

## Supporting Information

### Indoor light harvesting lead-free 2-aminothiazolium bismuth iodide solar cells

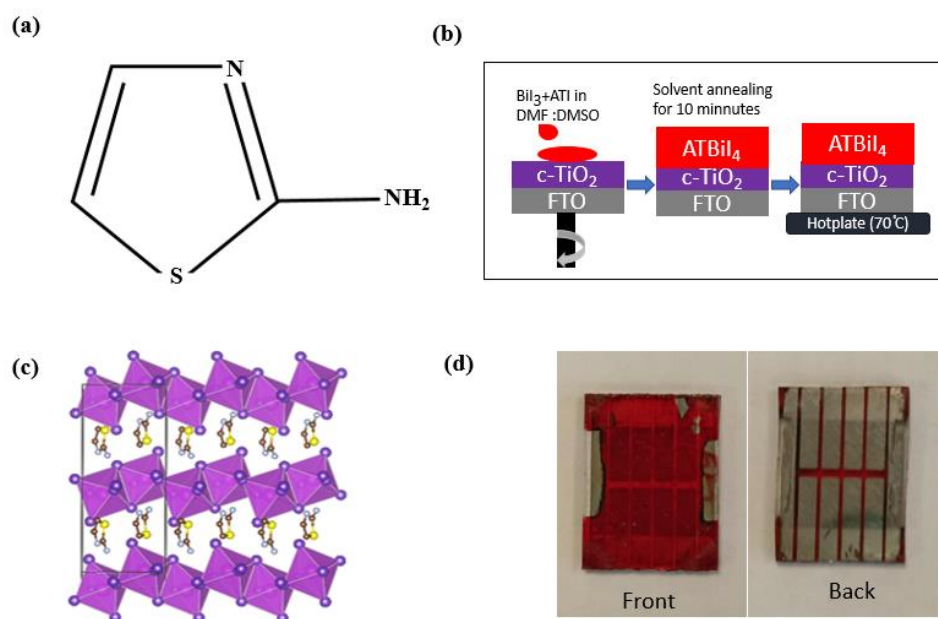
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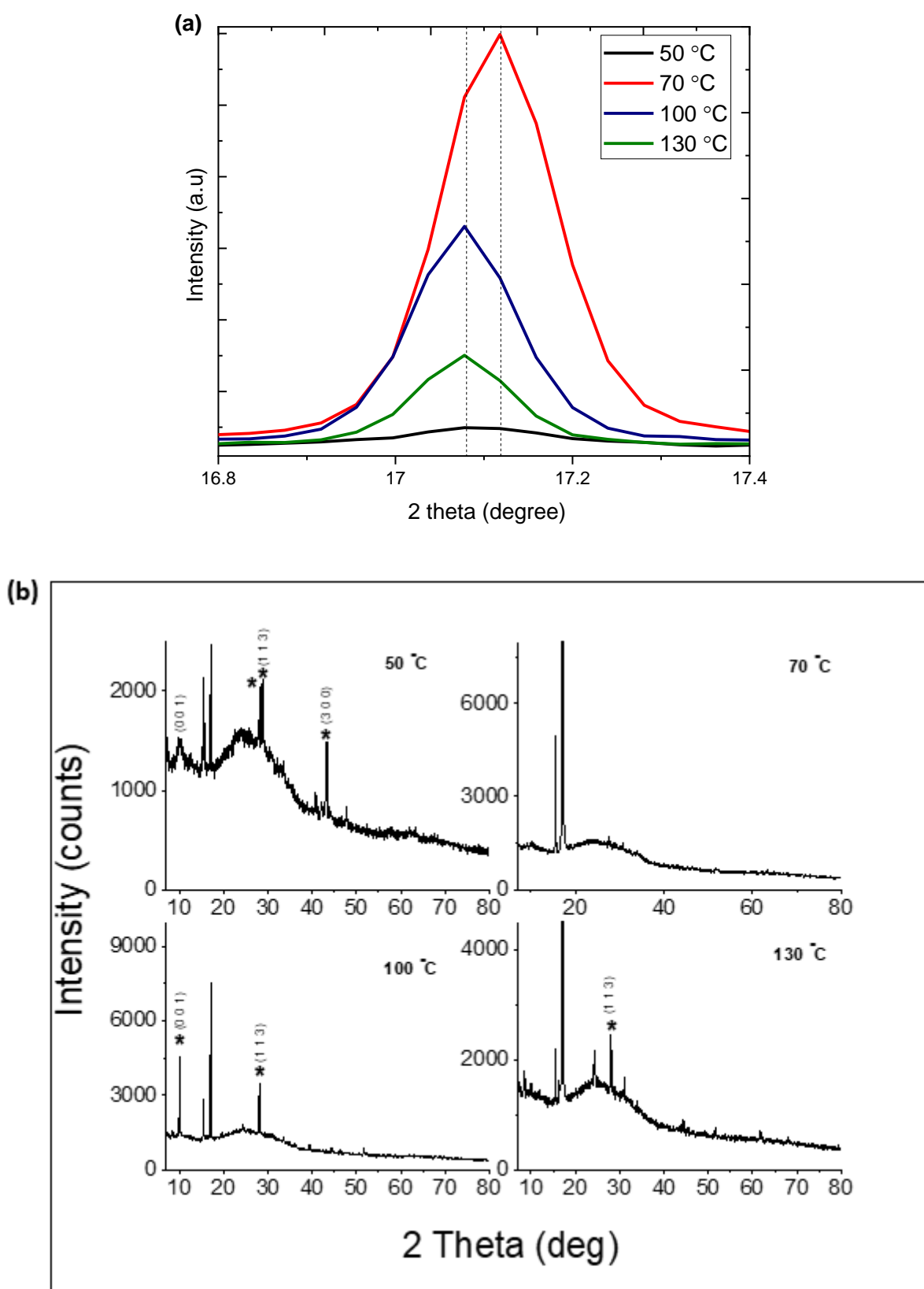
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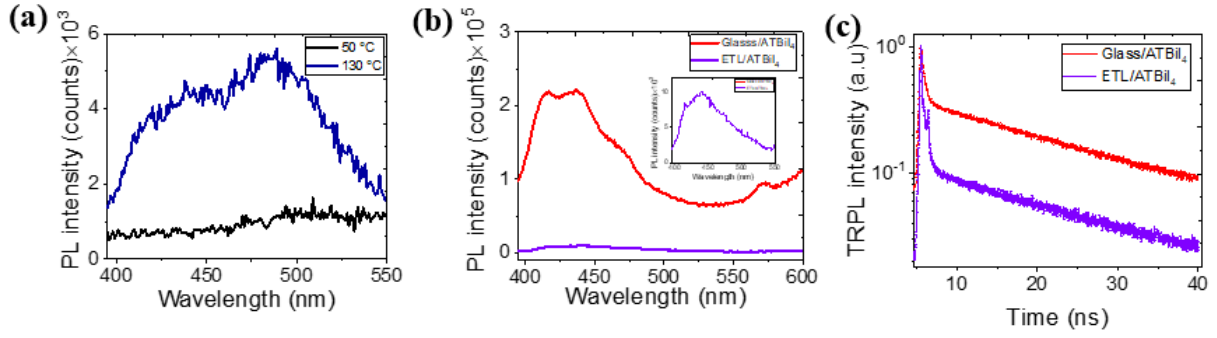
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**Fig. S1.** a) Chemical structure of ATI ligand, b) schematic of the film growth c) crystal structure of ATBi<sub>4</sub> [1] and d) photographs of a fabricated solar cell.



**Fig. S2.** (a) Enlarged view of the (112) XRD peak and (b) Normalized XRD patterns of the ATBi<sub>4</sub> films annealed at different temperatures with BiI<sub>3</sub> peaks indexed.

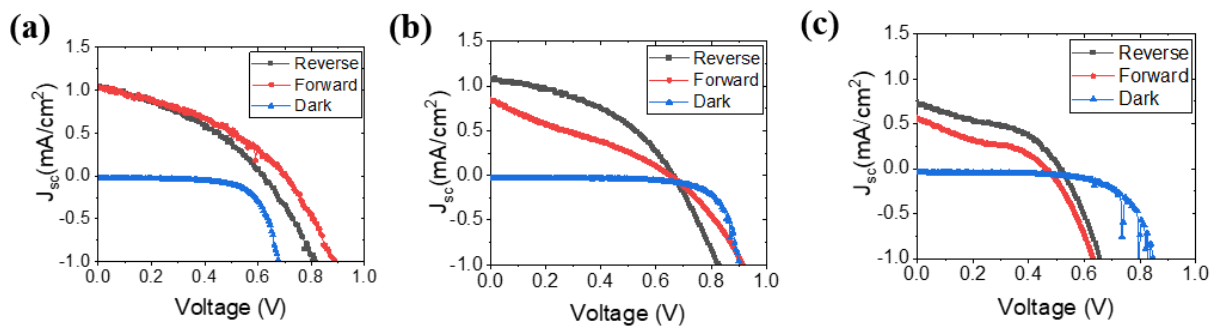


**Fig. S3.** (a) PL spectra of 50 °C and 130 °C annealed films, (b) PL spectra of optimal 70 °C annealed ATBiI<sub>4</sub> films on glass and ETL substrates, and (c) TRPL spectra of the optimal ATBiI<sub>4</sub> films on glass and ETL substrates.

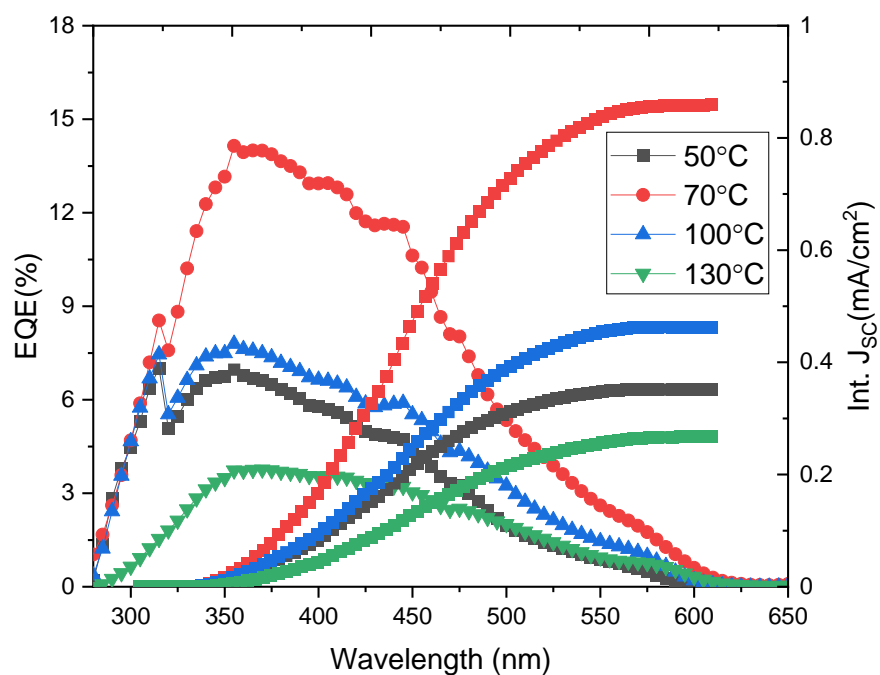
**Table S1:** TRPL decay life time of different temperature annealed ATBiI<sub>4</sub> films on glass.

Films	$\tau_1$ (ns)	$\tau_2$ (ns)	$\tau_3$ (ns)	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	$\tau_{avg}$ (ns)	Chi.sq
50 °C	0.12	0.12	1.31	120066.27	72023.00	539.93	0.05	269.00
70 °C	0.45	32.07	-	13138.33	4175.96	-	8.07	19234
100 °C	0.43	30.59	-	22006.77	3597.85	-	4.66	14702
130 °C	0.29	17.88	-	31748.38	2048.15	-	1.35	12688.02

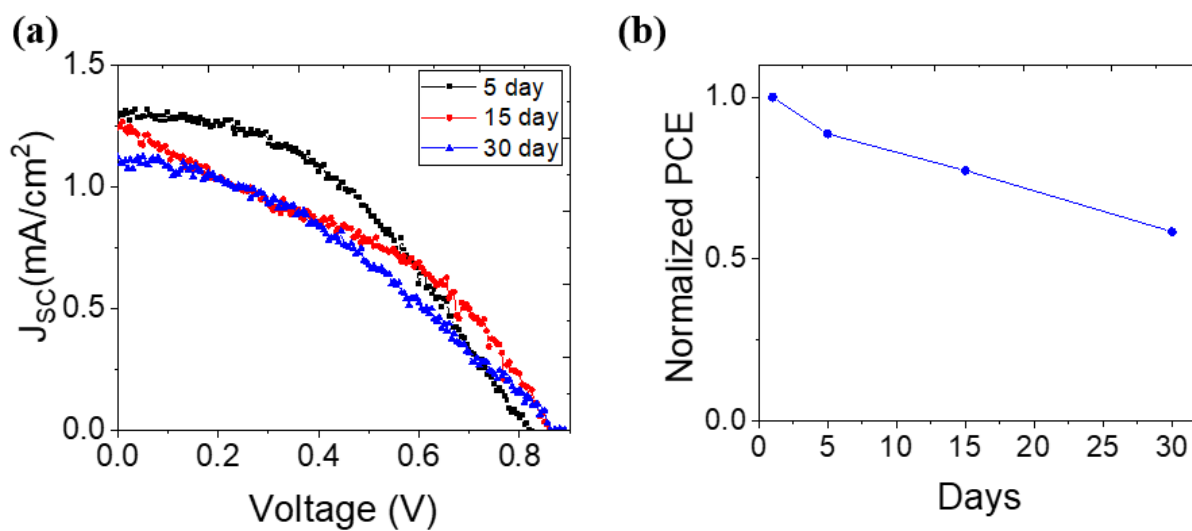
\*Average decay time is calculated according to the equation:  $\tau = (A_1\tau_1 + A_2\tau_2)/(A_1 + A_2)$ .



**Fig. S4:** Reverse and forward scan J-V plot of solar cells based on a) 50 °C, b) 100 °C and c) 130 °C annealed ATBiI<sub>4</sub> films.



**Fig. S5:** EQE and integrated  $J_{sc}$  spectra of solar cells with ATBiI<sub>4</sub> films annealed at 50 °C, 100 °C and 130 °C.



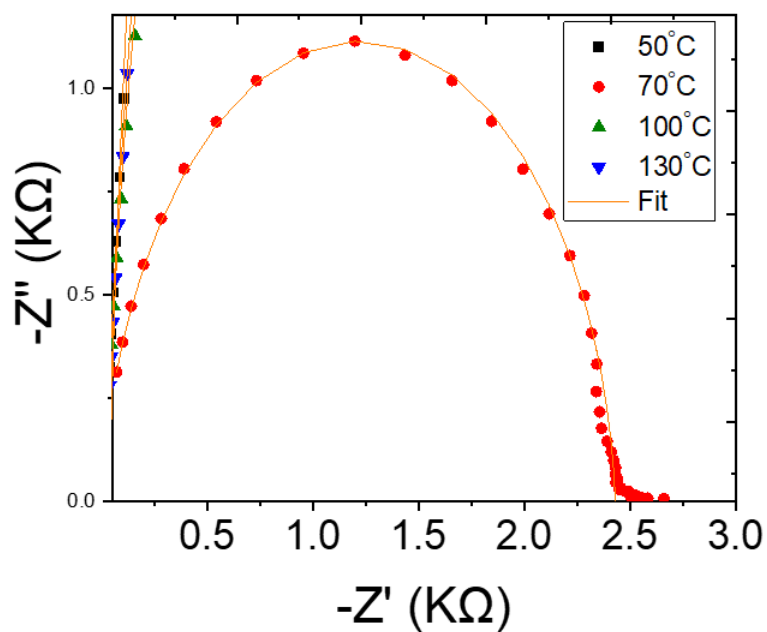
**Fig. S6:** Aging test of a solar cell with 70°C annealed ATBiI<sub>4</sub> film stored in ambient conditions (Relative humidity: 35-45 %, Temperature: 17-22 °C). (a) J-V plot of the device tested on varied days and (b) normalized PCE as a function time (in days).

**Table S2:** Trap densities ( $n_t$ ) estimated from the ETL and HTL only devices.

Films annealing temperature	$n_t$ ( $\times 10^{18} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ ) (ETL only device)	$n_t$ ( $\times 10^{18} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ ) (HTL only device)
50 °C	-	8.93
70 °C	2.5	3.99
100 °C	3.7	6.58
130 °C	-	23.5

**Table S3:** EIS fitting parameters of ATBiI<sub>4</sub> solar cells

Films annealing temperature	$R_s$ ( $\Omega$ )	$R_{ct}$ (k $\Omega$ )
50 °C	13.83	31.08
70 °C	3.18	2.42
100 °C	33.03	15.06
130 °C	37.60	40.51



**Fig. S7.** Magnified view of the Nyquist plot of 70 °C annealed ATBiI<sub>4</sub> based device with the corresponding fit.

## References

1. Li, T., et al., *Extending lead-free hybrid photovoltaic materials to new structures: thiazolium, aminothiazolium and imidazolium iodobismuthates*. Dalton Transactions, 2018. **47**(20): p. 7050-7058.