

Supporting information for

Preparation and Characterization of PdCu@Ti₃C₂ Catalyst for Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling Reaction

Table S1. The content of Pd and Cu elements in the PdCu@Ti₃C₂, Pd¹@Ti₃C₂,

Pd²@Ti₃C₂

Sample	Element	Mass fraction (%)
PdCu@Ti ₃ C ₂	Cu	9.16%
	Pd	3.59%
Pd ¹ @Ti ₃ C ₂	Pd	1.40%
Pd ² @Ti ₃ C ₂	Pd	1.02%
Cu@Ti ₃ C ₂	Cu	11.43%

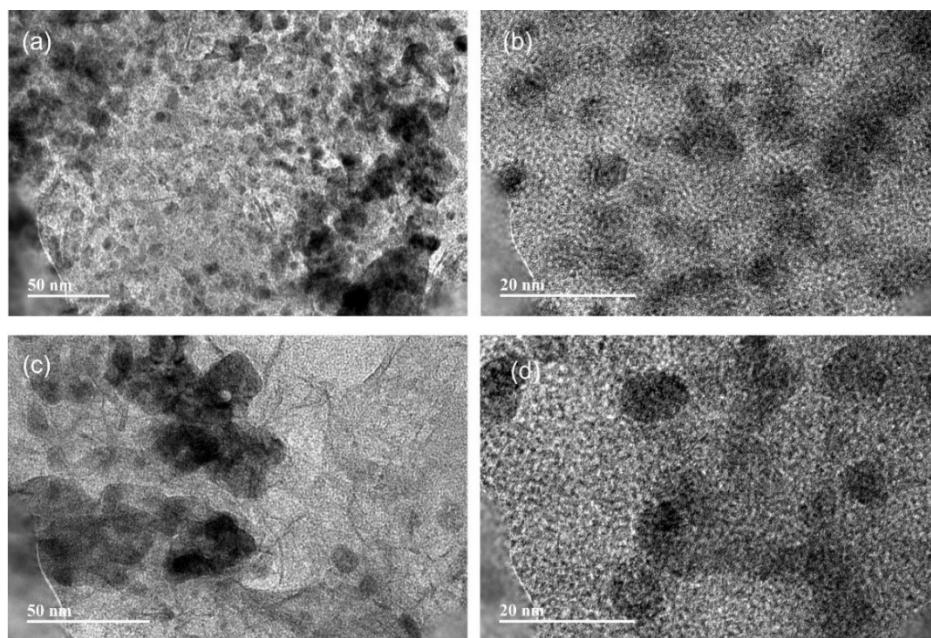


Figure S1. (a) Low magnification TEM image of PdCu@Ti₃C₂ after first cycle (b)
HRTEM image of PdCu nanoparticles after first cycle. (c) Low magnification TEM
image of PdCu@Ti₃C₂ after tenth cycle (d) HRTEM image of PdCu nanoparticles

after fifth cycle.

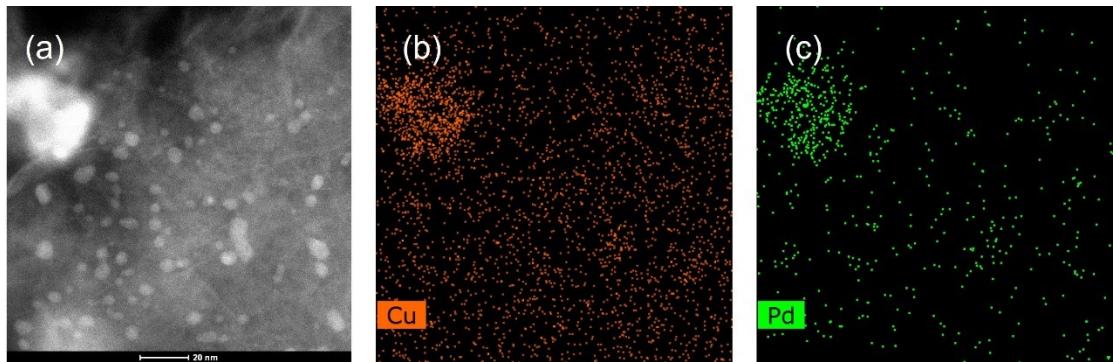
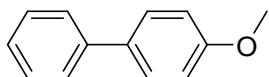


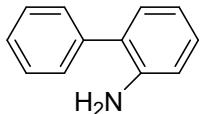
Figure S2. (a)STEM image of PdCu@Ti₃C₂ after tenth cycle. (b-f) EDS mapping of PdCu@Ti₃C₂ after cycle.

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of the product

4-Methoxybiphenyl 3a:

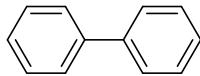


¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). **2-Aminebiphenyl 3b:**



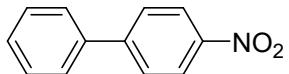
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 4H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.82 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H).

Biphenyl 3c:



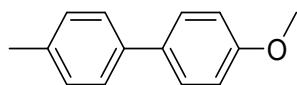
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 4H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H).

4-Nitrobiphenyl 3d:



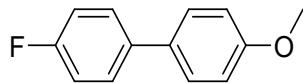
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H).

1-Methoxy-4-(4-methylphenyl)benzene 3e:



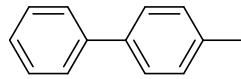
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H).

1-Fluoro-4-(4-methylphenyl)benzene 3f:



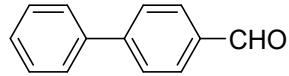
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.46 (m, 4H), 7.14 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.00 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H).

4-Methylbiphenyl 3g:



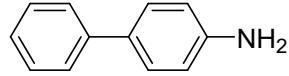
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

4-Phenylbenzaldehyde 3h:



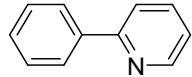
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.06 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H).

Biphenyl-4-amine 3i:



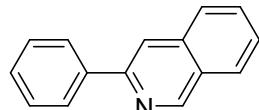
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 2H).

2-Phenylpyridine 3j:



¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.69 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H).

3-Phenylquinoline 3k:



¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.70 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz,

2H), 7.41 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H).

Key Intermediates for the Synthesis of Abemaciclib

^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.97 (d, $J = 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, $J = 11.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.89 – 4.84 (m, 1H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 1.60 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 6H).

