On Enhancing the Li-Ion Conductivity of Poly (ethylene oxide) based Electrolytes by suppressing the flexibility of Zeolitic Imidazolate Framework-8 via mixed ligand strategy

P. Utpalla^{1, 2}, J. Mor¹, S. K. Sharma^{1, 2*}

¹Radiochemistry Division, Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India 400 085

²Homi Bhabha National Institute, Mumbai, India 400 094

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Figure S1: XRD patterns of the mixed ligand ZIF-7_x-8 (x = 0, 22.1, 52.6 and 97.2%) frameworks. With the increase in bIm ligand, topology of the frameworks changes from ZIF-8 to ZIF-7. The random distribution of both ligands in the framework throughout the ligand mixing ratio has been confirmed in our previous study [S1].



Figure S2: FE-SEM morphology of the mixed ligand ZIF-7_x-8 (x = 0, 22.1, 52.6 and 97.2%) frameworks.



Figure S3: Pore sizes corresponding to aperture (d_{sp}) and cavity (d_{lp}) of the mixed ligand frameworks determined using PALS. The details can be found elsewhere [S1].



Figure S4: Enlarged finger print region of FTIR spectra of PEO-Li and all the QSSEs



Figure S5: FE-SEM images of (a) ZIF-7₀-8 and (b) ZIF-7_{97.2}-8.



Figure S6. Real part (ϵ ') of the complex permittivity for (a) PEO-Li (b) PEO-Li-ZIF-7₀-8 (c) PEO-Li-ZIF-7_{22,1}-8 (d) PEO-Li-ZIF-7_{52,6}-8.



Figure S7. Imaginary part (ε") of the complex permittivity for (a) PEO-Li (b) PEO-Li-ZIF-7₀-8 (c) PEO-Li-ZIF-7_{22.1}-8 (d) PEO-Li-ZIF-7_{52.6}-8



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Figure S9. Real part (σ ') of the complex conductivity for (a) PEO-Li (b) PEO-Li-ZIF-7₀-8 (c) PEO-Li-ZIF-7_{22,1}-8 (d) PEO-Li-ZIF-7_{52,6}-8 QSSEs.



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