

Supporting Information

Air-stable Artificial Synapse Based on Lead-free Double Perovskite Cs₂AgBiBr₆ Film for Neuromorphic Computing

*Jie Lao^a, Wen Xu^a, Chunli Jiang^a, Ni Zhong^{a,b}, Bobo Tian^a, Hechun Lin^a,
Chunhua Luo^a, Jadranka Travas-sejdic^{c,d}, Hui Peng^{a,b,*} and Chun-Gang Duan^a*

^a Key Laboratory of Polar Materials and Devices (MOE), Department of Electronics, School of Physics and Electronic Science, East China Normal University, Shanghai, 200241, China.

^b Collaborative Innovation Center of Extreme Optics, Shanxi University, Taiyuan, Shanxi 030006, China

^c Polymer Biointerface Centre, The University of Auckland, Private Bag 92019, Auckland, New Zealand

^d MacDiarmid Institute for Advanced Materials and Nanotechnology, New Zealand

* Corresponding author: Hui Peng (E-mail: hpeng@ee.ecnu.edu.cn)

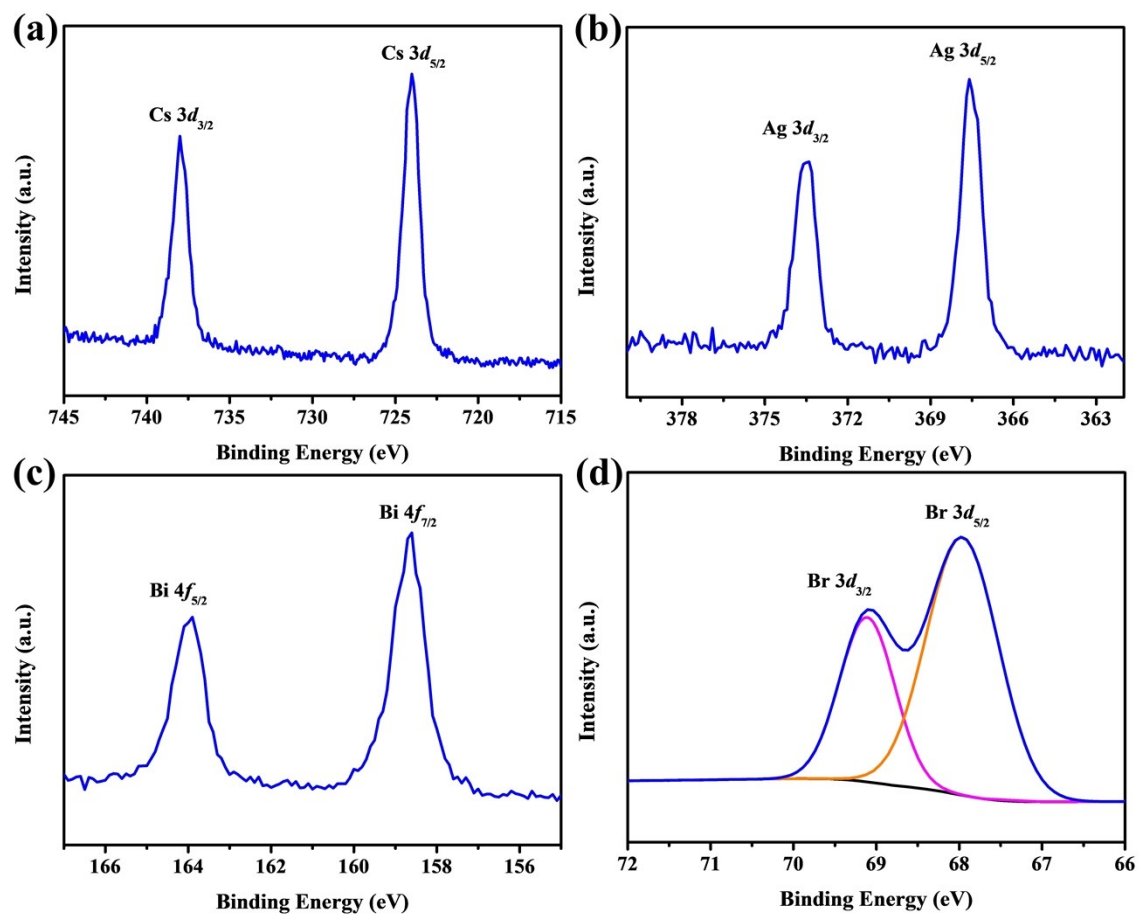


Figure S1. XPS spectrum of $\text{Cs}_2\text{AgBiBr}_6$ film (a) Cs; (b) Ag; (c) Bi and (d) Br elements.

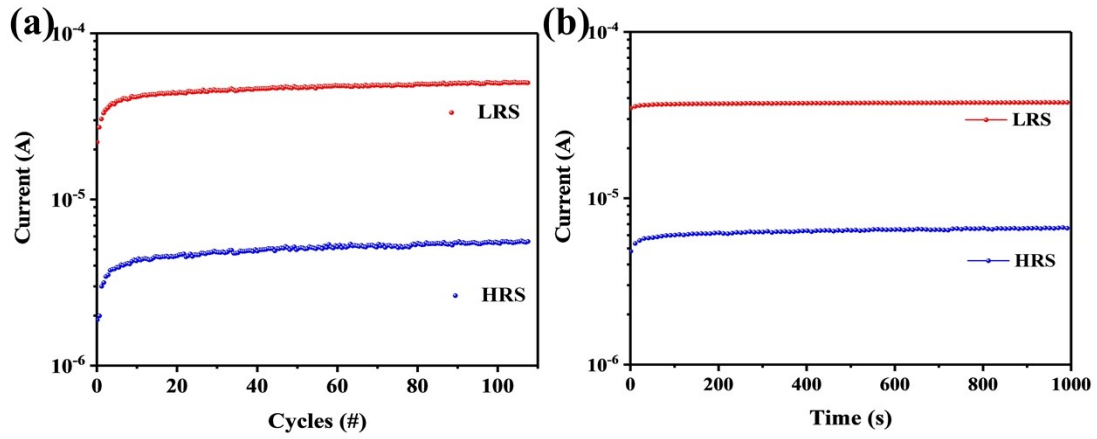


Figure S2 (a) Endurance read at 0.1 V extracted from 110 “writing” and “erasing” cycles and (b) retention read at 0.1 V for the Ag/PMMA/Cs₂AgBiBr₆/ITO device.

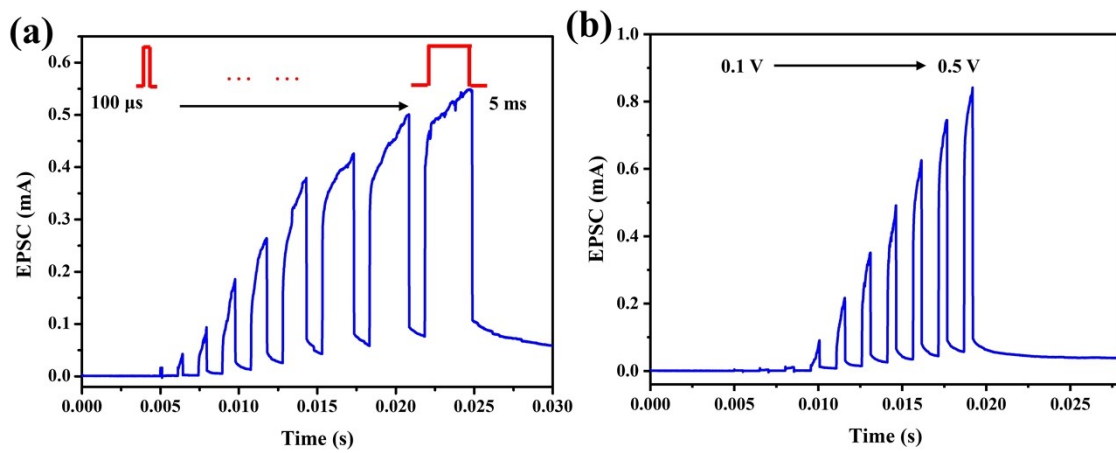


Figure S3. EPSC triggered by (a) different pulse widths (0.1 ms ~ 5 ms) and (b) different voltage bias (0.1 ~ 0.5 V) on Cs₂AgBiBr₆-based device.

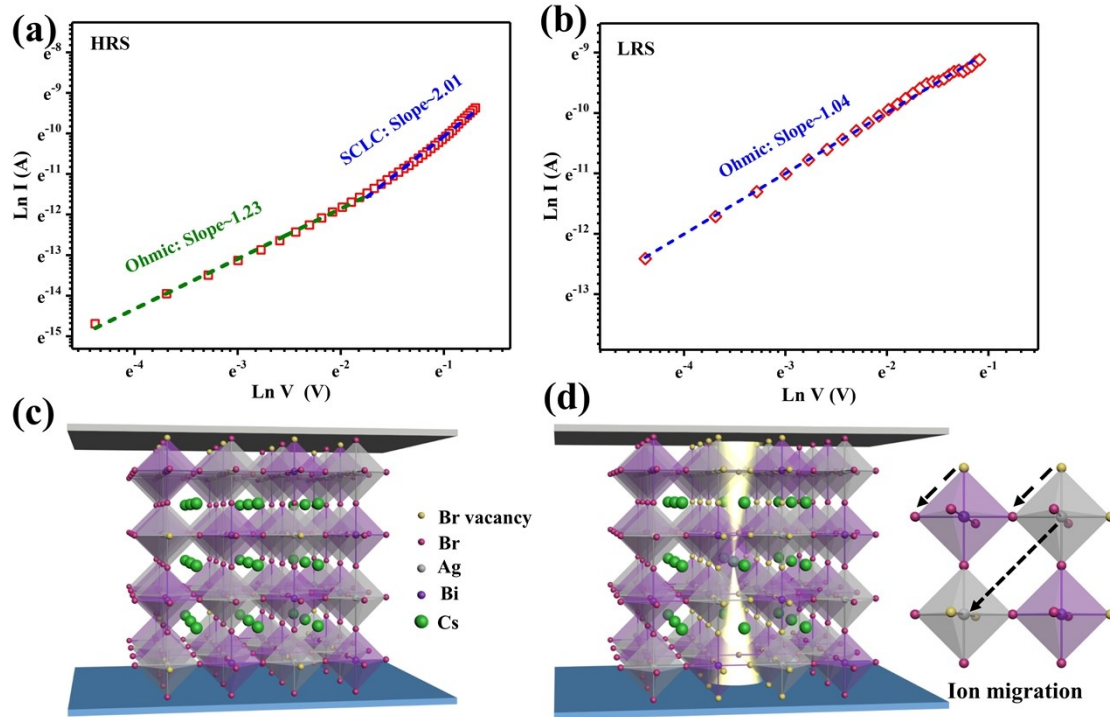


Figure S4. Conduction mechanism of the $\text{Cs}_2\text{AgBiBr}_6$ -based memristor. The $\ln I$ – $\ln V$ with linear fitting in (a) HRS and (b) LRS. Schematic diagram of (c) initial state and (d) formation of conductive filaments caused by Br and Ag^+ ion migration.

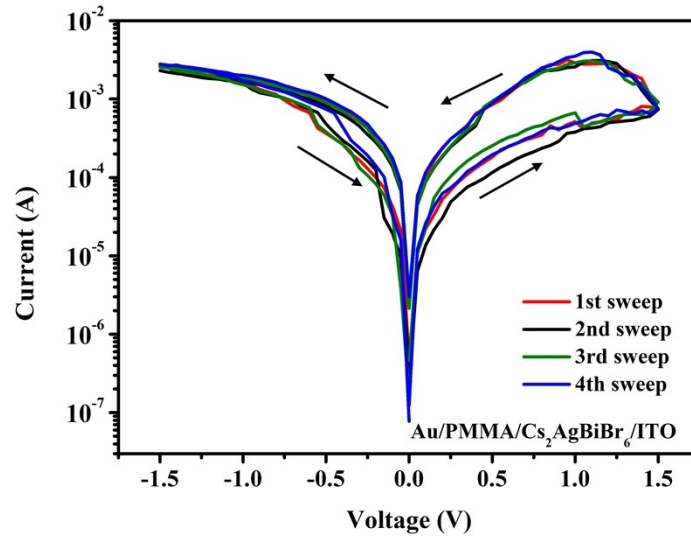


Figure S5. The I - V curves of the Au/PMMA/Cs₂AgBiBr₆/ITO device.

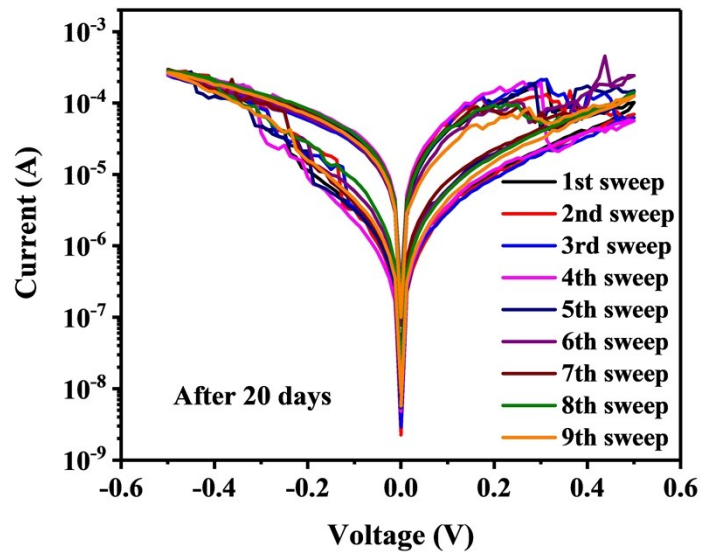


Figure S6. The I - V curves of Cs₂AgBiBr₆-based device after storing in air environment for 20 days.

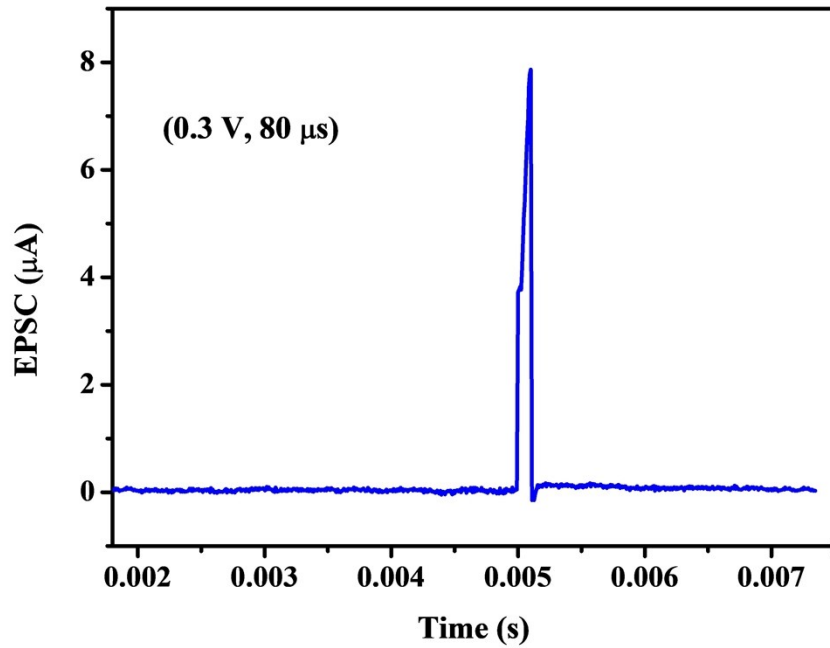


Figure S7. EPSC triggered by an electrical pulse with an amplitude of 0.3 V and a width of 80 μs . (A voltage pulse with an applied voltage amplitude of 0.3 V and a pulse width of 80 μs triggered an EPSC of 7.86 μA , resulting in an energy consumption of 188.6 pJ. The energy consumption was calculated according to the equation: $E = V \times I \times t$, where V, I, and t represent the pulse amplitude, EPSC peak value and pulse width, respectively.)

Table S1. Synaptic plasticity of the perovskite memristor-based artificial synapses.

Structure	Set/reset voltage (V)	Retention Time (s)	Energy consumption (J)	Air stability	Ref
Ag/PMMA/Cs ₃ Cu ₂ I ₅ /ITO	+1/-1	10 ⁴	≈2.8 × 10 ⁻¹¹	\	ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces, 2020, 12, 23094
Ag/PMMA/(Cs ₃ Bi ₂ I ₉) _{0.4} -(CsPbI ₃) _{0.6} /Pt	+0.6/-0.6	10 ⁴	\	30 days	Adv. Funct. Mater., 2019, 29, 1906686
Au/Cs ₃ Sn ₂ Br ₉ /Au	+2/-2	\	≈19 × 10 ⁻¹¹	\	Nano Energy, 2020, 71, 104616
Al/MAPbClBr ₂ /Si	\	\	≈5 × 10 ⁻¹⁰	\	Mater. Chem. Front., 2019, 3, 941-947
Au/CsPbBr ₃ /CuSCN/PEDOT:PSS/ITO/	+1.5/-1.5	\	16 × 10 ⁻⁴	\	Adv. Funct. Mater., 2020, 30, 1908901
Au/MAPbI ₃ /Au	0.5	\	≈1.25 × 10 ⁻⁷	\	ACS Nano, 2018, 12, 1242–1249
Si/SiO ₂ /Ti/Pt/CH ₃ NH ₃ PbI ₃ /Au	+2/-1.5	10 ⁵	\	\	Adv. Mater. 2017, 29, 1701048
Au/MAPbBr ₃ SCTP/Au	\	\	20 × 10 ⁻¹⁵	\	Adv. Funct. Mater. 2020, 30, 2005413
Ag/PMMA/Cs₂AgBiBr₆/ITO	+0.5/-0.5	10³	18 × 10⁻¹¹	20 days	This work