

Supplementary Information

Silver alloy based metal matrix composites: A potential material for highly reliable transparent thin film heater

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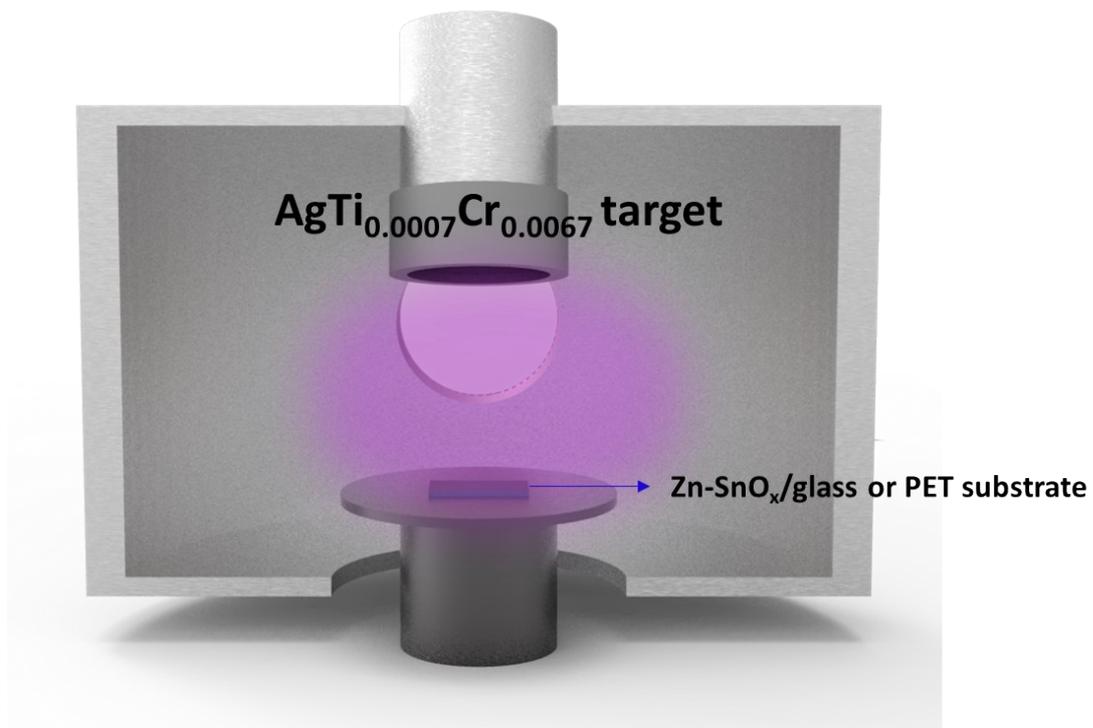


Fig. S1. Schematic of the on-axis RF sputtering system.

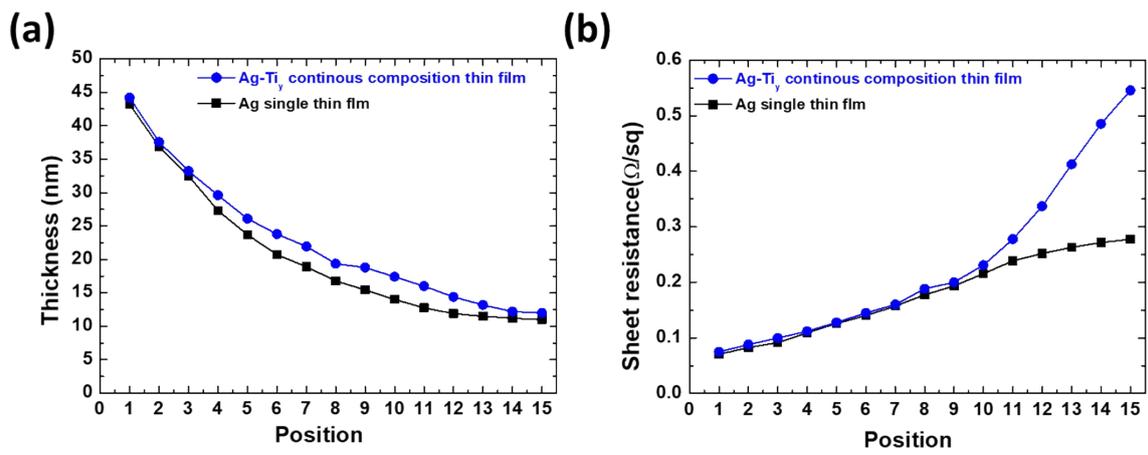
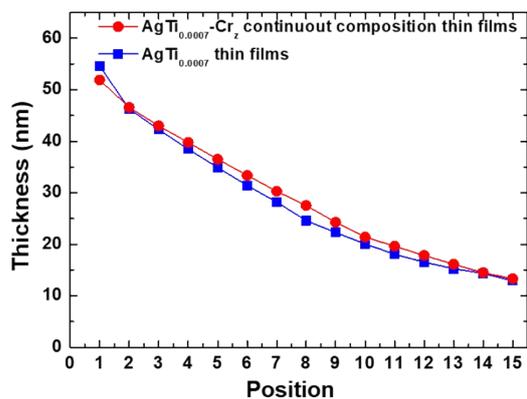


Fig. S2. (a) Thickness and (b) the sheet resistance of Ag single thin film and Ag-Ti_y continuous composition thin film deposited by CCS method.

(a)



(b)

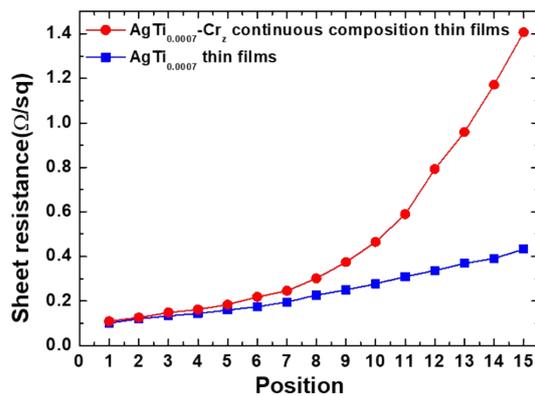


Fig. S3 (a) Thickness and (b) sheet resistance of AgTi_{0.0007} single thin film and AgTi_{0.0007}-Cr_x continuous composition thin films deposited by CCS method.

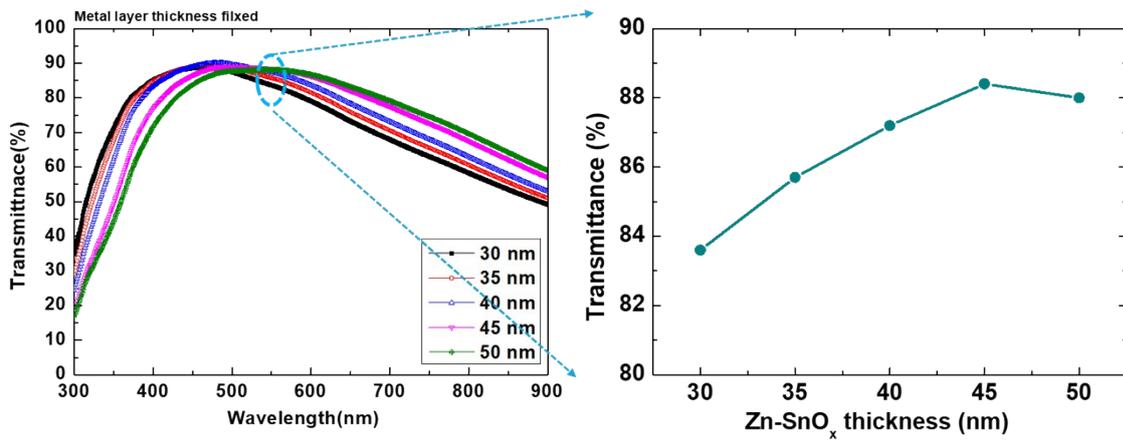


Fig. S4 The optical simulation data of Zn-SnO_x/ATC/Zn-SnO_x multilayers when the thickness of metal layer was fixed as 10 nm.

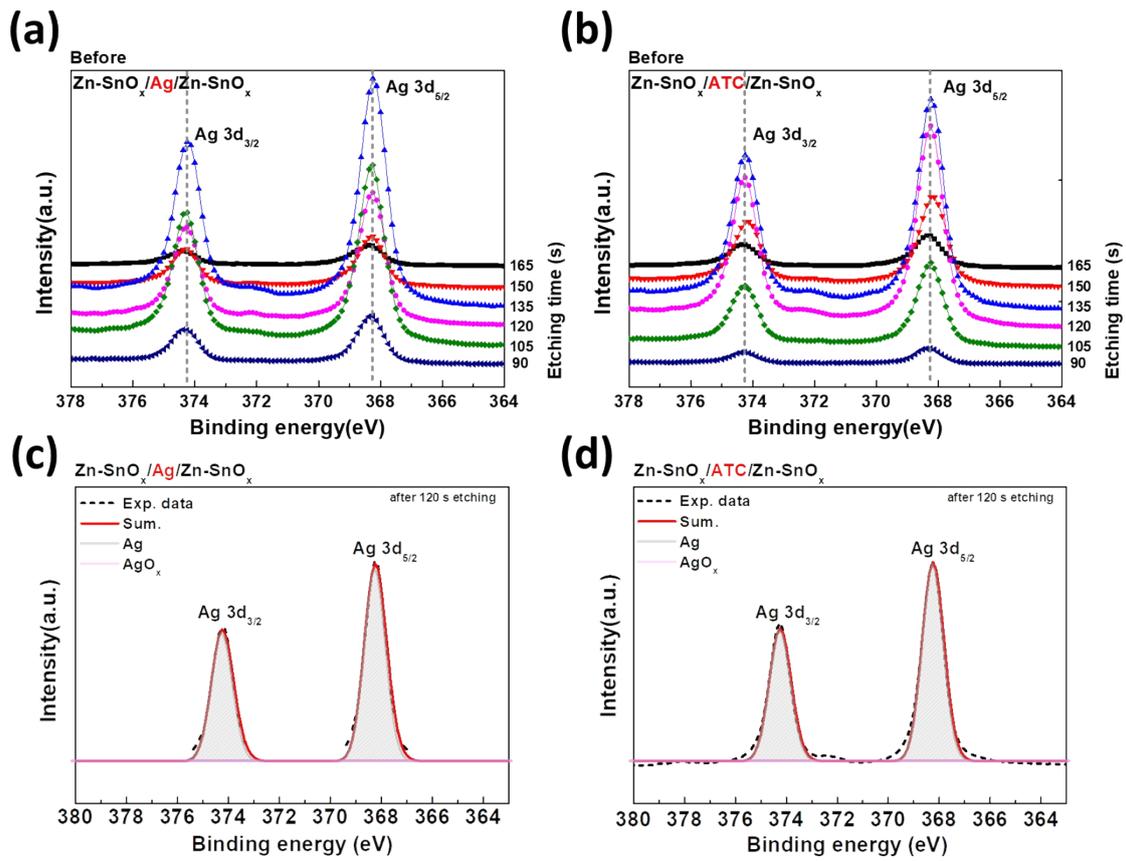


Fig. S5 XPS depth profiling analysis of the Ag 3d peaks of (a) Zn-SnO_x/Ag/Zn-SnO_x multilayer and of (b) Zn-SnO_x/ATC/Zn-SnO_x multilayer before the constant temperature-humidity test. XPS spectra of the Ag 3d binding energy of the interface of (c) Ag/ZTO (d) ATC/ZTO at Ar⁺ etching time of 120 s

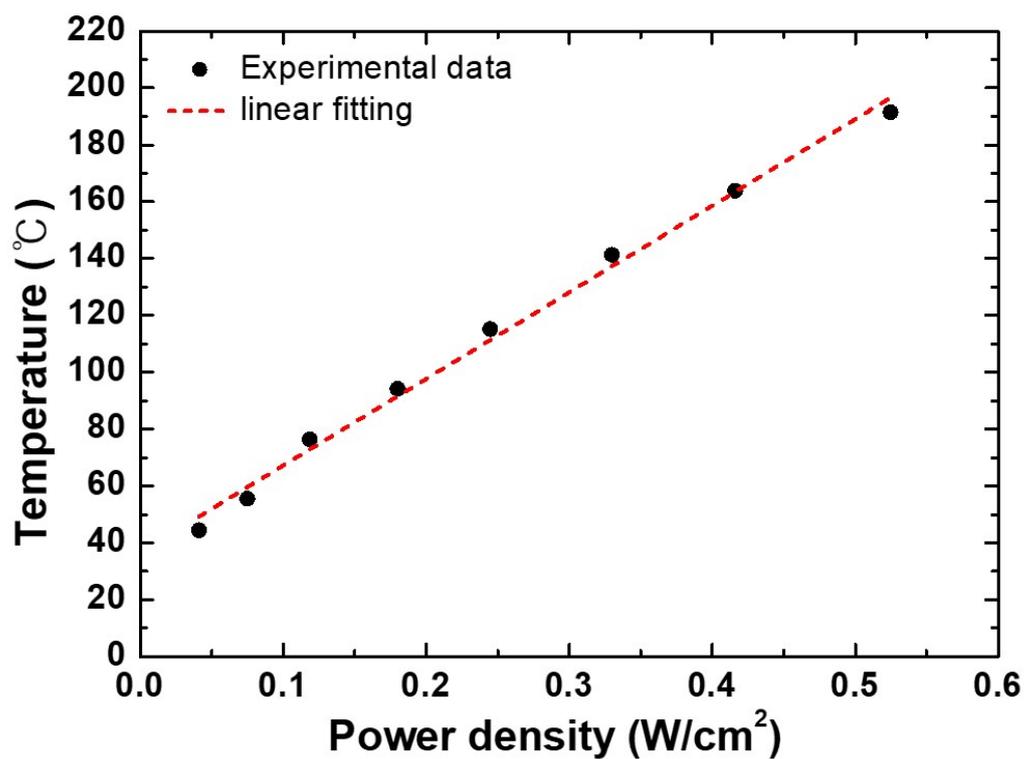


Fig. S6. The temperature of the Zn-SnO_x/ATC/Zn-SnO_x multilayer thin film defroster as a function of supplied power.

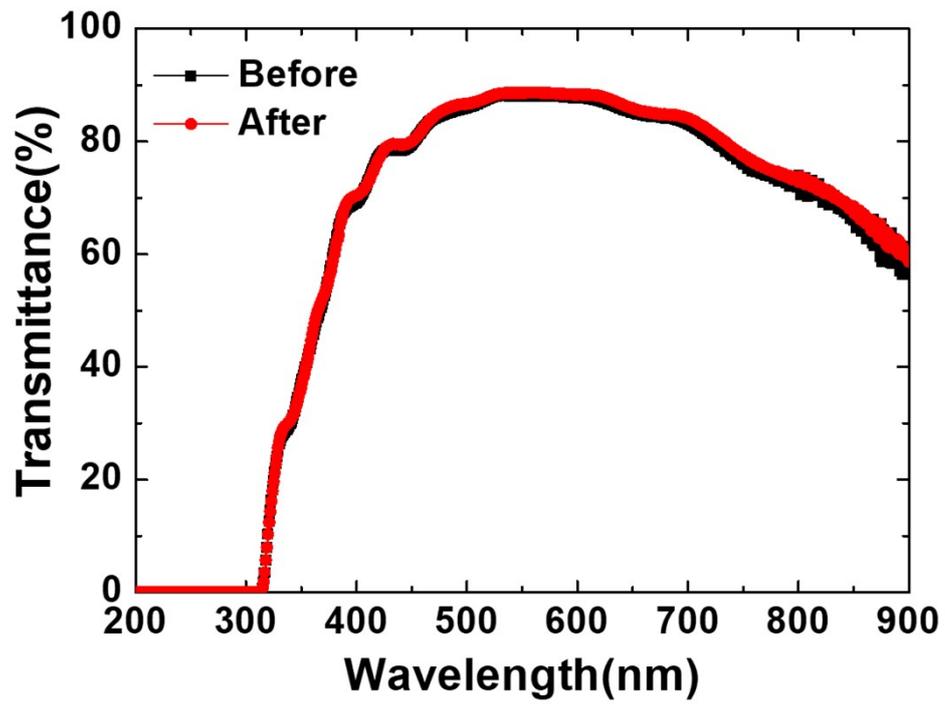


Fig. S7. The temperature of the Zn-SnO_x/ATC/Zn-SnO_x multilayer thin film defroster as a function of supplied power.

Table S1. Comparison of power efficiency, reliable heat-cooling cycle, and transmittance of reported transparent defroster.

Materials	Power efficiency (°C cm²/W)	Reliable heating- cooling cycle	Transmittance (%, at 550 nm)	Ref.
ITO	88	-	-	1
FTO	119	-	-	
Ag nanowire(AgNW)	160	20	58	2
AgNW/PEDOT:PSS	179	50	83	1
Ag wire mesh	255	5	77	3
Cu/Ni nano-network	421	20	71	4
ZTO/Ag/ZTO multilayer	322	100	86	Previous work ⁵
ZTO/ATC/ZTO multilayer	305	200	89	This work

Reference

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