

Electronic Supplementary Information

**Excellent energy storage properties and superior stability achieved in
lead-free ceramics via spatial sandwich structure design strategy**

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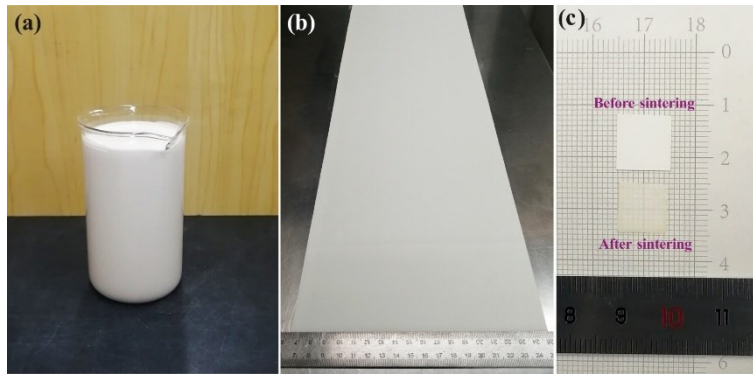


Figure S1(a) A picture of the prepared tape casting slurry; Images of the prepared (b) tape casting thick films and (c) ceramic samples

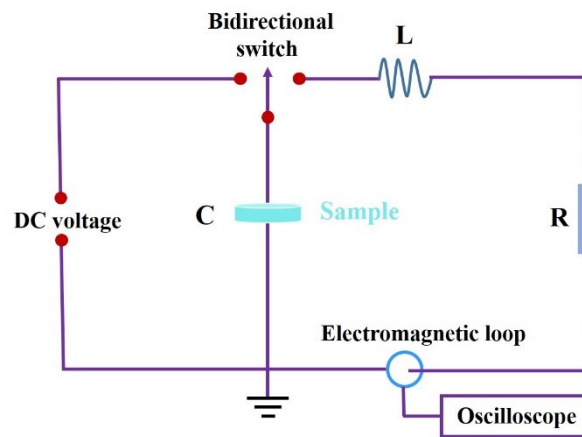


Figure S2 Schematic diagram of the charging-discharging measurement

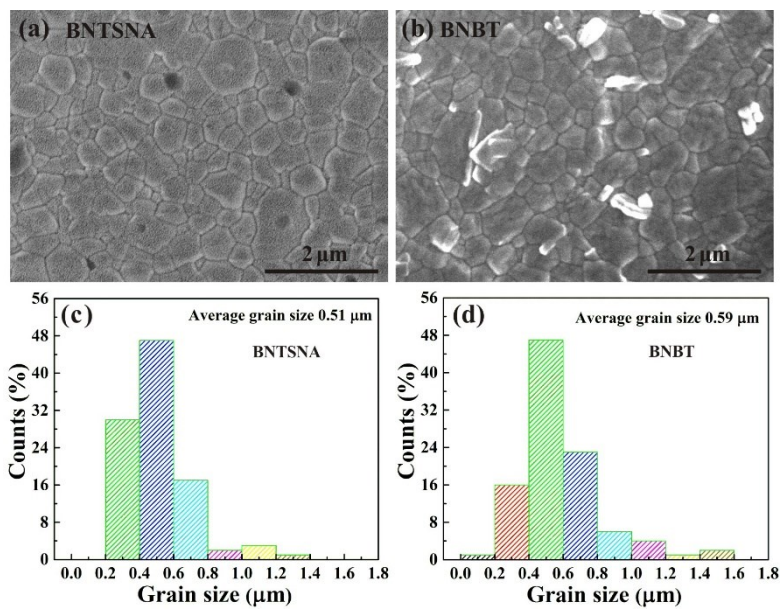


Figure S3 SEM images and grain size distributions for the thermally etched surface of (a, c) BNTSNA and (b, d) BNBT ceramics

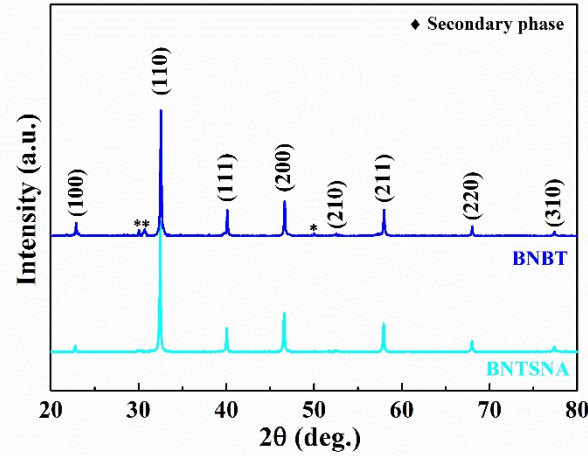


Figure S4 XRD patterns of the BNTSNA and BNBT ceramics

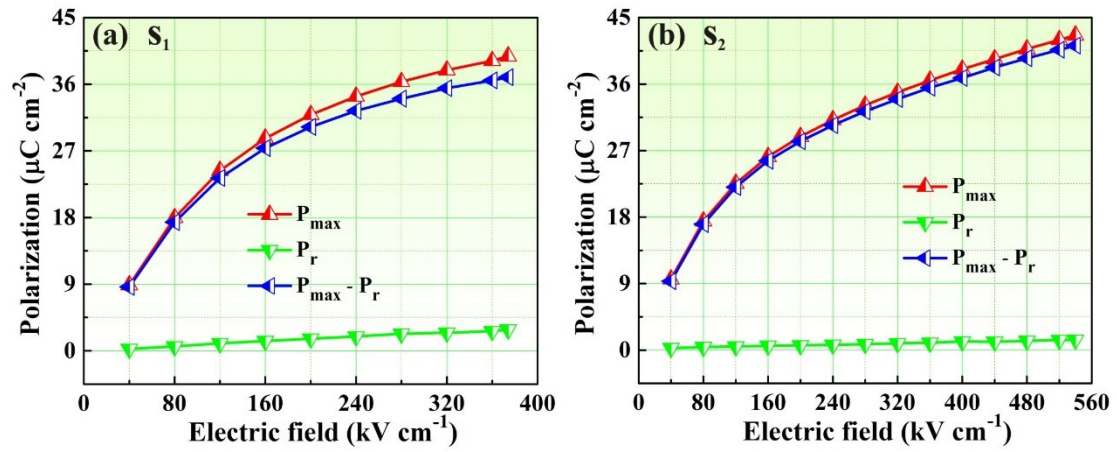


Figure S5 Polarization of P_{\max} , P_r and $P_{\max} - P_r$ as a function of the electric field for (a) S_1 and (b)

S_2

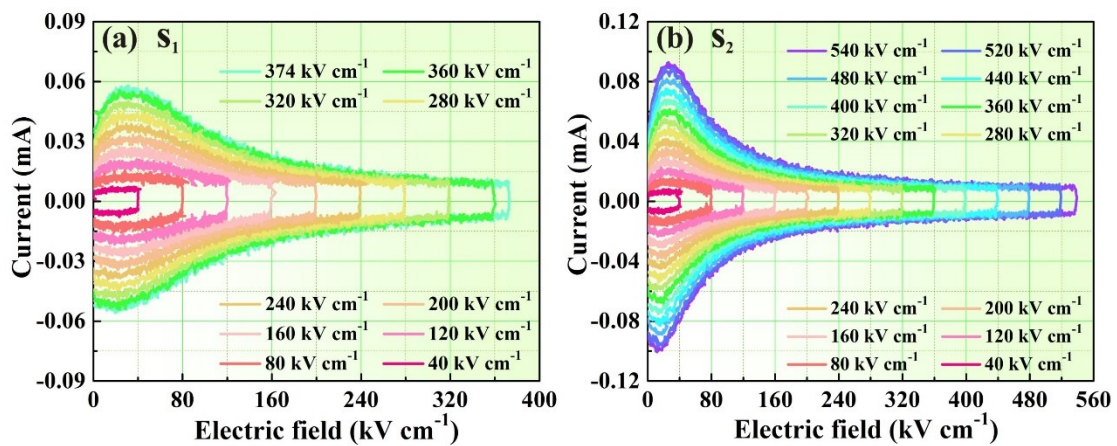


Figure S6 Current versus electric field (I-E) curves for (a) S_1 and (b) S_2 under different electric fields

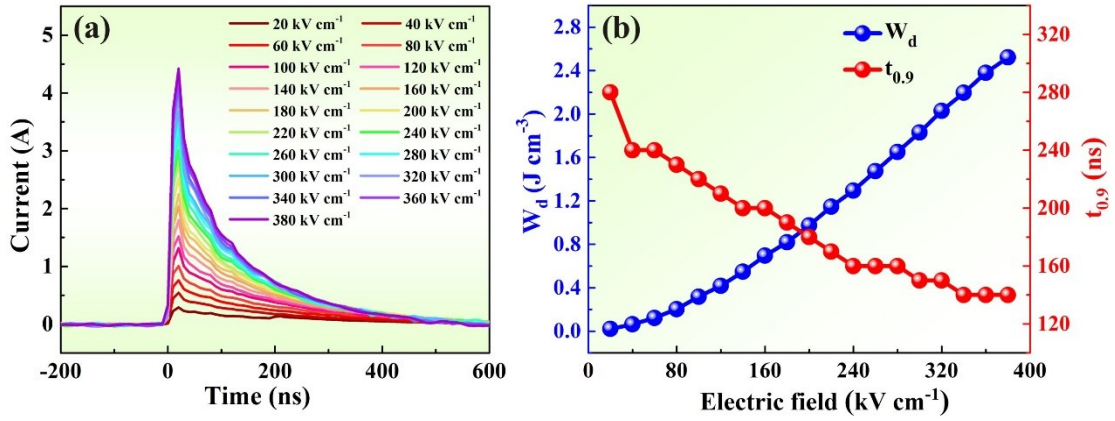


Figure S7(a) Time dependent discharge current under different electric fields for S_2 , (b) Discharging energy density (W_d) and discharging time ($t_{0.9}$) as a function of electric field for S_2

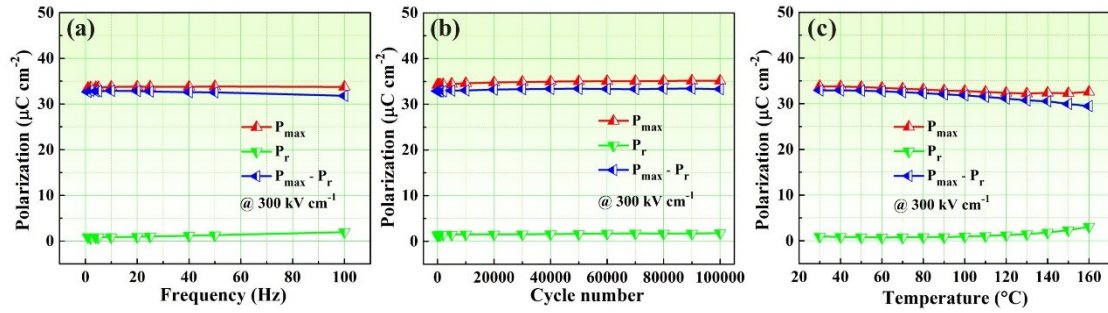


Figure S8 Polarization of P_{max} , P_r and $P_{\text{max}} - P_r$ as a function of (a) frequency, (b) cycle numbers, and (c) temperature for S_2