

Table S1 Experimental results of MTA reaction kinetics

T/K	$\tau/h$	w(Methanol and DME)	w(Alkane and Olefin)	w(Aromatics (except PX))	w(PX)
623.15	0.1	0.4009	0.0862	0.0898	0.4231
	0.15	0.2593	0.1106	0.0965	0.5336
	0.2	0.1530	0.1278	0.1024	0.6167
	0.25	0.1158	0.1338	0.1212	0.6292
	0.3	0.0083	0.0886	0.1548	0.7483
	0.1	0.3949	0.0794	0.0830	0.4426
648.15	0.15	0.2187	0.0463	0.1059	0.6291
	0.2	0.0833	0.0536	0.1401	0.7231
	0.25	0.0321	0.0770	0.1881	0.7029
	0.3	0.0031	0.0675	0.2168	0.7126
	0.1	0.4609	0.0388	0.1038	0.3966
	0.15	0.0889	0.1016	0.1248	0.6847
673.15	0.2	0.0739	0.0443	0.1390	0.7428
	0.25	0.0419	0.1023	0.1440	0.7118
	0.3	0.0189	0.0375	0.1553	0.7884
	0.1	0.6739	0.0452	0.0556	0.2253
	0.15	0.3339	0.0744	0.1175	0.4743
	0.2	0.2260	0.0857	0.1344	0.5539
698.15	0.25	0.1173	0.0748	0.1658	0.6420
	0.3	0.0480	0.0413	0.1784	0.7323
	0.1	0.4053	0.0542	0.1064	0.4341
	0.15	0.2266	0.1082	0.1293	0.5358
	0.2	0.0078	0.0581	0.1476	0.7865
	0.25	0.0565	0.0863	0.2664	0.5907
748.15	0.3	0.0016	0.0310	0.2225	0.7449

## **Mass Transfer Calculations for aromatization of methanol upon 3Zn-3Si /ZSM-5 catalyst at 425 °C (0.3 h)**

For reaction mode relative to methanol

$$\frac{-r_A' \rho_b R n}{k_c C_{Ab}}$$

If  $\frac{-r_A' \rho_b R n}{k_c C_{Ab}} < 0.15$ , then external mass transfer effects can be neglected.

$$-r_A' = \text{reaction rate, kmol/kg-cat} \cdot \text{s} = 2.89 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$n = \text{reaction order} = 2$$

$$R = \text{catalyst particle radius, m} = 4.5 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\rho_b = \text{bulk density of catalyst bed, kg/m}^3 = 950$$

$$\rho_c = \text{solid catalyst density, kg/m}^3 = 2.6 \times 10^3$$

$$C_{Ab} = \text{bulk gas concentration of A, kmol/m}^3 = 2.59 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$k_c = \text{mass transfer coefficient, m/s} = 0.066 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{-r_A' \rho_b R n}{k_c C_{Ab}} = [2.89 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kmol/kg-cat.s}] [950 \text{ kg/m}^3] [4.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}] [2] / ([0.066 \text{ m/s}] \times [2.59 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kmol/m}^3]) = 1.45 \times 10^{-3} < 0.15 \quad \{\text{Mears for External Diffusion}\}$$

## **Weisz-Prater Criterion for Internal Diffusion**

$$\frac{-r_{A(obs)} \rho_c R^2}{D_e C_{As}}$$

If  $\frac{-r_{A(obs)} \rho_c R^2}{D_e C_{As}} < 1$ , then internal mass transfer effects can be neglected.

$$-r_{A(obs)} = \text{observed reaction rate, kmol/kg-cat} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$R = \text{catalyst particle radius, m}$$

$$\rho_c = \text{solid catalyst density, kg/m}^3;$$

$$D_e = \text{effective gas-phase diffusivity, m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$C_{As} = \text{gas concentration of A at the catalyst surface, kmol-A/m}^3$$

$$\frac{-r_{A(obs)} \rho_c R^2}{D_e C_{As}} = [2.89 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kmol/kg-cat.s}] \times [2600 \text{ kg-cat/m}^3] \times [4.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}]^2 / ([2.91 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}] \times [2.59 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kmol/m}^3]) = 2.02 \times 10^{-4} < 1$$

## **{Weisz-Prater Criterion for Internal Diffusion}**