## **Supplementary Information**

Target-customized carbon shell structure of carbon-encapsulated metal nanoparticles for fuel cell applications

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## **Experimental**

We have obtained the electrochemically active surface areas (ECSAs) of the prepared catalysts from CO stripping curves using the well-known formula defined below.

$$ECSA(m^{2}g_{Pt}^{-1}) = \frac{Total \ charge(Q) \ for \ CO \ oxidation}{Q_{CO}(420 \ \mu C \ cm^{-2}) \ \times \ Pt \ loading(g_{Pt})}$$

Furthermore, the exposed metal surface area (EMSA) of carbon shell-encapsulated metal nanoparticles was newly defined in this manuscript to quantitatively highlight the metal surface area exposed through the carbon shell regardless of metal composition. Therefore, the EMSA was simply calculated using "total metal loading (Pt + Fe)" instead of "Pt loading".

 $EMSA(m^{2}g_{metal}^{-1}) = \frac{Total \ charge(Q) \ for \ CO \ oxidation}{Q_{CO}(420 \ \mu C \ cm^{-2}) \times \ Total \ metal \ loading(g_{metal})}$ 



**Fig. S1** Structural change of PtFe@C/C with H<sub>2</sub> content in annealing gas at 900 °C. TEM images of (a) 0HCS\_900, (b) 5HCS\_900, (c) 10HCS\_900, and (d) 20HCS\_900. In each figure, the inset indicates a HR-TEM image of the corresponding nanoparticle to identify the thickness of the carbon shell.



**Fig. S2** TEM images and particle size distribution for PtFe@C/C catalysts annealed at 700  $^{\circ}$ C. (a) 0HCS\_700, (b) 5HCS\_700, (c) 10HCS\_700, and (d) 20HCS\_700.



**Fig. S3** TEM images and particle size distribution for PtFe@C/C catalysts annealed at 900 °C. (a) 0HCS\_900, (b) 5HCS\_900, (c) 10HCS\_900, and (d) 20HCS\_900.



Fig. S4 XRD patterns of PtFe@C/C catalysts annealed at 900 °C.



**Fig. S5** CVs and CO stripping curves of PtFe@C/C catalysts annealed under different gas atmospheres at (a,b) 700  $^{\circ}$ C and (c,d) 900  $^{\circ}$ C.



**Fig. S6** Changes in (a) mass activity (MA), (b) specific activity (SA), and (c) ECSA of Pt/C and PtFe@C/C catalysts during ASTs.



**Fig. S7** TEM images and particle size distribution of Pt/C after ASTs. (a) 0k, (b) 10k, and (c) 20k cycles.



**Fig. S8** TEM images and particle size distribution of 20HCS\_700 after ASTs. (a) 0k, (b) 10k, and (c) 20k cycles.



**Fig. S9** STEM image, EDX spectrum, and atomic ratio of Pt and Fe for 20HCS\_700 after ASTs. (a) 0k, (b) 10k, and (c) 20k cycles.



**Fig. S10** Radar chart showing changes in the current density at 0.9 V (i@0.9V), mass activity (MA), specific activity(SA), atomic ratio of metals (Fe/Pt), and ECSA of 20HCS\_700 during the ASTs. The pentagonal line starts at the outermost 100 % (blue line, before AST) and decreases in steps of 20 %.



**Fig. S11** TEM images and particle size distribution of 10HCS\_700 after ASTs. (a) 0k, (b) 10k, and (c) 20k cycles.



**Fig. S12** STEM image, EDX spectrum, and atomic ratio of Pt and Fe for 10HCS\_700 after ASTs. (a) 0k, (b) 10k, and (c) 20k cycles.



**Fig. S13** STEM image, EDX spectrum, and atomic ratio of Pt and Fe for 5HCS\_700 after ASTs. (a) 0k, (b) 10k, and (c) 20k cycles.



**Fig. S14** TEM images and particle size distribution of 5HCS\_700 after ASTs. (a) 0k, (b) 10k, and (c) 20k cycles.



**Fig. S15** EIS spectra of the MEAs with (a) commercial Pt/C, (b) 20HCS\_700, (c) 10HCS\_700, and (d) 5HCS\_700 before and after ASTs.



**Fig. S16** CVs of the MEAs with (a) commercial Pt/C, (b) 20HCS\_700, (c) 10HCS\_700, and (d) 5HCS\_700 before and after ASTs.

**Table S1.** Crystallite size (from XRD patterns) and particle size (from TEM analysis) of PtFe@C catalysts annealed under different gas atmospheres at 700 ℃.

	20HCS_700	10HCS_700	5HCS_700	0HCS_700
Crystallite size	4.33 nm	2.31 nm	2.30 nm	2.03 nm
Particle size	4.53 nm	2.46 nm	2.24 nm	2.11 nm

**Table S2.** Crystallite size (from XRD patterns) and particle size (from TEM analysis) of PtFe@C catalysts annealed under different gas atmospheres at 900 ℃.

	20HCS_900	10HCS_900	5HCS_900	0HCS_900
Crystallite size	5.15 nm	2.99 nm	2.83 nm	2.52 nm
Particle size	5.21 nm	2.97 nm	2.88 nm	2.57 nm

**Table S3.** ECSA values of PtFe@C catalysts annealed under different gas atmospheres at 700  $^{\circ}$ C and 900  $^{\circ}$ C.

H <sub>2</sub> content in	Annealing temperature			
annealing gas	700 °C	900 °C		
0 %	14.6 m $^{2}$ g <sub>pt</sub> $^{-1}$	12.4 m $^{2}$ g <sub>pt</sub> $^{-1}$		
5 %	$62.3 \text{ m}^2 \text{g}_{\text{pt}}^{-1}$	$38.3 \text{ m}^2 \text{g}_{\text{pt}}^{-1}$		
10 %	97.3 m $^{2}$ g <sub>pt</sub> $^{-1}$	55.2 m $^{2}$ g <sub>pt</sub> $^{-1}$		
20 %	87.7 m $^{2}$ g <sub>pt</sub> $^{-1}$	$61.1 \text{ m}^2 \text{g}_{\text{pt}}^{-1}$		