

Electronic Supplementary Information for:

A theoretical study on laser cooling feasibility of XH (X = As, Sb and Bi): Effects of intersystem crossings and spin-orbit couplings

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Figure S1	S2
Figure S2	S2
Figure S3	S2
Table S1	S3
Table S2	S3

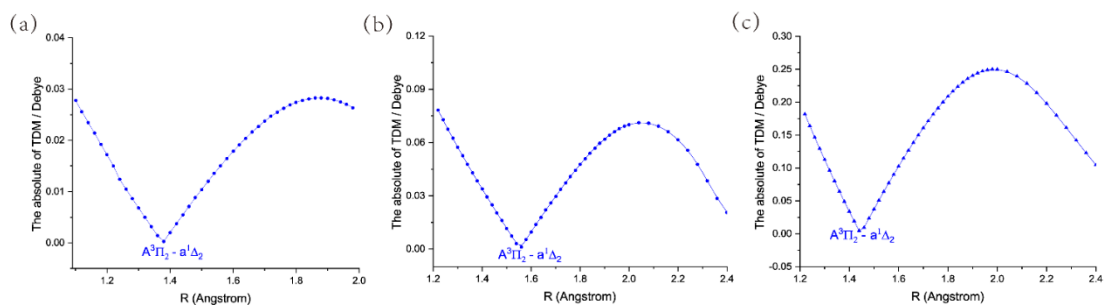


Fig. S1. Transition dipole moments (TDMs) as a function of the interatomic distance (R) for the $A^3\Pi_2 \rightarrow a^1\Delta_2$ transition of AsH (a), SbH (b) and BiH (c) at the icMRCI+Q level.

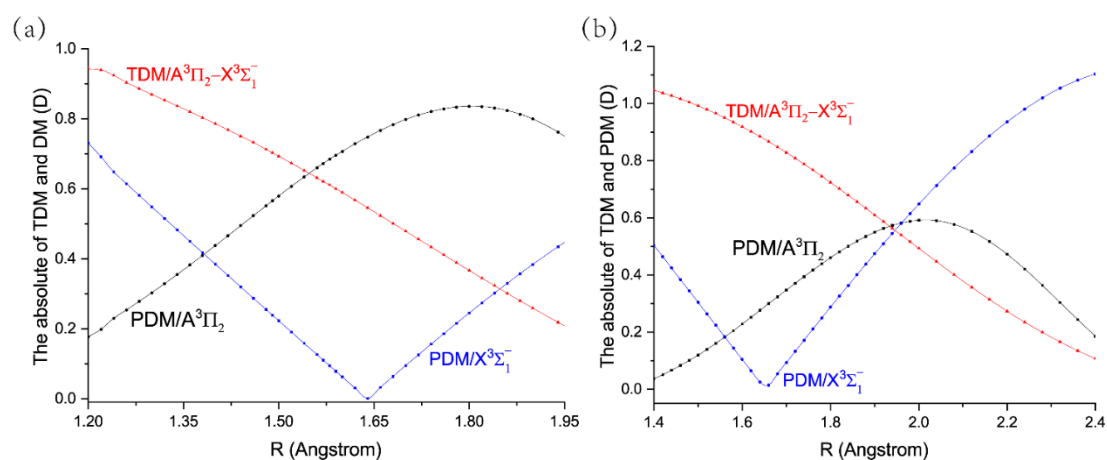


Fig. S2. Permanent dipole moments (PDMs) and transition dipole moments (TDMs) as a function of the interatomic distance (R) for the $X^3\Sigma_1^-$ and $A^3\Pi_2$ states of AsH (a) and SbH (b) at the icMRCI+Q level.

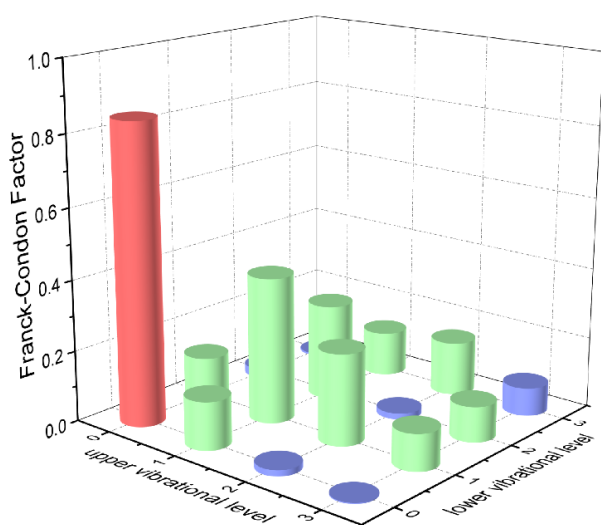


Fig. S3. Franck-Condon factors of the $A^3\Pi_2 (v' \leq 3) \rightarrow X^3\Sigma_1^- (v \leq 3)$ transitions for AsH, calculated at the icMRCI+Q level.

Table S1 The calculated population loss due to the decay channel of intersystem crossings.

	State	Population loss
AsH	$A^3\Pi (v' = 2)$	0.0125
SbH	$A^3\Pi (v' = 1)$	0.1073
BiH	$A^3\Pi (v' = 1)$	0.6247

The population loss due to intersystem crossings has been estimated using the Landau–Zener theory.^{1,2} As shown in Table S1, the obtained decay probability for AsH ($v' = 2$) of the $A^3\Pi$ state is 1.3%, and those for SbH ($v' = 1$) and BiH ($v' = 1$) are 10.7% and 62.5%, respectively.

Table S2 Comparison of the relevant properties for laser cooling of several hydrides.

	R_{00} ^a	$\tau_{v'}$ (ns) ^a	$T_{Doppler}$ (μ K) ^a	T_{Recoil} (μ K)	λ_{00} (nm) ^a
AsH	0.9662	914	4.18	2.20	338.3
SbH	0.9248	883	4.33	1.13	373.4
BaH	0.9639 ^b	120.3 ^c	31.7 ^c	0.168 ^c	905 ^d
CH	0.983 ^e	536 ^f	7.13 ^f	7.91 ^f	430.9 ^e
SiH	0.9954 ^g	575 ^g	6.65 ^g	3.89 ^g	412.6 ^g

^a These columns correspond to the main cooling transition. ^b Ref. 3. ^c Ref. 4. ^d Ref. 5. ^e Ref. 6. ^f Ref. 7. ^g Ref. 8.

Notes and references

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