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## **Supporting Information**

## Picomolar level Electrochemical Detection of Hydroquinone, Catechol and Resorcinol Simultaneously Using a MoS<sub>2</sub> Nano-Flower Decorated Graphene

Arya Nair J.S, Saisree.S, Sandhya K.Y\* Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Space Science and Technology Valiyamala, Thiruvananthapuram 695-547, Kerala, India. \*Corresponding author: Email: sandhya@iist.ac.in, Tel:0471-2568551





Figure.S1 (A-C): The SEM images and the Raman spectrum of pGr-MoS<sub>2</sub>

## XPS analysis of C1s, O1s, Mo 3d and S2p.

The high-resolution XPS spectra of C 1s (Fig. 1F) indicated the presence of C-C/C=C (284.7 eV) and C-O/C=O (285.8 eV) functional groups and O1s (Fig.1G) has peaks at 531.3 and 532.8 eV corresponding to C=O and C-O, respectively. The Mo (Fig 2H) displays two characteristic peaks of Mo<sup>4+</sup>  $3d_{3/2}$  and  $3d_{5/2}$  at the binding energy values of 232.5 and 229.3 eV and a small peak at 236.2eV, which corresponds to Mo<sup>6+</sup>, which is the characteristic peak for MoO<sub>3</sub>. In addition, a small peak located at 226 eV is related to S 2s. The  $2p_{3/2}$  peak which is the characteristic of S<sup>2-</sup> and S<sub>2</sub><sup>2-</sup> of S are observed at 161.3 and 163.4 eV, respectively (Fig. 1I).



Figure.S2 (A): The DPV response for 1mM HQ, CA, and RE in the presence of various toxic contaminants on pGr/GCE and (B): The TEM image of pm-pGr+MoS<sub>2</sub>



Figure S3. (A): The DPV scans obtained for higher concentrations of DHBI on pGr-MoS<sub>2</sub>/GCE from 2 to 10 mM showing the current response reaching the saturation at higher concentration.



Figure.S4: The CV scans obtained for pGr-MoS<sub>2</sub>/GCE in the presence of (A):1 mM HQ; (B): 1 mM CA; and (C): 1 mM RE with various scan rates from 10 to 1000 mV/s. (D-E): corresponding calibration curve of anodic peak currents vs. scan rates for HQ, CA, and RE.



Figure. S5: DPV scans of the peak current of six independently coated electrodes showing reproducibility of pGr-MoS<sub>2</sub>/GCE.



Figure. S6: The DPV response of HQ, CA, and RE on pGr-MoS<sub>2</sub>/GCE using real samples as electrolytes: (A-C) Groundwater, (D-F) Tap water, and (G-I) Sea water as electrolyte.