

Spontaneous electric polarization and electric field gradient in hybrid improper ferroelectrics: insights and correlations

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Supplementary information

Figure S1 shows the asymmetry parameter (η) as a function of the spontaneous electric polarization squared (P^2) for the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_7$ system. At $P = 0$ the data correspond to the paraelectric $Cmcm$ and $Cmce$ phases and at $P^2 = 26.94 (\mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^2)^2$ to the ferroelectric $A2_1am$ phase.

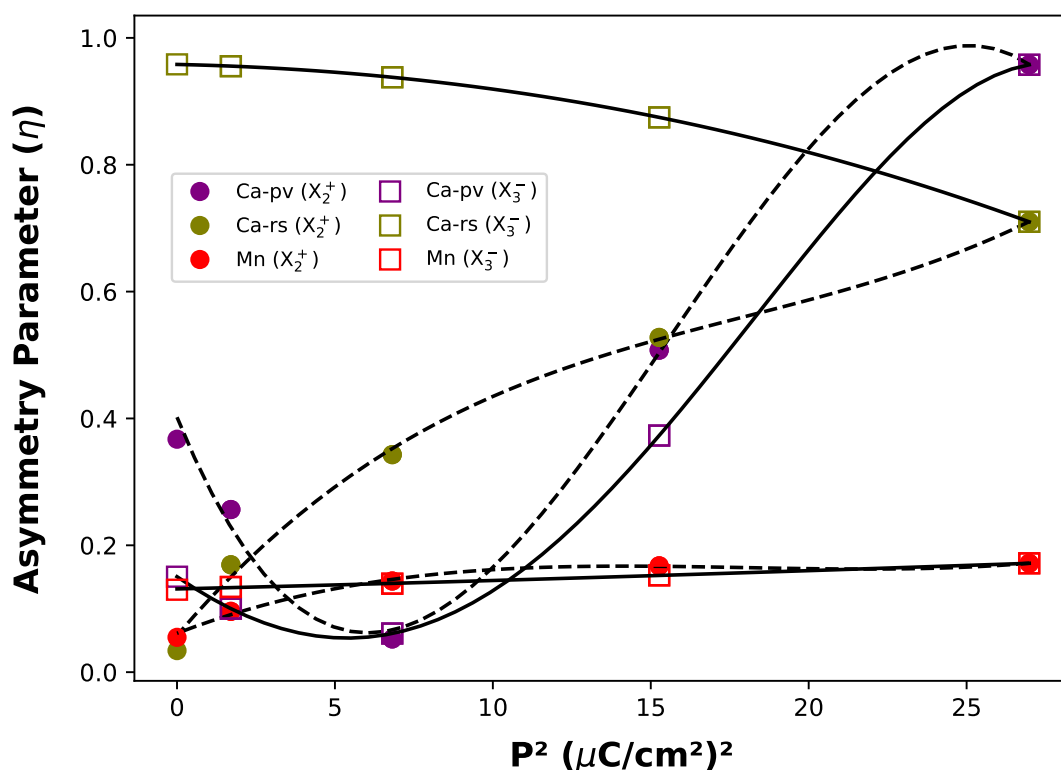


Figure S1: Asymmetry parameter (η) for the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_7$ system at sites A (Ca-pv), A' (Ca-rs), and B (Mn atom).

Figures S2, S3, and S4 show, respectively, the $g(\theta, \phi)$ surface plot of the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$, $\text{Cd}_3\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_7$, and $\text{Cd}_3\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ systems.

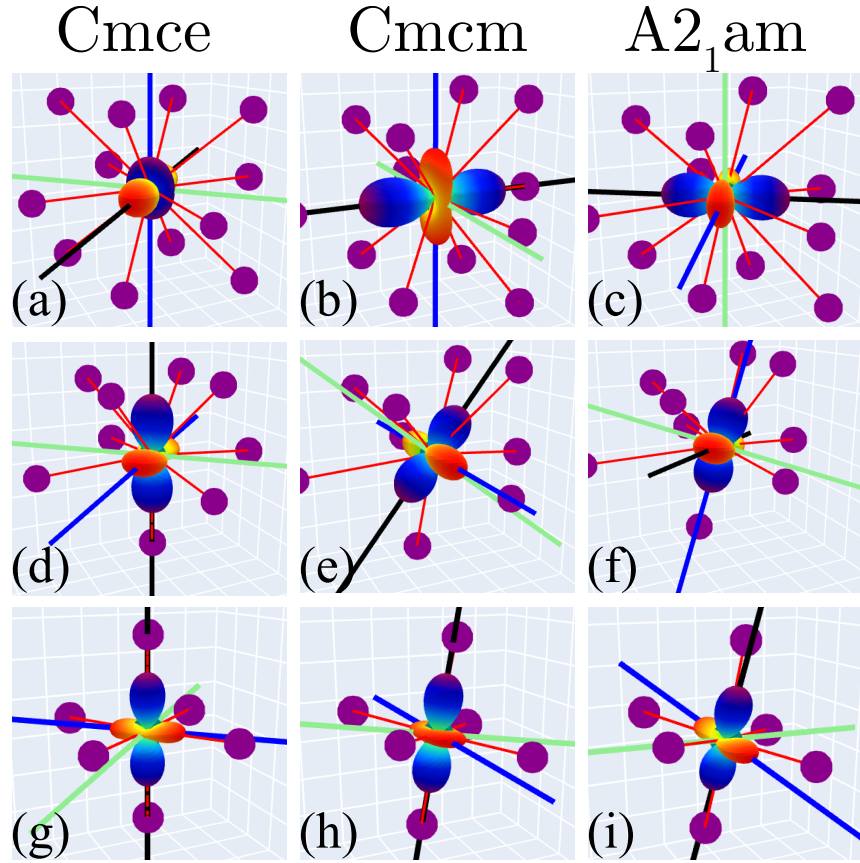


Figure S2: $g(\theta, \phi)$ surface plot of the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ compound for the polar $A2_1am$, and the centrosymmetric $Cmmm$ and $Cmce$ space groups along the X_2^+ and X_3^- paths, respectively. (a-c) at Ca rs-site (A' -site), (d-f) at Ca pv-site (A -site), and (g-i) at Ti-site (B -site). The green, blue, and black axes represent the directions of the V_{xx} , V_{yy} , and V_{zz} EFG components, respectively. Blue color regions depict where the polar function is negative and red color regions where it is positive.

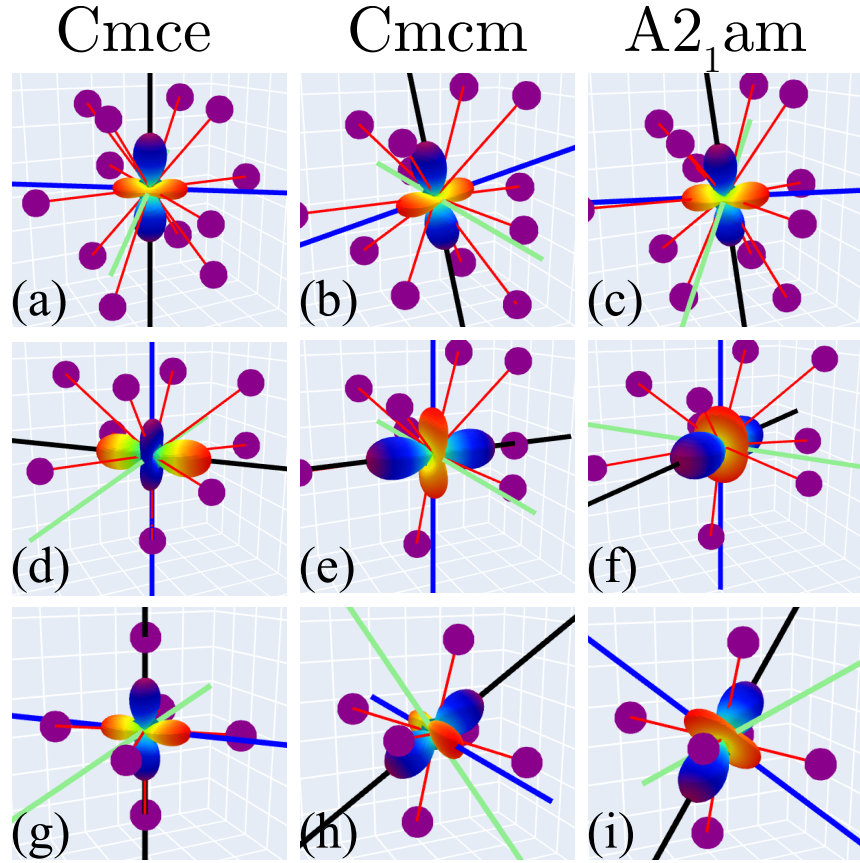


Figure S3: $g(\theta, \phi)$ surface plot of the $\text{Cd}_3\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_7$ compound for the polar $A2_1am$, and the centrosymmetric $Cmcm$ and $Cmce$ space groups along the X_2^+ and X_3^- paths, respectively. (a-c) at Cd rs-site (A' -site), (d-f) at Cd pv-site (A -site), and (g-i) at Mn-site (B -site). The green, blue, and black axes represent the directions of the V_{xx} , V_{yy} , and V_{zz} EFG components, respectively. Blue color regions depict where the polar function is negative and red color regions where it is positive.

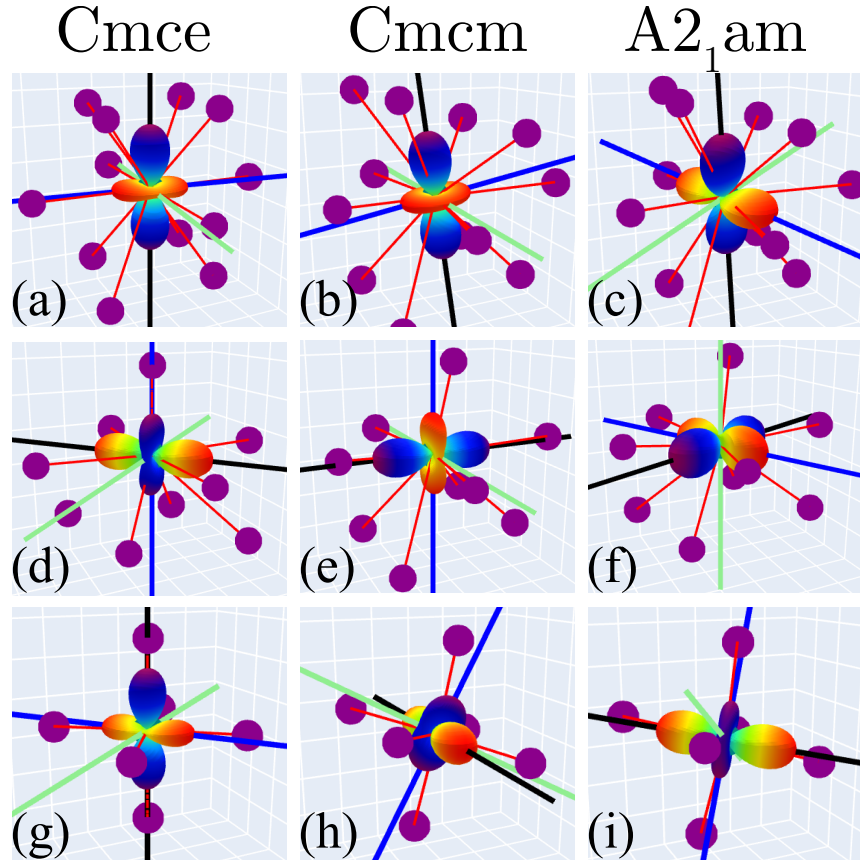


Figure S4: $g(\theta, \phi)$ surface plot of the $\text{Cd}_3\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ compound for the polar $A2_1am$, and the centrosymmetric $Cmcm$ and $Cmce$ space groups along the X_2^+ and X_3^- paths, respectively. (a-c) at Cd rs-site (A' -site), (d-f) at Cd pv-site (A -site), and (g-i) at Ti-site (B -site). The green, blue, and black axes represent the directions of the V_{xx} , V_{yy} , and V_{zz} EFG components, respectively. Blue color regions depict where the polar function is negative and red color regions where it is positive.