

Electronic Supplementary Information

Te⁴⁺-Doped Zero-Dimensional Cs₂ZnCl₄ Single Crystals for Broadband Yellow Light Emission

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Tables:

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for Cs_2ZnCl_4 and $\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$.

	Cs_2ZnCl_4	$\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$
Temperature, K	296(2)	296(2)
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic
space group	$Pnma$	$Pnma$
	$a = 9.7749(11) \text{ \AA}$	$a = 9.867(10) \text{ \AA}$
	$b = 7.4136(8) \text{ \AA}$	$b = 7.458(8) \text{ \AA}$
Unit cell dimensions	$c = 12.9810(14) \text{ \AA}$	$c = 12.959(13) \text{ \AA}$
	$\beta = 90.00 \text{ deg}$	$\beta = 90.00 \text{ deg}$
Volume/ \AA^3 , Z	940.70(18), 2	953.6(17), 2
ρ_{calc} /g cm^{-3}	3.340	3.294
μ / mm $^{-1}$	11.282	11.129
F(000)	832	832
θ range /deg	3.77 to 25.0 -11 \leq h \leq 10	3.77 to 28.31 -12 \leq h \leq 13
Limiting indices	-8 \leq k \leq 5 -15 \leq l \leq 15	-9 \leq k \leq 9 -17 \leq l \leq 12
Reflections collected	3629	6342
Independent reflections	869[R(int) = 0.0413]	850[R(int) = 0.0282]
Absorption coefficient / mm $^{-1}$	0.022	0.015
Data / restraints / parameters	888 / 0 / 41	996 / 0 / 41
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.349	1.176
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0357, wR2 = 0.0387	R1 = 0.0757, wR2 = 0.1073
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1137, wR2 = 0.1239	R1 = 0.2248, wR2 = 0.2941

$$R1 = \sum(|F_o| - |F_c|) / \sum|F_o|; wR2 = \{\sum[w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \sum[w(F_o^2)]^2\}^{1/2}$$

Table S2. The experimental mole ratio of Te⁴⁺ calculated from starting materials and the actual doping concentration of Te⁴⁺ in crystals Cs₂ZnCl₄ measured in the sample by using inductive coupled plasma emission spectrometer (ICP).

Experimental mole ratio of Te	Conc. (mg/L)	Actual doping concentration of Te
1%	0.312	0.21%
2%	0.651	0.43%
4%	1.796	1.19%
6%	3.688	2.46%
8%	4.397	2.93%
10%	4.564	3.04%
12%	6.043	4.02%

Table S3. Second order fitting parameters of decay at 0, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 mol% Te⁴⁺ doped Cs₂ZnCl₄.

Te%	1	2	4	6	8	10
τ (ns)	62.94	55.42	54.01	53.22	53.22	50.87

Figures:

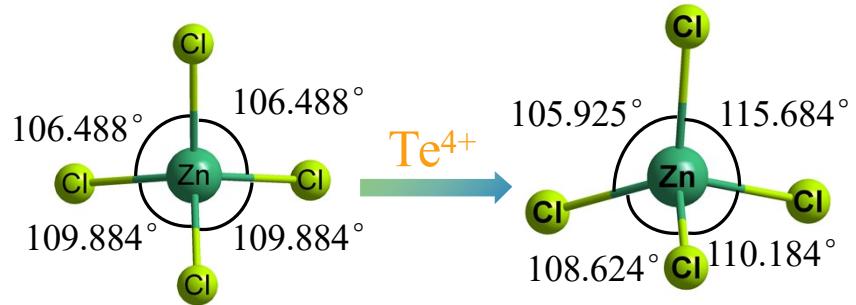


Fig. S1 The change of bond Angle during Te^{4+} substitution.

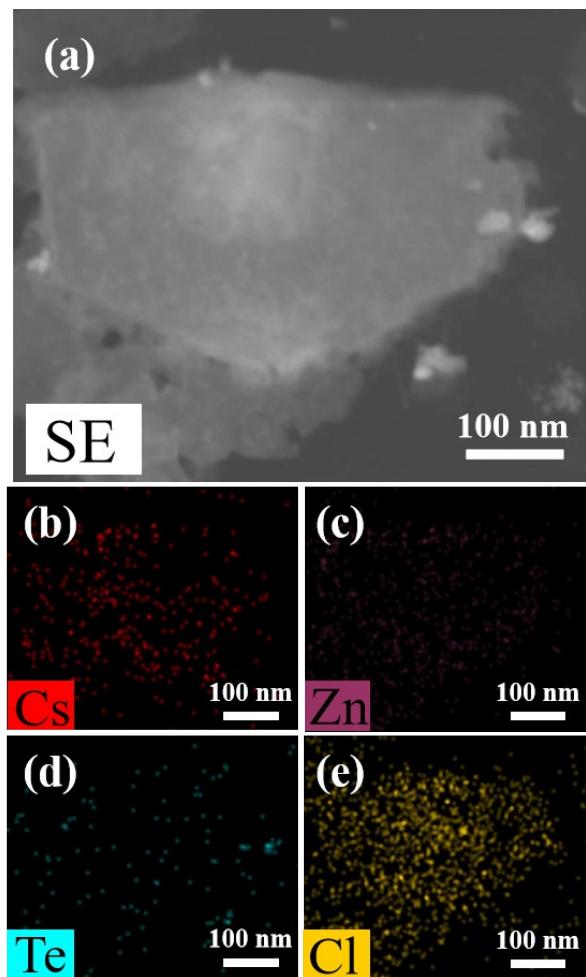


Fig. S2 (a) Elemental mapping of the $\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$ showing the presence of (b) caesium, (c) zinc, (d) tellurium, and (e) chlorine.

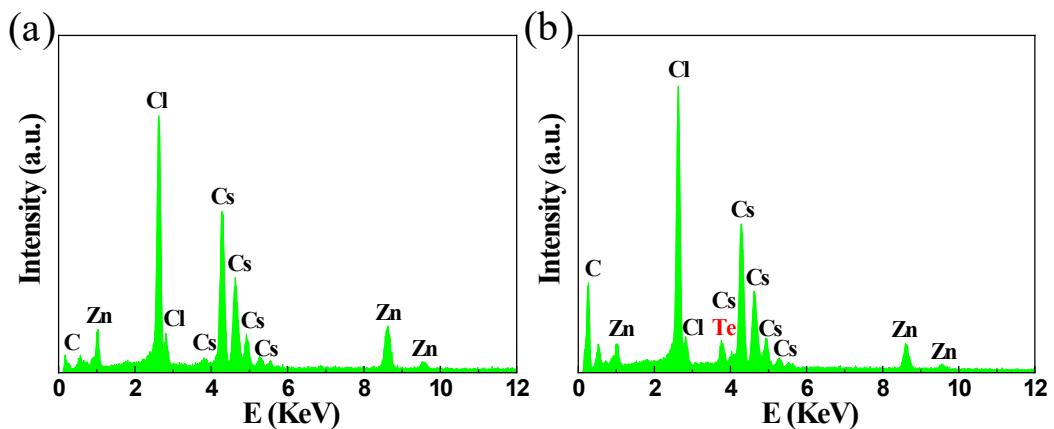


Fig. S3 The corresponding energy dispersive spectroscopy (EDS) of the as-prepared (a) undoped Cs_2ZnCl_4 and (b) $\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$ sample collected on FEI Nova 200 NanoSEM instrument.

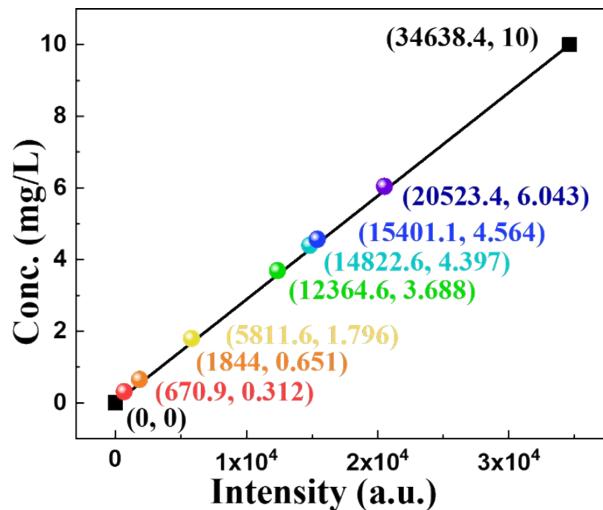


Fig. S4 The actual doping amount of Te^{4+} at different concentrations was measured by inductive coupled plasma optical emission spectrometer (ICP-OES) is performed on PerkinElmer ICP-OES OPTIMA8000.

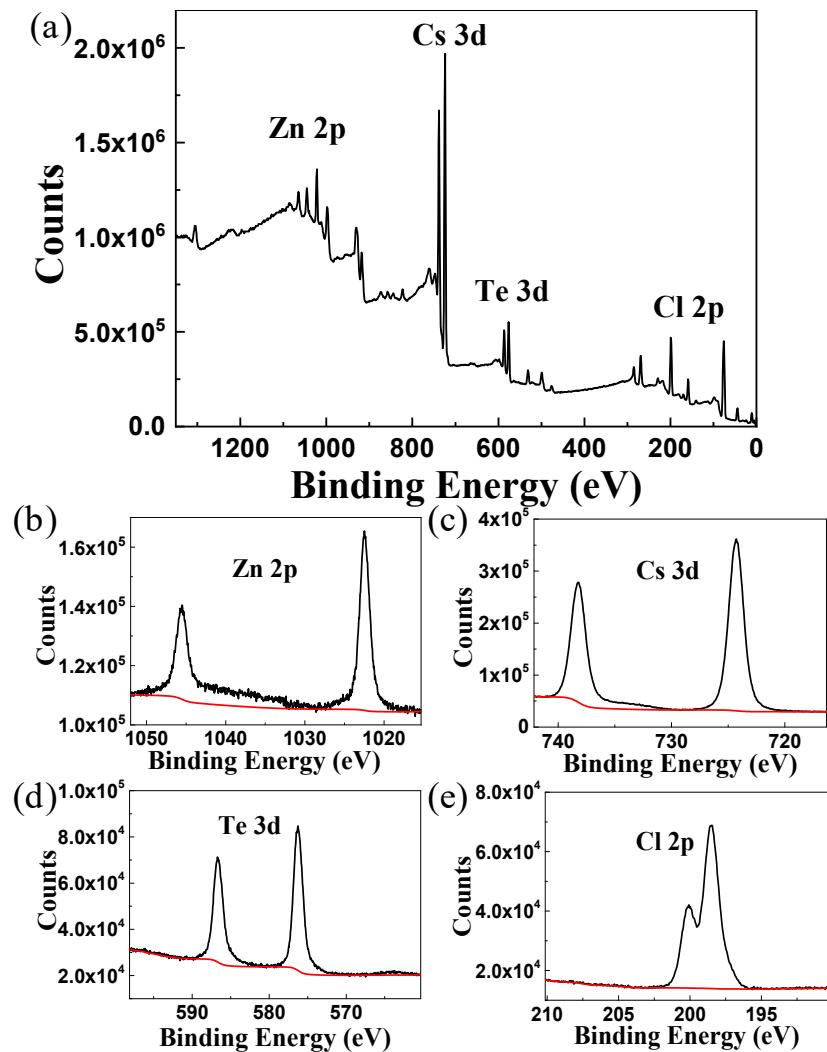


Fig. S5 (a) The high-resolution XPS analysis of $\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$ corresponding to (b) Zn 2p, (c) Cs 3d, (d) Te 3d and (e) Cl 2p, respectively, which was done with a Thermo Scientific Escalab 250 Xi instrument using monochromatic Al $K\alpha$ radiation ($h\nu = 1486.7$ eV).

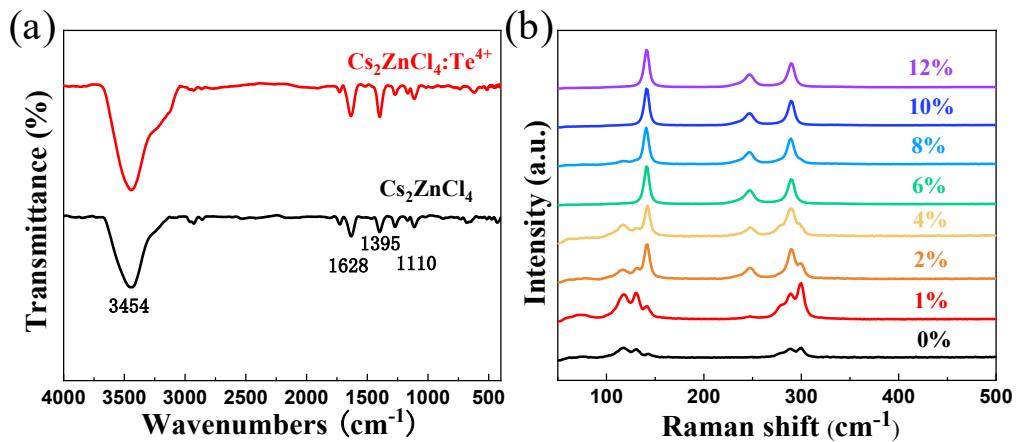


Fig. S6 (a) FT-IR spectra of the Cs_2ZnCl_4 and $\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$ were recorded on a Nicolet iS20 Fourier-transform infrared spectrometer using the KBr method. Raman was performed by Renishaw inVia, and (b) the Raman spectra for $\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$ doped with different concentration of Te^{4+} .

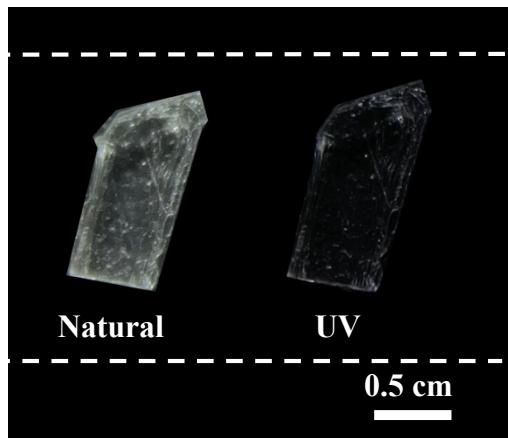


Fig. S7 Optical microscopic images of undoped Cs_2ZnCl_4 single crystal taken under natural light (left) and UV light (right).

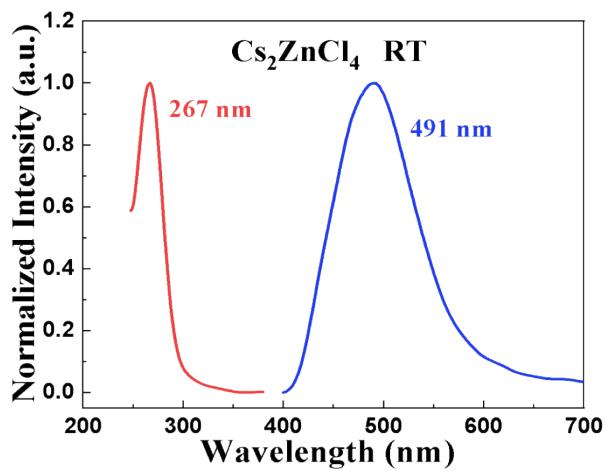


Fig. S8 Normalized PL and PLE of Cs₂ZnCl₄ at room temperature ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 267$ nm, $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 491$ nm).

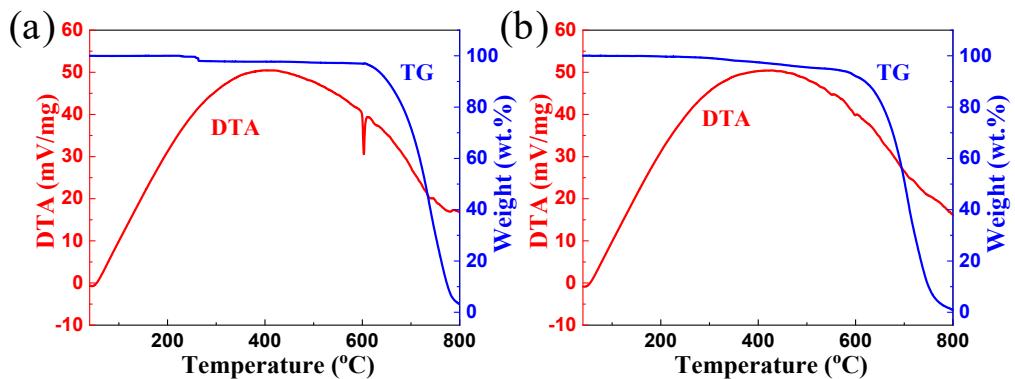


Fig. S9 Thermogravimetrics (TG) and differential thermal analysis (DTA) graphs of as the synthesized (a) Cs₂ZnCl₄ and (b) Cs₂ZnCl₄:Te⁴⁺ performed on a PerkinElmer Diamond TG-DTA at 10 °C/min in an argon flow from room temperature to 800 °C. under N₂ atmosphere.

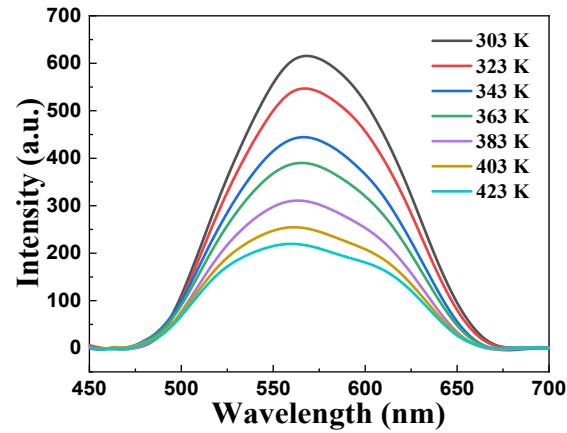


Fig. S10 The emission intensities of $\text{Cs}_2\text{ZnCl}_4:\text{Te}^{4+}$ dependent on the temperatures.