Electronic Supplementary Information for

Solvent-Free Aerobic Photocatalytic Oxidation of Alcohols to Aldehydes over ZnO/C₃N₄

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1. TABLES

Table S1 The textural properties of catalysis						
Catalysts	BET surface area	BJH pore cumulative				
	(m^2/g)	average pore	volume ($\times 10^3 \text{cm}^3/\text{g}$)			
		diameter (nm)				
ZnO-C	45	1.01	8.0			
ZnO-A	11	1.0	2.6			
ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -500	36	1.2	7.8			
ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -600	41	1.2	8.6			
ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -700	12	0.51	1.0			
ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -800	10	0.36	0.6			

Table S1 The textural properties of catalysts

Table S2 The effects of the ZnO loading on the catalytic performance

	Table 52 The effects of the 2no folding on the entrytic performance						
Entry	Catalyst	Catalyst Catalyst Time Conversion		Conversion (%)	Fr ^a		
		loading (mg)	(h)		$(\mu mol \cdot g^{-1} \cdot h^{-1})$		
1	ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -600-2.6%	100	12	68.7	11450		
2	ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -600-5.5%	100	12	74.6	12433		
3	ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -600-7.8%	100	12	73.1	12183		
4	ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -600-10.4%	100	12	73.3	12216		

Reaction conditions: catalyst 100 mg, benzyl alcohol 20 mmol, 25 °C, 0.1 MPa O₂, light source (λ =400-405 nm) stirred speed 1500 rpm. ^a Formation rate (Fr) = μ mol_{BAD}·g_{catalyst}⁻¹·h_{reaction time}⁻¹.

Catalysts	Benzyl alcohol	Solvent	Oxidant	Catalyst loading	Light source	Tem	Tim e	Conv . (%)	Sel.	Fr (×µmol·g⁻¹·h⁻¹)	Ref.
1%Pd/H ₂ Ti ₃ O ₇	(mmol) 96.2	-	0.1 MPa O ₂	$\frac{(mg)}{100}$	Halogen lamp (150	<u>(°C)</u> 90	<u>(n)</u> 6	89	<u>(%)</u> 69	98318	[1]
2 5 1			- 2		W)						
Ir/TiO ₂ -p	300	-	0.1 MPa O ₂	300	Hg lamp (315 – 420	80	6	11	78	17203	[2]
Pd/TiO ₂ (B)	96.2	-	0.1 MPa O ₂	100	nm) Halogen lamp (150 W)	90	4	82	69.7	2016	[3]
Cu/Nb ₂ O ₅	96.2	-	0.1 MPa O ₂	100	Hg lamp (500 W)	RT	24	36	99	14286	[4]
Pt-TiO ₂	0.05	-	0.5 mL/min O_2	50	λ= 366 nm	RT	1	71	62	440	[5]
50% CAO/CdS	0.57	Benzotrifluoride	0.1 MPa O ₂	100	$\lambda > 420 \text{ nm}$	80	4	52.1	99	735	[6]
mp-CN	0.1	Acetonitrile	0.1 MPa O ₂	20	$\lambda > 420 \text{ nm}$	RT	8	70	99	438	[7]
CsPbCl ₃ /W ₁₈ O ₄₉	1	Hexane	0.1 MPa O ₂	10	Xe lamp (150 W)	RT	7	40	99	5714	[8]
0.5 mol% Zr ₆ -	0.05	Dimethylsulfoxide	0.1 MPa O ₂	10	350-700 nm (13.9 W)	RT	48	80	98	83	[9]
Cu/Fe-1 MOF											
CdS/NiAl-LDH	0.2	H_2O	0.1 MPa Air	1	$\lambda > 400 \text{ nm}$	RT	3	99	99	22000	[10]
W ₁₈ O ₄₉ /HU-CNS	0.1	H_2O	0.1 MPa O ₂	20	Xe lamp (150 W)	RT	1	39.8	99	1990	[11]
TiO ₂ /Ti ₃ C- 550	0.02	Hexane	0.1 MPa O ₂	30	UV–vis light	15	5	97	98	13	[12]
					irradiation						
CNNA (0.9)	1	Acetonitrile	0.1 MPa O ₂	20	Xe lamp (300 W)	RT	9	68.3	100	3794	[13]
CdS-CD	1	H_2O	0.1 MPa Air	1 µM	LED λ =450 nm	RT	180	77.1	98	0.5	[14]
La/NiWO ₄	0.51	Ethanol	Tert-butyl	4.5	Bule LED light (3 W)	RT	12	90	99	833	[15]
			hydroperoxide								
thioxanthene-9-	0.2	Dimethylsulfoxide	0.1 MPa Air	8.5	Bule household lamps	RT	14	82	99	1378	[16]
one					irradiation $(2 \times 80 \text{ W})$						
Agl/BiVO ₄	1	H_2O	0.1 MPa O_2	15	White LED (16 W)	RT	12	48	99	2667	[17]
mpg-CN	0.8	H_2O	0.8 MPa O_2	50	λ>420 nm	60	3	10	99	533	[18]
BiVO ₄ /g-C ₃ N ₄	0.35	Acetonitrile	0.1 MPa O ₂	20	Hg Lamp (250 W)	25	16	68.1	65.5	687	[19]
ZnS-Ni _x S _y	0.5	H_2O	0.1 MP O ₂	50	$\lambda > 200 \text{ nm}$	RT	3	42.1	90.5	2943	[20]
$ZnO/C_{3}N_{4}-600$	20	-	0.1 MPa O ₂	100	10 W, λ=400-405 nm	RT	20	88.3	>99	8883	This work
ZnO/C ₃ N ₄ -600 ^a	20	-	0.1 MPa O ₂	100	10 W, λ=400-405 nm	RT	12	99.8	>99	16633	This work

 Table S3 Photocatalytic oxidation of benzyl alcohol to benzaldehyde over different catalysts.

^a 1 mmol EDTA-2Na.

Table S4 The amount of generated water and benzaldehyde					
Benzvl alcohol	Conversion	Generated water	Water/Benzaldehyde		
	(%)	(mmol)	(mmol/mmol)		
20.027 mmol	98.9	19.389	0.968/1		

Reaction conditions: benzyl alcohol 20.167 g (20.027 mmol), ZnO/C₃N₄-600 100 mg, blue light (10 W, λ =400-405 nm), 1500 rpm, room temperature, 12 h, 2 mmol phenol as hole scavenger.

After the reaction, the catalyst is removed by centrifugation. In the process of centrifugation, dichloromethane is used to wash the catalyst several times, and the washing solution is collected. 2.0227 g of anhydrous sodium sulfate was added in the obtained solution. After it was stirred for 5 minutes, the solution was transferred to the 50 mL volumetric flask and set the volume. The concentration of benzyl alcohol and benzaldehyde can be determined by the HPLC to calculate the amount of the yield benzaldehyde and the conversion of benzyl alcohol. Solid sodium sulfate was weighed to determine the generated water.

2. FIGURES



Figure S1 The MS of benzaldehyde product detected by GC-MS.



- 0.00

Figure S2 NMR spectra of benzaldehyde



Figure S3 SEM images of (a) ZnO/C₃N₄-800, (b) ZnO/C₃N₄-700, (c) ZnO/C₃N₄-600, (d) ZnO/C₃N₄-500, (e) ZnO-C, (f) ZnO-A.



 $\label{eq:Figure S4} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Figure S4} The \ N_2 \ adsorption/desorption \ isotherms \ of the (a) \ ZnO/C_3N_4-800, (b) \ ZnO/C_3N_4-700, (c) \ ZnO/C_3N_4-600, (d) \ ZnO/C_3N_4-500, (e) \ ZnO-C, (f) \ ZnO-A. \end{array}$



Figure S5 XRD patterns of fresh and used ZnO/C $_3N_4$ -600



Figure S6 FT-IR spectra of fresh and used ZnO/C_3N_4 -600



Figure S7 TEM images and the EDX mapping images of used ZnO/C $_3N_4$ -600 catalyst.



Figure S8 XPS spectra of used ZnO/C₃N₄-600 catalyst.



Figure S9. Scheme of the heterojunction type of ZnO/C₃N₄ photocatalysts.

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3. NMR DATA

2-Methylbenzaldehyde



220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 fl (ppm)

¹³C NMR spectrogram of 2-methylbenzaldehyde

3-Methylbenzaldehyde



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 3-methylbenzaldehyde

4-Methylbenzaldehyde

СНО



¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.97 (s, 1H), 7.85 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.39 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 191.86, 145.48, 134.30, 129.69, 21.82.



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-methylbenzaldehyde

2-Methoxybenzaldehyde





S15

3-Methoxybenzaldehyde



¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 9.98 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 192.13, 160.17, 137.82, 130.04, 123.51, 121.49, 112.08, 55.45.



¹H NMR spectrogram of 3-methoxybenzaldehyde

192.13	160.17	137.82 130.04 123.51 121.49	112.08
I	I	1 1 1 1	







220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 fl (ppm)

¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-methoxybenzaldehyde

3- Hydroxybenzaldehyde





2.0 11.5 11.0 10.5 10.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0 fl (ppm)





210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 fl (ppm)

¹³C NMR spectrogram of 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde











¹H NMR spectrogram of 4-tert-butylbenzaldehyde



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-tert-nutylbenzaldehyde



¹H NMR spectrogram of 3-methoxy-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 3-methoxy-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde





4-Fluorobenzaldehyde









2-Chlorobenzaldehyde

CHO CI ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 10.49 (s, 1H), 7.93 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 190.22, 138.33, 135.52, 132.85, 131.00, 129.77, 127.68.



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 2-chlorobenzaldehyde

3-Chlorobenzaldehyde





4-Chlorobenzaldehyde



¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.98 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 190.84, 140.90, 134.72, 130.89, 129.43.

L 7.83 L 7.82 T 7.51 T 7.50 T 7.29

- 9.98



¹H NMR spectrogram of 4-chlorobenzaldehyde



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 $_{fl}^{c}$ (ppm)

¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-chlorobenzaldehyde



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¹³C NMR spectrogram of 3-bromobenzaldehyde

4-Iodobenzaldehyde



¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 9.96 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 191.42, 138.43, 135.58, 130.82, 102.84.

 $\chi^{7.93}_{7.92}$ $\chi^{7.92}_{7.50}$ $\chi^{7.50}_{7.26}$

- 9.96



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 ¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-iodobenzaldehyde





210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 fl (ppm)

¹³C NMR spectrogram of 3-trifluoromethyl Benzaldehyde

2-Aminobenzaldehyde

 $^{1}H \ \textbf{NMR} \ \textbf{(400 MHz, Chloroform-d)} \ \delta \ 9.87 \ (s, \ 1H), \ 7.52 - 7.44 \ (m, \ 1H), \ 7.35 - 7.24$ СНО (m, 1H), 6.74 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.09 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 **MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 194.00, 149.90, 135.68, 135.14, 118.95, 116.40, 116.02. NH_2



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 2-aminobenzaldehyde

2-Nitrobenzaldehyde



¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 10.44 (s, 1H), 8.32 – 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.89 – 7.62 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 188.00, 149.66, 133.99, 133.63, 131.39, 129.61, 124.45.





¹³C NMR spectrogram of 2-nitrobenzaldehyde





4-Pyridineformaldehyde



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-pyridineformaldehyde

3-Indolealdehyde



¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 10.08 (s, 1H), 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.33 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.28 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 185.42, 138.92, 137.55, 124.61, 123.92, 122.58, 121.30, 118.65, 112.89.





4-Quinolineformaldehyde



¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 10.53 (s, 1H), 9.22 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 9.04 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.90 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.75 (ddd, *J* = 8.3, 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 192.88, 150.46, 149.28, 136.78, 130.21, 130.05, 129.41, 125.82, 124.44, 123.89.

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210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 fl (ppm)

¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-quinolineformaldehyde

4-Thiopheneformaldehyde



¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 9.95 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 4.2 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H).¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 183.01, 144.06, 136.33, 135.14, 128.34.



²¹⁰ 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 ¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-thiopheneformaldehyde



2-Furaldehyde



- 7.71 - 7.27 - 6.61



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 fl (ppm)

¹³C NMR spectrogram of 2-furaldehyde

4-Methylfurfural



¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.51 (s, 1H), 7.17 (s, 13H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 22H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 176.70, 159.61, 151.85, 109.31, 13.86.



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-methylfurfural









¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.87 (s, 2H), 7.34 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 179.20, 154.24, 119.20.



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 ¹³C NMR spectrogram of 2, 5-diformylfuran

0 -10





210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 ¹³C NMR spectrogram of 2, 5-diformylfuran Cinnamaldehyde



¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.72 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (dd, J = 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.52 – 7.39 (m, 4H), 6.73 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 193.55, 152.63, 134.07, 131.23, 129.09, 128.62, 128.48.



¹H NMR spectrogram of cinnamaldehyde





¹³C NMR spectrogram of cinnamaldehyde

1-Propanal

CHO ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.80 (s, 1H), 2.48 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.11 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 203.00, 37.21, 5.98.





1-Butyraldehyde

.CHO

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 2.42 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 2H), 1.85 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 0.97 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 202.89, 45.71, 15.58, 13.64.





1-Pentanecarbaldehyde

CHO ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 2.48 – 2.37 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.32 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 4H), 0.90 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 202.93, 43.85, 31.29, 22.38, 21.74, 13.82.



¹³C NMR spectrogram of 1-pentanecarbaldehyde





¹H NMR spectrogram of all trans retinoic aldehyde



¹³C NMR spectrogram of all trans retinoic aldehyde

Methyltestosterone



¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 5.62 (s, 1H), 4.08 (s, 1H), 2.39 (ddd, J = 14.0, 9.2, 7.8, 4.1 Hz, 0H), 2.23 (ddd, J = 14.4, 3.8, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (dt, J = 16.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (ddd, J = 13.3, 5.0, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (ddq, J = 17.8, 9.4, 5.2, 3.9 Hz, 2H), 1.64 – 1.42 (m, 6H), 1.37 (qd, J = 12.9, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 1.32 – 1.10 (m, 7H), 1.07 (s, 3H), 0.99 – 0.82 (m, 2H), 0.79 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*6) δ 198.44, 171.58, 123.60, 80.15, 53.87, 50.20, 45.55,

38.85 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 36.46, 35.71, 34.17, 32.60, 32.03, 31.72, 26.60, 23.53.



¹³C NMR spectrogram of Methyltestosterone









¹³C NMR spectrogram of 4-Cholesten-3-one

Estrone







¹³C NMR spectrogram of Estrone

Progesterone



¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 5.63 (s, 1H), 2.57 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (ddd, J = 19.8, 11.7, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.30 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.16 (dt, J = 16.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.08 – 1.93 (m, 6H), 1.79 (dd, J = 10.9, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 1.69 – 1.49 (m, 5H), 1.48 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 1.25 – 1.10 (m, 5H), 1.08 – 0.88 (m, 2H), 0.57 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 208.88, 198.38, 171.25, 123.67, 63.01, 55.79, 53.55, 43.79, 38.67, 38.37, 35.65, 35.41, 34.11, 32.47, 32.11, 31.61, 24.41, 22.82, 21.10, 17.43, 13.52.





30 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 fl (ppm)



Loxoprofen



¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 12.27 (s, 1H), 8.18 – 6.73 (m, 4H), 3.62 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (dd, J = 13.6, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (dd, J = 13.6, 9.7 Hz, 1H), 2.40 – 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.30 – 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.07 (dt, J = 18.8, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 1.93 (dt, J = 12.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.79 – 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.55 – 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.33 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 219.55, 175.84, 139.33, 139.02, 129.25, 127.80, 50.39, 44.81, 38.03, 35.07, 29.22, 20.48, 19.01.



