

**Switchable inhibitory behavior of divalent magnesium ion in DNA  
hybridization-based gene quantification**

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## Supplementary Information`

### *NanoGene assay*

The NanoGene assay consists of probe and signaling DNAs each tethered to a quantum dot of a different emission wavelength. The quantum dots' emission wavelengths are 565 and 655 nm and the respective quantum dots are denoted as QD<sub>565</sub> and QD<sub>655</sub>, respectively. The probe DNA-QD<sub>565</sub> complex is further attached to a magnetic bead (MB). Both probe and signaling DNAs have sequences that are designed to capture a specific target DNA. In this way, the target DNA will be hybridized with both probe and signaling DNAs, hence linking them together. A magnetic field is used to hold the MB-QD<sub>565</sub>-probe DNA complex and MB-QD<sub>565</sub>-probe DNA-signaling DNA-QD<sub>655</sub> complex in place while the unlinked signaling DNA-QD<sub>655</sub> complexes are rinsed away. In this way, the fluorescence ratio of QD<sub>655</sub> to QD<sub>565</sub> will be indicative of the quantity of the captured target DNA.