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Supporting Information for:

Precipitation of aqueous transition metals in particulate matter during the dithiothreitol (DTT) oxidative potential assay

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(b)

(a)

(c)

Figure S1. Calibration curves for (a) Fe (b) Mn and (c) Cu comparing the prepared concentration to the measured concentrations using both ICP-MS and colorimetric analysis. Calibration curves for each of the metals were measured in DI water (red data points) and 0.1 M phosphate buffer (blue data points). Colorimetric Fe analysis was not affected by the presence of phosphate; however, the response of Mn and Cu decreased slightly in 0.1M phosphate buffer matrix compared to their measurement in DI water. Calibration curves for Mn and Cu in 0.1M phosphate buffer matrix were used for their colorimetric measurements in the DTT assay. The figures of merit for the calibration curves are given in Table S3-S5. The method detection limits for the colorimetric analyses are in Table S6.



Figure S2. Particle number concentration of PSL in DI water as a function of the laser obscuration measured using the laser particle light scattering analysis. The particle light scattering measurements were limited to quantifying the particle number concentration because particle mass concentration measurements require knowledge of the precipitate identity and optical properties (i.e., refractive index). The detection limit was $3.97 \times 10^6 \text{ ml}^{-1}$.



Figure S3. Effect of K_{s0} on saturation index for Al, Ca, Fe(III), Mn and Pb precipitation for SRM-1648a sample 3 at the assay conditions (0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 37 °C). Note that saturation index (SI) = log(ion activity product/solubility product). A positive value of SI indicates that precipitation is thermodynamically possible.



Figure S4. Effect of the mixing speed on Fe removal in SRM-1648a extract samples 1, 2, and 3 during the (a) presence and (b) absence of DTT under the assay conditions (0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 37 ± 3 °C) for 30 minutes. The mixing speed did not have any effect on the extent of Fe removal.

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(b)



Figure S5. Solids of size ~200- 500nm are identified by the TEM images of the SRM1648a extract samples filtered after 30 minutes in the DTT assay (0.1M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 37 ± 3 °C) for (a) sample 1 (b) sample 2 and (c) sample 3 in the presence of DTT,

(d) sample 1, (e) sample 2 and (f) sample 3 in the absence of DTT.



Figure S6. SEM images of the SRM-1648a extract samples filtered after 30 minutes in the DTT assay (0.1M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, 37 ± 3 °C) for (a) sample 2 in the absence of DTT, (b) sample 2 in the presence of DTT, (c) sample 3 in the absence of DTT (d) sample 3 in the presence of DTT shows solid clusters that were used for EDS analysis.



(b)

(a)





Figure S7. Particle number concentration for each of the individual metal-salt experiments of (a) Fe(II), (b) Fe(II) and (c) Mn(II) in the DTT assay (0.1M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4 and 37 ± 3 °C) measured in Figure 4(a) as a function of the initial metal concentration. Symbols represent the mean values and error bars represent the standard deviation of measurements performed in triplicate.

Table S1. Certified Mass Fraction Values (Dry-Mass Basis) of all elements present in NIST UrbanParticulate matter SRM-1648a as given in the NIST database.

Element	Mass fraction (% or mg/kg)
Aluminum (Al)(a,b)	3.43 ± 0.13 %
Antimony (Sb)(a,c)	45.4 ± 1.4 mg/kg
Arsenic (As)(a,c,d,e)	115.5 ± 3.9 mg/kg
Bromine (Br)(a,b,e)	$502 \pm 10 \text{ mg/kg}$
Calcium (Ca)(a,b,c,e)	5.84 ± 0.19 %
Cadmium (Cd)(d,f)	$73.7 \pm 2.3 \text{ mg/kg}$
Cerium (Ce)(a,c)	$54.6 \pm 2.2 \text{ mg/kg}$
Chlorine (Cl)(a,b)	$4543 \pm 47 \text{ mg/kg}$
Cobalt (Co)(a,c)	$17.93 \pm 0.68 \text{ mg/kg}$
Chromium (Cr)(a,b)	402 ± 13 mg/kg
Copper (Cu)(a,d,e)	610 ± 70 mg/kg
Iron (Fe)(a,b,e,f)	3.92 ± 0.21 %
Lead (Pb)(b,c,d,e)	0.655 ± 0.033 %
Magnesium (Mg)(a,b)	0.813 ± 0.012 %
Manganese (Mn)(a,b,e)	$790 \pm 44 \text{ mg/kg}$
Mercury (Hg)(g)	1.323 ± 0.064 mg/kg
Nickel (Ni)(b,c,d,e)	$81.1 \pm 6.8 \text{ mg/kg}$

Potassium (K)(a,b,e,f)	1.056 ± 0.049 %					
Rubidium (Rb)(a,c)	$51.0 \pm 1.5 \text{ mg/kg}$					
Sodium (Na)(a,b)	$4240 \pm 60 \text{ mg/kg}$					
Strontium (Sr)(b,e)	$215 \pm 17 \text{ mg/kg}$					
Sulfur (S)(b,f)	5.51 ± 0.36 %					
Titanium (Ti)(a,b,c,e,f)	$4021 \pm 86 \text{ mg/kg}$					
Vanadium (V)(a,e)	$127 \pm 11 \text{ mg/kg}$					
Zinc (Zn)(a,b,c,d,e)	$4800\pm270~mg/kg$					
(a) INAA (NIST) (b) W	DXRF (NIST) (c) PAA (d)					
SSGFAAS (e) PIXE (f) PGAA (NIST) (g) Isotope dilution						
ICP-MS (NIST)						

Metal	Extract concentrat	ion, μM	Extraction Efficiency (%)		
Method	Colorimetric	rimetric ICP-MS		ICP-MS	
TOTFe	125.4	105.9	17.9	15.1	
Cu	4.2	4.5	44.3	46.9	
Mn	6.6	6.7	45.6	46.5	

Table S2. Comparison of colorimetric and ICP-MS measurements for Fe, Cu, and Mn for anSRM-1648a extract.

Table S3. Slope, intercept, and R-square for colorimetric method calibration for Fe in the DI

 water and 0.1M phosphate buffer matrix.

Method	ICP-MS ana	lysis	Colorimetric analysis		
Fe, µM	DI water	0.1M phosphate buffer	DI water	0.1M phosphate buffer	
R ²	0.994	0.959	0.997	0.995	
Slope	1.03	0.31	1.01	0.97	
Intercept	-1.34	-0.17	-0.89	-0.15	

Table S4. Slope, intercept, and R-square for colorimetric method calibration for Mn in the DI water and 0.1M phosphate buffer matrix.

Method	ICP-MS ana	lysis	Colorimetric analysis		
Mn, µM	DI water	0.1M phosphate buffer	DI water	0.1M phosphate buffer	
R ²	0.9997	0.917	0.999	0.999	
Slope	1.09	0.41	1.05	0.84	
Intercept	-0.18	0.17	-0.12	-0.33	

Table S5. Slope, intercept, and R-square for colorimetric method calibration for Cu in the DI water and 0.1M phosphate buffer matrix.

Method	ICP-MS ana	lysis	Colorimetric analysis		
Cu, μΜ	DI water	0.1M phosphate buffer	DI water	0.1M phosphate buffer	
R ²	0.9999	0.871	0.999	0.997	
Slope	0.98	0.39	0.96	0.78	
Intercept	-0.13	0.22	0.03	-0.60	

Table S6. Method Detection limit for the colorimetric analysis in DI water and 0.1M phosphate

 buffer matrices.

Method/ matrix	Total Fe, μM	Fe(II), µM	Mn(II), μM	Cu(II), µM
DI water	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
0.1M phosphate buffer	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.4

Table S7. Thermodynamic data for the metals in their aqueous phase complexes and solid forms at 25°C. The thermodynamic data in MINEQL was supplemented from the NIST database to account for all possible complexes and solids. Note that all modeling was done at 37 °C as MINEQL corrects the equilibrium constants for temperature and ionic strength using the Van't Hoff and Davies equation respectively.

H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^{+}	CO ₃ ²⁻	Cu ¹⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
1	-2	0	2	0	1.406	29.642
H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^{+}	CO3 ²⁻	Cu ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
2	-2	0	1	0	-16.194	0
2	-2	0	2	0	-10.594	18.313
4	-4	0	1	0	-39.98	0
1	-1	0	1	0	-7.497	8.559
3	-3	0	1	0	-26.879	0
0	1	1	1	0	12.129	0
0	0	1	1	0	6.77	0
	H ₂ O 1 H ₂ O 2 2 4 1 3 0 0	H_2O H^+ 1 -2 H_2O H^+ 2 -2 2 -2 4 -4 1 -1 3 -3 0 1 0 0	H_2O H^+ CO_3^{2-} 1 -2 0 1 -2 0 H_2O H^+ CO_3^{2-} 2 -2 0 2 -2 0 2 -2 0 4 -4 0 1 -1 0 3 -3 0 0 1 1 0 0 1	H_2O H^+ CO_3^{2-} Cu^{1+} I I I I 1 -2 0 2 H_2O H^+ CO_3^{2-} Cu^{2+} I I I I 2 -2 0 1 2 -2 0 1 2 -2 0 1 1 -1 0 1 3 -3 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	H_2O H^+ CO_3^{2-} Cu^{1+} PO_4^{3-} I I I I I I I 1 -2 0 2 0 I H_2O H^+ CO_3^{2-} Cu^{2+} PO_4^{3-} 2 -2 0 1 0 2 -2 0 1 0 2 -2 0 1 0 1 -1 0 1 0 3 -3 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0	H_2O H^+ CO_3 ²⁻ Cu ¹⁺ PO_4 ³⁻ $log k$ 1 -2 0 2 0 1.406 1 -2 0 2 0 1.406 H_2O H^+ CO_3 ²⁻ Cu ²⁺ PO_4 ³⁻ $log k$ 1 -2 0 1 0 -16.194 2 -2 0 1 0 -16.194 2 -2 0 2 0 -10.594 4 -4 0 1 0 -39.98 1 -1 0 1 0 -26.879 0 1 1 0 12.129 -26.879 0 0 1 1 0 6.77

Cu(CO ₃) ₂ -2	0	0	2	1	0	10.2	0
CuHPO ₄	0	1	0	1	1	16.5	0
Solids							
Azurite	2	-2	2	3	0	16.906	22.758
Malachite	2	-2	1	2	0	5.306	-18.255
Tenorite	1	-2	0	1	0	-7.644	15.504
Cu(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-8.674	13.485
Cu ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ :3H ₂ O	3	0	0	3	2	35.12	0
CuCO ₃	0	0	1	1	1	11.5	0
Cu ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	36.85	0
Fe(III)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Fe ³⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
Fe ₃ (OH) ₄ ⁺⁵	4	-4	0	3	0	-6.288	15.593
Fe(OH) ₄ -	4	-4	0	1	0	-21.588	0
Fe(OH) ₃	3	-3	0	1	0	-12.56	24.809
Fe ₂ (OH) ₂ ⁺⁴	2	-2	0	2	0	-2.854	13.771

Fe(OH) ₂ ⁺	2	2	0	1	0	-4.954	0
FeOH ⁺²	1	-1	0	1	0	-2.187	9.993
FeHPO ₄ ⁺	0	1	0	1	1	22.292	-7.3
FeH ₂ PO ₄ ⁺²	0	2	0	1	1	23.852	0
Solids							
Goethite	2	-3	0	1	0	-0.491	14.48
Lepidocrocite	2	-3	0	1	0	-1.371	0
Hematite	3	-6	0	2	0	1.418	30.829
Ferrihydrite	3	-3	0	1	0	-3.191	17.573
Maghemite	3	-6	0	2	0	-6.386	0
Strengite	2	0	0	1	1	26.4	2.237
Fe(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Fe ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
FeOH ⁺	1	-1	0	1	0	-9.397	13.339
Fe(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-20.494	28.59
Fe(OH)3 ⁻	3	-3	0	1	0	-28.991	30.218

FeHCO ₃ ⁺	0	1	1	1	0	11.429	0
FeH ₂ PO ₄ ⁺	0	2	0	1	1	22.273	0
FeHPO ₄	0	1	0	1	1	15.975	0
Solids							
Wusite	1	-2	0	0.95	0	-11.688	24.842
Fe(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-13.564	0
Vivianite	8	0	0	3	2	36	0
Siderite	0	0	1	1	0	10.24	3.824
Fe ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	36	0
Mn(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^{+}	CO ₃ ²⁻	Mn ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Mn(II) Aqueous	H ₂ O	H ⁺	CO3 ²⁻	Mn ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Mn(II) Aqueous Mn(OH)4 ⁻²	H ₂ O 4	H ⁺	CO ₃ ²⁻	Mn ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k -48.28	delta H
Mn(II) Aqueous Mn(OH)4 ⁻² MnOH ⁺	H ₂ O 4	H ⁺ -4 -1	CO ₃ ²⁻	Mn ²⁺ 1	PO ₄ ³⁻ 0	log k -48.28 -10.597	delta H 0 13.339
Mn(II) Aqueous Mn(OH)4 ⁻² MnOH ⁺ Mn(OH)3 ⁻	H ₂ O 4 1 3	H ⁺ -4 -1 -3	CO ₃ ²⁻	Mn ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻ 0 0	log k -48.28 -10.597 -34.8	delta H 0 13.339 0
Mn(II) Aqueous Mn(OH)4 ⁻² MnOH ⁺ Mn(OH)3 ⁻ MnHCO3 ⁺	H ₂ O 4 1 3 0	H ⁺ -4 -1 -3 1	CO ₃ ²⁻ 0 0 1	Mn ²⁺ 1 1 1 1 1	PO4 ³⁻ 0 0 0	log k -48.28 -10.597 -34.8 11.629	delta H 0 13.339 0 -2.534

MnHPO ₄	0	1	0	1	1	15.8	0
Solids							
Pyrochroite	2	-2	0	1	0	-15.194	23.186
MnHPO ₄	0	1	0	1	1	25.4	0
Rhodochrosite	0	0	1	1	0	10.58	0.449
Mn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	23.827	-2.12
Mn(III)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^{+}	CO ₃ ²⁻	Mn ³⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Solids							
Bixbyite	3	-6	0	2	0	0.644	29.754
Mn(IV)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^{+}	CO ₃ ²⁻	Mn ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Solids							
Manganite	2	-3	0	1	0	-25.34	0
Ni(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^{+}	CO ₃ ²⁻	Ni ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
Ni(OH) ₂ (aq)	2	-2	0	1	0	-18.994	0
Ni(OH)3 ⁻	3	-3	0	1	0	-29.991	0

NiCO ₃ (aq)	0	0	1	1	0	4.572	0
NiH ₂ PO ₄ ⁺	0	2	0	1	1	20.5	0
NiHCO ₃ ⁺	0	1	1	1	0	12.42	0
NiHPO ₄ (aq)	0	1	0	1	1	15.33	0
NiOH ⁺	1	-1	0	1	0	-9.897	12.383
Solids							
Bunsenite	1	-2	0	1	0	-12.446	23.932
Ni(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-12.794	22.935
NiCO ₃	0	0	1	1	0	6.87	9.94
Ni ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	31.3	0
Zn(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Zn ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
$Zn(CO_3)2^{-2}$	0	0	2	1	0	7.3	0
Zn(OH) ₂ (aq)	2	-2	0	1	0	-17.794	0
Zn(OH)3 ⁻	3	-3	0	1	0	-28.091	0
Zn(OH)4 ⁻²	4	-4	0	1	0	-40.488	0

Zn(CO ₃) ₂	0	1	0	1	1	7.3	0
ZnCO ₃ (aq)	0	0	1	1	0	4.76	0
ZnHCO ₃ ⁺	0	1	1	1	0	11.829	0
ZnHPO ₄ (aq)	0	1	0	1	1	15.69	0
ZnOH ⁺	1	-1	0	1	0	-8.997	13.339
Solids							
Zn(OH) ₂ [Am]	2	-2	0	1	0	-12.474	19.269
Zincite	1	-2	0	1	0	-11.334	21.42
Zn(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-12.2	0
ZnO (active)	1	-2	0	1	0	-11.188	21.214
ZnCO ₃ :1H ₂ O	1	0	1	1	0	10.26	0
Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ :4H ₂ O	4	0	0	3	2	35.42	0
Smithsonite	0	0	1	1	0	10	3.786
Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	35.42	0
Cr(III)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Cr(OH)	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
				2+			

Aqueous							
Cr(OH) ₃ (aq)	1	-1	0	1	0	-8.422	0
Cr(OH)4 ⁻	2	-2	0	1	0	-17.819	0
CrH ₂ PO ₄ ⁺²	-2	4	0	1	1	31.907	0
CrOH ⁺²	-1	1	0	1	0	5.912	-18.621
Solids							
Cr(OH) ₃ [Am]	1	-1	0	1	0	0.75	0
Cr(OH) ₃	1	-1	0	1	0	-1.336	7.115
Cr ₂ O ₃	-1	-2	0	2	0	2.358	12.125
Cr(VI)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO3 ²⁻	CrO ₄ ⁽²⁻	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
)			
Aqueous							
CrO ₃ H ₂ PO ₄ -	-1	4	0	1	1	29.363	0
CrO ₃ HPO ₄ ⁻²	-1	3	0	1	1	26.681	0
Cr ₂ O ₇ ⁻²	-1	2	0	2	0	14.56	-3.585
Solids							

CrO ₃	-1	2	0	1	0	3.21	1.245
Co(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO3 ²⁻	Co ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
Co(OH) ₂ (aq)	2	-2	0	1	0	-18.794	0
Co(OH)3 ⁻	3	-3	0	1	0	-31.491	0
Co4(OH) ₄ ⁺⁴	4	-4	0	4	0	-30.488	0
CoCO ₃ (aq)	0	0	1	1	0	4.228	0
CoHCO ₃ ⁺	0	1	1	1	0	12.22	0
CoHPO ₄ (aq)	0	1	0	1	1	15.413	0
CoOH ⁺	1	-1	0	1	0	-9.697	0
Solids							
СоО	1	-2	0	1	0	-13.586	25.405
Co(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-13.094	0
CoHPO ₄	0	1	0	1	1	19.061	0
CoCO ₃	0	0	1	1	0	9.98	3.05
Co ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	34.688	0

Co(III)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Co ³⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
CoOH ⁺²	1	-1	0	1	0	-1.291	0
Solids							
Co(OH) ₃	3	-3	0	1	0	2.309	22.091
V(III)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	V ³⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
V(OH) ₃ (aq)	3	-3	0	1	0	-3.084	0
V2(OH)3 ⁺³	3	-3	0	2	0	-10.119	0
V(OH)2 ⁺	2	-2	0	1	0	-6.274	0
VOH ⁺²	1	-1	0	1	0	-2.297	10.471
V ₂ (OH) ₂ ⁺⁴	2	-2	0	2	0	3.794	0
Solids							
V ₂ O ₃	1.5	-3	0	0	1	-4.9	19.72
V(OH) ₃	3	-3	0	0	1	-7.591	0
Al(III)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO3 ²⁻	Al ³⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H

Aqueous							
Al(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-10.094	0
Al(OH) ₃ (aq)	3	-3	0	1	0	-16.791	0
Al(OH)4	4	-4	0	1	0	-22.688	41.405
AlOH	1	-1	0	1	0	-4.997	11.427
Al ₂ (OH) ₂ CO ₃	2	-2	1	2	0	-4.31	0
Al ₂ PO ₄	0	0	0	2	1	-18.98	0
Solids							
Diaspore	2	-3	0	1	0	-6.873	24.63
Al ₂ O ₃	3	-6	0	2	0	-19.652	61.805
Boehmite	2	-3	0	1	0	-8.578	28.13
Al(OH) ₃ [am]	3	-3	0	1	0	-10.8	26.53
Gibbsite	3	-3	0	1	0	-8.291	22.8
Ca(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Ca ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous				<u> </u>			
СаОН	1	-1	0	1	0	-12.697	15.323

CaHCO ₃ ⁺	0	1	1	1	0	11.599	1.291
CaH ₂ PO ₄ ⁺	0	2	0	1	1	20.923	-1.434
CaHPO ₄ (aq)	0	1	0	1	1	15.035	-0.717
CaCO ₃ (aq)	0	0	1	1	0	3.2	3.824
CaPO ₄ -	0	0	0	1	1	6.46	3.1
Solids							
Lime	1	-2	0	1	0	-32.699	46.346
Portlandite	2	-2	0	1	0	-22.804	30.741
Hydroxylapatite	1	-1	0	5	3	44.333	0
CaHPO ₄ :2H ₂ O	2	1	0	1	1	18.995	-5.497
Ca ₄ H(PO ₄) ₃ :3H ₂ O	3	1	0	4	3	47.08	0
CaHPO ₄	0	1	0	1	1	19.275	-7.409
Aragonite	0	0	1	1	0	8.3	2.868
Calcite	0	0	1	1	0	8.48	1.912
$Ca_3(PO_4)_2(\beta)$	0	0	0	3	2	28.92	-12.906
Mg(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Mg ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H

Aqueous							
MgOH ⁺	1	-1	0	1	0	-11.397	16.207
MgHCO ₃ ⁺	0	1	1	1	0	11.339	-2.534
MgHPO ₄ (aq)	0	2	0	1	1	15.175	-0.717
MgH ₂ PO ₄ ⁺	0	2	0	1	1	21.256	-1.12
MgCO ₃ (aq)	0	0	1	1	0	2.92	2.868
MgPO ₄ -	0	0	0	1	1	4.654	3.1
Solids							
Hydromagnesite	6	-2	4	5	0	8.766	52.21
Artinite	5	-2	1	2	0	-9.6	28.742
Mg(OH) ₂ (active)	2	-2	0	1	0	-18.794	0
Periclase	1	-2	0	1	0	-21.584	36.145
Brucite	2	-2	0	1	0	-16.844	27.246
MgHPO ₄ :3H ₂ O	3	1	0	1	1	18.175	0
Nesquehonite	3	0	1	1	0	4.67	5.789
Magnesite	0	0	1	1	0	7.46	-4.78

Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	23.28	0
Mo(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO3 ²⁻	MoO ₄ ²⁻	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
H ₂ Mo ₇ O ₂₄ ⁻⁴	-4	10	0	7	0	64.159	-51.386
M07O24 ⁻⁶	-4	8	0	7	0	52.99	-54.493
HM07O24 ⁻⁵	-4	9	0	7	0	59.377	-52.103
H ₃ Mo ₇ O ₂₄ ⁻³	-4	11	0	7	0	67.405	-51.864
HMoO4-	0	1	0	1	0	4.299	4.78
H ₂ MoO ₄ (aq)	0	2	0	1	0	8.164	-6.214
Solids							
MoO ₃	-1	2	0	1	0	8	0
H ₂ MoO ₄	0	2	0	1	0	12.876	-11.711
Pb(II)	H ₂ O	\mathbf{H}^+	CO ₃ ²⁻	Pb ²⁺	PO ₄ ³⁻	log k	delta H
Aqueous							
Pb(OH) ₂ (aq)	2	-2	0	1	0	-17.094	0
Pb ₂ OH ⁺³	1	-2	0	2	0	-6.397	0

Pb(OH) ₃ -	3	-3	0	1	0	-28.091	0
PbOH ⁺	1	-1	0	1	0	-7.597	0
Pb(OH)4 ⁻²	4	-4	0	1	0	-39.699	0
$Pb_3(OH)_4^{+2}$	4	-4	0	3	0	-23.888	27.543
Pb4(OH)4 ⁺⁴	4	-4	0	4	0	-19.988	21.09
PbHCO ₃ ⁺	0	1	1	1	0	13.2	0
PbCO ₃ (aq)	0	0	1	0	0	6.478	0
Pb(CO ₃)2 ⁻²	0	0	2	1	0	9.938	0
PbPO ₄ H ₂	0	2	0	1	1	-21.073	0
PbPO ₄ H	0	1	0	1	1	-15.475	0
Solids							
Pb ₁₀ (OH) ₆ O(CO ₃) ₆	7	-8	6	10	0	6.76	0
Pb ₃ O ₂ CO ₃	2	-4	1	3	0	-11.02	26.43
Pb ₂ OCO ₃	1	-2	1	2	0	0.558	9.756
Hydrocerrusite	2	-2	2	3	0	18.77	0
Litharge	1	-2	0	1	0	-12.694	15.655

Pb(OH) ₂	2	-2	0	1	0	-8.15	13.99
Massicot	1	-2	0	1	0	-12.894	15.977
Pb ₂ O(OH) ₂	3	-4	0	2	0	-26.188	0
PbO:0.3H ₂ O	1.33	-2	0	1	0	-12.98	0
Hydroxylpyromorphite	1	-2	0	5	3	62.79	0
PbHPO ₄	0	1	0	1	1	23.805	0
Cerrusite	0	0	1	1	0	13.13	-5.925
Pb ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	0	0	0	3	2	43.53	0

Table S8. Solubilities of various precipitates for each metal under assay conditions (0.1M PO₄, ionic strength=0.22, 37C, fixed solids). Three types of solids were considered: metal oxides, hydroxides, and phosphate-based solids based on previous work ³⁶.

Metal	Solid	Solubility(µM)	pC, M
		2	
Cu(I)	Cuprite (Cu ₂ O)	4.1x 10 ⁻³	-8.4
Cu(II)	Cu ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	4.5	-5.3
	Tenorite (CuO)	9.8	-5.0
	Cu ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ :3H ₂ O	1.7x10 ¹	-4.8
	Cu(OH) ₂	1.2x10 ²	-3.9
Fe(II)	Fe ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	2.9	-5.5
	Vivianite (Fe ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ :8H ₂ O)	2.9	-5.5
	Wusite (FeO)	1.1x10 ⁴	-2.0
	Fe(OH) ₂	3.1x10 ⁵	-0.5
Fe(III)	Hematite (Fe ₂ O ₃)	2.0x10 ⁻⁷	-12.7
	Goethite (à- FeO(OH))	3.4x10 ⁻⁶	-11.5
	Lepidocrocite (_γ - FeO(OH))	6.6x10 ⁻⁵	-10.2
	Strengite (FePO ₄ .2H ₂ O)	5.1x10 ⁻⁴	-9.3
	Ferrihydrite (Fe ₂ O ₃ .0.5H ₂ O)	1.4x10 ⁻³	-8.9

	Maghemite ($_{\gamma}$ - Fe ₂ O ₃)	4.4x10 ⁻³	-8.4
Mn(II)	MnHPO ₄	2.6x10 ⁻⁴	-9.6
	Mn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	2.1x10 ⁴	-1.7
	Pyrochroite (Mn(OH) ₂)	2.1x10 ⁶	0.3
	Hausmannite ($(Mn^{2+} Mn^{3+})_2 O_4$)	2.5x10 ⁻¹	-6.6
Mn(III)	Manganite (MnO(OH))	6.4x10 ⁻²	-7.2
	Bixbyite ((Mn, Fe) ₂ O ₃)	2.0x10 ⁻¹⁶	-21.7
Mn(IV)	Pyrolusite (MnO ₂)	2.3x10 ⁻⁷	-12.6
	Nsutite (Mn ⁴⁺ Mn ²⁺ O(OH) ₂)	8.4x10 ⁻¹⁸	-23.1
	Birnessite $((Mn^{4+}Mn^{3+})_2O_2.5H_2O)$	3.2x10 ⁻¹⁷	-22.5
Ni(II)	Ni ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	2.4x10 ¹	-4.6
	Bunsenite (NiO)	2.3x10 ⁴	-1.6
	Ni(OH) ₂	4.4x10 ⁴	-1.4
Zn(II)	$Zn_3(PO_4)_2$	2.2	-5.7
	Zn(OH) ₂	6.9x10 ⁴	-1.2
Cr(III)	Cr ₂ O ₃	2.7x10 ⁻³	-8.6
	Cr(OH) ₃ [Am]	1.1x10 ⁻²	-8.0
	Cr(OH) ₃	8.2x10 ⁻¹	-6.1

Cr(VI)	CrO ₃	4.2×10^{29}	23.6
Co(II)	Co ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	2.1	-5.7
	CoHPO ₄	2.5x10 ²	-3.6
	СоО	1.2x10 ⁵	-0.9
	Co(OH) ₂	1.6x10 ⁵	-0.8
Co(III)	Co(OH) ₃	3.4x10 ⁻¹³	-18.5
V(III)	V ₂ O ₃	1.8x10 ⁷	1.3
	V(OH) ₃	3.2x10 ¹⁰	4.5
Al(III)	Diaspore (AlO(OH))	1.6x10 ⁻²	-7.8
	Gibbsite (y- Al(OH) ₃)	4.7x10 ⁻¹	-6.3
	Boehmite (AlO(OH))	6.4x10 ⁻¹	-6.2
	Al ₂ O ₃	9.5	-5.0
	Al(OH) ₃ [Am]	1.2x10 ²	-3.9
Ca(II)	Hydroxylpatite (Ca ₁₀ (PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂)	6.6	-5.2
	Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	1.2x10 ²	-3.9
	CaHPO ₄	1.3x10 ²	-3.9
	Ca4H(PO4)3:3H2O	1.7x10 ²	-3.8
	CaHPO ₄ :2H ₂ O	2.2x10 ²	-3.7

	Calcite (metastable Ca(CO ₃))	7.1x10 ³	-2.1
	Aragonite (CaCO ₃)	8.5x10 ³	-2.1
	Portlandite (metastable Ca(OH) ₂)	4.9×10^{13}	7.7
	Lime (Ca(OH) ₂)	1.4×10^{23}	17.1
Mg(II)	MgHPO ₄ :3H ₂ O	1.2x10 ³	-2.9
	Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	8.4x10 ³	-2.1
	Magnesite (MgCO ₃)	2.9x10 ⁴	-1.5
	Hydromagnesite (Mg ₅ (CO ₃) ₄ (OH) ₂ .4H ₂)	1.5x10 ⁵	-0.8
	Nesquehonite (MgHCO ₃ (OH).2H ₂ O)	4.4x10 ⁵	-0.4
	Artinite (Mg ₂ (OH) ₂ .3H ₂ O)	5.3x10 ⁵	-0.3
	Brucite (Mg(OH) ₂)	6.8x10 ⁷	1.8
	Mg(OH) ₂	3.6x10 ¹⁰	4.6
	Periclase (MgO)	2.1×10^{12}	6.3
Mo(III)	H ₂ MoO ₄	8.0x10 ¹⁹	13.9
	MoO ₃	5.2x10 ⁵¹	45.7
Pb(II)	Pb ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	3.5x10 ⁻⁴	-9.5
	Hydroxylpyromorphite (Pb ₅ (PO ₄) ₃ (OH))	3.8x10 ⁻⁴	-9.4
	РЬНРО4	6.6x10 ⁻⁴	-9.2

Pb(OH) ₂	4.5x10 ⁻¹	-6.3
Hydrocerrusite (Pb ₃ (CO ₃) ₂ (OH) ₂)	1.4	-5.9
Cerrusite (PbCO ₃)	5.5	-5.3
Pb ₂ OCO ₃	2.0×10^2	-3.7
Pb ₃ O ₂ CO ₃	4.6×10^2	-3.3
Pb ₁₀ (OH) ₆ O(CO ₃) ₆	2.2×10^4	-1.7
Litharge (a -PbO)	7.0x10 ⁸	2.8
Massicot (β -PbO)	4.1x10 ⁹	3.6
PbO:O.3H ₂ O	5.8x10 ¹¹	5.8
Pb ₂ O(OH) ₂	1.7×10^{12}	6.2

Table S9. Saturation index of various precipitates for each metal in SRM1648a samples 1, 2	2
and 3 under assay conditions (0.1M PO ₄ , ionic strength=0.22, 37C).	

Metal	Solid	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Cu(I)	Cuprite (Cu ₂ O)	2.8	3.7	4.6
Cu(II)	Cu ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-5.0	-3.5	-2.2
	Tenorite (CuO)	-2.0	-1.5	-1.1
	Cu ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ :3H ₂ O	-6.7	-5.3	-4.0
	Cu(OH) ₂	-3.1	-2.6	-2.2
Fe(II)	Fe ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-4.4	-2.9	-1.8
	Vivianite (Fe ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ :8H ₂ O)	-4.4	-2.9	-1.8
	Wusite (FeO)	-4.8	-4.4	-4.0
	Fe(OH) ₂	-7.9	-7.4	-7.0
Fe(III)	Hematite (Fe ₂ O ₃)	14.0	15.0	16.0
	Goethite (à- FeO(OH))	5.8	6.3	6.7
	Lepidocrocite (_y - FeO(OH))	4.5	5.0	5.5
	Strengite (FePO ₄ .2H ₂ O)	3.6	4.1	4.6
	Ferrihydrite (Fe ₂ O ₃ .0.5H ₂ O)	3.2	3.7	4.1
	Maghemite ($_{\gamma}$ - Fe ₂ O ₃)	5.4	6.4	7.3

Mn(II)	MnHPO ₄	2.6	3.2	3.7
	Mn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-16.0	-14.2	-12.7
	Pyrochroite (Mn(OH) ₂)	-8.6	-8.0	-7.6
	Hausmannite $((Mn^{2+} Mn^{3+})_2 O_4)$	9.9	10.2	10.5
Mn(III)	Manganite (MnO(OH))	3.0	4.6	5.8
	Bixbyite ((Mn, Fe) ₂ O ₃)	2.3	2.8	3.2
Mn(IV)	Pyrolusite (MnO ₂)	7.6	8.5	9.3
	Nsutite (Mn ⁴⁺ Mn ²⁺ O(OH) ₂)	7.3	7.7	7.9
	Birnessite ((Mn ⁴⁺ Mn ³⁺) ₂ O ₂ .5H ₂ O)	6.7	7.1	7.3
Ni(II)	Ni ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-8.7	-7.2	-5.7
	Bunsenite (NiO)	-6.0	-5.4	-5.0
	Ni(OH) ₂	-6.3	-5.8	-5.3
Zn(II)	Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-1.5	0.1	1.5
	Zn(OH) ₂	-5.4	-4.8	-4.4
Cr(III)	Cr ₂ O ₃	3.1	3.7	4.5
	Cr(OH) ₃ [Am]	1.0	1.3	1.7
	Cr(OH) ₃	-0.9	-0.6	-0.2
Cr(VI)	CrO ₃	-19.1	-18.8	-16.4

Co(II)	Co ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-5.5	-4.0	-3.1
	CoHPO ₄	-3.9	-3.4	-3.1
	CoO	-7.1	-6.6	-6.3
	Co(OH) ₂	-7.4	-6.8	-6.5
Co(III)	Co(OH) ₃	11.0	11.5	11.8
V(III)	V ₂ O ₃	-8.7	-8.3	-7.8
	V(OH) ₃	-11.9	-11.5	-11.0
Al(III)	Diaspore (AlO(OH))	2.2	2.7	3.1
	Gibbsite (γ- Al(OH) ₃)	0.7	1.2	1.6
	Boehmite (AlO(OH))	0.6	1.0	1.5
	Al ₂ O ₃	-1.2	-0.2	0.7
	Al(OH) ₃ [Am]	-1.7	-1.2	-0.8
Ca(II)	Hydroxylpatite (Ca ₁₀ (PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂)	0.9	3.3	5.6
	Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-3.3	-1.8	-0.4
	CaHPO ₄	-1.1	-0.6	-0.2
	Ca4H(PO4)3:3H2O	-4.9	-3.0	-1.1
	CaHPO4:2H2O	-1.3	-0.9	-0.4
	Calcite (metastable Ca(CO ₃))	-4.6	-4.1	-3.6

	Aragonite (CaCO ₃)	-4.7	-4.2	-3.8
	Portlandite (metastable Ca(OH) ₂)	-13.4	-12.9	-12.5
	Lime (Ca(OH) ₂)	-22.9	-22.4	-21.9
Mg(II)	MgHPO ₄ :3H ₂ O	-2.6	-2.1	-1.6
	Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	-10.3	-8.8	-7.4
	Magnesite (MgCO ₃)	-6.4	-5.9	-5.4
	Hydromagnesite (Mg5(CO3)4(OH)2.4H2)	-36.5	-34.1	-31.8
	Nesquehonite (MgHCO ₃ (OH).2H ₂ O)	-8.9	-8.4	-7.9
	Artinite (Mg ₂ (OH) ₂ .3H ₂ O)	-14.5	-13.5	-12.6
	Brucite (Mg(OH) ₂)	-8.1	-7.6	-7.2
	Mg(OH) ₂	-10.8	-10.3	-9.9
	Periclase (MgO)	-12.6	-12.1	-11.7
Pb(II)	Pb ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	9.2	10.8	12.2
	Hydroxylpyromorphite (Pb ₅ (PO ₄) ₃ (OH))	15.1	17.9	20.1
	PbHPO ₄	2.8	3.3	3.8
	Pb(OH) ₂	-0.1	0.5	0.9
	Hydrocerrusite (Pb ₃ (CO ₃) ₂ (OH) ₂)	-1.4	0.2	1.6
	Cerrusite (PbCO ₃)	-1.0	-0.4	0.0

Pb ₂ OCO ₃	-5.4	-4.3	-3.4
Pb ₃ O ₂ CO ₃	-8.8	-7.2	-5.8
Pb ₁₀ (OH) ₆ O(CO ₃) ₆	-44.1	-38.7	-34.2
Litharge (a -PbO)	-4.6	-4.0	-3.6
Massicot (β -PbO)	-4.7	-4.2	-3.7
PbO:O.3H ₂ O	-5.3	-4.7	-4.3
Pb ₂ O(OH) ₂	-10.8	-9.7	-8.8