

Synthesis, crystal chemistry, and optical properties of two methylammonium silver halides: $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{AgBr}_2$ and $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{Ag}_2\text{I}_3$

Matthew B. Gray, Noah P. Holzapfel, Tianyu Liu, Victor P. Barbosa, Nicholas P. Harvey, and Patrick M. Woodward*

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, The Ohio State University, 100 W. 18th Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43210, United States

Supporting Information:

Table S1. Single crystal XRD data for $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{AgBr}_2$ and $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{Ag}_2\text{I}_3$.

Empirical formula	$\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{AgBr}_2$	$\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{Ag}_2\text{I}_3$
Temperature	296.15 K	296.15 K
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	Monoclinic
Space group	<i>Pnma</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 9.0387(11) \text{ \AA}$	$a = 9.019(3) \text{ \AA}$
	$b = 4.6831(5) \text{ \AA}$	$b = 6.329(2) \text{ \AA}$
	$c = 14.7759(13) \text{ \AA}$	$c = 9.134(3) \text{ \AA}$
	$\alpha = 90^\circ$	$\alpha = 90^\circ$
	$\beta = 90^\circ$	$\beta = 110.431(10)^\circ$
	$\gamma = 90^\circ$	$\gamma = 90^\circ$
Volume	$625.45(12) \text{ \AA}^3$	$488.6(3) \text{ \AA}^3$
Z	4	2

Density (calculated)	3.183 g/cm ³	4.272 g/cm ³
Absorption coefficient	15.857 mm ⁻¹	13.404 mm ⁻¹
F(000)	544.0	544.0
Crystal size	0.451 × 0.123 × 0.067 mm ³	0.183 × 0.109 × 0.087 mm ³
Crystal color, habit	Colorless plate	Colorless plate
2 Theta range for data collection	5.284 to 50.988°	4.76 to 50.856°
Index ranges	-10 ≤ h ≤ 7, -5 ≤ k ≤ 4, -17 ≤ l ≤ 17	-10 ≤ h ≤ 10, -7 ≤ k ≤ 7, -11 ≤ l ≤ 11
Reflections collected	2651	5985
Independent reflections	656 [R(int) = 0.0270, R(sigma) = 0.0240]	992 [R(int) = 0.0383, R(sigma) = 0.0303]
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	656 / 0 / 33	992 / 0 / 42
Goodness-of-fit on F²	0.922	1.009
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0388, wR2 = 0.1105	R1 = 0.0357, wR2 = 0.0890
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0443, wR2 = 0.1161	R1 = 0.0509, wR2 = 0.0947
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.69 and -1.80 e Å ⁻³	0.87 and -1.43 e Å ⁻³

Table S2. Fractional atomic coordinates, equivalent isotropic displacement parameters, and chemical occupancy for CH₃NH₃AgBr₂. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	Wyckoff Site	x	y	z	U _{eq} (Å ²)	Occupancy
Ag	4c	0.52170(10)	0.7500	0.41899(4)	0.0701(4)	1
Br(1)	4c	0.37286(9)	0.7500	0.26412(5)	0.0524(3)	1
Br(2)	4c	0.67197(10)	0.2500	0.43483(5)	0.0527(3)	1
N	4c	0.6145(8)	0.2500	0.1976(4)	0.0612(19)	1
C	4c	0.6057(14)	0.2500	0.1002(5)	0.081(3)	1
H(1)	8d	0.5371	0.3428	0.2204	0.073	0.5
H(2)	8d	0.6976	0.3363	0.2149	0.073	0.5
H(3)	8d	0.6144	0.0709	0.2177	0.073	0.5
H(4)	8d	0.5191	0.3532	0.0814	0.122	0.5
H(5)	8d	0.5997	0.0569	0.0787	0.122	0.5
H(6)	8d	0.6922	0.3400	0.0755	0.122	0.5

Table S3. Bond lengths for CH₃NH₃AgBr₂.

Atom	Atom	Length(Å)
Ag01	Br02	2.654(1)
Ag01	Br03 ³	2.7171(6)
Ag01	Br03 ¹	2.780(1)
Ag01	Br03	2.7171(6)
N004	C005	1.442(9)
¹ 1-X,1-Y,1-Z; ² 1-X,2-Y,1-Z; ³ X,1+Y,+Z		

Table S4. Bond angles for CH₃NH₃AgBr₂.

Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle(°)
Br02	Ag01	Br03 ¹	110.53(4)
Br02	Ag01	Br03	109.12(2)
Br02	Ag01	Br03 ²	109.12(2)
Br03	Ag01	Br03 ¹	104.35(3)
Br03 ²	Ag01	Br03	119.04(4)
Br03 ²	Ag01	Br03 ¹	104.35(3)
¹ 1-X,1-Y,1-Z; ² +X,1+Y,+Z			

Table S5. Fractional atomic coordinates, equivalent isotropic displacement parameters, and chemical occupancy for CH₃NH₃Ag₂I₃. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	Wyckoff Site	x	y	z	U _{eq} (Å ²)	Occupancy
I(1)	2e	0.43266(9)	0.7500	0.11181(9)	0.0549(3)	1
I(2)	2e	-0.08120(8)	0.7500	0.14806(8)	0.0523(2)	1
I(3)	2e	0.28412(10)	0.2500	0.41270(9)	0.0593(3)	1
Ag	4f	0.18624(8)	0.49961(12)	0.14033(8)	0.0698(3)	1
N	2e	0.6416(13)	0.2500	0.3137(12)	0.090(4)	1
C	2e	0.8132(14)	0.2500	0.3701(13)	0.070(4)	1
H(1)	4f	0.6063	0.3814	0.2896	0.108	0.5
H(2)	4f	0.6081	0.1998	0.3877	0.108	0.5
H(3)	4f	0.6052	0.1688	0.2290	0.108	0.5
H(4)	4f	0.8525	0.3390	0.4606	0.105	0.5
H(5)	4f	0.8494	0.3025	0.2898	0.105	0.5
H(6)	4f	0.8513	0.1086	0.3973	0.105	0.5

Table S6. Bond lengths for CH₃NH₃Ag₂I₃.

Atom	Atom	Length(Å)
I001	Ag00 ¹	2.8149(12)
I001	Ag00	2.8149(12)
I002	Ag00 ¹	2.9076(12)
I002	Ag00	2.9076(12)
I002	Ag00 ²	2.9307(12)
I002	Ag00 ³	2.9307(12)
I003	Ag00 ⁴	2.8161(12)
I003	Ag00	2.8161(12)
N005	C1	1.450(14)
¹ +X,3/2-Y,+Z; ² -X,1/2+Y,-Z; ³ -X,1-Y,-Z; ⁴ +X,1/2-Y,+Z		

Table S7. Bond angles for CH₃NH₃Ag₂I₃.

Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle(°)
I001	Ag00	I002 ¹	103.79(3)
I001	Ag00	I002	112.58(4)
I001	Ag00	I003	112.54(3)
I002	Ag00	I002 ¹	107.76(3)
I003	Ag00	I002 ¹	113.25(4)
I003	Ag00	I002	106.93(3)
¹ -X,1-Y,-Z			

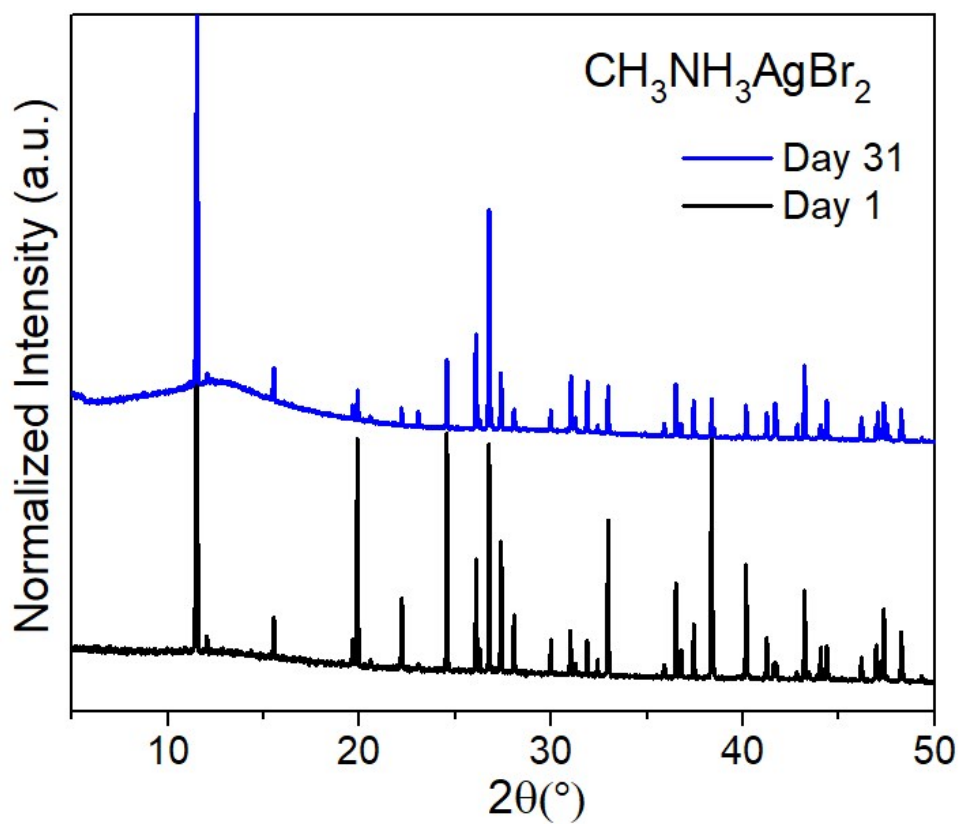


Figure S1. PXRD of $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{AgBr}_2$ measured after synthesis (black) and after ~1 month (blue). Changes that are observed appear to be due to different preferred orientation effects. The lack of any new peaks indicates stability under ambient conditions.

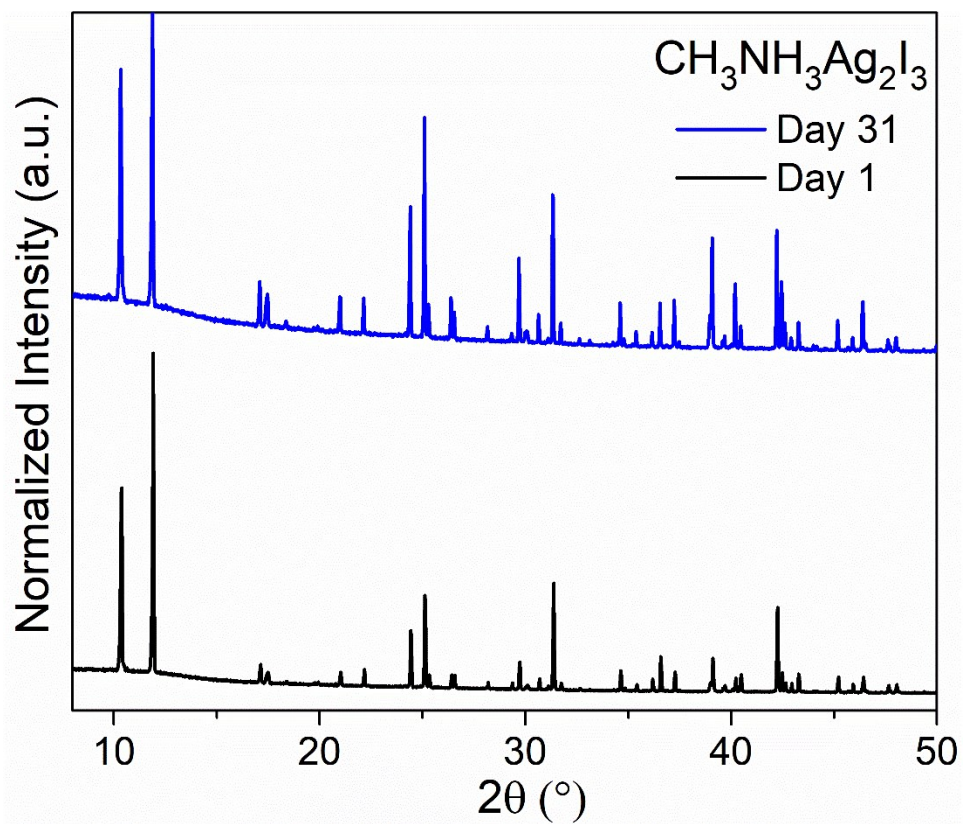


Figure S2. PXRD of $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{Ag}_2\text{I}_3$ measured after synthesis (black) and after ~1 month (blue). Minimal changes are observed, indicating stability towards ambient conditions.

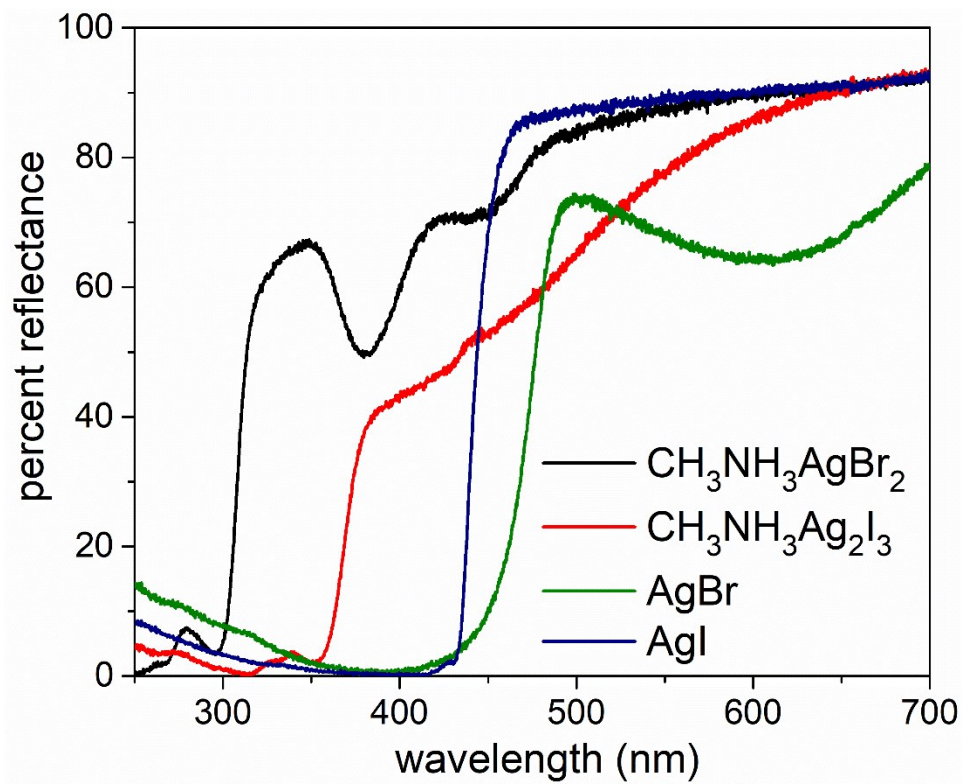


Figure S3. Diffuse reflectance data for the ternary phases and the silver halide starting materials. A blue shift in absorption is observed, in part due to decreased electronic dimensionality.

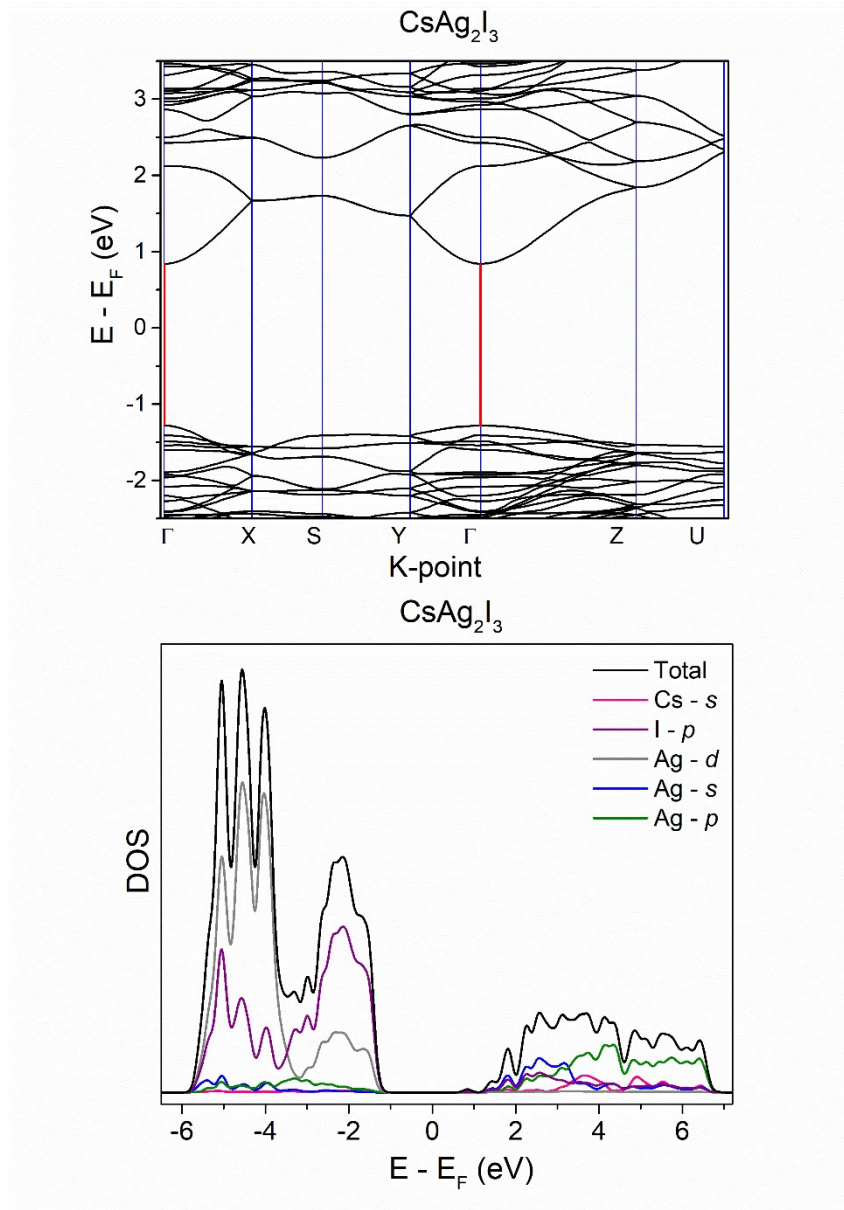


Figure S4. (Top) Band structure of CsAg₂I₃. The k-points are highlighted in blue and the direct transition at the Γ -point is highlighted in red. (Bottom) Total and partial DOS for CsAg₂I₃.

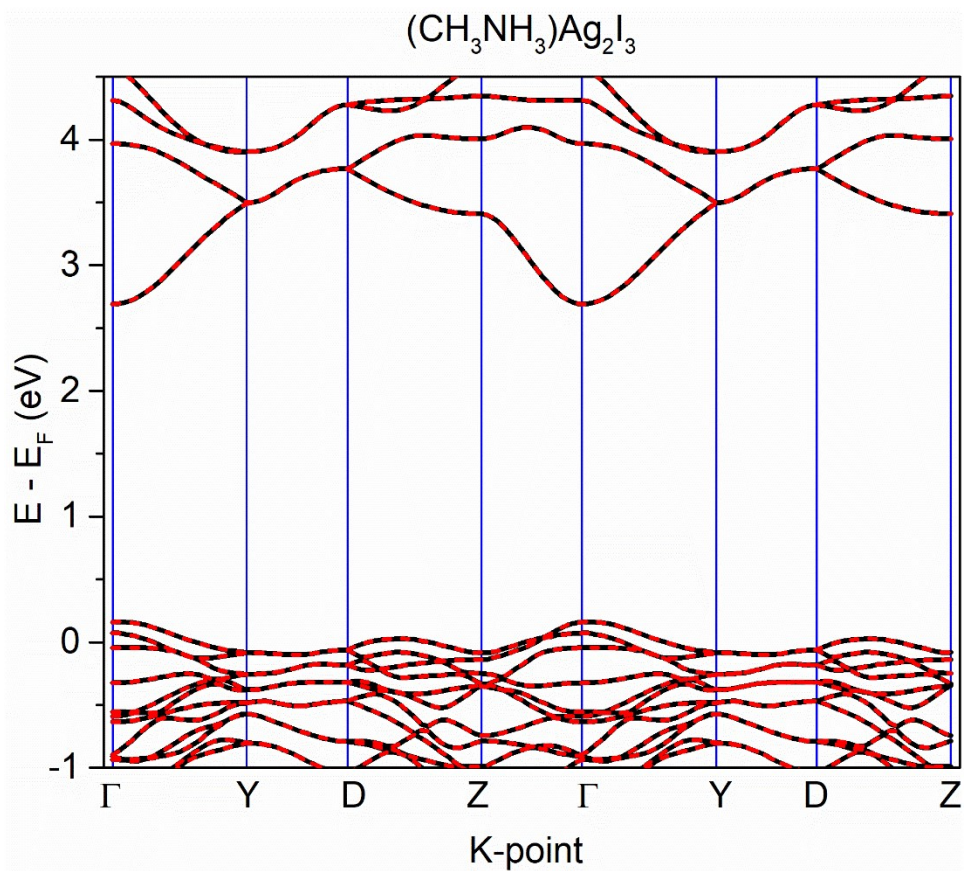


Figure S5. Comparison of CH₃NH₃Ag₂I₃ with and without spin orbit coupling (SOC). Red dashed line represents calculation performed with SOC. Minimal changes were observed, indicating SOC has a minor effect on the band dispersion in the frontier bands.

Table S8. List of related ternary (Rb/Cs/(CH₃NH₃))-(Ag/Cu)-(Cl/Br/I) phases. Coordination environment of the polyhedra are provided. A (*) denotes an observed polyhedral distortion.

Compound	Space Group	<i>a</i> (Å)	<i>b</i> (Å)	<i>c</i> (Å)	Ag ⁺ Coordination	Reference	ICSD #
Rb ₂ AgCl ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	9.205	4.482	17.874	tetrahedra	1	280031
Rb ₂ AgBr ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	9.577	4.646	18.663	tetrahedra	2	150287
Rb ₂ AgI ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	10.238	4.898	19.984	tetrahedra	2	150290
CsAgCl ₂	<i>Cmcm</i>	4.376	19.186	5.685	square pyramid*	2	150299
Cs ₂ AgCl ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	13.210	4.551	13.758	tetrahedra*	2	150286
Cs ₂ AgBr ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	13.755	4.719	14.362	tetrahedra	2	150288
CsAgBr ₂	<i>Cmcm</i>	4.574	19.894	5.947	square pyramid*	2	150301
Cs ₂ AgI ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	14.588	4.951	15.298	tetrahedra	2	150291
CsAg ₂ I ₃	<i>Pbnm</i>	11.076	13.743	6.231	tetrahedra	2	150308
K ₂ CuCl ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	12.030	4.148	12.587	tetrahedra	2	150292
K ₂ CuBr ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	12.607	4.336	13.247	tetrahedra	2	150293
Rb ₂ CuCl ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	12.501	4.272	13.000	tetrahedra	2	150294
Rb ₂ CuBr ₃	<i>Pnma</i>	13.073	4.452	13.641	tetrahedra	2	150295
CH ₃ NH ₃ AgBr ₂	<i>Pnma</i>	9.0387	4.6831	14.776	tetrahedra	this work	-
CH ₃ NH ₃ Cu ₂ I ₃	<i>P2₁/m</i>	8.9053	5.8982	9.077	tetrahedra	3	263606
CH ₃ NH ₃ Ag ₂ I ₃	<i>P2₁/m</i>	9.019	6.329	9.134	tetrahedra	this work	-

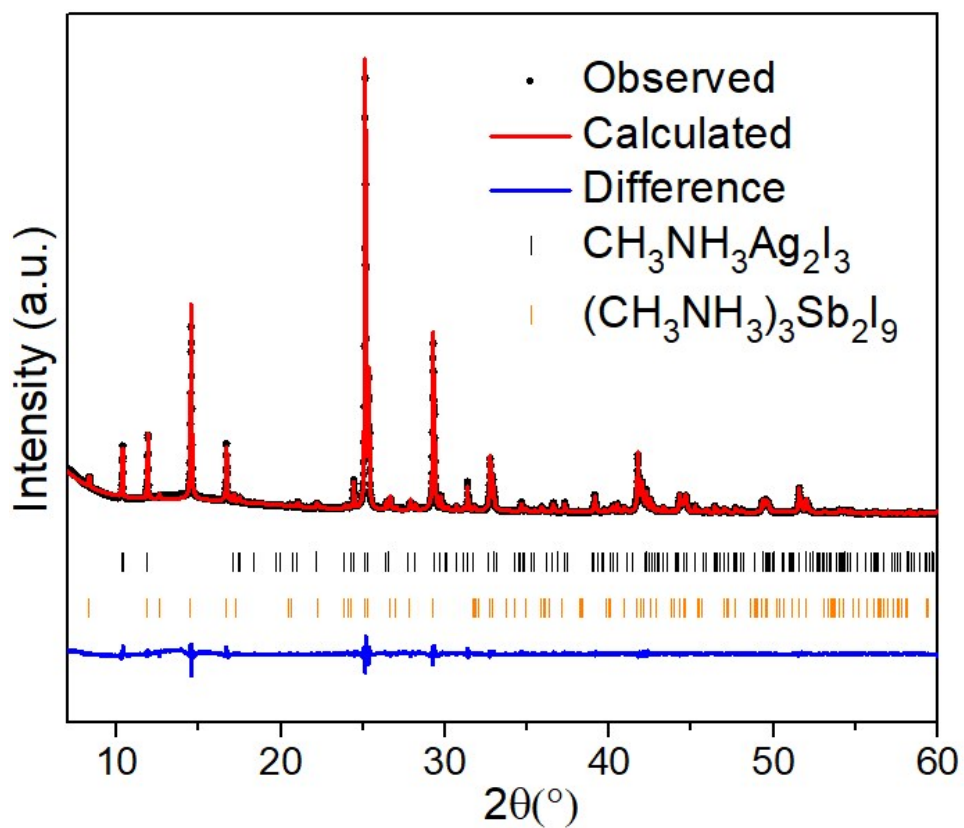


Figure S6. Pawley refinement of “ $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)_2\text{AgSbI}_6$ ”, fit to $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{Ag}_2\text{I}_3$ and $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)_3\text{Sb}_2\text{I}_9$. Observed, calculated and difference curves are plotted with black dots, a red line, and a blue line, respectively. $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{Ag}_2\text{I}_3$ is denoted by black tick marks, while $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)_3\text{Sb}_2\text{I}_9$ is denoted by orange tick marks.

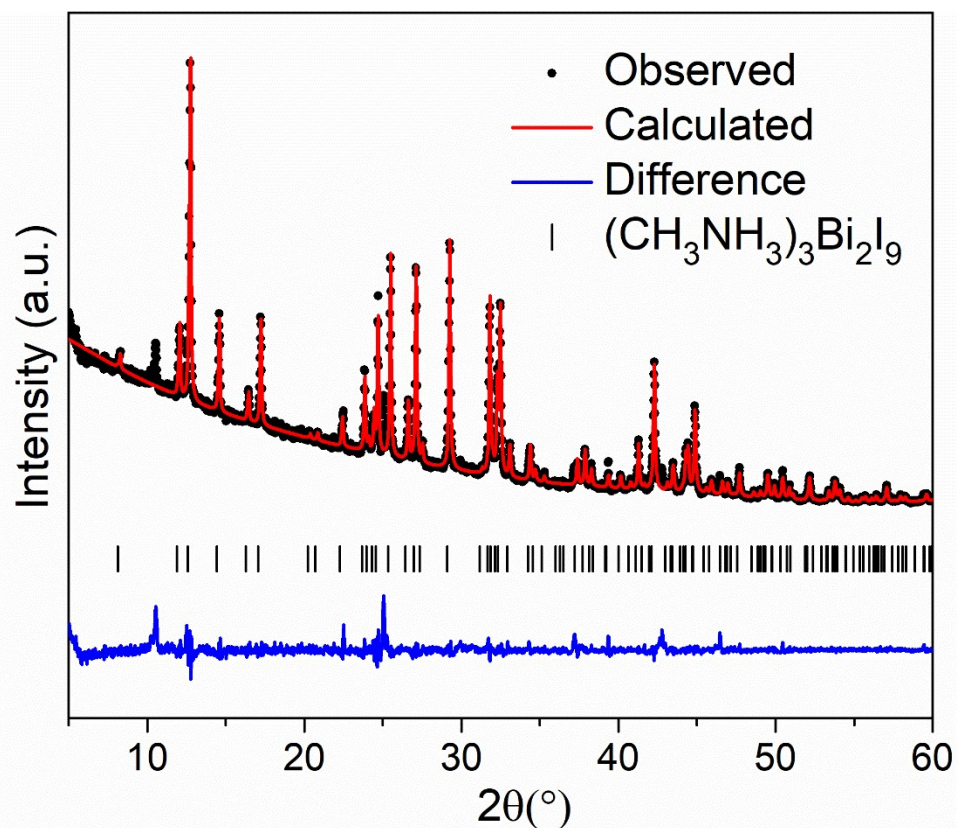


Figure S7. Pawley refinement of “ $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)_2\text{AgBiI}_6$ ”, fit to $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)_3\text{Bi}_2\text{I}_9$. Observed, calculated and difference curves are plotted with black dots, a red line, and a blue line, respectively. $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)_3\text{Sb}_2\text{I}_9$ is denoted by black tick marks. An additional phase is present but could not be fit from the powder data.

References:

1. C. Hasselgren, S. Jagner, Dirubidium *catena*-poly[dichloro-argentate(I)- μ -chloro]., *Acta Cryst.*, 1999, **C55**, 1208.
2. S. Hull, P. Berastegui, Crystal structures and ionic conductivities of ternary derivatives of the silver and copper monohalides – II: ordered phases within the $(\text{AgX})_x\text{-(MX)}_{1-x}$ and $(\text{CuX})_x\text{-(MX)}_{1-x}$ (M = K, Rb, and Cs; X = Cl, Br, and I) systems. *J. Solid State Chem.*, 2004, **177**, 3156.
3. A. Petrov, V. Khrustalev, Y. Zubavichus, P. Dorovatovskii, E. Goodilin, A. Tarasov, Synthesis and crystal structure of a new hybrid methylammonium iodocuprate. *Mendeleev Commun.*, 2018, **28**, 245.