Supporting Information

Optical and X-ray attenuation properties of hafnium oxide nanoparticle surface functionalized with fucoidan: toward early diagnosis of atherothrombotic diseases

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Figure SI. 1 Representative TXRF spectrum for HfO₂ NP sample and corresponding calibration curves for HfO₂@Fucoidan NPs(black spots) and HfO₂@citrate NPs(blue spots).



Figure SI. 2: FTIR spectra of HfO₂@Fucoidan NPs at the saturated ratio R=14 before and after ultrafiltration



Fig SI. 3: Representative TGA Thermograms. Left : HfO₂@Fucoidan NPs; Right : Fucoidan



Fig SI. 4: FTIR (A) and Raman(B) spectra of HfO₂ NPs (red curve), citrate (green curve) and HfO₂@citrate NPs (black curve)



Fig SI. 5: Representative TGA Thermograms of HfO₂@citrate.



Fig SI. 6: pH stability Left : HfO₂@fucoidan; Right : HfO₂@ citrate



Fig. SI. 7: Stability of HfO₂ NPs@Fuco (green) and HfO₂@citrate (red) in glucose 5% and NaCl 0.9% during 1, 3, 6, and 10 days.



Fig. SI. 8: Stability of HfO₂ NPs@Fuco (green) and HfO₂@citrate (red) in DMEM and DMEM+ 10% FBS followed at different time point : 0h, 1h and 5h.



Fig. SI. 9: Attenuation rate measured with SPCCT system for commercial gadolinium based molecular agent: DOTAREM® (gadoterate meglumine; Guerbet, Villepinte, France).