

Supporting Information

Design of efficient color-tunable long persistent luminescence phosphor BaGa₂O₄:Pr³⁺ and its performance enhancement via trap-induced strategy

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Table S1 Test conditions of PSL decay curves and thermoluminescence (TL) glow curves

Conditions	PSL decay curves	Thermoluminescence (TL) glow curves
Pre-treatment	Keep at 400°C for 3min in dark room.	Keep at 400°C for 3min in dark room.
Mass of samples	Filling the sample tank(~2g)	0.005g
Testing temperature	Room temperature (20°C)	From room temperature to 400°C via programed heating (1°C/s).
Irradiation wavelength	254nm	254nm
Power of UV light	24W	24W
Irradiation distance	5cm above the samples.	5cm above the samples.
Pre-irradiation times	180s	180s
Delay times	5s	5s

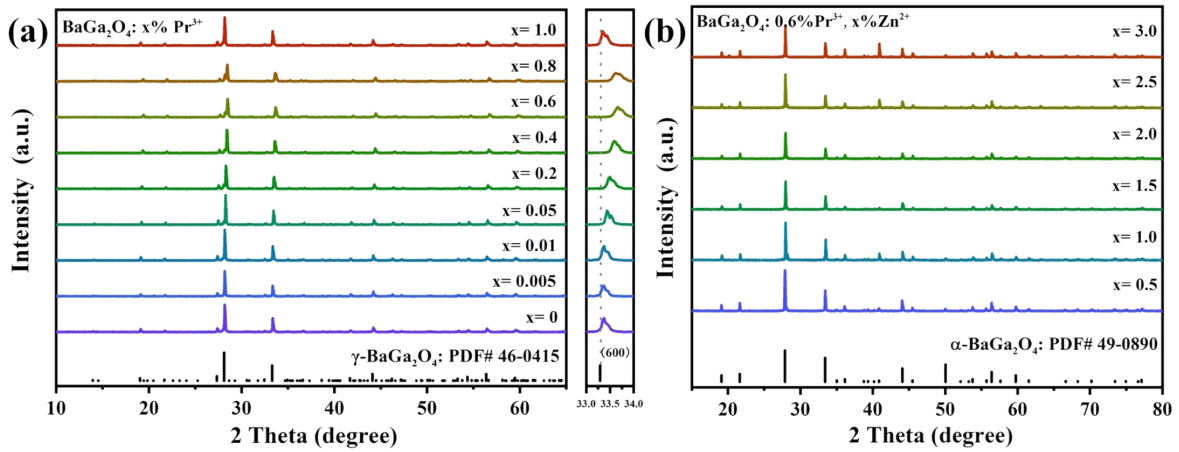


Fig. S1 (a) XRD patterns of BGO: x% Pr³⁺. Inset is the peak shifting between 33°-34° corresponding to (600) crystallography plane. (b) XRD patterns of BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺, x% Zn²⁺.

Table S2 Cell parameters and refinement results of BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺ and BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺, 2.0% Zn²⁺

Formula	BGO: 0.6% Pr ³⁺	BGO: 0.6% Pr ³⁺ , 2.0% Zn ²⁺
Crystal system	Hexagonal	Hexagonal
Space group	P6 ₃	P6 ₃ 22
a= b (Å)	18.63(3)	5.34(3)
c (Å)	8.66(3)	8.81(3)
α = β (°)	90	90
γ (°)	120	120
R _{wp}	0.1144	0.1333
R _p	0.0863	0.1084
χ^2	1.805	1.636

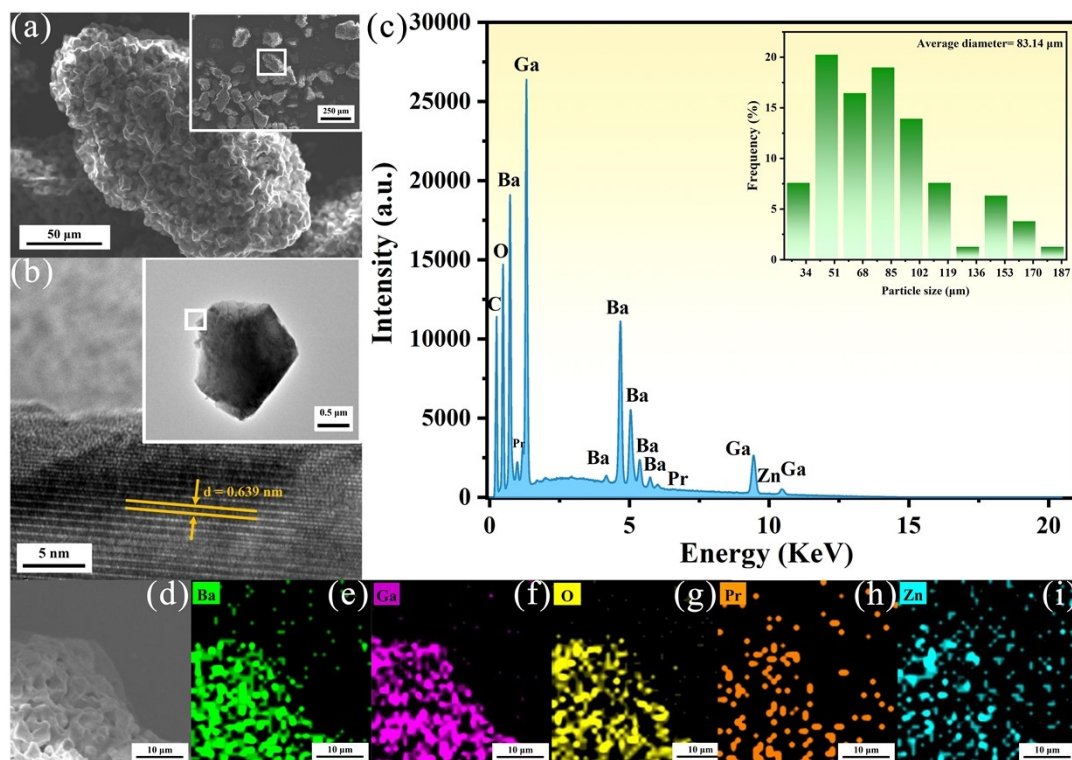


Fig. S2 (a) SEM images of BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺. (b) HRTEM image of BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺. Inset is the morphology under TEM mode. (c) EDX spectrum of BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺, 2.0% Zn²⁺. Inset is the particle size distribution of BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺, 2.0% Zn²⁺. (d)-(i) Mapping-scan of BGO: 0.6% Pr³⁺, 2.0% Zn²⁺.

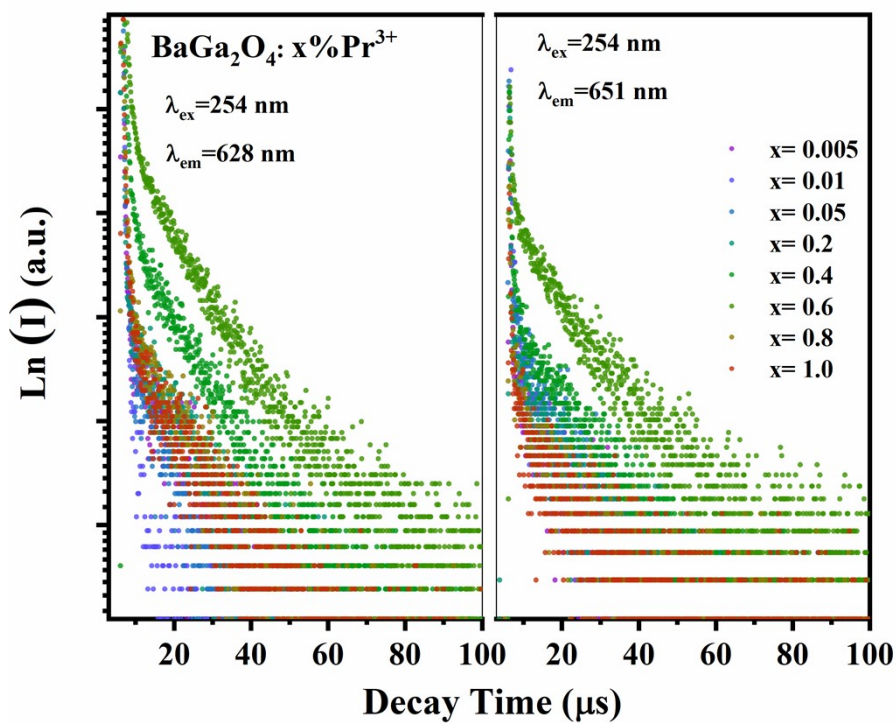


Fig. S3 The decay curves of BGO: x% Pr³⁺ under 254nm excitation.

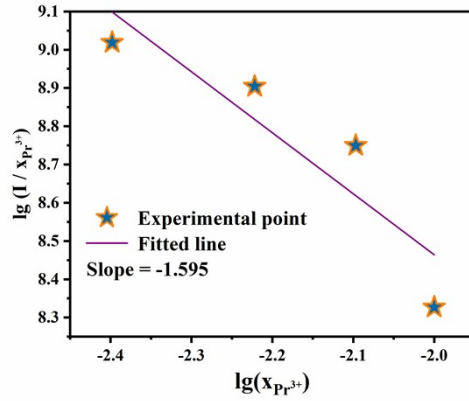


Fig. S4 Fitted line of $\lg(I/x_{Pr^{3+}})$ VS. $\lg(x_{Pr^{3+}})$ for $BaGa_2O_4: x\%Pr^{3+}$ phosphors.

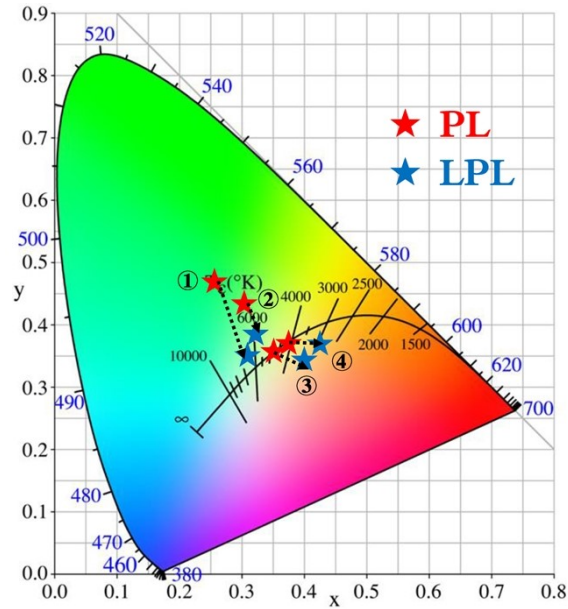


Fig. S5 CIE chromaticity coordination of $BGO: x\% Pr^{3+}$ (①: $x=0.005$, ②: $x=0.01$, ③: $x=0.2$, ④: $x=0.6$)

Table S3 CIE chromaticity coordinate calculation of $BGO: x\% Pr^{3+}$

Samples	PL		LPL	
	CIE x	CIE y	CIE x	CIE y
①: $x=0.005$	0.259	0.4689	0.3099	0.354
②: $x=0.01$	0.3072	0.4304	0.323	0.3785
③: $x=0.2$	0.3547	0.3566	0.4003	0.3468
④: $x=0.6$	0.3738	0.3647	0.425	0.3662

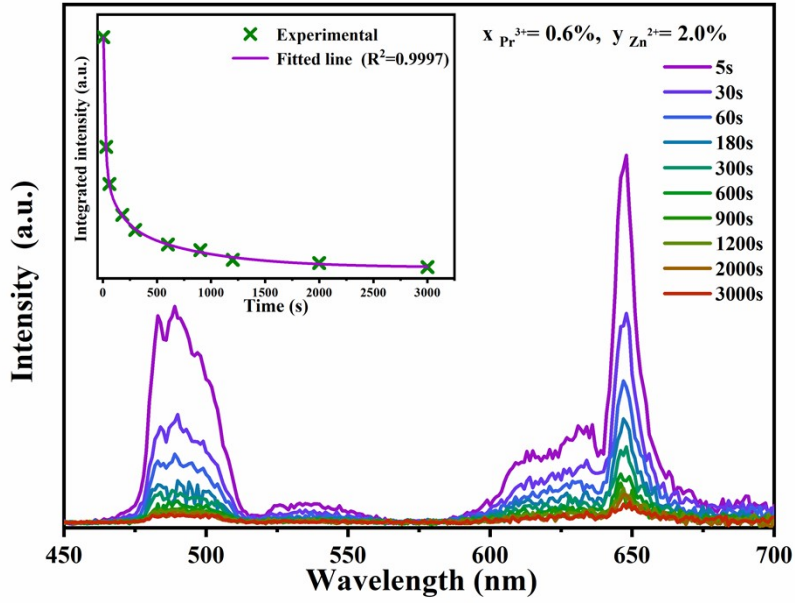


Fig. S6 LPL spectra of BGO: 0.6 % Pr³⁺, 2.0%Zn²⁺. Inset is the fitted duration curve.

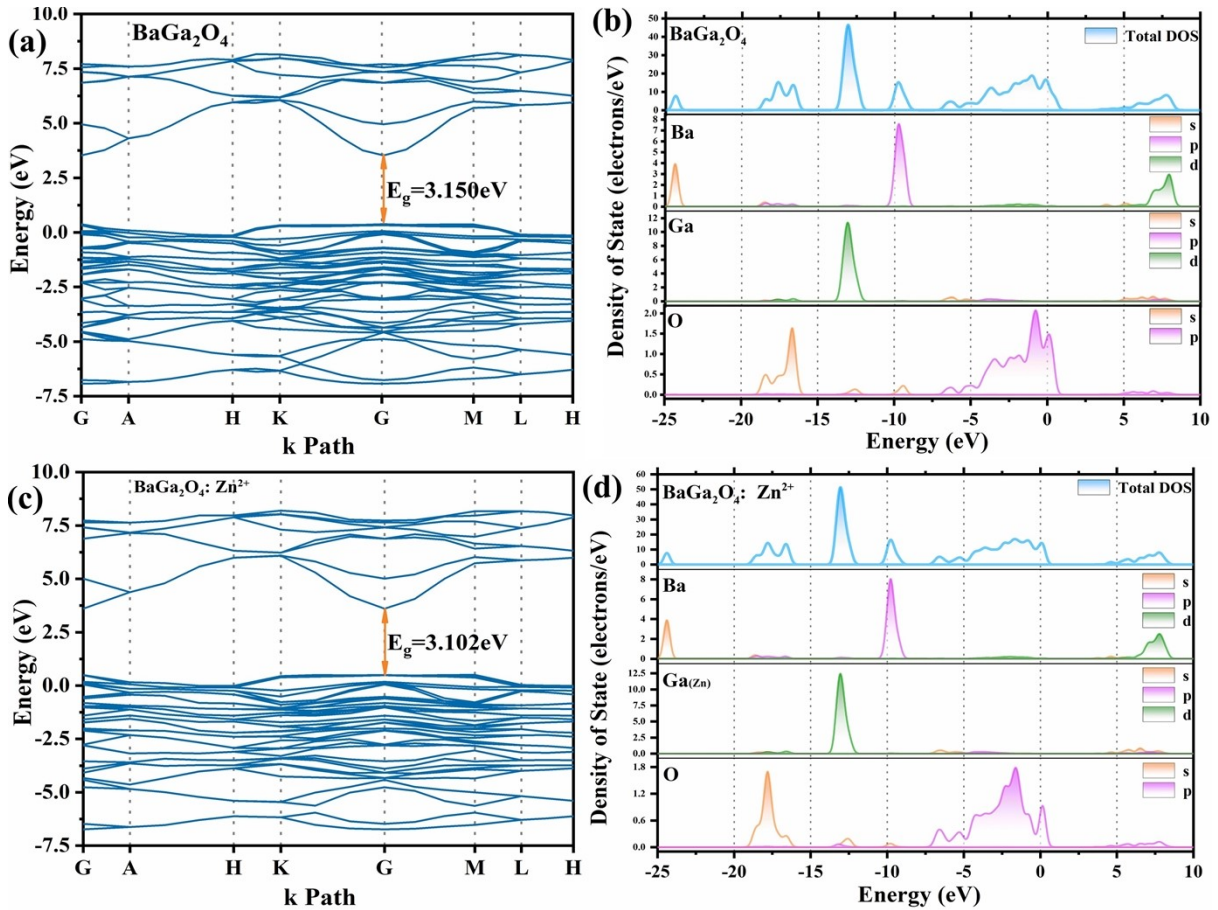


Fig. S7 Band structure: (a) BGO host, (c) Single Zn²⁺ doped sample, and density of states: (b) BGO host, (d) Single Zn²⁺ doped sample.

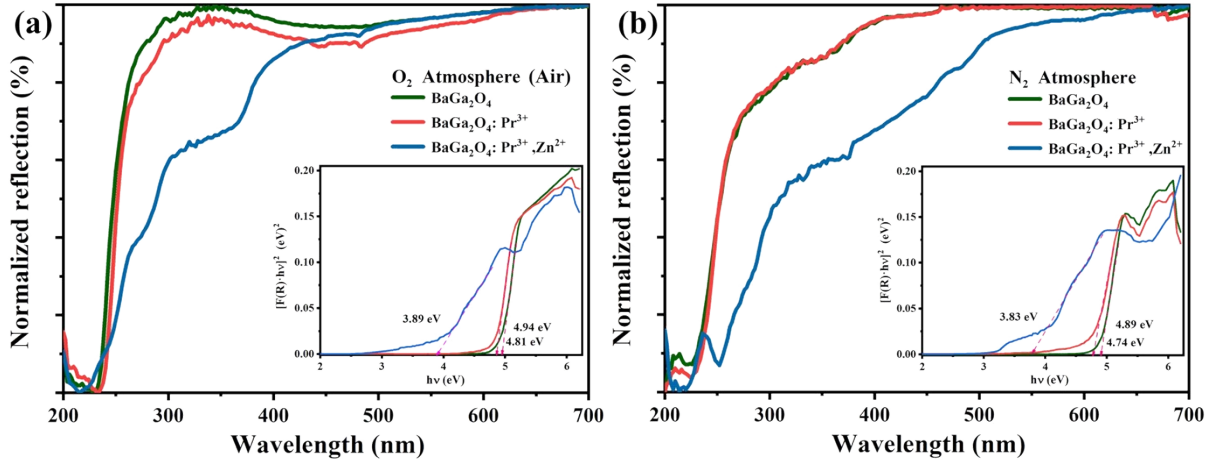


Fig. S8 The DRS spectra of BGO: $x\%$ Pr^{3+} , $y\%$ Zn^{2+} sintered under different atmosphere: (a) Air sintered, (b) N_2 sintered. The inset shows the Straight-line extrapolation under Kubelka-Munk formula of BGO.

Kubelka-Munk formula and Tauc equation are used to calculate the direct optical band gap of the materials based on the diffuse spectral experimental value ^{1 2}.

$$F_{(R)} = (1-R)^2/2R \quad (1)$$

$$[F_{(R)} \cdot hv]^n = \alpha (hv - E_g) \quad (2)$$

where, R is the relative reflectance of the thick sample determined by the white reference material (BaSO_4), α is the instrument parameter, n is the parameter to measure the band gap property of the material (direct band structure, $n = 2$), E_g refers to the direct optical band gap of the materials, ν is the frequency; h is the Planck constant ($6.62618 \times 10^{-34} \text{Js}$), and c is the velocity of light ($2.99792 \times 10^8 \text{ms}^{-1}$).

Reference

1. H. Ji, L. Wang, M. S. Molokeev, N. Hirosaki, R. Xie, Z. Huang, Z. Xia, O. M. ten Kate, L. Liu and V. V. Atuchin, *Journal of Materials Chemistry C*, 2016, **4**, 6855-6863.
2. K. Li, M. Xu, J. Fan, M. Shang, H. Lian and J. Lin, *Journal of Materials Chemistry C*, 2015, **3**, 11618-11628.