Supporting Information

Carbon electrode obtained via pyrolysis of plasma-deposited parylene-C

for electrochemical immunoassays

Zhiquan Song^a, Jun-Hee Park^a, Hong-Rae Kim^a, Ga-Yeon Lee^{a,b},

Min-Jung Kang^c, Moo-Hwan Kim^d and Jae-Chul Pyun^{a,*}

- ^a Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Yonsei University, 50 Yonsei-Ro, Seodaemun-gu, Seoul, Korea. Tel: +82 2 2123 5851, Fax: +82 2 312 5375 Email: jcpyun@yonsei.ac.kr
- ^b Korea Institute of Ceramic Engineering and Technology (KICET), Jinju, Korea
- ^c Korea Institute of Science and Technology (KIST), Seoul, Korea
- ^d Femto Science Co., Hwasung, Korea

* To whom correspondence should be addressed.



Fig. S1. Surface analysis of parylene-C obtained via thermal and plasma deposition. (a) Scanning electron microscopy images, (b) atomic force microscopy analyses, and (c) contact angle measurements



Fig. S2. TMB analysis using pyrolyzed parylene-C in electrochemical and conventional chromogenic measurements. (a) Redox reaction of TMB. (b) Cyclic voltammetry (CV) of TMB with absorbance at 450 nm (OD) values using pyrolyzed parylene-C obtained via thermal and plasma deposition. (c) Statistical comparison of TMB analysis using the Bland-Altman test and Passing-Bablok regression.



Fig. S3. Statistical comparison of ELISA for the diagnosis of human hepatitis-C and electrochemical analysis with pyrolyzed parylene-C obtained via (a) thermal and (b) plasma deposition using Bland-Altman test and Passing-Bablok regression.

Wave	Assignment [–]	Before	oyrolysis	After p		
number (cm ⁻¹)		Thermal	Plasma	Thermal	Plasma	Туре
3018	Aromatic C–H stretching	0	0	Х	Х	3
2924	Aliphatic CH ₂ , CH ₃ stretching	0	0	0	0	1
2850	Aliphatic CH ₂ , CH ₃ stretching	0	0	0	0	1
1705	C=O stretching	х	0	0	0	2
1669	C=C stretching	х	х	0	0	4
1608	C=C stretching	0	0	х	х	3
1555	C=C stretching	0	0	х	х	3
1491	Bending of sp ² C–H bonds in aromatic rings	0	0	Х	х	3
1450	C–H bending	0	0	Х	х	3
1397	C–H bending	Ο	0	Х	х	3
1200	C–O stretching	0	0	Х	х	3
1155	C–O stretching	Ο	0	Х	х	3
1101	C–O stretching	Ο	0	х	х	3
1045	Vibrational stretches of C–Cl attached to aromatic ring	0	0	Х	х	3
875	C–H bending	0	0	Х	х	3
823	C–H bending	0	0	х	Х	3
687	C=C bending	0	0	Х	х	3

Table S1. Peaks in the Fourier transform infrared spectra of parylene-C films obtained via thermal an d plasma deposition before and after pyrolysis.

1: Peaks observed for parylene-C films obtained via both deposition methods before and after pyrolysis.

2: Peaks observed only for the plasma-deposited parylene-C film (before pyrolysis).

3: Peaks observed for parylene-C films obtained via both deposition methods but not observed after pyrolysis.

4: Peaks only observed after pyrolysis

Deposition	Durohusis	С	C N O CI C 1S chemical state (at. %)							$-cn^2 C/cn^3 C$		
method	Pyrorysis	(at. %)	(at. %)	(at. %)	(at. %)	sp² C	sp³ C	sp ³ C–OH	lsp ² C=O	sp³ C–N	sp ² C–Cl	-sp c/sp c
Thermal	before	89.2	0	0.5	10.3	73.3	20.8	-	-	-	5.9	3.5
deposition	after	96.5	0	3.5	0	70.8	18.2	7.0	4.0	-	-	3.9
Plasma	before	71.0	10.7	14.6	3.7	33.9	17.1	14.3	18.4	12.7	3.6	2.0
deposition	after	97.0	1.4	1.6	0	72.5	18.6	6.0	2.9	-	-	3.9

Table S2. Atomic compositions of the parylene-C films prepared via thermal and plasma deposition (at. % : atomic composition in percentage) according to X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy.

Wave		Before pyrolysis		After pyrolysis		
number (cm ⁻¹)	Assignment	Thermal	Plasma	Thermal	Plasma	Туре
630.8	C-Cl stratching	О	0	х	Х	3
691.8	c-ci stretching	0	0	х	Х	3
952.3	C–O–C stretching	О	0	х	Х	3
1008	symmetric ring breathing	0	0	х	х	3
1211	C–H in-plane deformations	0	х	х	х	2
1340	CH ₂ wagging And twisting vibrations	Ο	х	х	х	2
1443.2	CH scissoring in CH ₂ , C=C in-	0	х	х	х	2
1610.7	plane vibrations of the aromatic ring	О	0	х	Х	3
2710.3		х	0	х	Х	1
2859.2	C–H stretching	0	х	х	х	2
2930.9	aromatic ring	0	х	х	х	2
3050.5		0	х	х	х	2
1361.1~1366.4	D peak	х	Х	0	0	4
1595.9~1597.1	G peak	х	х	0	0	4

Table S3. Raman peaks of the thermally or plasma-deposited parylene-C films before and after pyrolysis.

1: Peaks observed only for the plasma-deposited parylene-C film (before pyrolysis).

2: Peaks observed only for the thermally deposited parylene-C film (before pyrolysis).

3: Peaks observed in the parylene-C films obtained via both deposition methods (before pyrolysis).

4: Peaks observed only after pyrolysis.

	C _{dl} (μF/cm²)	k _{app} (cm/s)	Electrochemical Window vs. (Ag/AgCl)
Pyrolyzed parylene-C (thermal)	2.20	1.2 x 10 ⁻³	-1.0~2.1 V
Pyrolyzed parylene-C (plasma)	2.10	1.1 x 10 ⁻³	-1.0~2.1 V

Table S4. Electrochemical parameters of pyrolyzed parylene-C obtained via thermal and plasma deposition.