Synthesis and Characterization of a Novel Slow-release Nanourea/Chitosan nanocomposite

and its effect on Vigna radiata L.

Avimanu Sharma¹, Sanjeev Kumar², Ritu Singh^{1*}

¹Department of Environmental Science, School of Earth Sciences, Central University of Rajasthan, Ajmer, Rajasthan-305817, India

²Department of Environmental Sciences, Central University of Jharkhand, Ranchi- 835205, India

*Corresponding author E-mail: ritu_ens@curaj.ac.in, ritu2735@gmail.com

*Corresponding author ORCID: 0000-0003-1336-8210

Full Postal Address:

Department of Environmental Science, School of Earth Sciences,

Central University of Rajasthan,

NH-8, Banarsindri, Kishangarh

Ajmer-305817, Rajasthan, India



Figure S1: FESEM image of NUCNC



Figure S2: Germination percentage of *Vigna radiata* L. grown in various combinations of synthesized fertilizer. Values are represented as the mean of triplicates, \pm standard deviation. A one-way ANOVA was used to test the treatment effect. Small letters indicate significant differences across treatments tested using Post-hoc Tukey's HSD test. All values were taken significant at p<0.05



Figure S3: Chlorophyll content in *Vigna radiata* L. Values are the means with SD. Error bars represented standard deviation. A one-way ANOVA was used to test the treatment effect. Small letters indicate significant differences across treatments tested using Post-hoc Tukey's HSD test. All values were taken significant at p<0.05.