

Total Synthesis of (–)-Panduratin D

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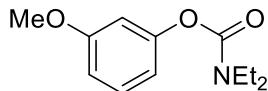
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General information

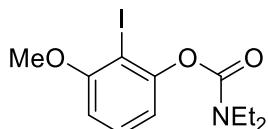
The reactions were performed in flame-dried glassware under positive nitrogen pressure unless stated otherwise. All the reactions were monitored by TLC using TLC glass plates precoated with silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ (Merck). The visualization of TLC was done with UV, KMnO₄ stain, or ammonium molybdate stain. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel Geduran® Si 60 (230-400 mesh) (Merck). ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded in Bruker N 600 MHz, AV-400 MHz, AVIII-400 MHz, AV-500 MHz spectrometers, and chemical shifts were measured in δ (ppm) with residual solvent peaks as internal standards (CDCl₃, δ 7.26 ppm in ¹H NMR, δ 77.16 ppm in ¹³C NMR). Abbreviations in the NMR data are m = multiplet, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, br = broad, dd = doublet of doublet, dm = doublet of multiplet, dt = doublet of triplet, td = triplet of doublet, q = quartet, p = pentet, h = heptet. Enantioselectivity of UV active Diels-Alder product was determined by Agilent HPLC using Daicel chiral columns Chiralpak AD-H. Specific rotation was recorded in Jasco 2020 polarimeter. The melting point was determined by the Buchi M-565 instrument. Cold-Spray Ionization Mass spectra were recorded in JMS-T100LP AccuTOF LC-plus 4G mass spectrometer.

3-methoxyphenyl diethylcarbamate (**3**)¹



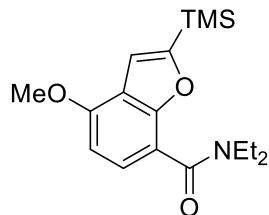
To a solution of 3-methoxyphenol (2.0 gm, 161 mmol) in CH₃CN (32.22 mL) was added oven-dried K₂CO₃ (3.340 gm, 24.16 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere and diethylcarbamyl chloride (3.063 mL, 24.16 mmol) respectively. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 3 hours. After completion of the conversion, the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O and extracted with EtOAc. The organic extracts were washed with 1N aq. NaOH solution followed by water and brine. The organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (6-7% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford 3-methoxyphenyl diethylcarbamate (3.413 gm, 95%) as a colorless oil. Spectral data for **3** was in accordance with literature report. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.24 (t, 1H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 6.74-6.71 (m, 2H), 6.68 (t, 1H, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.43-3.38 (m, 4H), 1.24-1.19 (m 6H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 160.5, 154.2, 152.7, 129.6, 114.1, 111.2, 107.8, 55.5, 42.3, 42, 14.3, 13.5;)

2-iodo-3-methoxyphenyl diethylcarbamate (**4**)¹



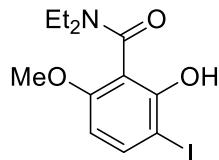
To a solution of 3-methoxyphenyl diethylcarbamate **3** (900 mg, 4.03 mmol) in dry THF (73 mL) was added *t*-BuLi (3.45 mL, 1.40 M, 4.84 mmol) in dropwise manner over 20 minutes at -78 °C. After stirring at -78 °C for 1 hour, a solution of iodine (1.23 gm, 4.84 mmol) in THF (7.3 mL) was added to the reaction mixture in dropwise manner over 20 min at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at same temperature for 1 hour and gradually warm to room temperature and stir for 14 hours. The reaction was quenched slowly by using 10 mL of sat. NH₄Cl solution at 0 °C. and extracted by EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (6-7% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford 2-iodo-3-methoxyphenyl diethylcarbamate **4** (1.12 gm, 80%) as white amorphous solid. Spectral data was in accordance with literature report. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.28 (t, 1H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 6.82 (dd, 1H, *J* = 0.9, 8.1 Hz), 6.66 (dd, 1H, *J* = 0.9, 8.1 Hz), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.59 (q, 2H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 3.39 (q, 2H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 1.32 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 1.22 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.1 Hz); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 159.6, 153.2, 153.1, 129.6, 116.1, 107.8, 83.93, 56.8, 42.4, 42.2, 14.5, 13.4

N,N-diethyl-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-carboxamide (**6**)



Solution of *N,N*-diethyl-2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-3-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide **9** (250 mg, 0.78 mmol), Et₃N (436 μL, 3.13 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (5.5 mg, 7.8 μmol) and CuI (1.5 mg, 15.6 μmol) in 2.5 mL anhydrous CH₃CN in a pressure tube was degassed twice by using freeze-pump-thaw cycle, and then heated to 65 °C for 18 hours. After completion of conversion, the reaction mixture was passed through short celite plug and washed with EtOAc. Filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by using column chromatography (8-9% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford *N,N*-diethyl-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-carboxamide **6** (183 mg, 73%) as brown color gummy liquid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.23 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.5 Hz), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.61 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.5 Hz), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.61 (q, 2H, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 3.20 (q, 2H, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 1.26 (t, 3H, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 1.04 (t, 3H, *J* = 6.1 Hz) 0.28 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 167.8, 162.8, 155, 154.3, 125, 118.3, 115.2, 113.5, 103.1, 55.8, 43.1, 39.1, 14.3, 13, -1.7; IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 3482, 2965, 2899, 2838, 1629, 1530, 1499, 1458, 1429, 1379, 1354, 1279, 1250, 1220, 1174, 1155, 1098, 913, 843, 758, 629 cm⁻¹. HRMS-ESI⁺ (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₅NO₃NaSi 342.1496, found 342.1493.

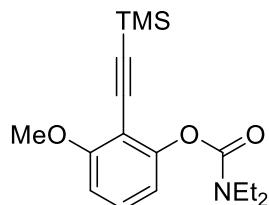
N,N-diethyl-2-hydroxy-3-iodo-6-methoxybenzamide (**7**)²



To a solution of 2-iodo-3-methoxyphenyl diethylcarbamate **3** (100 mg, 0.29 mmol) in dry THF (0.71 mL) in a flame dried Schlenk tube under nitrogen atmosphere, was added freshly prepared (By using distilled diisopropyl amine (84 μL, 0.6 mmol) in THF (0.29 mL) and *n*-BuLi (294 μL, 0.57 mmol, 1.95M solution in hexane) lithium diisopropylamide (LDA, 2 M in THF) solution at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature gradually and stir for 14 hours at room temperature. After completion of reaction, it was quenched by using 1N HCl (1 mL), and extracted by using Ethyl acetate, combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (10-15% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford *N,N*-diethyl-2-hydroxy-3-iodo-6-methoxybenzamide **7** (41 mg, 41%) as pale yellow solid . The spectral data was in accordance with the literature report.² ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone d₆) δ: 7.65 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 6.49 (d,

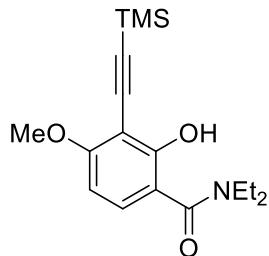
$1\text{H}, J = 8.8 \text{ Hz}$), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.52 (br s, 2H), 3.20 (br s, 2H), 1.18 (br s, 3H), 1.10 (br s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone d_6) δ : 166.3, 158, 155, 140.1, 115.2, 106.4, 75.9, 56.4, 43.6, 39.6, 14.3, 13.1

3-methoxy-2-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)phenyl diethylcarbamate (**8**)



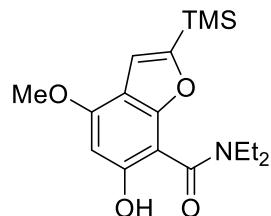
To a solution of 2-iodo-3-methoxyphenyl diethylcarbamate **4** (500 mg, 1.43 mmol), in anhydrous CH_3CN (7.2 mL) were added, diethylamine (592 μL , 5.72 mmol), $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$ (50.2 mg, 0.07 mmol), and CuI (27.2 mg, 0.14 mmol) in a flame dried pressure tube and reaction mixture was degassed twice by using freeze-pump-thaw cycle. To this, trimethylsilylacetylene (203 μL , 1.43 mmol) was added at room temperature and the resulting mixture was heated to 65 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 13 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled down and then added trimethylsilylacetylene 203 μL (1.43 mmol). This mixture was again heated for 13 hours at 65 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. After completion of conversion, the reaction mixture was passed through short celite plug (washed with EtOAc and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (4-5% $\text{EtOAc}/\text{Hexane}$) to afford 3-methoxy-2-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)phenyl diethylcarbamate as gummy liquid **8** (436 mg, 95%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.23 (t, 1H, $J = 8.2 \text{ Hz}$), 6.80 (dd, 1H, $J = 0.9, 8.1 \text{ Hz}$), 6.70 (dd, 1H, $J = 0.9, 8.1 \text{ Hz}$), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.49 (q, 2H, $J = 7.1 \text{ Hz}$), 3.38 (q, 2H, $J = 7.1 \text{ Hz}$), 1.30 (t, 3H, $J = 7.1 \text{ Hz}$), 1.20 (t, 3H, $J = 7.1 \text{ Hz}$), 0.22 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 161.1, 154.1, 153.5, 129.5, 115.2, 107.7, 107.3, 103.2, 96.4, 56.3, 42.5, 42.2, 14.5, 13.6, 0.16; IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 2973, 2934, 1720, 1599, 1576, 1468, 1437, 1416, 1380, 1365, 1315, 1283, 1239, 1220, 1153, 1119, 1091, 969, 913, 768, 726, 542 cm^{-1} . HRMS (MALDI) m/e : Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{26}\text{NO}_3\text{Si}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 320.1682 Found 320.1690.

N,N-diethyl-2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-3-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (**9**)



To a solution of 3-methoxy-2-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)phenyl diethylcarbamate **8** (400 mg, 1.25 mmol) in THF (3.75 mL) in a flame dried Schlenk tube at -78 °C, was added freshly prepared lithium diisopropylamide (LDA) solution (2.68 mL, 2 M in THF, 2.5 mmol). After stirring for 1 hour at -78 °C, the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature gradually and stir for 14 hours. The reaction mixture then cooled down to -50 °C and freshly distilled TMSCl (160 µL, 1.25 mmol) was added. After stirring for 1 hour at -50 °C, the reaction mixture was quickly filtered through silica gel at the same temperature and subsequently washed with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (8-9% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford *N,N*-diethyl-2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-3-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide **9** (285 mg, 71%) as gummy liquid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 9.57 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 6.39 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.45 (q, 4H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 1.22 (t, 6H, *J* = 7.1 Hz) 0.28 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 170.4, 162.8, 160.1, 128.9, 112.8, 105.1, 101.4, 101.2, 95.9, 56.2, 42, 13.5, 0.26; IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 2966, 2899, 2840, 2154, 1618, 1499, 1459, 1378, 1351, 1277, 1247, 1171, 1128, 1096, 920, 858, 788, 759, 602 cm⁻¹. HRMS-ESI⁺ (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₅NO₃NaSi 342.1496, found 342.1496.

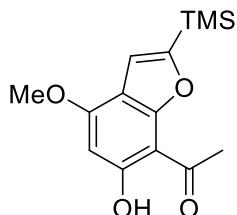
N,N-diethyl-6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-carboxamide (**10**)



To a solution of *N,N*-diethyl-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-carboxamide **6** (135 mg, 0.42 mmol) in 2.5 mL anhydrous THF at -78 °C was added *t*-BuLi (939 µL, 1.35 M in pentane, 1.27 mmol) in dropwise manner. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours at same temperature and then it was added to pre-cooled solution of triisopropyl borate (290 µL, 1.27 mmol) in dry THF (3 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C and kept stirring for another 1 hour. glacial acetic acid (72.5 µL, 1.27 mmol) and 30% H₂O₂ (143 µL, 1.27 mmol) were added to the reaction mixture respectively and stir for 14 hours at room temperature. After completion of conversion, the reaction was quenched by EtOAc and H₂O. Extracted by using EtOAc, organic layers were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (10-12% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford *N,N*-diethyl-6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-carboxamide **10** (113 mg, 80%) as pink solid. mp: 130 °C. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 9.94 (s, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.34 (s, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.53 (q, 4H, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 1.24 (t, 6H, *J* = 7.1 Hz) 0.30 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 168.7, 160.7, 160, 155.7, 155.6, 113.9, 111.2, 98.4, 94.9, 55.8, 41.4, 13.7, -1.5; IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 2964, 1618, 1483, 1442, 1380, 1315, 1250, 1210,

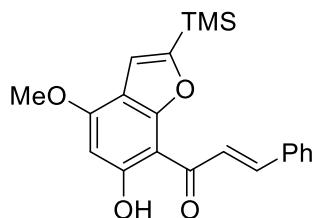
1170, 1139, 1123, 911, 842, 755 cm^{-1} . HRMS-ESI $^+$ (m/z): [M+H] $^+$ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₆NO₄Si 336.1626, found 336.1625.

1-(6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)ethan-1-one (11)



A commercial solution of corresounding MeLi (0.42 mL, 0.83 M, 0.35 mmol) was cooled to 0 °C and *N,N*-diethyl-6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran -7-carboxamide **10** (47 mg, 0.14 mmol), dissolved in dry THF (0.23 mL) at 0 °C, was slowly added dropwise. The solution was then stirred for 2 hours at room temperture, 1N HCl (2 mL) was added and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (4-5% EtOAc/Hexane) to give 1-(6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)ethan-1-one **11** (20.3 mg, 52%) and starting material **10** (4.5 mg, 9.6%) as colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 2.82 (s, 3H), 0.32 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : = 200.8, 165.7, 160.9, 159.3, 158.7, 113.5, 111.6, 102.5, 94.2, 55.9, 30.7, -1.8; IR (film $\bar{\nu}$) 3447, 1628, 1607 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/e : Calcd for C₁₄H₁₉O₄Si [M+H] $^+$: 279.1053 Found 279.1049.

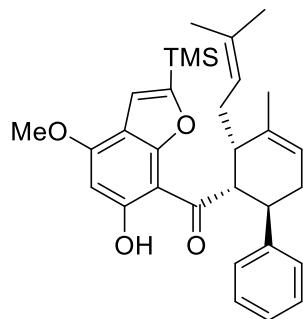
(E)-1-(6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-one (12)



To a solution of *N, N*-diethyl-6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-carboxamide **10** (50 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (0.3 mL) in a flame-dried Schlenk tube, was added freshly prepared lithium tetramethylpiperidine (LTMP) (4 equiv, 0.60 mmol, 2 M in THF) , at 0 °C and stirred for 10 min at the same temperature. TBDMSCl (26.9 mg, 0.18 mmol) was added quickly by relying on inert gas over-pressure at 0 °C and gradually warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. Methyl iodide (42.3mg, 0.3 mmol) was then added to the reaction mixture at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min at room temperature. After 30 min, benzaldehyde (20.5 mg, 0.19

mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Upon completion of the reaction, it was then quenched with 1 N HCl (2.5 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was extracted with Ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (2-3% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford the (*E*)-1-(6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-one **12** (29 mg, 53%) as saffron color solid. mp: 148 °C. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 14.42 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, 1H, *J* = 15.5 Hz), 7.97 (d, 1H, *J* = 15.5 Hz), 7.73-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 0.40 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 190.3, 167.8, 160.9, 159.8, 158.5, 143.9, 135.5, 130.6, 129.1, 128.7, 125.7, 113.9, 112, 103.1, 94.8, 56, -1.4; IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 2952, 1637, 1616, 1597, 1571, 1527, 1499, 1463, 1444, 1401, 1370, 1330, 1300, 1245, 1219, 1173, 997, 974, 843, 813, 752, 721 cm⁻¹. HRMS-ESI⁺ (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₁H₂₂O₄NaSi 389.1180, found 389.1189.

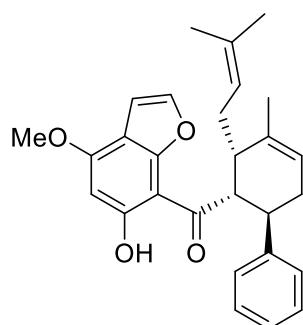
(6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)methanone (**13**)



To a solution of (*S*)-3,3'-diphenyl-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol **L3** (71.7 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 0.4 mL anhydrous THF, was added BH₃·THF (163 μL, 1 M solution in THF, 0.16 mmol) and glacial Acetic acid (9.3 μL, 0.16 mmol) respectively. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 30 minutes. Solvent was removed under high vacuum and further dried for 3 hours under nitrogen atmosphere. The residue was re-dissolved in THF (0.5 mL) and added the pre activated 5 Å molecular sieve (300 mg) and (*E*)-1-(6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-one **12** (30 mg, 0.08 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 4 hours and then ocimene (69.7 μL, 0.41 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture at same temperature. The reaction was stirred at rt for 96 hours and monitored by TLC. The mixture was filtered through the Celite, and further washed with Ethyl acetate, and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (1-2% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford (6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)methanone **13** (14.5 mg, 35%) as colorless oil, along with starting material **12** (11.8 mg, 39%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 13.63 (s, 1H), 7.20-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.11-7.08 (m, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 5.51 (bs, 1H), 4.82 (tt, 1H, *J* = 7,

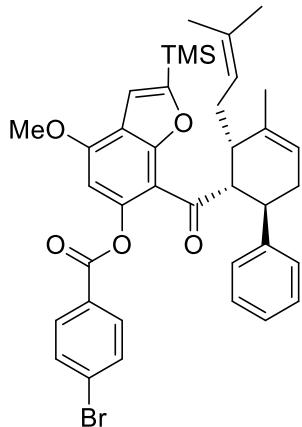
1.6 Hz), 4.78 (dd, 1H, *J*= 7, 4.8 Hz), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.51-3.45 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.47-2.42 (m, 1H), 2.36-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.14-2.08 (m, 2H), 1.77 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 0.36 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 204.2, 166.5, 160.7, 159, 158, 146.8, 136.9, 132, 128.5, 127.2, 125.8, 124.3, 121.4, 113.6, 111.6, 103.3, 94.7, 56, 53.7, 42.9, 36.9, 36.2, 29, 25.7, 22.9, 18.1, -1.7. *ee*_(endo) = 95% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak AD-H column, 1.5% IPA/Hexane, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm, t_r_{(endo} (minor) = 10.79, t_r_{(endo} (major)) = 11.39 min]. [α]_D²¹ = -6.58° (*c* 0.5 CHCl₃). IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 2932, 2897, 2834, 1616, 1495, 1442, 1228, 842, 548, 528 cm⁻¹. HRMS-FAB⁺ (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₃₁H₃₉O₄Si 503.2618, found 503.2618.

(-)Panduratin D³



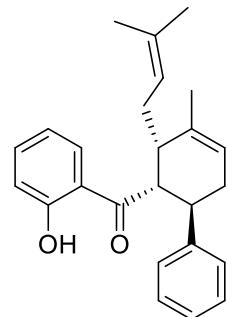
To solution of (6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)methanone **13** (10 mg, 0.02 mmol) in anhydrous THF (0.3 mL) was added TBAF (20 μL, 1 M solution in THF, 0.02 mmol) dropwise at room temperature. Stir reaction mixture for 30 minutes and quench by H₂O. Extract by using EtOAc. Combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to give crude product, which was purified by using column chromatography (3-4% EtOAc/Hexane) to give (-)-panduratin D (7.7 mg, 90%) as colorless oil. Spectral data was in accordance with the reported in literature.¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 13.66 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, 1H, *J*=2.2 Hz), 7.24-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.12-7.08 (m, 1H), 6.84 (d, 1H, *J*= 2.2 Hz), 6.22 (s, 1H), 5.50 (bs, 1H), 4.82-4.78 (m, 1H), 4.62 (dd, 1H, *J*= 4.8, 6.4 Hz), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.52-3.47 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.55 (m, 1H), 2.49-2.43 (m, 1H), 2.34-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.17-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.80 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 204, 166.3, 159, 154.6, 146.8, 142.4, 137.2, 132.2, 128.5, 127.2, 125.8, 124.1, 121.3, 110.8, 104.5, 103.2, 95.1, 56, 53.4, 42.5, 37, 35.6, 29, 25.7, 22.9, 18. [α]_D²¹ = -3.07° (*c* 0.5 CHCl₃). IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 3850, 3672, 3646, 3443, 3027, 2964, 2924, 2852, 1747, 1714, 1621, 1558, 1506, 1493, 1453, 1375, 1266, 1209, 1160, 1082, 983, 823, 767, 700 cm⁻¹. HRMS-ESI⁺ (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₈H₃₁O₄ 431.2217, found 431.2222.

4-methoxy-7-((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-carbonyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-6-yl 4-bromobenzoate (14**)**



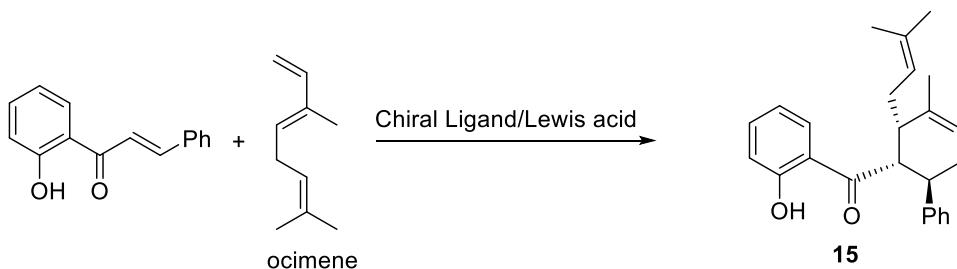
To solution of(6-hydroxy-4-methoxy-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-7-yl)((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)methanone **13** (10 mg, 0.02 mmol) in anhydrous dichloromethane (0.4 mL) was added 4-bromo benzoyl chloride (6.55 mg, 0.03 mmol) and triethylamine (8.27 μ L, 0.06 mmol) at 0 °C and stir for 10 min. at same temperature. Reaction mixture was then brought to room temperature and stir for another 12 hours. After completion of reaction, it was quenched by H₂O and extracted by using dichloromethane. Combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to give crude product, which was purified by using column chromatography (1-2% DCM/Hexane) to afford 4-methoxy-7-((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-carbonyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)benzofuran-6-yl 4-bromobenzoate **14** (8.6 mg, 63%) as a white solid. mp 160 °C. The single crystal for X-ray analysis was obtained from Hexane solvent at -20 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.77 (d, 2H, *J*= 7.2 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, *J*= 7.2 Hz), 7.25-7.09 (m, 5H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 5.41 (bs, 1H), 5.05, (t, 1H, *J*= 7 Hz), 4.51 (dd, 1H, *J*= 8, 3 Hz), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.38 (m, 1H), 2.61 (bs, 1H), 2.42-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.13 (m, 1H), 2.09-2.04 (m, 1H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 0.39 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 198, 165, 163.6, 157.2, 155.2, 149.2, 146.7, 137.6, 132.2, 131.8, 131.3, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 127.5, 125.7, 124.6, 120.9, 117.2, 113.4, 111.9, 100.8, 56.1, 55.9, 41.6, 37.8, 36.2, 29.2, 25.9, 23.4, 18, -1.7. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -8.39^\circ$ (*c* 0.5 CHCl₃). IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 3440, 2958, 2920, 2851, 1747, 1676, 1607, 1583, 1463, 1261, 1139, 1102, 1021, 841 cm⁻¹. HRMS-ESI⁺ (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₃₈H₄₁O₅NaSiBr 707.1799, found 707.1797

(2-hydroxyphenyl)((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)methanone (**15**)

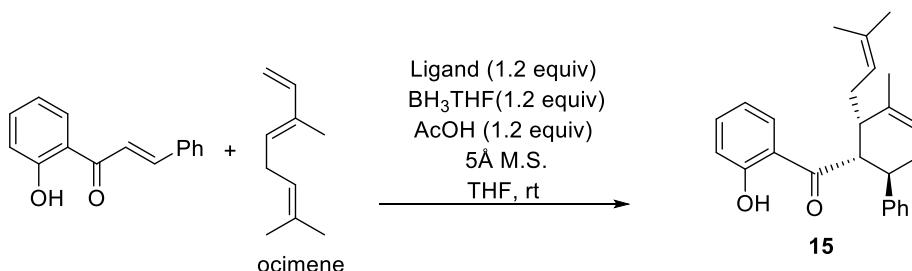


To a solution of (*R*)-3,3'-bis(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol (152 mg, 0.21 mmol) in 0.2 mL anhydrous THF, was added $\text{BH}_3 \cdot \text{THF}$ (214 μL , 1 M solution in THF, 0.21 mmol) and glacial Acetic acid (12.2 μL , 0.21 mmol) respectively. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 30 minutes. Solvent was removed under high vacuum and further dried for 30 minutes under nitrogen atmosphere. The residue was dissolved in THF and added the pre-activated 5 Å molecular sieve (200 mg) and (*E*)-1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-one (20 mg, 0.09 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 1.5 hours and then ocimene (75.9 μL , 0.44 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture at same temperature. The reaction was stirred at rt for 36 hours and monitored by TLC. The mixture was filtered through the Celite, and further washed with Ethyl acetate, and concentrated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (1-2% EtOAc/Hexane) to afford (2-hydroxyphenyl)((1*R*,2*R*,3*S*)-4-methyl-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)methanone **15** (27.3 mg, 85%) as colorless oil. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 12.28 (s, 1H), 7.88 (dd, 1H, J = 1.6, 8.7 Hz), 7.43 (td, 1H, J = 1.6, 7.3 Hz), 7.23-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.13-7.10 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.90 (m, 2H), 5.51 (bs, 1H), 4.73-4.70 (m, 1H), 4.19 (dd, 1H, J = 11.3, 5.1 Hz), 3.47-3.41 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.42 (m, 2H), 2.29-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.80 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 207.3, 162.9, 146.1, 136.4, 136, 132.8, 129.3, 128.6, 127.1, 126.1, 123.6, 121.7, 120.1, 118.9, 118.8, 49.9, 44.4, 36.9, 35.4, 28.9, 25.7, 22.7, 18.1. $ee_{(endo)}$ = 96% [determined by HPLC, Chiraldak AD-H column, 2% IPA/Hexane, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{r(endo\ (major))}$ = 3.81, $t_{r(endo\ (minor))}$ = 4.37 min]. $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -33.09^\circ$ (c 0.5 CHCl_3). IR (KBr film, $\bar{\nu}$): 3038, 3060, 3027, 2961, 2923, 2853, 1636, 1611, 1582, 1445, 1377, 1324, 1195, 1033, 803, 754, 699 cm^{-1} . HRMS-FAB⁺ (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{29}\text{O}_2$ 361.2168, found 361.2159

Model Substrate study for Diels-Alder reaction



entry	Chiral ligand/Lewis acid	solvent	temp °C	yield%	<i>ee</i>
1		toluene	-78 °C - rt	0	--
2	Ti(O <i>i</i> Pr) ₄ /(+)-DIPT	DCM	-78 °C - rt	0	--
3	Et ₂ AlCl/BINOL	DCM	0 °C - rt	0	--
4	AlMe ₃ /BINOL	DCM	0 °C - rt	0	--



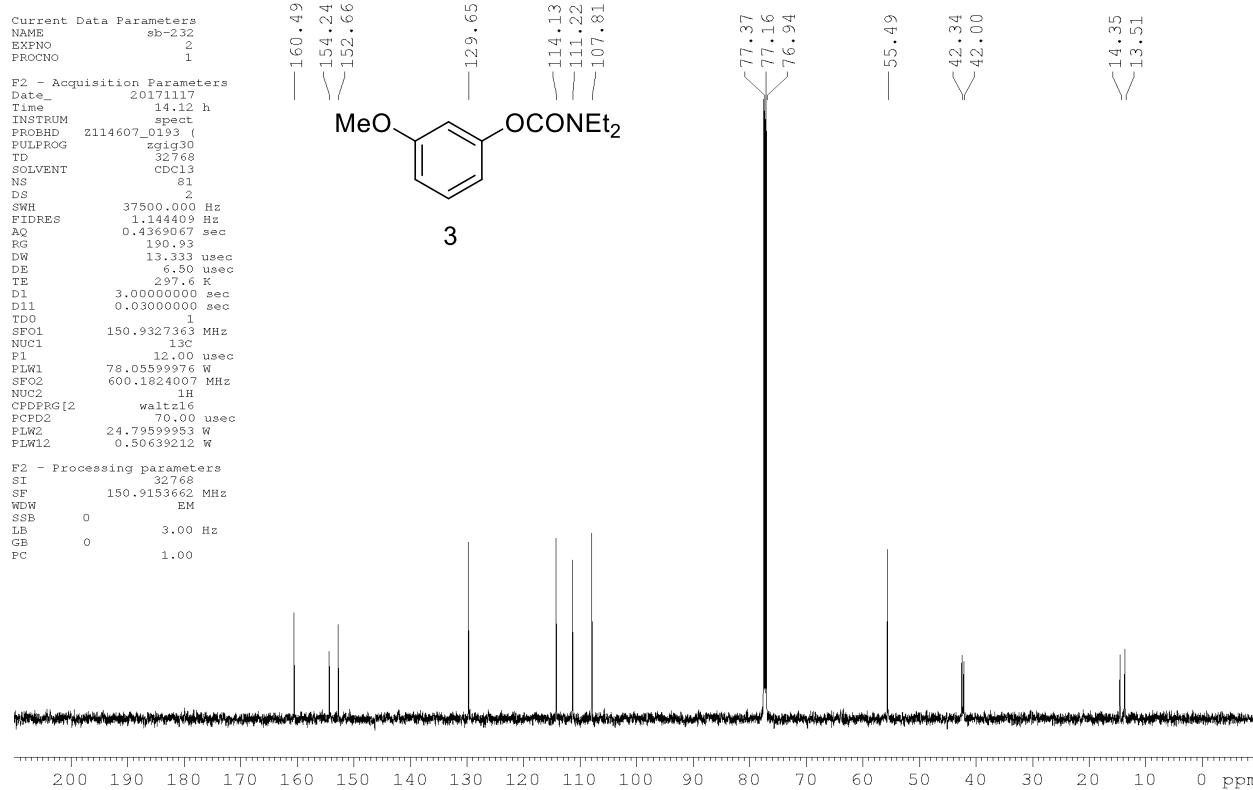
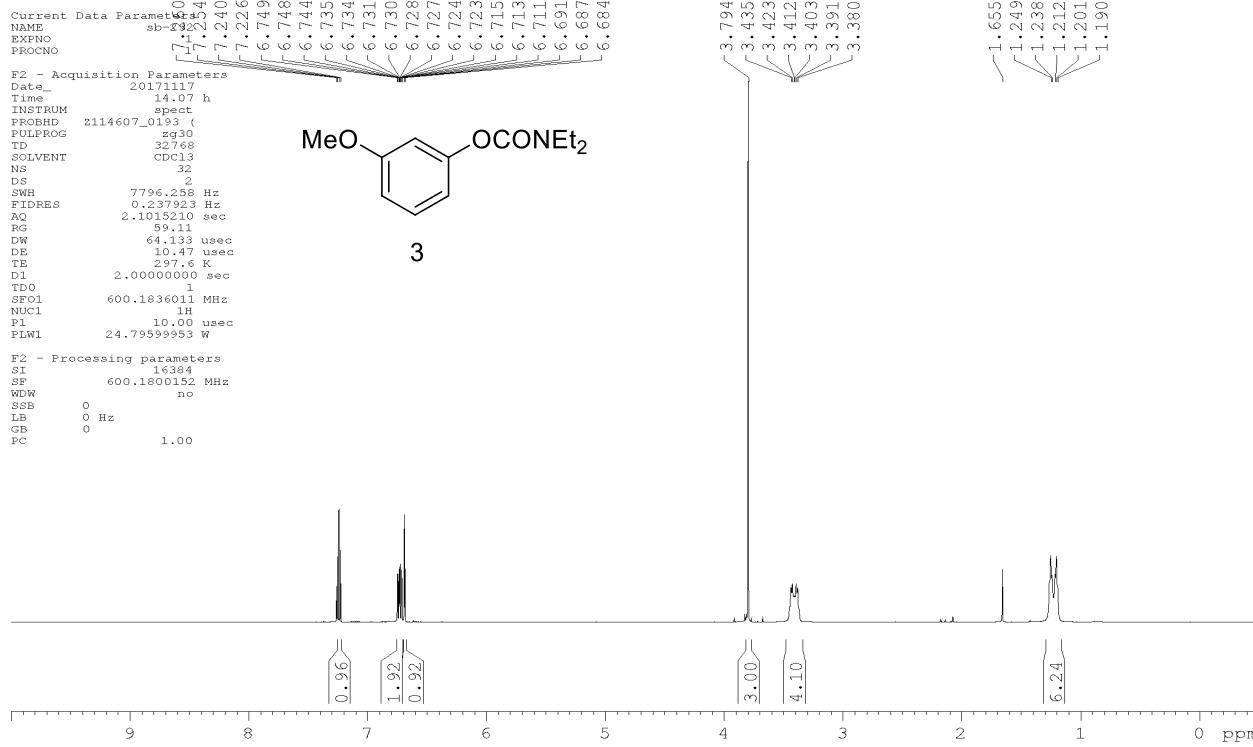
entry	Chiral ligand/Lewis acid	Time	yield%	<i>ee</i>
1	<i>S</i> -BINOL	44	28	33
2 ^a	<i>S</i> -BINOL	66	50	30
3	THT-OH	44	10	0
4	L-2	24	60	95

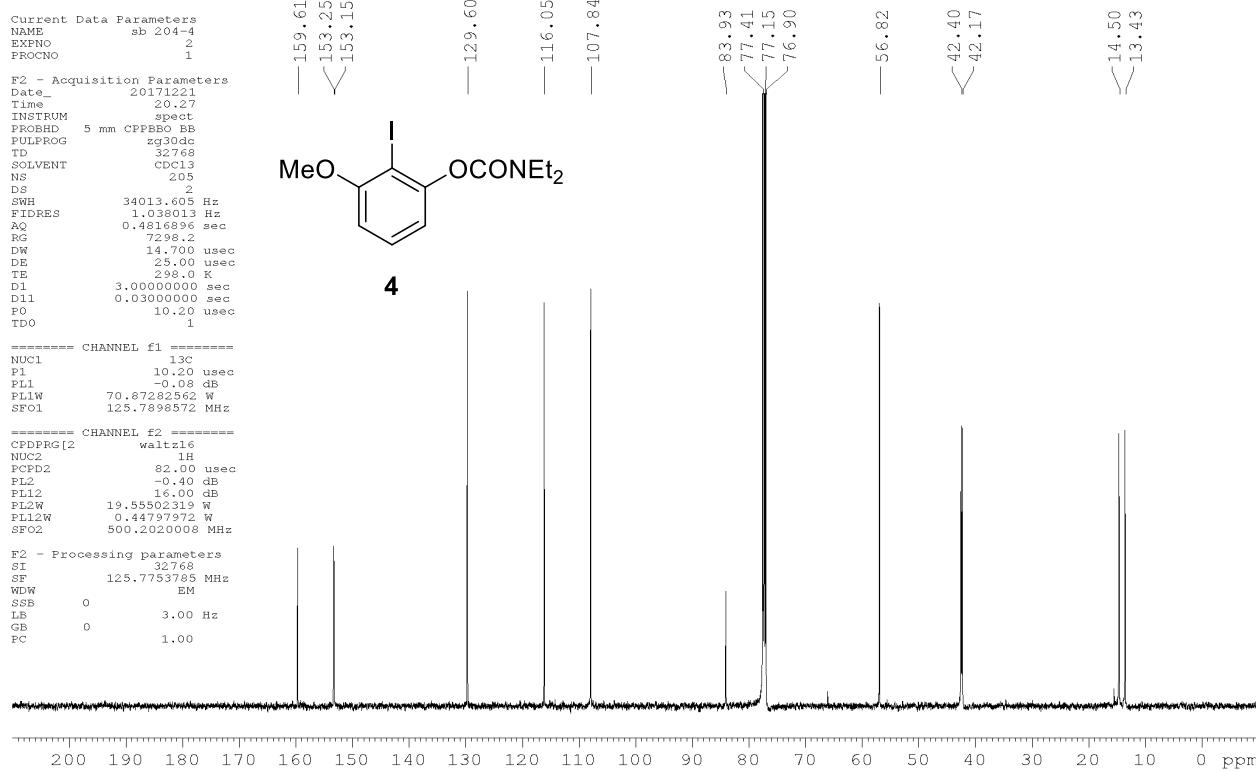
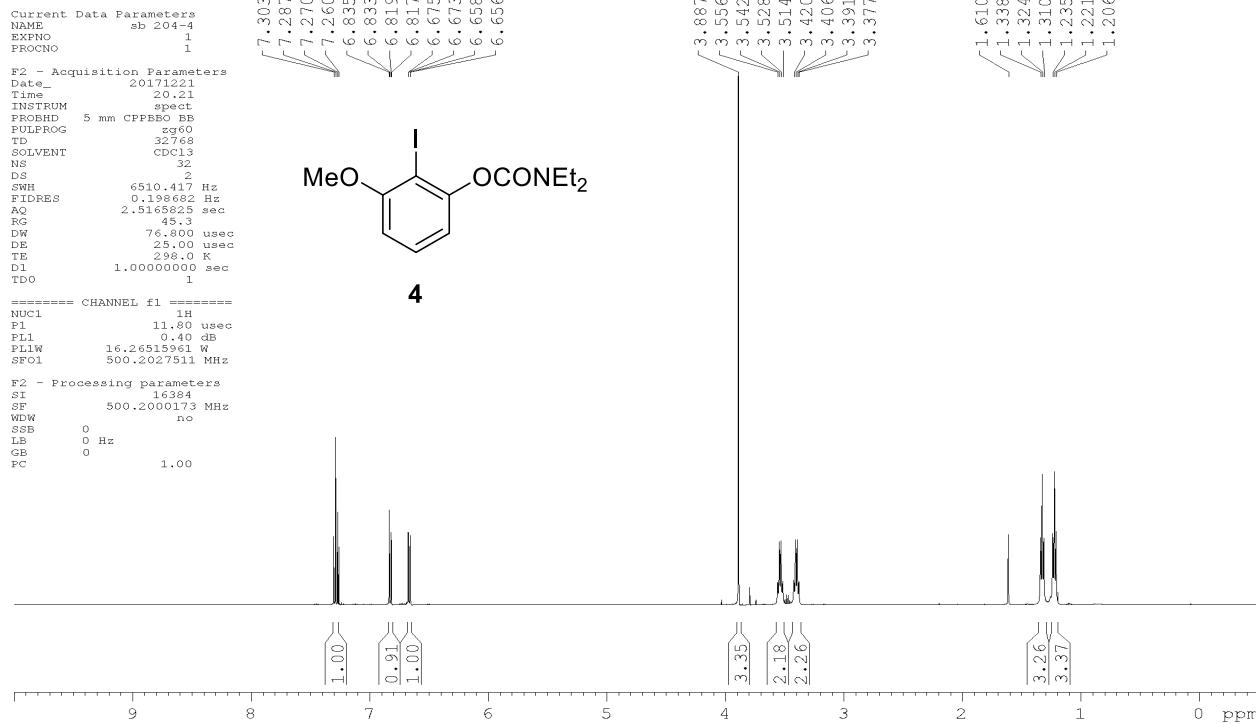
5 ^a	L-2	22	85	97
6	L-3	48	41	81

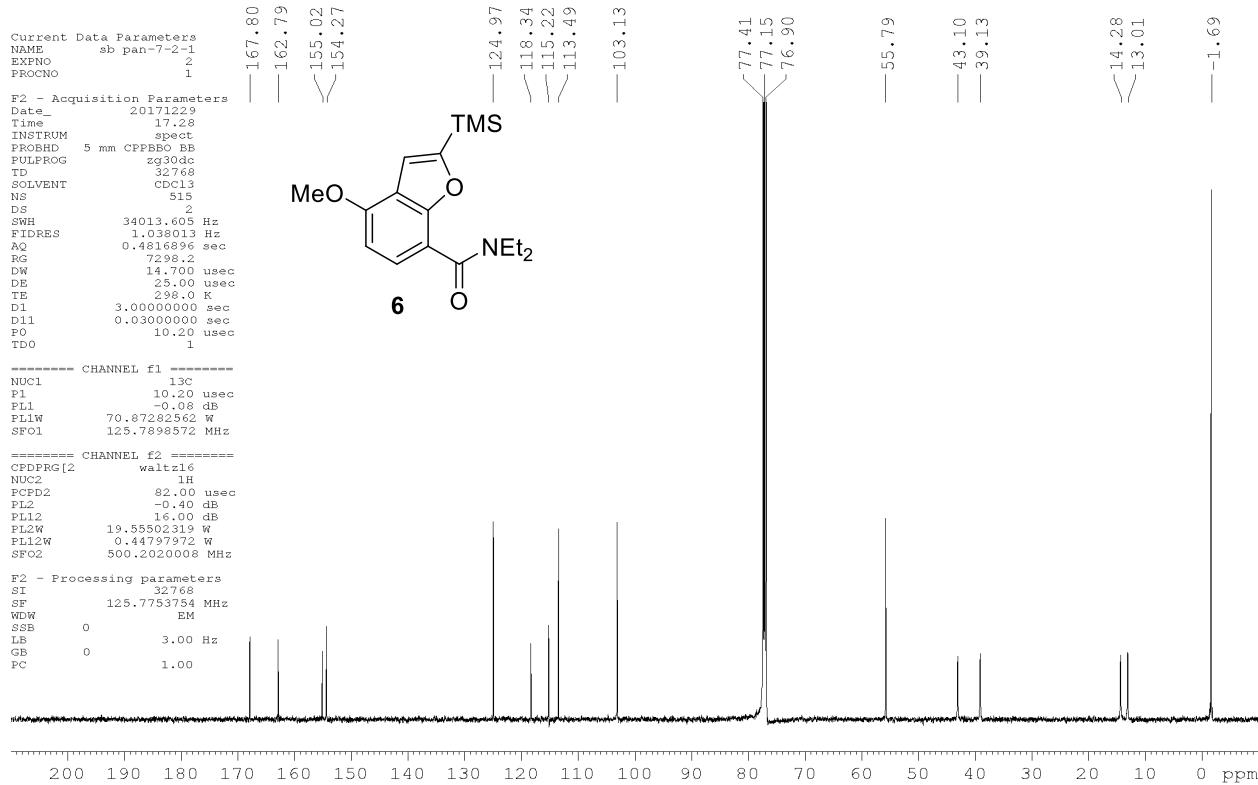
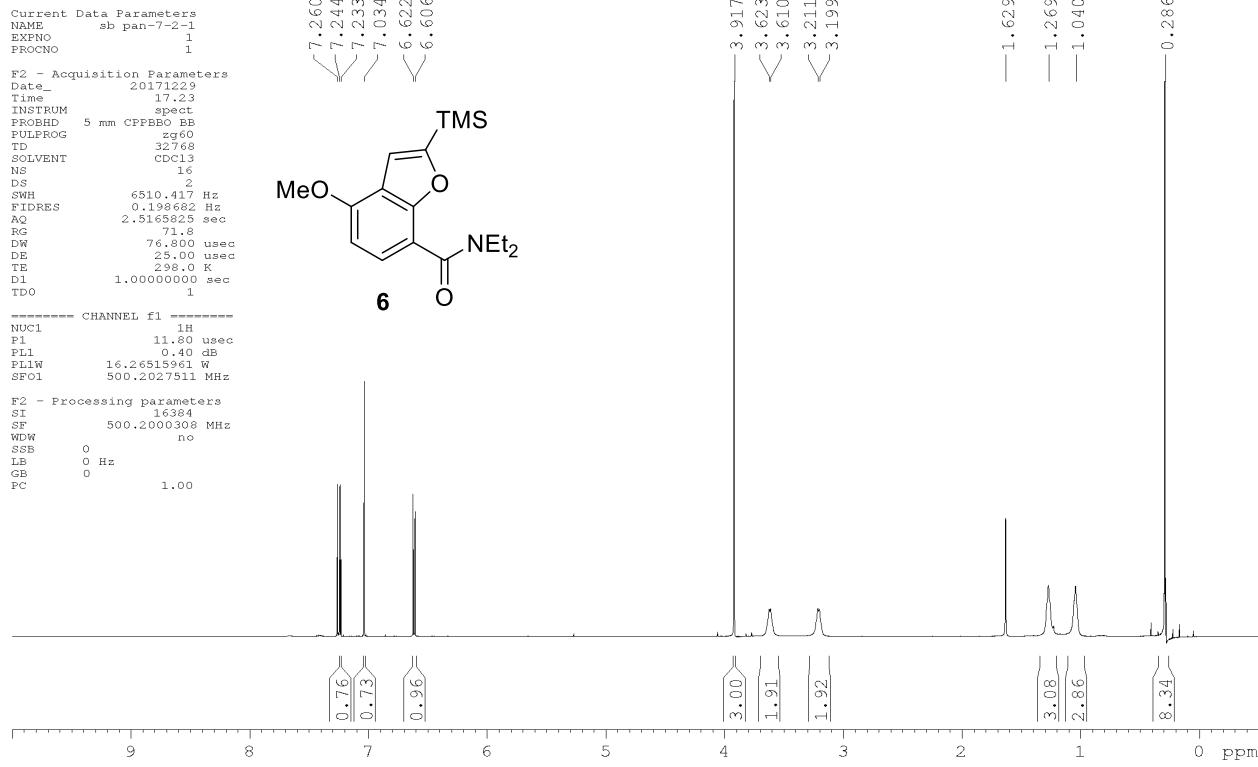
a= (2.4 equiv) ligand, (2.4 equiv) BH₃THF and (2.4 equiv) AcOH was used

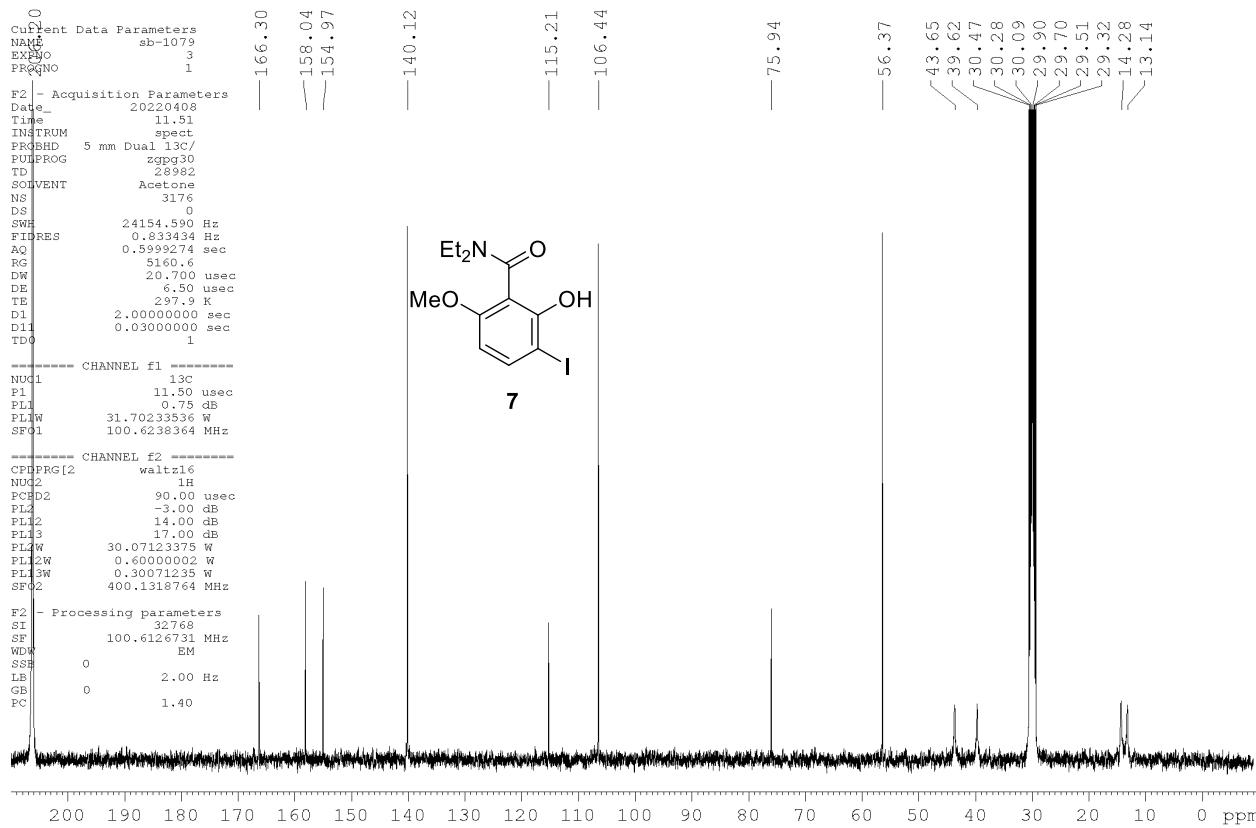
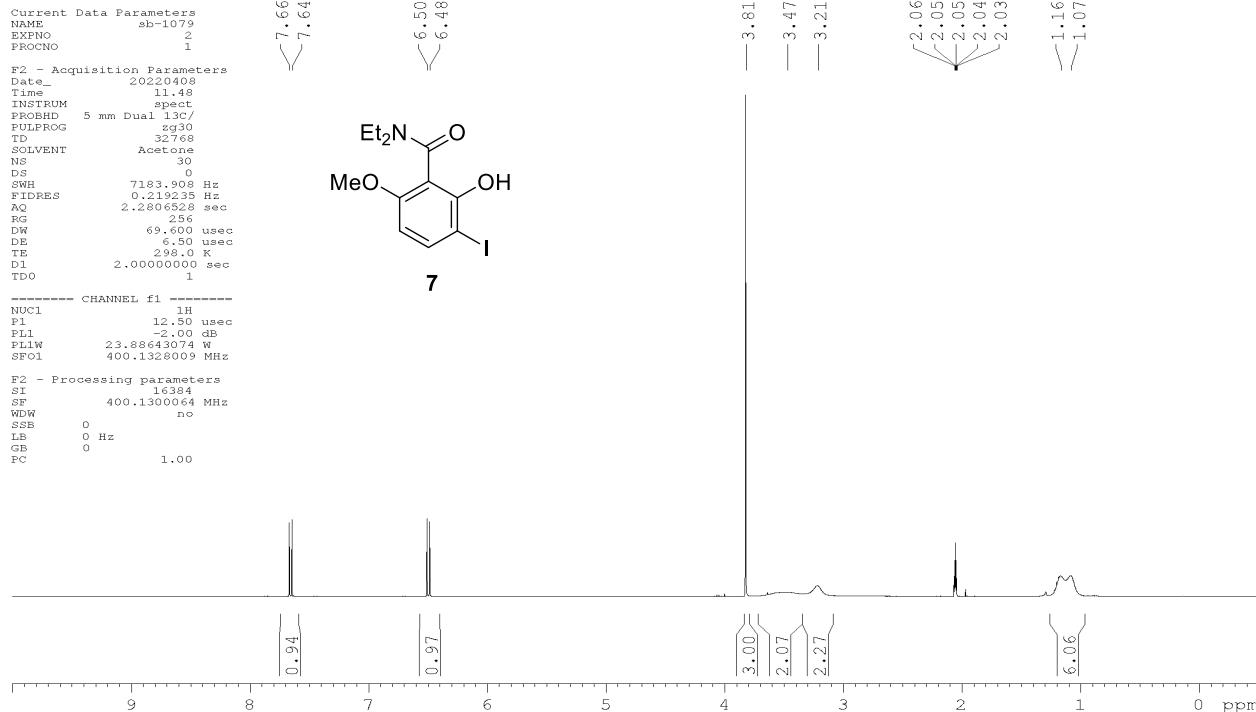
References

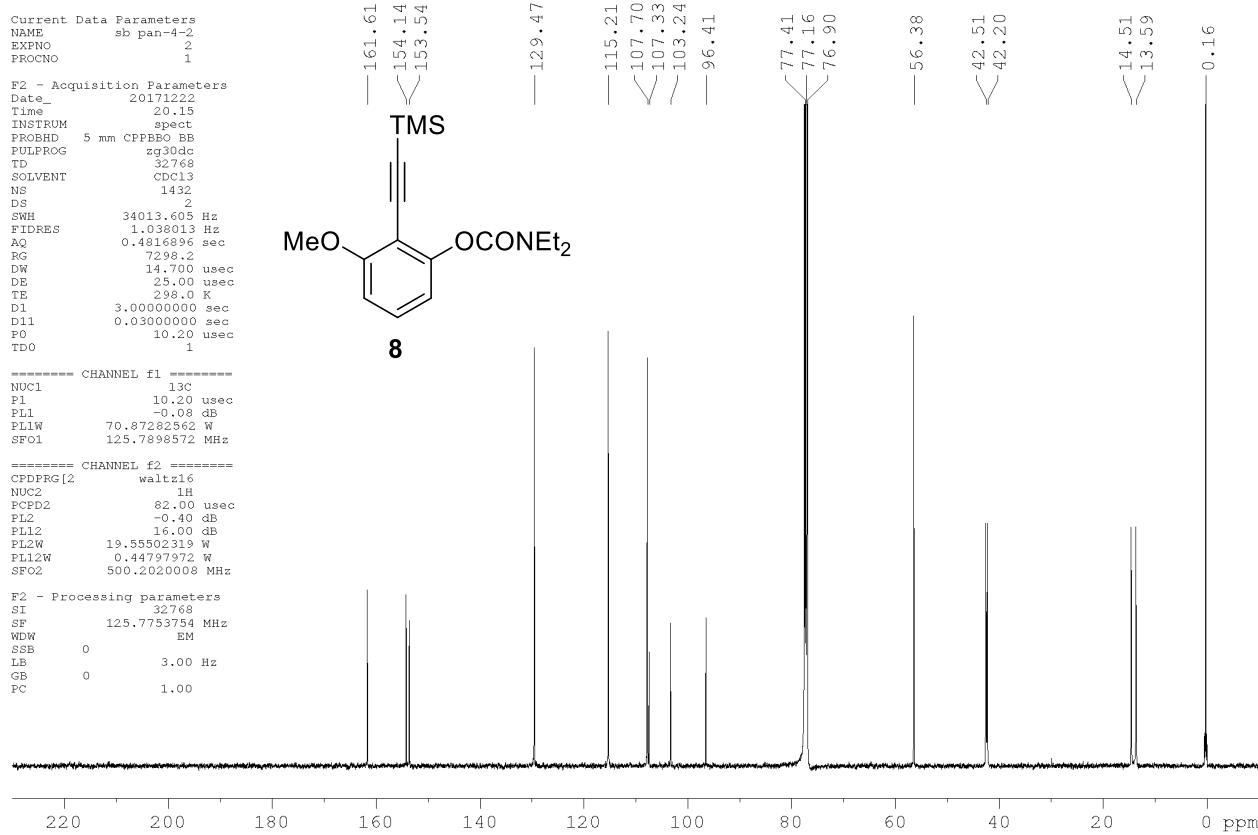
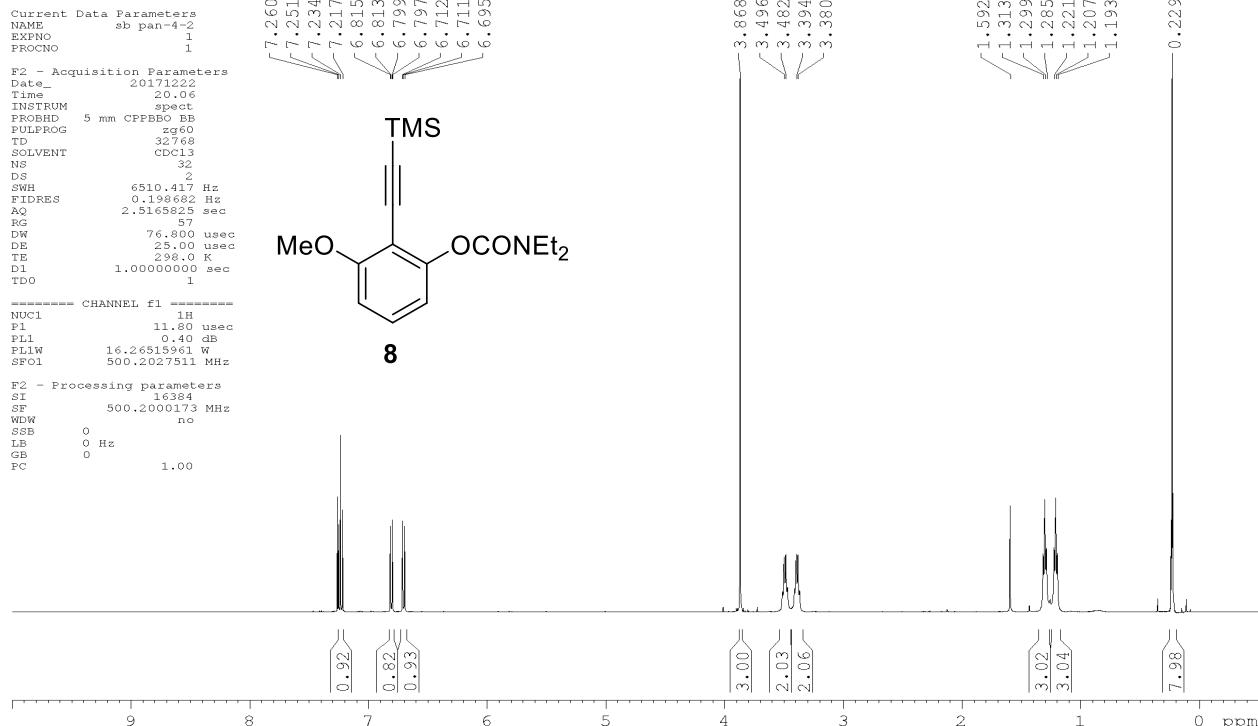
- 1) Chauder, B. A.; Kalinin, A. V.; Snieckus, V. Directed *ortho* Metalation Reactions of Aryl *O*-Carbamates; A Regiospecific Synthesis of 2,2-Disubstituted 2*H*-1-Benzopyrans. *Synthesis* **2001**, 140-144.
- 2) Miller, R. E.; Rantanen, T.; Ogilvie, K. A.; Groth, U.; Snieckus, V., Combined directed ortho Metalation–Halogen Dance (HD) Synthetic Strategies. HD–Anionic ortho Fries Rearrangement and Double HD Sequences. *Org. Lett.* **2010**, *12*, 2198–2201.
- 3) Win, N. N.; Awale, S.; Esumi, H.; Tezuka, Y.; Kadota, S., Panduratins D-I, Novel Secondary Metabolites from Rhizomes of *Boesenbergia Pandurata*. *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* **2008**, *56*, 491–496.

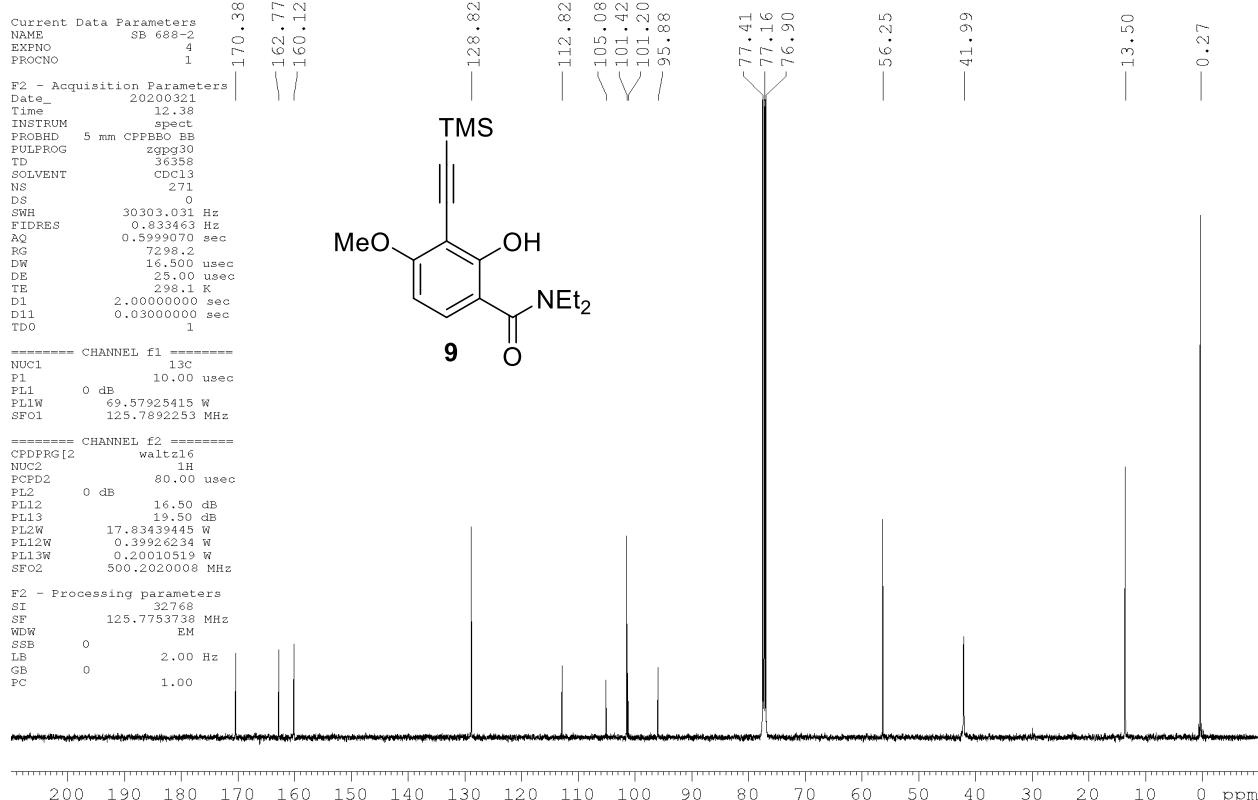
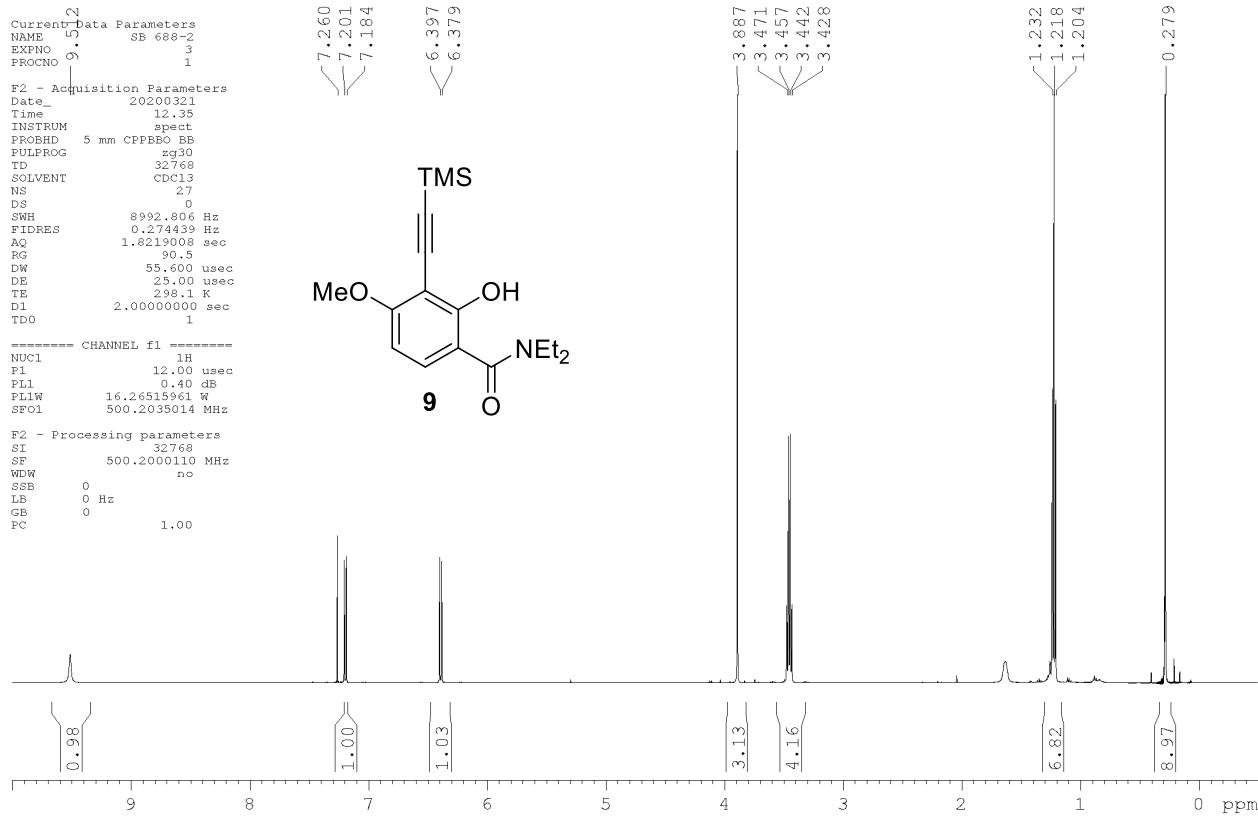


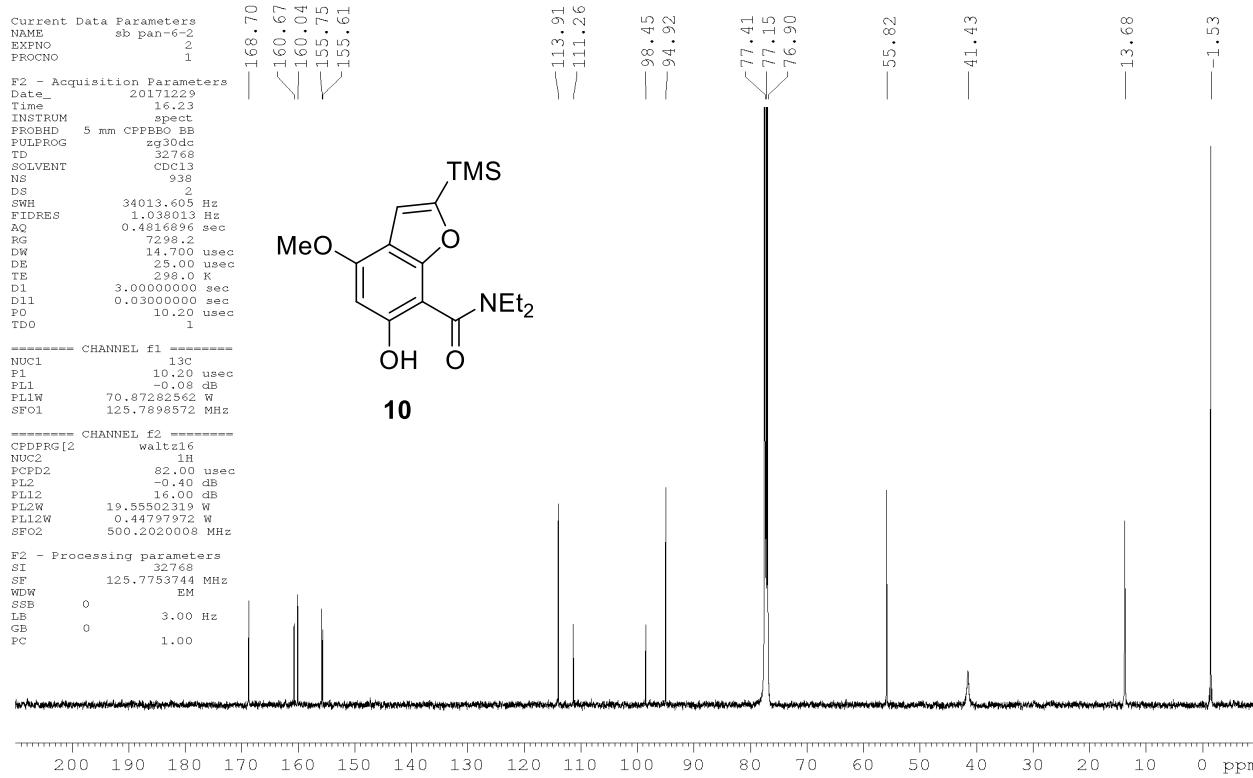
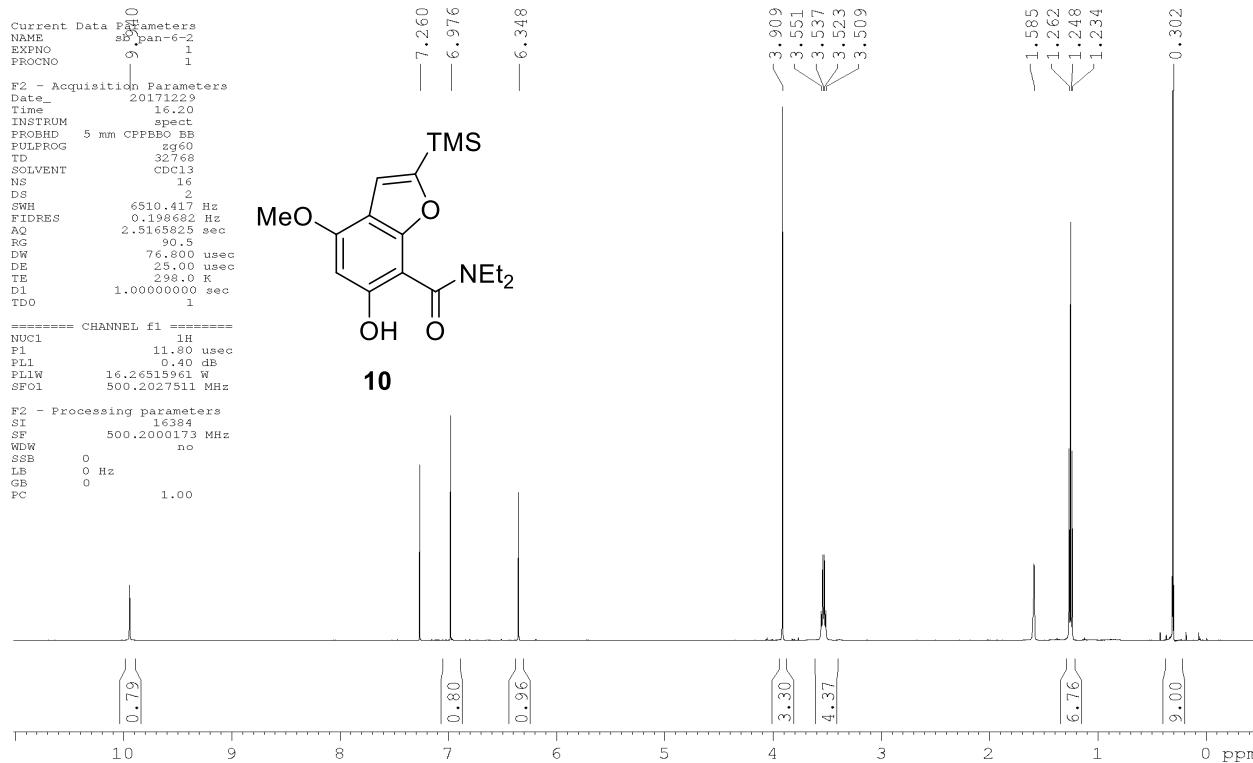


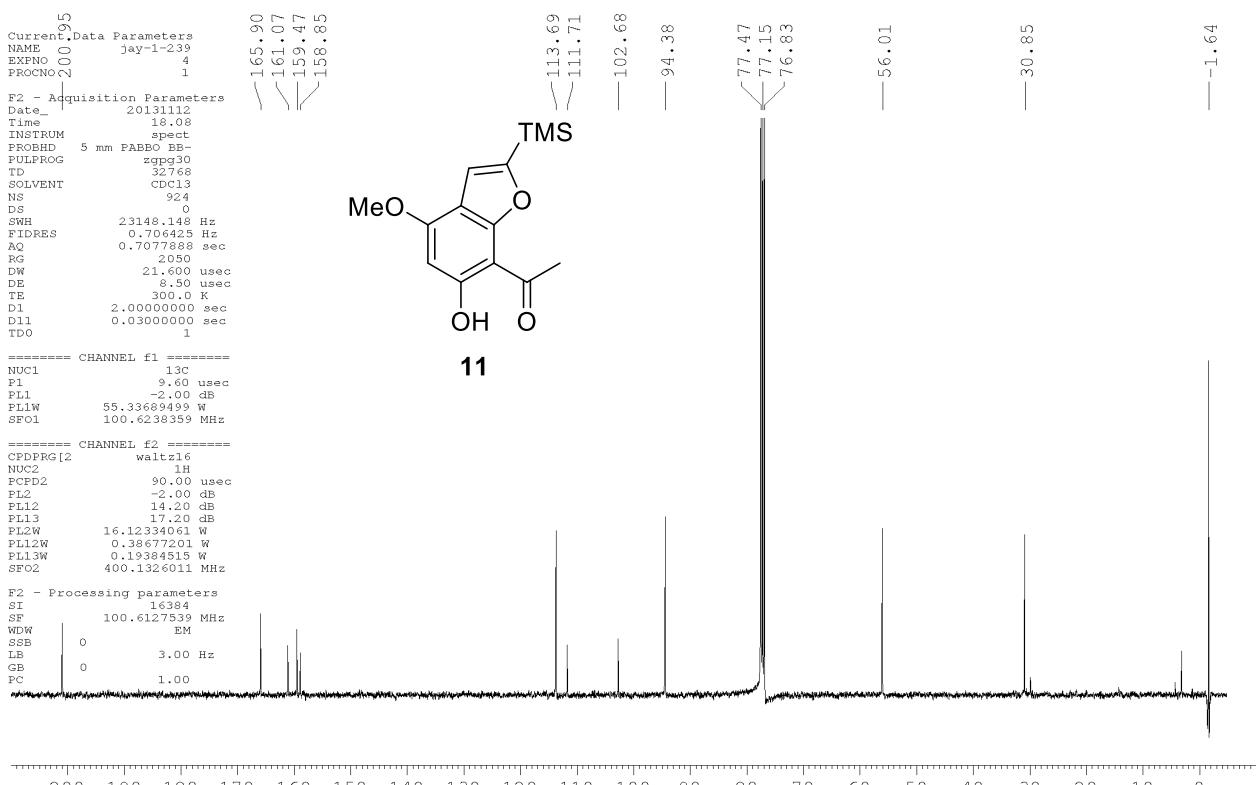
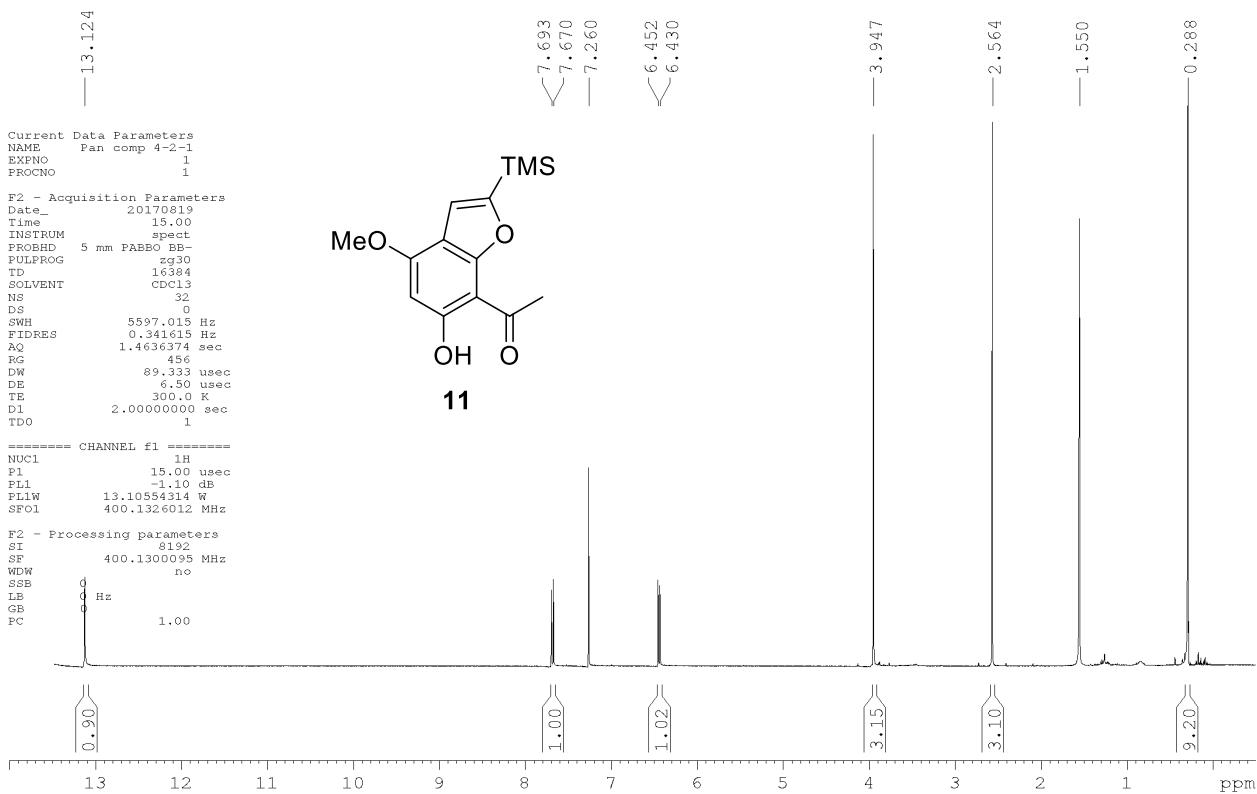


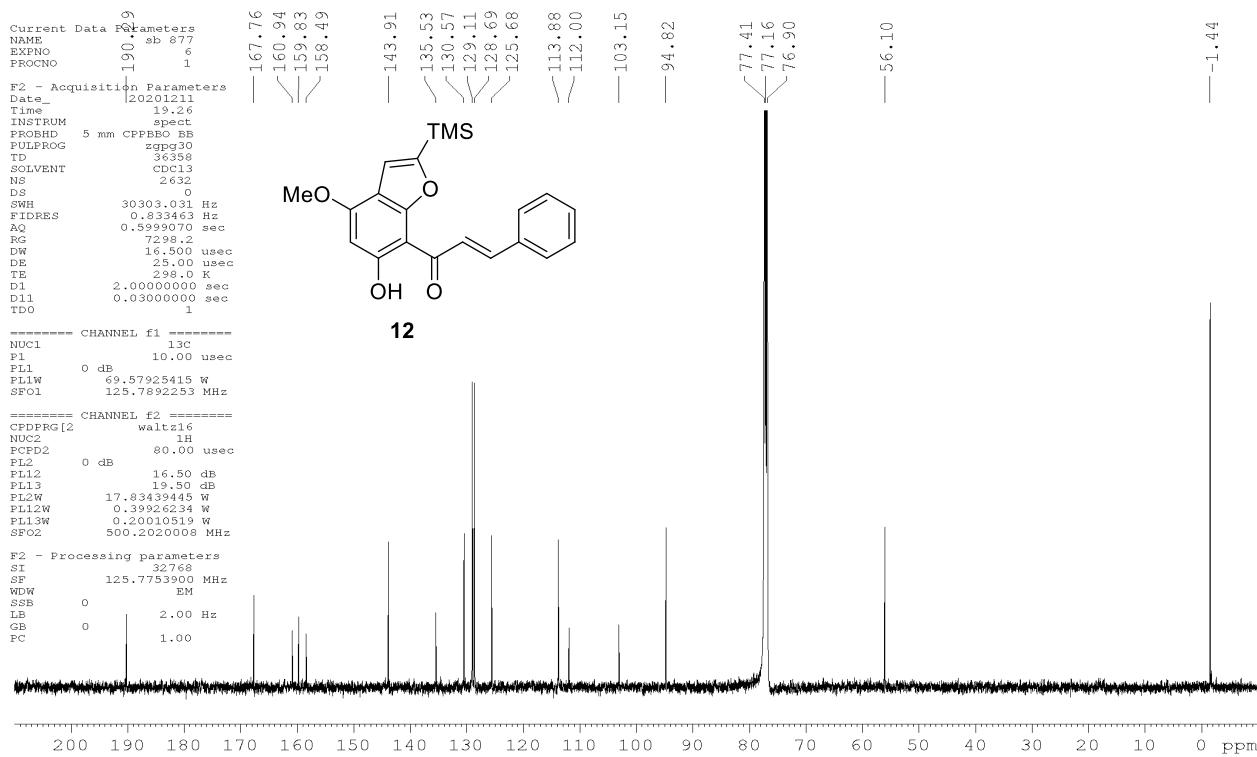
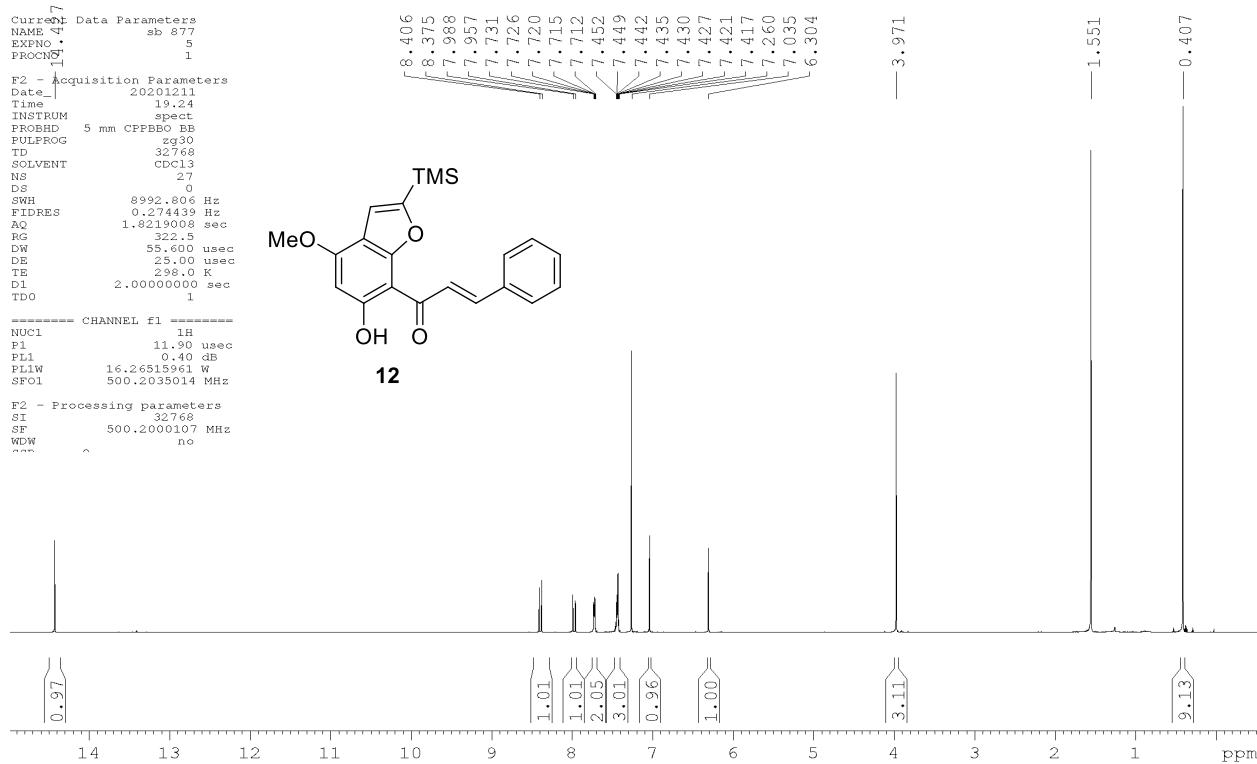


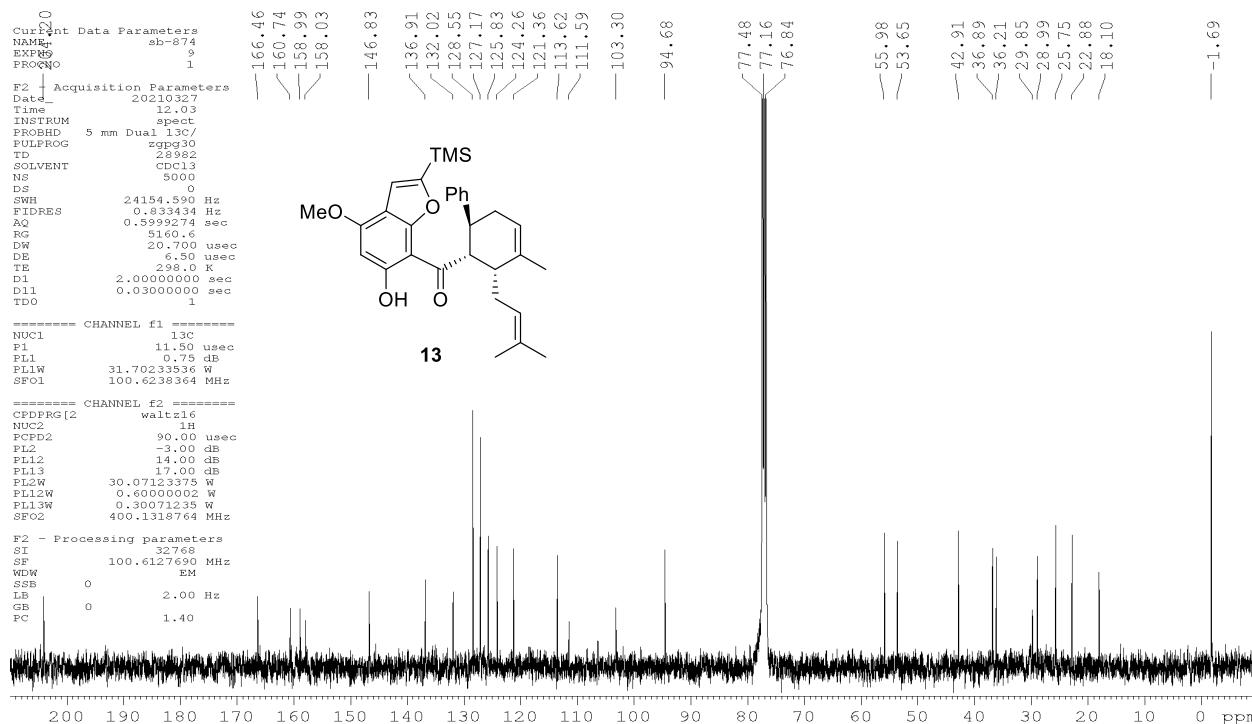
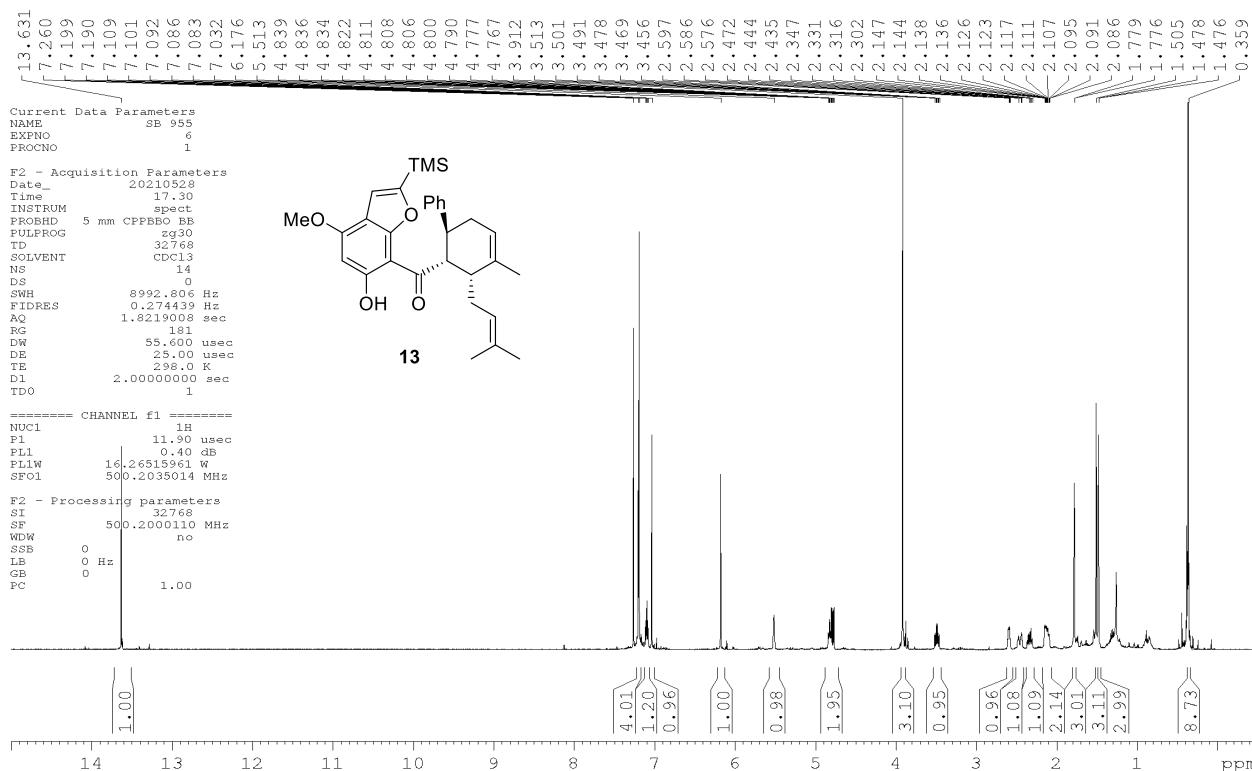


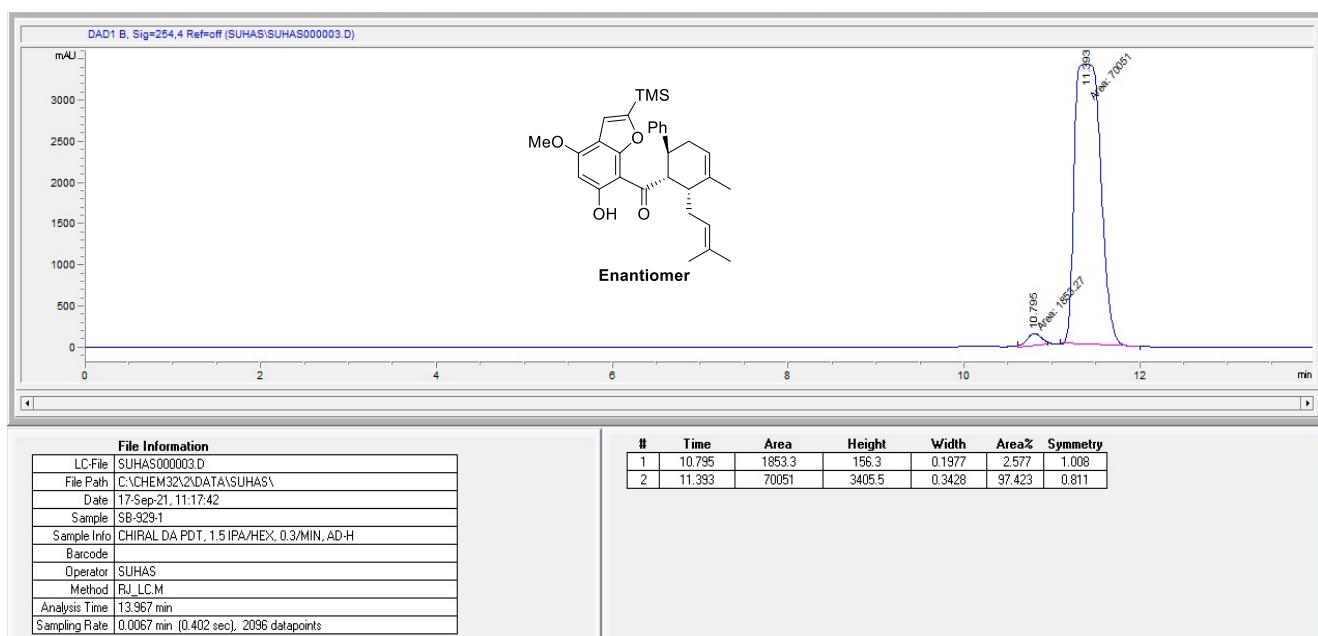
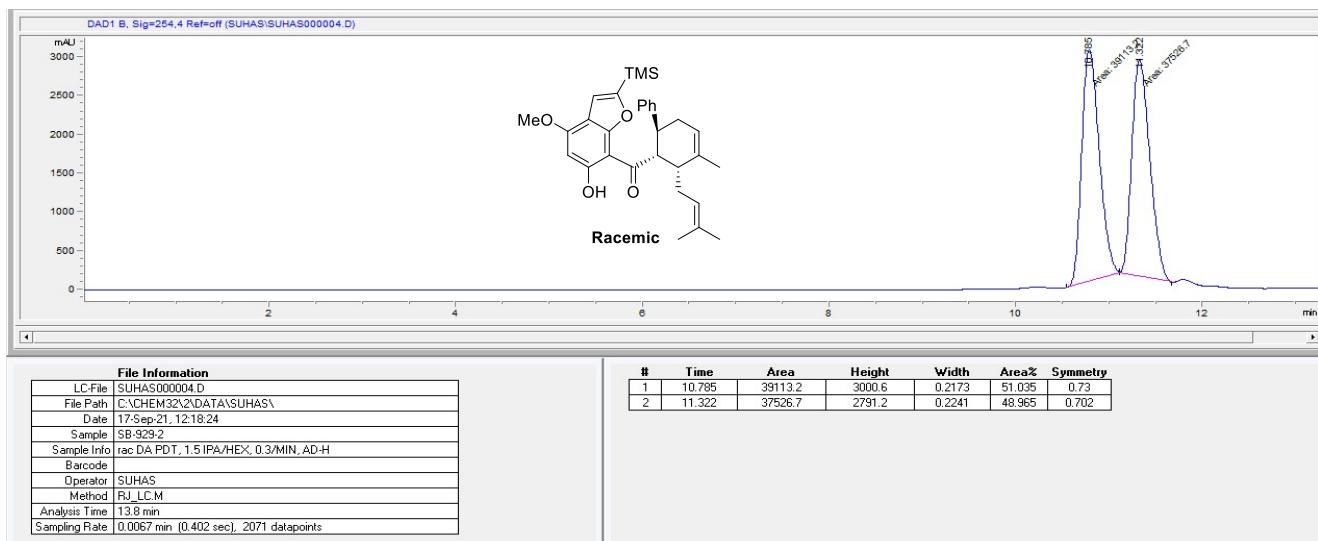


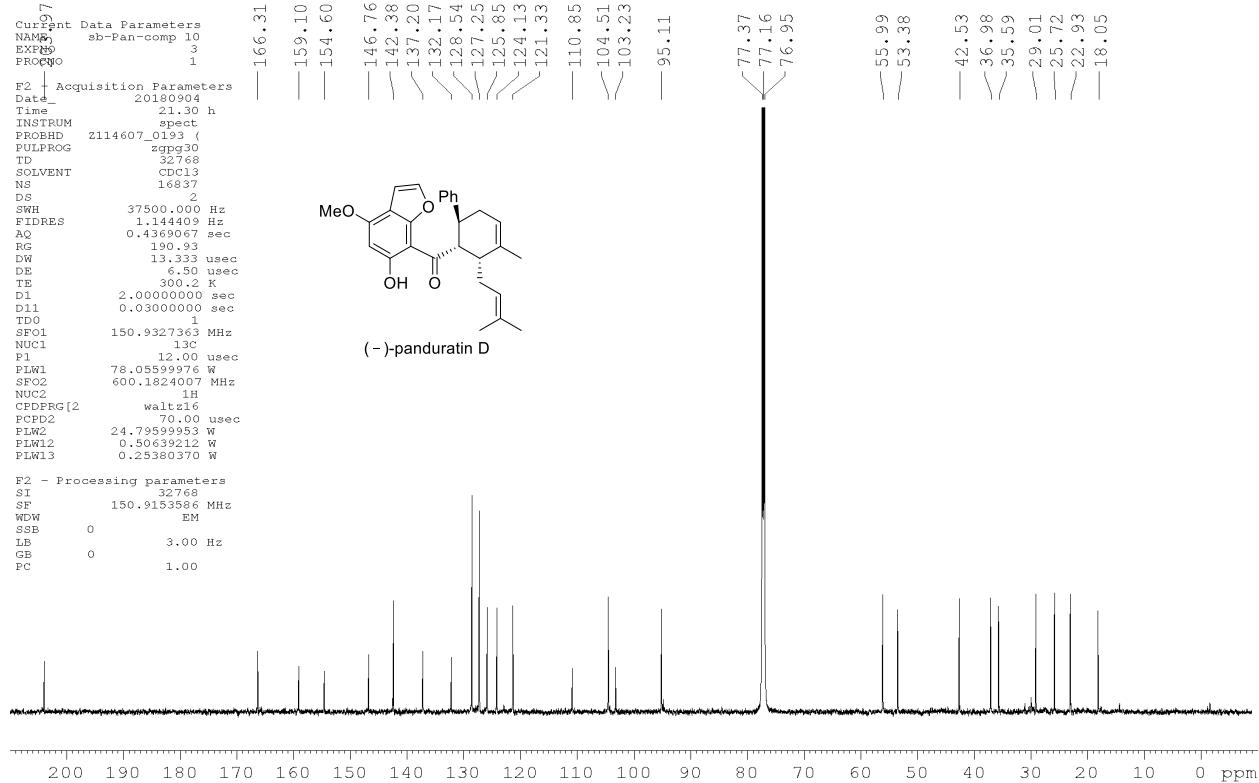
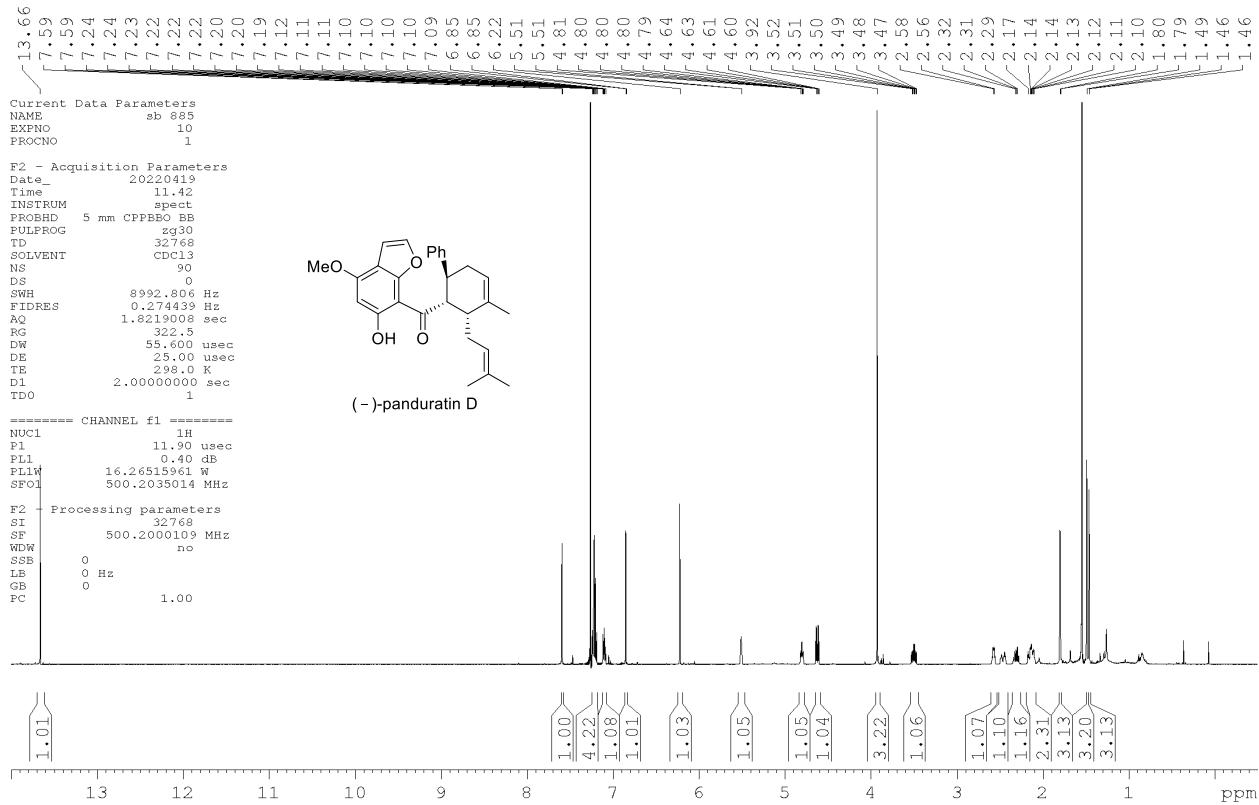


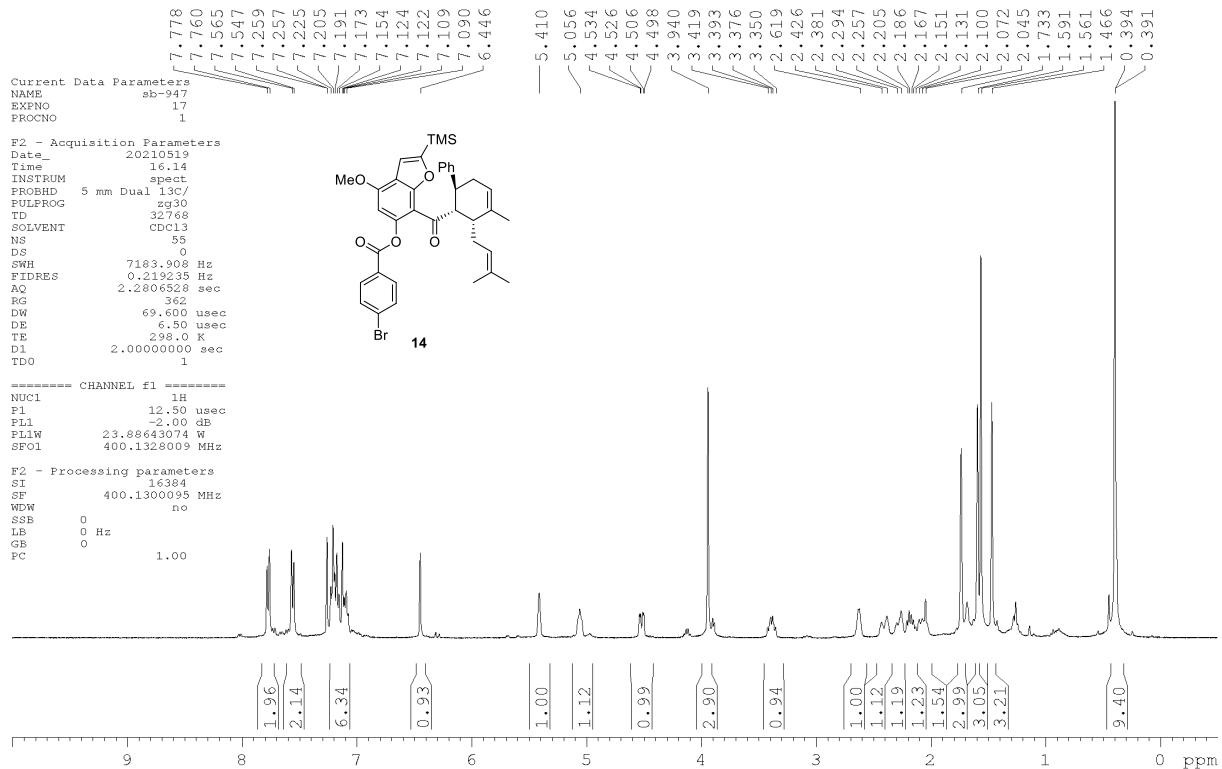


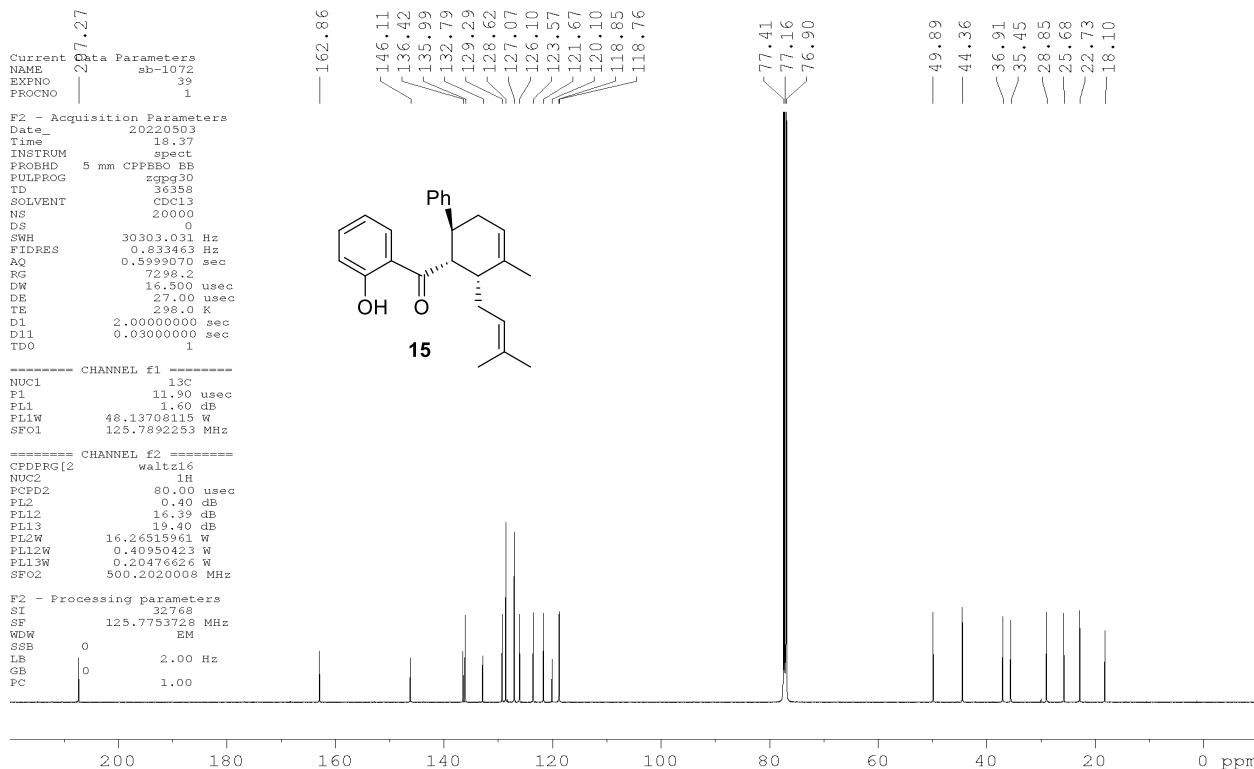
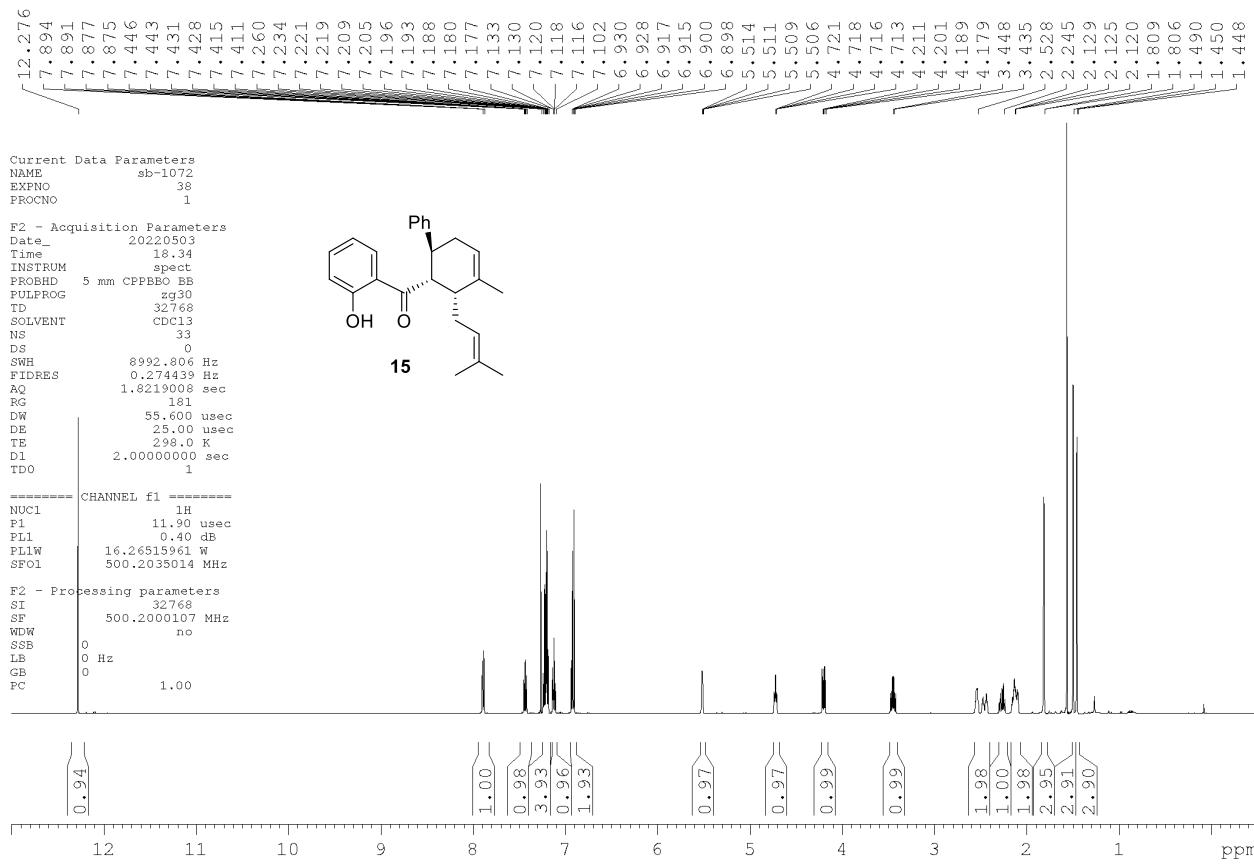


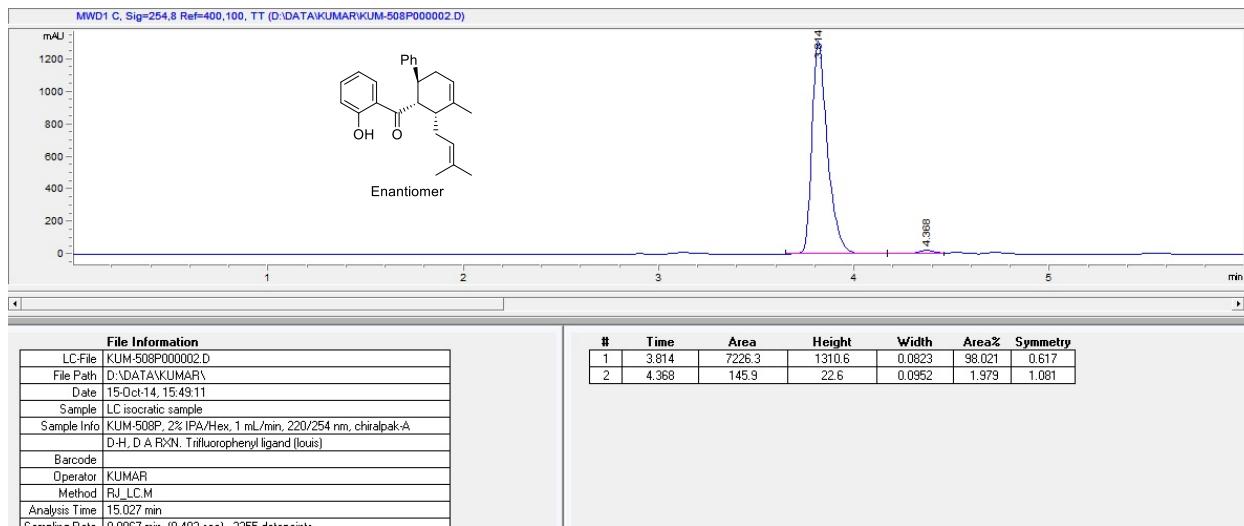
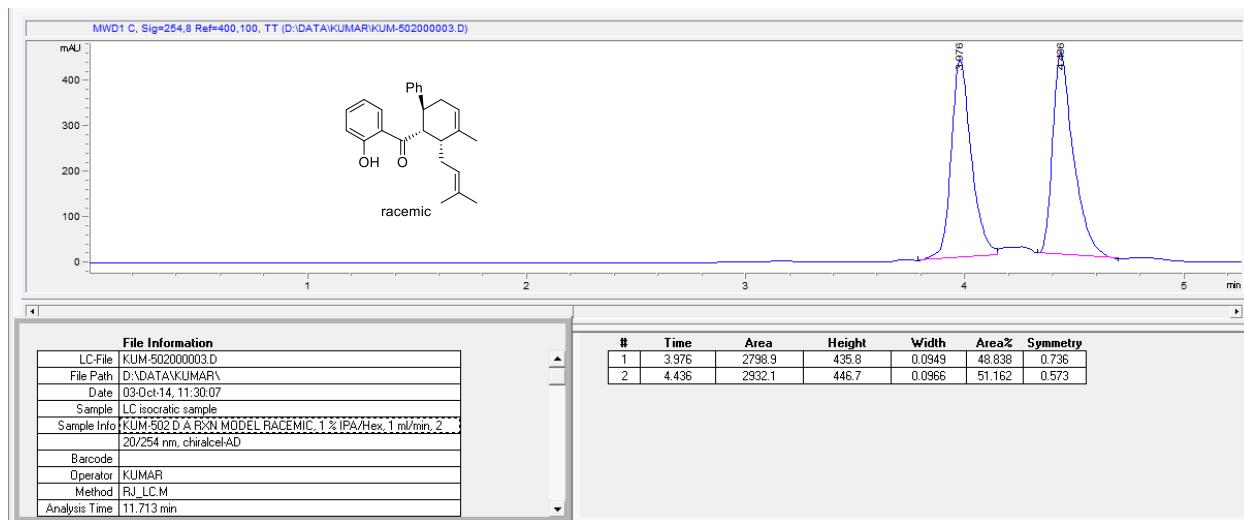












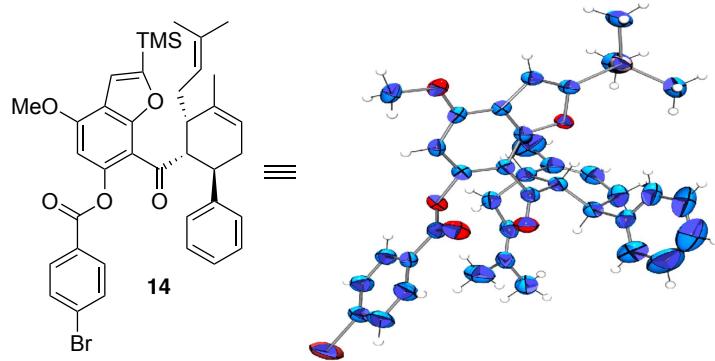


Figure S1. X-ray crystal structure establishing the absolute configuration of **14** derived from **13** (displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level CCDC-2154709).

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for d23352.

Identification code	d23352	
Empirical formula	C ₃₈ H ₄₁ BrO ₅ Si	
Formula weight	685.71	
Temperature	200(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Triclinic	
Space group	P -1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 11.507(7) Å	α= 81.31(2)°.
	b = 11.622(7) Å	β= 69.658(19)°.
	c = 15.292(8) Å	γ = 70.312(14)°.
Volume	1804.2(18) Å ³	
Z	2	
Density (calculated)	1.262 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	1.212 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	716	
Crystal size	0.19 x 0.14 x 0.07 mm ³	

Theta range for data collection	1.98 to 25.46°.
Index ranges	-13<=h<=13, -14<=k<=14, -18<=l<=18
Reflections collected	42693
Independent reflections	6617 [R(int) = 0.0550]
Completeness to theta = 25.46°	98.9 %
Absorption correction	multi-scan
Max. and min. transmission	0.9199 and 0.8024
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	6617 / 0 / 413
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.004
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0441, wR2 = 0.1111
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0686, wR2 = 0.1250
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.328 and -0.647 e.Å ⁻³

Table S2. Atomic coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$)for d23352. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U^{ij} tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
C(1)	8825(3)	2175(3)	6158(2)	54(1)
C(2)	9407(3)	3033(3)	6190(2)	67(1)
C(3)	8882(3)	4231(3)	5927(2)	55(1)
C(4)	7784(2)	4567(2)	5634(2)	39(1)
C(5)	7215(3)	3684(2)	5620(2)	44(1)
C(6)	7730(3)	2490(2)	5884(2)	52(1)
C(7)	7268(2)	5867(2)	5349(2)	39(1)
C(8)	5613(2)	7227(2)	4764(2)	36(1)
C(9)	4656(2)	7968(2)	5476(2)	37(1)
C(10)	3928(2)	9115(2)	5249(2)	35(1)
C(11)	2758(3)	9635(3)	6836(2)	50(1)
C(12)	4138(2)	9474(2)	4300(2)	33(1)
C(13)	3567(2)	10544(2)	3811(2)	37(1)
C(14)	4158(2)	10375(2)	2887(2)	39(1)
C(15)	2666(3)	12766(3)	2222(2)	68(1)
C(16)	5551(3)	11592(3)	1103(2)	71(1)
C(17)	3484(4)	10432(3)	1137(2)	76(1)
C(18)	5085(2)	8683(2)	3620(2)	33(1)
C(19)	5902(2)	7535(2)	3807(2)	34(1)
C(20)	7005(2)	6738(2)	3076(2)	38(1)

C(21)	6825(2)	6704(2)	2140(2)	39(1)
C(22)	8116(3)	6263(2)	1347(2)	45(1)
C(23)	9020(3)	7018(3)	1230(2)	49(1)
C(24)	8624(3)	8276(3)	1065(2)	63(1)
C(25)	9425(5)	8984(4)	942(3)	88(1)
C(26)	10642(6)	8467(6)	968(3)	108(2)
C(27)	11092(5)	7226(7)	1132(4)	121(2)
C(28)	10264(4)	6493(4)	1261(3)	85(1)
C(29)	7823(3)	6299(3)	426(2)	62(1)
C(30)	6590(3)	6036(3)	531(2)	58(1)
C(31)	5706(3)	5881(3)	1334(2)	53(1)
C(32)	4480(4)	5597(5)	1391(3)	98(1)
C(33)	5879(3)	5951(2)	2260(2)	44(1)
C(34)	6229(3)	4660(2)	2742(2)	50(1)
C(35)	7374(3)	3724(2)	2132(2)	49(1)
C(36)	8456(3)	3046(2)	2303(2)	51(1)
C(37)	9533(3)	2194(3)	1596(2)	68(1)
C(38)	8730(4)	3058(3)	3197(3)	77(1)
O(1)	7678(2)	6676(2)	5392(1)	55(1)
O(2)	6234(2)	6032(1)	5042(1)	41(1)
O(3)	3003(2)	9946(2)	5860(1)	45(1)
O(4)	5119(2)	9217(1)	2747(1)	37(1)
O(5)	7996(2)	6112(2)	3248(1)	53(1)
Br(1)	9529(1)	513(1)	6505(1)	95(1)
Si(1)	3965(1)	11313(1)	1806(1)	48(1)

Table S3. Bond lengths [\AA] and angles [$^\circ$] for d23352.

C(1)-C(6)	1.380(4)
C(1)-C(2)	1.390(4)
C(1)-Br(1)	1.900(3)
C(2)-C(3)	1.378(4)
C(2)-H(2)	0.9500
C(3)-C(4)	1.399(4)
C(3)-H(3)	0.9500
C(4)-C(5)	1.396(4)
C(4)-C(7)	1.484(3)
C(5)-C(6)	1.372(4)
C(5)-H(5)	0.9500
C(6)-H(6)	0.9500
C(7)-O(1)	1.204(3)
C(7)-O(2)	1.371(3)
C(8)-C(9)	1.397(3)
C(8)-C(19)	1.400(3)
C(8)-O(2)	1.408(3)
C(9)-C(10)	1.382(3)
C(9)-H(9)	0.9500
C(10)-O(3)	1.352(3)
C(10)-C(12)	1.407(3)
C(11)-O(3)	1.432(3)
C(11)-H(11A)	0.9800

C(11)-H(11B)	0.9800
C(11)-H(11C)	0.9800
C(12)-C(18)	1.393(3)
C(12)-C(13)	1.431(3)
C(13)-C(14)	1.350(4)
C(13)-H(13)	0.9500
C(14)-O(4)	1.414(3)
C(14)-Si(1)	1.876(3)
C(15)-Si(1)	1.859(3)
C(15)-H(15A)	0.9800
C(15)-H(15B)	0.9800
C(15)-H(15C)	0.9800
C(16)-Si(1)	1.876(4)
C(16)-H(16A)	0.9800
C(16)-H(16B)	0.9800
C(16)-H(16C)	0.9800
C(17)-Si(1)	1.869(4)
C(17)-H(17A)	0.9800
C(17)-H(17B)	0.9800
C(17)-H(17C)	0.9800
C(18)-O(4)	1.378(3)
C(18)-C(19)	1.404(3)
C(19)-C(20)	1.501(3)
C(20)-O(5)	1.222(3)
C(20)-C(21)	1.523(4)

C(21)-C(22)	1.537(4)
C(21)-C(33)	1.562(4)
C(21)-H(21)	1.0000
C(22)-C(23)	1.524(4)
C(22)-C(29)	1.549(4)
C(22)-H(22)	1.0000
C(23)-C(28)	1.369(5)
C(23)-C(24)	1.389(4)
C(24)-C(25)	1.381(5)
C(24)-H(24)	0.9500
C(25)-C(26)	1.337(7)
C(25)-H(25)	0.9500
C(26)-C(27)	1.375(7)
C(26)-H(26)	0.9500
C(27)-C(28)	1.428(7)
C(27)-H(27)	0.9500
C(28)-H(28)	0.9500
C(29)-C(30)	1.501(5)
C(29)-H(29A)	0.9900
C(29)-H(29B)	0.9900
C(30)-C(31)	1.328(4)
C(30)-H(30)	0.9500
C(31)-C(33)	1.514(4)
C(31)-C(32)	1.526(5)
C(32)-H(32A)	0.9800

C(32)-H(32B)	0.9800
C(32)-H(32C)	0.9800
C(33)-C(34)	1.556(4)
C(33)-H(33)	1.0000
C(34)-C(35)	1.509(4)
C(34)-H(34A)	0.9900
C(34)-H(34B)	0.9900
C(35)-C(36)	1.320(4)
C(35)-H(35)	0.9500
C(36)-C(37)	1.500(4)
C(36)-C(38)	1.508(5)
C(37)-H(37A)	0.9800
C(37)-H(37B)	0.9800
C(37)-H(37C)	0.9800
C(38)-H(38A)	0.9800
C(38)-H(38B)	0.9800
C(38)-H(38C)	0.9800
C(6)-C(1)-C(2)	122.1(3)
C(6)-C(1)-Br(1)	118.0(2)
C(2)-C(1)-Br(1)	119.9(2)
C(3)-C(2)-C(1)	118.7(3)
C(3)-C(2)-H(2)	120.7
C(1)-C(2)-H(2)	120.7
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	120.1(3)

C(2)-C(3)-H(3)	119.9
C(4)-C(3)-H(3)	119.9
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	119.7(2)
C(5)-C(4)-C(7)	122.5(2)
C(3)-C(4)-C(7)	117.8(2)
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	120.5(2)
C(6)-C(5)-H(5)	119.8
C(4)-C(5)-H(5)	119.8
C(5)-C(6)-C(1)	118.9(3)
C(5)-C(6)-H(6)	120.6
C(1)-C(6)-H(6)	120.6
O(1)-C(7)-O(2)	124.1(2)
O(1)-C(7)-C(4)	125.3(2)
O(2)-C(7)-C(4)	110.6(2)
C(9)-C(8)-C(19)	125.3(2)
C(9)-C(8)-O(2)	116.0(2)
C(19)-C(8)-O(2)	118.3(2)
C(10)-C(9)-C(8)	119.3(2)
C(10)-C(9)-H(9)	120.3
C(8)-C(9)-H(9)	120.3
O(3)-C(10)-C(9)	126.0(2)
O(3)-C(10)-C(12)	115.5(2)
C(9)-C(10)-C(12)	118.5(2)
O(3)-C(11)-H(11A)	109.5
O(3)-C(11)-H(11B)	109.5

H(11A)-C(11)-H(11B)	109.5
O(3)-C(11)-H(11C)	109.5
H(11A)-C(11)-H(11C)	109.5
H(11B)-C(11)-H(11C)	109.5
C(18)-C(12)-C(10)	119.5(2)
C(18)-C(12)-C(13)	106.2(2)
C(10)-C(12)-C(13)	134.2(2)
C(14)-C(13)-C(12)	108.0(2)
C(14)-C(13)-H(13)	126.0
C(12)-C(13)-H(13)	126.0
C(13)-C(14)-O(4)	109.5(2)
C(13)-C(14)-Si(1)	134.29(18)
O(4)-C(14)-Si(1)	116.17(17)
Si(1)-C(15)-H(15A)	109.5
Si(1)-C(15)-H(15B)	109.5
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15B)	109.5
Si(1)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
H(15B)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
Si(1)-C(16)-H(16A)	109.5
Si(1)-C(16)-H(16B)	109.5
H(16A)-C(16)-H(16B)	109.5
Si(1)-C(16)-H(16C)	109.5
H(16A)-C(16)-H(16C)	109.5
H(16B)-C(16)-H(16C)	109.5

Si(1)-C(17)-H(17A)	109.5
Si(1)-C(17)-H(17B)	109.5
H(17A)-C(17)-H(17B)	109.5
Si(1)-C(17)-H(17C)	109.5
H(17A)-C(17)-H(17C)	109.5
H(17B)-C(17)-H(17C)	109.5
O(4)-C(18)-C(12)	109.6(2)
O(4)-C(18)-C(19)	125.7(2)
C(12)-C(18)-C(19)	124.6(2)
C(8)-C(19)-C(18)	112.6(2)
C(8)-C(19)-C(20)	123.0(2)
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	124.4(2)
O(5)-C(20)-C(19)	120.1(2)
O(5)-C(20)-C(21)	121.7(2)
C(19)-C(20)-C(21)	118.2(2)
C(20)-C(21)-C(22)	113.5(2)
C(20)-C(21)-C(33)	109.4(2)
C(22)-C(21)-C(33)	113.1(2)
C(20)-C(21)-H(21)	106.8
C(22)-C(21)-H(21)	106.8
C(33)-C(21)-H(21)	106.8
C(23)-C(22)-C(21)	112.4(2)
C(23)-C(22)-C(29)	110.4(2)
C(21)-C(22)-C(29)	109.2(2)
C(23)-C(22)-H(22)	108.3

C(21)-C(22)-H(22)	108.3
C(29)-C(22)-H(22)	108.3
C(28)-C(23)-C(24)	116.8(3)
C(28)-C(23)-C(22)	122.0(3)
C(24)-C(23)-C(22)	121.2(3)
C(25)-C(24)-C(23)	122.6(4)
C(25)-C(24)-H(24)	118.7
C(23)-C(24)-H(24)	118.7
C(26)-C(25)-C(24)	120.4(4)
C(26)-C(25)-H(25)	119.8
C(24)-C(25)-H(25)	119.8
C(25)-C(26)-C(27)	119.8(4)
C(25)-C(26)-H(26)	120.1
C(27)-C(26)-H(26)	120.1
C(26)-C(27)-C(28)	119.8(4)
C(26)-C(27)-H(27)	120.1
C(28)-C(27)-H(27)	120.1
C(23)-C(28)-C(27)	120.5(4)
C(23)-C(28)-H(28)	119.8
C(27)-C(28)-H(28)	119.8
C(30)-C(29)-C(22)	115.3(2)
C(30)-C(29)-H(29A)	108.4
C(22)-C(29)-H(29A)	108.4
C(30)-C(29)-H(29B)	108.4
C(22)-C(29)-H(29B)	108.4

H(29A)-C(29)-H(29B)	107.5
C(31)-C(30)-C(29)	125.7(3)
C(31)-C(30)-H(30)	117.2
C(29)-C(30)-H(30)	117.2
C(30)-C(31)-C(33)	121.3(3)
C(30)-C(31)-C(32)	122.9(3)
C(33)-C(31)-C(32)	115.8(3)
C(31)-C(32)-H(32A)	109.5
C(31)-C(32)-H(32B)	109.5
H(32A)-C(32)-H(32B)	109.5
C(31)-C(32)-H(32C)	109.5
H(32A)-C(32)-H(32C)	109.5
H(32B)-C(32)-H(32C)	109.5
C(31)-C(33)-C(34)	111.1(2)
C(31)-C(33)-C(21)	110.4(2)
C(34)-C(33)-C(21)	115.6(2)
C(31)-C(33)-H(33)	106.4
C(34)-C(33)-H(33)	106.4
C(21)-C(33)-H(33)	106.4
C(35)-C(34)-C(33)	114.1(2)
C(35)-C(34)-H(34A)	108.7
C(33)-C(34)-H(34A)	108.7
C(35)-C(34)-H(34B)	108.7
C(33)-C(34)-H(34B)	108.7
H(34A)-C(34)-H(34B)	107.6

C(36)-C(35)-C(34)	128.2(3)
C(36)-C(35)-H(35)	115.9
C(34)-C(35)-H(35)	115.9
C(35)-C(36)-C(37)	121.3(3)
C(35)-C(36)-C(38)	124.2(3)
C(37)-C(36)-C(38)	114.5(3)
C(36)-C(37)-H(37A)	109.5
C(36)-C(37)-H(37B)	109.5
H(37A)-C(37)-H(37B)	109.5
C(36)-C(37)-H(37C)	109.5
H(37A)-C(37)-H(37C)	109.5
H(37B)-C(37)-H(37C)	109.5
C(36)-C(38)-H(38A)	109.5
C(36)-C(38)-H(38B)	109.5
H(38A)-C(38)-H(38B)	109.5
C(36)-C(38)-H(38C)	109.5
H(38A)-C(38)-H(38C)	109.5
H(38B)-C(38)-H(38C)	109.5
C(7)-O(2)-C(8)	117.62(19)
C(10)-O(3)-C(11)	117.9(2)
C(18)-O(4)-C(14)	106.60(17)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(17)	112.00(17)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(14)	105.64(13)
C(17)-Si(1)-C(14)	107.52(15)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(16)	111.36(17)

C(17)-Si(1)-C(16) 111.03(18)

C(14)-Si(1)-C(16) 109.03(14)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table S4. Anisotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for d23352. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2 [h^2 a^{*2} U^{11} + \dots + 2 h k a^{*} b^{*} U^{12}]$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{23}	U^{13}	U^{12}
C(1)	48(2)	45(2)	67(2)	17(1)	-23(1)	-13(1)
C(2)	57(2)	66(2)	86(2)	23(2)	-43(2)	-21(2)
C(3)	58(2)	53(2)	66(2)	14(1)	-33(2)	-25(1)
C(4)	40(1)	40(1)	32(1)	3(1)	-9(1)	-12(1)
C(5)	41(1)	44(1)	47(2)	1(1)	-18(1)	-12(1)
C(6)	49(2)	41(2)	68(2)	5(1)	-21(1)	-15(1)
C(7)	41(1)	41(1)	33(1)	-2(1)	-9(1)	-13(1)
C(8)	41(1)	34(1)	35(1)	1(1)	-14(1)	-11(1)
C(9)	42(1)	44(1)	27(1)	2(1)	-10(1)	-18(1)
C(10)	33(1)	39(1)	32(1)	-6(1)	-5(1)	-14(1)
C(11)	50(2)	62(2)	32(2)	-8(1)	-2(1)	-18(1)
C(12)	32(1)	36(1)	33(1)	-4(1)	-9(1)	-12(1)
C(13)	37(1)	34(1)	39(1)	-6(1)	-13(1)	-5(1)
C(14)	39(1)	34(1)	40(2)	-3(1)	-16(1)	-4(1)
C(15)	72(2)	55(2)	54(2)	4(1)	-20(2)	8(2)
C(16)	67(2)	74(2)	57(2)	17(2)	-14(2)	-16(2)
C(17)	86(2)	85(2)	57(2)	-13(2)	-37(2)	-9(2)
C(18)	35(1)	34(1)	32(1)	-1(1)	-11(1)	-12(1)
C(19)	38(1)	34(1)	31(1)	-3(1)	-11(1)	-11(1)
C(20)	43(1)	31(1)	36(1)	-2(1)	-11(1)	-9(1)

C(21)	45(1)	31(1)	33(1)	-3(1)	-9(1)	-5(1)
C(22)	53(2)	35(1)	36(1)	-7(1)	-6(1)	-7(1)
C(23)	51(2)	53(2)	34(2)	-10(1)	1(1)	-16(1)
C(24)	74(2)	56(2)	49(2)	-9(1)	6(2)	-30(2)
C(25)	108(3)	86(3)	64(2)	-21(2)	13(2)	-58(3)
C(26)	117(4)	141(5)	91(3)	-26(3)	-12(3)	-83(4)
C(27)	66(3)	172(6)	132(5)	-11(4)	-33(3)	-43(3)
C(28)	62(2)	97(3)	91(3)	-13(2)	-19(2)	-20(2)
C(29)	84(2)	65(2)	36(2)	-7(1)	-9(2)	-30(2)
C(30)	77(2)	53(2)	45(2)	-8(1)	-27(2)	-13(2)
C(31)	54(2)	54(2)	49(2)	-8(1)	-21(1)	-8(1)
C(32)	76(3)	149(4)	86(3)	-27(3)	-37(2)	-34(3)
C(33)	42(1)	42(1)	41(2)	-6(1)	-11(1)	-5(1)
C(34)	57(2)	46(2)	45(2)	2(1)	-9(1)	-21(1)
C(35)	67(2)	35(1)	40(2)	0(1)	-11(1)	-16(1)
C(36)	58(2)	36(1)	48(2)	4(1)	-9(1)	-13(1)
C(37)	73(2)	47(2)	61(2)	-5(1)	-2(2)	-8(2)
C(38)	80(2)	67(2)	73(2)	-13(2)	-34(2)	4(2)
O(1)	62(1)	41(1)	70(1)	-1(1)	-30(1)	-17(1)
O(2)	49(1)	34(1)	41(1)	5(1)	-20(1)	-13(1)
O(3)	45(1)	50(1)	31(1)	-10(1)	-3(1)	-9(1)
O(4)	43(1)	35(1)	28(1)	-1(1)	-12(1)	-4(1)
O(5)	49(1)	54(1)	45(1)	-7(1)	-17(1)	2(1)
Br(1)	81(1)	56(1)	148(1)	38(1)	-61(1)	-15(1)
Si(1)	51(1)	47(1)	37(1)	2(1)	-18(1)	-2(1)

Table S5. Hydrogen coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$)
for d23352.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
H(2)	10153	2797	6389	80
H(3)	9266	4830	5944	66
H(5)	6466	3912	5425	52
H(6)	7340	1890	5879	63
H(9)	4507	7687	6110	45
H(11A)	2438	8923	6992	75
H(11B)	2101	10328	7198	75
H(11C)	3566	9440	6987	75
H(13)	2890	11249	4087	45
H(15A)	2440	13254	1690	103
H(15B)	2980	13228	2528	103
H(15C)	1894	12584	2667	103
H(16A)	6236	10806	950	107
H(16B)	5780	12058	1467	107
H(16C)	5467	12056	526	107
H(17A)	3427	10877	548	114
H(17B)	2635	10331	1507	114
H(17C)	4137	9626	1006	114
H(21)	6381	7564	1967	47

H(22)	8567	5395	1498	54
H(24)	7767	8665	1036	75
H(25)	9110	9843	839	105
H(26)	11194	8957	874	130
H(27)	11953	6857	1159	145
H(28)	10578	5634	1369	102
H(29A)	7778	7119	119	74
H(29B)	8561	5697	6	74
H(30)	6427	5975	-25	69
H(32A)	4454	5580	759	147
H(32B)	3709	6230	1738	147
H(32C)	4487	4799	1711	147
H(33)	5009	6428	2673	52
H(34A)	6424	4731	3310	60
H(34B)	5460	4363	2942	60
H(35)	7309	3609	1551	59
H(37A)	9277	2231	1042	102
H(37B)	9701	1357	1865	102
H(37C)	10324	2437	1419	102
H(38A)	9474	3362	3063	115
H(38B)	8930	2226	3473	115
H(38C)	7962	3593	3635	115