

Supporting Information

Control of Spin Coupling Through Redox-active Bridge in Dinickel(II) Porphyrin Dimer: Step-wise Oxidations Enable Isolations of the Chlorin-porphyrin Heterodimer and Dication Diradical with Singlet Ground State

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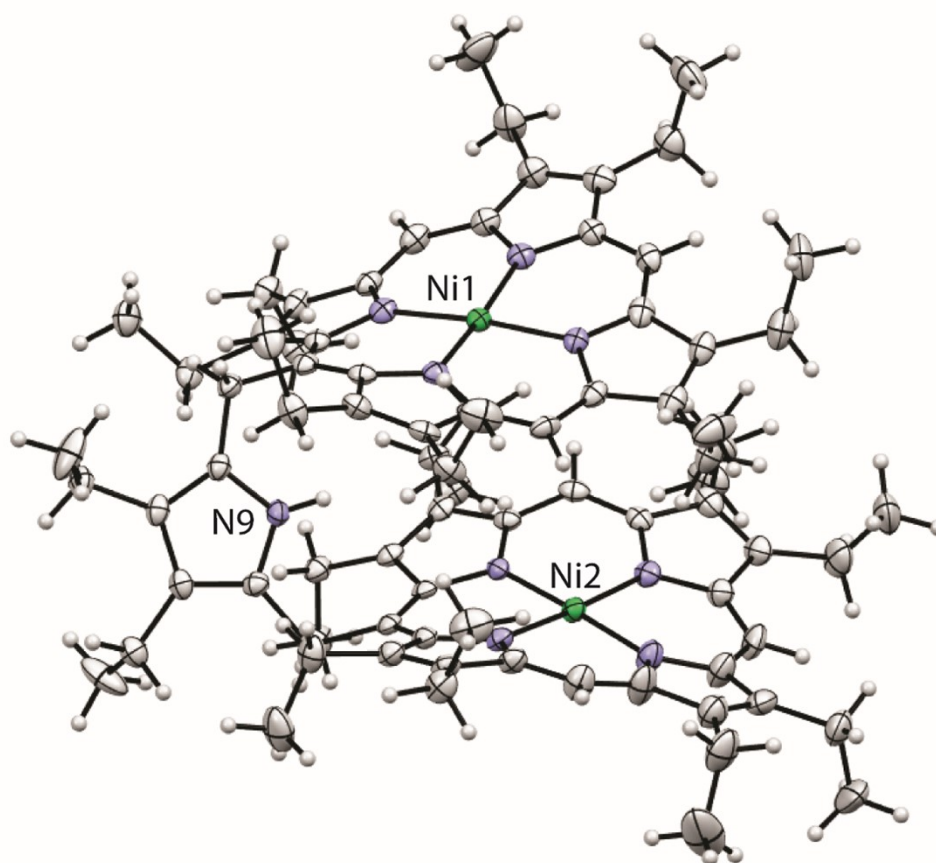


Fig. S1. An ORTEP diagram (at 100 K) of **1•Ni** showing thermal ellipsoids at the 50% probability level for non-hydrogen atoms.

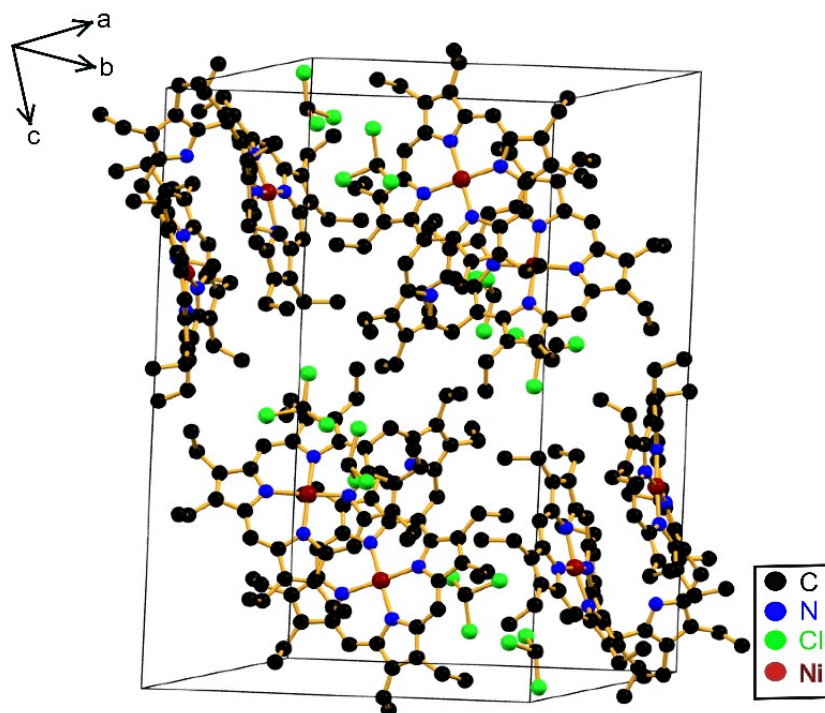


Fig. S2. Diagram depicting the molecular packing of $1 \bullet \text{Ni} \cdot 2\text{CHCl}_3$ in the unit cell (H-atoms have been omitted for clarity).

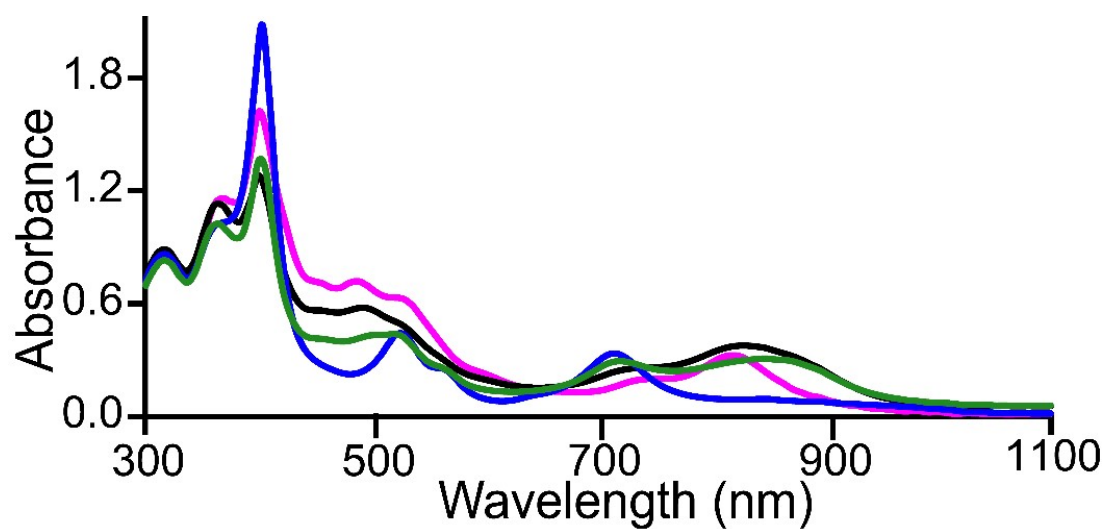


Figure S3. UV-vis-NIR (in CH_2Cl_2 at 295 K) spectral changes recorded at different time intervals upon standing of $1 \bullet \text{Ni} \bullet \text{DDQ}$ in air.

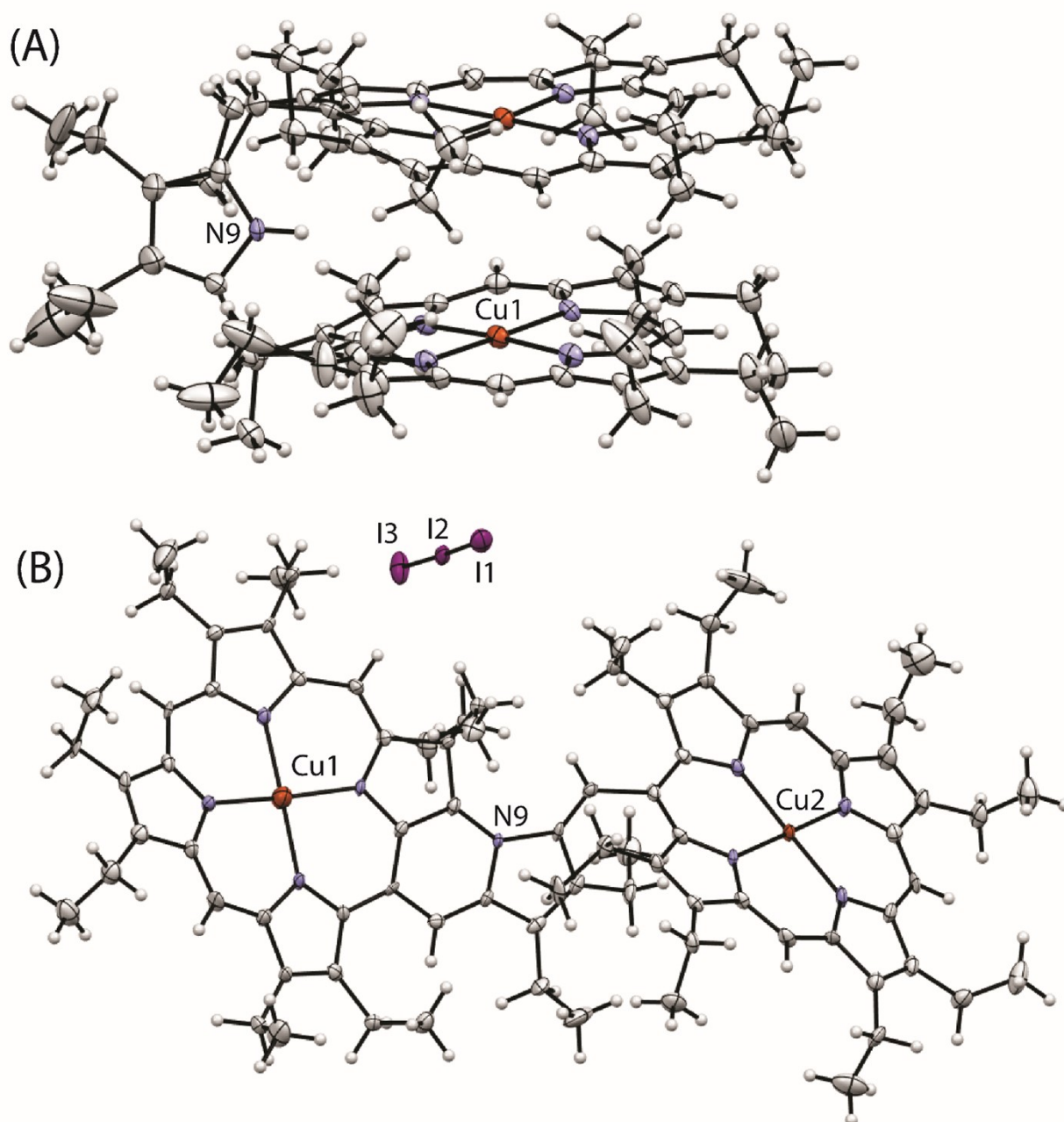


Fig. S4. ORTEP diagrams (at 100 K) of (A) $1 \cdot \text{Cu}$ and (B) $2 \cdot \text{Cu} \cdot \text{I}_3$ showing thermal ellipsoids at the 50% probability level for non-hydrogen atoms.

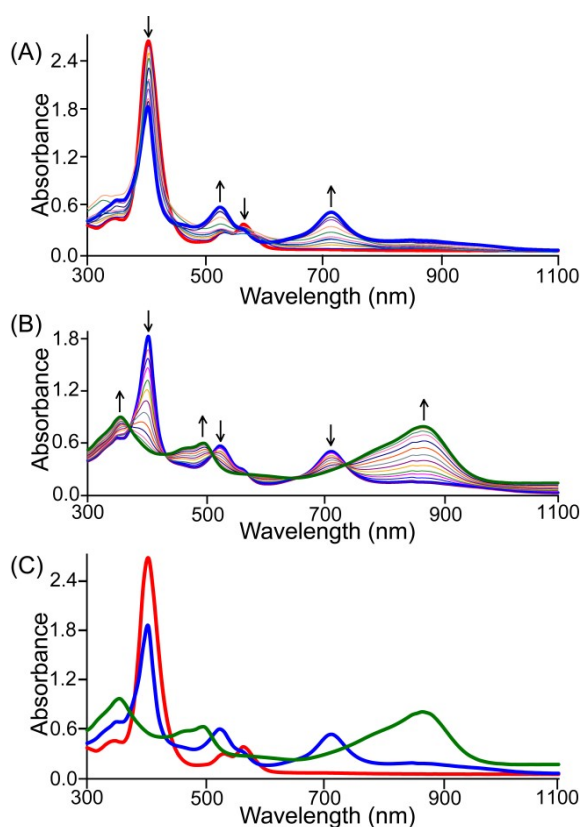


Figure S5. UV-vis-NIR (in CH_2Cl_2 at 295 K) spectral change of 2.0×10^{-5} M solution of $\mathbf{1}\cdot\text{Ni}$ upon addition of (A) 0 to 1.0 eq. and (B) 1.0 to 2.0 eq. of AgSbF_6 . (C) Comparison of UV-vis-NIR spectra (in CH_2Cl_2 at 295 K) of $\mathbf{1}\cdot\text{Ni}$ (red line), $\mathbf{3}\cdot\text{Ni}\cdot\text{SbF}_6$ (blue line) and $\mathbf{4}\cdot\text{Ni}\cdot(\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (green line).

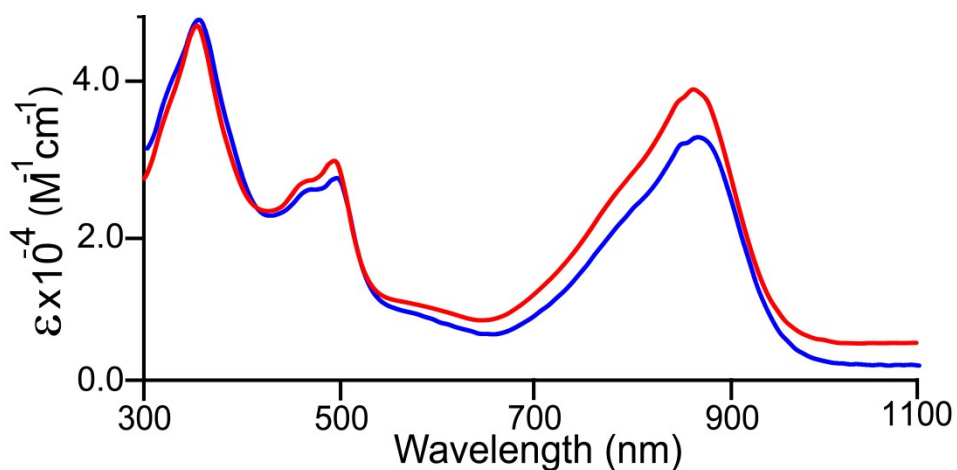


Figure S6. Comparative UV-vis-NIR spectra (in CH_2Cl_2 at 295 K) of $\mathbf{4}\cdot\text{Ni}\cdot(\text{FeCl}_4)_2$ (blue line) and $\mathbf{4}\cdot\text{Ni}\cdot(\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (red line).

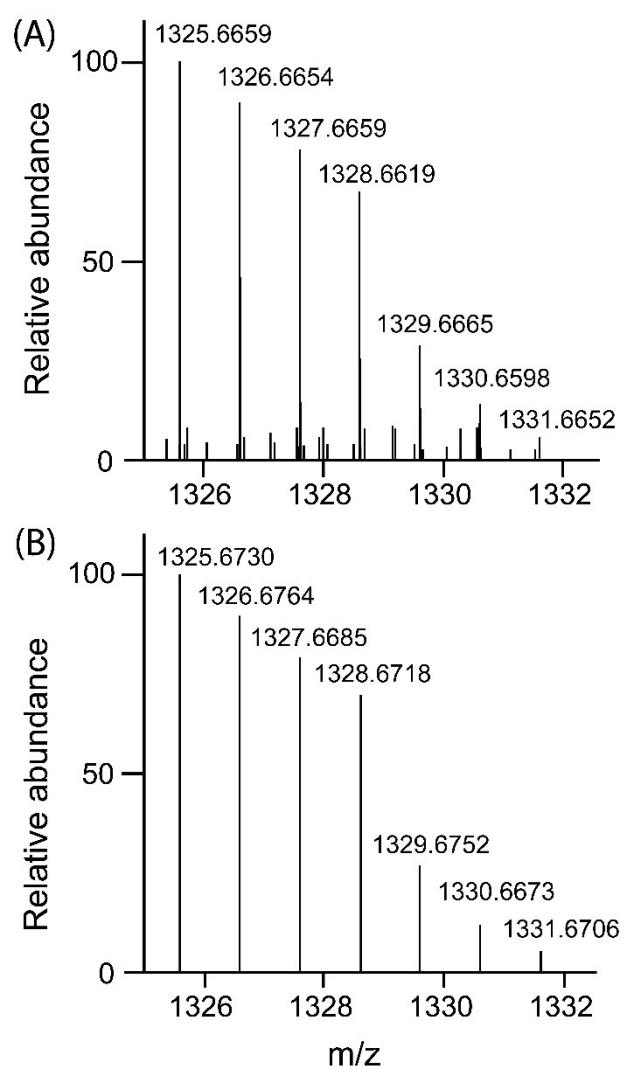


Figure S7. Isotopic distribution of the (A) experimental and (B) simulated ESI mass spectrum (positive-ion mode) of $[2\bullet\text{Ni}\bullet\text{DDQ} + \text{H}]^+$.

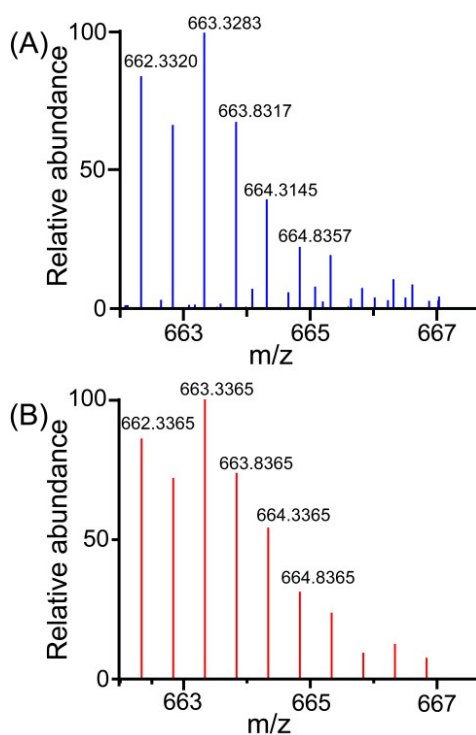


Figure S8. Isotopic distribution of the (A) experimental and (B) simulated ESI mass spectrum (positive-ion mode) of $[4\bullet\text{Ni}]^{2+}$.

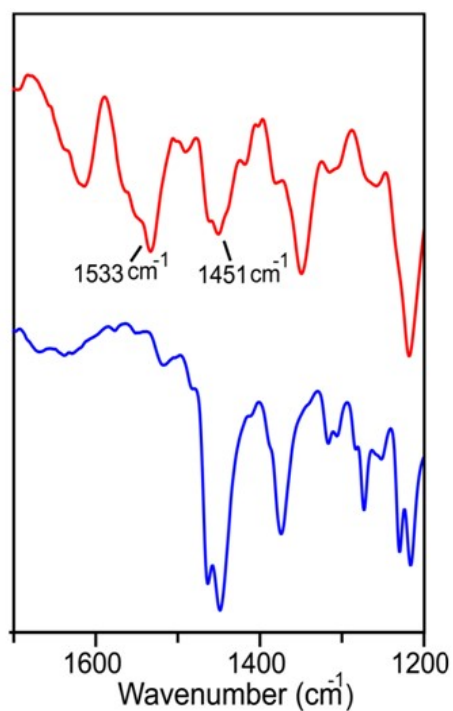


Figure S9. FT-IR spectra (at 295 K) (selected portions only) of solid polycrystalline samples of $1\bullet\text{Ni}$ (blue line) and $4\bullet\text{Ni}\bullet(\text{FeCl}_4)_2$ (red line). The π -cation radical marker bands in $4\bullet\text{Ni}\bullet(\text{FeCl}_4)_2$ have been labelled.

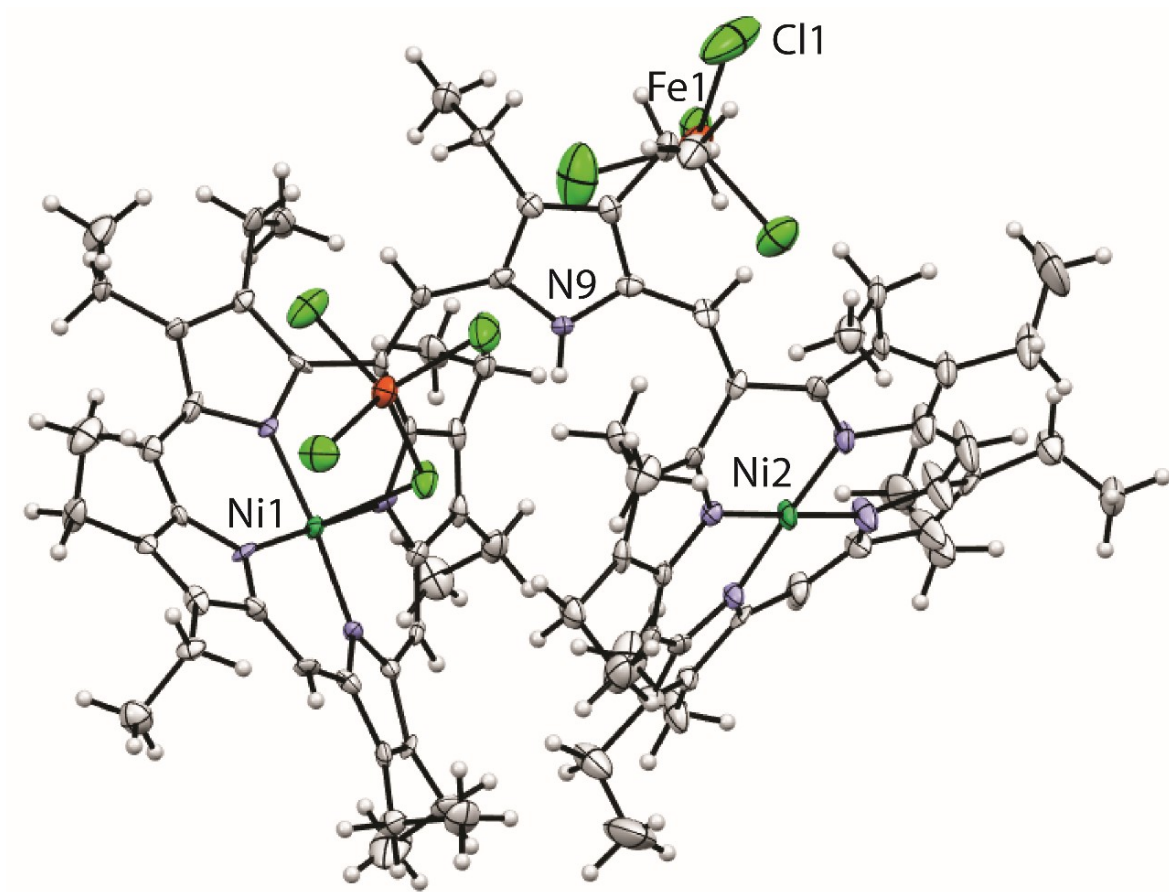


Fig. S10. An ORTEP diagram (at 100 K) of $4\bullet\text{Ni}\bullet(\text{FeCl}_4)_2$ showing thermal ellipsoids at the 50% probability level for non-hydrogen atoms.

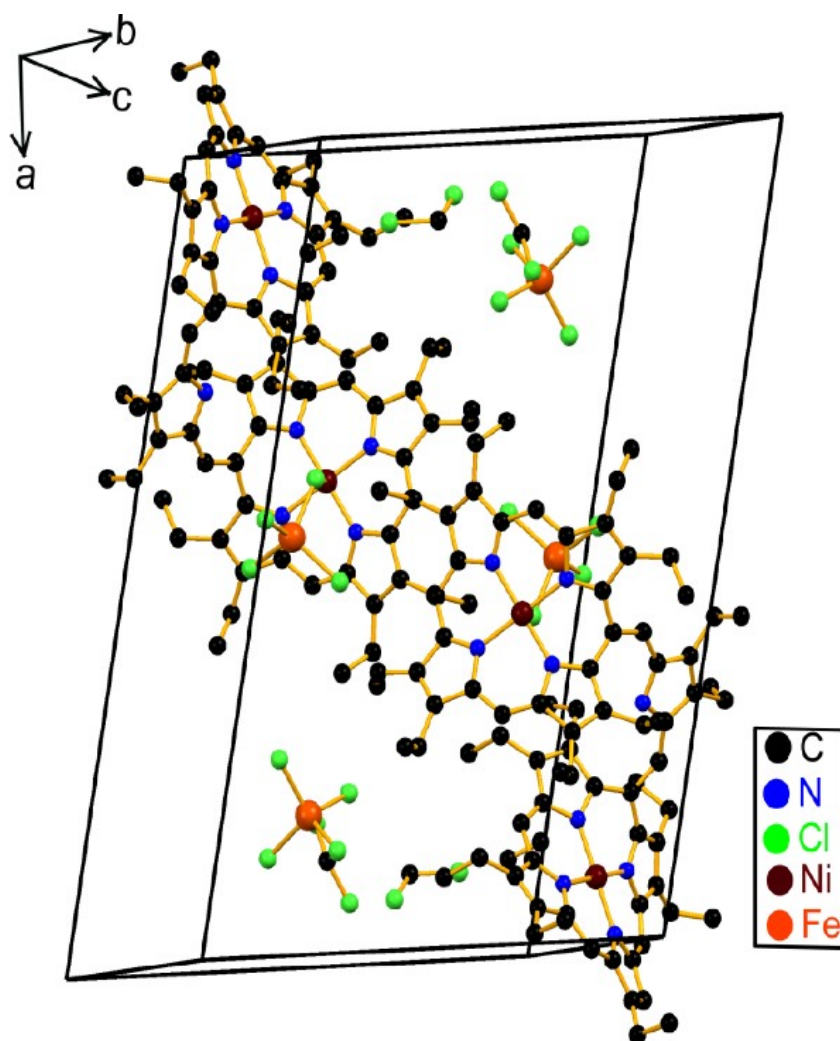


Fig. S11. Diagram depicting the molecular packing of $4 \bullet \text{Ni} \bullet (\text{FeCl}_4)_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ in the unit cell (H-atoms have been omitted for clarity).

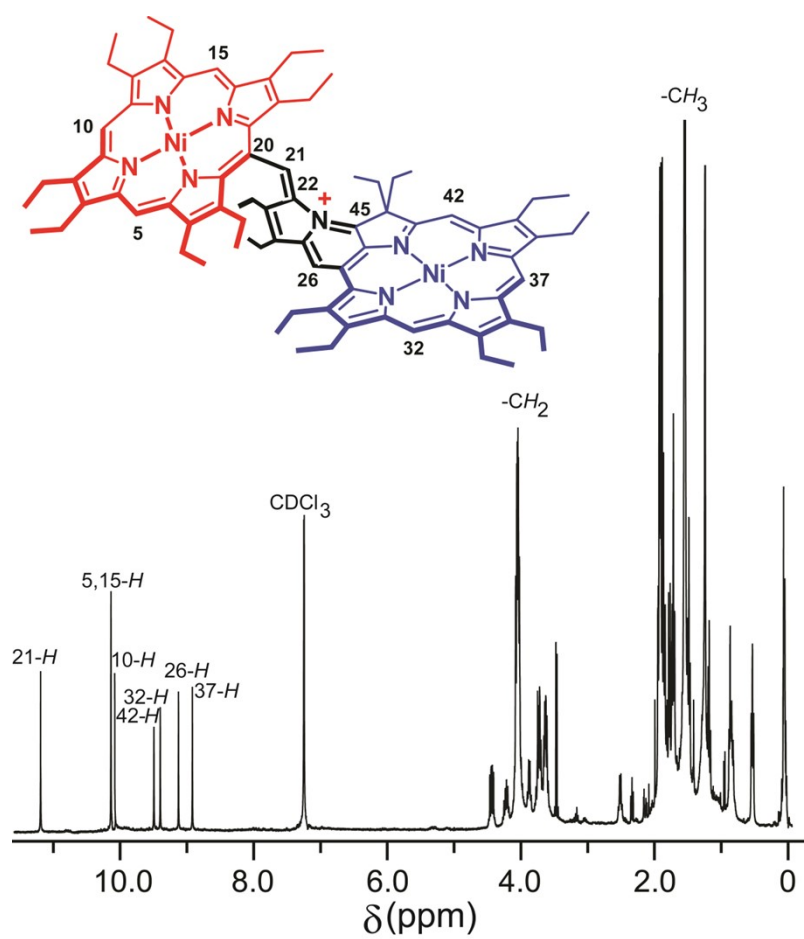


Fig. S12. ^1H NMR spectra (in CDCl_3 at 295 K) of $2\bullet\text{Ni}\bullet\text{DDQ}$.