Supplementary Information

## Interpretable machine learning for investigating complex nanomaterial-plant-soil

## interactions

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Software	Version
Python	3.8.10
scikit-learn	0.24.2
lightGBM	3.2.1.99
shap	0.39.0
PDPbox	0.2.0
imodels	1.2.5

 Table S1 The version numbers for the main software used in this study.

	random state	min_data_in_leaf	min_sum_hessian_in_leaf	max_bin	max_depth	num_leaves	learning_rate
RCF_rando	1	16	1	9	2	4	0.070
m split							
	2	16	1	5	4	5	0.096
	3	12	1	11	5	6	0.052
	4	1	16	5	4	5	0.097
	5	1	14	6	3	4	0.088
	6	1	16	8	2	4	0.083
	7	1	17	5	3	4	0.067
	8	1	18	8	3	4	0.095
	9	1	17	15	3	4	0.087
	10	1	18	9	2	3	0.081
log(RCF)_ra	1	1	15	7	4	5	0.094
ndom split							
	2	1	12	13	4	6	0.075
	3	1	12	18	3	6	0.067
	4	1	14	23	3	4	0.083
	5	16	1	14	4	5	0.090
	6	12	1	12	3	6	0.048
	7	8	1	14	7	10	0.043
	8	1	17	6	3	4	0.094
	9	1	17	23	3	4	0.096
	10	11	1	14	2	4	0.044
log(RCF)_st	1	1	7	22	5	9	0.013
ratified							
shuffle split							
	2	1	11	20	3	7	0.062
	3	16	1	9	4	5	0.095
	4	1	14	23	4	5	0.085
	5	1	13	11	3	6	0.080
	6	1	15	13	3	5	0.068
	7	1	17	9	3	4	0.095
	8	14	1	8	4	5	0.065
	9	12	1	6	5	6	0.090
	10	1	15	7	4	5	0.084

Table S2 Final values of grid-search hyperparameters of LightGBM models for

different dataset split.

\*Note: Hyperparameters tuning is employed in four steps for reducing computation cost, including min\_data\_in\_leaf and min\_sum\_hessian\_in\_leaf, max\_bin, max\_depth

and num\_leaves, and learning\_rate. For all models, the hyperparameters of n\_estimators, n\_jobs, and max\_cat\_to\_onehot are set to 1000, -1, and 6 respectively. Default values are used for other hyperparameters that are not listed.

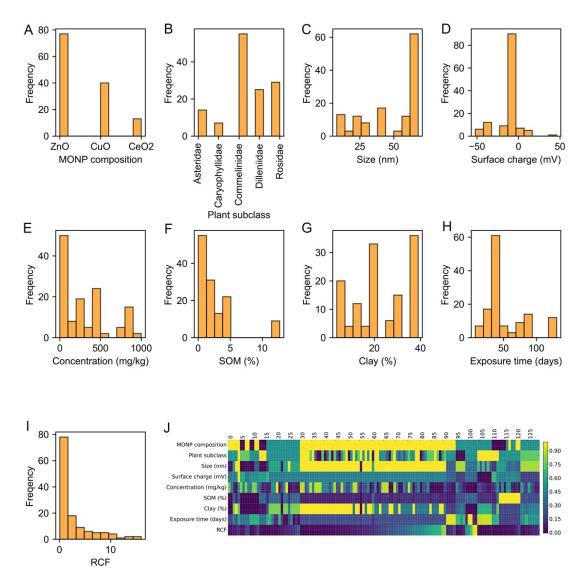
Туре	Decision rule	Coefficient	Support	Importance
Linear	Plant subclass_Dilleniidae	0.0759	1.0000	0.0293
	Plant subclass_Rosidae	-0.0513	1.0000	0.0219
Rule	SOM (%) <= 4.025 and SOM (%) > 1.64	0.2561	0.2885	0.1160
	Plant subclass_Commelinidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and			
	SOM (%) <= 3.034 and Clay (%) $>$ 18.5 and MONP composition_CeO2 <=			
	0.5	-0.2436	0.2692	0.1080
	Surface charge (mV) $>$ -43.2 and Concentration (mg/kg) $<=$ 475.0 and MONP			
	composition_CeO2 <= 0.5	0.2250	0.6538	0.1070
	Surface charge (mV) <= -7.705 and Concentration (mg/kg) <= $62.5$	0.2432	0.2596	0.1066
	Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and Exposure time (days) > 25.5 and MONP			
	composition_ZnO <= 0.5	-0.1703	0.3077	0.0786
	Surface charge (mV) $\geq$ -10.25 and Concentration (mg/kg) $\geq$ 35.0 and Clay (%)			
	<= 35.45 and MONP composition_ZnO > 0.5	0.2146	0.1442	0.0754
	Plant subclass_Rosidae > 0.5	-0.1441	0.2404	0.0616
	Surface charge (mV) $<=$ -0.015 and Surface charge (mV) $>$ -43.2 and Plant			
	subclass_Commelinidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 375.0 and Clay			
	(%) > 18.5	-0.1604	0.1250	0.0531
	Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and SOM (%) > 2.245 and Exposure time			
	(days) > 14.0	-0.1067	0.2692	0.0473
	Size (nm) $\leq$ 64.0 and Surface charge (mV) $>$ -43.2 and Concentration			
	(mg/kg) <= 475.0 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and Clay (%) <= 35.45	-0.0967	0.3173	0.0450
	Plant subclass_Rosidae > 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 35.0 and Exposure			
	time (days) > 32.5	-0.1033	0.2019	0.0415
	Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and Exposure time (days) > 82.0 and MONP			
	composition_ZnO <= 0.5	-0.0971	0.1346	0.0332
	Surface charge (mV) > -43.2 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and Exposure			
	time (days) > 25.5	-0.0626	0.7019	0.0286
	Concentration $(mg/kg) > 337.5$ and Exposure time $(days) \le 43.5$	-0.0603	0.2885	0.0273
	Exposure time (days) <= 19.5 and MONP composition _ZnO <= 0.5	0.1073	0.0673	0.0269
	Concentration $(mg/kg) > 37.5$ and SOM $(\%) > 2.245$ and Exposure time			
	(days) <= 79.0 and MONP composition_CeO2 <= 0.5	0.0649	0.2019	0.0260
	Plant subclass Dilleniidae $\leq 0.5$ and Plant subclass Rosidae $\leq 0.5$ and			
	Concentration (mg/kg) <= 475.0 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 35.0	-0.0545	0.3269	0.0256
	Plant subclass Commelinidae $\leq 0.5$ and Concentration (mg/kg) $> 35.0$ and			
	SOM (%) $\leq 1.64$ and Clay (%) $> 18.0$	-0.0608	0.2212	0.0252
	Concentration (mg/kg) $\leq 337.5$ and Exposure time (days) $\leq 43.5$	0.0517	0.3654	0.0249
	Surface charge (mV) > -43.2 and Concentration (mg/kg) $\leq 325.0$ and			
	Concentration $(mg/kg) > 35.0$ and MONP composition $CeO2 > 0.5$	-0.1079	0.0481	0.0231
	Plant subclass Commelinidae $\leq 0.5$ and Concentration (mg/kg) > 35.0 and			
	Clay (%) <= 28.5 and MONP composition $ZnO > 0.5$	0.0719	0.1154	0.0230

**Table S3** All decision rules generated by the RuleFit algorithm where categorical features had been one-hot encoded.

Plant subclass_Rosidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) <= 375.0 and Clay			
(%) > 18.5 and MONP composition_CeO2 <= 0.5	0.0491	0.2404	0.0210
Plant subclass_Dilleniidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) <= 425.0 and			
Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and MONP composition_CeO2 <= 0.5	-0.0438	0.3558	0.0210
Size (nm) <= 63.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 62.5 and SOM (%) > 1.64			
and Exposure time (days) > 25.5	-0.0551	0.1731	0.0208
Plant subclass_Rosidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) <= 450.0 and			
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 35.0 and SOM (%) <= 8.425 and Exposure time			
(days) <= 77.0 and Exposure time (days) > 25.5 and MONP			
composition_ZnO <= 0.5	0.0825	0.0673	0.0207
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 35.0 and SOM (%) <= 1.41 and Exposure time			
(days) <= 43.5	-0.0476	0.2308	0.0201
Surface charge $(mV) <=$ -10.415 and Concentration $(mg/kg) > 200.0$ and			
SOM (%) > 2.245	-0.0661	0.0962	0.0195
Plant subclass_Rosidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) <= 237.5	0.0365	0.4038	0.0179
Exposure time (days) $>$ 19.5 and MONP composition_ZnO $<=0.5$	-0.0369	0.3365	0.0175
Concentration (mg/kg) <= 475.0 and MONP composition_CeO2 <= $0.5$	0.0370	0.7115	0.0168
Surface charge (mV) $>$ -43.2 and Plant subclass_Dilleniidae $>$ 0.5 and			
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 35.0 and SOM (%) <= 2.245 and Clay (%) <= 35.45			
and MONP composition_CeO2 <= 0.5	0.0769	0.0481	0.0164
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 56.25 and Clay (%) $<=$ 35.45 and Exposure time			
$(days) > 32.5$ and MONP composition_ZnO $> 0.5$	0.0379	0.1923	0.0149
Size (nm) <= 67.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 37.5 and Clay (%) <= 30.95			
and MONP composition_ZnO > 0.5	0.0463	0.1154	0.0148
Size (nm) <= 63.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 56.25 and SOM (%) $>$ 1.64	-0.0329	0.2404	0.0141
Concentration (mg/kg) $\geq$ 200.0 and SOM (%) $\geq$ 2.245 and Clay (%) $<=$ 24.5	-0.0453	0.0865	0.0127
Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and Exposure time (days) > 82.0	-0.0313	0.1731	0.0118
Surface charge (mV) $>$ -7.705 and Concentration (mg/kg) $<=$ 237.5 and			
Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5	-0.0464	0.0481	0.0099
Plant subclass_Rosidae $> 0.5$ and Clay (%) $> 34.5$ and MONP			
composition_ZnO > 0.5	-0.0425	0.0577	0.0099
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 35.0 and Clay (%) <= 35.45 and Exposure time			
(days) $> 25.5$ and MONP composition_ZnO $<= 0.5$	-0.0209	0.3077	0.0097
Surface charge (mV) $>$ -43.2 and Concentration (mg/kg) $<=$ 312.5 and			
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 37.5 and Clay (%) <= 35.45 and MONP			
composition_CeO2 > 0.5	-0.0411	0.0481	0.0088
Concentration (mg/kg) $\leq 5.5$	0.0604	0.0192	0.0083
Size (nm) $\geq 30.0$ and Plant subclass_Rosidae $\geq 0.5$ and Concentration (mg/kg)			
$> 37.5$ and SOM (%) <= 1.64 and MONP composition_CeO2 <= 0.5	-0.0304	0.0769	0.0081
Surface charge (mV) $>$ -10.25 and Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 37.5 and Clay (%)			
<= 35.45 and MONP composition_ZnO > 0.5	0.0156	0.1442	0.0055
Concentration (mg/kg) $> 37.5$ and SOM (%) $> 1.64$ and MONP			
composition_ZnO <= 0.5	-0.0127	0.2500	0.0055
Surface charge (mV) $<=$ -10.415 and Concentration (mg/kg) $<=$ 200.0 and	0.0150	0.1250	0.0050

Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and SOM (%) > 2.245

Size (nm) $\leq$ 30.0 and Plant subclass_Rosidae > 0.5 and Concentration			
(mg/kg) $>$ 37.5 and SOM (%) <= 1.64 and MONP composition_CeO2 <= 0.5	0.0213	0.0385	0.0041
Plant subclass_Rosidae > 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 56.25 and MONP			
composition_ZnO <= 0.5	-0.0138	0.0769	0.0037
Size (nm) <= 9.0 and Surface charge (mV) $>$ -43.2 and Concentration (mg/kg)			
<= 475.0 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 35.0	-0.0128	0.0481	0.0027
Concentration (mg/kg) > 56.25 and SOM (%) <= 4.175 and Exposure time			
(days) > 43.5	0.0062	0.2500	0.0027
Surface charge (mV) $>$ -43.2 and Plant subclass_Commelinidae <= 0.5 and			
Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and Clay (%) > 35.45	-0.0060	0.1635	0.0022
Clay (%) <= 18.5 and MONP composition_CeO2 <= 0.5 and Plant			
subclass_Asteridae <= 0.5	0.0043	0.3462	0.0020
Plant subclass_Commelinidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and			
Clay (%) $> 35.45$ and MONP composition $ZnO > 0.5$	-0.0055	0.1635	0.0020
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 47.5 and SOM (%) $<=$ 1.41 and Exposure time			
(days) <= 44.0 and MONP composition_ZnO > 0.5	-0.0044	0.2212	0.0018
Concentration (mg/kg) $> 56.25$ and SOM (%) <= 1.41 and Exposure time			
(days) <= 43.5	-0.0021	0.2308	0.0009
Plant subclass_Commelinidae <= 0.5 and Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and			
SOM (%) $>$ 3.034 and Clay (%) $>$ 18.5 and MONP composition_CeO2 $<= 0.5$	0.0037	0.0192	0.0005
Concentration (mg/kg) $\leq$ 325.0 and Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 37.5 and			
MONP composition_CeO2 > 0.5	-0.0022	0.0481	0.0005
$Plant\ subclass\_Commelinidae > 0.5\ and\ Plant\ subclass\_Rosidae <= 0.5\ and$			
Concentration (mg/kg) > 37.5 and SOM (%) <= 8.425	-0.0003	0.2596	0.0001
Concentration (mg/kg) $>$ 37.5 and SOM (%) $>$ 1.64 and Clay (%) $<=$ 7.97	-0.0006	0.0288	0.0001



**Fig. S1** Data distribution of features (A-H) and raw predicted target (I). (J) Data visualization of this dataset where the features and RCF are normalized to the 0-1 range.

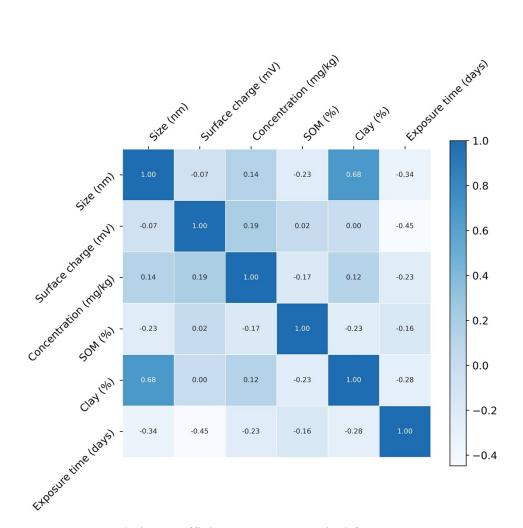


Fig. S2 Pearson correlation coefficient among numerical features.

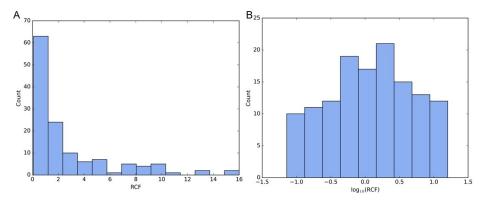


Fig. S3 Data distribution of RCF before (A) and after (B) logarithm transform.

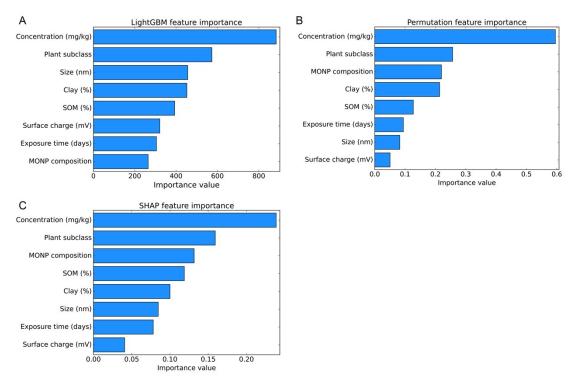
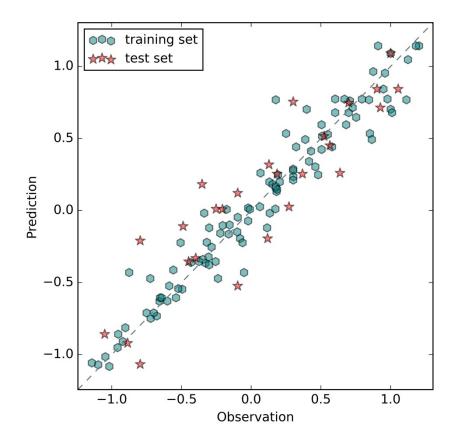


Fig. S4 Absolute feature importance of three measurement methods in the first dataset split.



**Fig. S5** Predicted versus observed logarithm transform of RCF values of the LightGBM model based on the sixth dataset split (stratified shuffle split).

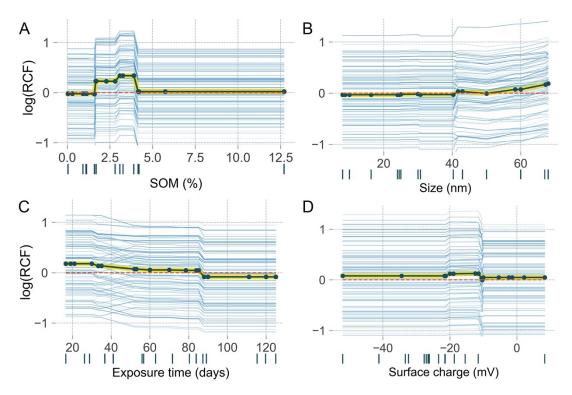
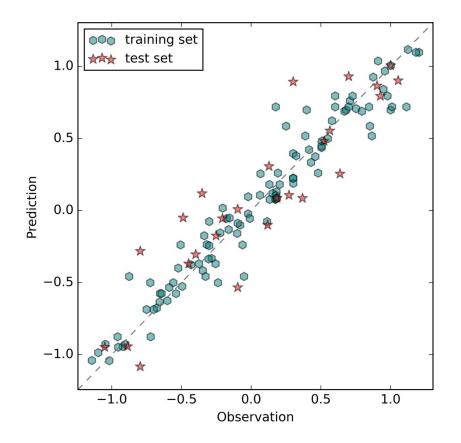
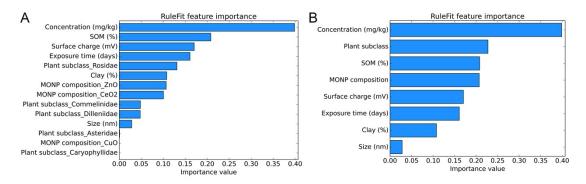


Fig. S6 PDP and ICE plots of the last four relevant features correlating RCF.



**Fig. S7** Predicted versus observed logarithm transform of RCF values of the RuleFit regression based on the sixth dataset split (stratified shuffle split).



**Fig. S8** (A) Absolute feature importance of input features in the RuleFit regression. (B) Absolute feature importance of features by adding the importance of one-hot encoded features.