Electronic Supplementary Information

Synergetic enhancement of room-temperature phosphorescence via water molecules as hydrogen bonding bridge

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Figure S21. Phosphorescence lifetime of P-HNI film(black) and powder(red) at 77K.

Chemistry

Materials and Methods: All the reagents and solvents were obtained commercially and used as supplied without further purification unless specified otherwise. The synthesized compounds were characterized by Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectrometer and high-resolution mass spectrometer (HRMS). The steady-state photoluminescence spectra at room temperature were measured using a Horiba FluoroMax-4 spectrofluorometer. The time-resolved photoluminescence spectra and lifetime at room temperature were recorded on an Agilent Cary Eclipse spectrophotometer. The photoluminescence quantum yields were measured using a HAMAMATSU absolute PL quantum yield spectrometer (C11347). The NMR spectra were measured on a Bruker AV-400 spectrometer and processing on MestReNova (Mestralab Research, version: 9.0.1) software. Reversed phase chromatography was performed on SepaBeanTM machine (Santai Technology Inc., China) equipped with C18-bonded Sepaflash[®] columns. The electrospray ionization (ESI) HRMS was tested on a PerkinElmer Lambda 950 spectrophotometer.

Scheme 1. Synthetic route of P-BNI and P-HNI.



Synthesis of 1-(6-bromonaphthalen-2-yl)-1H-imidazole (**BrNI-2**): Imidazole (204 mg, 3.0 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous DMF (6 mL) followed by adding NaH (240 mg, 6.0 mmol) in portions at 0°C. After stirred for 1 h at 0°C, the reaction was added 2-bromo-6-fluoronaphthalene (672 mg, 3.0 mmol). The mixture was heated to 100°C and stirred overnight. Then the reaction was poured into cold water (100 mL) and extracted with EA (3×30 mL). The organic phase was combined and dried under reduced pressure. **BrNI-2** (342 ms, Yield = 41.8%) was obtained as off-white solid through flash column chromatography on silica gel with EA as eluent. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Methanol-*d*₄, δ) 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.63 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃, δ) 135.8, 135.1, 133.3, 132.1, 131.0, 130.7, 130.1, 129.5, 129.3, 121.4, 120.6, 119.1, 118.4; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₀BrN₂⁺, 273.0027; found, 273.0028.

Synthesis of 1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-1H-imidazole (HNI-2): Imidazole (409 mg, 6 mmol), 2-bromonaphthalene (621 mg, 3 mmol), K₂CO₃ (622 mg, 4.5 mmol), and a catalytic amount of anhydrous CuSO₄ (2.5 mg) were stirred at 180°C for 14 h. After cool to room temperature, the mixture was suspended by water (50 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (3 × 20 mL). The organic phase was combined and dried under reduced pressure. **HNI-2** (223 ms, Yield = 40.8%) was obtained as off-white solid through flash column chromatography on silica gel with EA as eluent. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Methanol- d_4 , δ) 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.01 – 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.69 – 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.58 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.18 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Methanol- d_4 , δ) 137.1, 135.8, 135.0, 133.7, 131.2, 130.3, 129.0, 128.9, 128.3, 127.6, 120.8, 119.8, 119.7; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₁N₂⁺, 195.0922; found, 195.0911. Synthesis of 1-(6-bromonaphthalen-2-yl)-3-(hex-5-en-1-yl)-1H-imidazol-3-ium (**BrNI-3**) and 3-(hex-5-en-1-yl)-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-1H-imidazol-3-ium (**HNI-3**): The compound **BrNI-3** and **HNI-3** were synthesized by the same procedure using **BrNI-3** as a sample. BNI-2 (273 mg, 1.0 mmol) and 6-bromo-1-hexene (267 μ L, 2.0 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous DMF (5 mL). The mixture was stirred at 100°C overnight under argon atmosphere. After cooled to room temperature, the reaction was poured into diethyl ether (50 mL) to precipitate oil droplet. After standing a while, the supernatant was carefully removed. The resulting liquid was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel with DCM/MeOH = 30/1 as eluent to obtain **BrNI-3** as a white solid (305 mg, Yield = 69.9%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ) 11.06 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.51 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.77 – 5.63 (m, 1H), 5.01 – 4.95 (m, 1H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.15 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 2.02 – 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.40 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃, δ) 137.6, 136.0, 135.9, 134.0, 131.8, 131.5, 131.3, 130.2, 130.0, 123.2, 122.1, 121.0, 120.7, 119.9, 115.7, 50.4, 33.0, 29.7, 25.4; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₀BrN₂⁺, 355.0804; found, 355.0796.

HNI-3 was achieved following the similar procedure at 56.4% yield. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ) 11.14 (s, 1H), 8.34 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.00 – 7.89 (m, 3H), 7.87 – 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.59 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 5.79 – 5.64 (m, 1H), 5.04 – 4.91 (m, 2H), 4.55 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.14 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 2.03 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.54 – 1.42 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃, δ) 137.6, 136.0, 135.9, 133.2, 133.1, 131.6, 131.0, 128.6, 128.0, 123.1, 121.0, 120.6, 119.0, 115.6, 50.4, 33.0, 29.8, 25.4; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₁N₂⁺, 277.1699; found, 277.1709.

Synthesis of P-BrNI: Compound **BrNI-3** (44 mg, 0.1 mmol), acrylamide (356 mg, 5.0 mmol) and 2,2'-azobis(2-methylpropionitrile) (AIBN, 14 mg) was heat at 70°C under a nitrogen atmosphere in DMF (2 mL) for 12 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was poured into MeOH (20 mL) to participate the polymer solid. The participate was filter off and washed with MeOH and dried to yield a white solid. GPC (H₂O): Mn (PDI) = 3752 Da (3.313).

Synthesis of **P-HNI:** The **P-HNI** was achieved as a white solid follow a similar method as **P-BrNI**. GPC (H₂O): Mn (PDI) = 4296 Da (3.143).

¹H, ¹³C NMR and Mass Spectra







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Elemental Composition Report

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HRMS(ESI+) spectra of BrNI-3.

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Elemental Composition Report

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HRMS(ESI+) spectra of HNI-3.