A Jackpot C-H Activation Protocol Using Simple Ruthenium Catalyst

in Deep Eutectic Solvents

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I. Synthetic Procedures

General. Solvents and reagents were used as obtained from commercial sources and without purification. ¹H NMR (300 MHz/400 MHz) spectra were recorded on Bruker AC-300/Bruker AC-400 NMR spectrometers respectively in proton coupled mode. ¹³C NMR (75 MHz/101 MHz) spectra were recorded on Bruker AC-300/Bruker AC-400 NMR spectrometers respectively in proton decoupled mode at 20 °C; chemical shifts are given in δ (parts per million) and coupling constants (J) in Hertz. Low-resolution mass spectra (EI) was obtained at 70 eV on an Agilent Technologies GC/MS-5973N spectrometer or Agilent 5973 Network with direct introduction of the sample (73DIP-1) to the ionic source using the SIS (Scientific Instrument Services), giving fragment ions in m/z with relative intensities (%) in parentheses. Infrared spectra were measured on a Jasco FT/IR-4100 Fourier Transform Infrared Spectometer. The chromatographic analyses (GC) were determined with a Younglin 6100 instrument equipped with a flame ionization detector and 30 m HP-5 capillary column (0.25 mm diam, 0.33 mm film thickness), using nitrogen (2 mL/min) as a carrier gas, T_{injector} = 270 °C, T_{column} = 60 °C (3 min) and 60-270 °C (15 °C/min), P = 12 psi. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Schleicher & Schuell F1400/LS 254 plates coated with a 0.2 mm layer of silica gel; detection by UV₂₅₄ light. Column chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 of 40-63 mesh.

General procedure for the preparation of DESs. A mixture of hydrogen-bond donor and hydrogen-bond acceptor, with the previously specified molar ratio, was added in a round bottom flask under an inert atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes in a T range between 65 and 80 °C obtaining the corresponding DES.

General procedure for the synthesis of N-methoxy amides



1) To a solution of aromatic carboxylic acid (5.0 mmol) in DCM (dry; 7 mL) under argon, oxalyl chloride (6.0 mmol) was added slowly at 0 $^{\circ}$ C, followed by the addition of 2-3 drops of DMF. Then, the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. After the completion of the reaction, DMC was removed under reduced pressure to get crude acid chloride.

2) Methoxyamine hydrochloride salt (5.5 mmol) was added to a mixture of K_2CO_3 (10 mmol) in AcOEt:H₂O (2:1; 15 mL) at room temperature. To this solution crude acid

chloride (5.0 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C. After that, the reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt ($3 \times 10 \text{ mL}$). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to afford the corresponding *N*-methoxybenzamide without further purification (80-95% yield).

General procedure for the synthesis of isoquinolones. *N*-methoxybenzamide derivative **1** (0.2 mmol), alkyne **2** (0.24 mmol), NaOAc (20 mol%) and $[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$ (3 mol%) were stirred in 1.0 mL DES at 70 °C for 16 h. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with 2-MeTHF (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. Products **3** were purified by chromatography on silica gel (usually with 1/1 hexane/ethyl acetate elution) or by precipitation with Et₂O.

General procedure for *N*-methoxybenzamides olefination. *N*-methoxybenzamide derivative **1** (0.2 mmol), electron-poor olefin **4** (0.24 mmol), NaOAc (20 mol%) and $[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$ (3 mol%) were stirred in 1.0 mL DES at 70 °C for 16 h. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with 2-MeTHF (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. Products **5** and **6** were purified by chromatography on silica gel (usually with 1/1 hexane/ethyl acetate elution).

General procedure for the synthesis of *N*-phenoxyacetamide



1) *N*-phenoxyacetamide was prepared following a published procedure reported in literature: In a reaction flask, a mixture of *N*-hydroxyphthalimide (1 equiv.), phenylboronic acid (2 equiv.), CuCl (1 equiv.), freshly activated 4-Å molecular sieves (250mg/mmol) and pyridine (1.1 equiv.) in 1,2-dichloroethane (0.2 M) were stirred at rt open to atmosphere. After 48 h, the reaction mixture became green as the reaction proceeded. The purification was performed by percolation on silica gel.

2) Hydrazine monohydrate (3 equiv.) was added to the solution of N-phenyloxyphthalimide (1 equiv.) in 10% MeOH in CHCl₃ (0.1 M). The reaction was stirred at rt overnight. The precipitate was filtered off and washed with DCM. The filtrate was concentrated to afford the corresponding N-phenyloxyamine.

3) *N*-Phenyloxyamine (1 equiv.) was added to a biphasic mixture of Na_2CO_3 (1.2 equiv.) in a 2:1 mixture of EtOAc:H₂O (0.6 M). The resulting solution was cooled to 0 °C, using

an ice/water bath, followed by dropwise addition of acetyl chloride (1 equiv.). After stirring at 0 °C for 2 h, the reaction was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ and diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed twice with sat. NaHCO₃, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was used without any purification step.

General procedure for synthesis of benzofuran derivative. *N*-phenoxyacetamide 7 (0.2 mmol); diphenylacetylene **2a** (0.24 mmol), NaOAc (20 mol%) and $[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$ (3 mol%) were stirred in 1.0 mL DES at 70 °C for 16 h. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with 2-MeTHF (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. Product **8** was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane elution).

General Procedure for Recycling Experiments. The reaction was performed according to the general procedure. Once the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and 2-MeTHF (3 x 1 mL) was added to the reaction vessel. The biphasic mixture was stirred for 5 min, and the upper phase (VOC-phase, mainly unreacted organic reagents and products) was separated by decantation and analyzed by ¹H NMR using 1,3,5-trimethoxybeneze as the internal standard. The eutectic mixture was dried under vacuum and was charged again with fresh reagents, catalyst and base, repeating the process.

General procedure for benzoic acid derivatives olefination. Benzoic acid derivative 9 (0.2 mmol), electron-poor olefin 4 (0.4 mmol), $Cu(OAc)_2$ (10 mol%) and $[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$ (2 mol%) were stirred in 1.0 mL DES at 70 °C for 12 h under air atmosphere. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with 2-MeTHF (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. Products 10 and 11 were purified by chromatography on silica gel (usually with 9/1 hexane/ethyl acetate elution).

General procedure for isochumarins synthesis. Benzoic acid derivative 9 (0.2 mmol), alkyne 2 (0.4 mmol), Cu(OAc)₂ (10 mol%.) and [RuCl₂(p-cymene)]₂ (2 mol%) were stirred in 1.0 mL DES at 110 °C for 12 h. under air atmosphere The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with 2-MeTHF (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. Products **12** were purified by chromatography on silica gel (usually with 8/2 hexane/ethyl acetate elution).

General procedure for gram scale reaction. Benzoic acid (8 mmol), acrylonitrile (16 mmol), Cu(OAc)₂ (10 mol%) and [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene)]₂ (2 mol%) were stirred in 16 mL

DES at 70 °C for 12 h under air atmosphere. The mixture was quenched with water (20 mL) and a little amount of AcOEt (6 mL) and the desired product was isolated by filtration.

General procedure for thiophenecarboxylic acids olefination. Thiophenecarboxylic acid 13 (0.2 mmol), electron-poor olefin 4 (0.4 mmol) $Cu(OAc)_2$ (10 mol%.) and $[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$ (2 mol%) were stirred in 1.0 mL DES at 120 °C for 12 h under air atmosphere. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with 2-MeTHF (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. Products 14 were purified by chromatography on silica gel (usually with 1/1 hexane/ethyl acetate elution).

General procedure for arylpyrazole olefination. Arylpyrazole derivative 15 (0.2 mmol), electron-poor olefin 4 (0.4 mmol), Cu(OAc)₂ (10 mol%.) and [RuCl₂(p-cymene)]₂ (5 mol%) were stirred in 1.0 mL DES at 100 °C for 12 h under air atmosphere. The mixture was quenched with water and extracted with 2-MeTHF (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄, followed by evaporation under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. Products 16, 17 and 18 were purified by chromatography on silica gel (usually with 8/2 hexane/ethyl acetate elution).

II. Characterization data



N-methoxybenzamide:¹ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.27 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 63.2-64.8 °C; t_r = 8.29 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.80-7.70 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.55-7.50 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.45-7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 3.85 (s, 3H, OCH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 166.3, 132.1, 131.8,

128.8, 127.2, 64.5 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3220$, 3062, 2989, 2938, 2896, 2811, 1646, 1515, 1477, 1299, 1149, 1022, 944, 875, 798, 713, 682 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 151 (M⁺, 23%), 105 (100), 103 (16), 77 (48), 51 (14).

4-chloro-N-methoxybenzamide:² White solid, R_f = 0.47 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 104.5-105.2 °C; t_r =11.26 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.75-7.70 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.45-7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 3.88 (s, 3H, OCH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.2, 138.4, 130.1, 129.0, 128.7, 64.4 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3212, 3023, 2985, 2938, 2900, 2819, 1643, 1519, 1473, 1311, 1091, 1037, 1010, 941, 875, 844, 755, 725 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 185 (M⁺, 28%), 139 (100), 113 (11), 111 (32), 75 (17).

N⁻Me N-methoxy-4-nitrobenzamide:¹ White solid, $R_f = 0.17$ (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 179.6-180.5 °C; $t_r = 143.67$ min; ¹H NMR

(400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 12.09 (s, 1H, NH), 8.31 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H, ArH), 3.74 (s, 3H, OCH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 162.2, 149.2, 137.9, 128.6, 123.7, 63.4 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3162, 3116, 2989, 2946, 2830, 1646, 1596, 1515, 1334, 1303, 1041, 933, 840 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m*/*z* (%): 166 (M⁺ - OMe, 77%), 150 (100), 120 (20), 104 (24), 92 (20), 76 (19), 65 (11), 50 (13).

 $\bigwedge_{Me} \stackrel{OMe}{} Me \stackrel{N-\text{methoxy-4-methylbenzamide:}^{1}}{} White solid, R_{f} = 0.23} \\ (\text{Hexane/AcOEt 1/1}); \text{ m.p. 62.8-63.3 °C; } t_{r} = 10.87 \text{ min;}^{1}\text{H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_{3}):} \\ \delta = 7.66 \text{ (d, } J = 8.2 \text{ Hz, } 2\text{H, ArH}), 7.20 \text{ (d, } J = 8.2 \text{ Hz, } 2\text{H, ArH}), 3.84 \text{ (s, 3H, OCH_{3}), 2.37 (s, 3H, ArCH_{3}) ppm;}^{13}\text{C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_{3}):} \\ \delta = 166.4, 142.6, 129.4, 128.9, 127.2, 64.5, 21.6 \text{ ppm; IR (ATR): } \nu = 3212, 3025, 2969, 2935, 2815, 1643, 1484, 1303, 1149, 1037, 944, 879, 836, 790, 748 \text{ cm}^{-1}; \text{MS (70 eV, EI):} \\ m/z (\%): 165 (M^{+}, 22\%), 119 (100), 91 (42), 65 (13). \end{cases}$



N,4-dimethoxybenzamide:¹ White solid, R_f = 0.30 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 100.0-102.1 °C; t_r =12.29 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz; CDCl₃): δ = 7.73 (dd, J = 9.3, 2.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.92 (dd, J = 9.3, 2.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 3.86 (s, 3H, NHOCH₃), 3.84 (s, 3H, ArOCH₃) ppm;

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 166.2, 162.8, 129.1, 124.0, 114.1, 64.6, 55.6 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3170, 3000, 2958, 2838, 1643, 1492, 1299, 1253, 1153, 1052, 1014, 840, 671 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 181 (M⁺, 24%), 135 (100), 134 (10), 92 (11), 77 (15).



3,4-Diphenylisoquinolin-1(2*H***)-one (3a):³** White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.36 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 252.8-255.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 11.56 (s, 1H, NH), 8.32 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.70-7.60 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.60-7.50 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.30-7.20 (m, 8H, ArH), 7.20-7.10

(m, 3H, ArH) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 161.7, 138.5, 138.1, 135.8, 134.6, 132.5, 131.7, 129.8, 128.2 (2C), 127.7, 127.0, 126.8, 126.2, 125.0, 124.9, 115.5 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3155, 3023, 2888, 1643, 1608, 1346, 694 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 297 (M⁺, 100%), 296 (46), 278 (13), 165 (11).



4-Methyl-3-phenylisoquinolin-1(*2H*)**-one** (**3b**):⁴ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.30 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 208.6-210.2 °C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 11.26 (s, 1H, NH), 8.35-8.20 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.85-7.70 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.60-7.40 (m, 6H, ArH), 2.05 (s, 3H, CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz,

DMSO-d₆): δ = 161.4, 138.2, 137.8, 134.8, 132.5, 129.6, 128.6, 128.2, 126.9, 126.1, 125.4, 123.7, 107.1, 13.5 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3035, 2915, 1643, 1489. 1350, 1157, 759, 698 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 235 (M⁺, 100%), 234 (72), 216 (16), 77 (13).



(Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 153.5-154.8 °C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ= 8.79 (s, 1H, NH), 8.45-8.45 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.85-7.70 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.60-7.40 (m, 6H, ArH), 2.75-2.55 (m, 2H, CH₂(CH₂)₂CH₃), 1.60-1.50 (m, h-Bu 2H, CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃), 1.35-1.20 (m, 2H, (CH₂)₂CH₂CH₃), 0.90-0.75 (m, 3H, CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO): δ = 161.3, 138.2, 137.4, 135.0, 132.5, 129.3, 128.7, 128.3, 127.1, 126.0, 125.8, 123.7, 112.2, 32.2, 26.2, 22.1, 13.5 ppm; IR (ATR): v = 3162, 2950, 2873, 1643, 1612, 1469, 1157, 760 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m/z* (%): 277 (M⁺, 33%), 236 (19), 235 (100), 216 (17).



3,4-Diethylisoquinolin-1(2*H*)-one (3d):³ White solid, $R_{\rm f}=$ 0.40 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 177.9-178.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSOd₆): δ= 11.09 (s, 1H, NH), 8.25-8.15 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.75-7.65 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.50-7.40 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.75-2.65 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 2.60-2.50 (m, 2H,

4-Butyl-3-phenylisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (3c):³ White solid, $R_{\rm f}=0.36$

 CH_2CH_3 , 1.20-1.10 (m, 6H, $CH_2CH_3 + CH_2CH_3$) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d_6): δ = 161.8, 139.9, 137.6, 132.3, 127.0, 125.1, 122.9, 111.8, 23.2, 18.8, 15.0, 14.2 (one signal missing due to overlap) ppm; IR (ATR): v = 3162, 2965, 2923, 2857, 1639, 1469,894, 771, 694 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 201 (M⁺, 40%), 187 (14), 186 (100), 115 (11), 43 (20).



4-(Hvdroxymethyl)-3-phenylisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (3e):⁵ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.13 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. >280 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d_6): $\delta = 11.30$ (s, 1H, NH), 8.26 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.00 (d, J =

8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.85-7.75 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.65-7.45 (m, 6H, ArH), 4.97 HO (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H, OH), 4.40 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H, CH₂OH) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 161.7, 140.0, 137.8, 134.0, 132.4, 129.5, 129.0, 128.1, 126.7, 126.2, 125.5, 124.7, 111.8, 56.8 ppm; IR (ATR): *v* = 3343, 3178, 3054, 1646, 1488, 1446, 1346, 995, 759, 690 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m/z* (%): 251 (M⁺, 100%), 250 (19), 236 (13), 235 (67), 234 (10), 233 (18), 222 (18), 216 (18), 204 (11), 178 (11), 89 (10), 77 (12).



6-Chloro-3,4-diphenvlisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (3f):⁵ White solid, R_f= 0.43 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 269.1-271.3 °C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): *δ*= 11.73 (s, 1H, NH), 8.31 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.56 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.40-7.20 (m, 8H, ArH), 7.17 (dd, J =

7.6, 2.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.04 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO d_6): $\delta = 161.1, 140.3, 139.7, 137.6, 135.2, 134.2, 131.6, 129.8, 129.3, 128.4, 127.7, 127.4,$ 126.4, 123.8, 123.6, 114.5 (one signal missing due to overlap) ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3158$, 3023, 2938, 2900, 1643, 1596, 1446, 887, 775, 698 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 331 (M⁺, 100%), 330 (41), 295 (12), 267 (11), 163 (11).

6-Nitro-3,4-diphenylisoquinolin-1(2*H***)-one (3g):⁵** Orange-yellow solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.40 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 250.8-251.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6): δ = 12.02 (s, 1H, NH), 8.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.23 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.92 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.40-7.15 (m, 10H, ArH) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d_6): δ = 160.7,

149.9, 141.1, 138.8, 134.8, 133.9, 131.7, 129.8, 129.4, 128.7, 128.6, 127.8, 127.7, 120.1, 119.8, 115.3 (one signal missing due to overlap) ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3162, 3027, 2919, 1654, 1519, 1342, 902, 698 \text{ cm}^{-1}$; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 342 (M⁺, 100%), 295 (13), 268 (11), 267 (10), 190 (12), 165 (13), 43 (32).



6-Methyl-3,4-diphenylisoquinolin-1(2*H*)-one (3h):³ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.30 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 276.8-279.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 11.45 (s, 1H, NH), 8.21 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.34 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.30-7.25 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.25-7.20

(m, 5H, ArH), 7.20-7.10 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.92 (s, 1H, ArH), 2.31 (s, 3H, CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 161.6, 142.5, 138.7, 138.2, 135.9, 134.7, 131.8, 129.8, 128.2, 128.2, 127.8, 127.7, 127.1, 126.9, 124.5, 122.9, 115.3, 21.6 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3166, 3023, 2857, 1639, 1619, 1488, 1149, 694 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 311 (M⁺, 100%), 310 (47).



6-Methoxy-3,4-diphenylisoquinolin-1(*2H*)-one (3i):⁵ White solid, R_f = 0.27 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. >225 °C (decomp.); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 11.38 (s, 1H, NH), 8.25 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.40-7.10 (m, 11H, ArH), 6.51 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.67

(s, 3H, OCH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 162.3, 161.4, 140.1, 139.2, 135.9, 134.6, 131.7, 129.8, 129.2, 128.3, 128.2, 127.7, 127.1, 118.9, 115.1, 114.6, 107.2, 55.2 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3120, 3023, 2923, 2857, 1639, 1608, 1488, 1454, 1272, 1218, 1029, 694 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 327 (M⁺, 100%).



Methyl (*E*)-3-(2-carbamoylphenyl)acrylate (5a):⁶ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.13 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 153.0-155.2 °C; t_r =14.69 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 8.00-7.95 (m, 2H, *H*C=CHCO₂Me + NH), 7.95-7.85 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.70-7.55 (m, 1H, NH), 7.55-7.40 (m,

3H, ArH), 6.59 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, HC=CHCO₂Me), 3.72 (s, 1H, CO₂CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 170.1$, 166.6, 142.3, 138.1, 131.5, 129.9, 129.8, 127.6, 126.8, 119.0, 51.6 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3378$, 3197, 1693, 1654, 1623, 1388, 1299, 1253, 1207, 1033, 979, 759 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 205 (M⁺, 14%), 177 (12), 146 (15), 145 (24), 132 (100), 104 (12).



tert-Butyl (*E*)-3-(2-carbamoylphenyl)acrylate (**5b**):⁶ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.16 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 131-6-132.8 °C; t_r =15.79 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 8.00-7.80 (m, 3H, NH + *H*C=CHCO₂*t*-Bu + ArH), 7.59 (s, 1H, NH), 7.50-7.40 (m, 3H, ArH),

6.47 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, HC=CHCO₂t-Bu), 1.48 (s, 9H, CO₂C(CH₃)₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 170.1, 165.5, 141.3, 138.0, 131.6, 129.7 (2C), 127.5, 126.7, 120.9, 80.0, 27.8 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3370, 3181, 2977, 2931, 1704, 1639, 1145, 975, 759 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 247 (M⁺, 0.3%), 147 (14), 146 (100), 57 (10).

(*E*)-2-(2-Cyanovinyl)benzamide (5c):⁷ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.40 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/4); m.p. 163.0-164.3 °C; t_r =14.56 min; ¹H NMR (400

^{CN} MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 8.02 (s, 1H, NH), 7.85 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H, HC=CHCN), 7.85-7.80 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.63 (s, 1H, NH), 7.60-7.50 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.42 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H, HC=CHCN) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 169.6, 148.5, 136.8, 131.6, 130.5, 130.1, 127.9, 126.4, 118.7, 98.2 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3367, 3174, 2923, 2857, 2213, 1627, 1403, 1130, 964, 755, 663 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 205 (M⁺ - 2, 2%), 132 (100), 77 (12).



3-(2-oxopropyl)isoindolin-1-one (6a):⁸ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.37 (AcOEt); m.p. 132.5-134.0 °C; t_r =14.59 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 8.53 (s, 1H, NH), 7.64 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.0-7.50 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.47 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H, ArH), 4.95-4.90 (m, 1H, CHCH₂COCH₃), 3.08 (dd, J = 17.5, 5.1 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂COCH₃), 2.73 (dd, J = 17.5, 7.9 Hz, 1H,

CHC*H*₂COC*H*₃), 2.15 (s, 3H, CHCH₂COC*H*₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 206.4, 169.1, 147.3, 132.2, 131.6, 128.1, 123.1, 122.8, 51.9, 47.9, 30.2 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3193, 3077, 2919, 2857, 1700, 1357, 1160, 736 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m/z* (%): 189 (M⁺, 38%), 161 (10), 160 (25), 146 (86), 132 (100), 104 (16), 77 (21).



(*E*)-2-(2-(Phenylsulfonyl)vinyl)benzamide + 3-((phenylsulfonyl)methyl)isoindolin-1-one (5d + 6b): White solid, R_f = 0.43 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/4); t_r =19.68 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSOd₆) – an equilibrium between the acyclic and cyclic (aprox. 2:1) compounds was found: δ = 8.35 (s, 1H, NH), 8.05 (s, 2H, NH₂), 8.01 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 2H, *H*C=CHSO₂Ph), 7.95-7.90 (m, 7H, ArH), 7.90-7.85 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.80-7.70 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.65-7.60 (m, 11H, ArH), 7.57

(d, J = 15.4 Hz, 2H, HC=CHSO₂Ph), 7.60-7.55 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.50-7.45 (m, 6H, ArH), 4.90 (dd, J = 7.8, 3.9 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂SO₂Ph), 4.07 (dd, J = 14.4, 4.1 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂SO₂Ph), 3.80-3.60 (m, 1H, CHCH₂SO₂Ph) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 169.7$, 169.0, 144.8, 140.6, 139.9, 139.3, 138.1, 134.0, 133.6, 131.9, 131.7, 130.6, 130.0, 129.9, 129.6, 129.5, 128.9, 128.6, 127.8, 127.8, 127.5, 127.1, 123.7, 122.9, 58.2, 50.8 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3397, 3232, 3062, 2989, 2935, 1704, 1295, 1141, 728 \text{ cm}^{-1}$; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 145 (M⁺ - SO₂Ph, 100%), 132 (47), 77 (21). HRMS (QTOF) calculated for M⁺ -SO₂Ph 146.0606, found 145.9801.



2-phenoxyisoindoline-1,3-dione:⁹ White solid, $R_{\rm f}=0.37$ (Hexane / AcOEt 4/1); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.90 (dt, *J* = 7.1, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.85 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.34 (tdd, *J* = 13.8, 8.2, 5.7 Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.10 (m, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 162.9, 158.9, 134.9,

129.8, 128.7, 124.6, 123.9, 114.7 ppm.



N-phenoxyacetamide:⁹ White solid, ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 11.69 (s, 1H, NHAc), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.01 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, ArH), 1.92 (s, 3H, COMe) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 167.4, 159.6, 134.5, 130.2, 129.5, 122.9, 122.3, 112.9, 19.5 ppm.

2,3-diphenylbenzofuran (8a):⁹ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.55 (Hexane); m.p. 110-114 °C; $t_r = 17.26$ min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 7.72 - 7.60$ (m, 2H), 7.57 – 7.36 (m, 7H), 7.39 – 7.18 (m, 5H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl3) δ = 154., 150.6, 132.9, 130.8, 130.4, 129.9, 129.1, 128.6, 128.5, 127.8, 127.2, 124.8, 123.0, 120.2, 117.6, 111.2 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2923$, 2858, 1709, 1508, 1457 cm⁻ ¹, MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 270 (M+, 100%), 239 (24).



2-(3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-vl)acetonitrile (10a):¹⁰ White solid, $R_f = 0.40$ (Hexane/AcOEt 1/4); m.p. 110-114 °C ; $t_r = 13.25$ min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.00 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.80 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.75 – 7.55 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.80 – 5.55 (m, 1H, CHCH₂CN),

3.13 (dd, J = 16.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CN), 2.96 (dd, J = 16.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CN) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 168.8, 146.7, 134.9, 130.7, 126.54, 125.9, 122.3, 114.8, 74.7, 24.0 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2923$, 2854, 2360, 1762, 1053, 744 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m/z* (%): 173 (M⁺, 5%), 133 (100), 105 (16), 77 (12).



3-(2-oxopropyl)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (10b):¹¹ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.57 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 190-192 °C; $t_r = 14.45$ min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.92 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.69 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.60 - 7.45 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.96 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H,

CHCH₂COCH₃), 3.16 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 6.7 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂COCH₃), 2.93 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 6.4 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂COCH₃), 2.29 (s, 3H, CHCH₂COCH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 204.7, 170.2, 149.5, 134.4, 129.6, 125.9, 122.5, 77.4, 48.3, 30.8 ppm; IR (ATR): v = 2923, 2854, 1759, 1716, 748 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 190 (M+, 17%), 175 (10), 147 (100), 129 (17), 105 (38), 77 (27), 51 (11).



methyl 2-(3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)acetate + (E)-2-(3methoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)benzoic acid (10c + 11c): ¹² Yellowish oil; R_f = 0.60 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); t_r = 14.72 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) an equilibrium between the acyclic and cyclic (aprox. 2:1) compounds was found: δ = 8.70 (d, J = 16.3 Hz, 3H), 7.92 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 3H), 7.75 – 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 3H), 5.89 (dt, J = 9.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CO₂CH₃), 3.84 (s, 8H), 3.77 (s, 3H, CHCH₂CO₂CH₃), 2.93 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CO₂CH₃), 2.91 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H,

CHC*H*₂CO₂CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 170.0, 169.8, 169.6, 168.9, 166.7, 149.7, 148.7, 137.5, 134.9, 134.4, 129.6, 126.7, 125.8, 123.1, 122.6, 122.1, 76.1, 52.29, 52.2, 52.01, 39.3, 39.2 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 2954, 2923, 2850, 1747 (broad signal), 1643, 1007, 733 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m*/*z* (%): 206 (M⁺, 11%), 146 (100), 133 (85), 105 (34), 77 (20), 51 (7).



2-(6-nitro-3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)acetonitrile (10d): Yellowish solid; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.63 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 200-203 °C; t_r = 15.60 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.53 (dd, J = 10.0, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.18 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 5.80 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H,

CHCH₂CN), 3.16 (dd, J = 5.5, 3.0 Hz, 2H, CHCH₂CN) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 166.2$, 151.9, 147.3, 127.8, 126.2, 117.9, 74.6, 29.7, 23.7 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2950$, 2920, 2854, 2360, 1755, 1645, 1543, 1369 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 167 (4%), 149 (100), 104 (6), 57 (10). HRMS (QTOF) calculated for M⁺ -CH₂CN 178.0140, found 178.0182.



2-(6-chloro-3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)acetonitrile (10e):¹⁰ White solid; R_f = 0.66 (Hexane/AcOEt 3/2); m.p. 204-206°C; t_r = 15.43 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.91 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.75 – 7.55 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.70 – 5.55 (m, 1H, CHCH₂CN), 3.11

(dd, J = 16.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CN), 2.97 (dd, J = 16.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CN) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 167.5$, 148.0, 141.8, 131.4, 127.5, 124.2, 122.6, 114.3, 74.0, 23.7 ppm; ; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2958$, 2920, 2360, 1747, 1049, 802 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 209 (M⁺+2, <10%), 207 (M⁺, 11%), 169 (34), 167 (100), 139 (12), 111 (10).



2-(6-methoxy-3-oxo-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-yl)acetonitrile

(10e):¹⁰ White solid; R_f = 0.33 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 155-157 °C; t_r = 15.95 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.86 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.20 - 7.05 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.58 (dd, J = 7.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H,

CHCH₂CN), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.09 (dd, J = 16.8, 5.1 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CN), 2.91 (dd, J = 16.7, 7.1 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CN) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 168.6$, 165.4, 149.6, 128.01,

117.8 (2C), 115.0, 106.4, 74.0, 56.2, 24.0 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2958$, 2923, 2360, 1739, 1604, 1257, 798 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 203 (M⁺, 23%), 163 (100), 92 (6), 63 (6).



3,4-diphenyl-1H-isochromen-1-one (12a):¹³ White solid, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.60 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); m.p. 170-172 °C ; t_r =18.70 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.41 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.70 – 7.60 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.60 – 7.50 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.41 (dt, J = 4.7, 2.3 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.40 – 7.30

(m, 2H, ArH), 7.30 – 7.15 (m, 6H, ArH) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 162.4, 151.0, 138.9, 134.8, 134.4, 133.0, 131.3, 129.67, 129.3, 129.2, 129.1, 128.2, 127.9, 125.5, 120.5, 117.0 ppm (some signals missing due to overlap); IR (ATR): ν = 2920, 2854, 1724, 1608, 1554, 910, 763, 690 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 298 (M⁺, 100%), 270 (25), 221 (26), 165 (22), 105 (34), 77 (19).



3,4-diethyl-1H-isochromen-1-one (12b):¹³ Yellowish oil; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.57 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); t_r =13.84 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.32 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.75 (ddd, J = 8.4, 7.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.60 – 7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 2.64 (tt, J = 7.5, 6.3 Hz, 4H, CH₂CH₃ (x2)), 1.29

(t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃), 1.21 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 163.1, 154.9, 137.8, 134.6, 129.9, 127.1, 122.5, 120.8, 113.1, 24.1, 19.3, 14.3, 12.5 ppm; IR (ATR): <math>\nu = 2974, 2931, 2885, 1720, 1608, 771 \text{ cm}^{-1}$; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 202 (M+, 100%); 187 (91), 159 (9), 131 (70), 115 (46), 91 (21), 57 (8).

3,4-dibutyl-1H-isochromen-1-one (12c):¹⁴ colorless oil; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.67 (Hexane/AcOEt 9/1); t_r = 15.96 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.47 - 8.21 (m, 1H), 7.73 (ddd, J = 8.6, 7.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (ddd, J = 12.1, 8.9, 4.6 Hz, 2H), 2.74 - 2.41 (m, 3H), 1.81 - 1.59 (m, 3H), 1.61 -

12.1, 8.9, 4.0 Hz, 211), 2.74 – 2.41 (III, 311), 1.81 – 1.39 (III, 311), 1.01 – 1.31 (m, 6H), 1.08 – 0.89 (m, 6H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 163.0, 154.2, 138.0, 134.5, 129.8, 127.0, 122.6, 120.8, 112.2, 31.8, 30.6, 30.00, 25.9, 22.9, 22.5, 13.9, 13.9 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 2954, 2935, 2866, 1724, 1462 cm⁻¹; ; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 258 (M⁺, 74%), 215 (56), 173 (100), 131 (37).



'n-Bu

4-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-isochromen-1-one (**12d**):¹⁵ White solid; R_f = 0.47 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); t_r = 16.70 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.38 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.86 – 7.77 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.68 – 7.56 (m, 4H), 7.48 (dddd, J = 10.5, 9.3, 6.8, 5.4 Hz, 3H, ArH), 2.32 (s, 3H, CH₃)

ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 162.7, 151.3, 138.9, 134.9, 133.5, 133.3, 129.6, 129.5, 128.4, 123.5, 120.9, 109.3, 13.7 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 2947, 2923, 2862, 1712, 1565 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m/z* (%): 236 (M+, 96%), 208 (100), 178 (18), 105 (26), 77 (36).



4-butyl-3-phenyl-1H-isochromen-1-one (12e):¹⁵ Yellowish solid; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.67 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); t_r = 17.87 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.39 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.84 – 7.77 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.65 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.60 – 7.51 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 3H, ArH), 2.73 – 2.63 (m, 2H, CCH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃), 1.64 (ddd, J = 9.7, 7.7, 4.8 Hz,

2H,CCH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃), 1.37 (dd, J = 14.8, 7.4 Hz, 2H, CCH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃), 0.89 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H, CCH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃).¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 162.6$, 151.6, 138.0, 134.8, 133.6, 130.1, 129.9, 129.5, 129.2, 128.6, 128.5, 127.9, 123.6, 121.41, 114.2, 32.3, 26.7, 22.8, 13.9 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3058$, 2950, 2862, 1708, 1608, 1488 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 278 (M⁺, 75%), 235 (73), 207 (100), 178 (47), 105 (13), 77 (20).



6-chloro-3,4-diethyl-1H-isochromen-1-one (**12f**):¹⁶ White solid; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.50 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); t_r = 13.60 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.24 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.50 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.62 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 4H, CH₂CH₃ x2),

1.28 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃), 1.20 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 162.4$, 156.6, 141.7, 139.4, 131.7, 127.7, 122.5, 119.2, 112.6, 24.3, 19.4, 14.3, 12.6 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2974$, 2931, 1720, 1593, 783 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 238 (M⁺+2, 28%), 236 (M⁺, 84), 223 (34), 221 (100), 165 (44), 115 (38).



3,4-diethyl-6-methoxy-1H-isochromen-1-one (12g):¹³ Yellowish solid; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.37 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); t_r = 14.43 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.22 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.02 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.93 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.94 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.61

 $(dq, J = 11.4, 3.8 Hz, 4H, CH_2CH_3 x2), 1.27 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H, CH_2CH_3), 1.20 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H, CH_2CH_3) ppm; {}^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) \delta = 165.2, 164.2, 155.7, 140.4, 132.4, 122.8, 118.9, 114.9, 113.7, 106.0, 55.8, 24.2, 19.5, 14.2, 12.5 ppm; IR (ATR): <math>\nu = 2977$, 2943, 1693, 1492, 1072 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 232 (M⁺, 97%), 217 (100), 175 (25), 161 (45).



(*E*)-3-(2-cyanovinyl)thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (14a):¹⁷ White solid; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0,67 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); t_r = 9.84 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.53 (dd, J = 2.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.47 – 7.33 (m, 2H, ArH and CHCHCN), 7.33 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 5.72 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H, CHCHCN) ppm;

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 143.9, 136.7, 128.6, 127.7, 124.2, 118.3, 95.7, 29.7 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 2924, 2862, 1736 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%):135 (M⁺-CO₂, 100%), 108 (28), 84 (18).



(*E*)-3-(3-methoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (14b): Yellowish solid, R_f = 0.60 (Hexane/AcOEt 3/2); m.p. 68-70 °C ; t_r =10.52 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.68 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Me), 7.55 – 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.33 (tdd, J = 6.3, 4.3, 2.1 Hz, 2H), 6.27 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Me), 3.80 (s, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR

(75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 167.7, 138.3, 137.5, 128.1, 126.9, 125.1, 117.4, 51.7 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 3089, 1720, 1645, 1530 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 168 (M⁺-CO₂, 70%), 137 (100), 109 (47). HRMS (QTOF) calculated for M⁺-CO₂ 167.0167, found 167.9067.



(*E*)-3-(3-oxobut-1-en-1-yl)thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (14c): yellowish solid, R_f =0.67 (Hexane/AcOEt 1/1); m.p. 65-67 °C; t_r = 10.34 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.56 – 7.48 (m, 2H, ArH + CHCHCOMe), 7.36 (ddd, J = 5.1, 2.9, 0.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.32 (d, J = 0.9

Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.55 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H, CHCHCOMe), 2.36 (s, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 198.8$, 137.8, 137.0, 128.8, 127.3, 127.1, 125.3, 27.6 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3089$, 2919, 2857, 1712, 1658, 1511 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 152 (M⁺-CO₂, 62%), 137 (100), 109 (59). HRMS (QTOF) calculated for M⁺-CO₂ 152.0218, found 152.8318.



|| 0 **4-(2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl)butan-2-one** (16):¹⁷ Yellowish oil, R_f = 0.50 (Hexane/AcOEt 3/2); t_r = 13.29 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.72 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.60 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.36 – 7.25 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.45 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.77 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H,

CH₂CH₂COMe), 2.64 − 2.55 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂COMe), 2.04 (s, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 208.2, 140.4, 139.5, 137.4, 130.7, 129.1, 127.2, 126.8, 120.6, 106.7, 44.4, 29.9, 25.9 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 2931, 1708, 1512 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): *m*/*z* (%): 214 (M⁺, 10%), 171 (100).

(*E*)-4-(2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl)but-3-en-2-one (17a): yelowish oil, $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.49 (Hexane/AcOEt 3/2); t_r = 14.169 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.85 – 7.69 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.59 – 7.42 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.69 – 6.52 (m, 2H, CHCHCOCH₃), 2.29 (s, 1H, CHCHCOCH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR

(101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 198.6, 141.5, 140.1, 139.4, 130.9, 130.3, 129.6, 128.7, 127.8, 126.3, 107.6, 27.2 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 2924, 2854, 1670, 1500 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 212 (M+, 10%), 169 (100); HRMS (QTOF) calculated for M⁺ 212.0950, found 212.1950.

(*E*)-3-(2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl)acrylonitrile (17b):¹⁸ yellowish oil; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.29 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); t_r = 13.95 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.80 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.65 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.59 – 7.41 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.36 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H, CHCHCN), 5.82 (d, J = 16.7 Hz, 1H, CHCHCN) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 146.5$, 141.7, 139.3, 131.7, 129.4, 128.9, 127.1, 126.5, 117.9, 107.9, 98.9 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2360$, 2318, 2213, 1511 729 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 195 (M⁺, 60%), 194 (100), 169 (49), 140 (16).



Dimethyl3,3'-(2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-1,3-phenylene)(2E,2'E)-diacrylate (18a): yellowish solid, $R_f=$ 0.50 (Hexane/AcOEt 7/3); m.p. 48-50 °C ; t_r =18.03 min;¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.85 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H,

ArH), 7.74 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.60 – 7.45 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.11 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 2H, CHCHCO₂Me x2), 6.62 – 6.52 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.29 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 2H, CHCHCO₂Me x2), 3.73 (s, 6H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 166.7$, 141.6, 138.9, 138.7, 133.7, 132.9, 129.8 (2C), 128.7(2C), 121.6, 107.6, 51.9 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 3080$, 2924, 2854, 1701, 1631, 1500 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 312 (M⁺, <10%), 253 (100), 193 (75). HRMS (QTOF) calculated for M⁺ 312.1115, found 312.1108.



Dibutyl 3,3'-(2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-1,3phenylene)(2*E*,2'*E*)-diacrylate (18b):¹⁸ yellowish solid; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.35 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); m.p. 52-54 °C ; t_r = 24.95 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.84 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H,

ArH), 7.76 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.59 – 7.48 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.10 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H, CHCHCO₂Bu x2), 6.56 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.32 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H, CHCHCO₂Bu x2), 4.14 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 4H, CO₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃ x2), 1.68 – 1.56 (m, 4H, CO₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃ x2), 0.94 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 6H, CO₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃ x2) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 166.3, 141.5, 138.7, 133.0, 129.7, 128.4, 121.9, 107.4, 64.6, 30.7, 19.2, 13.8 ppm; IR (ATR): ν = 2954, 2873, 1712, 1635, 1512 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 396 (M⁺, <10%), 295 (100), 239 (10), 193 (12).



Methyl (*E***)-3-(2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (17c):¹⁹** colorless solid; $R_{\rm f}$ = 0.45 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); m.p. 45-48 °C ; t_r = 14.41 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.80 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.72 (d, J= 7.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.65 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.60 (d, J = 16.0

Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Me), 7.55 – 7.41 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.52 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.38 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Me), 3.77 (s, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 167.0$, 141.4, 140.4, 139.8, 131.6, 130.8, 130.1, 128.7, 127.9, 126.4, 120.5, 107.5, 51.9 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2954$, 2919, 1701, 1516 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 228 (M+, <10%), 169 (100).



Butyl (*E*)-3-(2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl)acrylate (17d):¹⁸ cololess oil; R_f = 0.50 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); t_r = 16.15 min; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.78 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.64 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.60 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Bu), 7.52 - 7.41 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.50 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.39 (d, *J* =

16.0 Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Bu), 4.16 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H, CO₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃), 1.70 – 1.57 (m, 2H, CO₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃), 1.46 – 1.33 (m, 2H, CO₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃), 0.94 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H, CO₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 141.2, 139.9, 130.6, 128.5, 127.6, 126.2, 1209, 107.2, 64.5, 30.7, 19.2, 13.7 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2958$, 1709, 1509 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 270 (M⁺, <10%), 169 (100).

Methyl (E)-3-(2-((1H-pyrazol-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)acrylate (17e):²⁰ white solid, R_f = 0.50 (Hexane/AcOEt 4/1); m.p. 58-60 °C; t_r = 15.10 min; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.98 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Me), ^{CO₂Me 7.65 - 7.52 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.39 - 7.30 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.11 - 7.02 (m, 1H,}

ArH), 6.36 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H, CHCHCO₂Me), 6.29 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 5.49 (s, 2H, NCH₂), 3.81 (s, 3H, CO₂CH₃) ppm; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 167.1$, 140.9, 139.8, 135.4, 133.3, 130.6, 129.6, 129.5, 128.8, 127.2, 120.9, 106.3, 53.3, 51.9 ppm; IR (ATR): $\nu = 2943$, 2854, 1709, 1511 cm⁻¹; MS (70 eV, EI): m/z (%): 242 (M⁺, 30%), 183 (100), 169 (37), 115 (76).

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IV. Copies of ¹H and ¹³C NMR



























S30




















































¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)











¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)









¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)























¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)










¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)







¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)











¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)















¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)









¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)















¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)









S91





S93



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)











¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)











¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)







¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)







¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)







¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)






V. Gram scale experiment



 ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



VI. Studies of compound 3i

Crude of the reaction after 16 hours



to

Crude of the reaction after 48 hours





The rest of the signals correspond to diphenylacetylene, and the aromatic rings presented in all the compounds