.8, 0.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.73 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.56 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.24 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.19 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.05 (ddd, $J = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, $J = 13.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.99 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 0.78 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.73 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.6 (C_q), 165.7 (C_q), 153.4 (C_q), 147.7 (CH), 147.2 (C_q), 140.5 (CH), 139.3 (C_q), 136.1 (CH), 133.5 (C_q), 133.3 (C_q), 133.3 (C_q), 133.1 (C_q), 129.6 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.7 (CH), 126.0 (CH), 126.0 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.4 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 121.8 (CH), 80.3 (C_q), 54.9 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH), 28.2 (CH_3), 24.2 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_3);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 7.7 min, t_r (minor) = 12.9 min, 94% *ee*.



***Tert*-butyl (E)-3-(2-(*N*-butylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ea**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (192 mg, 0.45 mmol, 91%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 96/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{26}H_{35}N_2O_3^+$: 423.2642. Found: 423.2643;

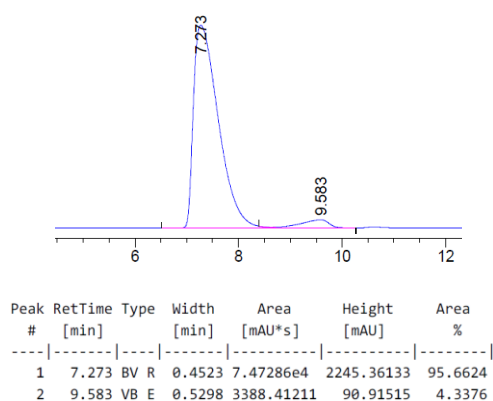
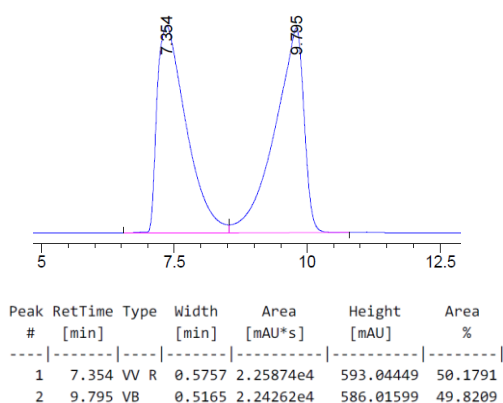
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -159.6$ ($c = 1.08$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1046, 1099, 1149, 1231, 1258, 1321, 1367, 1393, 1446, 1473, 1567, 1586, 1649, 1705, 2870, 2963, 3065;

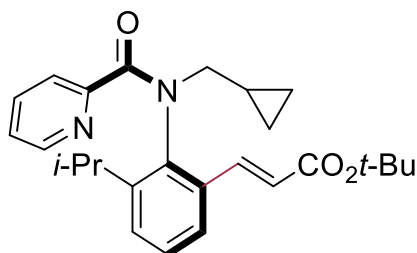
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.06 (ddd, $J = 4.8, 1.8, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.84 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.61 (dt, $J = 7.8, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.01 (ddd, $J = 7.6, 4.8, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.13 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.94 (ddd, $J = 13.1, 11.1, 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.54 – 3.42 (m, 1H), 3.08 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.78 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.51 (s, 9H), 1.40 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.19 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.86 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H).

^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.4 (C_q), 165.9 (C_q), 153.6 (C_q), 147.5 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 141.0 (CH), 140.5 (C_q), 136.0 (CH), 133.2 (C_q), 128.5 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 123.9 (CH), 122.1 (CH), 80.6 (C_q), 52.0 (CH_2), 29.1 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH_3), 28.1 (CH), 24.8 (CH_3), 23.4 (CH_3), 20.7 (CH_2), 13.9 (CH_3).

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 7.2 min, t_r (minor) = 9.6 min, 92% *ee*.



Tert-butyl (E)-3-(2-(N-(cyclopropylmethyl)picolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3fa



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (176 mg, 0.42 mmol, 84%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 95.5/4.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₃₃N₂O₃⁺: 421.2486. Found: 421.2480;

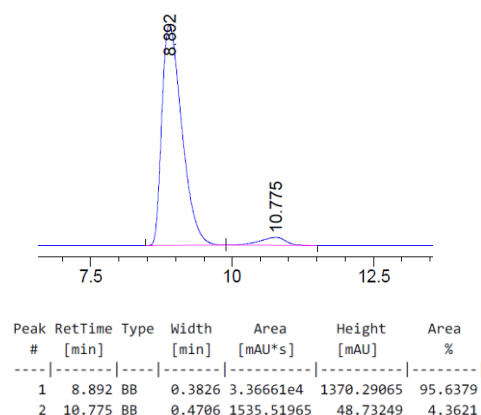
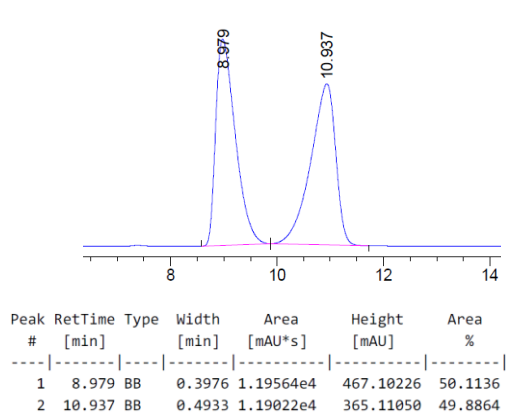
[α]_D²⁰ = -97.7 (*c* = 0.90, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1023, 1052, 1141, 1247, 1296, 1317, 1367, 1392, 1446, 1472, 1567, 1586, 1631, 1704, 2872, 2977, 3062;

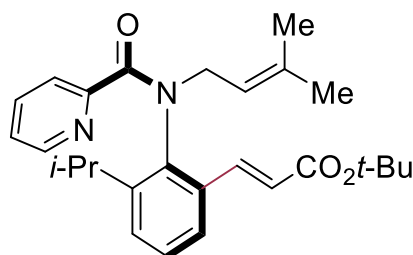
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (ddd, *J* = 4.8, 1.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.04 (ddd, *J* = 7.5, 4.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dd, *J* = 13.7, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.11 – 3.23 (m, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.12 – 1.03 (m, 1H), 0.98 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.56 – 0.39 (m, 2H), 0.38 – 0.30 (m, 1H), 0.15 (dtd, *J* = 9.3, 5.4, 4.2 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.7 (C_q), 166.1 (C_q), 153.8 (C_q), 147.5 (CH), 147.3 (C_q), 141.3 (CH), 140.2 (C_q), 136.0 (CH), 133.5 (C_q), 128.6 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 123.9 (CH), 121.7 (CH), 80.6 (C_q), 55.8 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH₃), 28.3 (CH₃), 24.7 (CH), 23.7 (CH₃), 9.3 (CH), 4.6 (CH₂), 4.5 (CH₂).

R_t (AD-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 8.9 min, *t_r*(minor) = 10.8 min, 91% *ee*.



Tert-butyl (E)-3-(3-isopropyl-2-(N-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)picolinamido)phenyl)acrylate 3ga



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (139 mg, 0.32 mmol, 64%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 98.5/1.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{27}H_{35}N_2O_3^+$: 435.2642. Found: 435.2638;

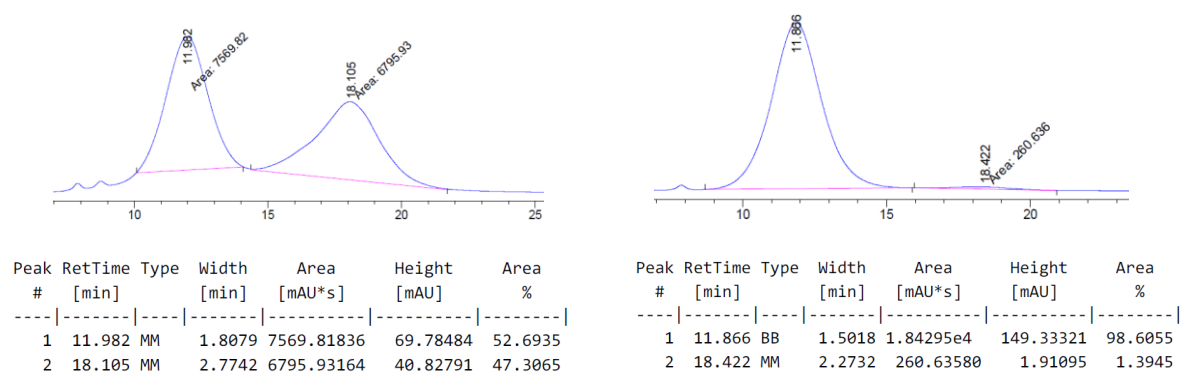
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -85.6$ ($c = 1.00$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1038, 1148, 1240, 1258, 1289, 1316, 1366, 1392, 1446, 1472, 1567, 1586, 1638, 1704, 2931, 2965, 3067;

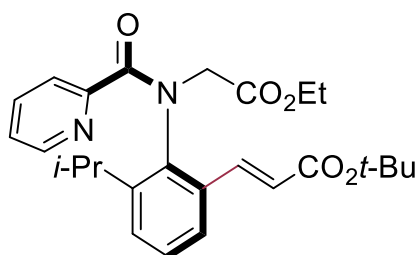
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.09 (ddd, $J = 4.8, 1.8, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dt, $J = 7.9, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.20 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.02 (ddd, $J = 7.5, 4.8, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.12 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.42 (tt, $J = 7.6, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.62 – 4.52 (m, 1H), 4.18 – 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.10 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.61 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.51 (s, 9H), 1.50 (s, 3H), 1.16 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.84 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H).

^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.2 (C_q), 166.2 (C_q), 153.4 (C_q), 147.6 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 141.2 (CH), 139.9 (C_q), 137.5 (C_q), 136.0 (CH), 133.3 (C_q), 128.3 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 124.0 (CH), 124.0 (CH), 121.3 (CH), 118.2 (CH), 80.4 (C_q), 49.0 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH_3), 28.2 (CH), 25.9 (CH_3), 24.7 (CH_3), 23.4 (CH_3), 17.7 (CH_3).

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 11.9 min, t_r (minor) = 18.1 min, 97% *ee*.



***Tert*-butyl (E)-3-(2-(*N*-(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)picolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ha**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 7:3) afforded the title compound as yellow oil (86 mg, 0.19 mmol, 38%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 94/6.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₃₃N₂O₅⁺: 453.2384. Found: 453.2384;

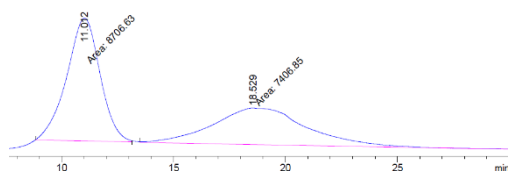
[α]_D²⁰ = -94.2 (*c* = 1.00, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1039, 1146, 1196, 1238, 1258, 1320, 1367, 1442, 1473, 1568, 1586, 1650, 1704, 2870, 2932, 2971, 3063;

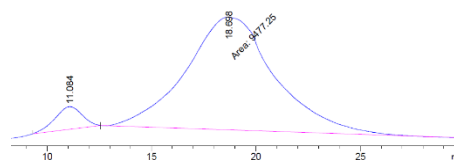
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 – 8.07 (m, 2H), 7.75 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.24 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 6.08 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 4.30 – 4.21 (m, 3H), 3.32 (hept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.53 (s, 9H), 1.31 – 1.27 (m, 3H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.8 (C_q), 168.0 (C_q), 165.9 (C_q), 152.4 (C_q), 147.6 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 141.0 (CH), 140.8 (C_q), 136.1 (CH), 133.4 (C_q), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 124.7 (CH), 124.5 (CH), 122.8 (CH), 80.4 (C_q), 61.4 (CH₂), 54.1 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH₃), 28.3 (CH), 25.0 (CH₃), 23.2 (CH₃), 14.3 (CH₃).

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.2 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 11.0 min, *t_r*(minor) = 18.7 min, 88% *ee*.

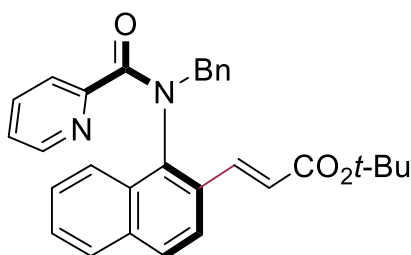


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.012	MM	1.7245	8706.63086	84.14453	54.0332
2	18.529	MM	4.9100	7406.84912	25.14221	45.9668



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.084	BB	1.0559	572.49786	6.36179	5.6966
2	18.698	MM	4.9601	9477.24707	31.84527	94.3034

Tert-butyl 3-(1-(*N*-benzylpicolinamido)naphthalen-2-yl)acrylate 3ia



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 8:2 to 7:3) afforded the title compound as white foam (151 mg, 0.33 mmol, 65%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 94/6.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₀H₂₉N₂O₃⁺: 465.2173. Found: 465.2174;

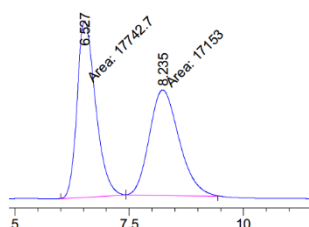
[α]_D²⁰ = +16.9 (*c* = 0.94, CHCl₃);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1077, 1144, 1239, 1256, 1293, 1334, 1367, 1402, 1438, 1471, 1567, 1586, 1645, 1702, 2249, 2932, 2977, 3063;

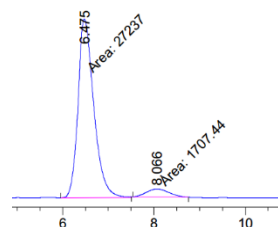
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 – 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.78 – 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.43 (dt, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 7.19 – 7.12 (m, 5H), 6.91 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.65 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 1.52 (s, 9H);

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9 (C_q), 165.6 (C_q), 153.4 (C_q), 147.7 (CH), 139.1 (CH), 138.2 (C_q), 135.9 (CH), 135.8 (C_q), 134.8 (C_q), 131.0 (C_q), 130.7 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.5 (CH), 127.1 (CH), 124.6 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 123.4 (CH), 122.8 (CH), 122.2 (CH), 80.5 (C_q), 54.1 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 80/20, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 6.5 min, *t_r*(minor) = 8.1 min, 88% *ee*.

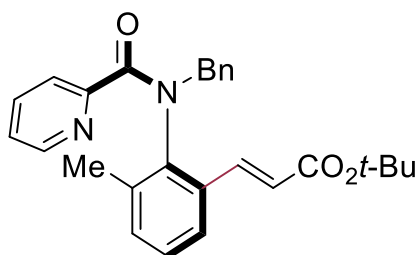


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.527	MM	0.4682	1.77427e4	631.57837	50.8449
2	8.235	MM	0.7564	1.71530e4	377.95755	49.1551



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.475	MM	0.3998	2.72370e4	1135.49670	94.1010
2	8.066	MM	0.5643	1707.43677	50.43094	5.8990

Tert-butyl 3-(3-(*N*-benzylpicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ja



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as colorless oil (111 mg, 0.26 mmol, 52%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 95/5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{27}H_{29}N_2O_3^+$: 429.2173. Found: 429.2174;

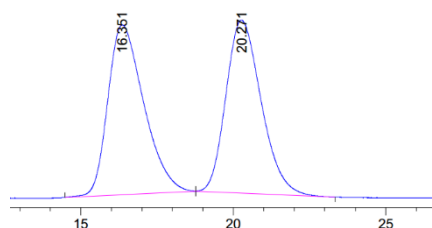
$[\alpha]_{20}^D = -124.1$ ($c = 0.96$, $CHCl_3$);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1079, 1149, 1236, 1280, 1319, 1367, 1390, 1439, 1455, 1470, 1568, 1586, 1645, 1705, 2932, 2977, 3065;

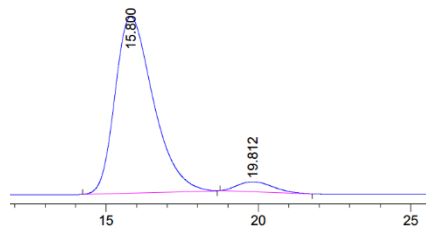
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.14 (dt, $J = 4.9, 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 6H), 7.12 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 5.99 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.02 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.91 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 9H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.3 (C_q), 165.8 (C_q), 153.8 (C_q), 147.9 (CH), 140.3 (C_q), 139.8 (CH), 137.5 (C_q), 136.0 (CH), 135.8 (C_q), 133.5 (C_q), 132.2 (CH), 130.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 124.6 (CH), 124.3 (CH), 123.4 (CH), 122.0 (CH), 80.5 (CH), 53.4 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH_3), 18.3 (CH_3);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 98/02, 1.0 mL/min, 250 nm): t_r (major) = 15.8 min, t_r (minor) = 19.8 min, 90% *ee*.

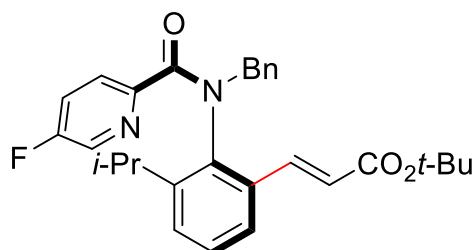


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	16.351	BB	1.0490	8312.98340	101.76756	49.9236
2	20.271	BB	1.0036	8338.42578	103.64001	50.0764



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	15.800	BB	1.0702	8956.17773	102.72366	95.0052
2	19.812	BB	0.9470	470.86591	5.83170	4.9948

Tert-butyl (E)-3-(2-(N-benzyl-5-fluoropicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ka



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a colorless foam (121 mg, 0.26 mmol, 51%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 97.5/2.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₉H₃₂N₂O₃F⁺: 475.2391. Found: 475.2383;

[α]_D²⁰ = -63.0 (*c* = 0.67, CH₂Cl₂);

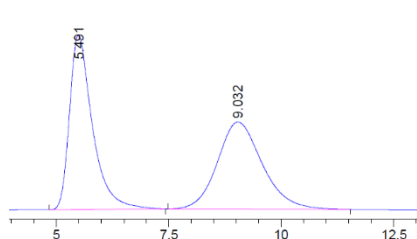
ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 981, 1147, 1228, 1287, 1315, 1367, 1404, 1446, 1481, 1583, 1643, 1705, 2967;

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (ddd, *J* = 8.7, 4.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.16 – 7.09 (m, 8H), 5.82 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (hept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 0.80 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.76 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H);

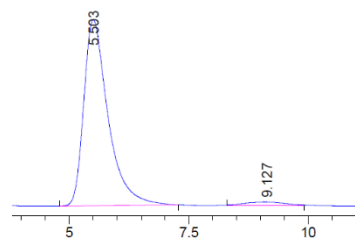
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.3 (C_q), 165.7 (C_q), 159.4 (d, *J* = 261.0 Hz, C_q), 149.5 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, C_q), 147.0 (C_q), 140.3 (CH), 139.0 (C_q), 135.7 (d, *J* = 23.6 Hz, CH), 135.7 (C_q), 133.4 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 126.2 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, CH), 124.2 (CH), 122.9 (d, *J* = 18.5 Hz, CH), 121.7 (CH), 80.3 (C_q), 54.6 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 24.1 (CH), 23.6 (CH₃);

¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz) δ -123.58 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 4.3 Hz);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 5.5 min, *t_r*(minor) = 9.1 min, 95% *ee*.

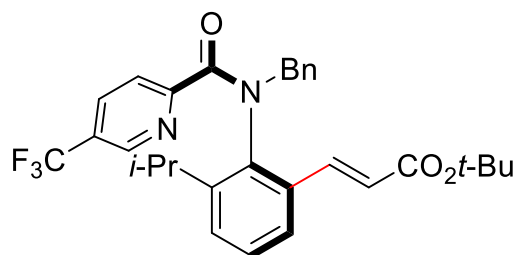


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.491	BB	0.5137	1.58460e4	446.84735	50.5577
2	9.032	BB	0.8302	1.54965e4	222.87575	49.4423



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.503	BB	0.5108	6855.15479	193.74458	97.5609
2	9.127	BB	0.6233	171.38557	3.24411	2.4391

Tert-butyl (E)-3-(2-(N-benzyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)picolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate
3la



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a white solid (110 mg, 0.21 mmol, 42%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 95.5/4.5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{30}H_{32}N_2O_3F_3^+$: 525.2360. Found: 525.2356;

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -55.9 (c = 0.95, CH_2Cl_2);

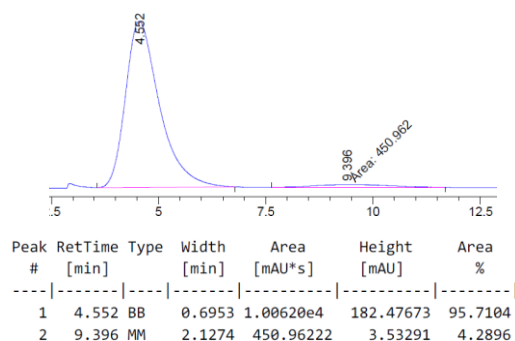
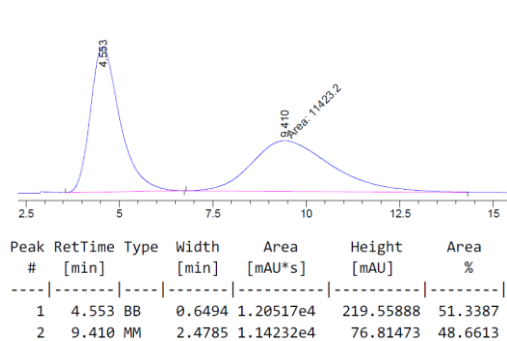
ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1017, 1076, 1134, 1290, 1322, 1367, 1407, 1446, 1571, 1647, 1707, 1871, 2932, 2969;

1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.29 (dt, J = 2.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.82 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.18 – 7.09 (m, 9H), 5.80 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (hept, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.83 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H);

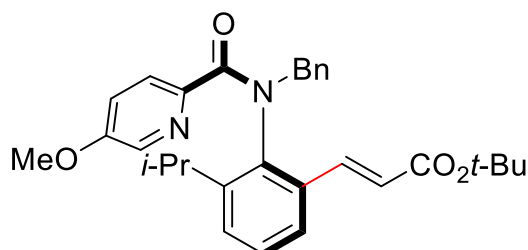
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 167.2 (C_q), 165.6 (C_q), 147.2 (C_q), 147.2 (C_q), 144.44 (q, J = 4.0 Hz, CH), 139.9 (CH), 138.4 (C_q), 134.41 (d, J = 248.3 Hz, C_q), 133.52 (q, J = 3.5 Hz, CH), 130.6 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 126.9 (q, J = 33.2 Hz, C_q), 124.3 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 122.1 (C_q), 122.0 (CH), 80.5 (C_q), 54.6 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH_3), 24.3 (CH), 23.7 (CH_3);

^{19}F NMR (376 MHz) δ -62.65;

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 98/2, 1.2 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 4.6 min, t_r (minor) = 9.4 min, 91% ee.



Tert-butyl (E)-3-(2-(N-benzyl-5-methoxypicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3ma



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a colorless foam (228 mg, 0.47 mmol, 94%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 96/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{30}H_{35}N_2O_4^+$: 487.2591. Found: 487.2582;

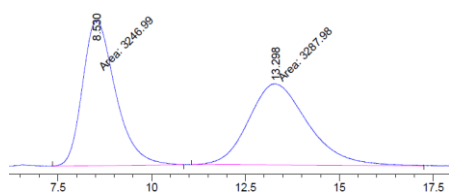
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -113.4$ ($c = 0.76$, CH_2Cl_2);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1028, 1146, 1228, 1268, 1294, 1315, 1385, 1445, 1572, 1585, 1635, 1704, 2870, 2934, 2966;

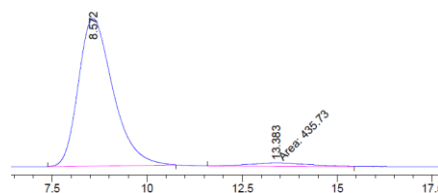
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.77 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.09 (m, 8H), 7.02 (dd, $J = 8.7, 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.93 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 0.81 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.76 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.0 (C_q), 165.8 (C_q), 156.2 (C_q), 146.9 (C_q), 145.4 (C_q), 140.7 (CH), 139.7 (C_q), 136.1 (C_q), 135.2 (CH), 133.3 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 125.7 (CH), 124.2 (CH), 121.5 (CH), 119.7 (CH), 80.3 (C_q), 55.6 (CH), 54.6 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH_3), 24.0 (CH_3), 23.6 (CH_3);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 8.6 min, t_r (minor) = 13.4 min, 92% ee.

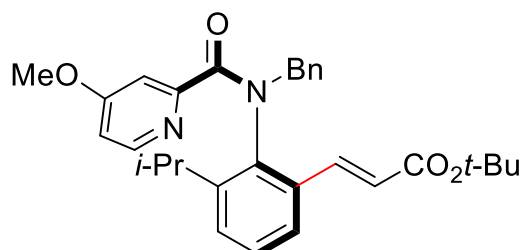


Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.530	MM	1.0144	3246.99243	53.34689	49.6864
2	13.298	MM	1.8393	3287.97925	29.79452	50.3136



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.572	BB	0.7449	9816.54395	155.21477	95.7499
2	13.383	MM	1.9767	435.72964	3.67384	4.2501

Tert-butyl (E)-3-(2-(N-benzyl-4-methoxypicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3na



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a brown foam (236 mg, 0.48 mmol, 97%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 95/5.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{30}H_{35}N_2O_4^+$: 487.2591. Found: 487.2589;

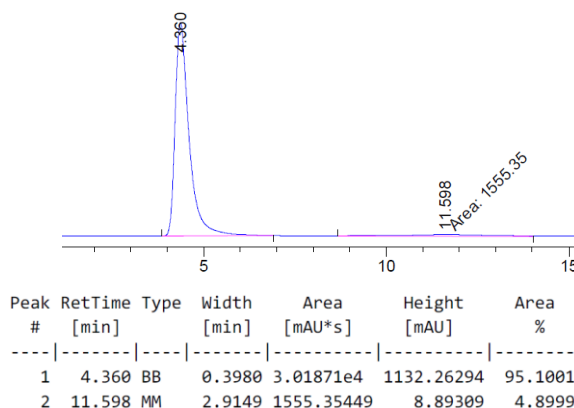
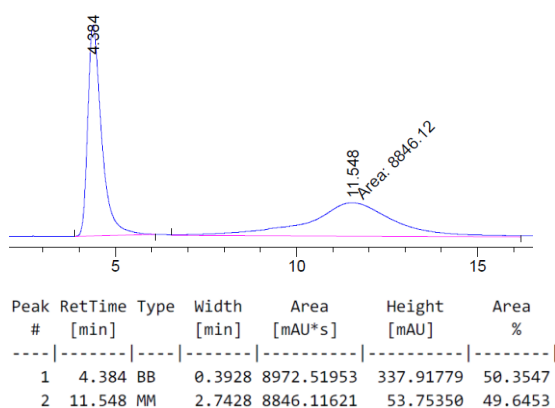
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -53.8$ ($c = 1.00$, CH_2Cl_2);

ν_{max} (thin film/ cm^{-1}): 1036, 1146, 1258, 1303, 1430, 1448, 1566, 1591, 1638, 1703, 2870, 2967;

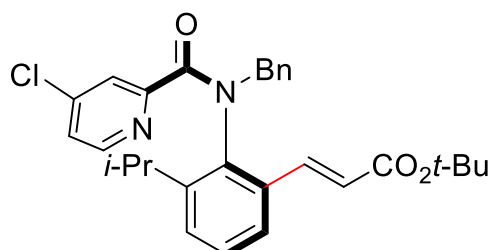
1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.90 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.15 (m, 9H), 6.55 (dd, $J = 5.7, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.91 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.25 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.03 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 0.90 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H), 0.89 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H);

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 168.5 (C_q), 165.8 (C_q), 165.6 (C_q), 155.1 (C_q), 148.8 (CH), 147.3 (C_q), 140.5 (CH), 139.1 (C_q), 135.8 (C_q), 133.2 (C_q), 130.6 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 124.0 (CH), 121.5 (CH), 111.4 (CH), 109.5 (CH), 80.3 (C_q), 55.2 (CH), 54.5 (CH_2), 28.3 (CH_3), 24.2 (CH_3), 23.7 (CH_3);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 90/10, 1.2 mL/min, 273 nm): t_r (major) = 4.4 min, t_r (minor) = 11.6 min, 90% *ee*.



***Tert*-butyl (E)-3-(2-(*N*-benzyl-4-chloropicolinamido)-3-isopropylphenyl)acrylate 3oa**



Prepared according to general procedure **A** on a 0.5 mmol scale, column chromatography (*n*-hexane/acetone = 9:1) afforded the title compound as a brown foam (160 mg, 0.33 mmol, 65%), with an enantiomeric ratio of 97/4.

HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₉H₃₂N₂O₃Cl⁺: 491.2096. Found: 491.2079;

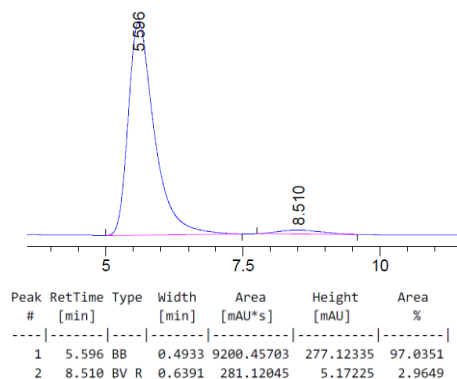
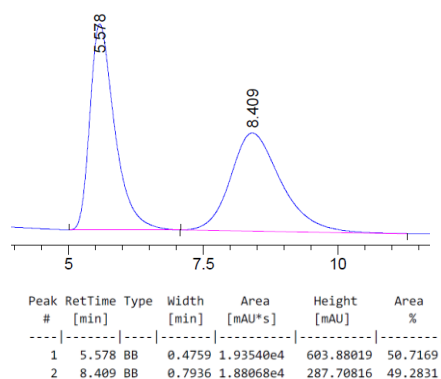
[α]_D²⁰ = -29.4 (*c* = 0.82, CH₂Cl₂);

ν_{max} (thin film/cm⁻¹): 1012, 1051, 1078, 1095, 1146, 1232, 1258, 1286, 1320, 1367, 1413, 1446, 1474, 1554, 1573, 1639, 1704, 2870, 1965;

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 – 7.93 (m, 1H), 7.74 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.14 (m, 9H), 7.07 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (hept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (s, 9H), 0.95 (d, *J* = 6.8, 3H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.8, 3H);

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.4 (C_q), 165.6 (C_q), 154.8 (C_q), 148.3 (CH), 147.1 (C_q), 144.2 (C_q), 140.1 (CH), 138.6 (C_q), 135.5 (C_q), 133.3 (C_q), 130.5 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 125.0 (CH), 124.6 (CH), 124.0 (CH), 121.8 (CH), 80.4 (C_q), 54.6 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₃), 24.2 (CH), 23.7 (CH₃);

R_t (AS-3 column, Hex/IPA 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 273 nm): *t_r*(major) = 5.6 min, *t_r*(minor) = 8.5 min, 93% *ee*.



Renewable energy power setup

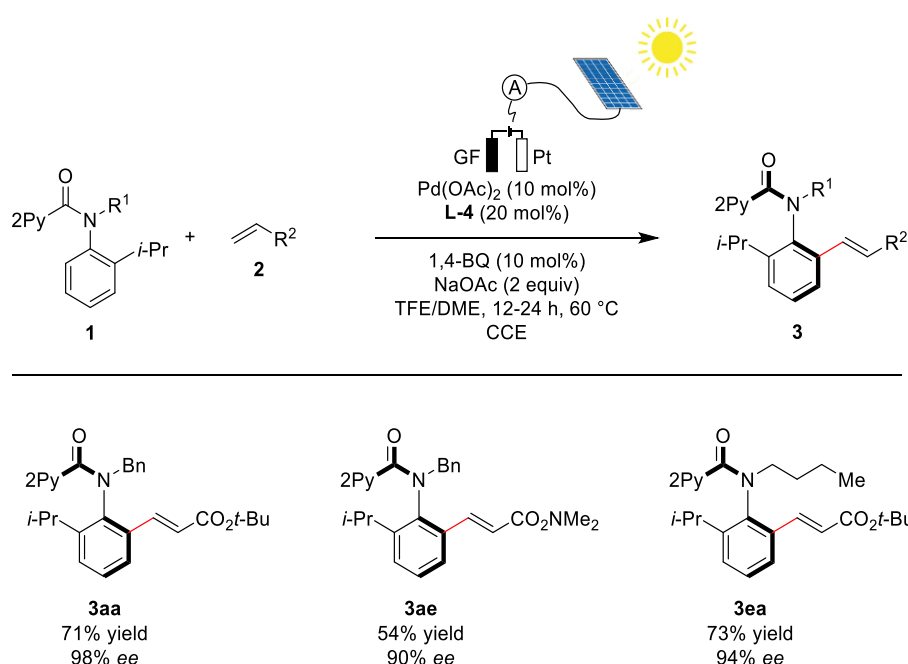
For the electrocatalysis powered by sunlight, a commercially available photovoltaic cell (Conrad Electronic SE, TPS-103 6 W, 17.5 V max. voltage, 428 mA max. current, 467 mm x 161 mm x 19 mm) was used.



Figure S1: Amorphous silicon panel used for the reaction.

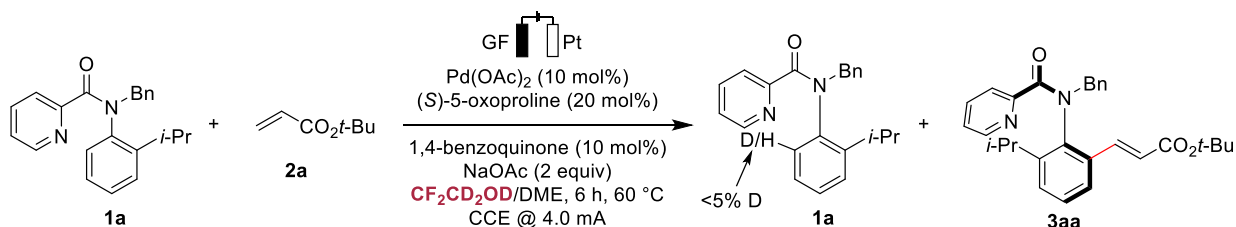
The output current was controlled with a customized and normalized constant current regulator and double checked with an ammeter.

The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell, with a GF anode (10 mm x 15 mm x 6 mm) and a platinum cathode (10 mm x 15 mm x 0.25 mm). A 10 mL cell was charged with the amide **1** (0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (11.3 mg, 10 mol%), (*S*)-5-oxoproline (12.9 mg, 20 mol%), 1,4-benzoquinone (5.4 mg, 10 mol%) and NaOAc (82 mg, 1.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv). Then was added 2.5 mL of TFE, 2.5 mL of DME and the olefin **2** (1.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv). The electrocatalysis was performed at 60 °C with a constant current electrolysis for 12-24 h. The current was set at 6.0 mA when there is sufficient sunlight to operate the photovoltaic cell. The resulting mixture was filtered through a celite pad, eluted with EtOAc and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford the title compound **3**.



Scheme S1: Renewable solar energy for atroposelective C–H olefinations.

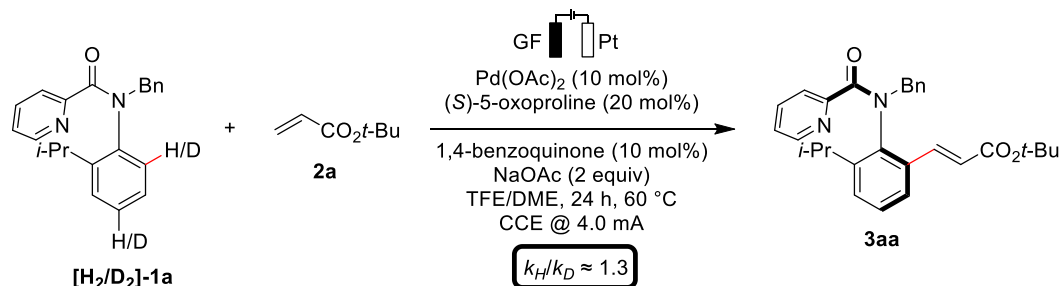
H/D exchange for the asymmetric C–H olefination



Scheme S21: H/D exchange for the atroposelective C–H olefination.

The general procedure A was followed using **1a** (165 mg, 0.50 mmol, 1 equiv), **2a** (0.22 mL, 1.50 mmol, 3 equiv), $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (11.3 mg, 0.05 mmol, 10 mol%), (S)-5-oxoproline (12.9 mg, 0.10 mmol, 20 mol%), 1,4-benzoquinone (5.4 mg, 0.05 mmol, 10 mol%) and NaOAc (82 mg, 1.00 mmol, 2 equiv) in $\text{CF}_2\text{CD}_2\text{OD}$ (2.5 mL) and DME (2.5 mL) at 60 °C, with a constant current of 4.0 mA for 6 h. The resulting mixture was filtered through a celite pad, eluted with EtOAc and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford the title compound **3aa** (75 mg, 0.17 mmol, 33%) and **1a** (110 mg, 0.34 mmol, 67% reisolated) without obvious H/D exchange.

Determination of the KIE by comparison of the initial reaction rates

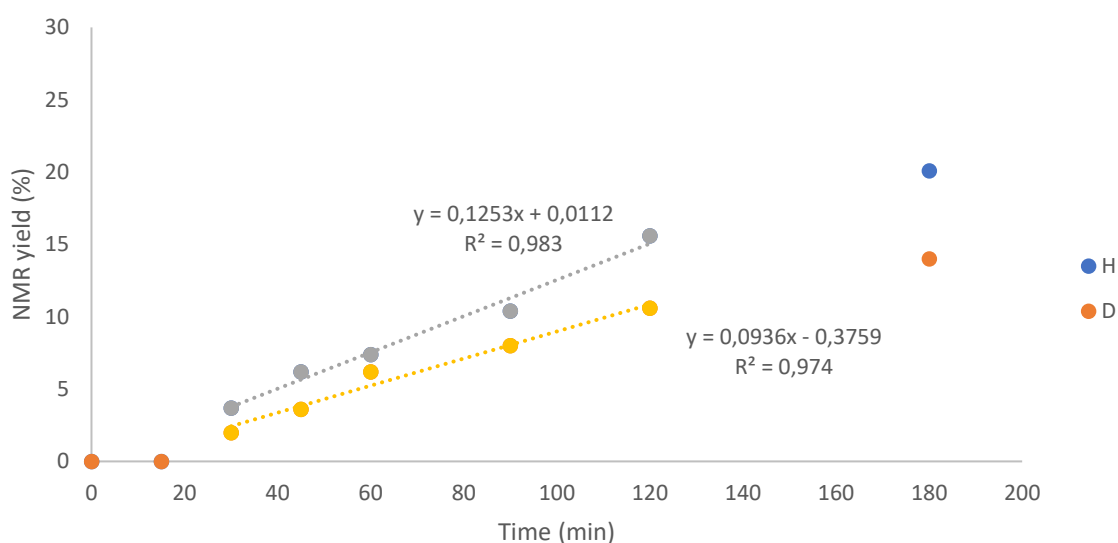


Scheme S3: KIE study for the atroposelective C–H olefination.

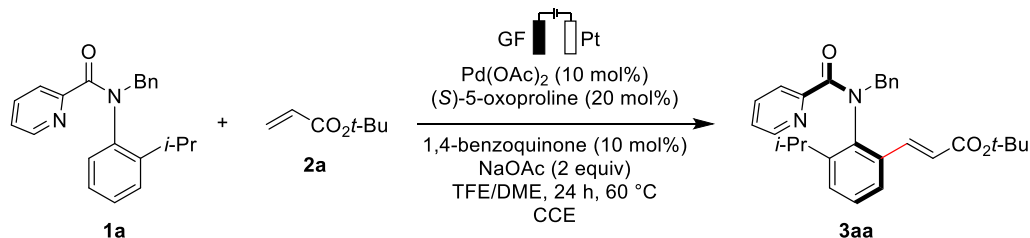
Two parallel reactions of **1a** and [D]₂-**1a** with **2a** were performed following the general procedure **A** to determine the KIE by comparison of the initial reaction rates through ¹H-NMR analysis with 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as the internal standard. Aliquots were periodically taken, the NMR yield was determined by ¹H-NMR and plotted. A linear fit resulted in a KIE value of $k_H/k_D \approx 1.3$ (Table S1).

Table S1: Conversion-time table

t (min)	15	30	45	60	90	120	180
NMR yield of 3aa (%)	0	3.7	6.2	7.4	10.4	15.6	20.1
NMR yield of [D] ₂ - 3aa (%)	0	2	3.4	6.2	8	10.6	14



Kinetic studies for the dependence in current



Scheme S4: Dependence in current for the atroposelective C–H olefination.

Six parallel electrolyses were carried out at different current (0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 6.0 mA) following the general procedure **A**. Aliquots were periodically taken and the NMR yield was determined by ^1H -NMR with 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as the internal standard. The determined NMR yields of **3aa** were plotted in Figure S2. Results showed a dependence of the NMR yield on the current from 0.0 to 4.0 mA, suggesting a turnover-limiting electron transfer step. The reaction could occur without current but with a low conversion. This low conversion could be explained by the presence of oxygen in the air, which could act as an oxidant.

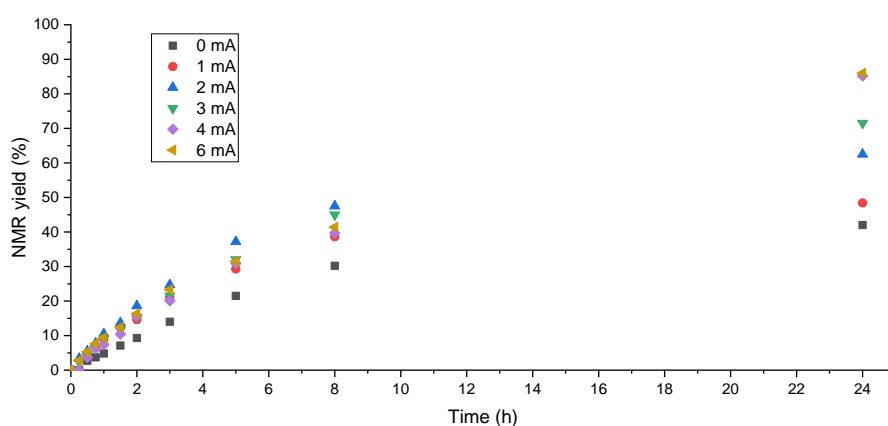
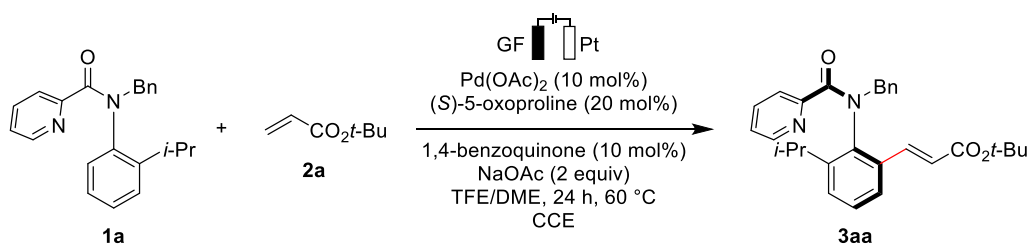


Figure S2: Reaction profiles with different current.

In operando React-IR



Scheme S5: *In operando* React-IR.

The electrocatalysis was carried out in a three-neck flask, with a GF anode (10 mm x 15 mm x 6 mm) and a platinum cathode (10 mm x 15 mm x 0.25 mm) and fitted with a diamond probe connected to a Mettler Toledo ReactIR. The cell was charged with the amide **1** (0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (11.3 mg, 10 mol%), (*S*)-5-oxoproline (12.9 mg, 20 mol%), 1,4-benzoquinone (5.4 mg, 10 mol%) and NaOAc (82 mg, 2.0 equiv). Then was added 5 mL of TFE, 5 mL of DME and the olefin **2** (3.0 equiv). The electrocatalysis was performed at 60 °C with a constant current of 4.0 mA maintained for 24 h. Every minutes for 8 hours and then every 2 min for 16 hours, an IR spectrum was recorded. Peaks at 1023 cm⁻¹ and 1225 cm⁻¹ were identified to belong respectively to the product and the starting material.

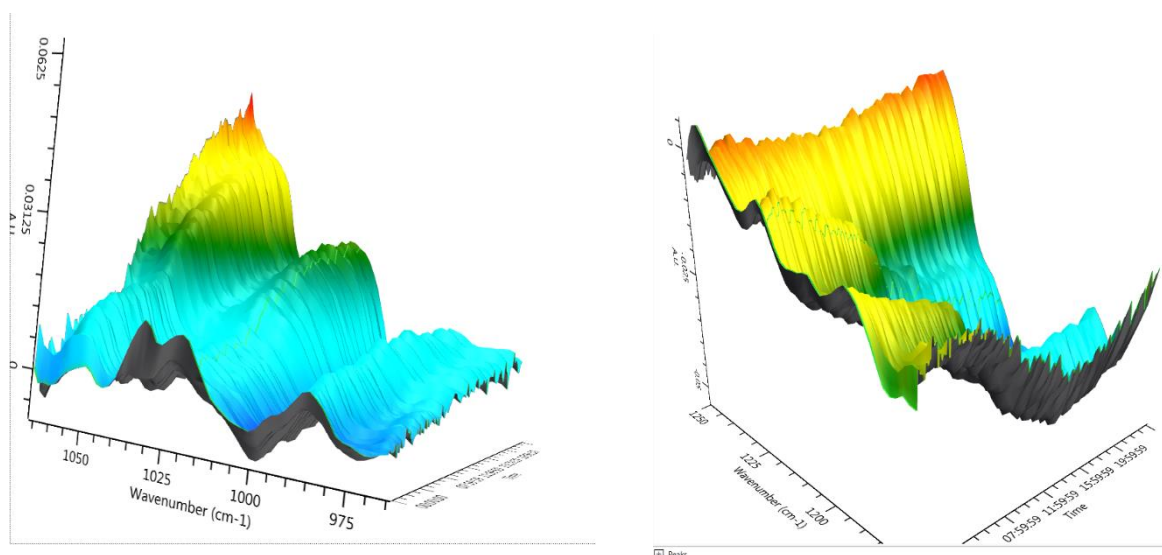


Figure S3: 3D-surface plot of the observed vibrations at 1023 cm⁻¹ on the left and 1225 cm⁻¹ on the right.

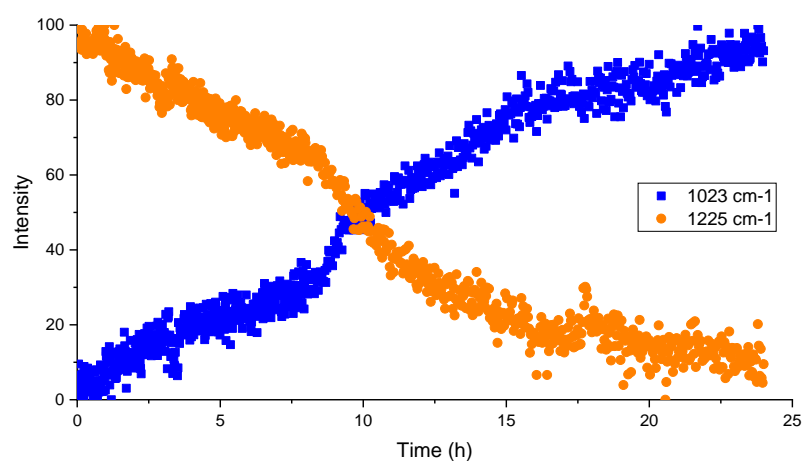


Figure S4: Plot of the observed vibrations over time.

Cyclic voltammetry

CV measurements were conducted with a Metrohm Autolab PGSTAT204 potentiostat and Nova 2.1 software. A glassy carbon working electrode (disk, diameter: 3mm), a coiled platinum wire counter electrode and a silver-silver chloride electrode (Ag/AgCl) were employed. The voltammograms were recorded at room temperature in TFE/DME (1/1) at a substrate concentration of 5.0 mM and with 0.1 M *n*-Bu₄NPF₆ as supporting electrolyte. The scan rate is 100 mV/s. Deviations from the general experimental conditions are indicated in the respective figures and descriptions.

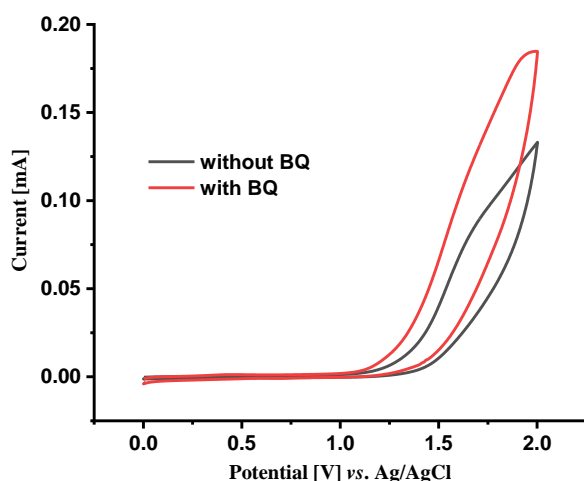


Figure S5: Cyclic voltammetry of the mixture of **1a**, **2a**, Pd(OAc)₂, (S)-5-oxoproline and NaOAc, with or without 1,4-BQ.

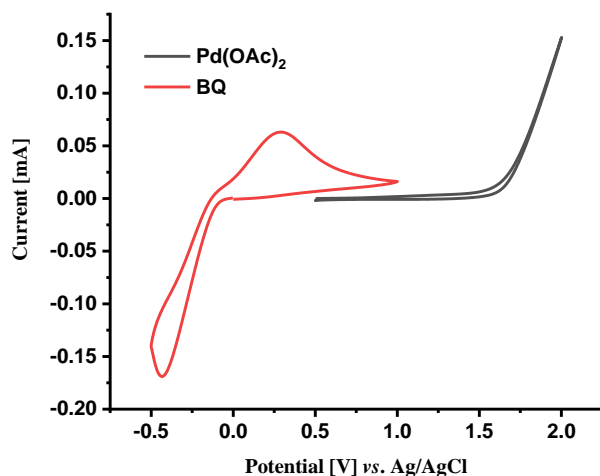


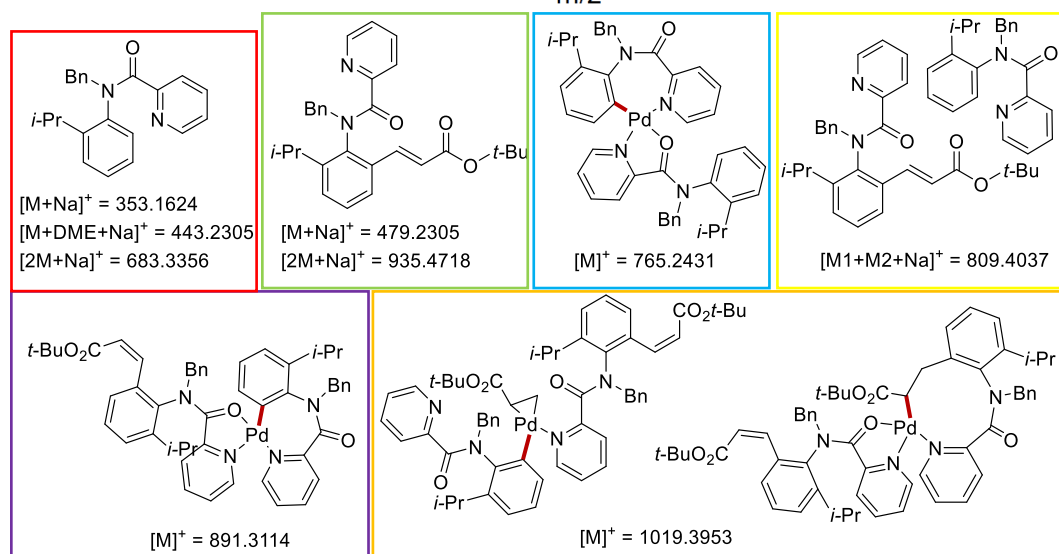
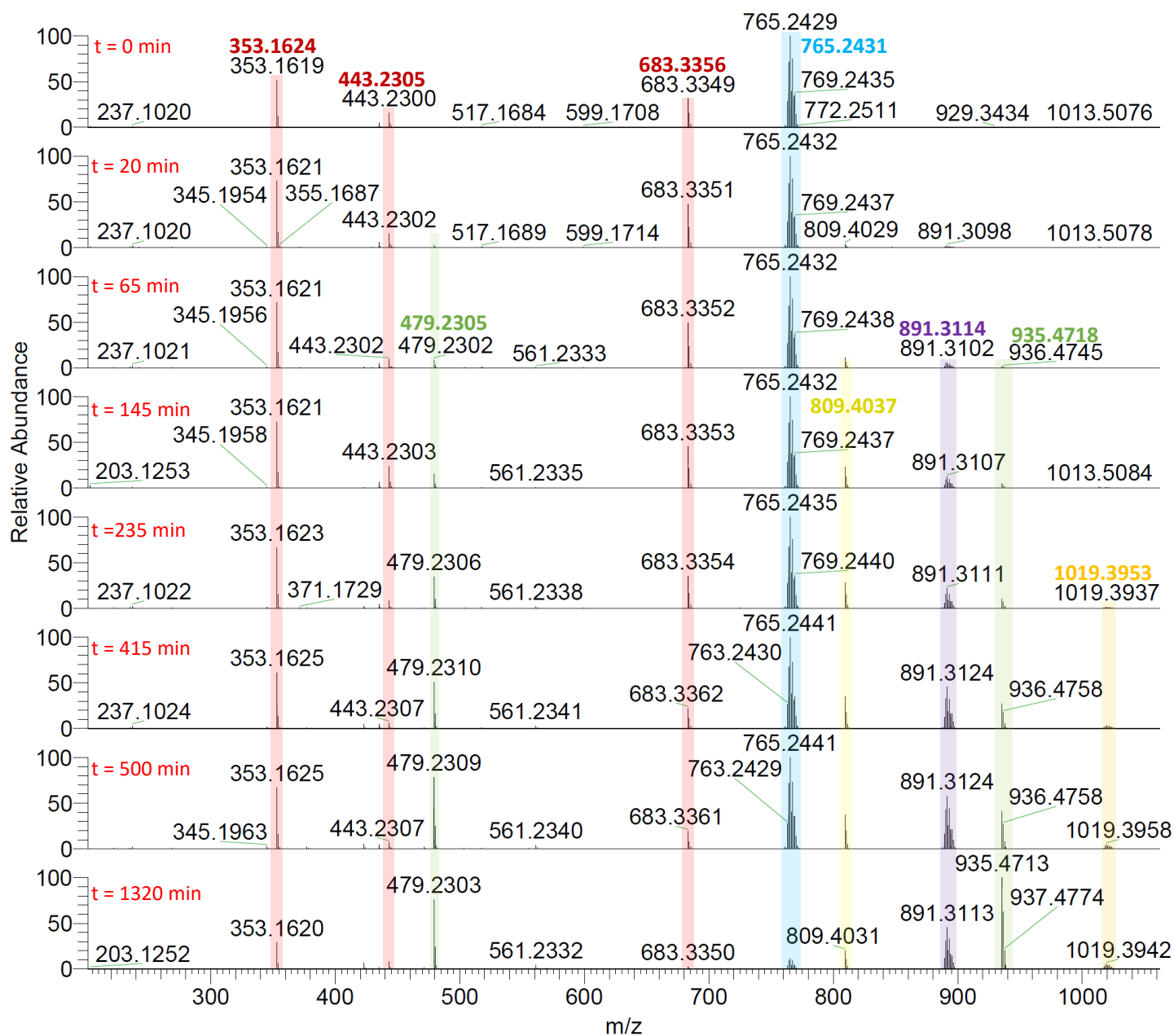
Figure S6: Cyclic voltammetry of Pd(OAc)₂ and 1,4-BQ separately.

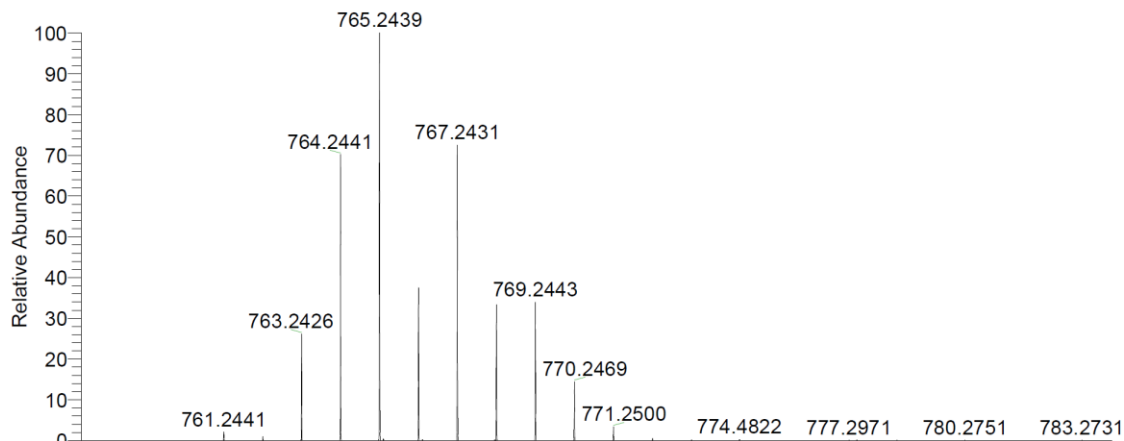
HRMS ESI analysis

General procedure A was followed. Aliquots were periodically taken, diluted in TFE and spectra were measured.

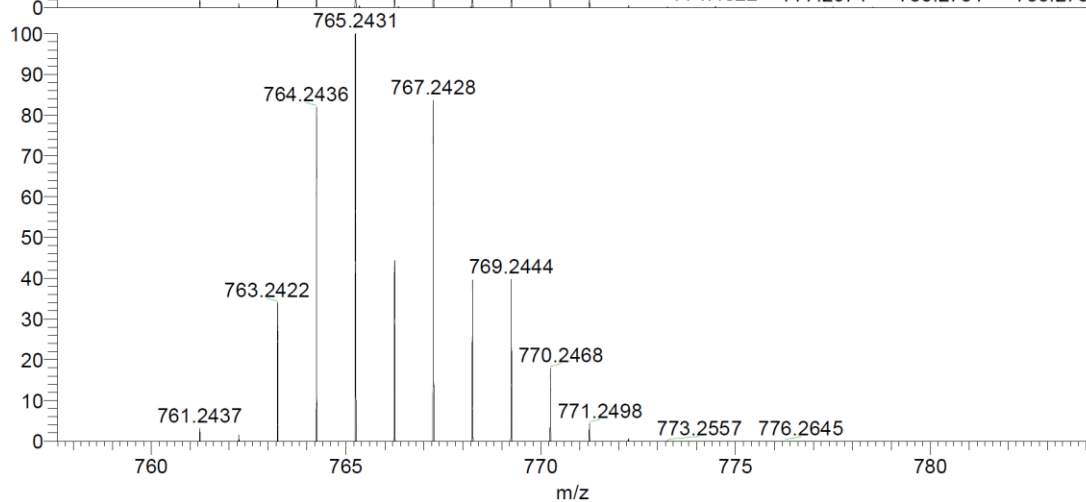
Different palladium complexes could be identified. However, none have the chiral ligand as a ligand. Given the enantiomeric excesses obtained, we assume that the non-identification of complexes carrying the chiral ligand is due to the fact that they are uncharged and therefore more difficult to detect.

We also envisaged that the enantioenriched product could serve as the chiral ligand for the next catalytic cycle. However, the test reaction replacing the (*S*)-5-oxoproline by the product **3aa** gave only low enantioselectivity.

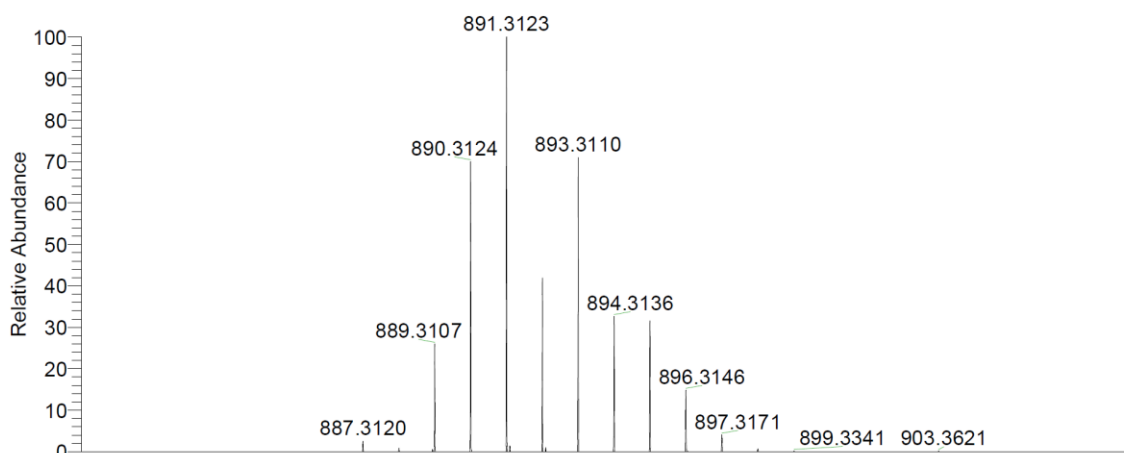




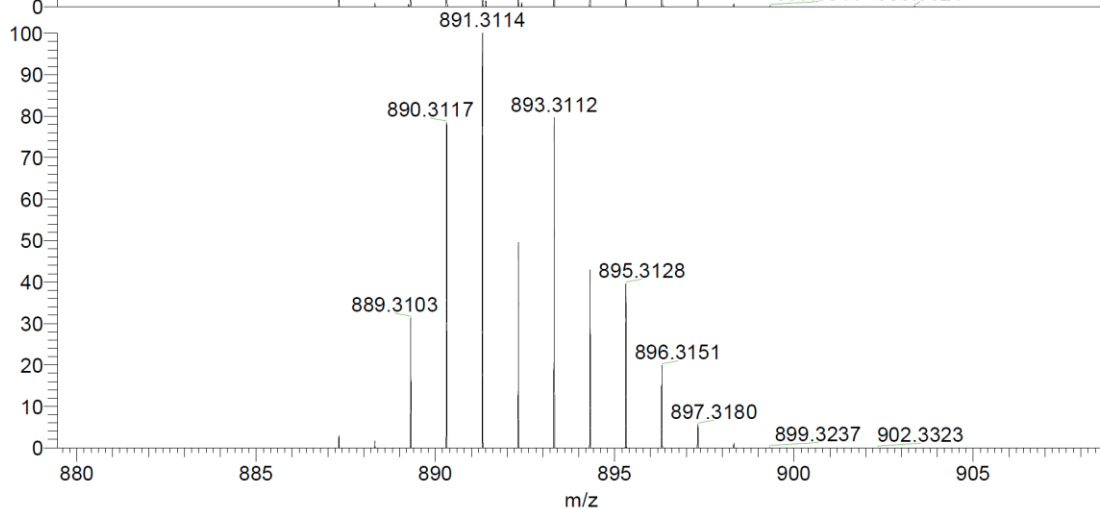
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1 T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms
[150.0000-2000.0000]



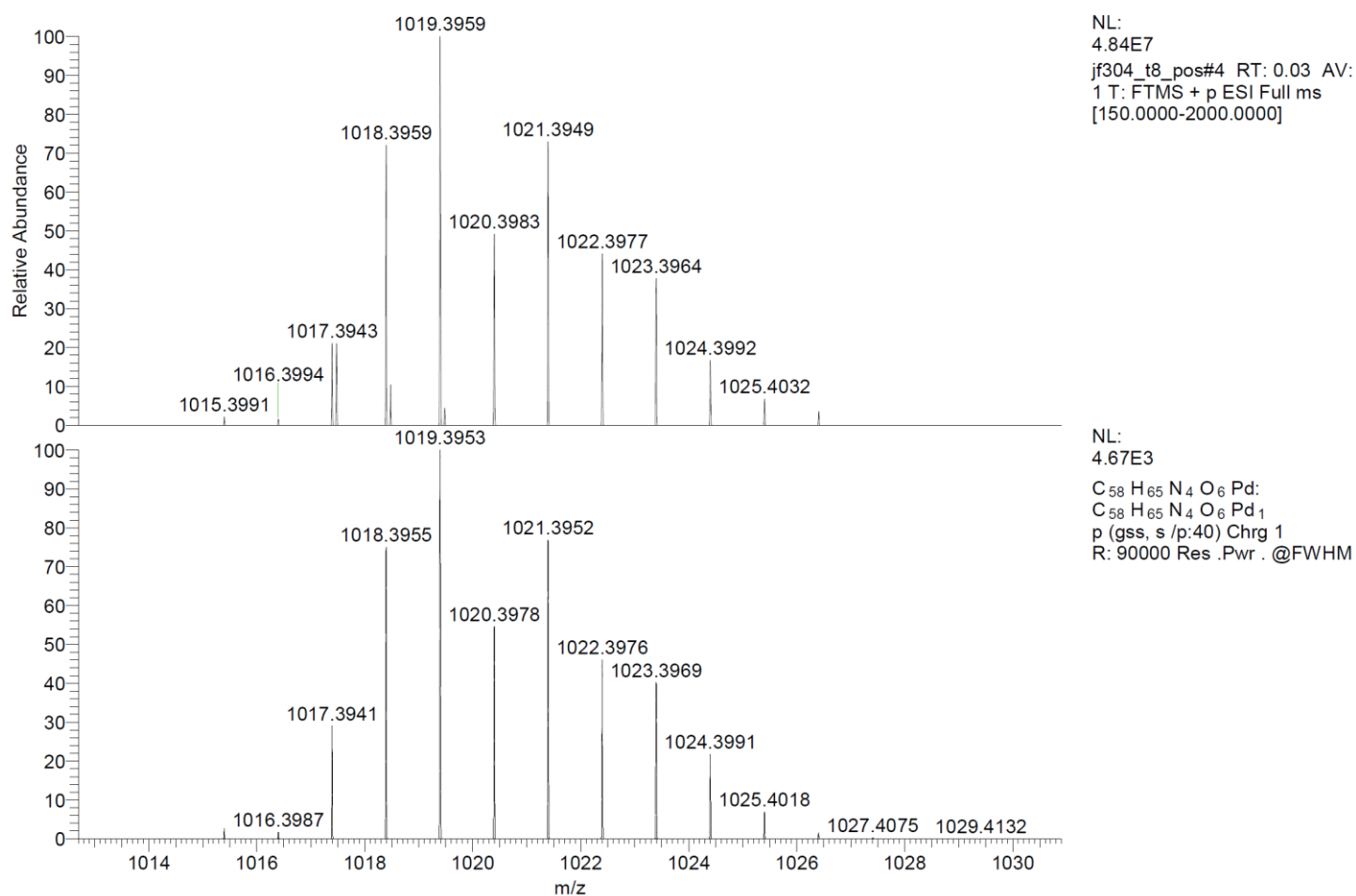
NL:
4.68E3
C₄₄H₄₃N₄O₂Pd:
C₄₄H₄₃N₄O₂Pd₁
p (gss, s /p:40) Chrg 1
R: 90000 Res .Pwr . @FWHM



NL:
6.60E8
jf304_t8_pos#4 RT: 0.03 AV:
1 T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms
[150.0000-2000.0000]



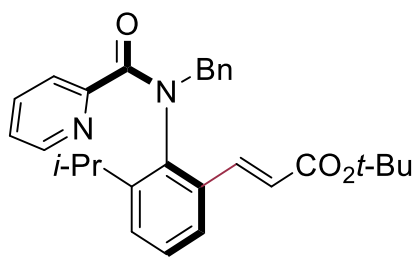
NL:
4.68E3
C₅₁H₅₃N₄O₄Pd:
C₅₁H₅₃N₄O₄Pd₁
p (gss, s /p:40) Chrg 1
R: 90000 Res .Pwr . @FWHM



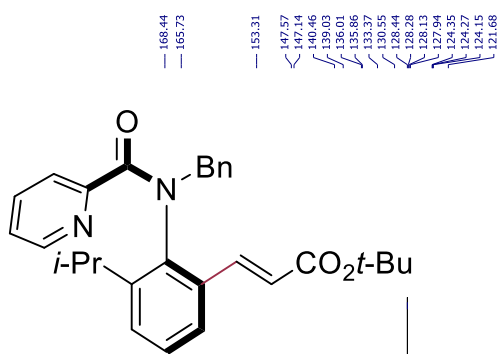
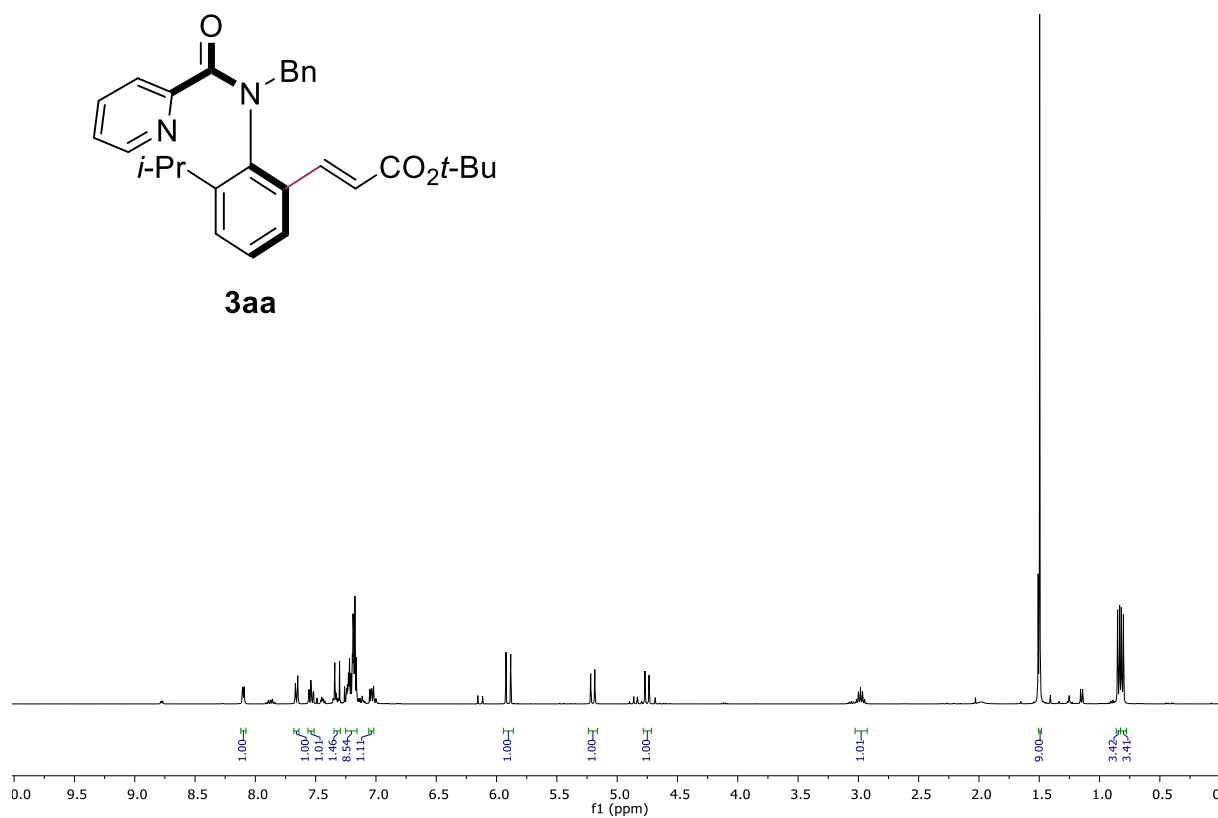
References

[1] Q-J. Yao, P-P. Xie, Y-J. Wu, Y-L. Feng, M-Y. Teng, X. Hong, B-F. Shi, *J. Am. Chem. Soc* 2020, **142**, 18266-18276

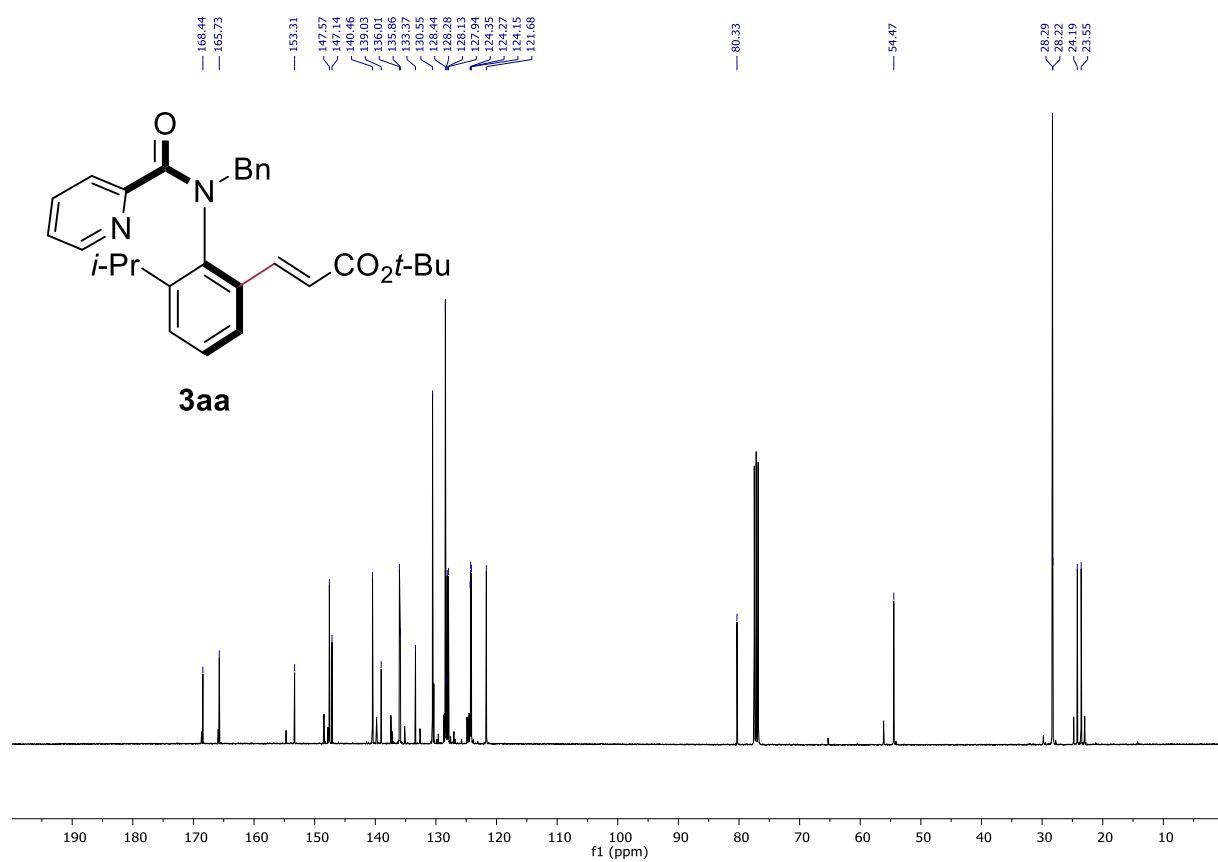
NMR spectra

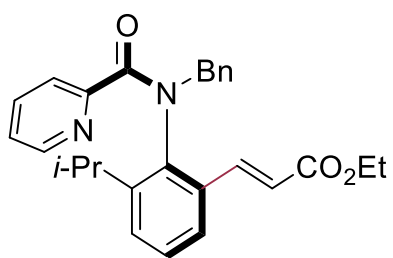


3aa

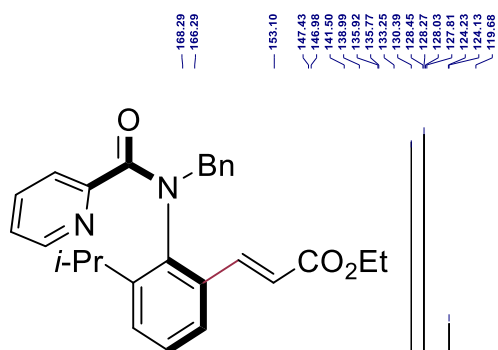
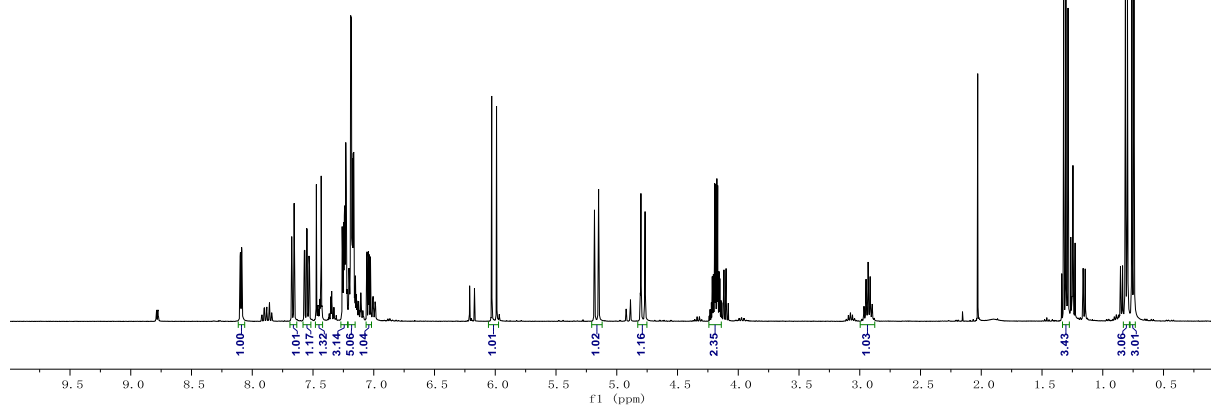


3aa

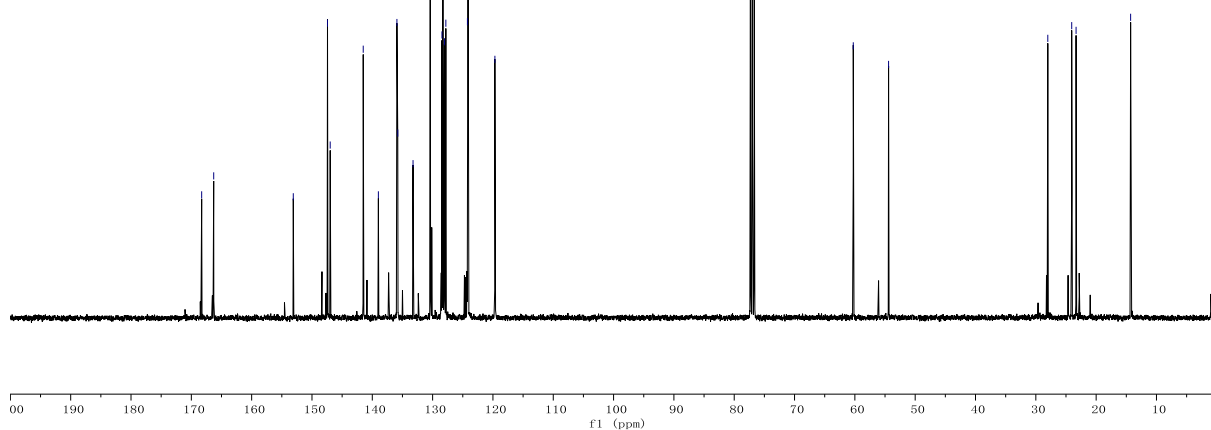


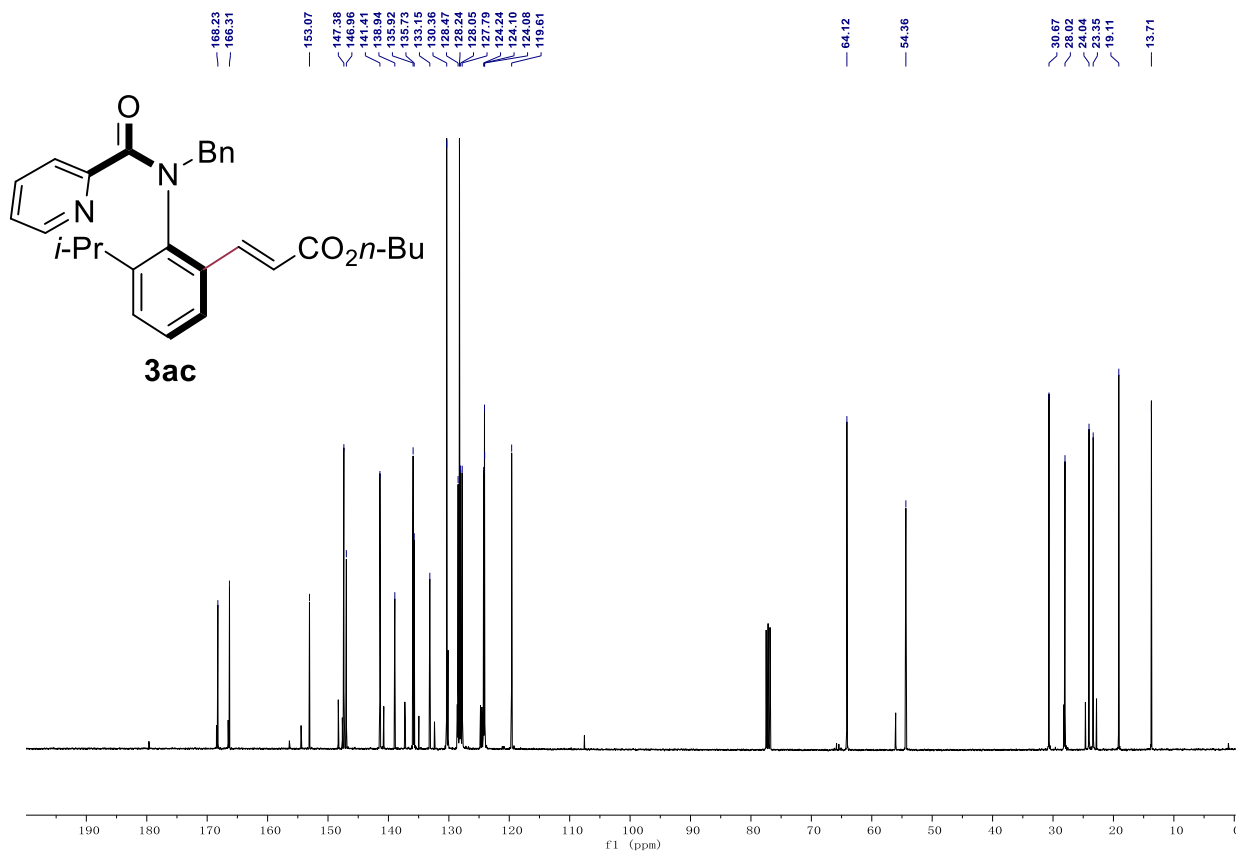
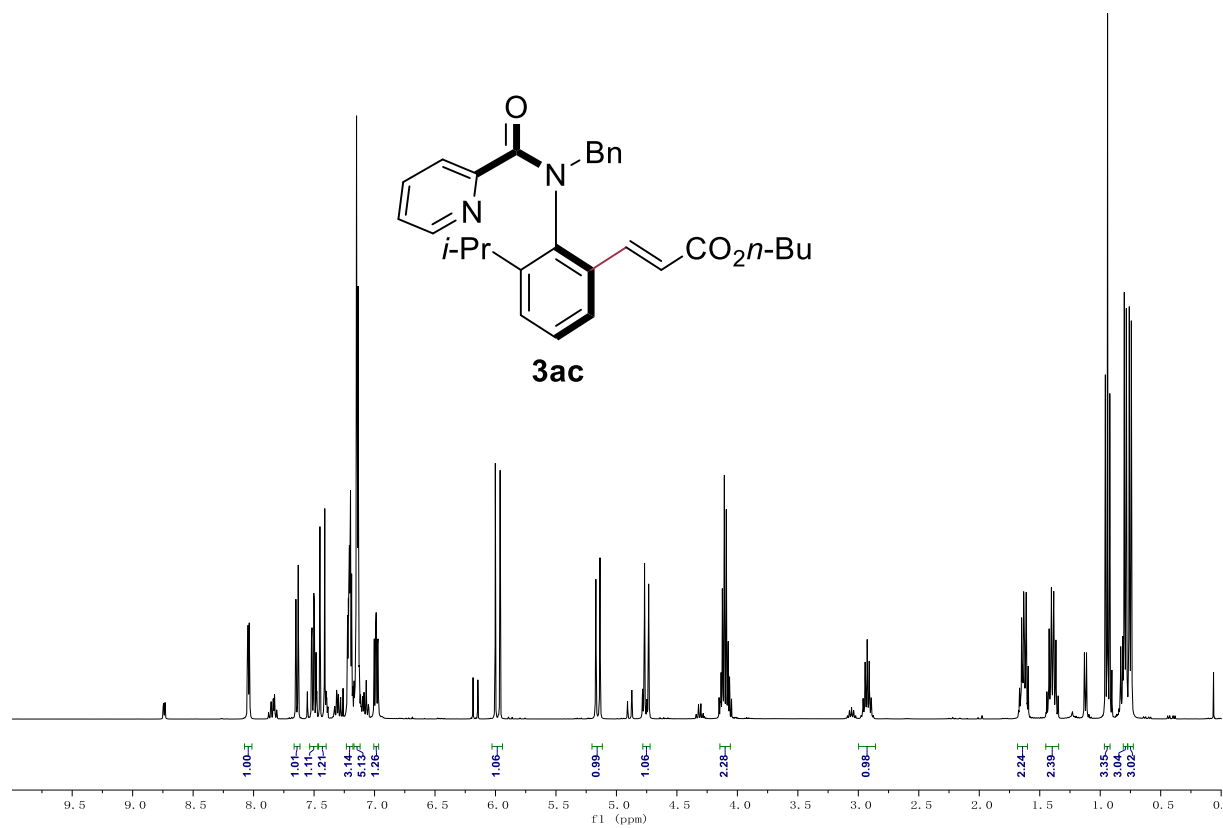


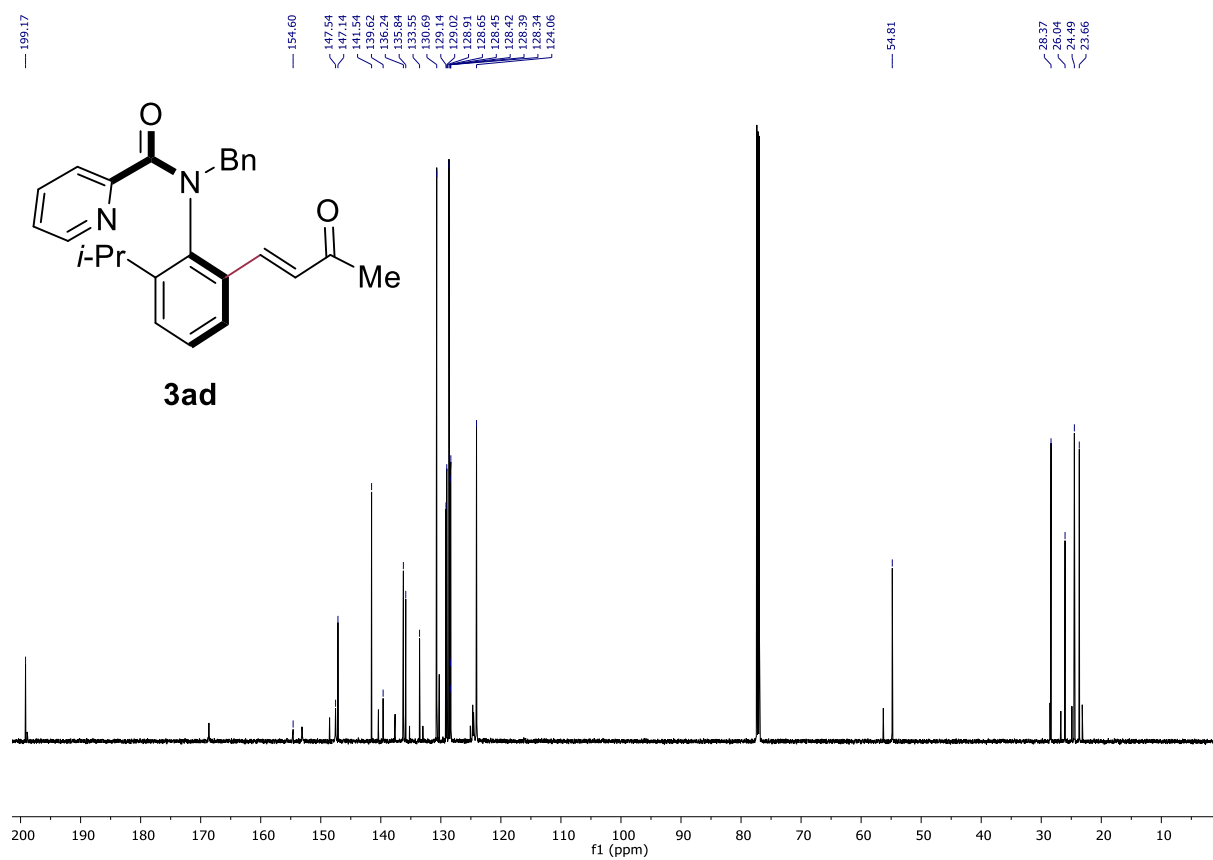
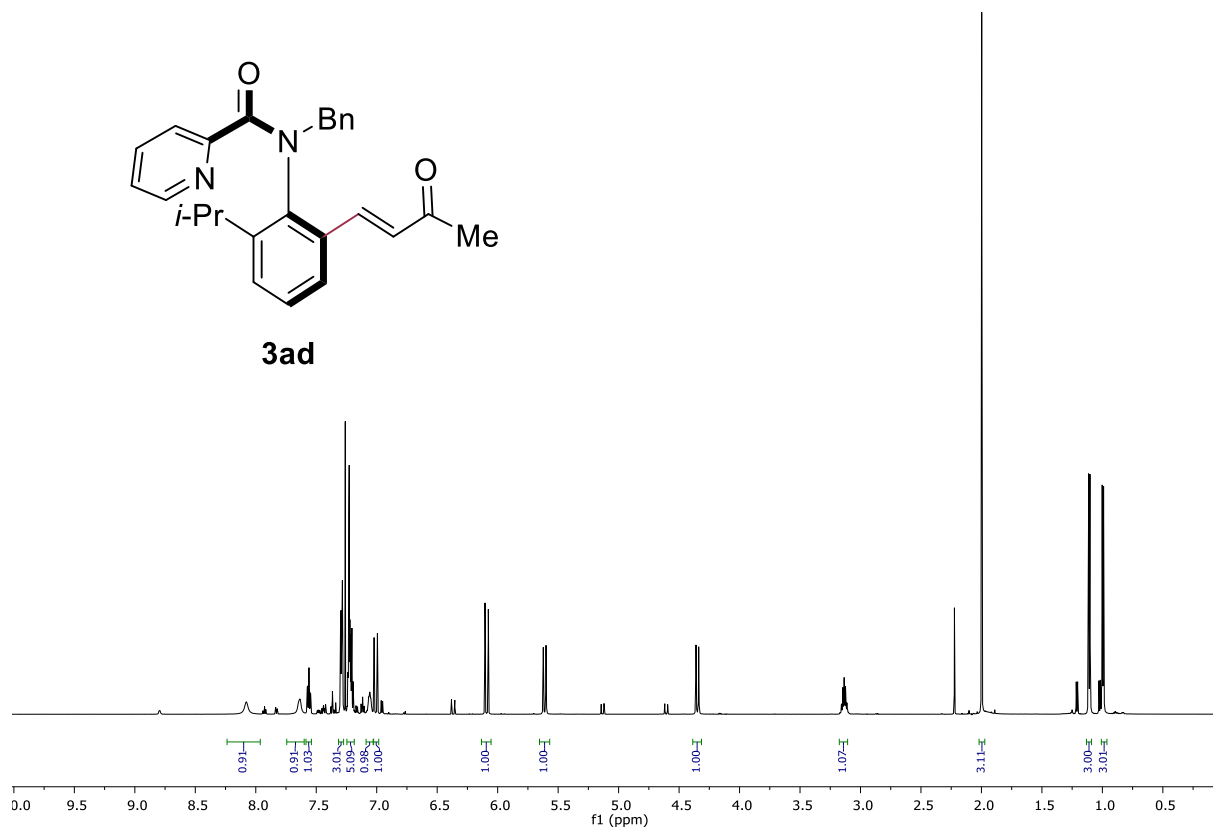
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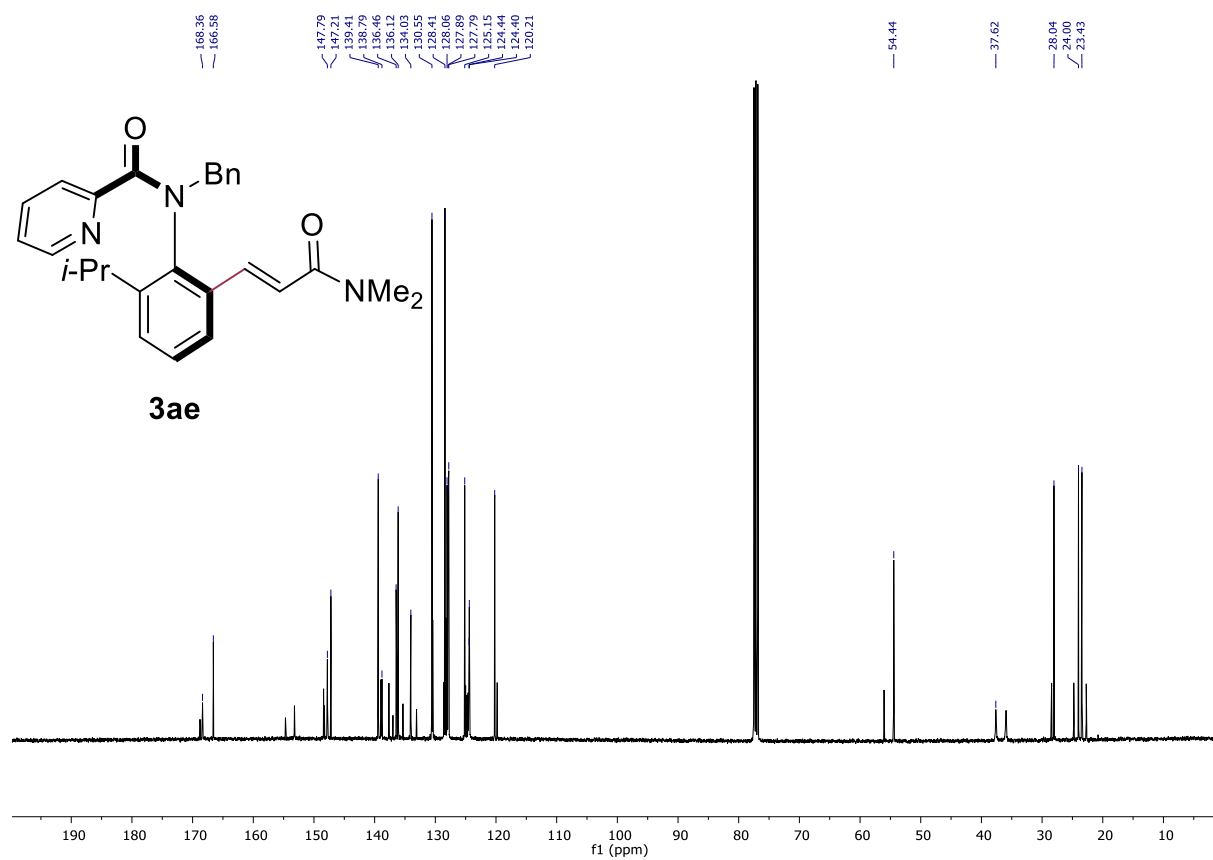
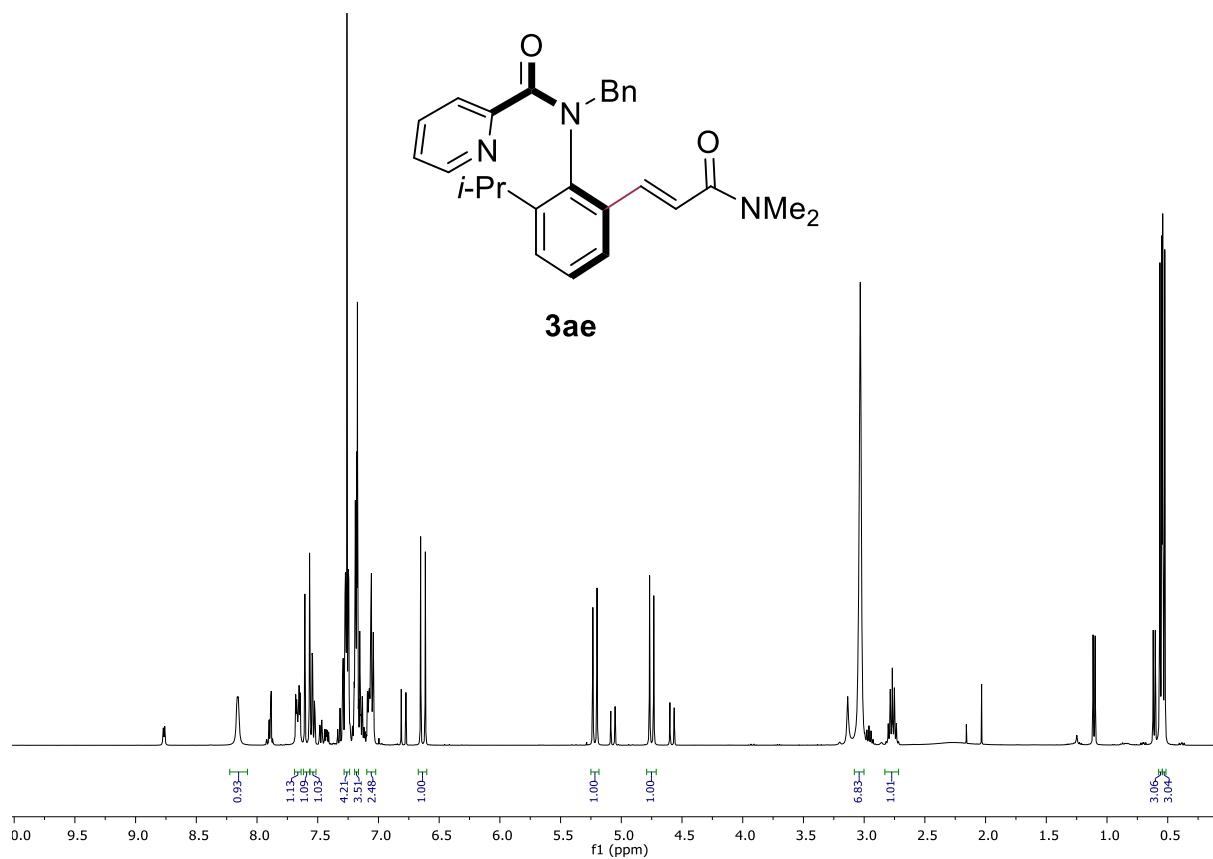


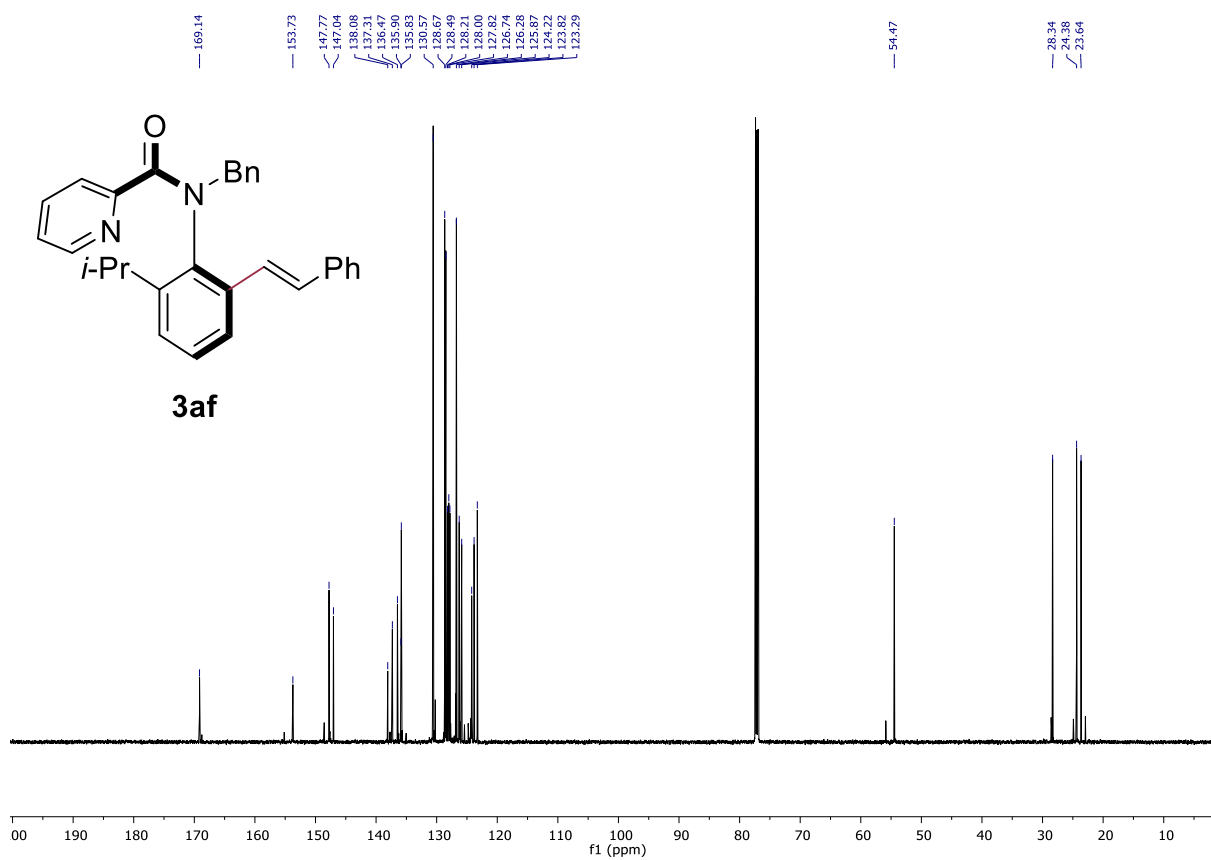
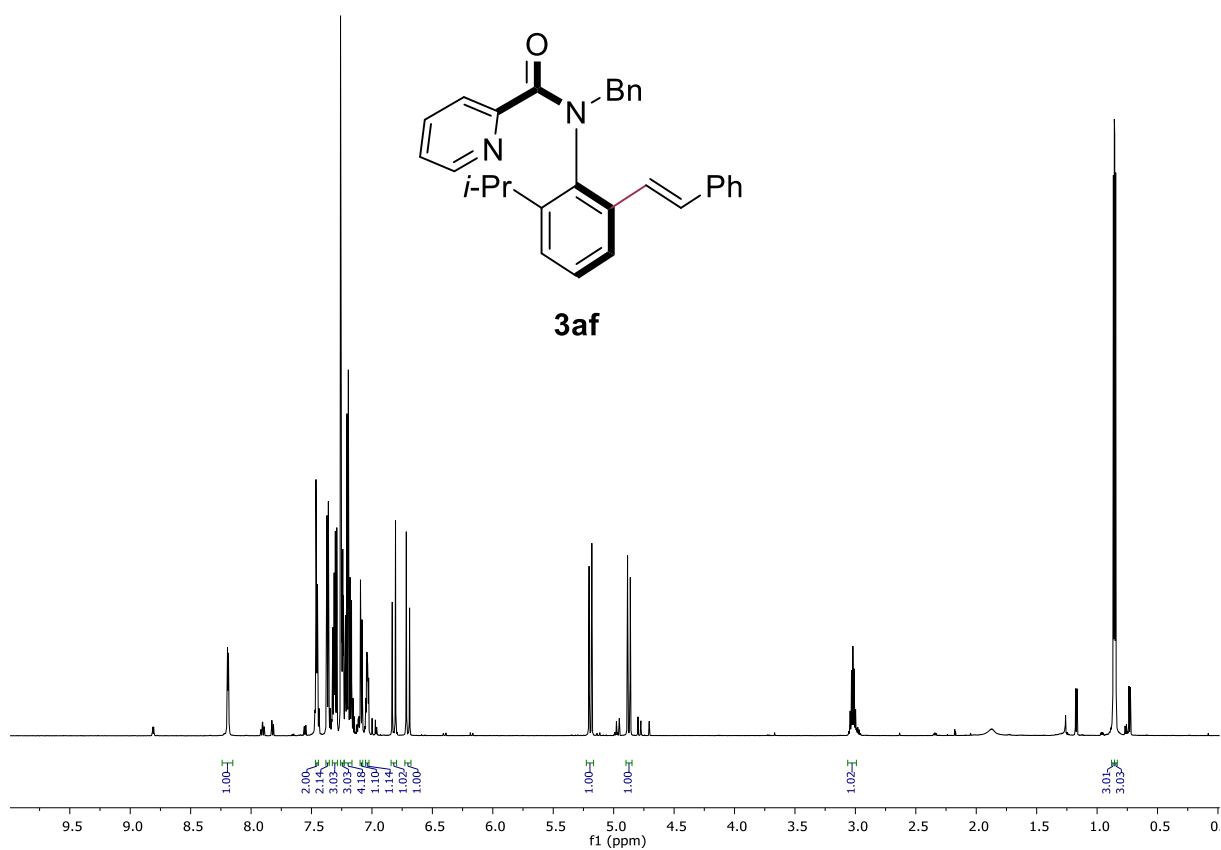
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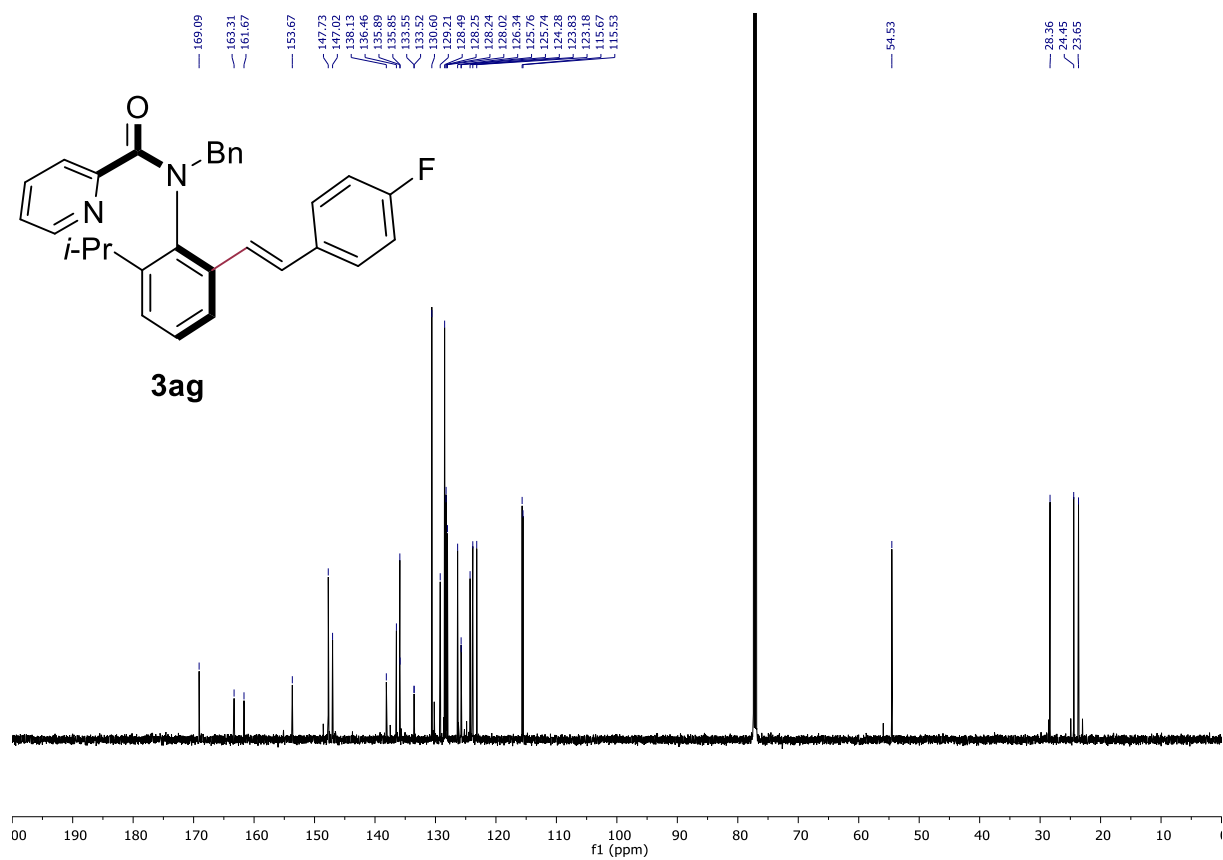
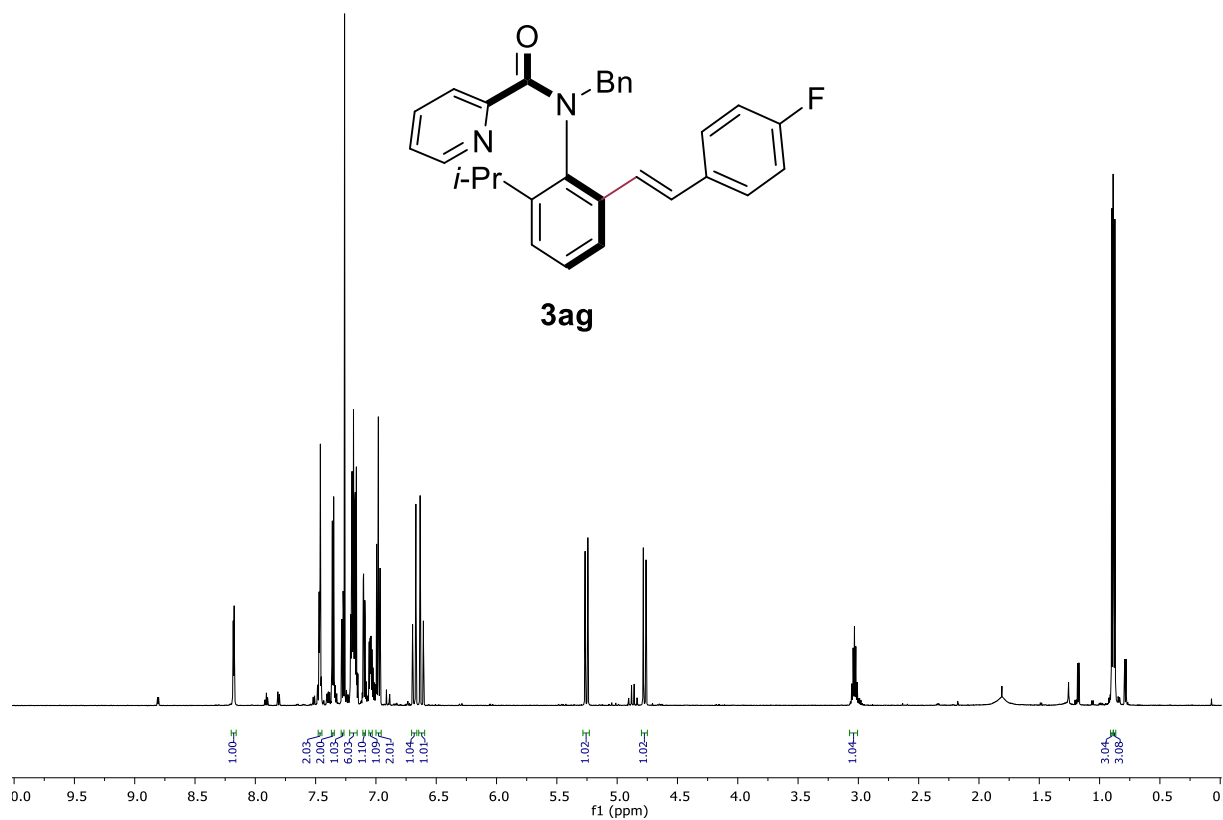


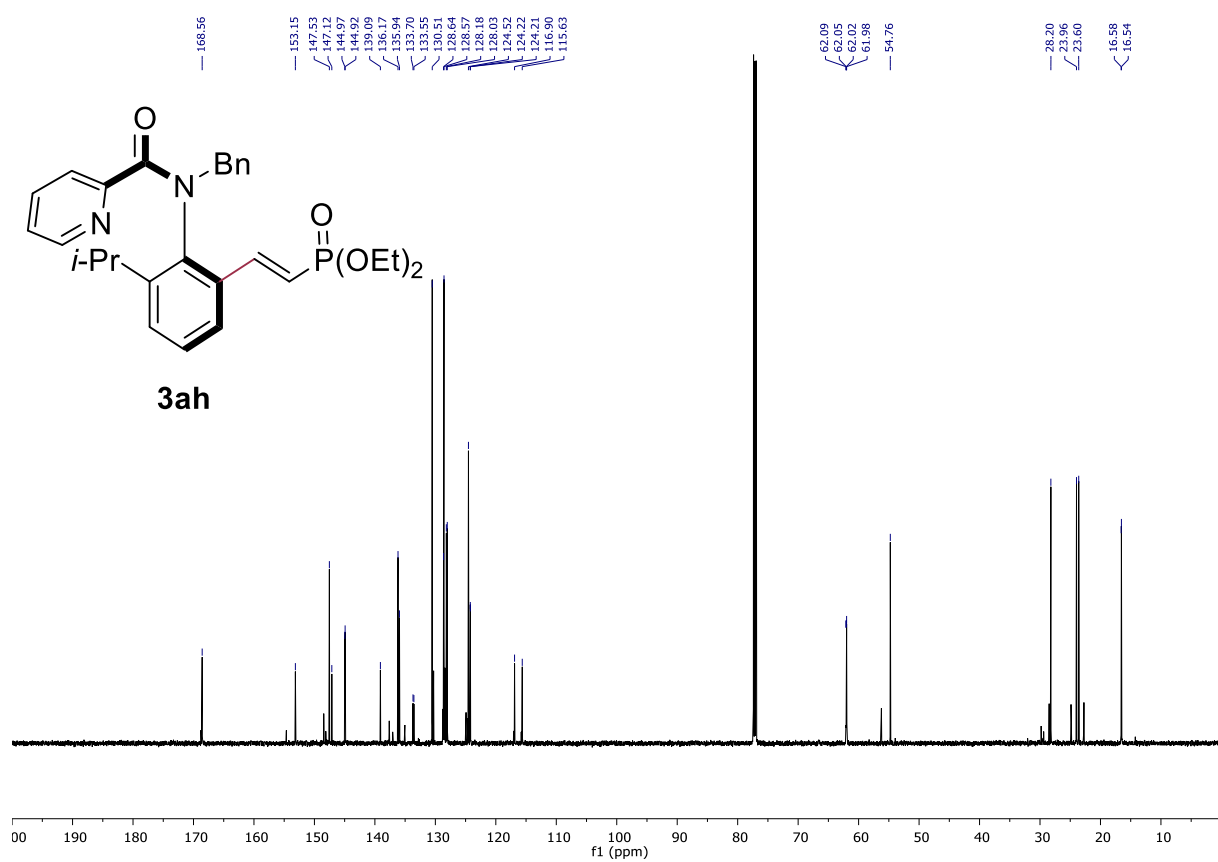
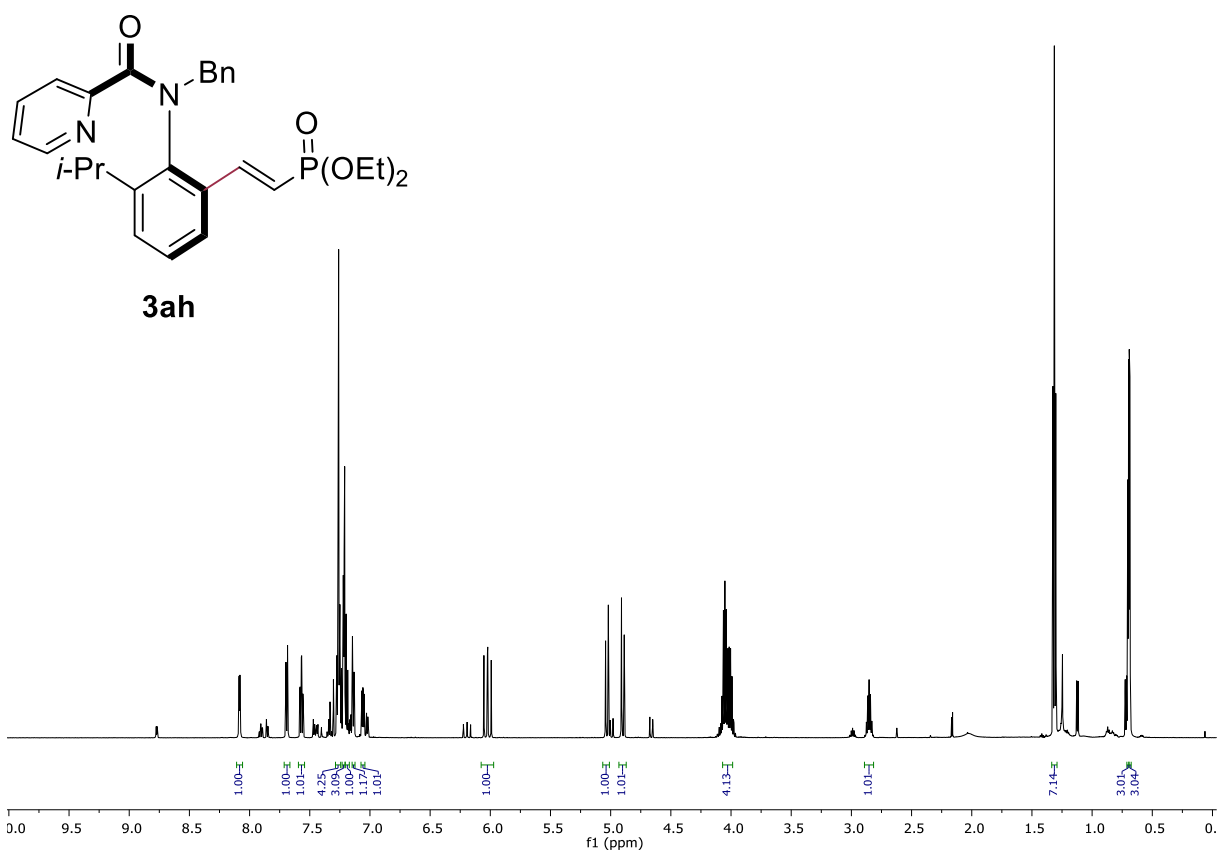


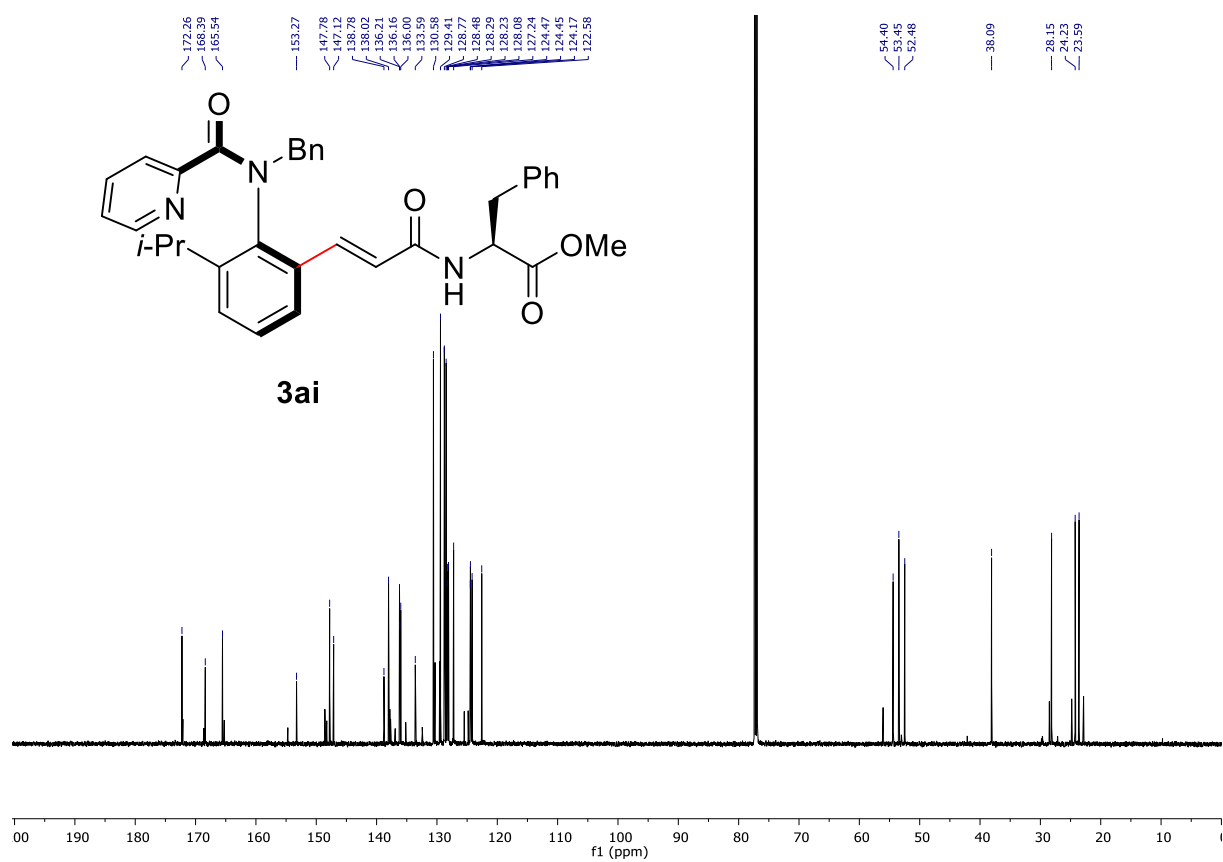
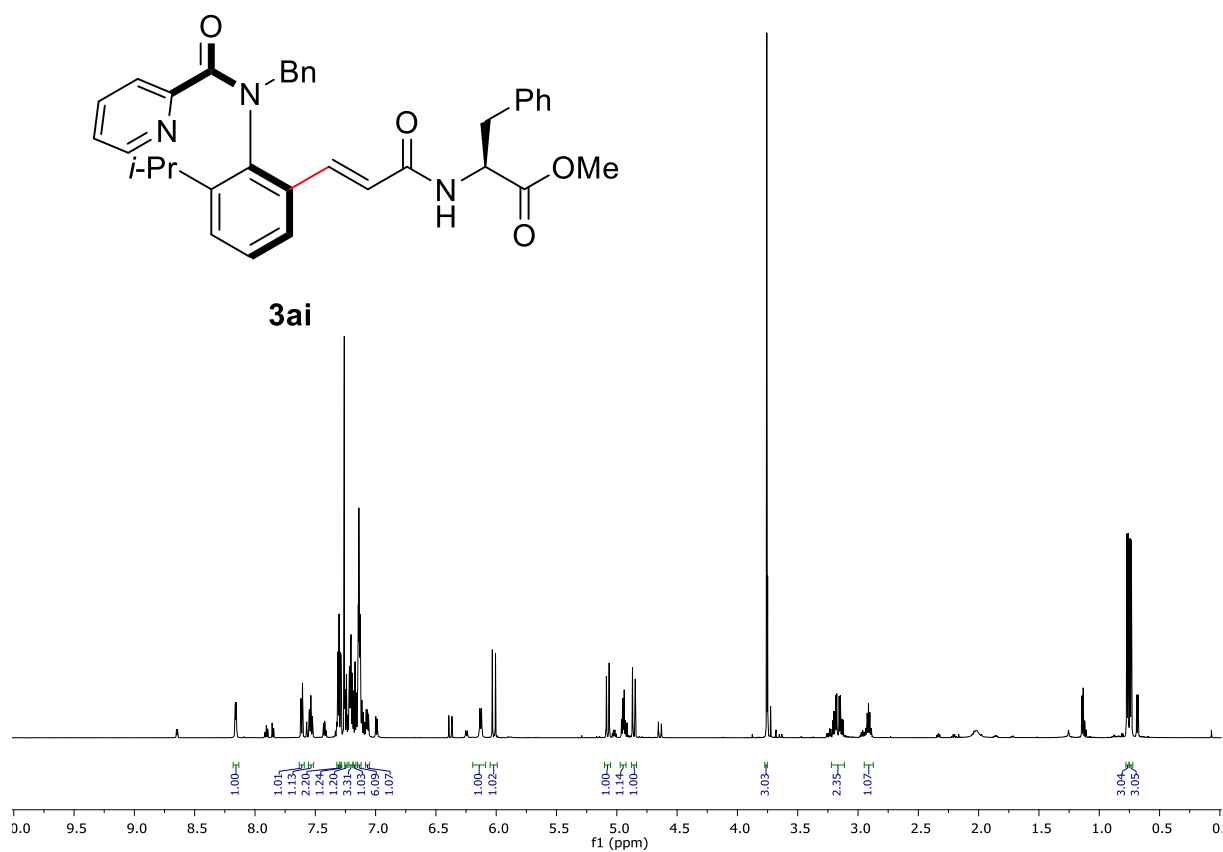


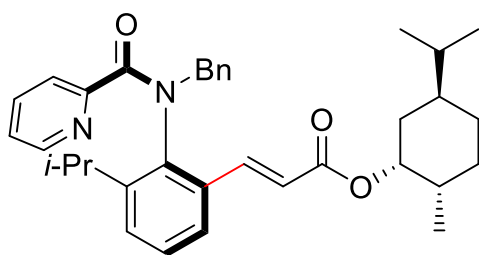




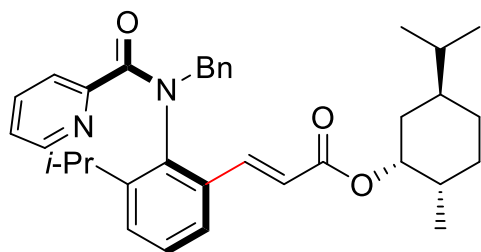
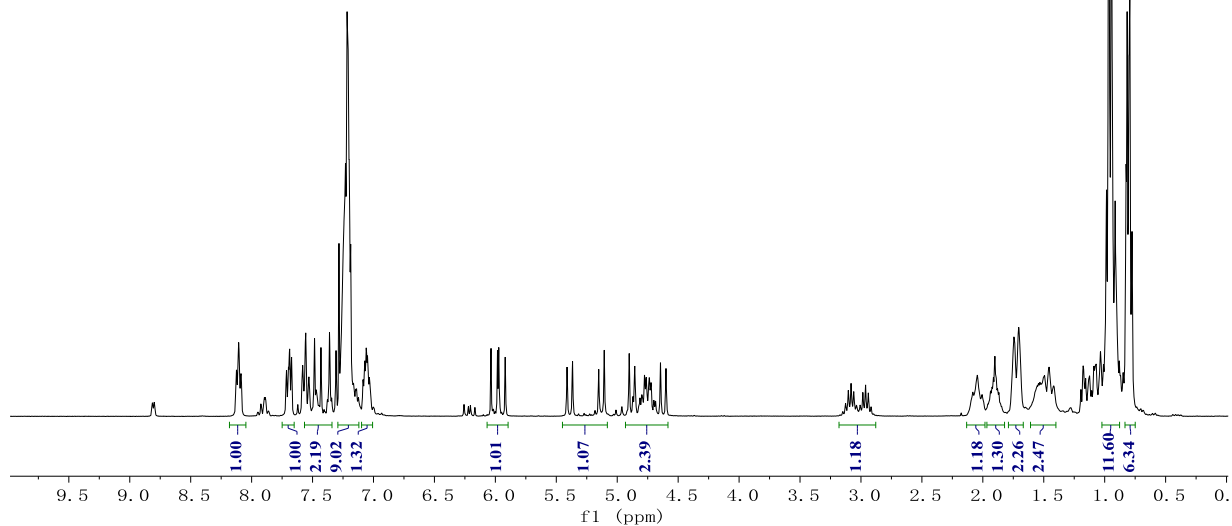




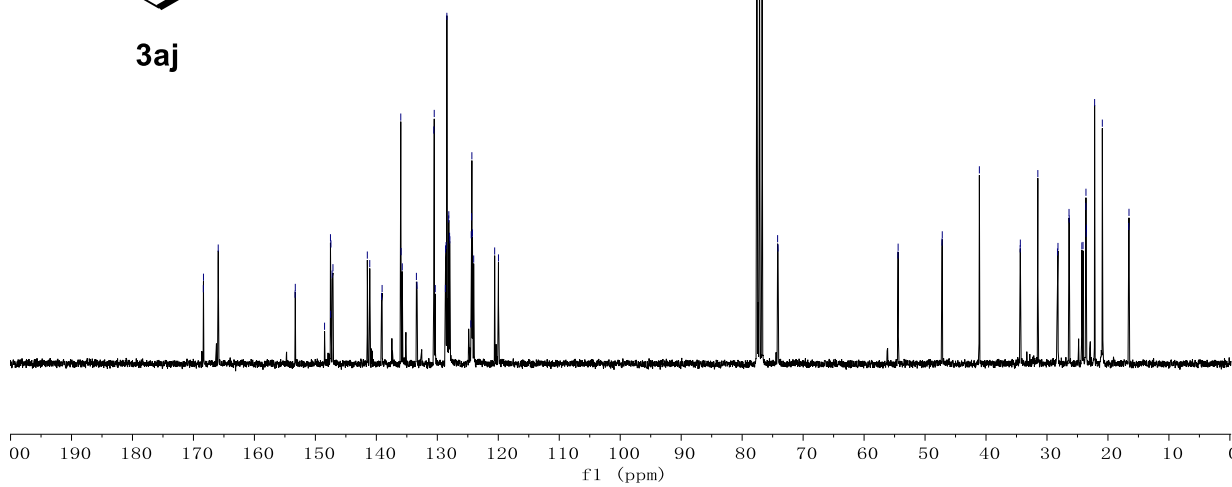


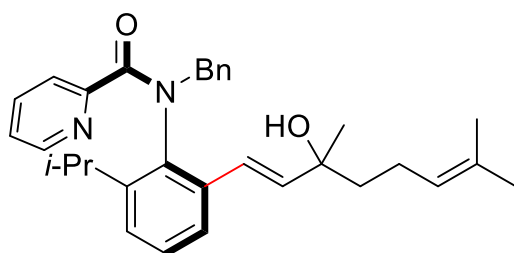


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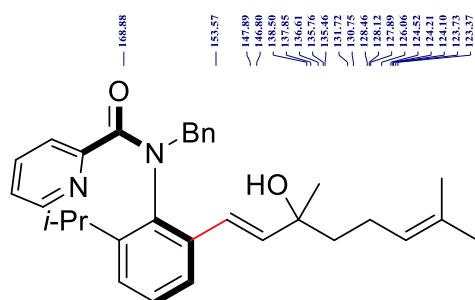
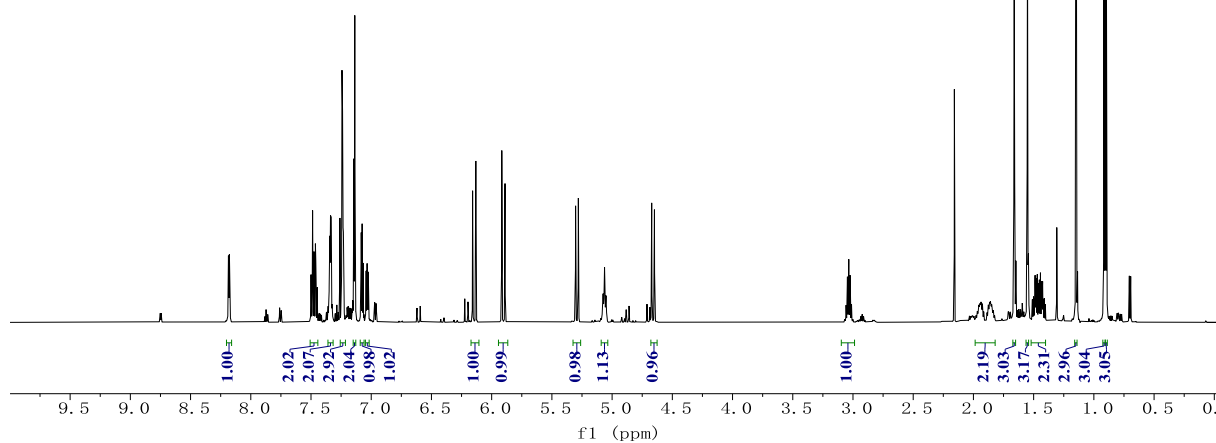


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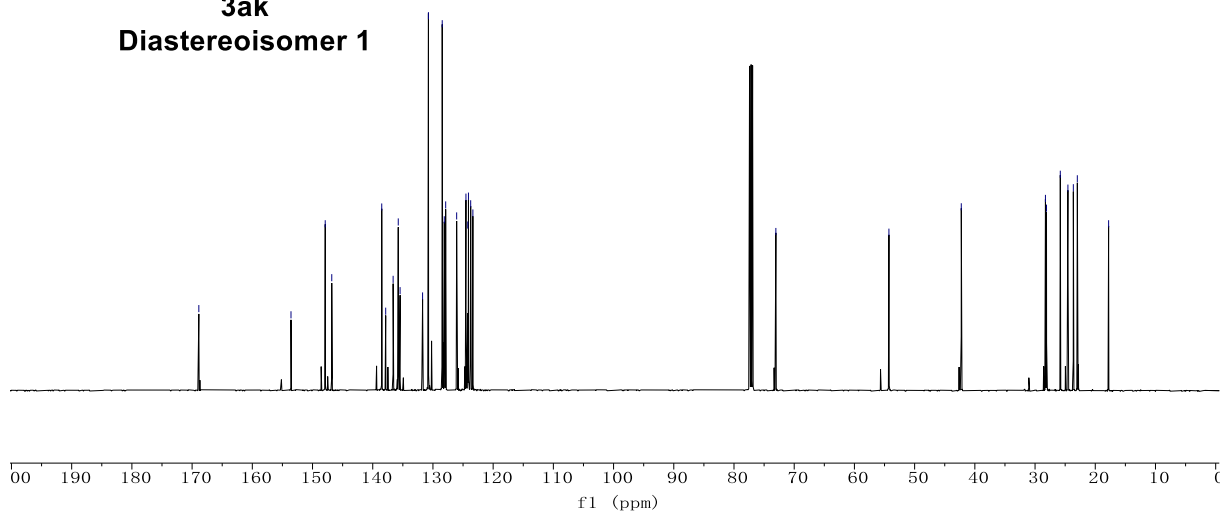


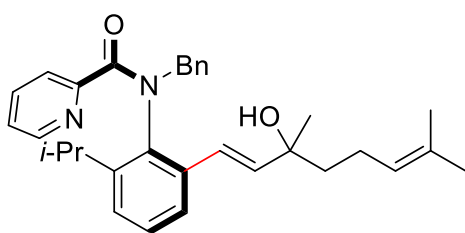


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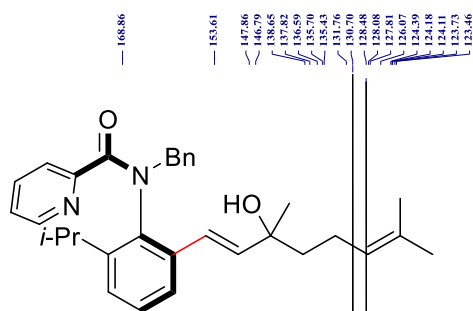
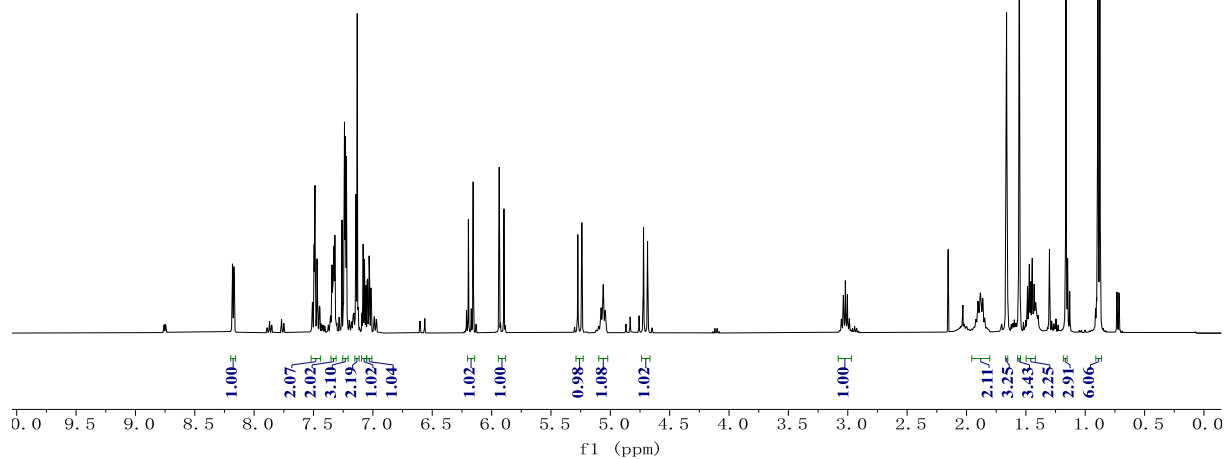


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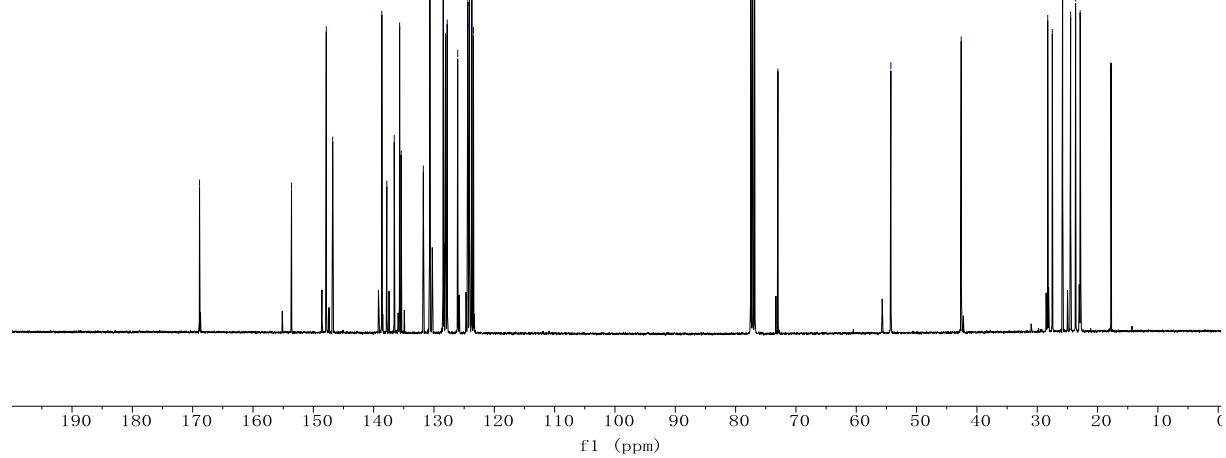


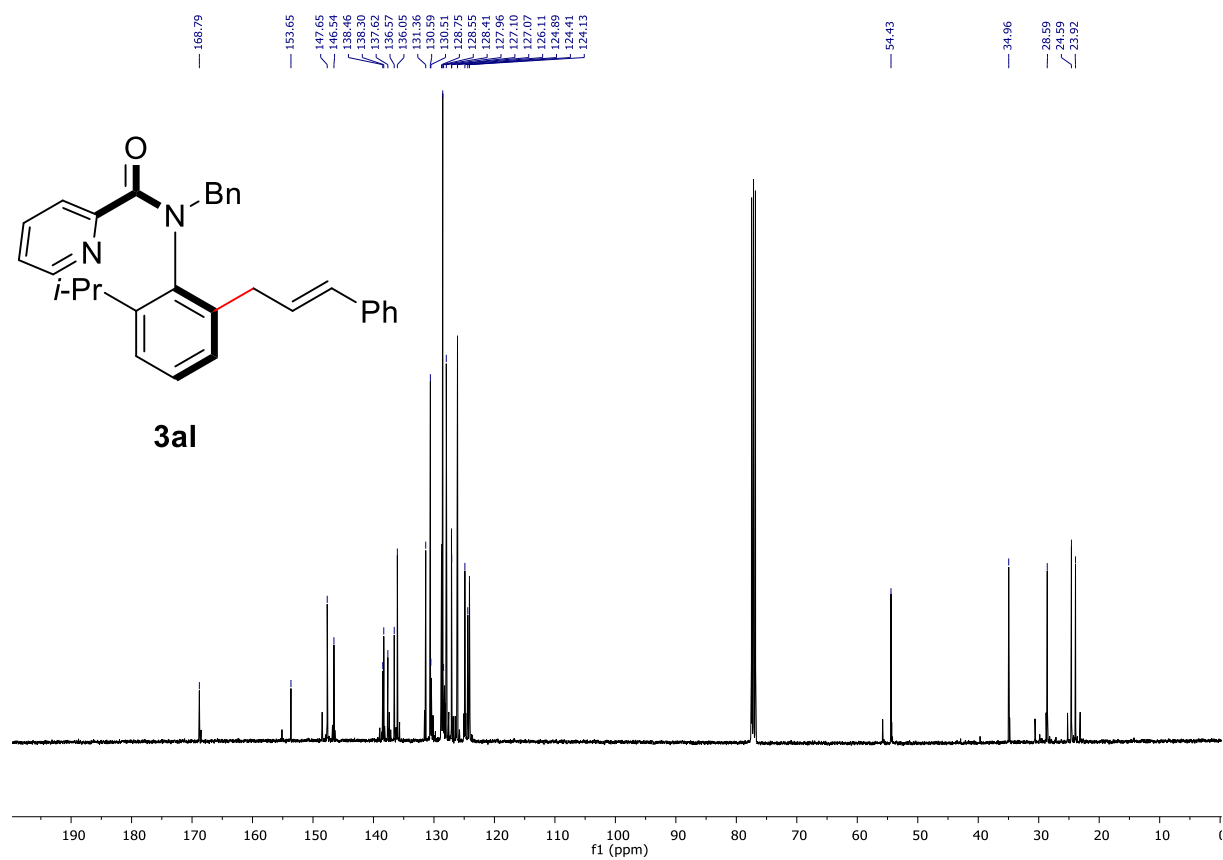
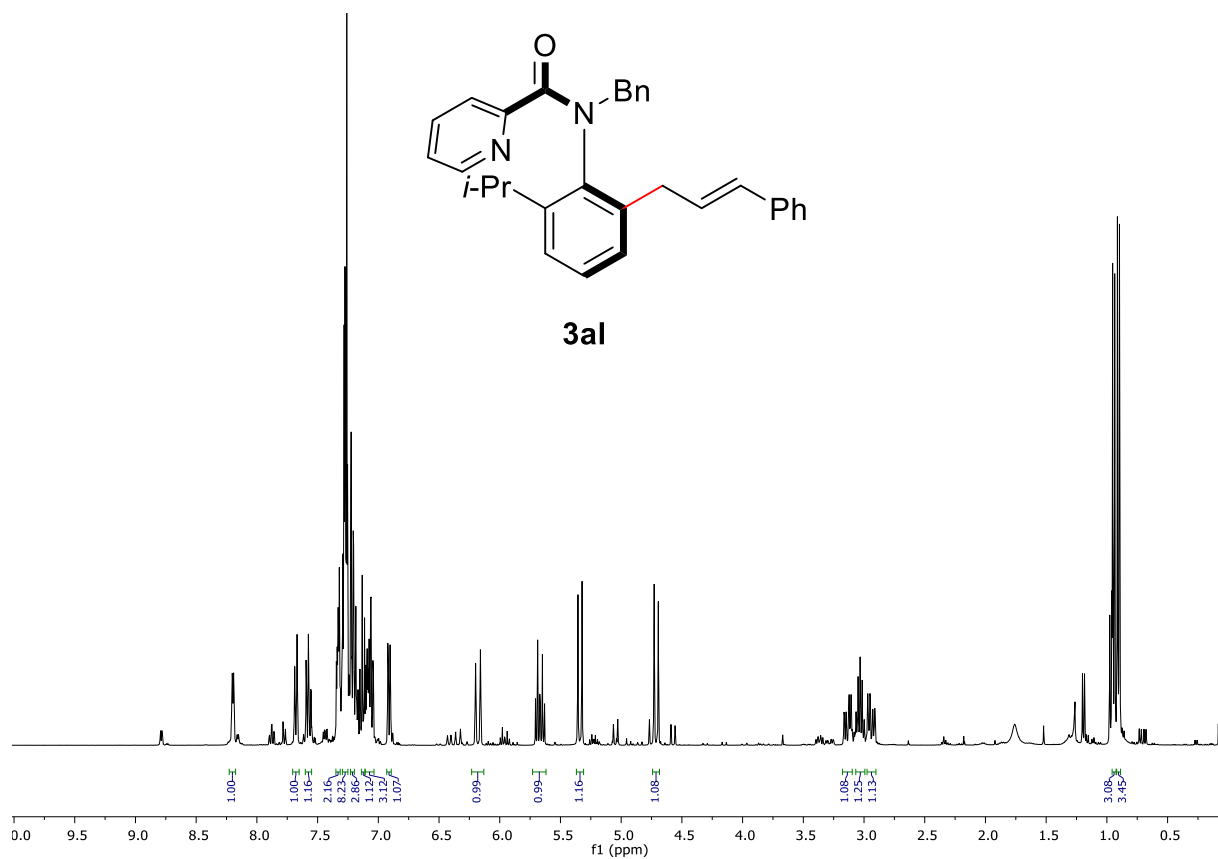


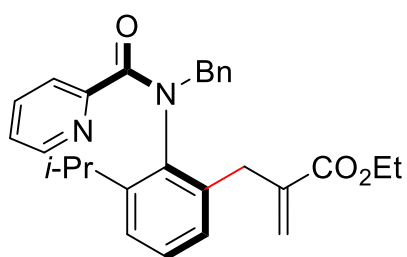
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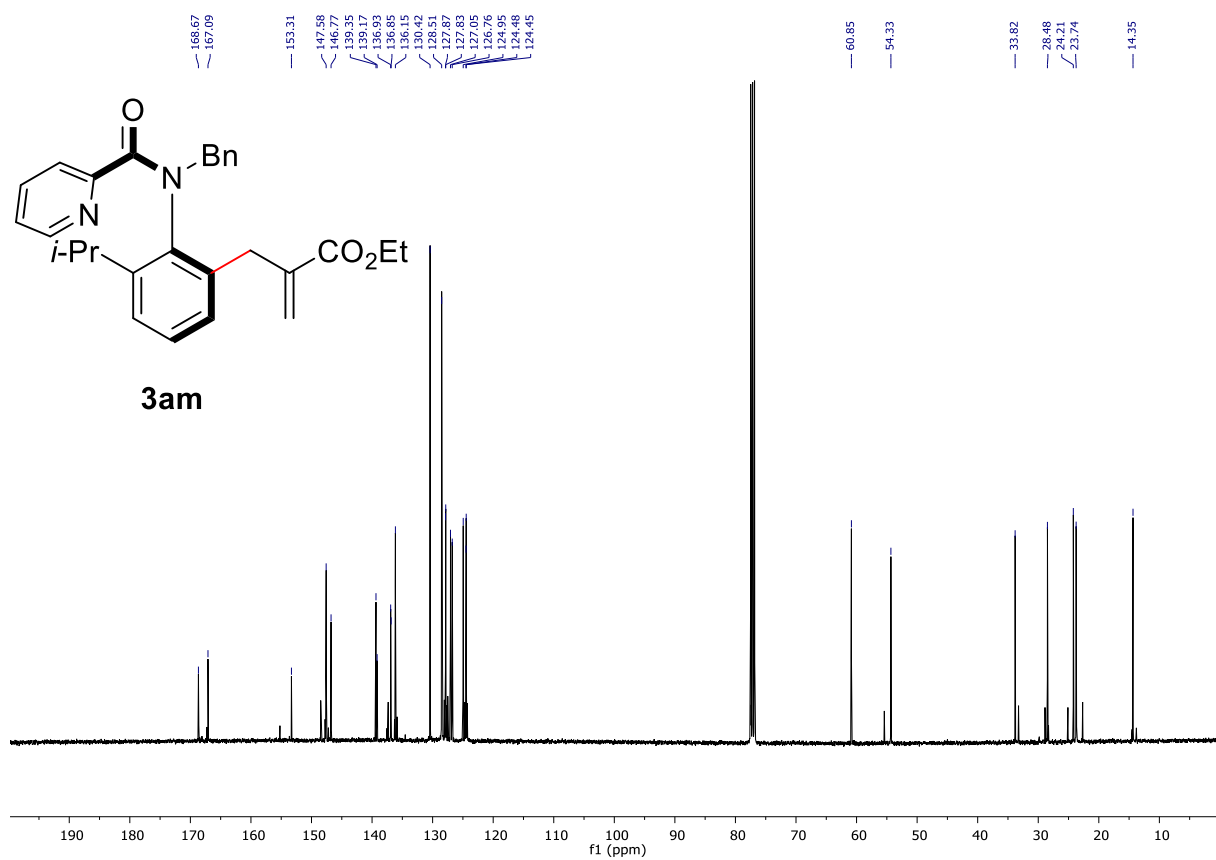
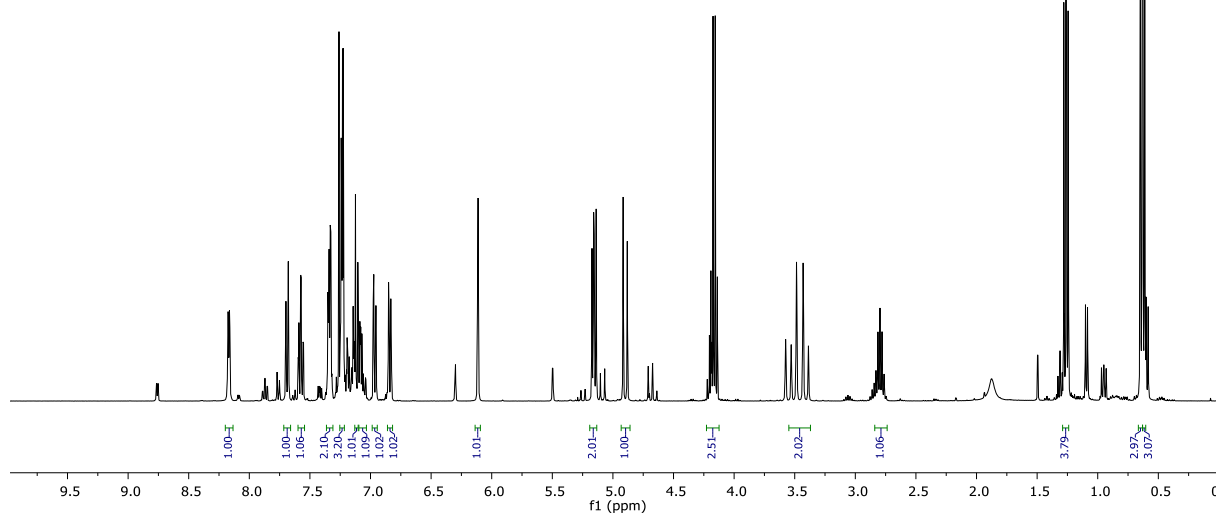
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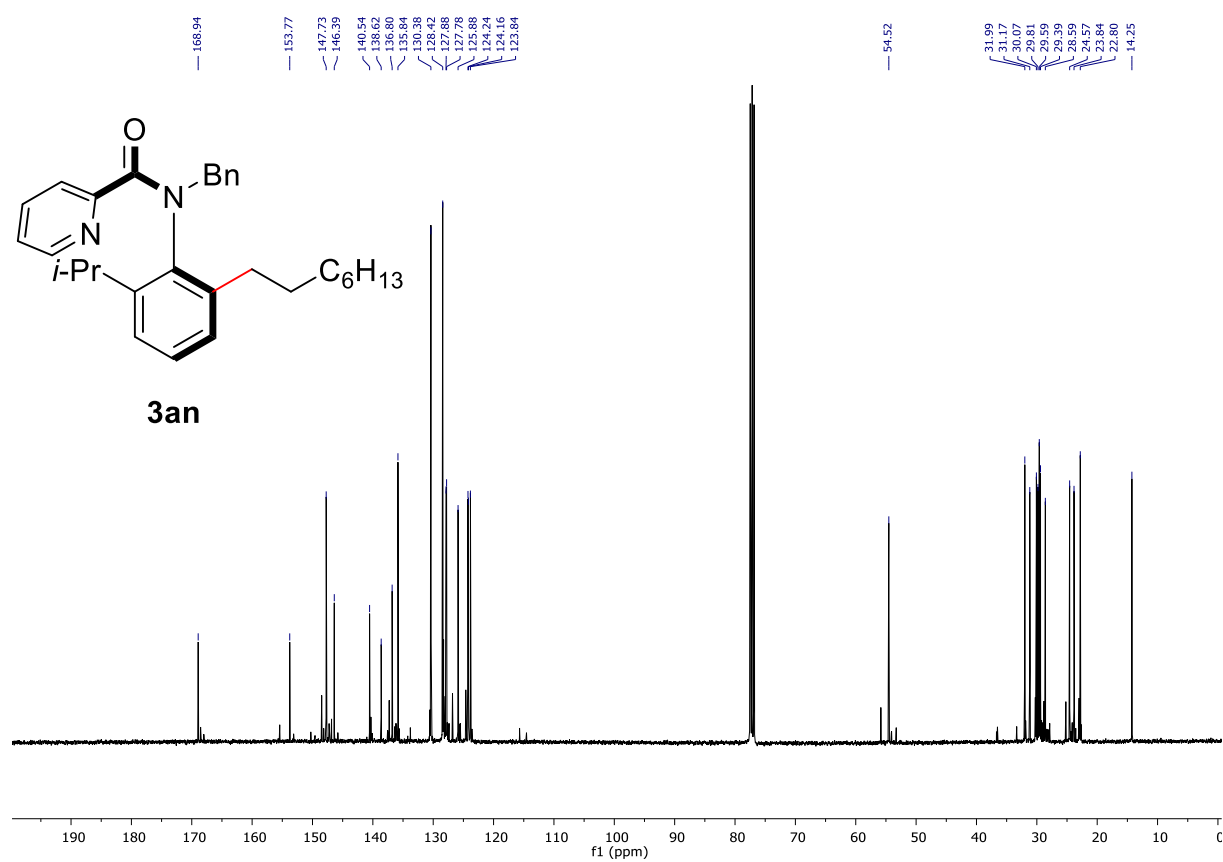
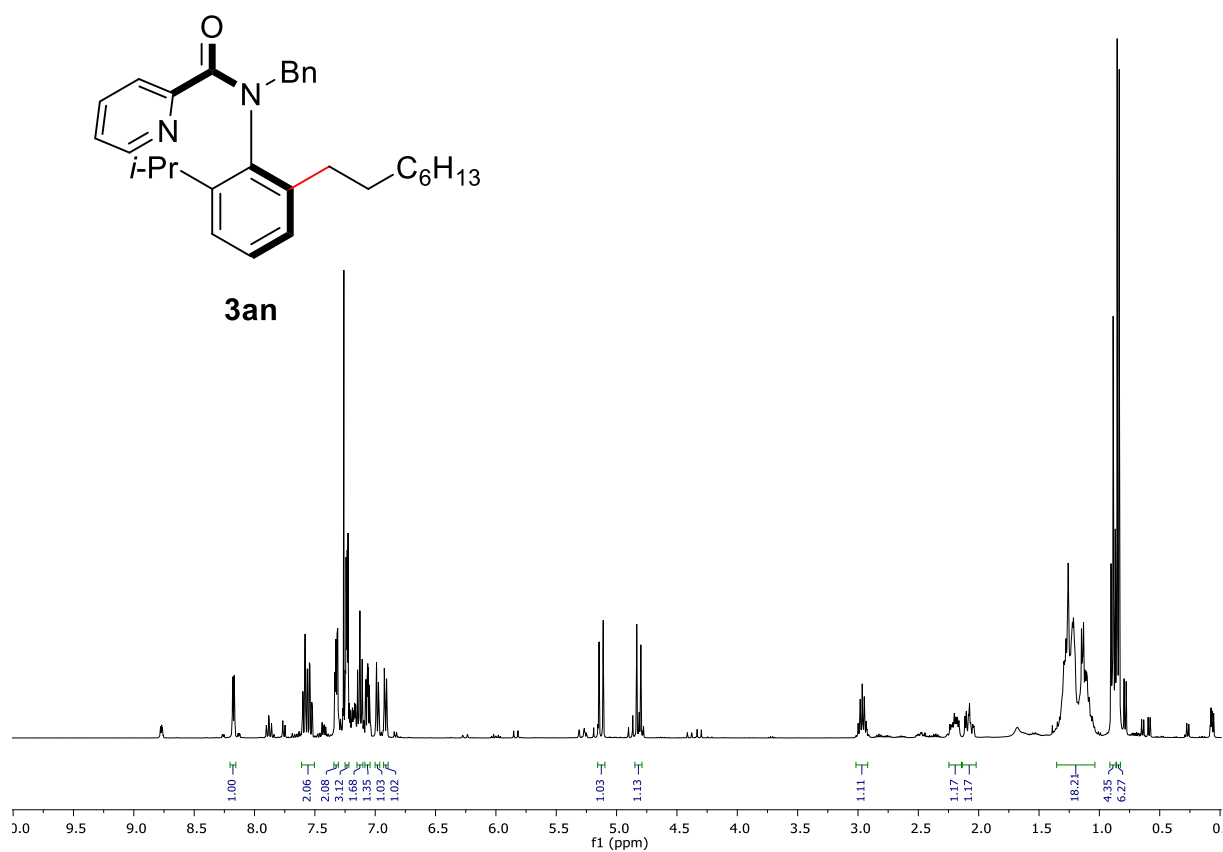


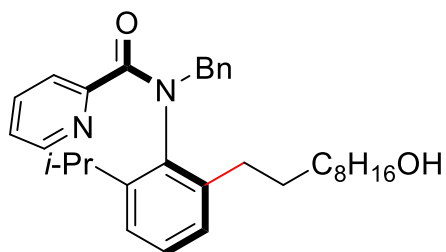




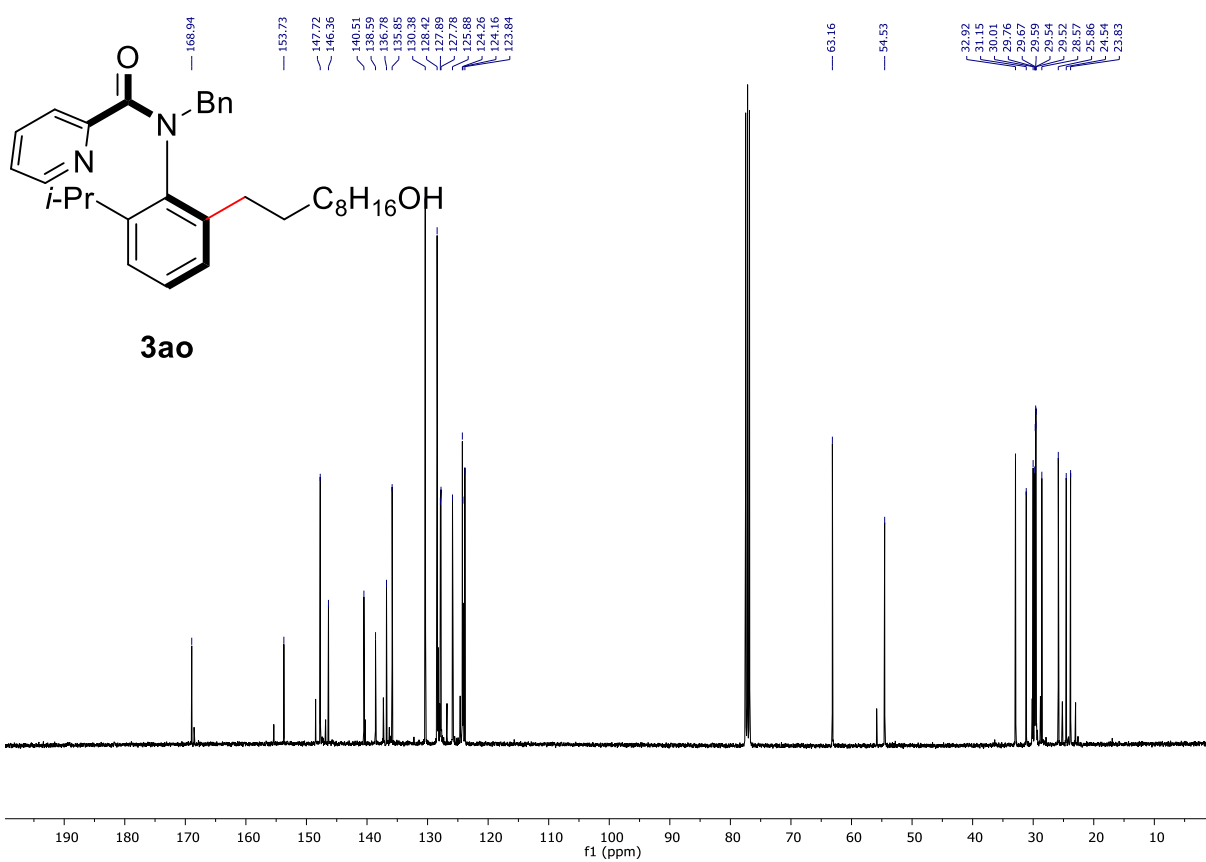
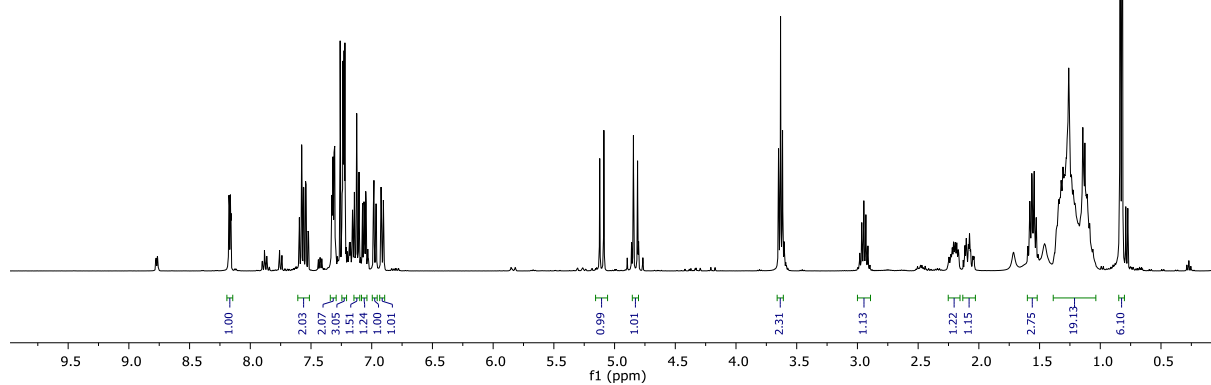
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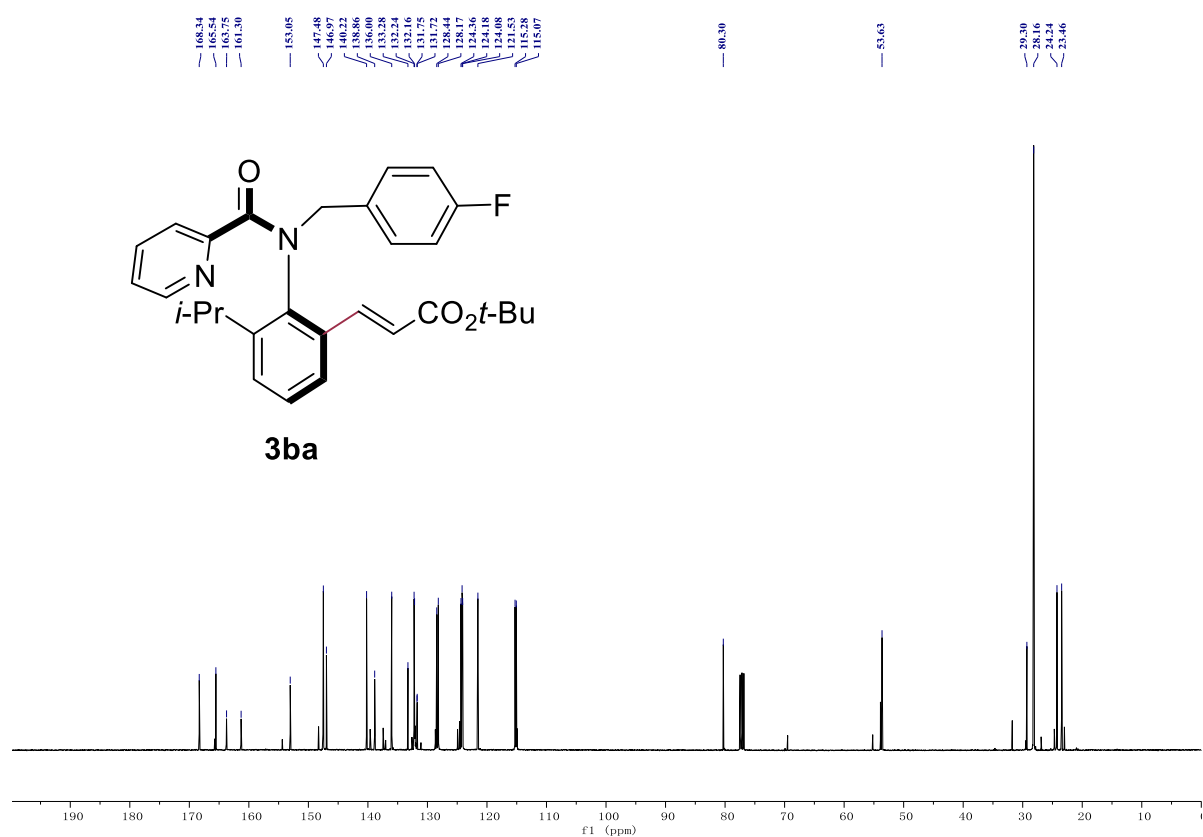
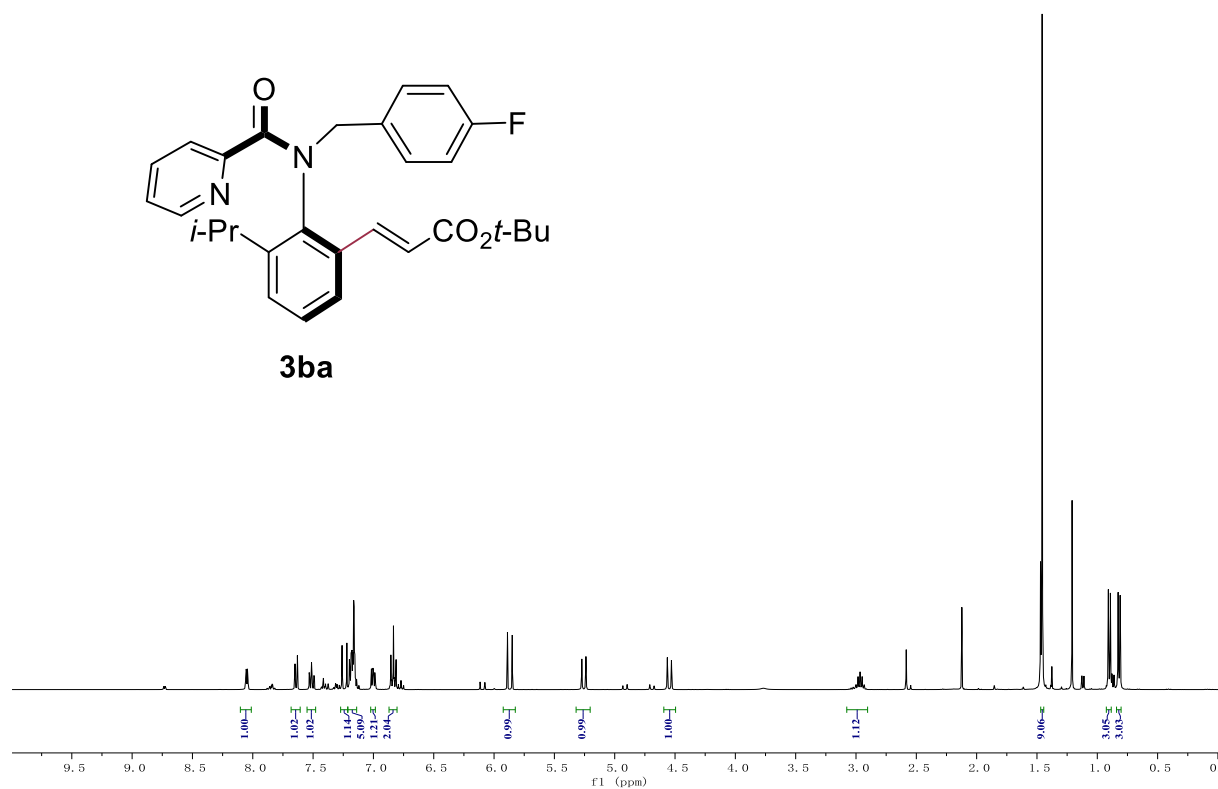


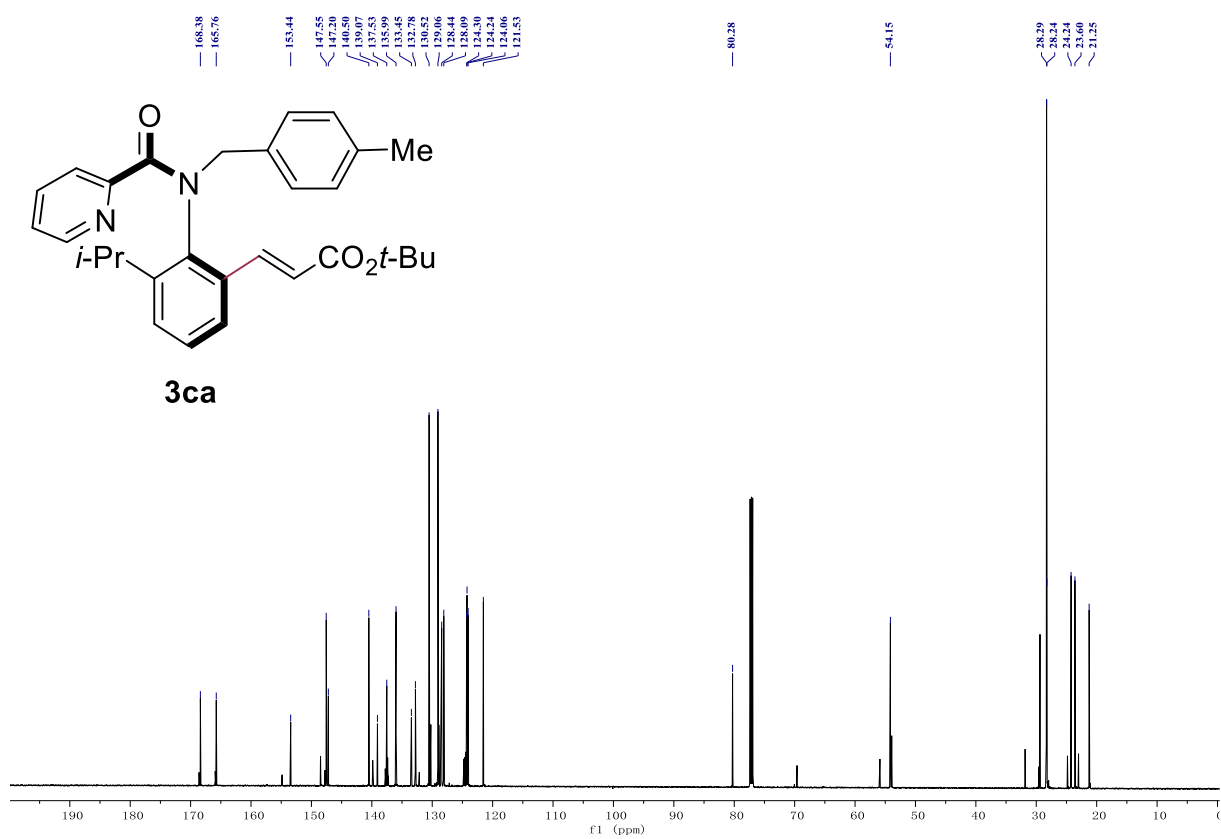
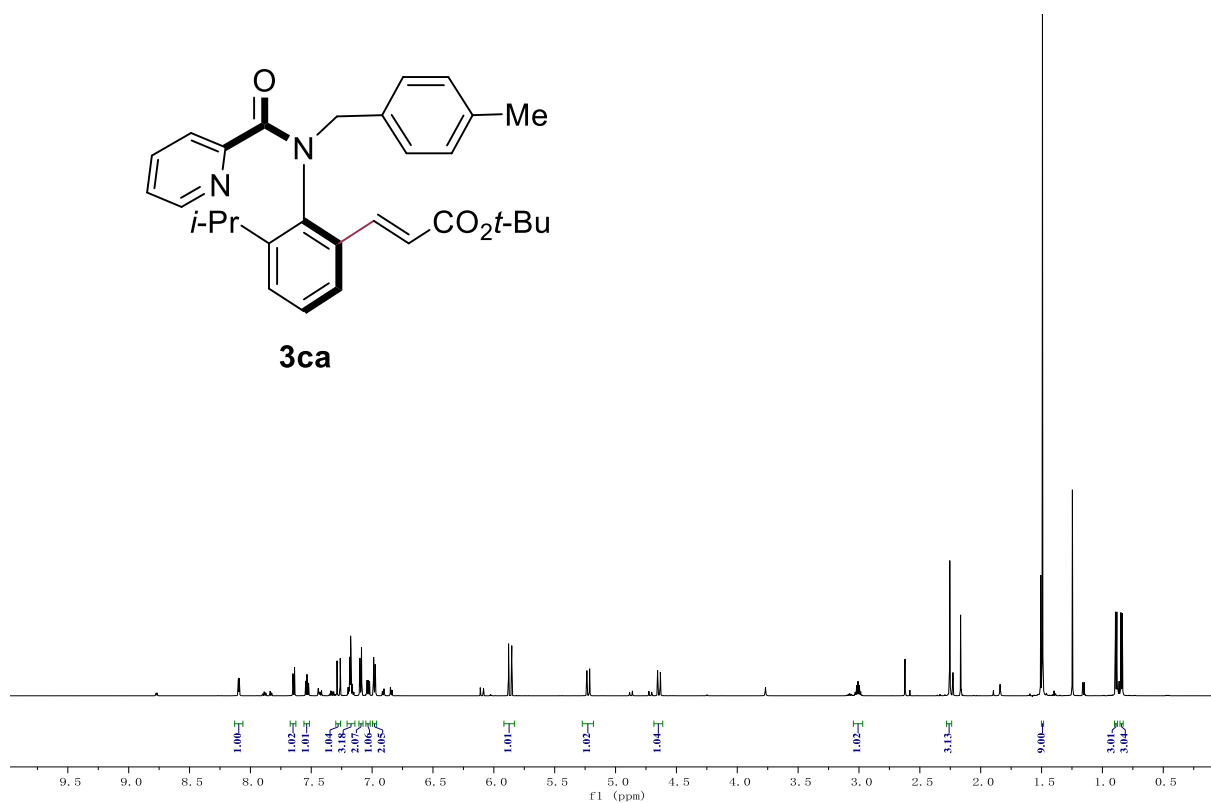


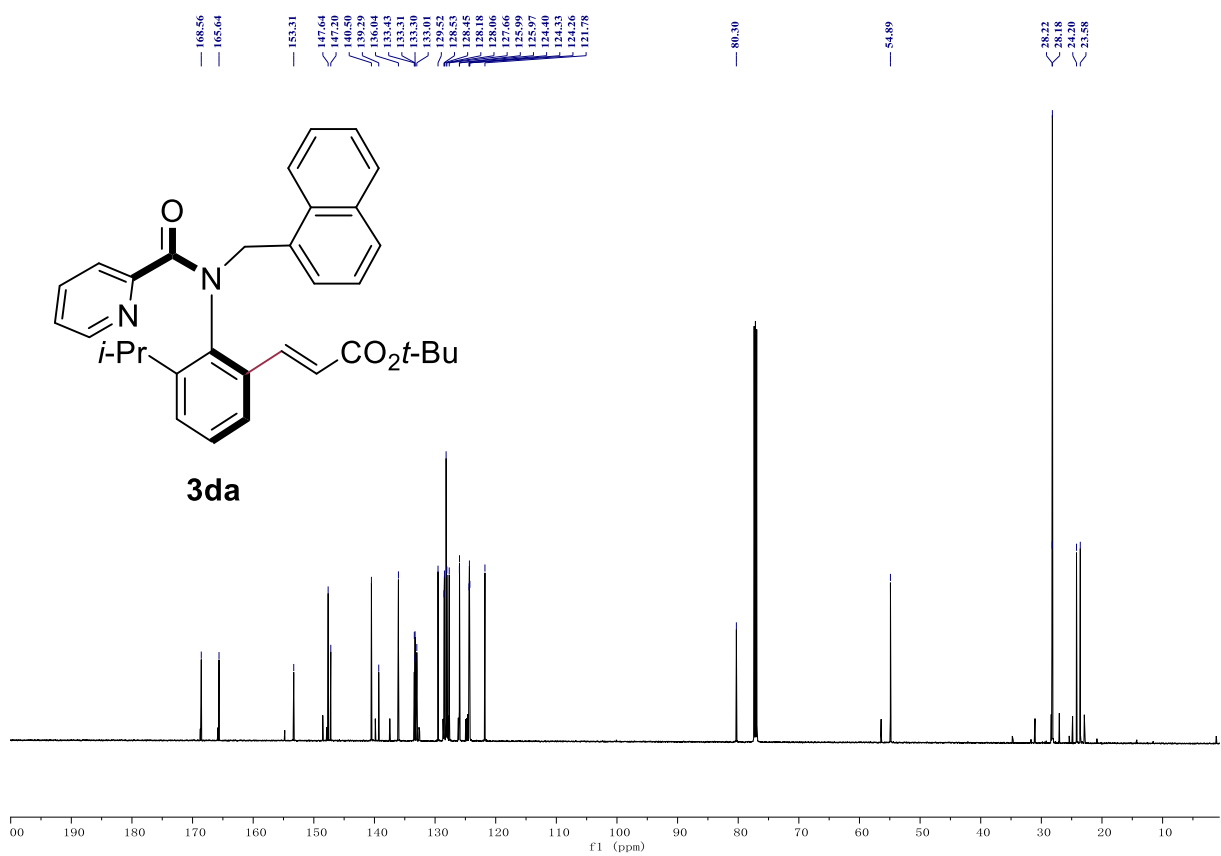
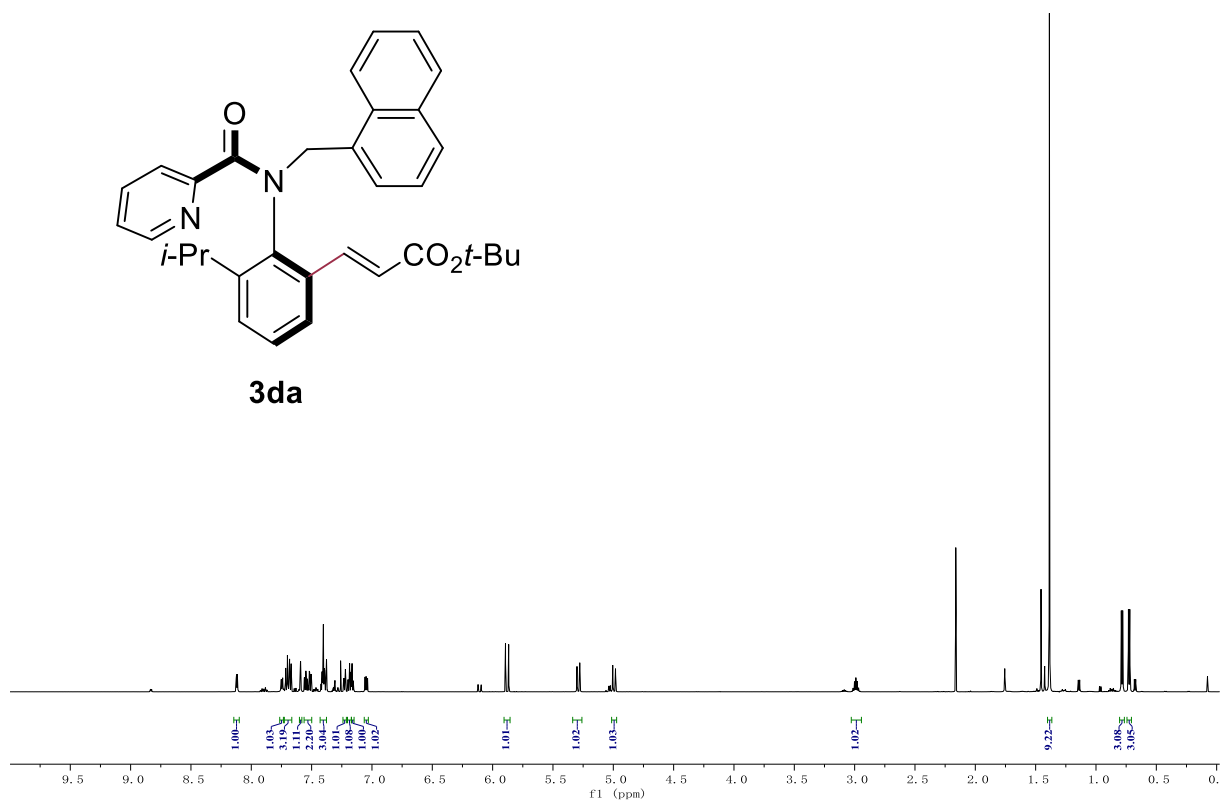


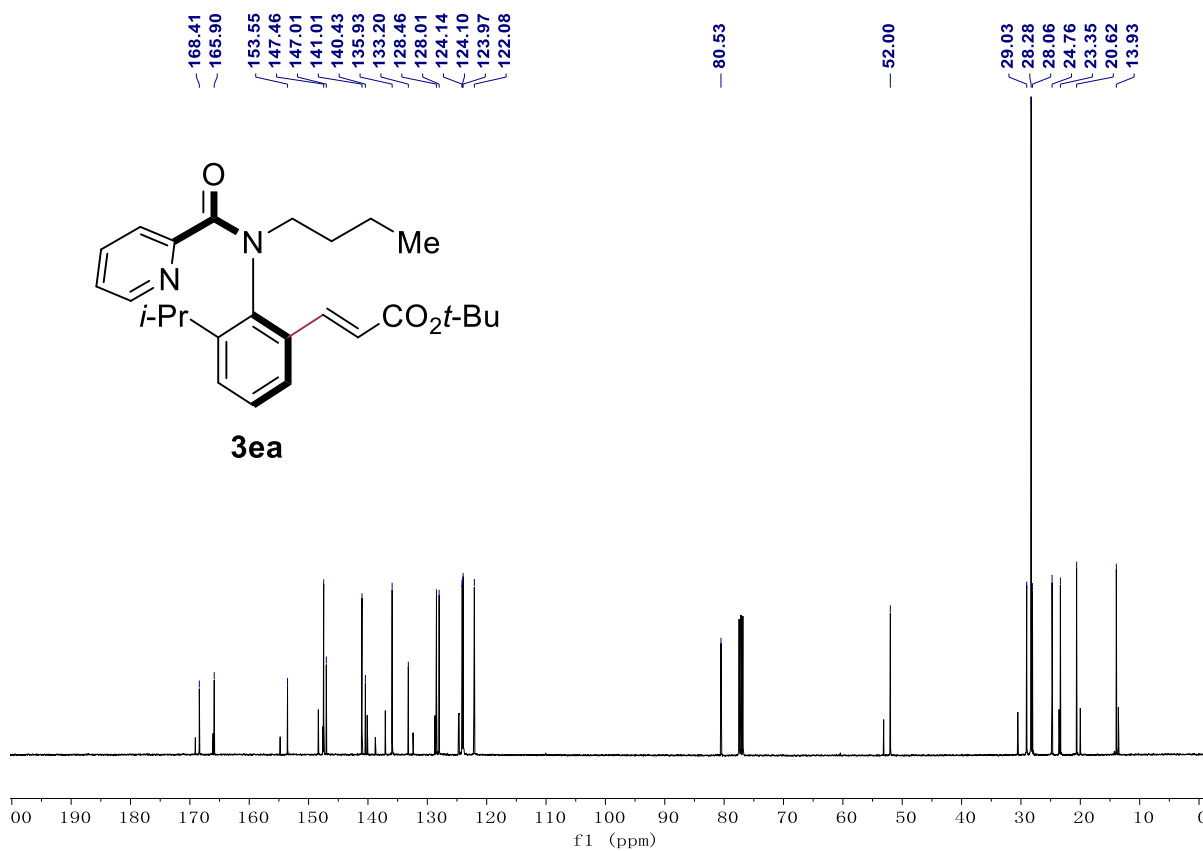
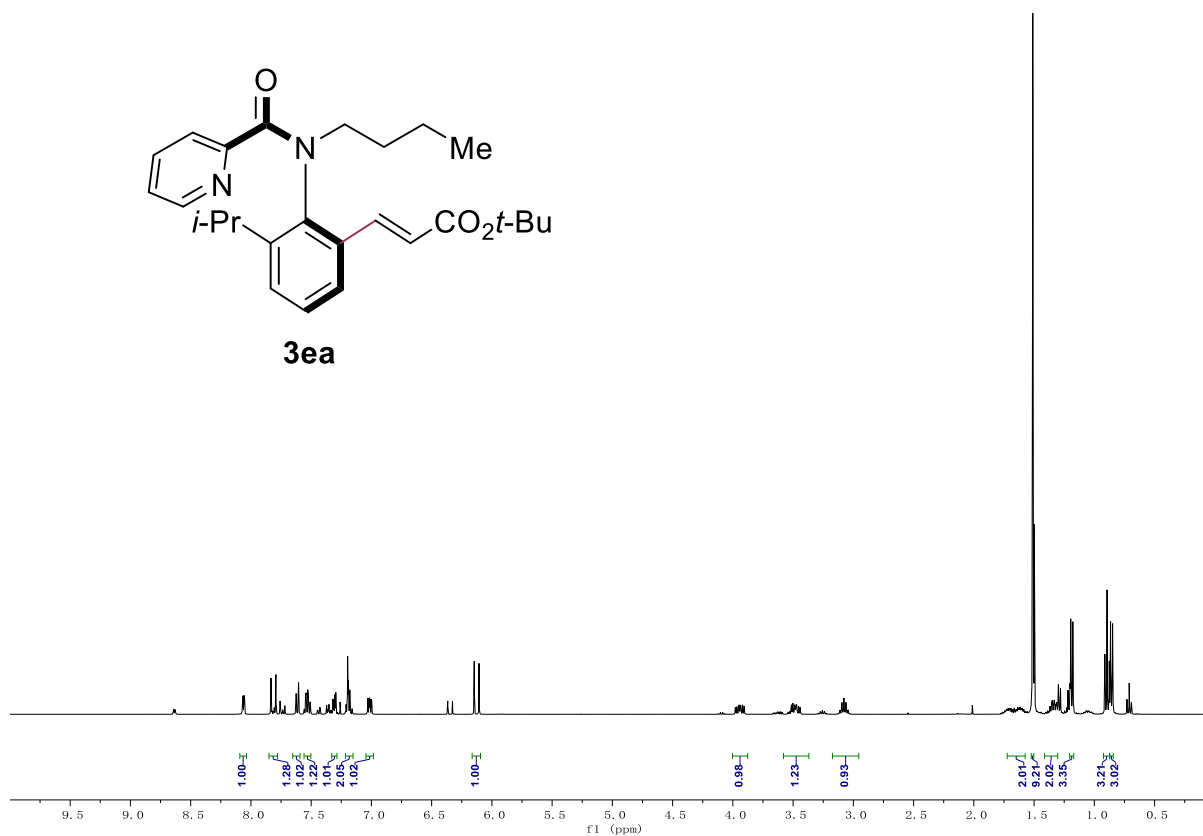
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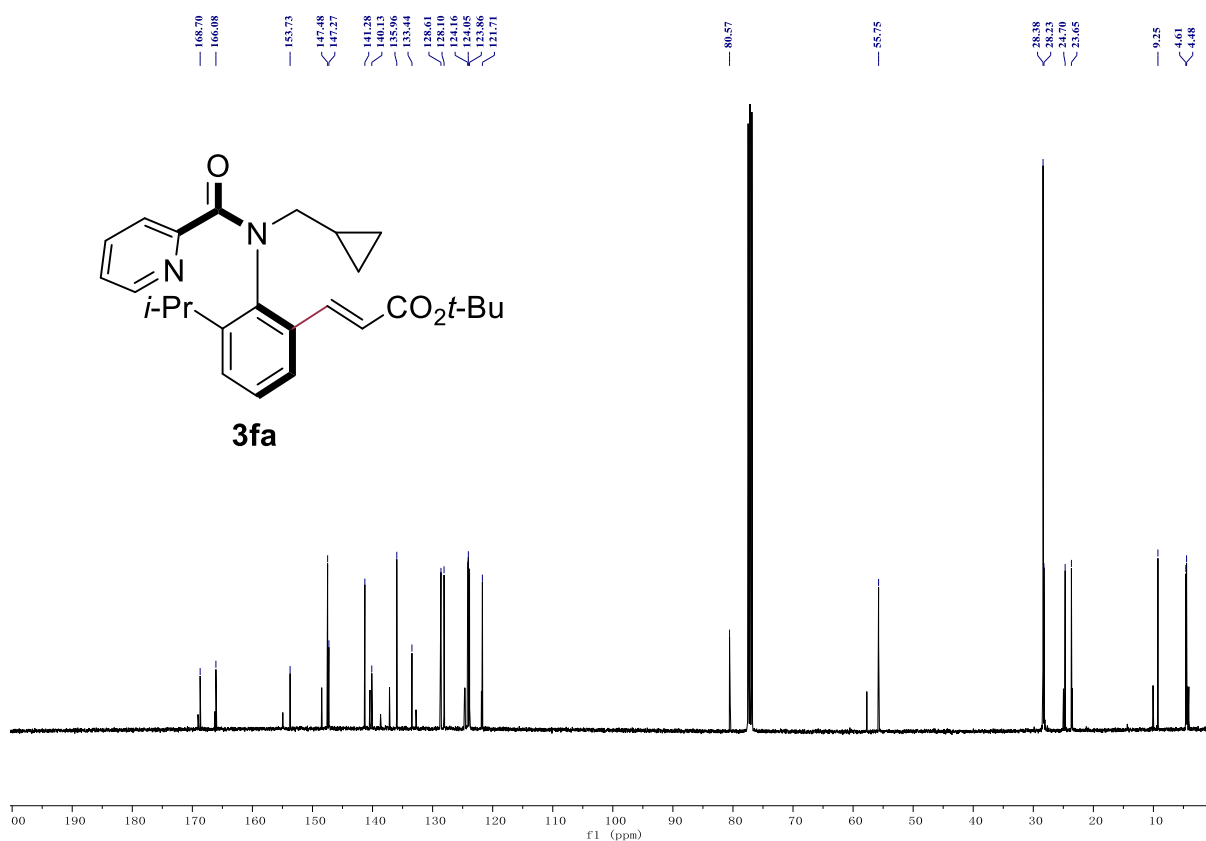
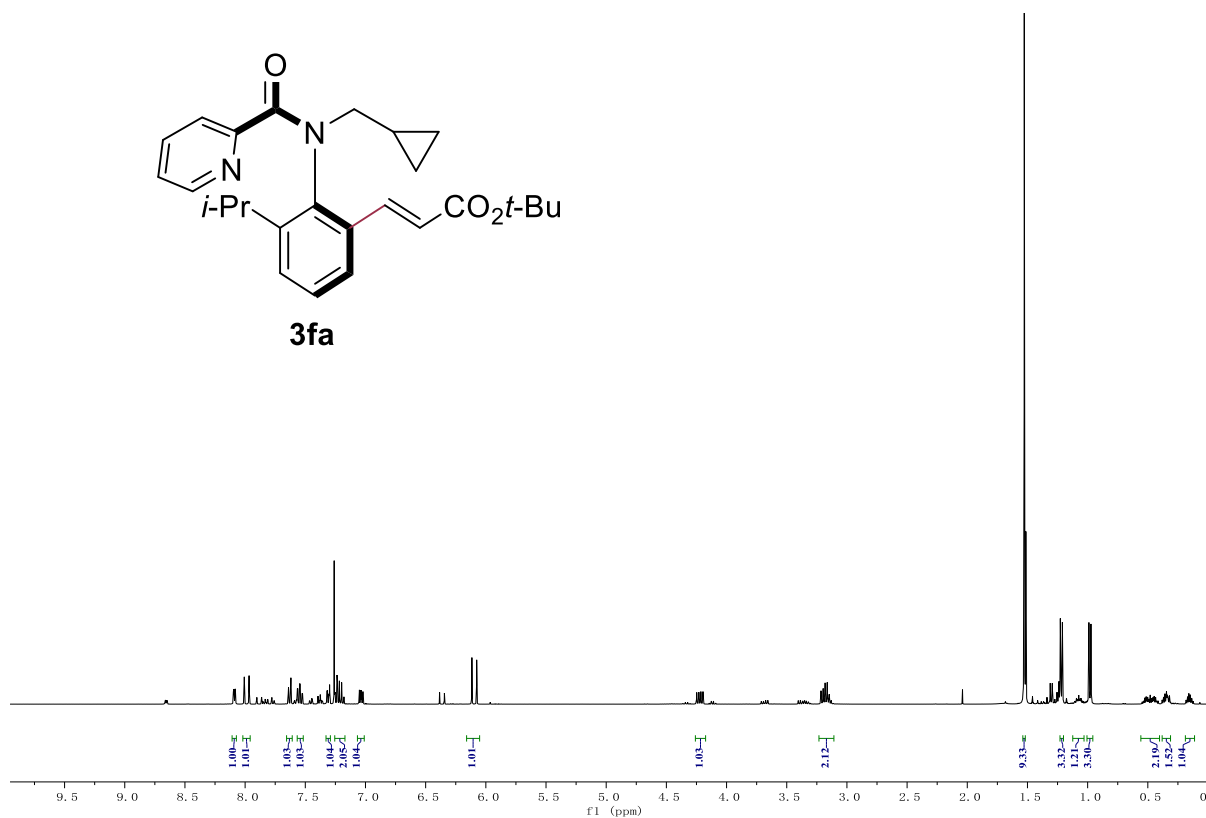
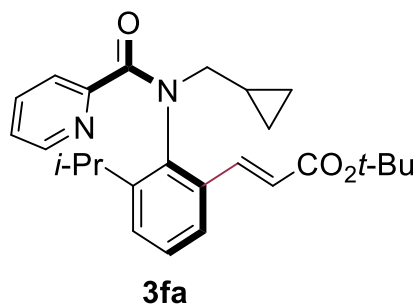


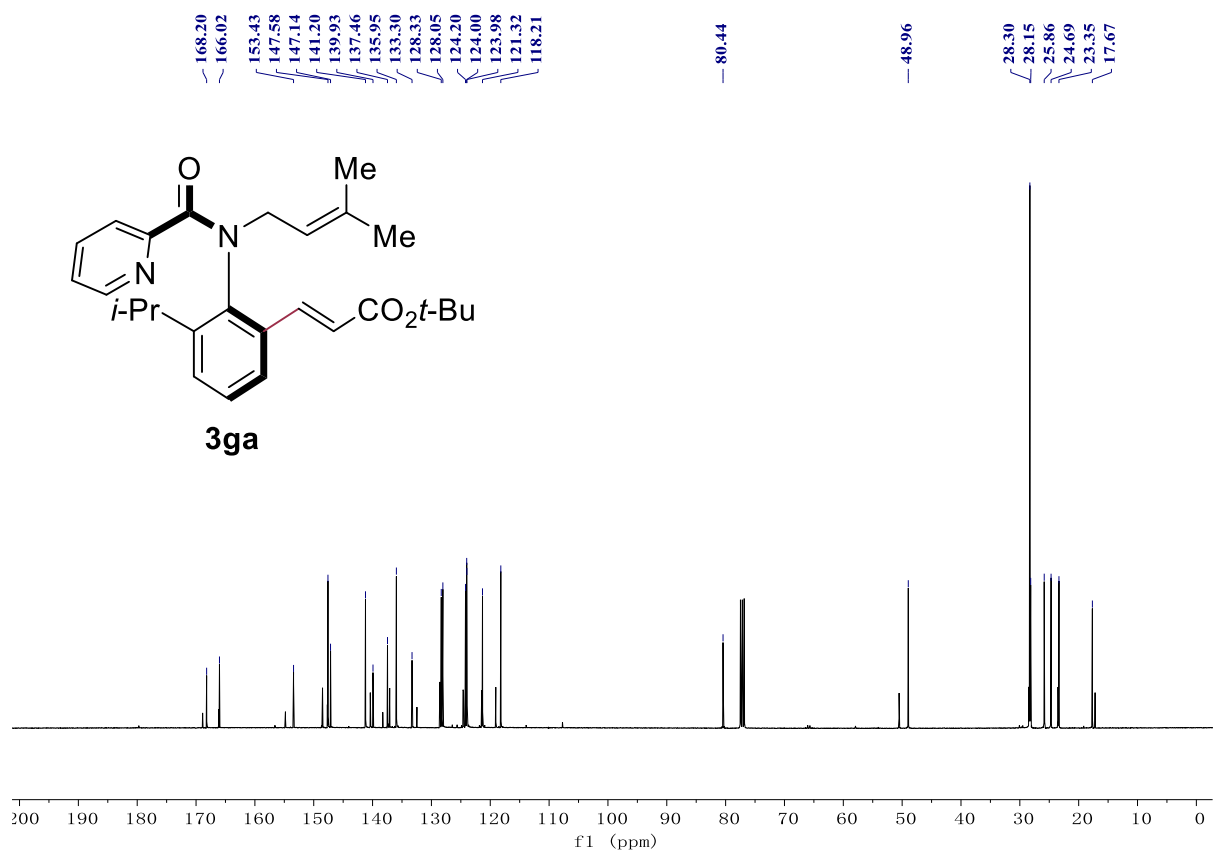
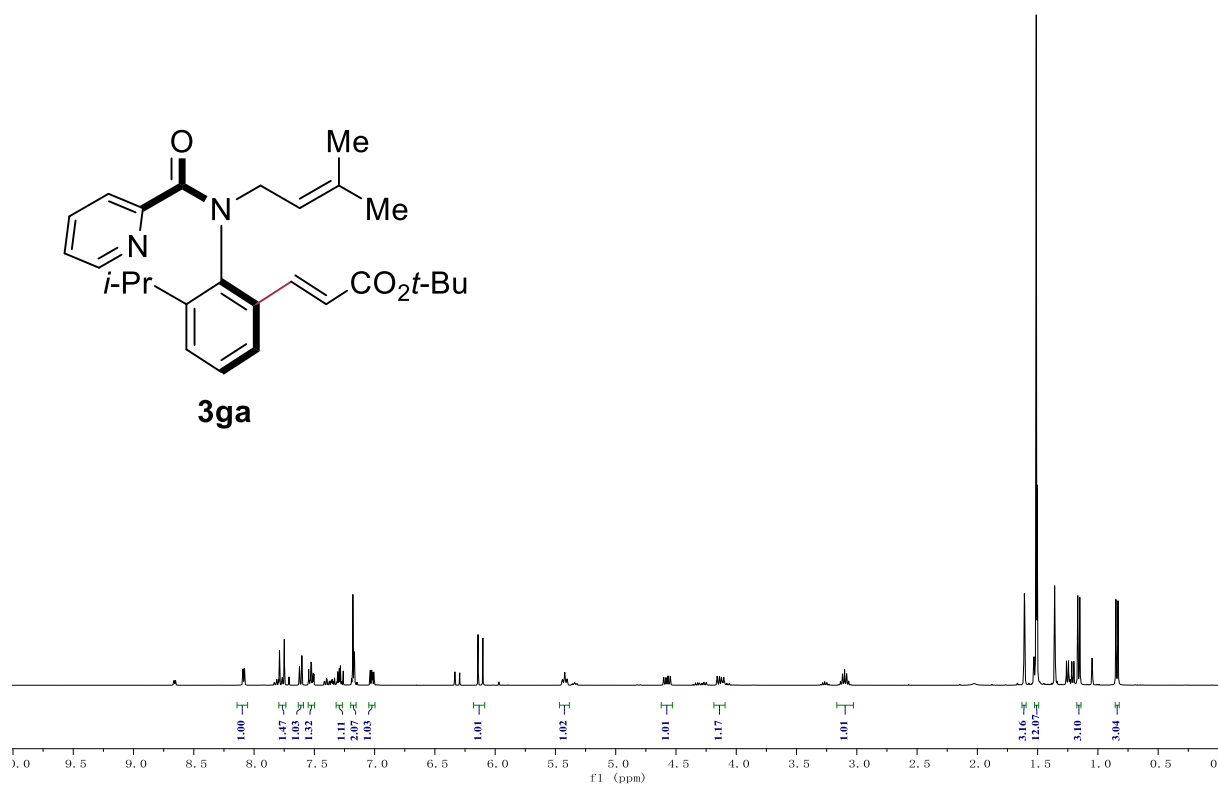


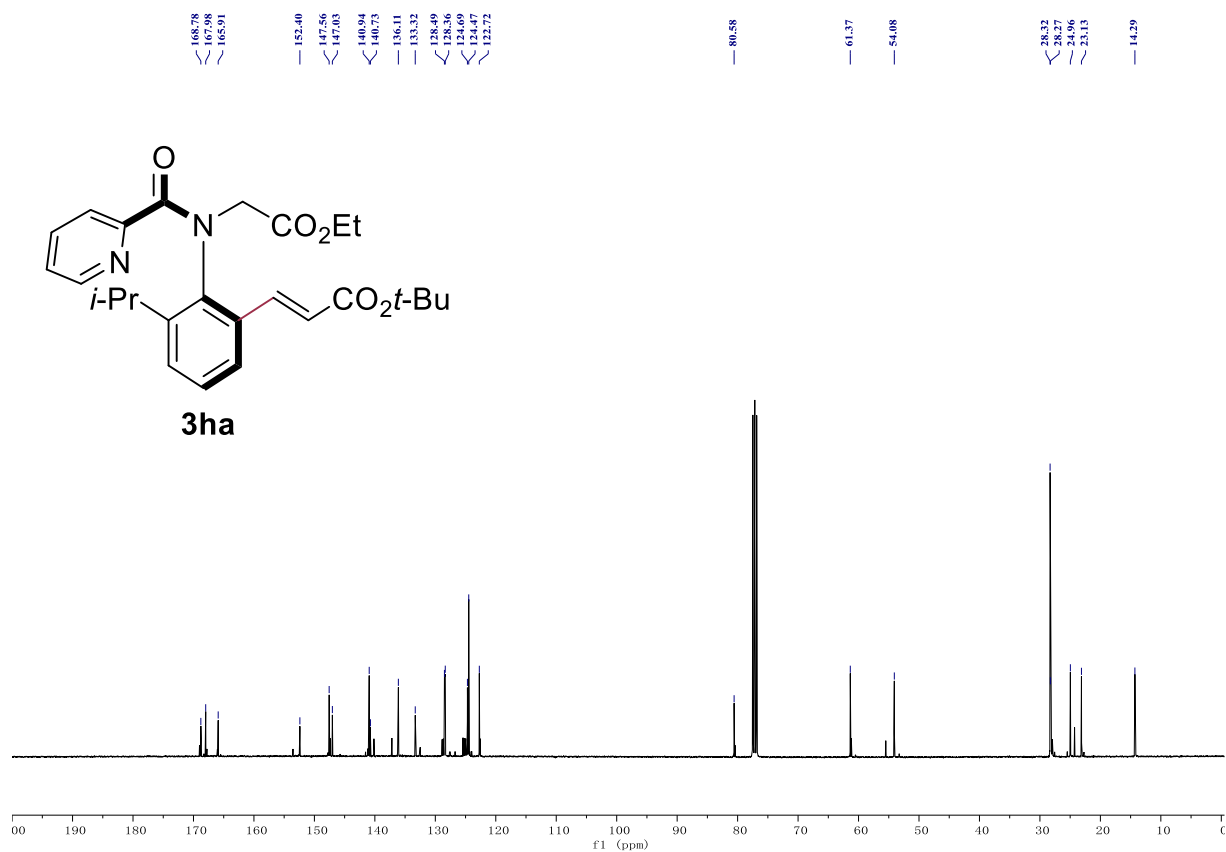
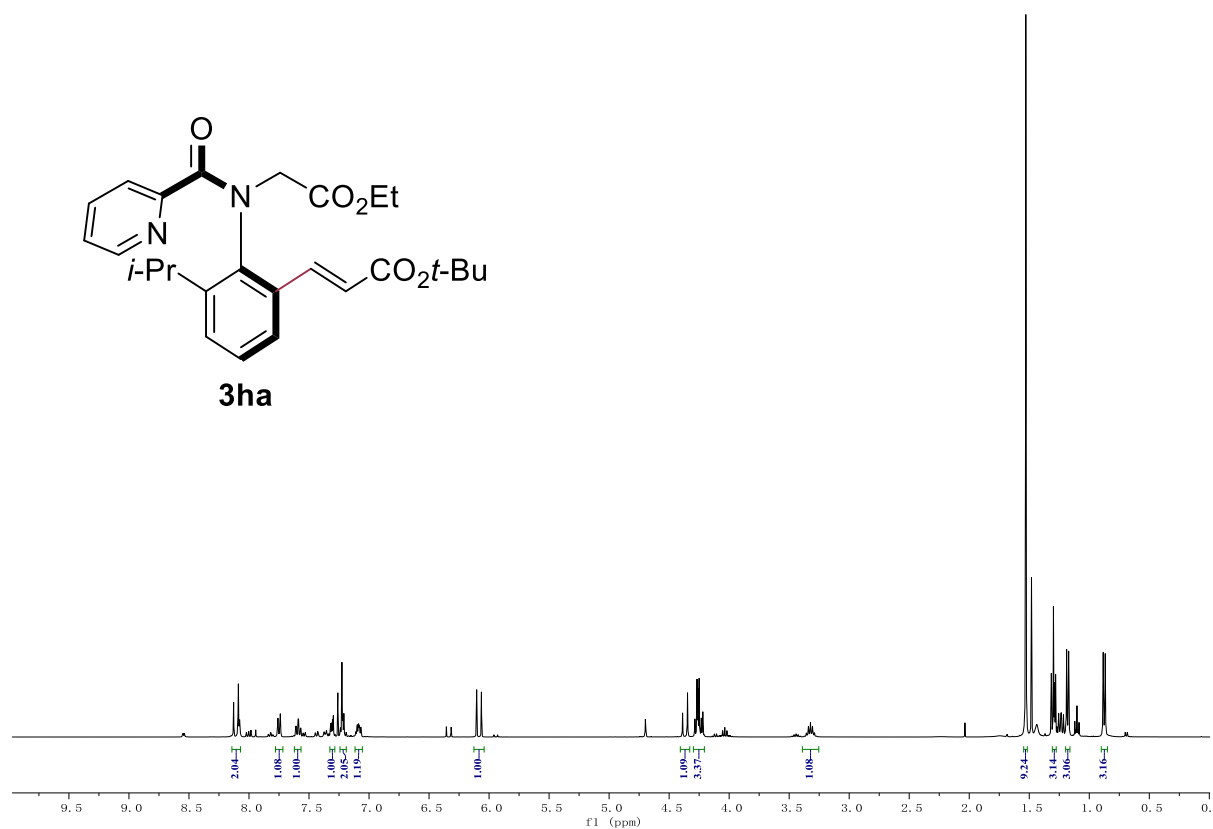


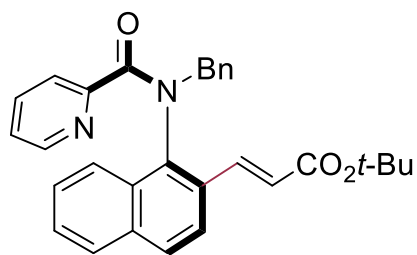




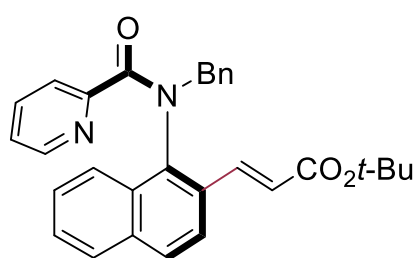
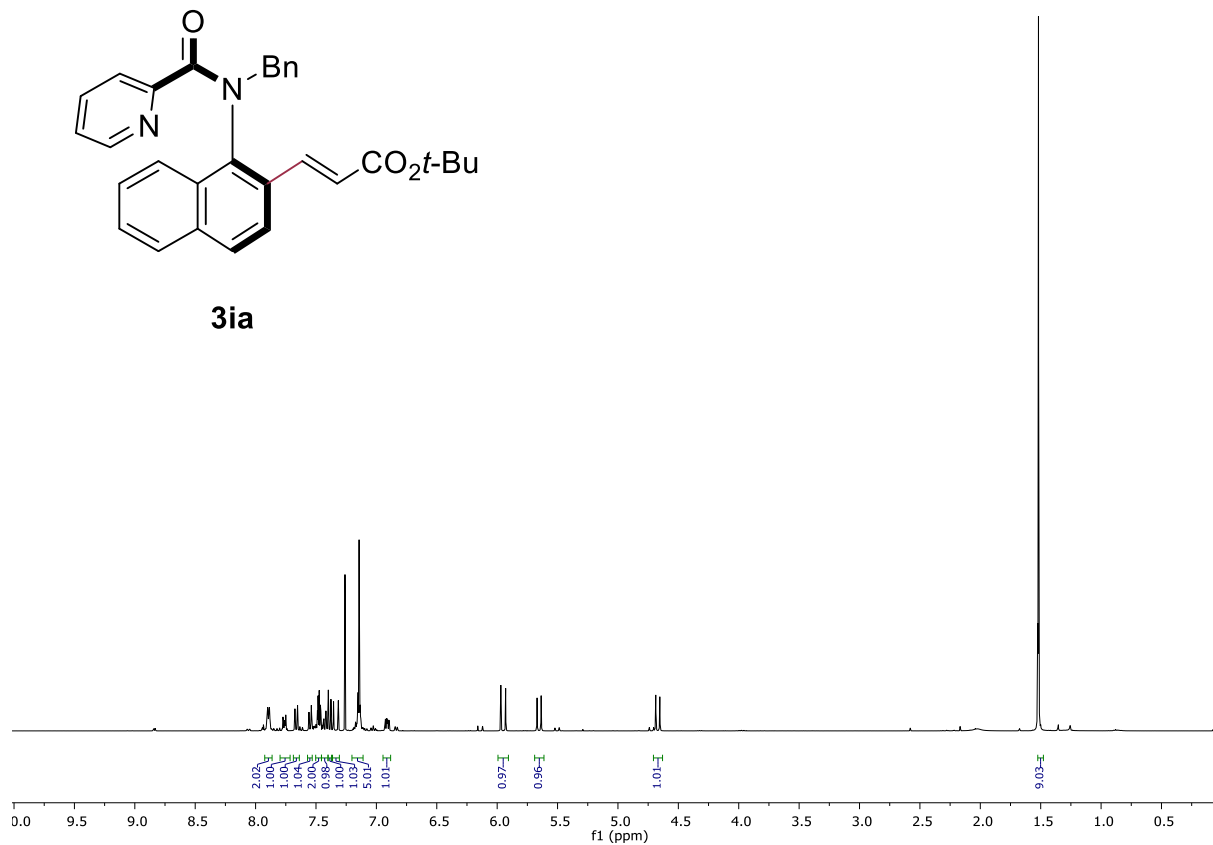




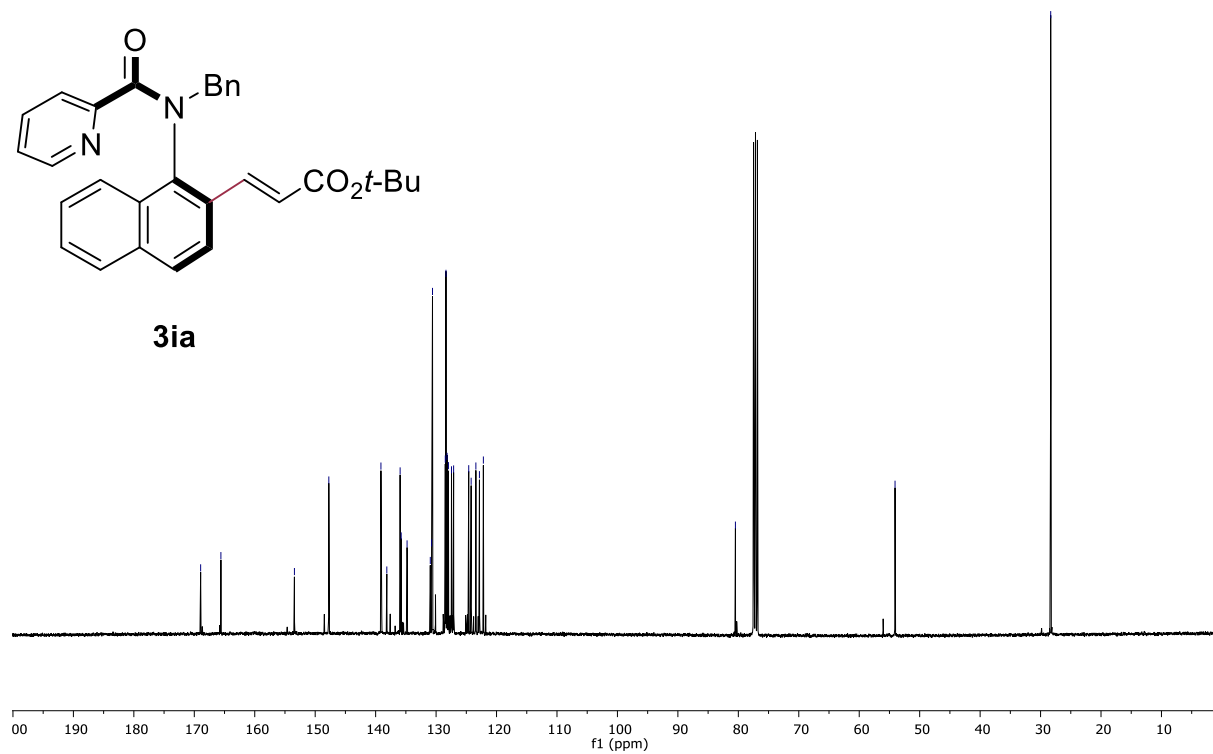


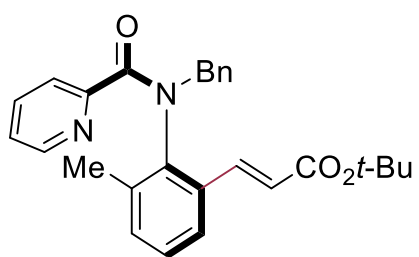


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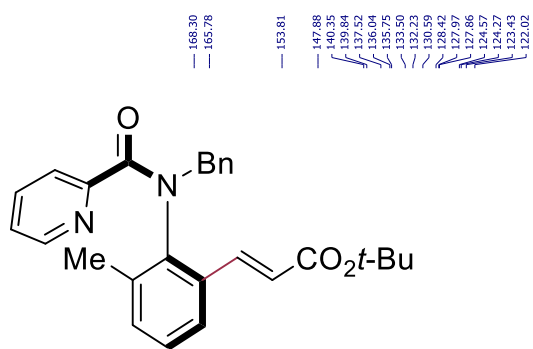
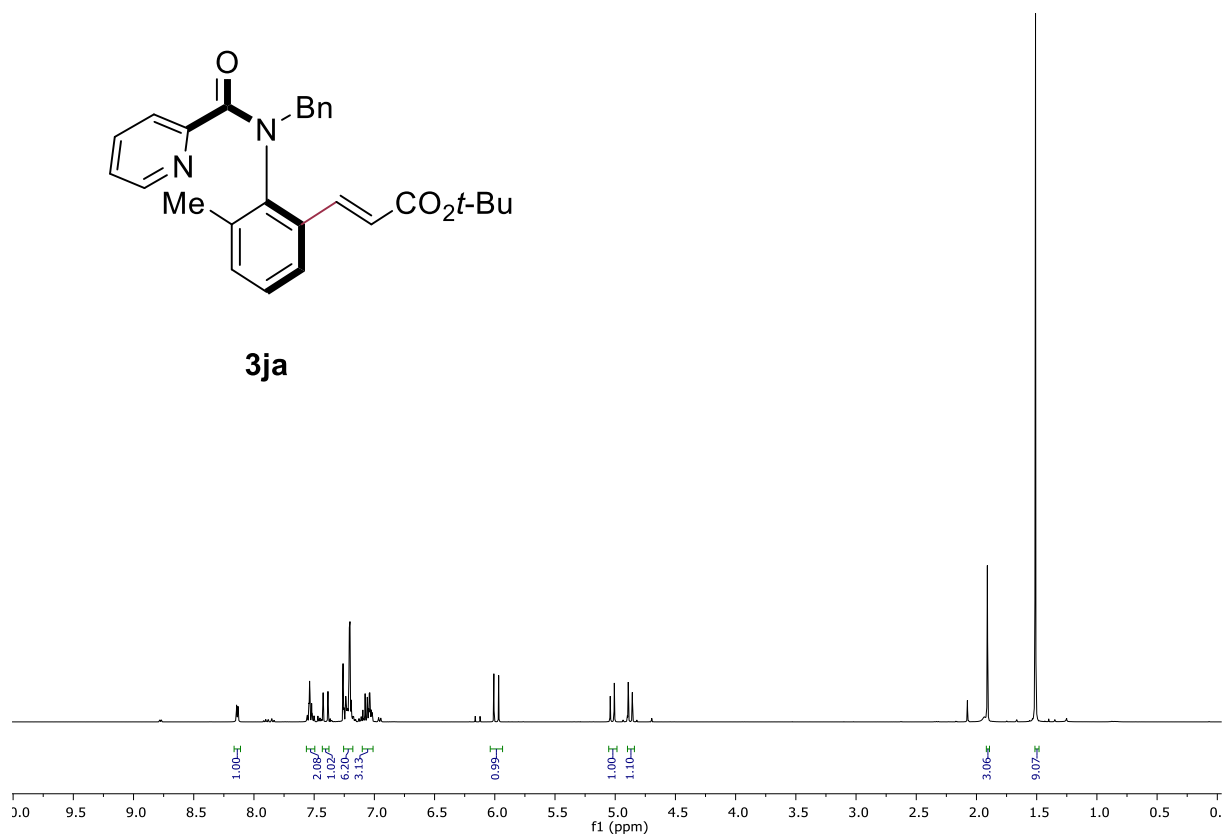


3ia





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