

Supplementary Material

Synthesis, structure, and corrosion inhibiting properties of RE^{III} 3-thiophenecarboxylate complexes

Vidushi P. Vithana,^a Zhifang Guo,^a Glen B. Deacon,^b Anthony E. Somers^c and Peter C. Junk

^{a*}

^aCollege of Science & Engineering, James Cook University, Townsville 4811, Qld, Australia.

^bSchool of Chemistry, Monash University, Clayton 3800, Australia.

^cInstitute for Frontier Materials, Deakin University, Burwood 3125, Australia.

*Corresponding author: peter.junk@jcu.edu.au

Content:

- 1.** Single-Crystal X-Ray Diffraction Details
- 2.** Bond lengths Tables
- 3.** Hydrogen bond Geometry
- 4.** Powder X-Ray Diffraction
- 5.** Infra-Red Spectroscopy
- 6.** Thermogravimetric Analysis
- 7.** IR spectra of $\text{Ln}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$ formed under TGA conditions
- 8.** Weight loss experiments
- 9.** Potentiodynamic Polarisation scans

Table S1. Crystal data and structural refinement for lanthanoid 3-thiophenecarboxylate complexes

	1a	1b	1c	1d	1e	1f
	[La(3TPC)(H ₂ O) ₃] _n	[Ce(3TPC)(H ₂ O) ₃] _n	[Pr(3TPC)(H ₂ O) ₃] _n	[Nd(3TPC)(H ₂ O) ₃] _n	[Sm(3TPC)(H ₂ O) ₃] _n	[Gd(3TPC)(H ₂ O) ₃] _n
Formula	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ LaO ₉ S ₃	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ CeO ₉ S ₃	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ O ₉ PrS ₃	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ NdO ₉ S ₃	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ O ₉ SmS ₃	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ GdO ₉ S ₃
M _r	574.36	575.57	576.36	579.69	585.80	592.70
Space group	P2 ₁ /c					
a (Å)	15.070(3)	15.0999(6)	15.059(3)	15.020(3)	15.042(3)	14.960(3)
b (Å)	12.120(2)	12.1722(4)	12.157(2)	12.070(2)	12.055(2)	12.000(2)
c (Å)	10.840(2)	10.8103(3)	10.775(2)	10.720(2)	10.666(2)	10.600(2)
α (°)	90	90	90	90	90	90
β (°)	100.41(3)	100.769(3)	100.81(3)	100.78(3)	101.00(3)	101.07(3)
γ (°)	90	90	90	90	90	90
V (Å ³)	1947.3(7)	1951.93(12)	1937.5(7)	1909.1(7)	1898.6(7)	1867.5(7)
Z	4	4	4	4	4	4
ρ _{calc} , g cm ⁻³	1.959	1.959	1.976	2.017	2.049	2.108
μ, mm ⁻¹	2.562	2.699	22.751	3.095	3.470	3.935
N _τ	41288	11030	3776	3344	3819	39196
N (R _{int})	3420 (0.0646)	4592(0.0457)	3776	3344	3819	3298(0.0491)
R ₁ (I > 2σ(I))	0.0345	0.0408	0.0522	0.0342	0.0615	0.0312
wR ₂ (all data)	0.0968	0.0851	0.1412	0.1060	0.1791	0.0896
GOF	1.099	1.034	1.050	1.080	1.047	1.037

	2a	2b	2c	2d	2e
	[Dy₂(3TPC)₃(H₂O)₄]·H₂O	[Ho₂(3TPC)₃(H₂O)₄]·H₂O	[Y₂(3TPC)₃(H₂O)₄]·H₂O	[Er₂(3TPC)₃(H₂O)₄]·H₂O	[Lu₂(3TPC)₃(H₂O)₄]·H₂O
Formula	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ Dy ₂ O ₁₇ S ₆	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ Ho ₂ O ₁₇ S ₆	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ O ₁₇ S ₆ Y ₂	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ Er ₂ O ₁₇ S ₆	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ Lu ₂ O ₁₇ S ₆
M _r	1177.88	1182.74	1030.70	1187.40	1202.82
Space group	P2 ₁ /c	P2 ₁ /c	P2 ₁ /c	P2 ₁ /c	P2 ₁ /n
a (Å)	9.9091(7)	9.9388(6)	9.920(2)	9.9187(7)	9.8729(3)
b (Å)	19.1194(7)	19.2401(11)	19.170(4)	19.1800(7)	19.2032(5)
c (Å)	11.0210(7)	11.0949(8)	11.080(2)	11.0843(7)	11.0534(4)
α (°)	90	90	90	90	90
β (°)	115.932(8)	116.176(8)	116.41(3)	116.458(8)	116.308(4)
γ (°)	90	90	90	90	90
V (Å ³)	1877.8(2)	1904.0(2)	1887.1(8)	1887.8(2)	1878.57(12)
Z	2	2	2	2	2
ρ _{calc} , g cm ⁻³	2.083	2.063	1.814	2.089	2.126
μ, mm ⁻¹	4.357	4.528	3.466	4.821	5.633
N _τ	12382	8447	30379	36686	26278
N (R _{int})	3996(0.0339)	4364(0.0345)	3313(0.0407)	4315(0.0846)	5615(0.0460)
R ₁ (I > 2σ(I))	0.0256	0.0484	0.0357	0.0235	0.0303
wR ₂ (all data)	0.0581	0.0905	0.0978	0.0546	0.0620
GOF	1.051	1.136	1.073	1.036	1.051

Table S2. Selected bond lengths and distances (\AA) for the isostructural $[\text{Ln}(3\text{TPC})_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]_n$ series.

	La1 (1a)	Ce1 (1b)	Pr1 (1c)	Nd1 (1d)	Sm1 (1e)	Gd1 (1f)
RE1#1 =RE1#2	6.3117(9)	6.2961(3)	6.2763(9)	6.2360(9)	6.2060(9)	6.1655(9)
O1	2.610(3)	2.598(3)	2.570(5)	2.529(4)	2.525(5)	2.478(4)
O2	2.583(3)	2.552(3)	2.531(5)	2.553(3)	2.464(5)	2.494(3)
O3	2.568(3)	2.602(3)	2.577(5)	2.555(4)	2.518(4)	2.451(3)
O4	2.620(3)	2.550(3)	2.523(5)	2.502(3)	2.499(5)	2.514(3)
O5	2.501(3)	2.484(3)	2.468(5)	2.464(3)	2.430(4)	2.413(3)
O6#1	2.510(3)	2.504(3)	2.489(5)	2.456(3)	2.441(4)	2.421(3)
O7	2.577(3)	2.518(3)	2.538(5)	2.461(3)	2.434(5)	2.410(3)
O8	2.524(3)	2.499(3)	2.485(5)	2.469(3)	2.452(4)	2.418(3)
O9	2.518(3)	2.557(3)	2.495(5)	2.523(3)	2.493(4)	2.471(3)

Table S3. Hydrogen bonds for $[\text{Pr}(3\text{TPC})_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]_n$ (**1c**) [$d/\text{\AA}$ and $\angle/^\circ$].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	\angle (DHA)
O7#1-H7B#1...O5	0.8699	2.2476	2.9587	138.882
C10-H10...O2	0.9502	2.1510	3.0093	149.599

Table S4. Selected bond lengths and distances (\AA) for the isostructural $[\text{Ln}_2(3\text{TPC})_6(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ series.

	Dy1 (2a)	Ho1 (2b)	Y1 (2c)	Er1 (2d)	Lu1 (2e)
RE1#1 =RE1#2	4.3346(5)	4.4325(6)	4.4708(10)	4.4809(4)	4.5153(2)
O1	2.446(2)	2.435(4)	2.405(19)	2.426(2)	2.367(2)
O2	2.423(2)	2.410(4)	2.435(2)	2.398(2)	2.409(2)
O3	2.459(2)	2.455(4)	2.437(2)	2.433(2)	2.368(2)
O4	2.400(2)	2.401(4)	2.402(19)	2.394(2)	2.396(2)
O5	2.285(3)	2.249(4)	2.235(2)	2.229(2)	2.187(2)
O6#1	2.325(2)	2.294(5)	2.290(2)	2.283(2)	2.240(3)
O7	2.325(2)	2.395(4)	2.392(2)	2.385(2)	2.299(2)
O8	2.361(2)	2.342(4)	2.341(18)	2.330(2)	2.355(2)

Table S5. Hydrogen bonds for $[\text{Er}_2(3\text{TPC})_6(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**2d**) [d/Å and \angle /°].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	\angle (DHA)
O7-H7B ...O9	0.8628(2)	1.9557(6)	2.7291(6)	148.551(2)
O7-H7A ...O4#1	0.8615(2)	1.8623(2)	2.7107(3)	167.887(16)

Powder X-Ray Diffraction

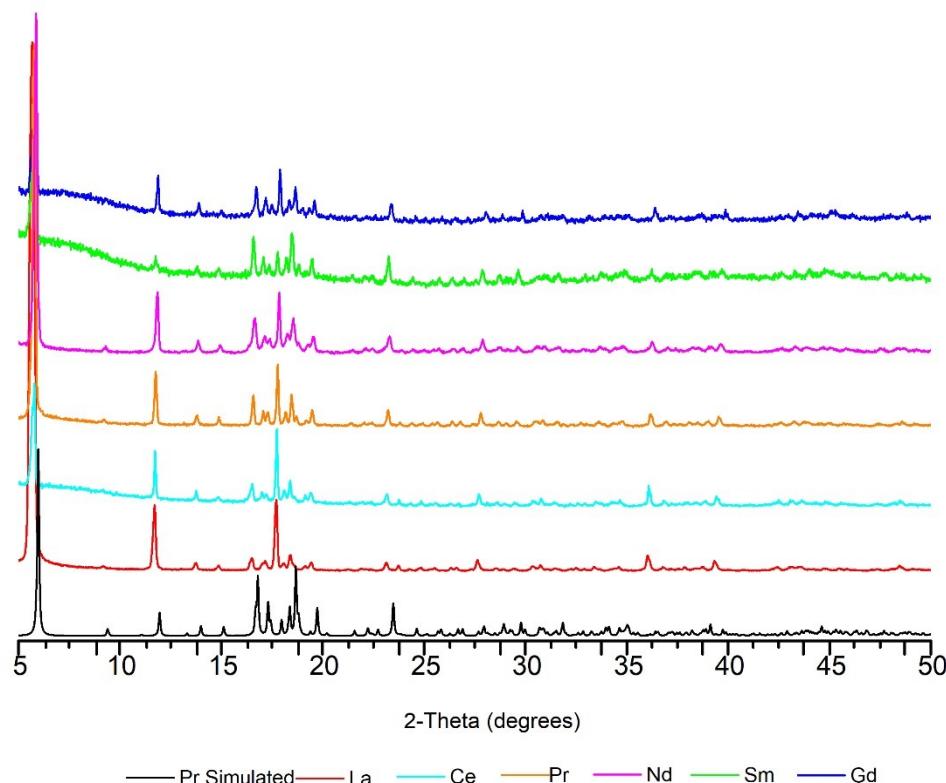


Figure S1. PXRD traces of the $[\text{Ln}(3\text{TPC})_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]$ (**1a-f**) series at room temperature compared to the simulated pattern of $[\text{Pr}(3\text{TPC})_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]_n$ (**1c**)

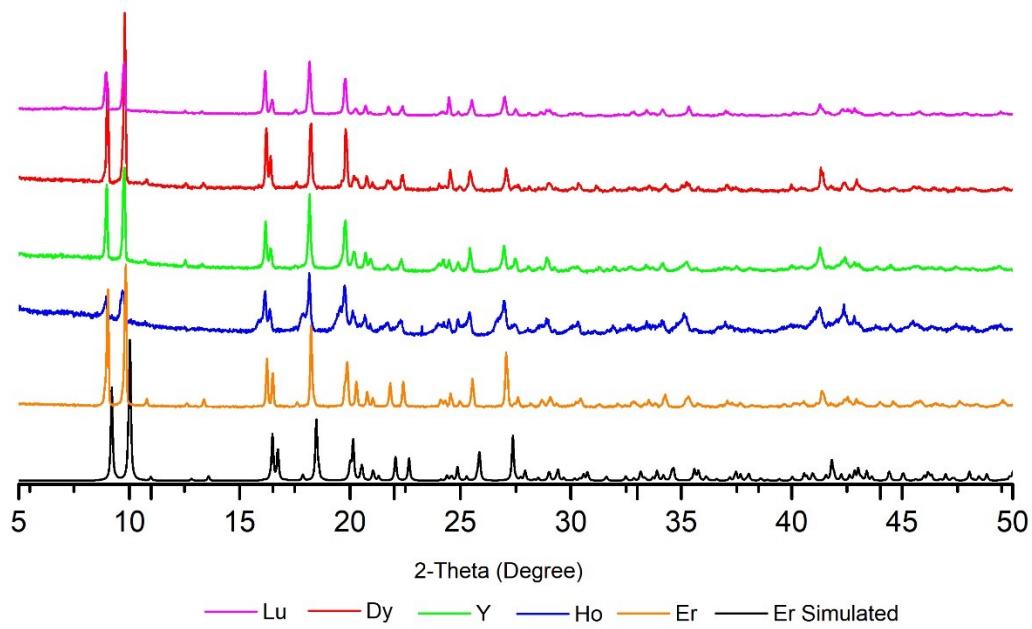


Figure S2. PXRD traces of the $[Ln_2(3TPC)_6(H_2O)_4] \cdot H_2O$ (**2a-e**) series at room temperature compared to the simulated pattern of $[Er_2(3TPC)_6(H_2O)_4] \cdot H_2O$ (**2d**)

Infrared Spectroscopy

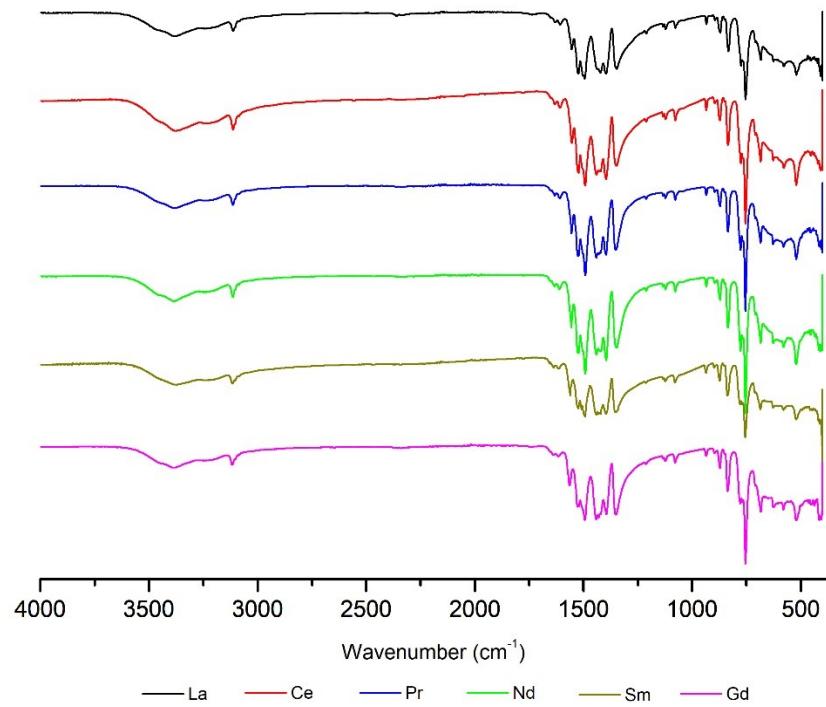


Figure S3. IR spectra of $[Ln(3TPC)_3(H_2O)_3]_n$ (**1a-f**) series

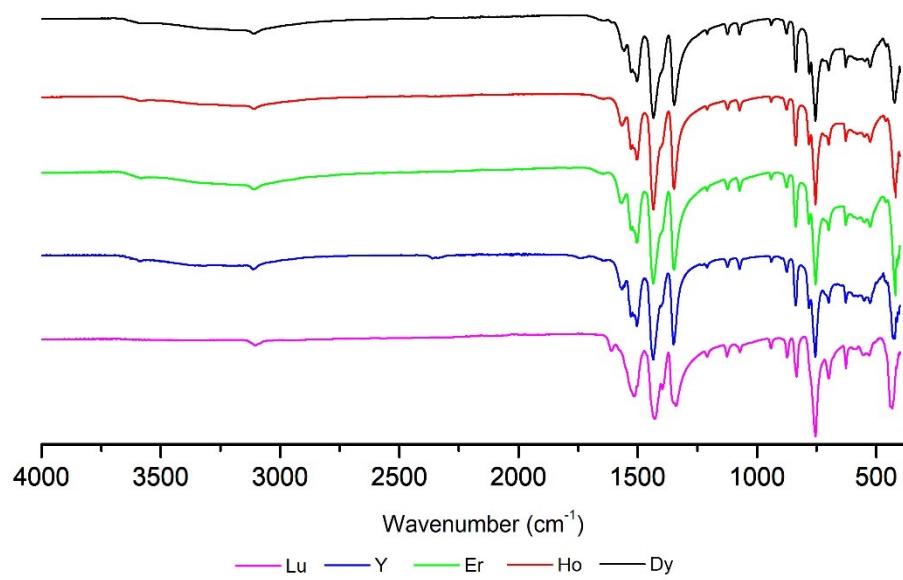


Figure S4. IR spectra of $[\text{Ln}_2(3\text{TPC})_6(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**2a-e**) series

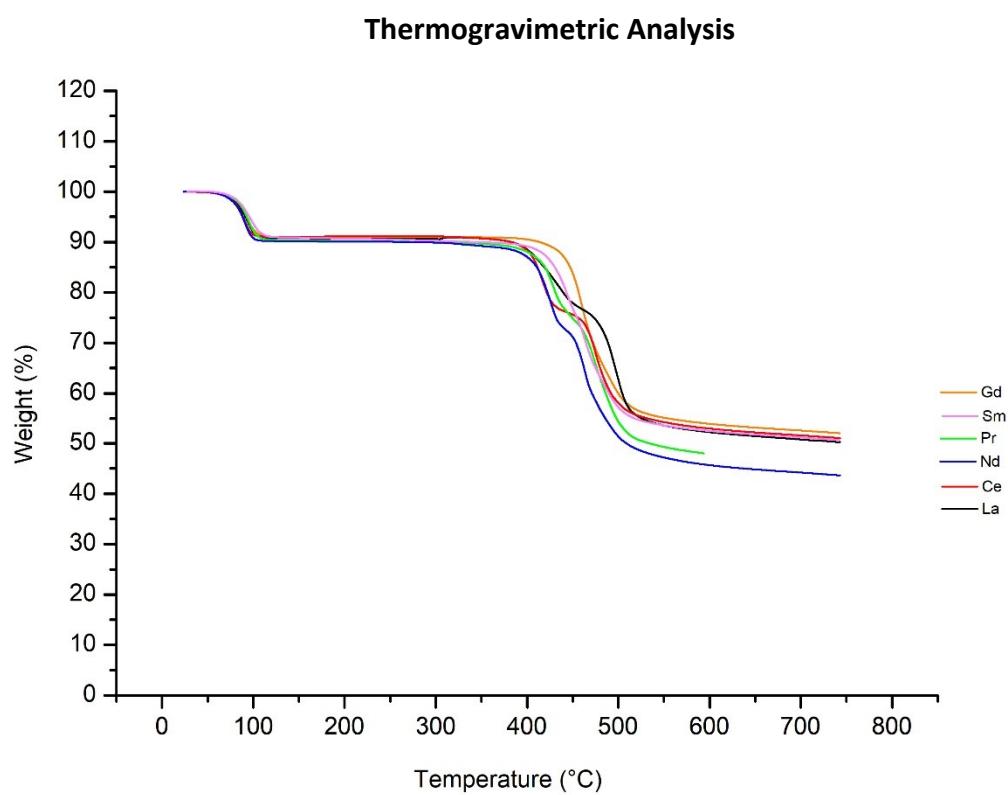


Figure S5. TGA plots of the $[\text{Ln}(3\text{TPC})_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]_n$ (**1a-f**) series

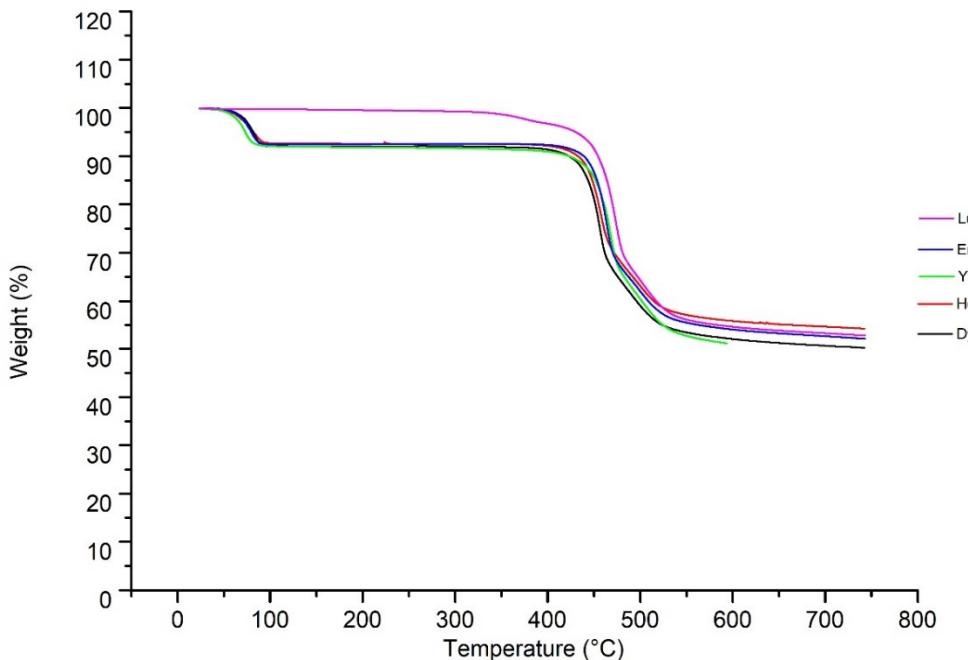


Figure S6. TGA plots of the $[\text{Ln}_2(\text{3TPC})_6(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**2a-e**) series

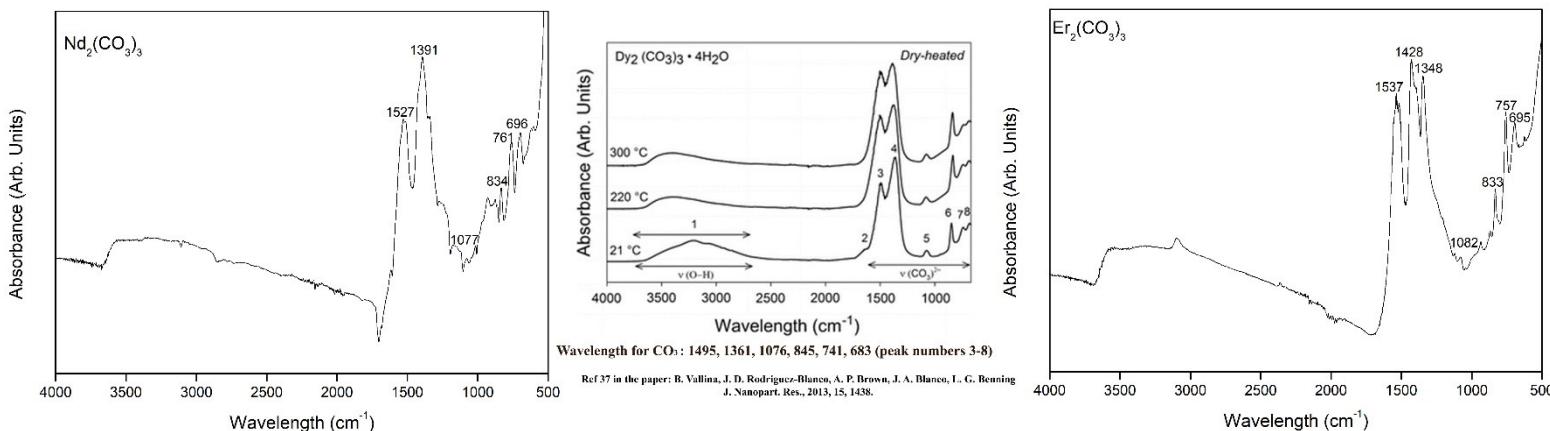


Figure S7: IR spectra of $\text{Nd}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$ (Left) from thermal decomposition of **1d**, reported $\text{Dy}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (middle) and $\text{Er}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$ (right) from thermal decomposition of **2d**

Weight loss experiments

NaCl 0.01 M control



$[Y_2(3TPC)_6(H_2O)_4] \cdot H_2O$ (2c) -500 ppm



$[Er_2(3TPC)_6(H_2O)_4] \cdot H_2O$ (2d) -500 ppm



$[Gd(3TPC)_3(H_2O)_3]_n$ (1f)- 500 ppm



$[La(3TPC)_3(H_2O)_3]_n$ (1a)- 500 ppm



Figure S8: Visual comparisons pictures of few sample coupons after 7 days immersion in inhibitor solutions in NaCl 0.01M. (Left – Trial 1; right – Trial 2.)

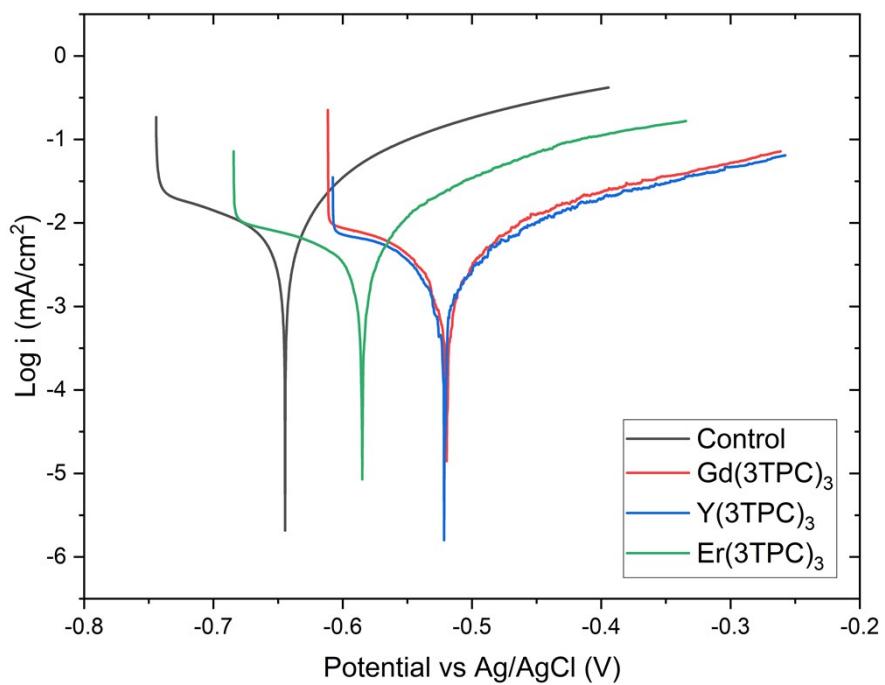


Figure S9: Representative potentiodynamic polarisation scans after 24 hours for 0.01 M NaCl control, and solutions with 0.01 M NaCl and 500 ppm of $[\text{Gd}(\text{3TPC})_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]_n$ (**1f**), $[\text{Y}_2(\text{3TPC})_6(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**2c**) or $[\text{Er}_2(\text{3TPC})_6(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**2d**)