

## ***Electronic Supporting Information***

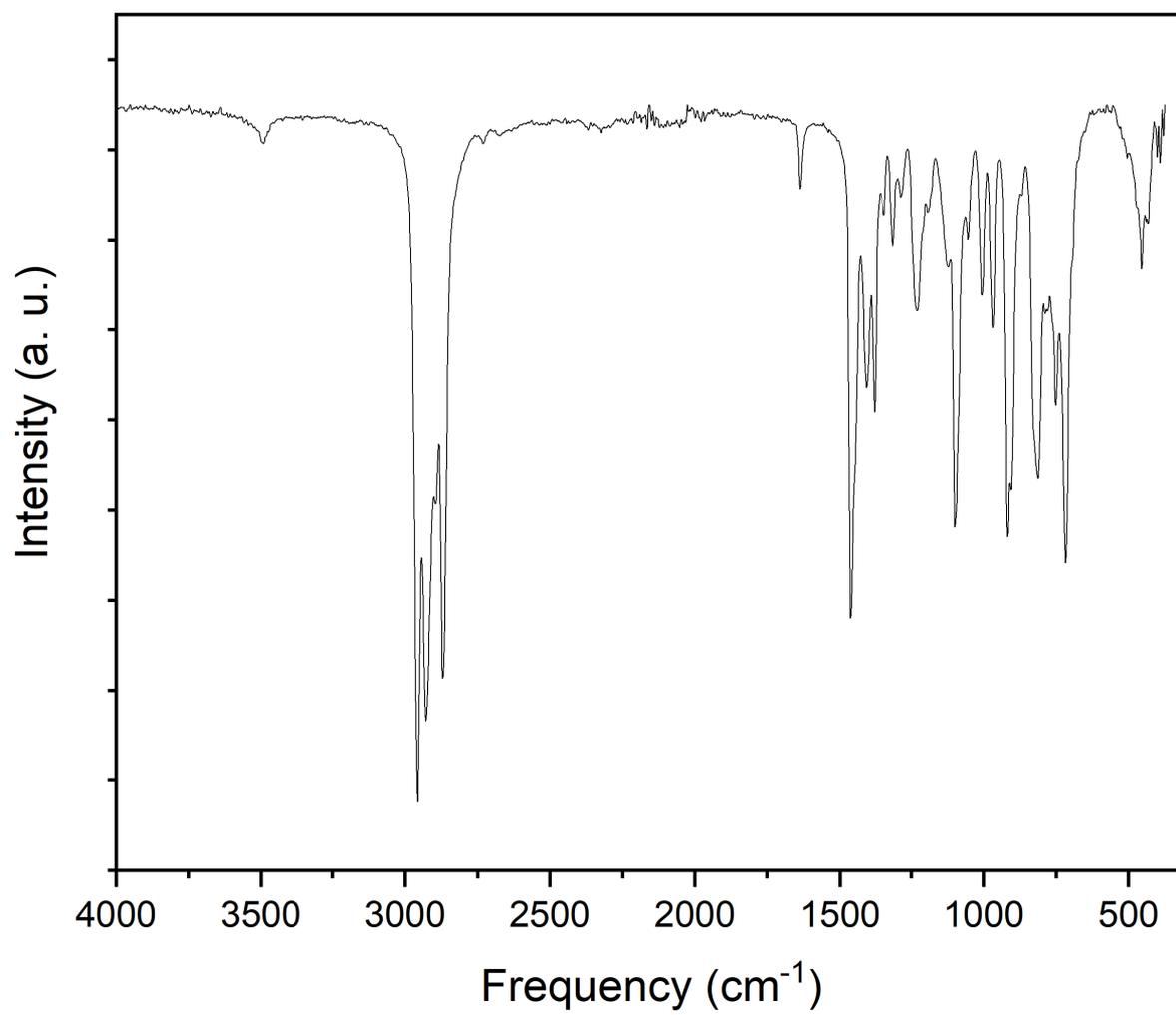
### **Enhanced stability and complex phase behaviour of organic-inorganic green-emitting ionic manganese halides**

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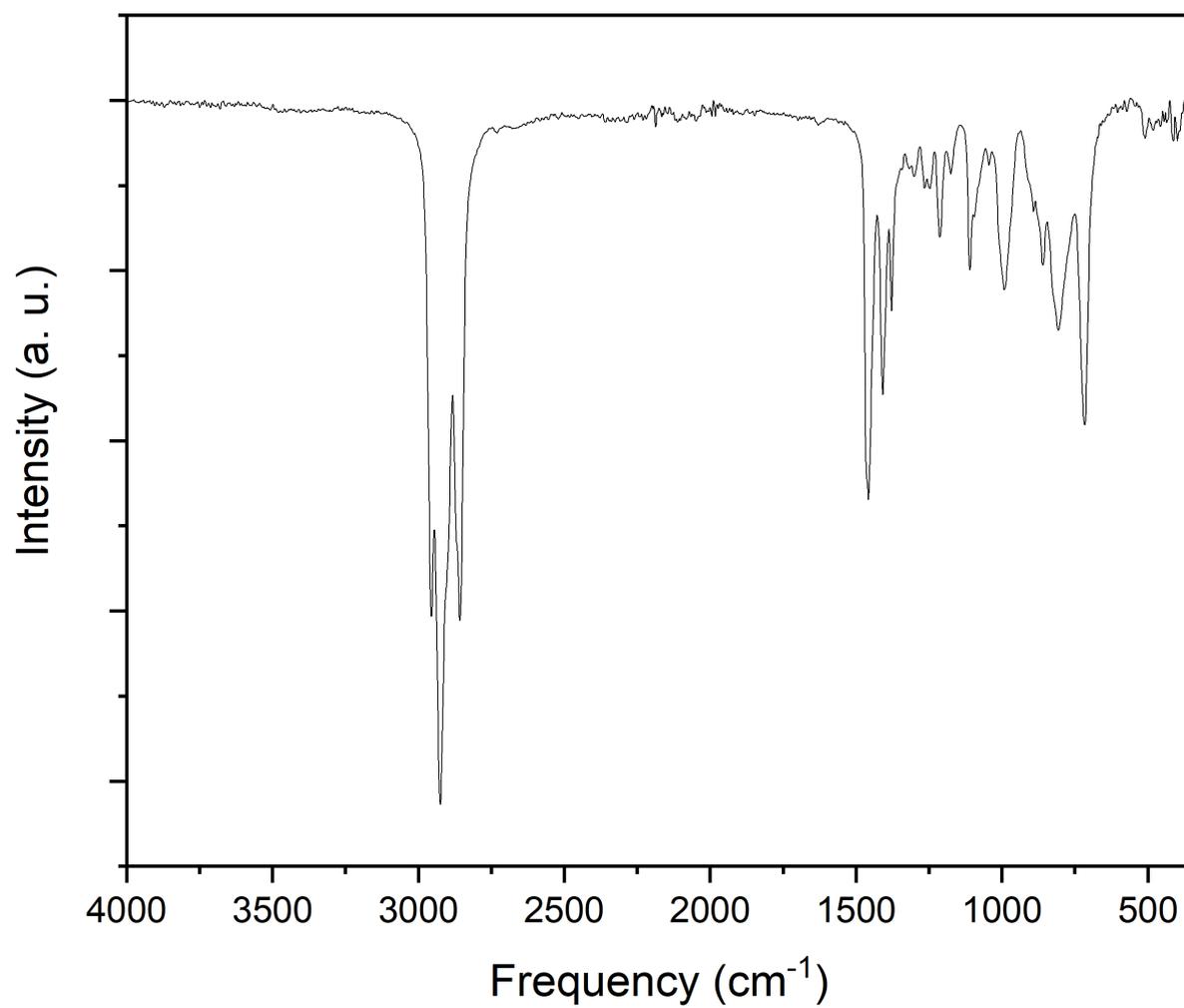
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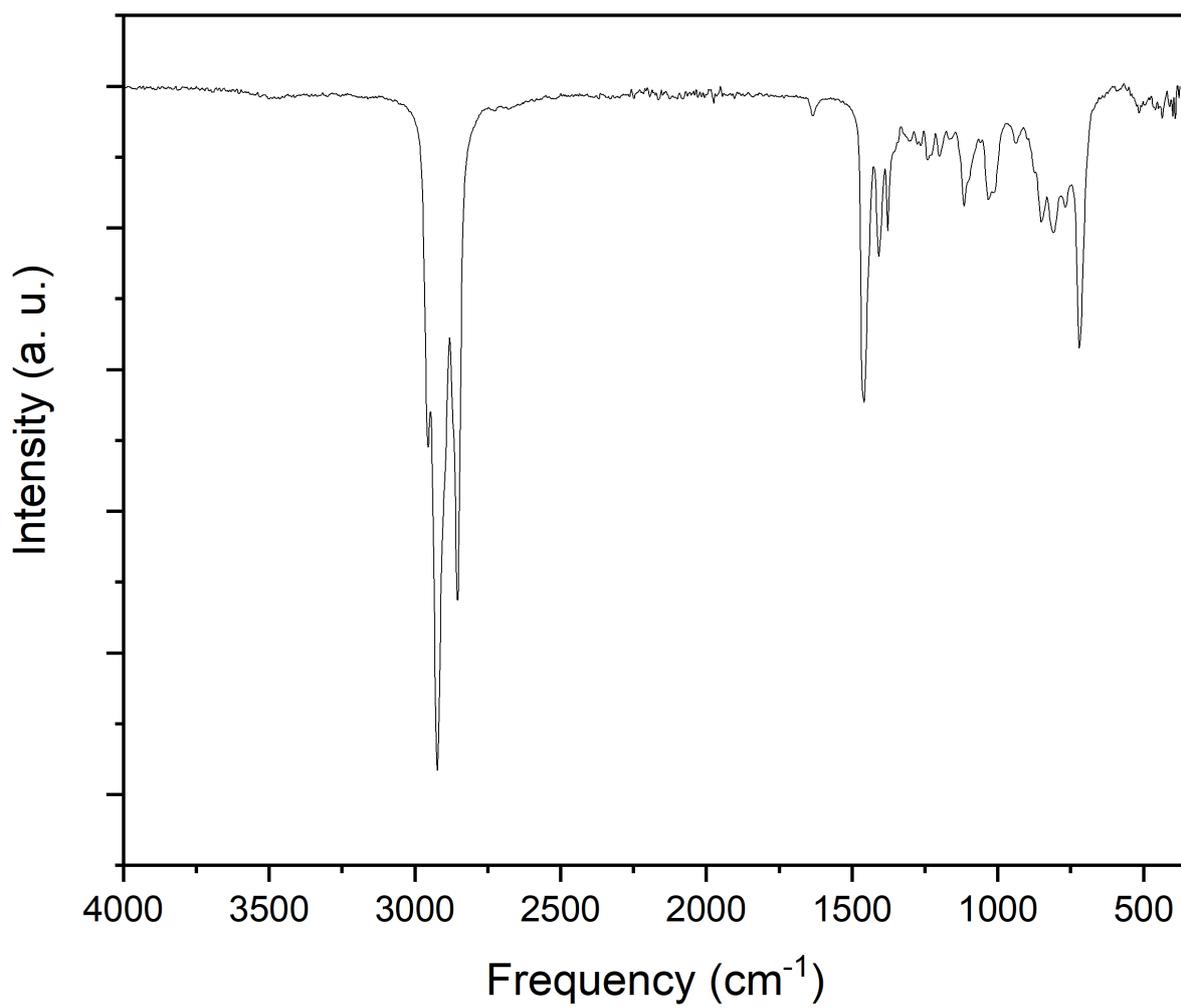
## I. Infrared spectra (IR)



**Figure S1.** IR spectrum of **1**.



**Figure S2.** IR spectrum of **2**



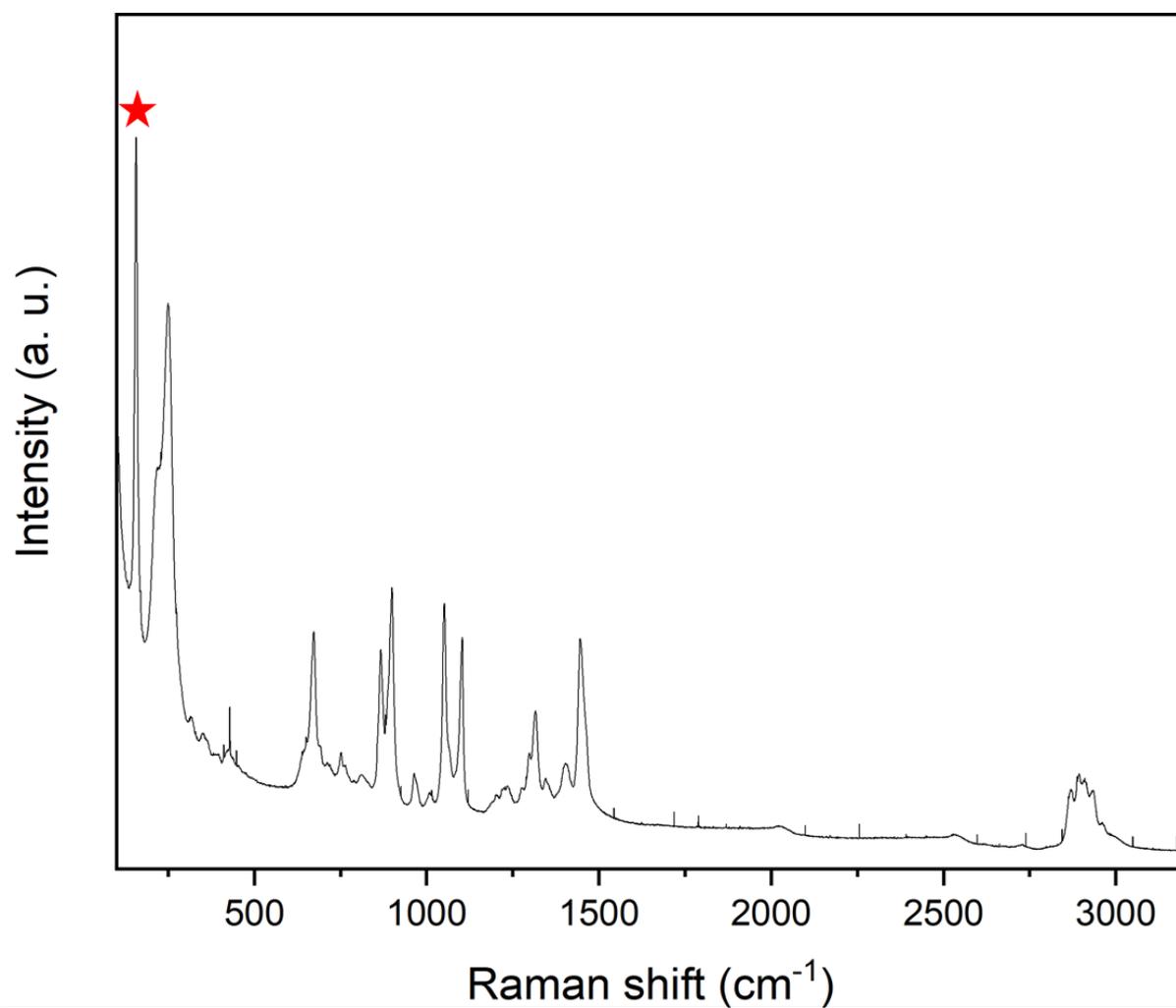
**Figure S3.** IR spectrum of **3**

## II. Karl-Fischer titration results

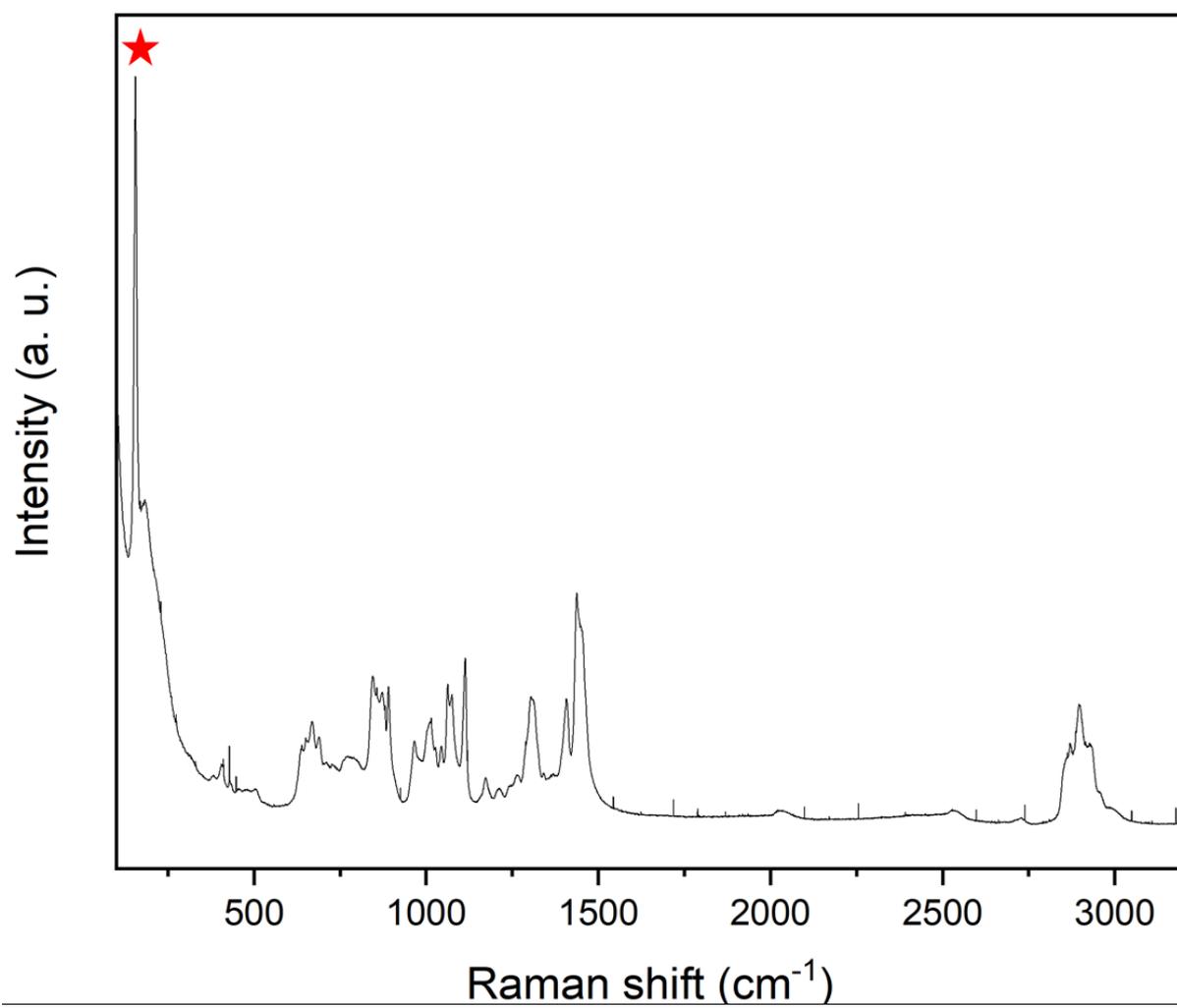
**Table S1.** Water content of **1-3** when exposed to ambient atmosphere for several months as determined by Coulometric Karl-Fischer titration.

Compound	Water content (mol%)
<b>1</b>	0.35
<b>2</b>	0.12
<b>3</b>	0.25

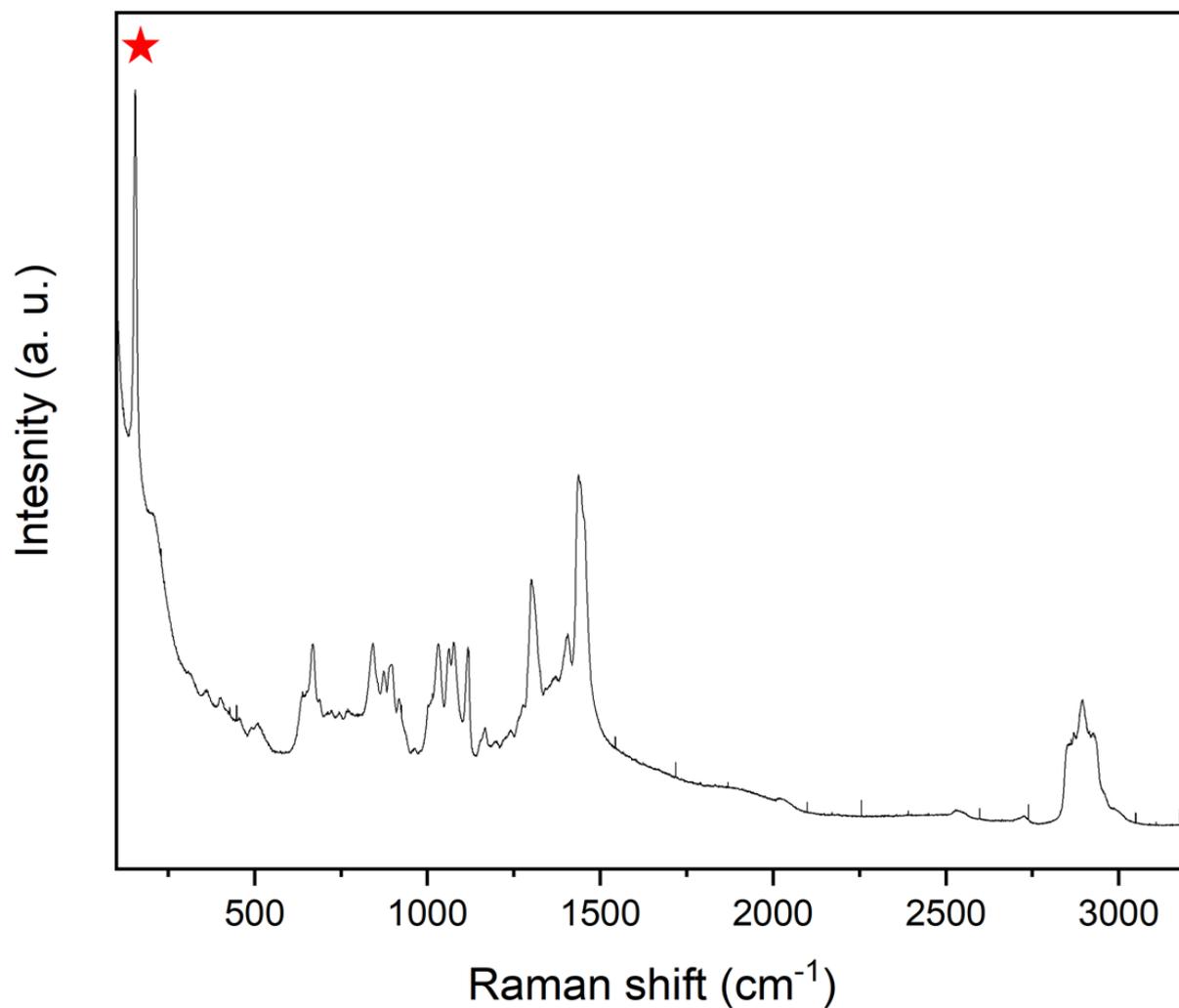
### III. Raman spectra



**Figure S4.** Raman spectrum of **1**. The totally symmetric A<sub>1</sub> Mn-Br stretching mode is marked with a *red star*.



**Figure S5.** Raman spectrum of **2**. The totally symmetric  $A_1$  Mn-Br stretching mode is marked with a *red star*.

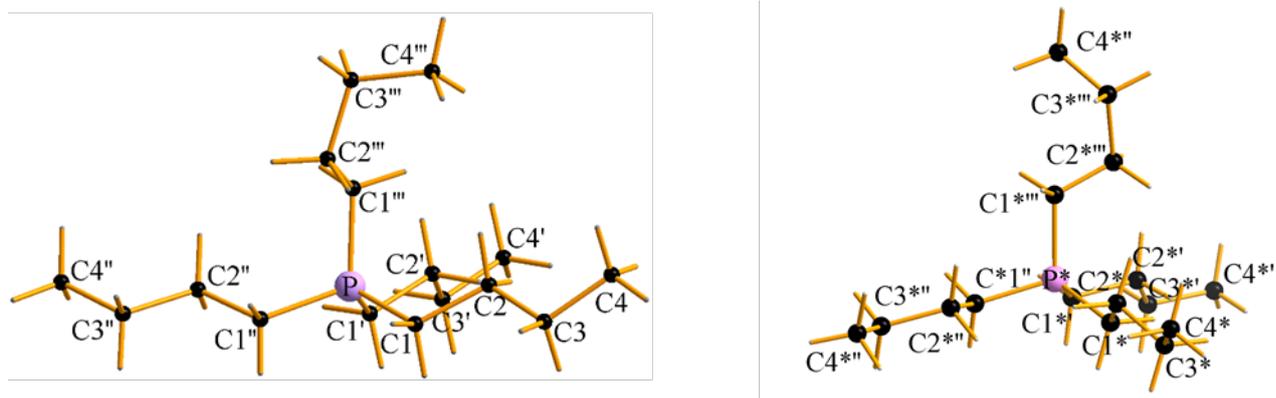


**Figure S6.** Raman spectrum of **3**. The totally symmetric  $A_1$  Mn-Br stretching mode is marked with a *red* star.

#### IV. Crystallographic details

**Table S2.** Crystallographic data of **1**.

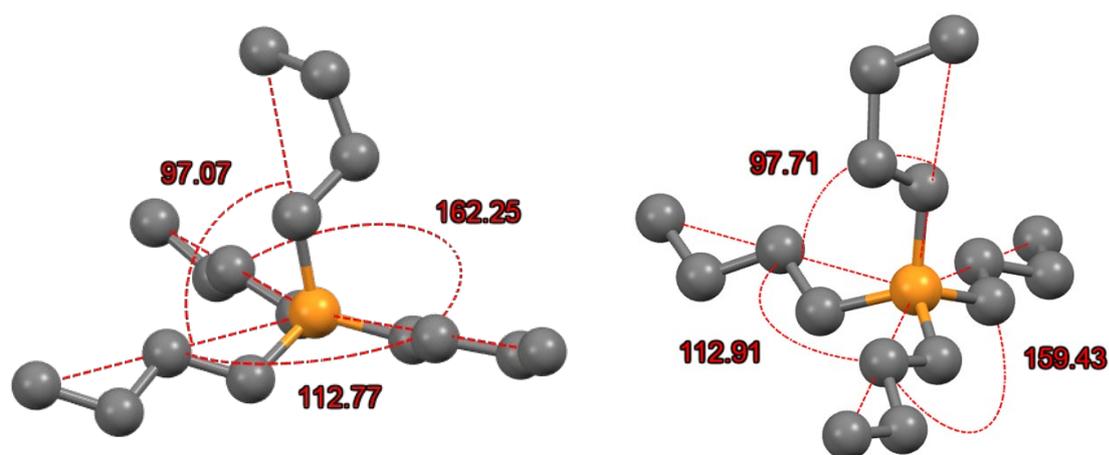
<b>Compound</b>	<b>[P<sub>4444</sub>]<sub>2</sub>[MnBr<sub>4</sub>]</b>
<b>CCDC</b>	2115615
<b>Formula</b>	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>72</sub> Br <sub>4</sub> MnP <sub>2</sub>
<b>Formula weight [g·mol<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	893.41
<b>T [K]</b>	100(2)
<b>Crystal system</b>	Monoclinic
<b>SG</b>	P2 <sub>1</sub> /c
<b>a [Å]</b>	17.1007(19)
<b>b [Å]</b>	16.2849(18)
<b>c [Å]</b>	17.357(2)
<b>β [°]</b>	118.394(3)
<b>V [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	4252.2(8)
<b>Z</b>	4
<b>Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>)</b>	1.396
<b>μ (mm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	4.163
<b>F(000)</b>	1836
<b>Index ranges</b>	-21 ≤ h ≤ 21 -20 ≤ k ≤ 20 -21 ≤ l ≤ 21
<b>Measured reflections</b>	9979
<b>Unique reflections</b>	8654
<b>Observed reflections</b>	4988
<b>Number of parameters</b>	360
<b>R<sub>int</sub></b>	0.1576
<b>R, wR (all, observed)</b>	0.0544, 0.1180
<b>Δρ<sub>max</sub> = (e·Å<sup>-3</sup>)</b>	1.891
<b>Δρ<sub>min</sub> = (e·Å<sup>-3</sup>)</b>	-1.346



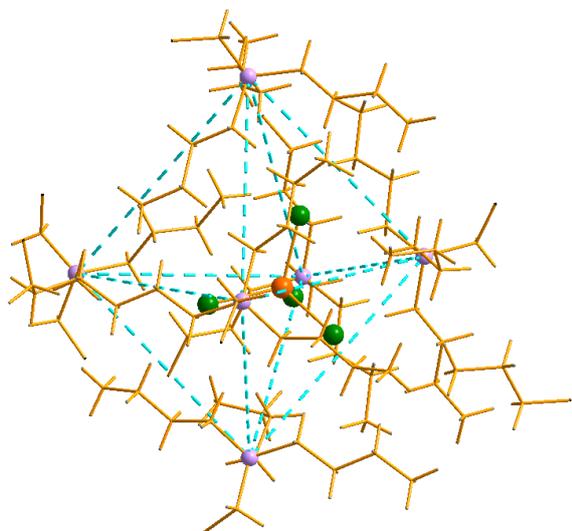
**Figure S7.** Molecular structure of the two different  $[P_{444}]^+$  cations in the crystal packing of **1**. C atoms are in *black*, P atoms in *purple*, and H atoms in *white* (small spheres).

**Table S3.** Torsion angles in the molecules of the cations in **1**.

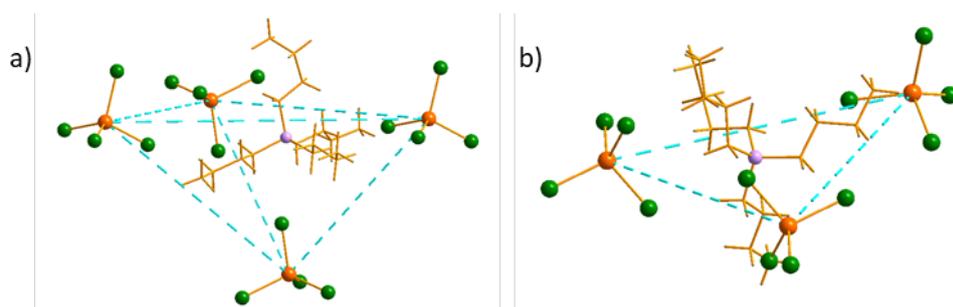
Cation 1, *	Torsion angle [°]			
	C	C'	C''	C'''
PC1*C2*C3*	-175.7(5)	-177.8(5)	-174.7(5)	163.3(5)
C1*C2*C3*C4*	-171.7(6)	178.7(6)	178.7(6)	-77.1(7)
Cation 2, *	C	C'	C''	C'''
PC1*C2*C3*	177.4(5)	179.1(5)	173.8(5)	-167.5(5)
C1*C2*C3*C4*	177.5(6)	-178.1(6)	-176.8(7)	-66.2(9)



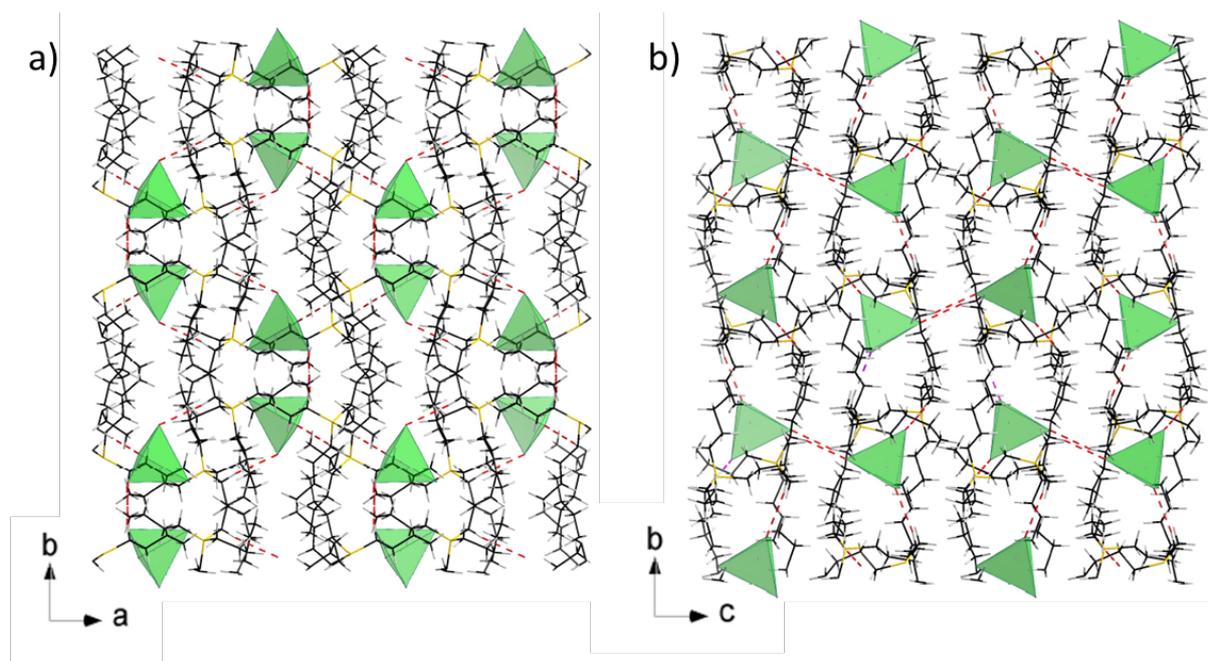
**Figure S8.** Conformation of the  $[P_{444}]^+$  cations with the angles  $\angle CH_3-P-CH_3$  (°). P atoms are plotted in *orange*, while C atoms are in *grey* and H atoms are omitted for clarity.



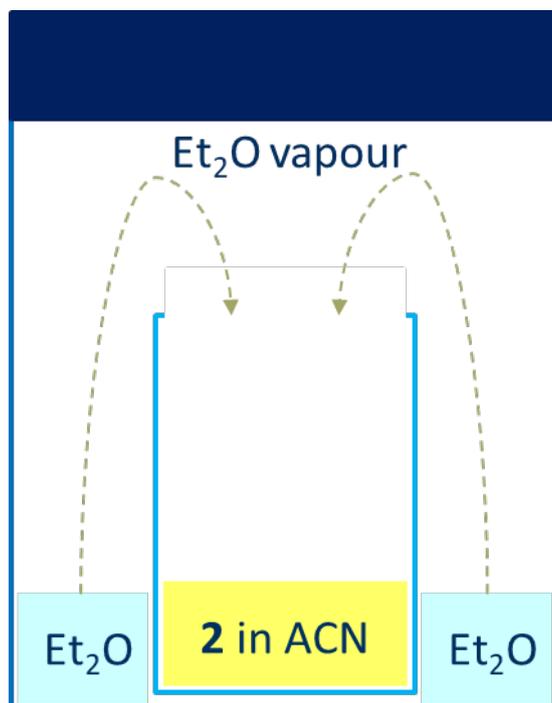
**Figure S9.** Phosphonium cations of **1** surrounding one  $[\text{MnBr}_4]^{2-}$  complex in a distorted octahedral arrangement. The sides of the octahedron are in *light blue dashed lines*, the Mn atom is in *orange*, P atoms are in *purple*, Br atoms are in *green*.



**Figure S10.** The short contact arrangements of four (*a*) and three (*b*)  $[\text{MnBr}_4]^{2-}$  surrounding the phosphonium cations. The involved  $[\text{MnBr}_4]^{2-}$  are connected by *light blue dashed lines*, the Mn atoms are in *orange*, P atoms are in *purple*, Br atoms are in *green*.

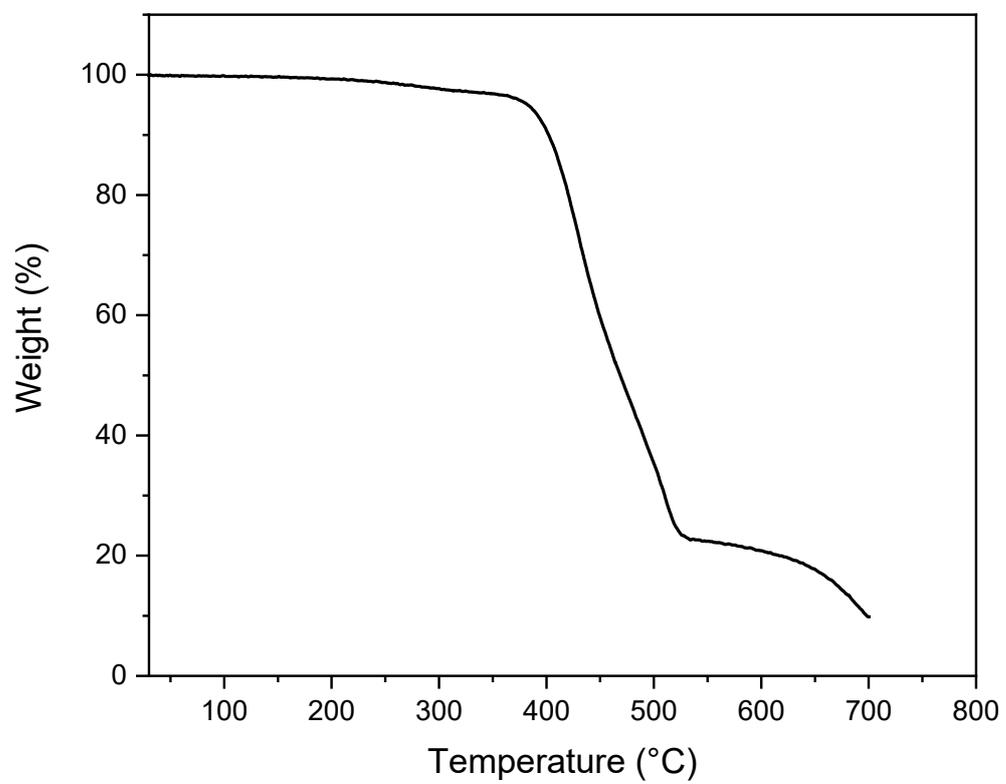


**Figure S11.** Projection of the crystal lattice of  $[P_{4444}]_2[MnBr_4]$  (**1**) in the crystallographic  $ab$  plane showing the organic wave-like layers (a), and distribution of the isolated  $[MnBr_4]^{2-}$  complexes along the crystallographic  $a$ -axis (b). The C-H...Br bonds are in red dashed lines.

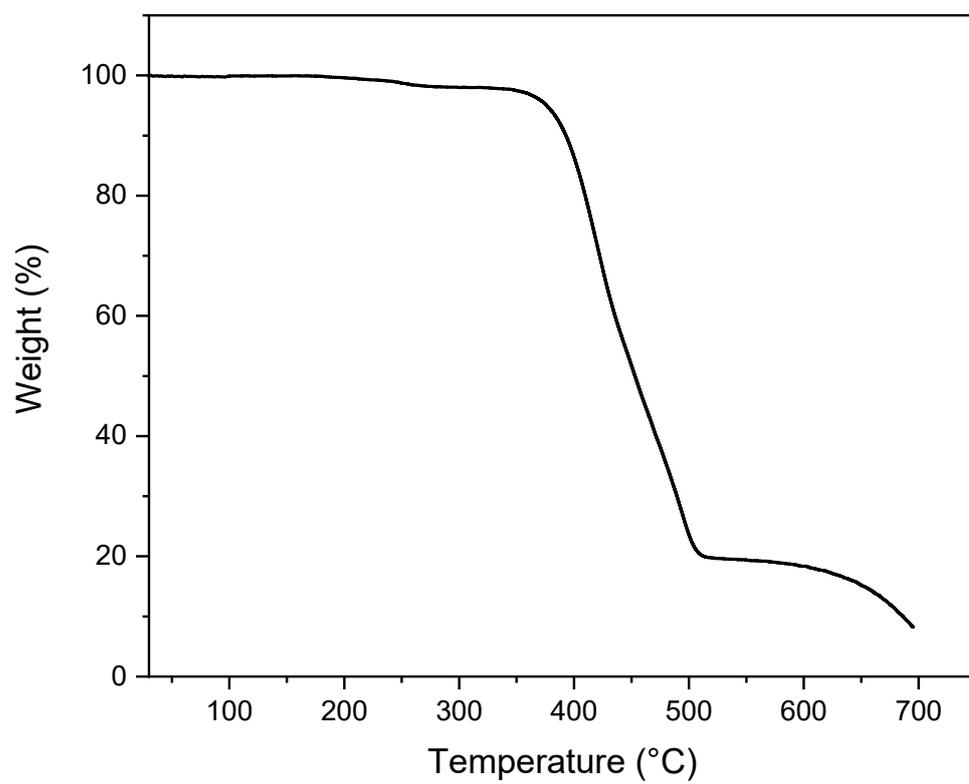


**Figure S12.** Slow vapor diffusion set up for growth of crystals of **2**.

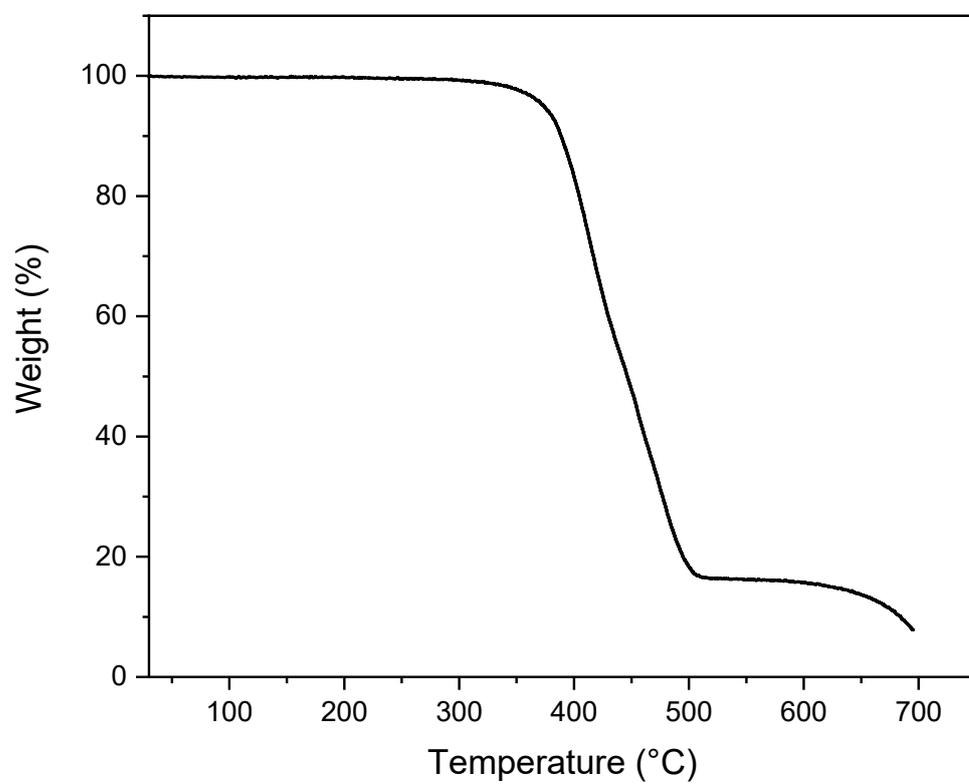
## V. Thermogravimetric analyses (TGA)



**Figure S13.** Thermogravimetric profile for **1**.

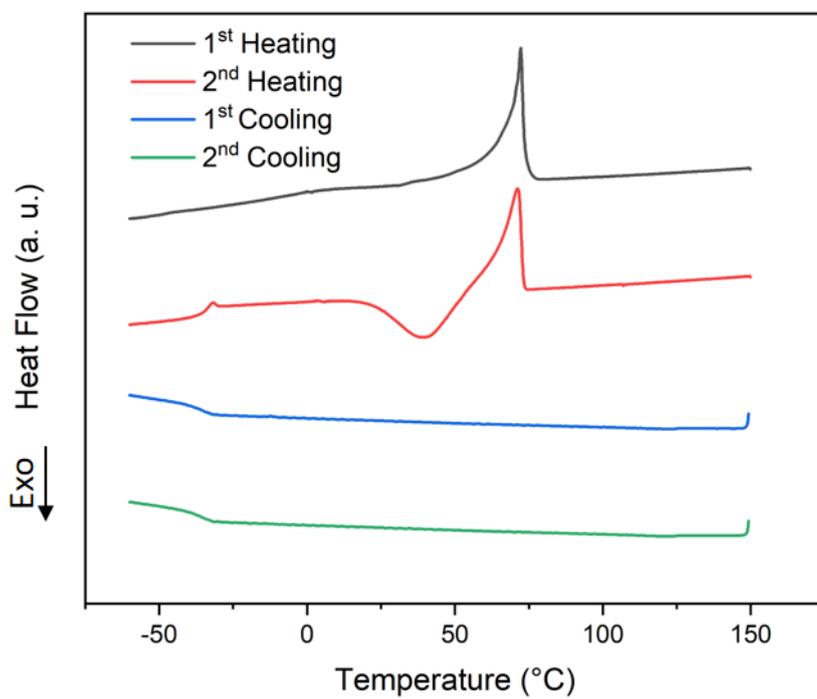


**Figure S14.** Thermogravimetric profile for **2**.

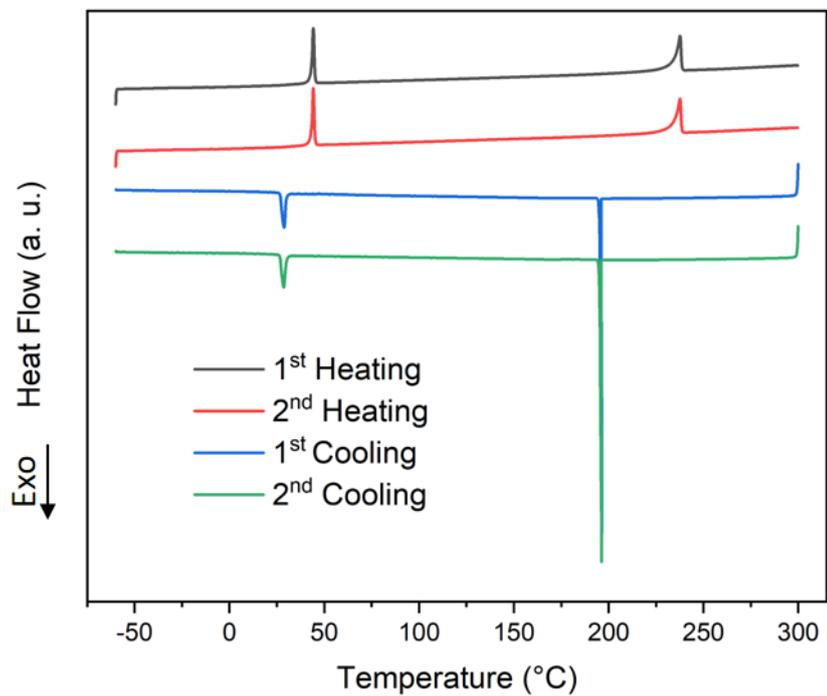


**Figure S15.** Thermogravimetric profile for **3**.

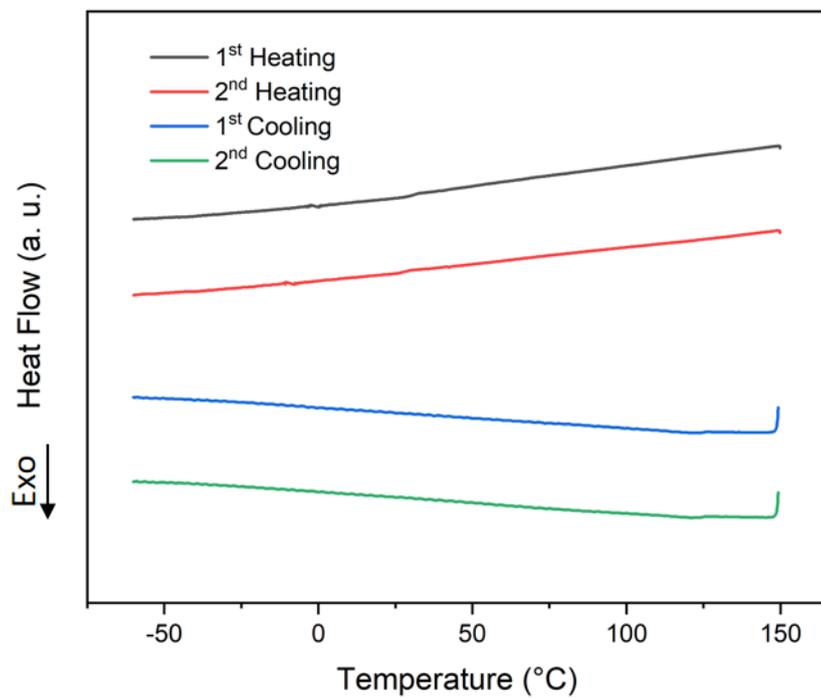
## VI. Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC)



**Figure S16.** Differential scanning calorimetry curves of **1**.



**Figure S17.** Differential scanning calorimetry curves of **2**.



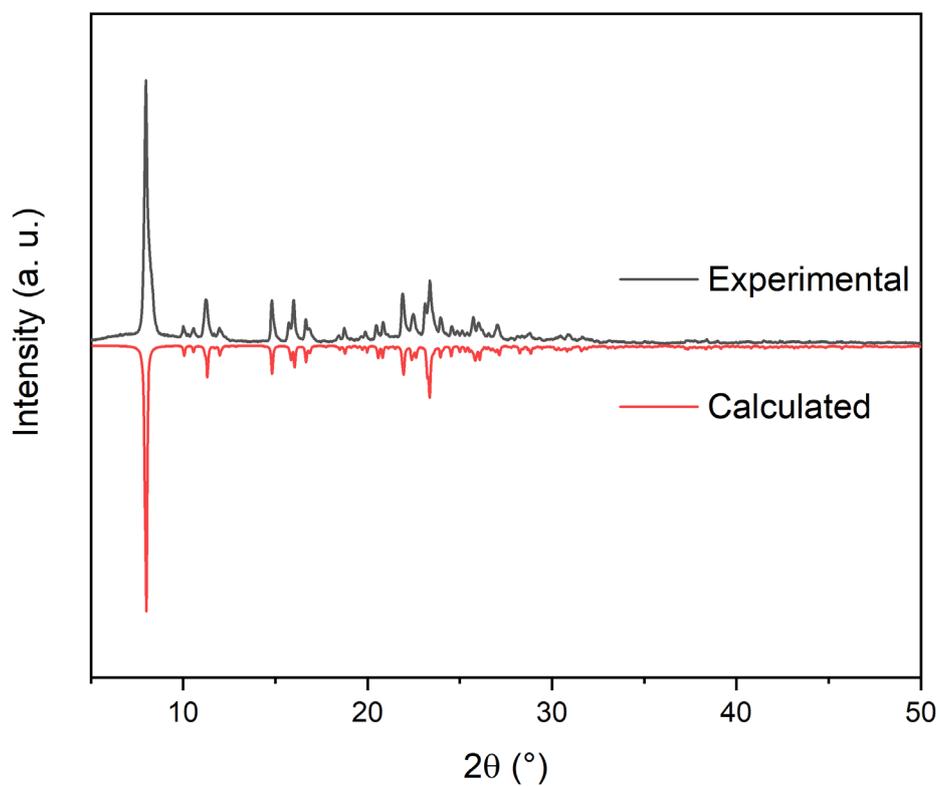
**Figure S18.** Differential scanning calorimetry curves of **3**.

**Table S4.** Unit cell parameters of LTS and HTS phases of **2** obtained from indexing of the peaks revealed by PXRD.

Phase	LTS	HTS
<b>Crystal system</b>	Monoclinic-C	Cubic-F
<b><i>a</i> [Å]</b>	17.1007(19)	23.628(3)
<b><i>b</i> [Å]</b>	16.2849(18)	
<b><i>c</i> [Å]</b>	17.357(2)	
<b><math>\beta</math> [°]</b>	118.394(3)	
<b>FOM<sup>a)</sup></b>	109.0	134.0

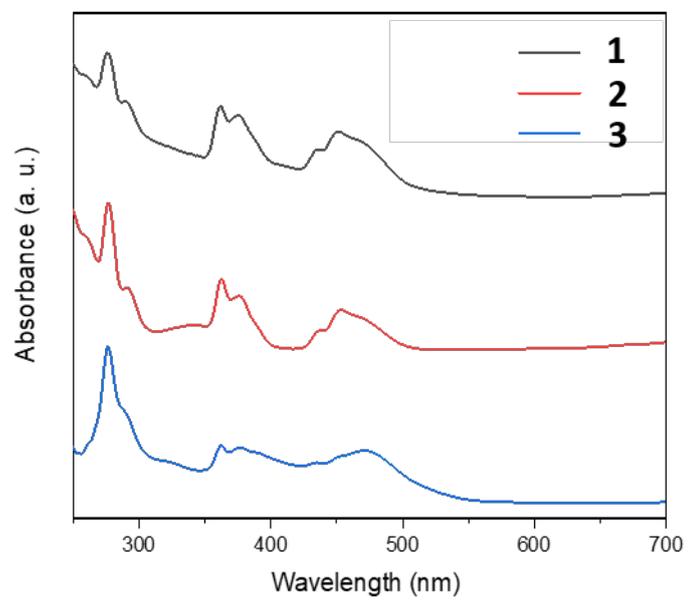
<sup>a)</sup> Figure of merit:  $F_{11}$  and  $F_{30}$  for the cubic and monoclinic forms, respectively, with  $F_N$  defined according to Smith and Snyder.<sup>1</sup>

## VII. Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) data



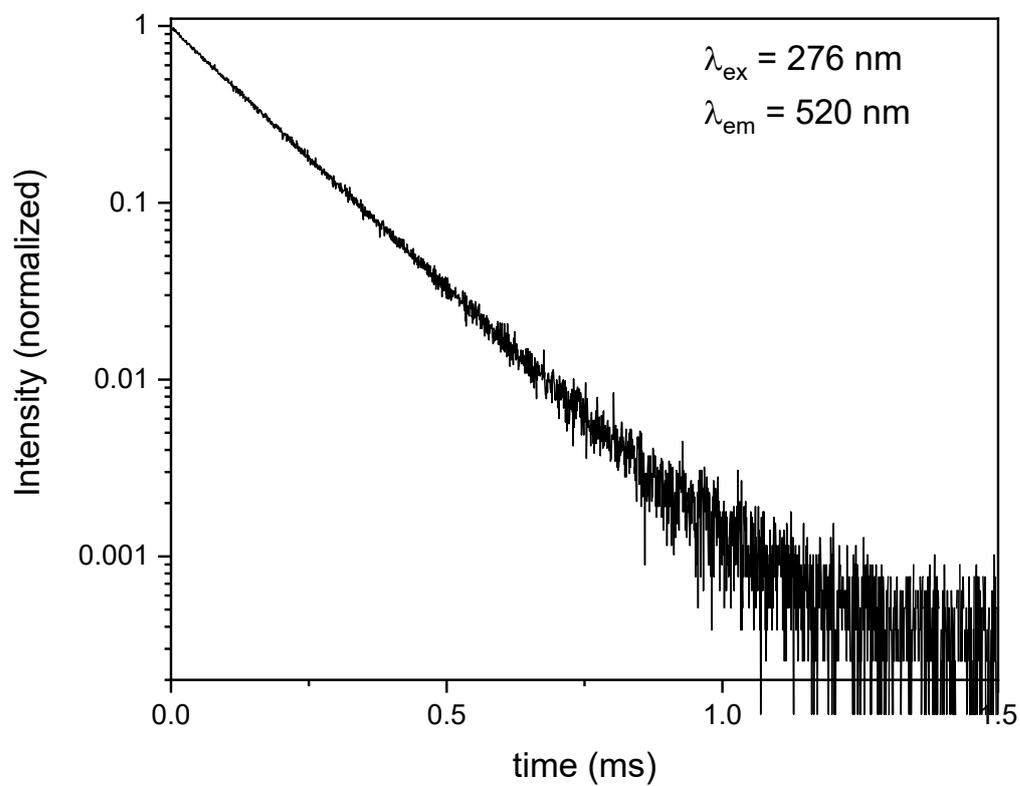
**Figure S19.** Recorded PXRD from recrystallized **1** together with the pattern calculated from the model refined from the room-temperature single-crystal X-ray diffraction data.

### VIII. Absorption spectra

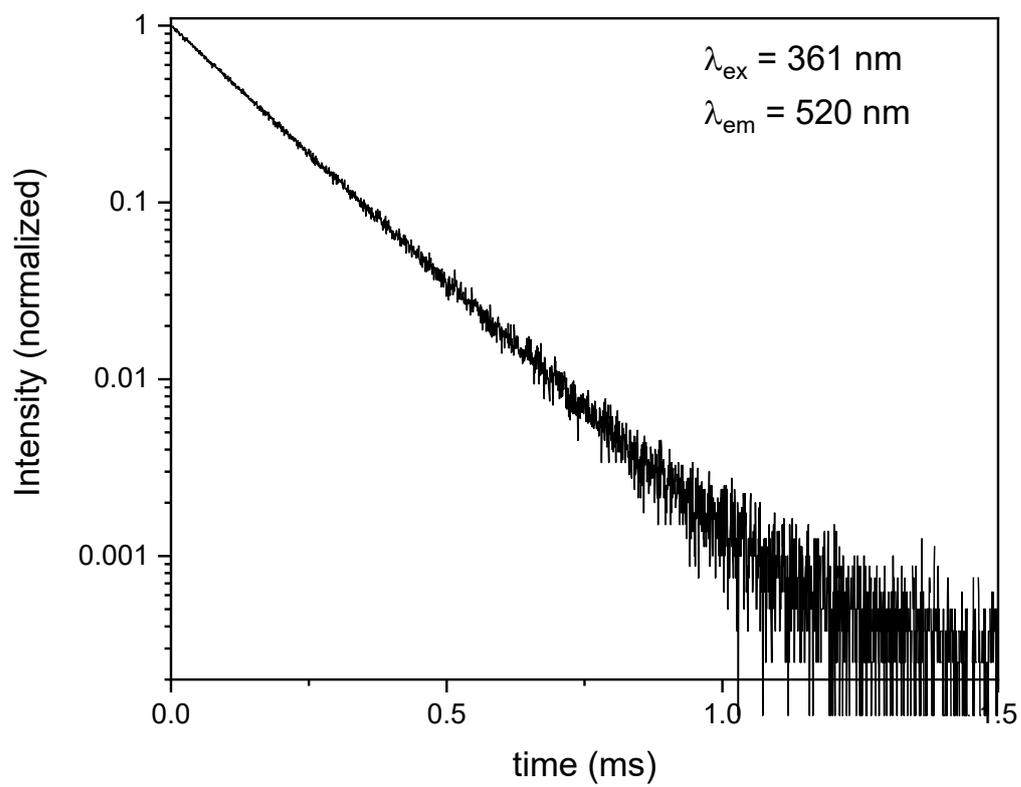


**Figure S20.** Absorption spectra of **1-3**.

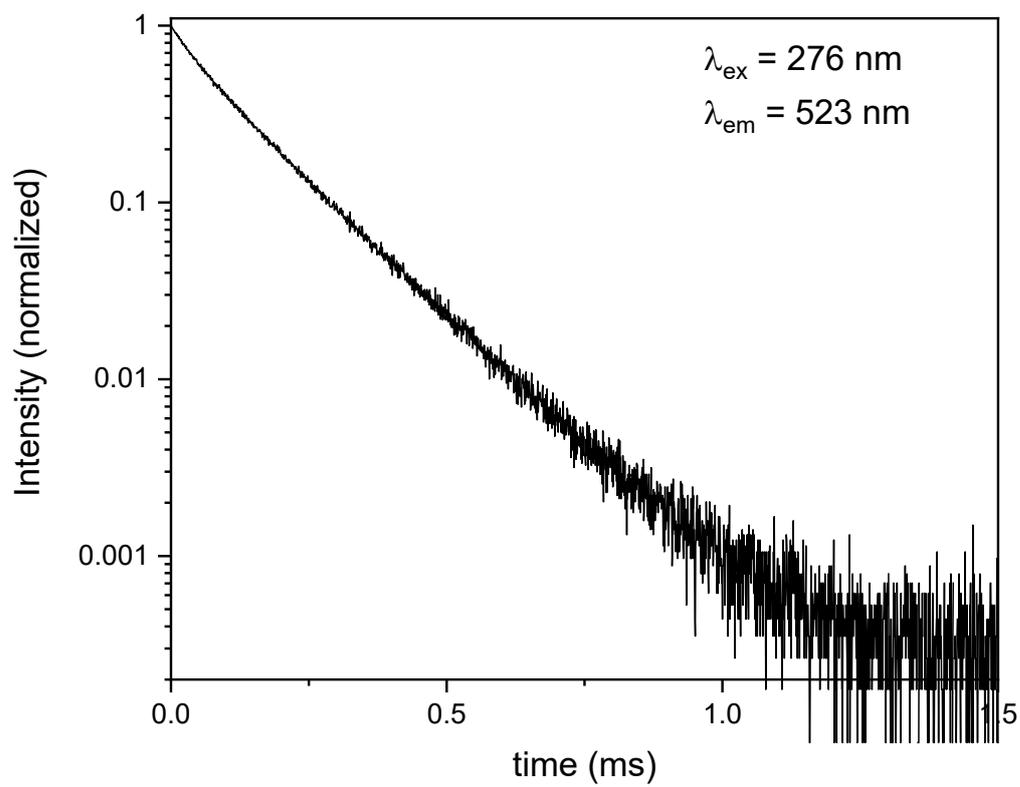
## IX. Luminescence spectroscopy



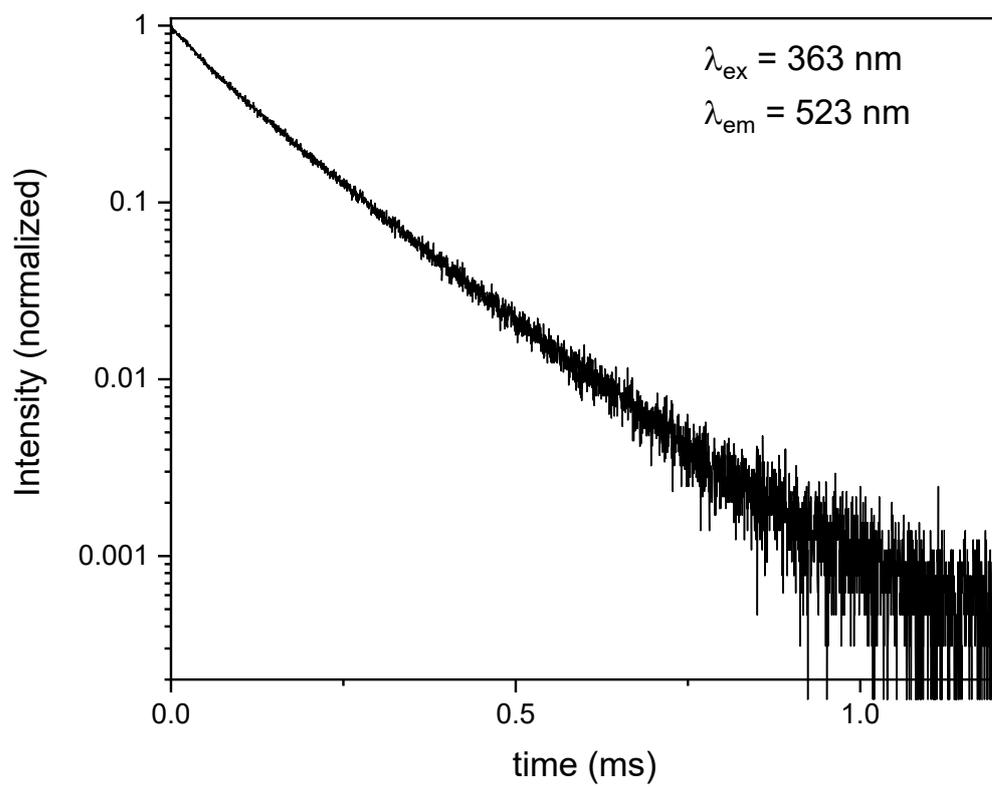
**Figure S21.** Phosphorescent decay curve for **1** ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 276 \text{ nm}$ ).



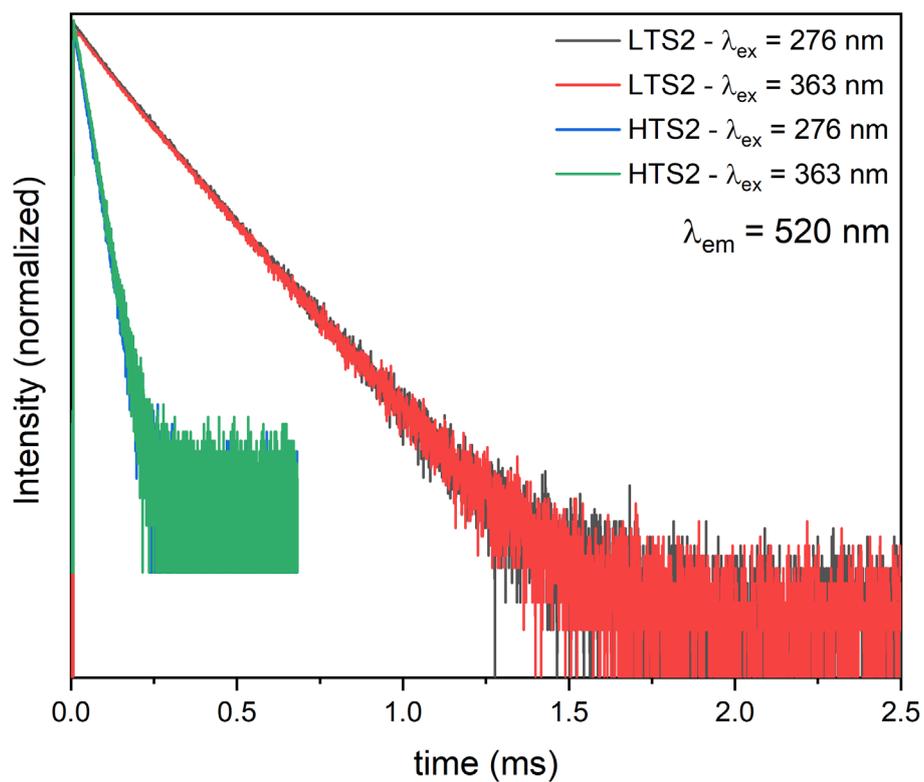
**Figure S22.** Phosphorescent decay curve for **1** ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 361 \text{ nm}$ ).



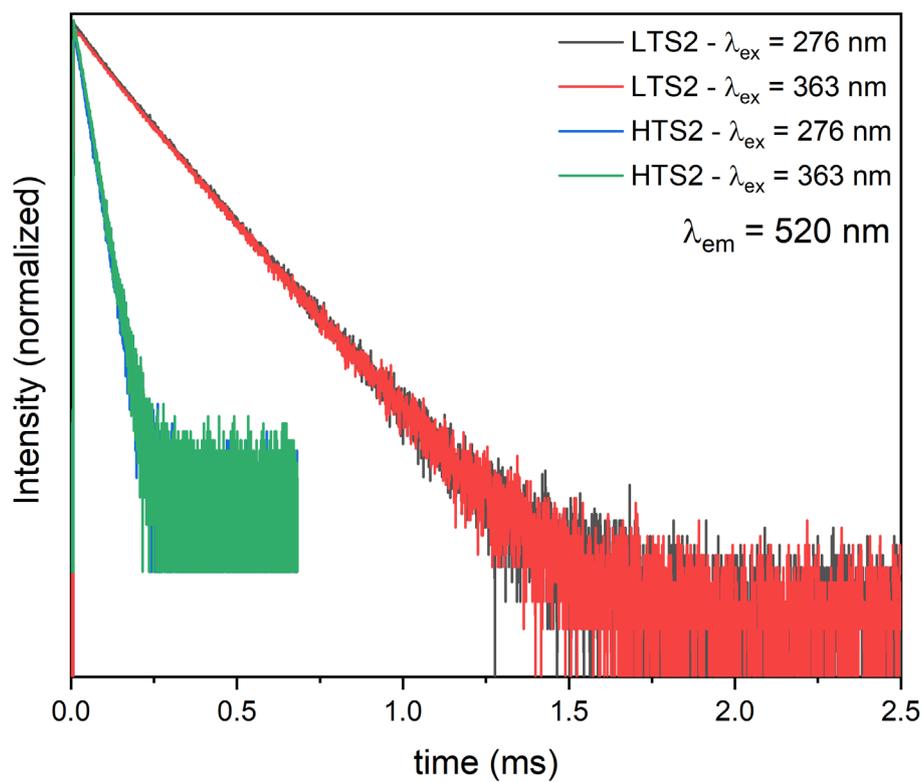
**Figure S23.** Phosphorescent decay curve for **2** ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 276 \text{ nm}$ ).



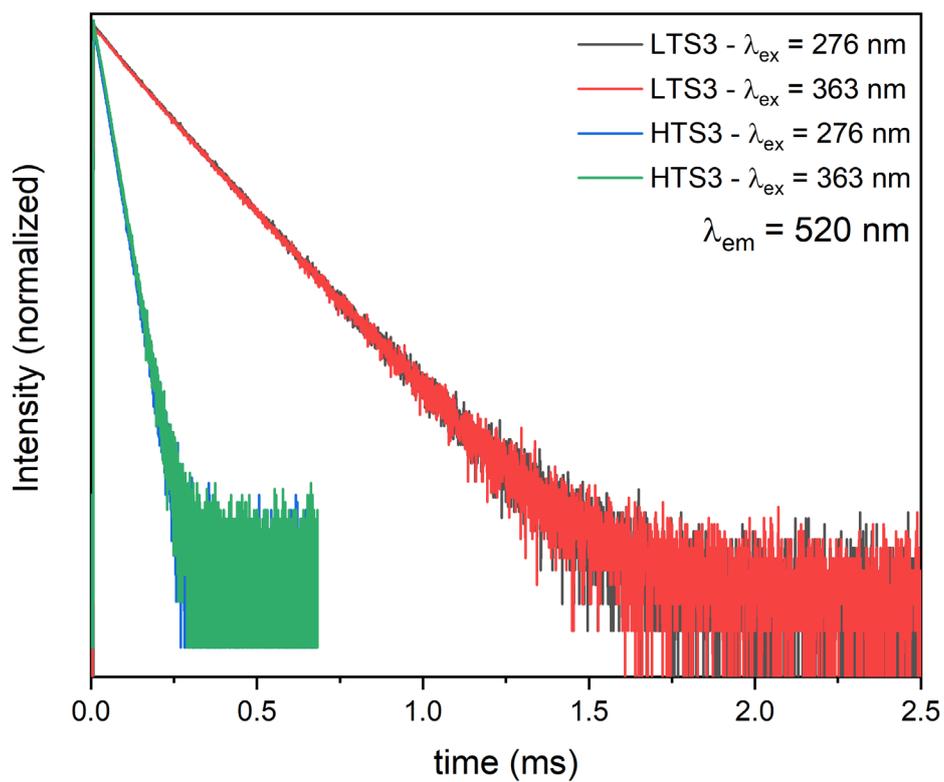
**Figure S24.** Phosphorescent decay curve for **2** ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 363 \text{ nm}$ ).



**Figure S25.** Phosphorescent decay curves for LTS and HTS of **2** during the first heating and cooling cycle. LTS data collected at RT, HTS data collected at 80 °C.



**Figure S26.** Phosphorescent decay curves for LTS and HTS of **2** during the second heating and cooling cycle. LTS data collected at RT, HTS data collected at 80 °C.



**Figure S27.** Phosphorescent decay curves for LTS and HTS of **2** during the third heating and cooling cycle. LTS data collected at RT, HTS data collected at 80 °C.

## References

1. G. S. Smith and R. L. Snyder, *J. Appl. Crystallogr.*, 1979, **12**, 60-65.