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Supporting Information

Directed C8-H allylation of quinoline *N*-oxides with vinylcyclopropanes *via* sequential C-H/C-C activation

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General Information. Quinolines, [RhCp*Cl₂]₂ (97%), [Ru(p-cymene)Cl₂]₂, AgSbF₆ (99%), AgNTf₂ (97%), Ag₂O (99%), Ag₂CO₃ (99%), Cu₂O ((≥99.9%), Cu(OAc)₂•H₂O (98%), PivOH (99%), AgOAc (≥99.9%), NaOPiv•H₂O (99%), *m*-CPBA (≥77%), AcOH (≥99%), NaOAc (≥99%), CsOAC (≥99.9%) and CsOPiv (98%) of Aldrich and TFE of TCI chemicals were used as received. Quinoline N-oxides1 and vinylcyclopropanes2 were prepared according to the reported procedure. $[CoCp^*(CO)I_2]$ was synthesized as per the reported literature.³ All the heating reactions were performed using oil bath as heating source. SRL silica gel G/GF 254 plates were used for analytical TLC and SRL silica gel (230-400 mesh) was used for column chromatography. Bruker Avance III 600, 500 and 400 MHz spectrometers used for NMR spectra using tetramethylsilane (Me₄Si) as an internal standard. Chemical shifts (δ) and spinspin coupling constant (J) are reported in parts per million (ppm) and hertz (Hz), respectively, and other data are reported as follows: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, m = multiplet, dd =double doublet. Melting points were determined using a Büchi B-540 apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were collected on a PerkinElmer Fourier transform infrared (FTIR) spectrometer. Quadrupole time-of-flight electrospray ionization (ESI) mass spectrometer used for recording HRMS.

General Procedure for the 3-Substituted Quinolines⁴



In an oven dried sealed tube, 3-bromoquinoline (1 mmol, 208 mg), aryl boronic acid (2 mmol), $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.02 mmol, 23 mg), Na_2CO_3 (2 mmol, 212 mg), H_2O (10 µL) and toluene : ethanol (1:1, 4 mL) were stirred at 100 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and passed through a short pad of celite with CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml). Evaporation of the solvent gave a residue that was purified on silica gel column chromatography using hexane and EtOAc as an eluent to give the substituted quinolines.

Synthesis of tert-Butyl quinolin-5-ylcarbamate⁵

To a stirred solution of 5-aminoquinoline (1 mmol, 144 mg) in ethanol (2 mL), (Boc)₂O (1.1 mmol, 240 mg) was added at room temperature. Reaction was monitored by TLC and after

completion of the reaction, the solution was concentrated under vacuum to afford the target compound in high yield. Protected aminoquinoline was used for the next step without further purification.

Synthesis of Quinolin-6-yl benzoate⁶

In a round-bottomed flask, 6-hydroxyquinoline (1 mmol, 145 mg) and 4-(dimethylamino) pyridine (0.05 mmol, 6 mg) were dissolved in Et_3N (3 mL) and CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL). Benzoyl chloride (1 mmol, 0.14 mL) was added dropwise at room temperature and the resulting mixture was left for stirring. Reaction was monitored by the TLC using EtOAc and hexane as the eluent. After completion, the reaction was quenched by adding water (5 mL) and extracted using CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 20 mL). Drying (Na₂SO₄) and evaporation of the solvent provided a residue that was purified by column chromatography using hexane and EtOAc as an eluent (80/20, v/v) to afford the target quinoline.

General Procedure for the Synthesis of Quinoline N-oxide

To a stirred solution of quinoline (1 mmol) in CHCl₃ (5 mL), *m*-CPBA (2.5 mmol, 431 mg) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to reflux for 4 h. Then the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and quenched with aqueous NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and extracted using CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 10 mL). Drying (Na₂SO₄) and evaporation of the solvent gave a residue which was purified by silica gel column chromatography using hexane and EtOAc as the eluent to afford the quinoline *N*-oxides **1**.

Optimization of Reaction Conditions^a



entry	catalyst	additive	oxidant	solvent	yield (%) ^b	E / Z ^c
1	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	-	-	TFE	25	4:1
	AgBF ₄					
2	$[RhCp*Cl_2]_2/$	AcOH	-	TFE	n.d.	-
	AgBF ₄					

3	$[RhCp*Cl_2]_2/$	PivOH	-	TFE	22	6:1
	$AgBF_4$					
4	$[RhCp*Cl_2]_2/$	AgOAc	-	TFE	45	11:1
	AgBF ₄					
5	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOAc	-	TFE	36	8:1
	AgBF ₄					
6	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	CsOAC	-	TFE	38	10:1
	AgBF ₄					
7	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	-	TFE	49	16:1
	AgBF ₄					
8	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	CsOPiv	-	TFE	12	5:1
	AgBF ₄					
9	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	TFE	78	16:1
	AgBF ₄					
10	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	TFE	63	16:1
	AgSbF ₆					
11	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	TFE	65	8:1
	AgNTf ₂					
12	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	EtOH	trace	-
	AgBF ₄					
13	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	HFIP	trace	-
	AgBF ₄		-			
14	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	THF	trace	-
	AgBF ₄		C			
15	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag_2O	Toluene	n.d.	-
	AgBF ₄	_	0-			
16	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag_2O	DCE	trace	-
	AgBF ₄	_	0-			
17^d	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	TFE	43	16:1
	AgBF ₄	2	02			
18 ^e	[RhCp*Cl ₂] ₂ /	NaOPiv•H ₂ O	Ag ₂ O	TFE	60	16:1
	$AgBF_{4}$		02 -			- • • •
19/	$[RhCn*Cl_{2}]_{2}/$	NaOPiv•H2O	ΑσοΩ	TFE	59	12.1
17			1.620	11L/		14.1

	$AgBF_4$					
20	[CoCp*(CO)I ₂]/	-	-	TFE	n.d.	-
	$AgBF_4$					
21	[Ru(p-cymene)Cl ₂] ₂ /	-	-	TFE	n.d.	-
	$AgBF_4$					

^{*a*}Reaction condition: **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.3 mmol), catalyst (5 mol %) and silver source (20 mol %), additive (20 mol %), oxidant (0.2 mmol), solvent (1 mL) rt, N₂, 18 h. ^{*b*}Isolated yield. ^{*c*}Determined by ¹H NMR. ^{*d*}24 h reaction time. ^{*e*}16 h reaction time. ^{*f*}50 °C temp. n.d. = not detected.

General Procedure for Rh-Catalyzed C8-Allylation of Quinoline N-oxide

Quinoline *N*-oxides **1** (0.2 mmol), vinylcyclopropanes **2** (0.3 mmol), $[RhCp*Cl_2]_2$ (0.01 mmol, 6 mg), AgBF₄ (0.04 mmol, 7.8 mg), NaOPiv•H₂O (0.04 mmol, 6 mg) and Ag₂O (0.2 mmol, 46 mg) were stirred in TFE (1 mL) for 18 h at room temperature under N₂ atmosphere. After completion, the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (2 x 5 mL) and water (2 x 5 mL). Drying (Na₂SO₄) and evaporation of the solvent gave a residue that was purified on silica gel column chromatography using hexane and EtOAc as an eluent to afford C8-allyl quinoline *N*-oxides **3**.

Scale-up Synthesis of 3aa

Quinoline *N*-oxide **1a** (3.44 mmol, 500 mg), vinylcyclopropane **2a** (5.16 mmol, 950 mg), $[RhCp*Cl_2]_2$ (5 mol %, 104 mg), AgBF₄(0.688 mmol, 134.16 mg), NaOPiv•H₂O (0.688 mmol, 98 mg) and Ag₂O (0.2 mmol, 795 mg) were stirred in TFE (12 mL) for 18 h at room temperature under N₂ atmosphere. After completion, the reaction mixture as passed through a short pad of celite using EtOAc (50 mL) and the evaporation of the solvent gave a residue which was purified by silica gel column chromatography using hexane and EtOAc as an eluent (40/60, v/v) to afford **3aa** in 70% (793 mg) yield.

Post-Synthetic Modifications

Synthesis of 4aa and 4ha⁷

To an oven dried sealed tube, respective quinoline *N*-oxide (0.1 mmol) **3** and PhB(OH)₂ (0.15 mmol, 18 mg) were stirred in 1,2-dichloroethane (1 mL) for 12 h at 120 °C. After the completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (30

mL) and washed with water (2 x 5 mL). Drying (Na_2SO_4) and evaporation of the solvent gave a residue that was purified by silica gel column chromatography to afford the target compounds **4aa** and **4ha**.

Synthesis of 5⁸

To an oven dried sealed tube, **3aa** (0.1 mmol, 32 mg), Me₃SiCN (0.12 mmol, 16 μ L) and DBU (0.23 mmol, 34 μ L) were stirred in THF (1 mL) for 12 h under reflux. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL) and washed with water (2 x 5 mL). Drying (Na₂SO₄) and evaporation of the solvent residue gave a residue which was purified by silica column chromatography using hexane and EtOAc as an eluent (90/10, v/v) to afford **5** in 86% yield (29 mg).

Synthesis of 69

In an oven dried round bottom flask, **3aa** (0.1 mmol, 32 mg) and LiCl (0.5 mmol, 21 mg) were stirred in DMSO (1 mL) and H₂O (0.5 mmol, 10 μ L) for 12 h at 130 °C under N₂ atmosphere. After the completion, reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted using EtOAc (2 x 10 mL) and washed with water (2 x 5 mL). Drying (Na₂SO₄) and evaporation of the solvent gave a residue that was purified by silica column chromatography using hexane and EtOAc as an eluent (90/10, v/v) to afford **6** in 65% yield (16.5 mg).

Characterization data of N-oxides



3-(Furan-3-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 1f. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 3:2 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.3$; brown solid; mp 85-86 °C; yield 85% (179 mg); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.80 (s, 1H), 8.70 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.71 (m, 1H), 7.66-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.55 (m, 1H), 6.77 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.8, 140.3, 139.8, 134.3, 130.5, 130.1, 129.3, 128.1, 126.8, 122.2, 122.1, 119.8, 108.4; FT-IR (neat) 2925, 1652, 1608, 1583, 1395, 1347, 1260, 1222, 1162, 874, 825, 765, 594 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₀NO₂: 212.0706, found 212.0706.



3-(3-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)quinoline 1-oxide 1g. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 3:2 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.4$; brown solid; mp 183-184 °C; yield 80% (230 mg); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.84 (s, 1H), 8.77 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.91 (m, 3H), 7.84-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.74-7.65 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.8, 136.9, 134.7, 133.6, 132.2 ($J_{C-F} = 32.3$ Hz), 130.8, 130.4, 130.3, 130.1, 129.5, 128.6, 125.8 ($J_{C-F} = 3.75$ Hz), 125.0 ($J_{C-F} = 271$ Hz), 124.1 ($J_{C-F} = 3.75$ Hz), 123.7, 119.9; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl3) δ - 62.74; FT-IR (neat) 3064, 1583, 1493, 1369, 1316, 1171, 1110, 934, 766, 684 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₁₁F₃NO: 290.0787, found 290.0785.



5-((*tert***-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)quinoline 1-oxide 1k.** Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.2$; colorless solid; mp 185-186 °C; yield 77% (200 mg); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.55-8.52 (m, 2H), 8.01-8.00 (m, 1H), 7.88-7.85 (m, 1H), 7.74-7.71 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 1.55 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.3, 142.3, 135.6, 134.2, 130.5, 124.7, 121.8, 120.4, 119.9, 115.9, 81.6, 28.4; FT-IR (neat) 3200, 2978, 1721, 1536, 1404, 1364, 1304, 1237, 1152, 1054, 879, 784 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₇N₂O₃: 261.1234, found 261.1229.

Characterization Data of the Products



(E)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)quino

line 1-oxide 3aa. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane R_f = 0.30; brown solid; mp 75-76 °C; yield 78% (51 mg); E/Z = 16:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.43 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, J = 9 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J =

6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.20 (m, 1H), 5.99-5.95 (m, 1H), 5.46-5.41 (m, 1H), 4.36 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 6H), 3.41 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 140.6, 137.7, 135.7, 134.2, 133.0, 132.6, 128.3, 127.5, 126.8, 126.2, 120.7, 52.5, 52.0, 39.7, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1732, 1572, 1435, 1274, 1219, 1156, 815, 751 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₂₀NO₅: 330.1336, found 330.1337.



methylquinoline 1-oxide 3ba. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown solid; mp 99-100 °C; yield 77% (53 mg); E/Z = 13:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.01-5.96 (m, 1H), 5.44-5.39 (m, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (s, 6H), 3.39 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.61-2.58 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 147.2, 140.7, 135.2, 134.5, 132.9, 131.3, 127.4, 127.3, 125.8, 125.5, 122.7, 52.4, 52.0, 39.9, 32.0, 19.3; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1731, 1567, 1435, 1239, 1151, 1023, 821, 765 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₂NO₅: 344.1492, found 344.1495.



(E)-3-Bromo-8-(6-methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-

1-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3ca. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 2:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown solid; mp 134-135 °C; yield 75% (61 mg); E/Z = 19:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.49 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.8, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.95-5.90 (m, 1H), 5.44-5.39 (m, 1H), 4.29 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 6H), 3.40 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 139.7, 138.8, 135.9, 133.7, 132.9, 132.4, 129.2, 128.0, 126.7, 126.5, 114.0, 52.5, 52.0, 39.4, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1732, 1557, 1435, 1355, 1275, 1213, 1156, 877, 764 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₉BrNO₅: 408.0441, found 408.0449.



(*E*)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)-3methylquinoline 1-oxide 3da. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.40$; brown solid; mp 70-71 °C; yield 76% (52 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 6.5Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.44-5.38 (m, 1H), 4.33 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (s, 6H), 3.39 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 139.0, 138.7, 135.4, 134.2, 132.3, 131.8, 130.8, 128.2, 126.8, 126.2, 126.0, 52.4, 52.0, 39.5, 32.0, 18.3; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1727, 1579, 1434, 1214, 1149, 1025, 848, 763 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₂NO₅: 344.1492, found 344.1491.



(E)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)-3-

phenylquinoline 1-oxide 3ea. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown solid; mp 100-101 °C; yield 73% (59 mg); E/Z = 19:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.73 (s, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.8, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.03-5.98 (m, 1H), 5.49-5.44 (m, 1H), 4.39 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 6H), 3.43 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 139.4, 136.8, 135.7, 134.5, 134.2, 132.7, 132.5, 129.4, 129.0, 128.6, 127.7, 127.0, 126.2, 124.0, 52.5, 52.0, 39.6, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 2952, 1731, 1580, 1434, 1217, 1152, 1022, 860, 758, 694 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₄NO₅: 406.1649, found 406.1653.



(E)-3-(Furan-3-yl)-8-(6-methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-

oxohex-2-en-1-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3fa. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.40$; light brown solid; mp 144-145 °C; yield 64% (50.5 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.63 (s, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.556 (s, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 6.00-5.95 (m, 1H), 5.48-5.42 (m, 1H), 4.35 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 6H), 3.42 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 144.7, 139.8, 139.2, 136.0, 135.7, 134.1, 132.56, 132.50, 128.7, 127.4, 126.37, 126.32, 122.5, 121.8, 108.4, 52.5, 52.0, 39.5, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1731, 1611, 1583, 1435, 1217, 1156, 1022, 874, 761, 597 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₂₂NO₆: 396.1442, found 396.1442.



(E)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-

yl)-3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)pheny l)quinoline 1-oxide 3ga. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.40$; grey solid; mp 134-135 °C; yield 65% (61.5 mg); *E/Z* > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.83-7.81 (m, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.02-5.96 (m, 1H), 5.49-5.43 (m, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 6H), 3.42 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 139.7, 136.6, 136.5, 135.8, 134.0, 133.2, 133.1, 132.4, 132.1 (*J_{C-F}* = 32.5 Hz), 130.3, 130.0, 128.9, 127.9, 126.4, 125.7 (*J_{C-F}* = 3.6 Hz), 124.8 (*J_{C-F}* = 270.9 Hz), 124.1, 123.9 (*J_{C-F}* = 3.9 Hz), 52.5, 52.0, 39.5, 32.0; ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.74; FT-IR (neat) 2954, 1732, 1581, 1436, 1343, 1316, 1159, 1123, 804, 763, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₃F₃NO₅: 474.1523, found 474.1530.



(*E*)-4-Chloro-8-(6-methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3ha. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown solid; mp 118-119 °C; yield 72% (52.5 mg); E/Z = 19:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.8Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.97-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.45-5.40 (m, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 6H), 3.40 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 141.3, 136.9, 136.4, 133.9, 133.8, 129.9, 129.8, 129.2, 126.5, 124.3, 121.1, 52.5, 52.0, 39.6, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 2954, 1730, 1561, 1435, 1372, 1296, 1208, 1150, 757 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₉CINO₅: 364.0946, found 364.0951.



(E)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)-4-

methylquinoline 1-oxide 3ia. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown solid; mp 58-59 °C; yield 65% (44.5 mg); E/Z = 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 6.00-5.95 (m, 1H), 5.44-5.39 (m, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 6H), 3.40 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.59-2.58 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 140.0, 136.9, 136.2, 134.5, 134.3, 132.8, 131.7, 128.0, 126.0, 123.7, 121.6, 52.4, 52.0, 39.9, 32.0, 19.3; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1730, 1567, 1394, 1218, 1151, 974, 830, 759 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₂NO₅: 344.1492, found 344.1491.



1-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3ja. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 3:2 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown sticky liquid; yield 74% (60 mg); E/Z = 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.43 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.94-5.89 (m, 1H), 5.44-5.39 (m, 1H), 4.27 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 6H), 3.39 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 141.6, 137.9, 135.8, 133.5, 132.6, 132.3, 131.4, 126.6, 125.6, 121.6, 120.8, 52.5, 51.9, 39.7, 31.9; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1730, 1568, 1510, 1435, 1393, 1262, 850, 750 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₉BrNO₅: 408.0441, found 408.0446.



(*E*)-5-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-8-(6-methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3ka. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; dark brown sticky liquid; yield 68% (60.5 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (m, 1H), 5.91-5.87 (m, 1H), 5.40-5.35 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (s, 6H), 3.37 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 153.7, 140.8, 137.5, 134.0, 132.7, 132.5, 132.0, 127.3, 126.1, 122.9, 120.5, 120.2, 81.2, 52.4, 51.9, 39.6, 31.9, 28.3; FT-IR (neat) 3198, 2977, 1727, 1538, 1436, 1239, 1156, 1054, 881, 750 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₃H₂₉N₂O₇: 445.1969, found 445.1977.



(E)-6-Methoxy-8-(6-methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-

en-1-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3la. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown liquid; yield 60% (43 mg); E/Z = 16:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.25 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.03-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.91-6.90 (m, 1H), 5.95-5.90 (m, 1H), 5.46-5.42 (m, 1H), 4.31 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 6H), 3.41 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 158.3, 137.7, 136.5, 135.8, 134.2, 133.6, 126.6, 125.6, 124.5, 121.2, 104.8, 55.5, 52.5, 51.9, 39.5, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 2955,1726, 1610, 1430, 1277, 1200, 1032, 831, 749 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₂NO₆: 360.1442, found 360.1441.



(E)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)-6-

nitroquinoline 1-oxide 3ma. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; dark brown solid; mp 120-121 °C; yield 43% (32 mg); E/Z = 16:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.60 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.57 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 1H), 5.97-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.54-5.50 (m, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 6H), 3.43 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 146.3, 142.7, 140.4, 139.5, 132.3, 132.2, 128.1, 127.6, 125.0, 123.3, 122.9, 52.6, 51.8, 39.8, 31.9; FT-IR (neat) 3080, 2925, 2853, 1734, 1542, 1436, 1348, 1214, 792 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₉N₂O₇: 375.1187, found 375.1188.



(*E*)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)-6-(2phenylacetoxy)quinoline 1-oxide 3na. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; colorless liquid; yield 74% (68.5 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.67-7.61 (m, 3H), 7.53 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.29-7.29 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 1H), 5.98-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.51-5.46 (m, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 6H), 3.42 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 164.8, 149.7, 138.8, 138.5, 137.4, 134.1, 133.4, 133.2, 130.3, 129.0, 128.8, 127.2, 127.1, 126.2, 121.5, 118.1, 52.5, 51.9, 39.5, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 3075, 3006, 1731, 1574, 1375, 1249, 1151, 1049, 1024, 750, 708 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z[M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₂₆NO₇: 450.1547, found 450.1554.



(E)-8-(6-Methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)-7-

methylquinoline 1-oxide 3oa. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; brown solid; mp 65-66 °C; yield 54% (37 mg); E/Z = 4:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.93 (m, 1H), 5.36-5.28 (m, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.62 (s, 6H), 3.36 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 140.9, 138.1, 133.1, 131.99, 131.90, 131.2, 126.68, 126.60, 125.2, 123.9, 119.9, 52.4, 52.1, 34.0, 32.0, 20.9; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1730, 1557, 1435, 1229, 1151, 1023, 828, 752 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₂NO₅: 344.1492 , found 344.1492.



4-((R)-(Benzyloxy)((1S,2R,4S,5R)-5-vinylquinuclidin-2-

yl)methyl) -8-((*E*)-6-methoxy-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3pa. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 1:9 methanol/dichloromethane R_f = 0.70; light brown liquid; yield 64% (75 mg); *E/Z* = 11:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.33 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 3H), 6.01-5.96 (m, 1H), 5.74-5.69 (m, 1H), 5.50-5.45 (m, 1H), 5.33 (s, 1H), 4.97-4.93 (m, 2H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 6H), 3.44-3.41 (m, 2H), 3.13-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.73-2.65 (m, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.33-2.31 (m, 1H), 1.84-1.73 (m, 4H), 1.56-1.52 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 141.1, 140.6, 137.5, 136.9, 136.6, 135.5, 134.2, 132.8, 130.4, 128.66, 128.61, 128.0, 127.8, 126.2, 122.7, 118.9, 114.9, 71.5, 60.5, 56.6, 52.69, 52.68, 52.5, 52.0, 43.2, 40.1, 39.5, 32.0, 27.8, 27.3; FT-IR (neat) 2927, 2863, 1732, 1565, 1435, 1265, 1150, 1044, 731, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₃₅H₄₁N₂O₆: 585.2959, found 585.2971.



(E)-8-(6-Ethoxy-5-(ethoxycarbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl)quinoline

1-oxide 3ab. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.40$; colourless liquid; yield 73% (52 mg); E/Z = 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.00-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.48-5.42 (m, 1H), 4.36 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 4.14-4.08 (m, 4H), 3.36 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.18 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1, 140.6, 137.6, 135.7, 134.0, 132.9, 132.6, 128.30, 127.4, 126.5, 126.3,

120.7, 61.3, 52.3, 39.7, 31.9, 14.1; FT-IR (neat) 2982, 2926, 1727, 1572, 1369, 1274, 1219, 1153, 1031, 815, 751 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₄NO₅: 358.1649, found 358.1649.



(E)-8-(6-Oxo-6-propoxy-5-(propoxycarbonyl)hex-2-en-1-yl)

quinoline 1-oxide 3ac. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.50$; colourless liquid; yield 71% (54.5 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 1H), 5.98-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.46-5.40 (m, 1H), 4.33 (d, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 4.03-3.95 (m, 4H), 3.37 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.59-1.52 (m, 4H), 0.84 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1, 140.5, 137.6, 135.6, 133.9, 132.9, 132.5, 128.2, 127.4, 126.7, 126.3, 120.6, 66.8, 52.2, 39.6, 31.8, 21.8, 10.3; FT-IR (neat) 2967, 1726, 1571, 1383, 1300, 1268, 1219, 1147, 1058, 814, 756 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₂₈NO₅: 386.1962, found 386.1967.



(*E*)-8-(6-(Benzyloxy)-5-((benzyloxy)carbonyl)-6-oxohex-2-en-1-yl) quinoline 1-oxide 3ad. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.40$; colourless liquid; yield 72% (69.3 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.43 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.25-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.18-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.00-5.95 (m, 1H), 5.45-5.40 (m, 1H), 5.08 (d, J = 3 Hz, 4H), 4.33 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.7, 140.6, 137.6, 135.6, 135.4, 134.3, 132.9, 132.6, 128.5, 128.3, 128.2, 128.1, 127.4, 126.5, 126.0, 120.7, 67.0, 52.3, 39.6, 31.9; FT-IR (neat) 3033, 2922, 1729, 1571, 1455, 1217, 1145, 973, 813,749, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₃₀H₂₈NO₅: 482.1962, found 482.1965.



(*E*)-8-(5,5-bis(Phenylsulfonyl)pent-2-en-1-yl)quinoline 1-oxide 3ae. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; light yellow liquid; yield 82% (81 mg); E/Z = 12:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.42 (d, J = 6Hz, 1H), 7.92-7.91 (m, 4H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.46 (m, 5H), 7.40 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.21 (m, 1H), 5.89-5.84 (m, 1H), 5.40-5.36 (m, 1H), 4.45 (t, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.86 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.6, 138.1, 137.7, 135.6, 135.3, 134.6, 133.4, 132.7, 129.8, 129.7, 128.4, 127.9, 126.7, 121.6, 120.9, 113.8, 57.8, 39.8, 30.2; FT-IR (neat) 3060, 2923, 1660, 1573, 1447, 1329, 1155, 1078, 750, 687, 553 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₂₄NO₅S₂: 494.1090, found 494.1097.



(*E*)-8-(5-Cyano-5-(phenylsulfonyl)pent-2-en-1-yl)quinoline 1-oxid e 3af. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 7:3 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.40$; colourless liquid; yield 42% (32 mg); *E/Z* = 12:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.41 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.75-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.21-6.16 (m, 1H), 5.41-5.36 (m, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (dd, J = 10.8, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.92-2.87 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.53 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.6, 138.1, 137.7, 135.7, 135.0, 134.6, 133.3, 132.7, 129.8, 129.1, 128.4, 127.7, 126.6, 124.2, 120.9, 84.0, 39.7, 29.0; FT-IR (neat) 2923, 2853, 1712, 1465, 1275, 1260, 1157, 1082 750 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₁₉N₂O₃S: 379.1111, found 379.1112.



(*E*)-*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*)-*E*)-*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*)-*E*)-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*)-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*(*E*))-*E*(



Dimethyl (*E*)-2-(4-(quinolin-8-yl)but-2-en-1-yl)malonate 4aa. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 1:9 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; light brown liquid; yield 78% (24.5 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.93-8.92 (m, 1H), 8.14-8.12 (m, 1H), 7.69-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 1H), 5.95-5.88 (m, 1H), 5.56-5.49 (m, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 6H), 3.43 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 149.5, 146.6, 139.4, 136.4, 132.5, 128.8, 128.5, 126.9, 126.5, 126.3, 121.0, 52.5, 52.0, 34.1, 32.0; FT-IR (neat) 3004, 2952, 1731, 1497, 1434, 1275, 1149, 1025, 971, 793, 750 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₂₀NO₄: 314.1387, found 314.1384.



Dimethyl (*E*)-2-(4-(4-chloroquinolin-8-yl)but-2-en-1-yl)malonate 4ha. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 1:9 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; light brown liquid; yield 77% (26.8 mg); E/Z = 19:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.76-8.74 (m, 1H), 8.09-8.05 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.43 (m, 1H), 5.90-5.85 (m, 1H), 5.54-5.48 (m, 1H), 3.97 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 6H), 3.42 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (t, J = 7.5Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 148.7, 147.4, 142.8, 139.8, 132.2, 129.7, 127.4, 127.1, 126.5, 122.5, 121.1, 52.4, 51.8, 34.3, 31.9; FT-IR (neat) 2953, 1732, 1584, 1489, 1435, 1386, 1230, 1149, 971, 763 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₉ClNO₄: 348.0997, found 348.0992.



Dimethyl (*E*)-2-(4-(2-cyanoquinolin-8-yl)but-2-en-1-yl) malon ate 5. Analytical TLC on silica gel, 1:9 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.30$; light brown liquid; yield 75% (25.5 mg); *E/Z* > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.28 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 2H), 5.86-5.82 (m, 1H), 5.58-5.54 (m, 1H), 3.97 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 6H), 3.44 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 146.6, 140.5, 137.7, 132.5, 131.8, 130.4, 129.5, 128.9, 127.5, 126.1, 123.3, 117.9, 52.6, 51.8, 33.9, 31.9. FT-IR (neat) 2924, 2235, 1731, 1434, 1261, 1150, 971, 841, 765 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₁₈NaN₂O₄: 361.1159, found 361.1160.



Methyl (*E***)-6-(quinolin-8-yl)hex-4-enoate 6.** Analytical TLC on silica gel, 1:9 ethyl acetate/hexane $R_f = 0.50$; colorless liquid; yield 68% (17.5 mg); E/Z > 23:1 mixture of diastereomers; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.94 (d, J = 2.4 Hz 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 1H), 5.88-5.84 (m, 1H), 5.59-5.54 (m, 1H), 4.01 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.40-2.36 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.8, 149.5, 146.6, 139.6, 136.5, 130.2, 129.7, 128.9, 128.5, 126.5, 126.3, 121.0, 51.6, 34.2, 34.1, 28.0; FT-IR (neat) 2949, 2915, 1732, 1596, 1497, 1435, 1365, 1151, 970, 826, 793 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₁₈NO₂: 256.1332, found 256.1331.

Mechanistic Investigations

H/D-Exchange Studies

To a stirred solution of quinoline *N*-oxide **1a** (0.1 mmol, 14.5 mg), $[RhCp*Cl_2]_2$ (0.005 mmol, 3 mg), AgBF₄(0.02 mmol, 4 mg), NaOPiv.H₂O (0.02 mmol, 2.8 mg), Ag₂O (0.1 mmol, 23 mg) and TFE (0.5 mL), deuterated solvent (30 equiv) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred for 18 h at room temperature under N₂ atmosphere and extracted using EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with aqueous NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and water (5 mL). Drying (Na₂SO₄) and evaporation of the solvent gave a residue that was purified according to general procedure. Deuterium incorporation of the recovered starting material was confirmed by ¹H NMR.

Preparation of Deuterated 8-d₁ Quinoline N-oxide [D₁]-1a¹⁰

A round bottom flask was charged with magnetic bar and Quinoline *N*-oxide **1a** (1 mmol, 145 mg), $[RhCp*Cl_2]_2$ (0.02 mmol, 12 mg), PivOH (0.1 mmol, 11 mg), AgSbF₆ (0.08 mmol, 28 mg) and DCE:CD₃COOD (1:1, 4 mL). The mixture was stirred for 36 h at 110 °C and cooled to room temperature. The mixture was extracted using EtOAc (3 x 15 mL) and evaporation of solvent gave a residue that was purified as shown in the general procedure. The deuterium incorporation of the recovered starting material was found 87% using ¹H NMR.

Kinetic Isotope Effect

Quinoline *N*-oxide **1a** (0.05 mmol, 7.3 mg), quinoline 1-oxide-8-d₁ [D₁]-**1a** (0.05 mmol, 7.3 mg), vinylcyclopropane **2a** (0.15 mmol, 28 mg), [RhCp*Cl₂]₂ (0.005, 3 mg), AgBF₄ (0.02 mmol, 4 mg), NaOPiv•H₂O (0.02 mmol, 3 mg), Ag₂O (0.1 mmol, 23 mg) and TFE (0.5 mL) were stirred for 40 minutes at room temperature under N₂ atmosphere. ¹H NMR was taken of the recovered *N*-oxide to calculate the intermolecular $k_{\rm H}/k_{\rm D}$ and found to be 2.75.

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SM-CF3Ph_QNO_19F

0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 fl (ppm)







S26

SM-Q_pdt_NOESY







$\begin{array}{c} 7,7,3\\ 7,505\\ 7,7,505\\ 7,7,407\\ 7,419\\ 7,$



 $\begin{array}{c} -8.28\\ -8.286\\ 7.574\\ 7.574\\ 7.574\\ 7.5419\\ 7.5387\\ 7.5387\\ 7.5387\\ 7.5389\\ 7.5389\\ 7.5389\\ 7.5389\\ 7.5389\\ 7.5389\\ 7.5417\\ 7.5413\\ 7.5$













---62.741

SM-3CF3Ph_pdt_19F



-100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -2! f1 (ppm) -10 -60 -20 -50 -70 -80 -30 -40 -90



S35



110 100 f1 (ppm)



S37



8,257 (7,516) (7,7112





S40











8,402 8,200 8,200 8,200 1,1,201 1,2,1,000 1,1,201 1,2,1,000











SM-Q_pdt_1H







S52





SM-KH/KD_1H

28.762 (2014) (2



Recovered **1a**/[D₁]**-1a** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

