

## Supporting Information

# Pressure induced phase transitions of bulk CsGeCl<sub>3</sub> and ultrafast laser pulses induced excited-state properties of CsGeCl<sub>3</sub> quantum dots

Jiasi Qiu,<sup>‡</sup> Xiaoyu Kuang,<sup>‡</sup> Miao Yu, Zhangyao Xing, Siyuan Zhou, Jichao Chen, Jiancheng Ma, and Aijie Mao\*

Institute of Atomic and Molecular Physics, Sichuan University, Chengdu 610065, China

Table S1. Lattice parameters (a, b, c) and reduced atomic coordinates ( $x$ ,  $y$ ,  $z$ ) of CsGeCl<sub>3</sub> for the  $R\bar{3}m$  (0 GPa),  $Cm$  (0 GPa),  $Pm\bar{3}m$  (9 GPa), ppPv- $Pnma$  (40 GPa), and  $I4mm$  (100 GPa), respectively.

Atoms	Wyck.	Coordinates		
		$x$	$y$	$z$
$R\bar{3}m$ (0 GPa)		a=7.4625Å $\alpha=90^\circ$	b=7.4625Å $\beta=90^\circ$	c=9.1906Å $\gamma=120^\circ$
Cs	3a	0.00000	0.00000	0.82449
Ge	3a	0.66667	0.33333	0.64539
Cl	9b	0.49106	0.98211	0.83505
$Cm$ (0 GPa)		a=7.4907Å $\alpha=90^\circ$	b=7.4619Å $\beta=89.6633^\circ$	c=5.2887Å $\gamma=90^\circ$
Cl	4b	0.74074	0.23662	0.98886
Cl	2a	0.00415	0.50000	0.46214
Cs	2a	0.00578	-0.00000	0.49057
Ge	2a	0.51819	-0.00000	0.00354
$Pm\bar{3}m$ (9 GPa)		a=4.8976Å $\alpha=90^\circ$	b=4.8976Å $\beta=90^\circ$	c=4.8976Å $\gamma=90^\circ$
Cs	1a	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Ge	1b	0.50000	0.50000	0.50000
Cl	3c	-0.00000	0.50000	0.50000
ppPv- $Pnma$ (40 GPa)		a=7.8253Å $\alpha=90^\circ$	b=3.1454Å $\beta=90^\circ$	c=13.7519Å $\gamma=90^\circ$
Cs	4c	0.54848	0.25000	0.84780
Ge	4c	0.42136	0.25000	0.43675
Cl	4c	0.29301	0.25000	-0.00332
Cl	4c	0.91392	0.25000	0.84718
Cl	4c	0.76088	0.25000	0.19868
$I4mm$ (100 GPa)		a=3.0417Å $\alpha=90^\circ$	b=3.0417Å $\beta=90^\circ$	c=14.2074Å $\gamma=90^\circ$
Cs	2a	0.00000	-0.00000	0.23278
Cl	2a	0.00000	-0.00000	0.61446
Cl	2a	0.00000	-0.00000	0.44001
Ge	2a	-0.50000	0.50000	0.51642
Cl	2a	-0.50000	0.50000	0.34796

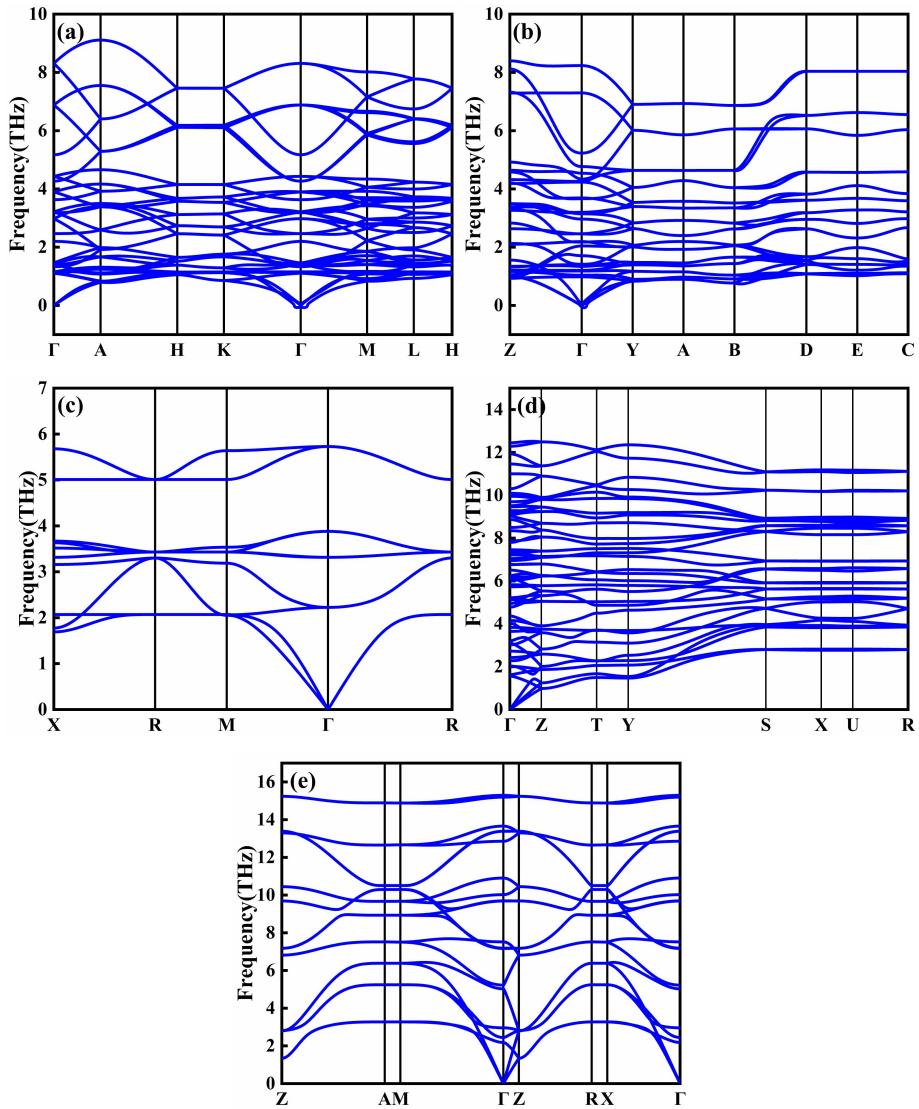


Fig. S1. Calculated phonon dispersions for (a)  $R\bar{3}m$  at 0 GPa, (b)  $Cm$  at 0 GPa, (c)  $Pm\bar{3}m$  at 9 GPa, (d) ppPv- $Pnma$  at 40 GPa, and (e)  $I4mm$  at 100 GPa, respectively.

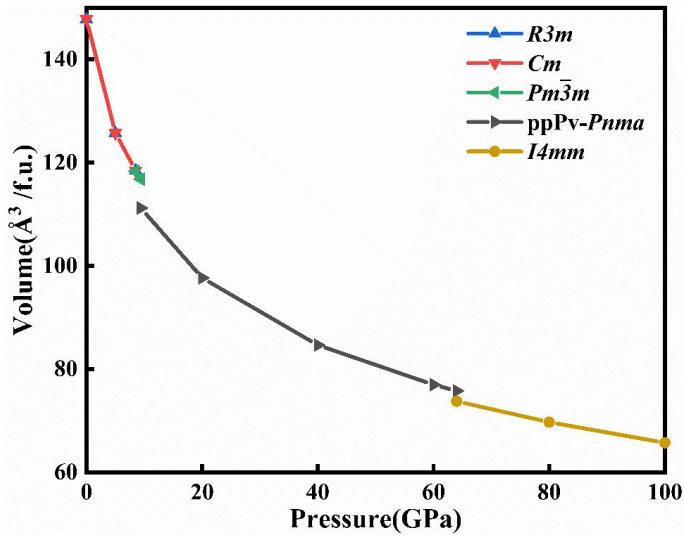


Fig. S2. The volume of different structures for  $\text{CsGeCl}_3$  as a function of pressure.

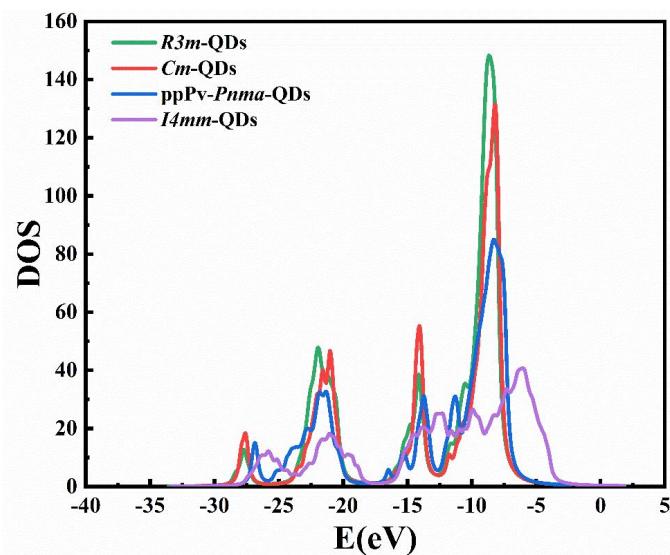


Fig. S3. The density of states (DOS) obtained from the ground-state information for  $R3m$ -QDs,  $Cm$ -QDs, ppPv- $Pnma$ -QDs, and  $I4mm$ -QDs, respectively.

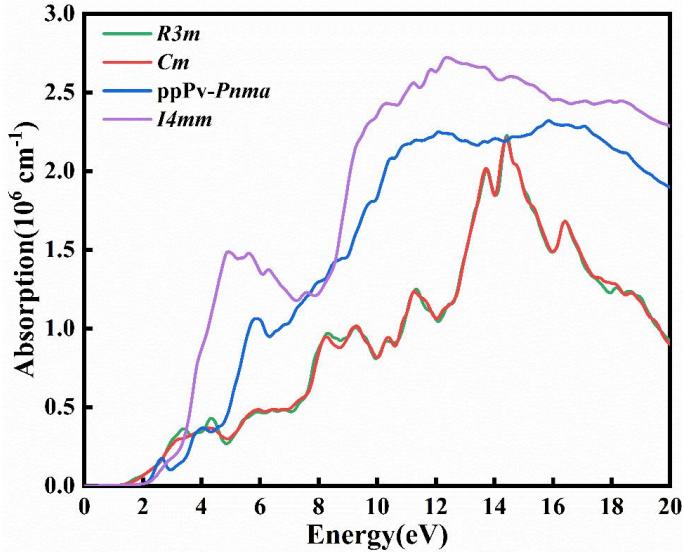


Fig. S4. The absorption spectra of bulk structures  $\text{CsGeCl}_3$  for  $R3m$  (0 GPa),  $Cm$  (0 GPa), ppPv- $Pnma$  (40 GPa), and  $I4mm$  (100 GPa), respectively.

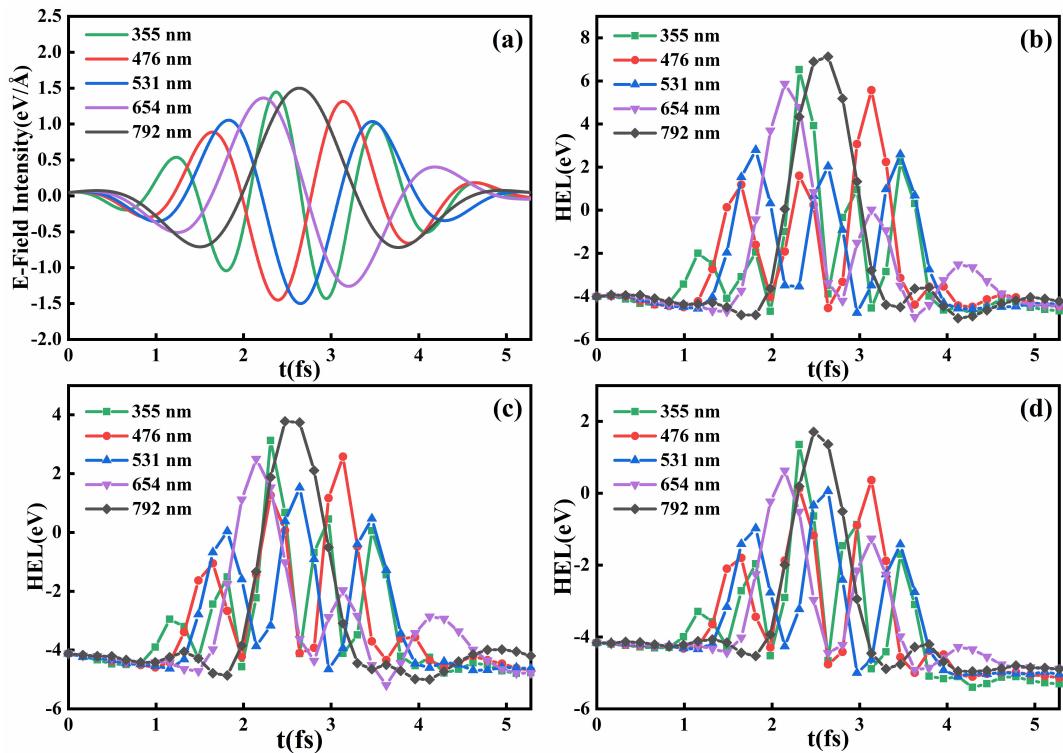


Fig. S5. (a) The laser oscilloscope, (b)-(d) the HEL in  $R3m$ -QDs,  $Cm$ -QDs, and ppPv- $Pnma$ -QDs with ultrafast lasers for the intensity of 1.5  $\text{eV}/\text{\AA}$  and the different wavelengths of 355 nm, 476 nm, 531 nm, 654 nm, and 792 nm are selected, respectively.