## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Post-transition metal/polymer composites for the separation and sensing of alkali metal ions

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**Fig. S1** SEM images and average size distribution of the EGaIn particles synthetized after (a): 10 min, (b): 20 min, (c): 30 min and (d): 40 min of sonication time.



**Fig. S2** (a) SEM image of the Ga nano-additives and (b) respective size distribution. (c) SEM image of the In nano-additives and (d) respective size distribution. (e) SEM image of the EGaIn nano-additives and (f) respective size distribution.



**Fig. S3** (a) SEM images of the surface of the Ga composite. (b) SEM-EDS mapping of the surface of the Ga composite.



**Fig. S4** (a) SEM images of the surface of the In-composite. (b) SEM-EDS mapping of the surface of the In composite and (c) SEM-EDS mapping of the cross-section of the In composite.



**Fig. S5** (a) Deconvoluted high resolution C 1s and (b) O 1s XPS peaks of the Ga-In, In, Ga composites, and the plain PVA/MA film as indicated.



**Fig. S6** Deconvoluted high resolution Ga 2p and In 3d XPS peaks of the Ga-In, In, Ga composites as indicated.



**Fig. S7** (a) Fitting of the linear region of the LSV curves for Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup> and K<sup>+</sup> at a concentration of 0.1 M. (b) Fitting of the linear region of the LSV curves for different concentration of Li<sup>+</sup>: 0.00, 0.05 mM, 1 mM, 10 mM and 100 mM. (c) LSV curves of the Ga-In composite in the tertiary mixtures at pH ranging from 5 to 8.5. (d), (e) and (f) LSV curves of the Ga-In composite in the simulated seawater, brine and tertiary salt mixture, respectively, at temperatures ranging from 10 °C to 40 °C.



**Fig. S8** Measured lag time across the Ga-In composite for single Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup> and K<sup>+</sup> electrolytes.



**Fig. S9** (a) lonic fluxes as a function of the feed concentration for the Ga-In composite for Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup> and K<sup>+</sup> electrolytes. (b) lonic conductivity as a function of the diffusion time for the Ga-In composite in mixed Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>, Li<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> and Li<sup>+</sup>/Na<sup>+</sup> electrolytes, and (c) respective calculated ionic fluxes. (d) Calculated Na<sup>+</sup>/Li<sup>+</sup> selectivity ratios as a function of the thickness of the Ga-In composites. (e) Ionic conductivity as a function of the diffusion time for Ga-In composites prepared with EGaIn nano-additives of different average sizes as a function of the sonication time, in mixed Li<sup>+</sup>/Na<sup>+</sup> electrolytes. (f) Li<sup>+</sup> concentration in the permeate after 2 hrs of diffusion time in the feed and (h) in the permeate.



**Fig S10** SEM images of the surface of the Ga-In composites prepared with EGaIn nanoadditives synthesized with (a): 10 min sonication time, (b) 20 min sonication time, (c) 30 min sonication time and (d) 40 min sonication time.



**Fig S11** Profilometer measurements and average calculated roughness (Ra) of the Ga-In composites containing the EGaIn additives prepared with (a) 10 min, (b) 20 min, (c) 30 min, and (d) 40 min sonication time.



**Fig. S12** (a) Ionic conductivity as a function of the three different electrode configurations for the Ga-In composite in  $Li^+$  electrolyte. (b) Ionic conductivity as a function of the electrodiffusion time for the Ga-In composite in mixed  $Li^+/Na^+$  electrolyte in the feed compartment and (c) the permeate compartment at fixed voltage (6 V).



**Fig. S13** (a) SEM-EDS mapping of the cross-section of the Ga-In composite after diffusion experiments (110 hrs). Comparison of (b) XRD patterns, (c) and (d) FTIR and Raman spectra of the Ga-In composite before and after diffusion experiments (110 hrs).

Lithium-rich source	Na⁺	K⁺	Li <sup>+</sup>
Continental brine	0.46 M	0.04 M	0.001 M
Seawater	0.18 M	0.005 M	0.002 mM

**Table S1.** Composition of the simulated continental brine and seawater solutions.