

β and γ -Cyclodextrin dimers: design, characterization and in silico studies to explore the cooperative effect of the cavities

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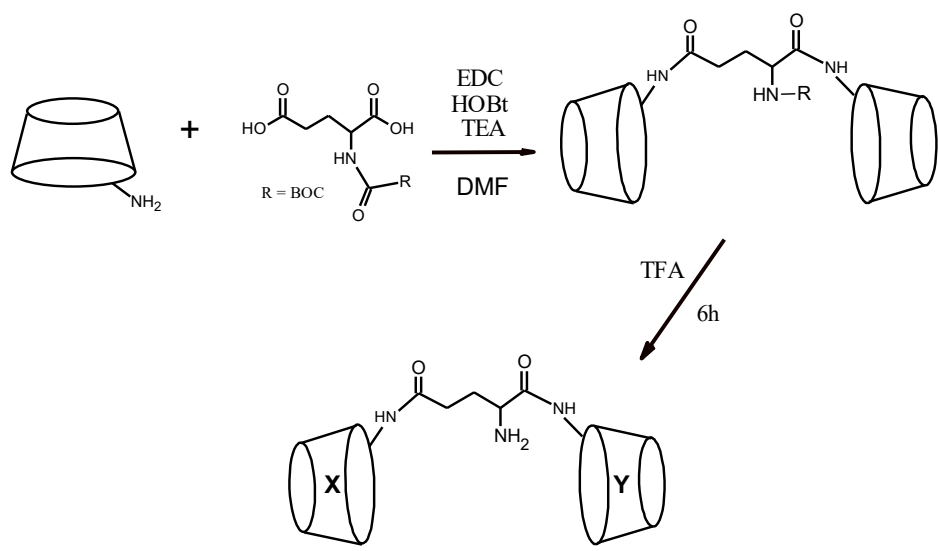


Figure 1S. Synthesis scheme of CyD2Glu systems. R is BOC group

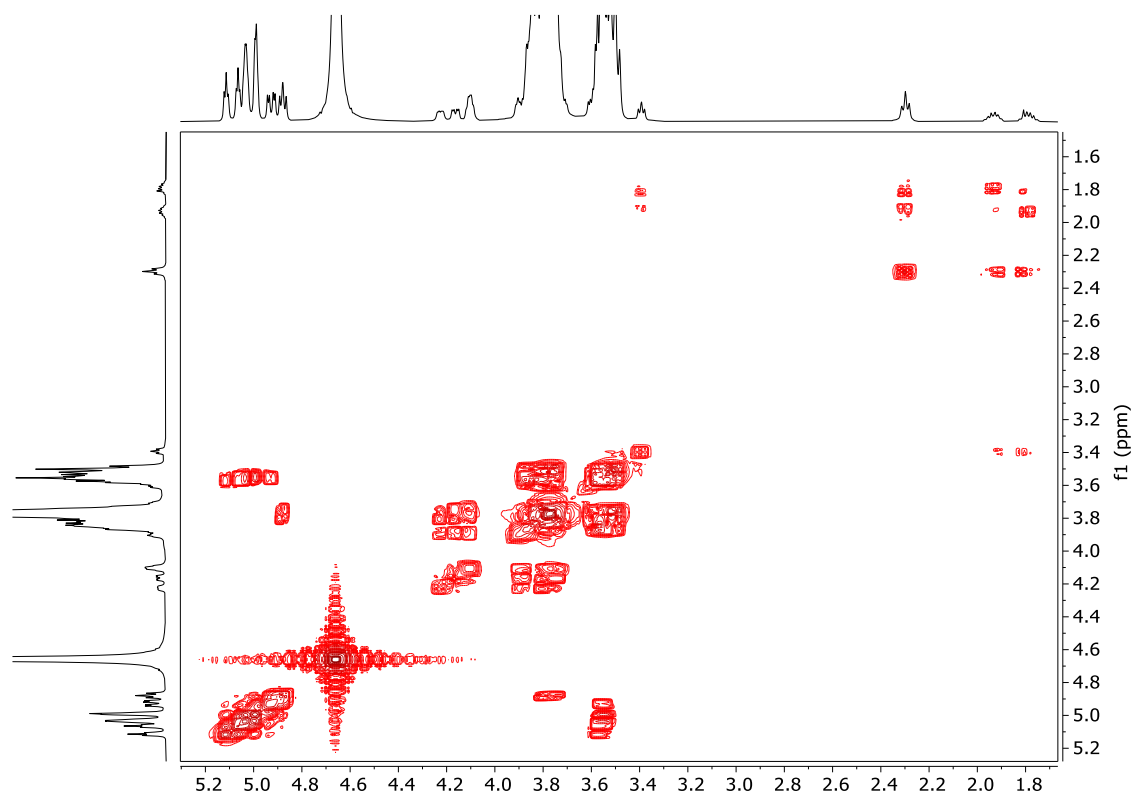


Figure 2S. COSY spectrum of γ CyD2Glu (D_2O , 500 MHz)

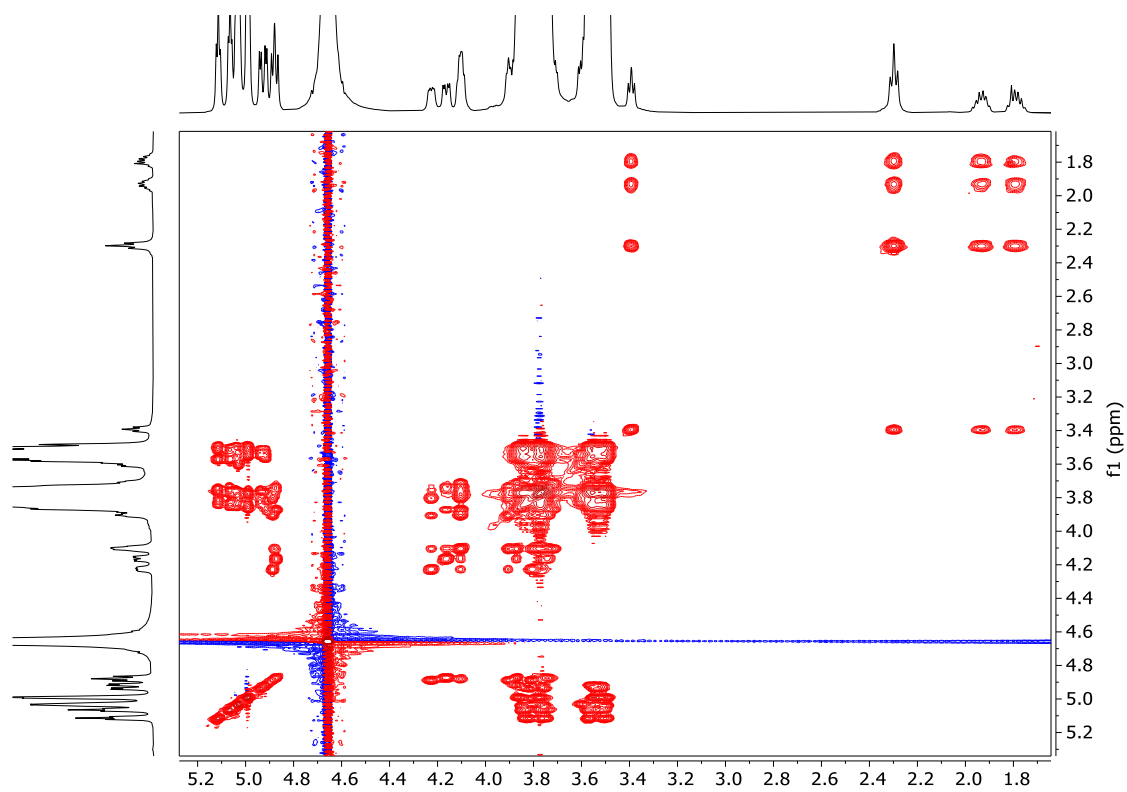


Figure 3S. TOCSY spectrum of γ CyD2Glu (D_2O , 500 MHz)

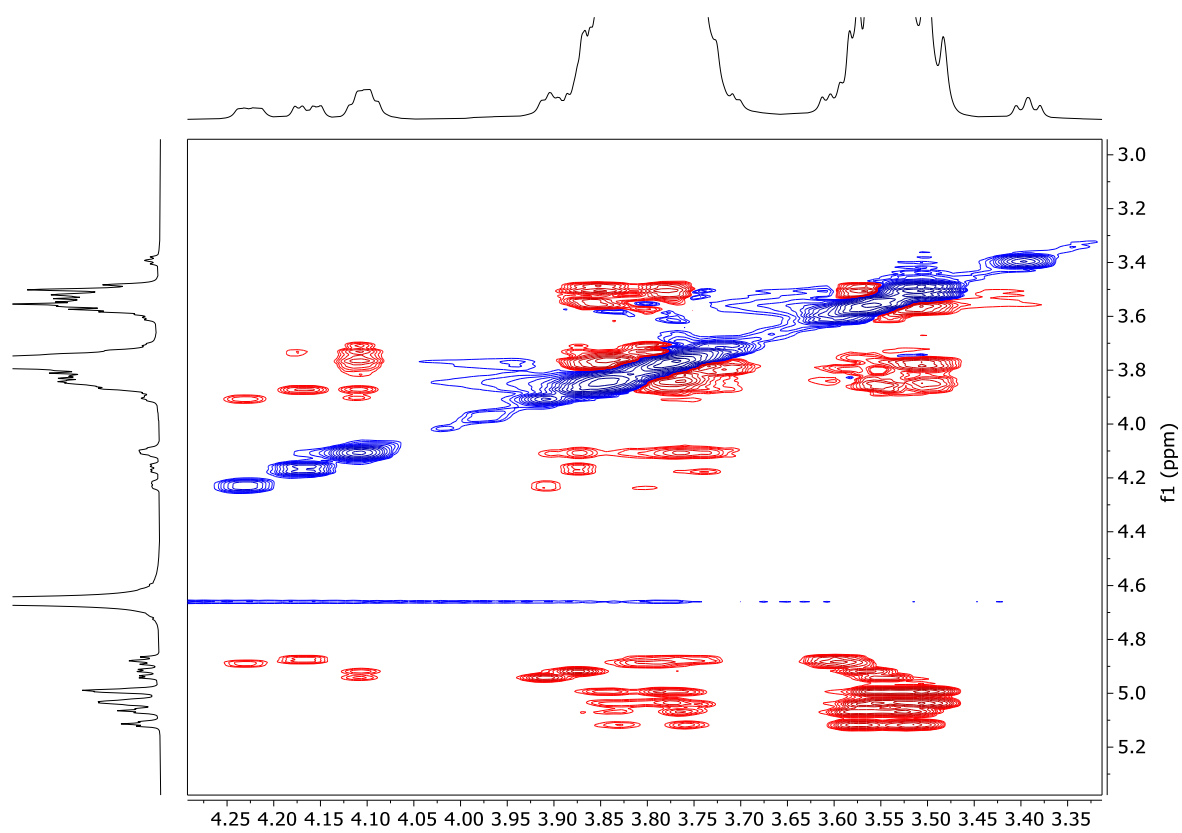


Figure 4S. ROESY of γ CyD2Glu (D_2O , 500 MHz)

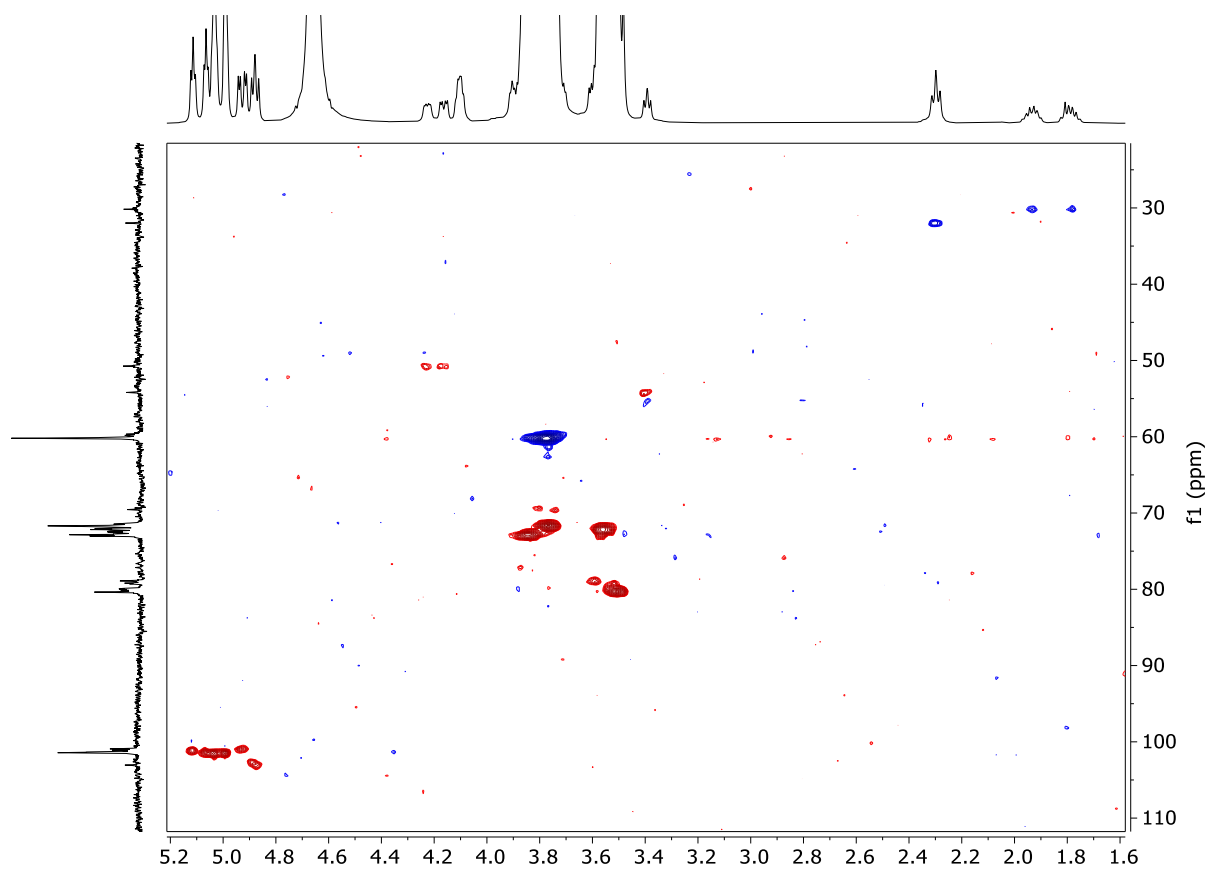


Figure 5S. HSQCAD spectrum of γ CyD2Glu (D_2O , 500 MHz)

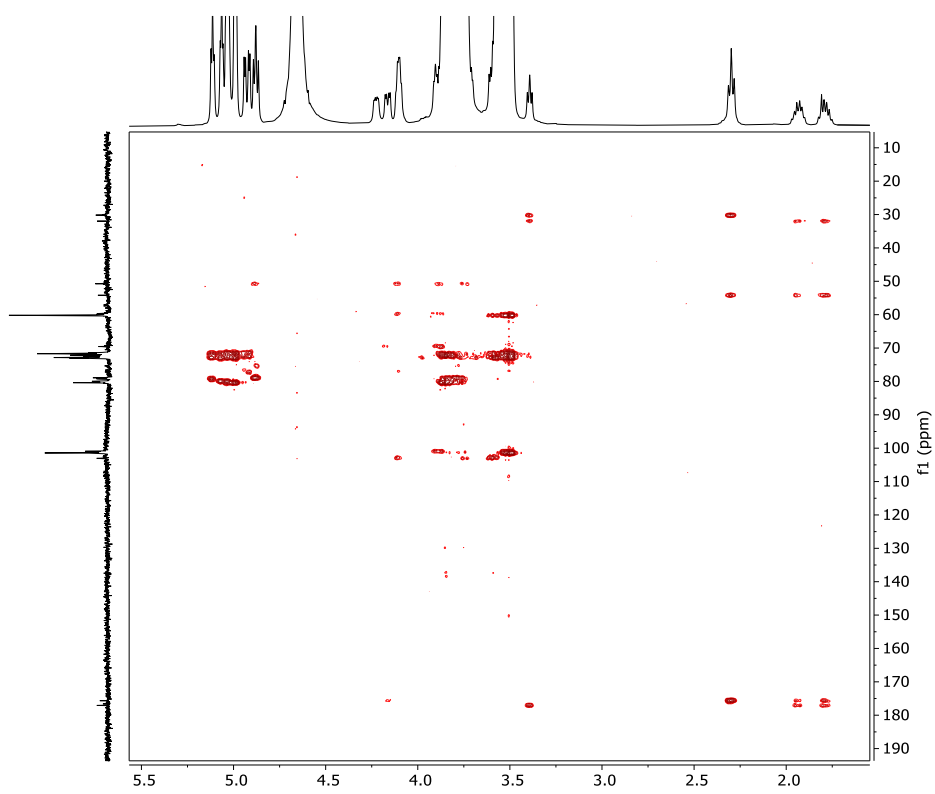


Figure 6S. HMQC spectrum of γ CyD2Glu (D_2O , 500 MHz)

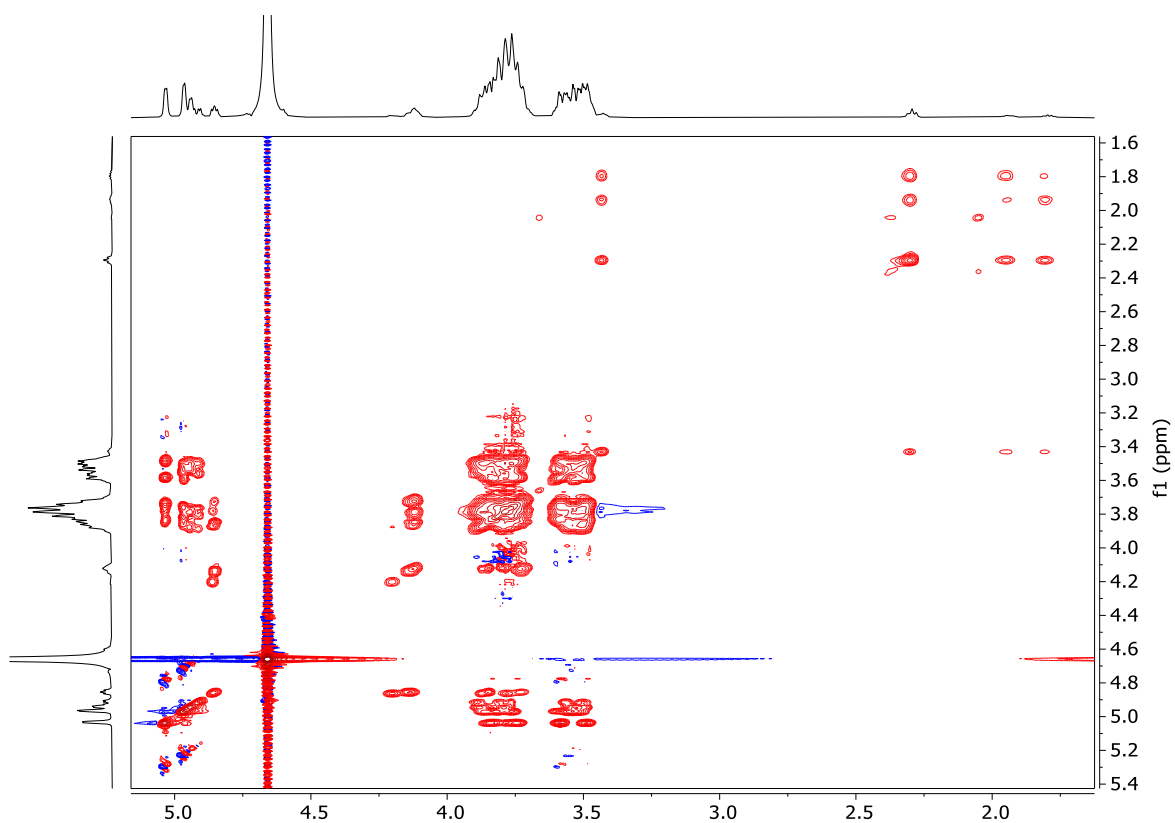


Figure 7S. COSY spectrum of β CyD2Glu (D_2O , 500 MHz)

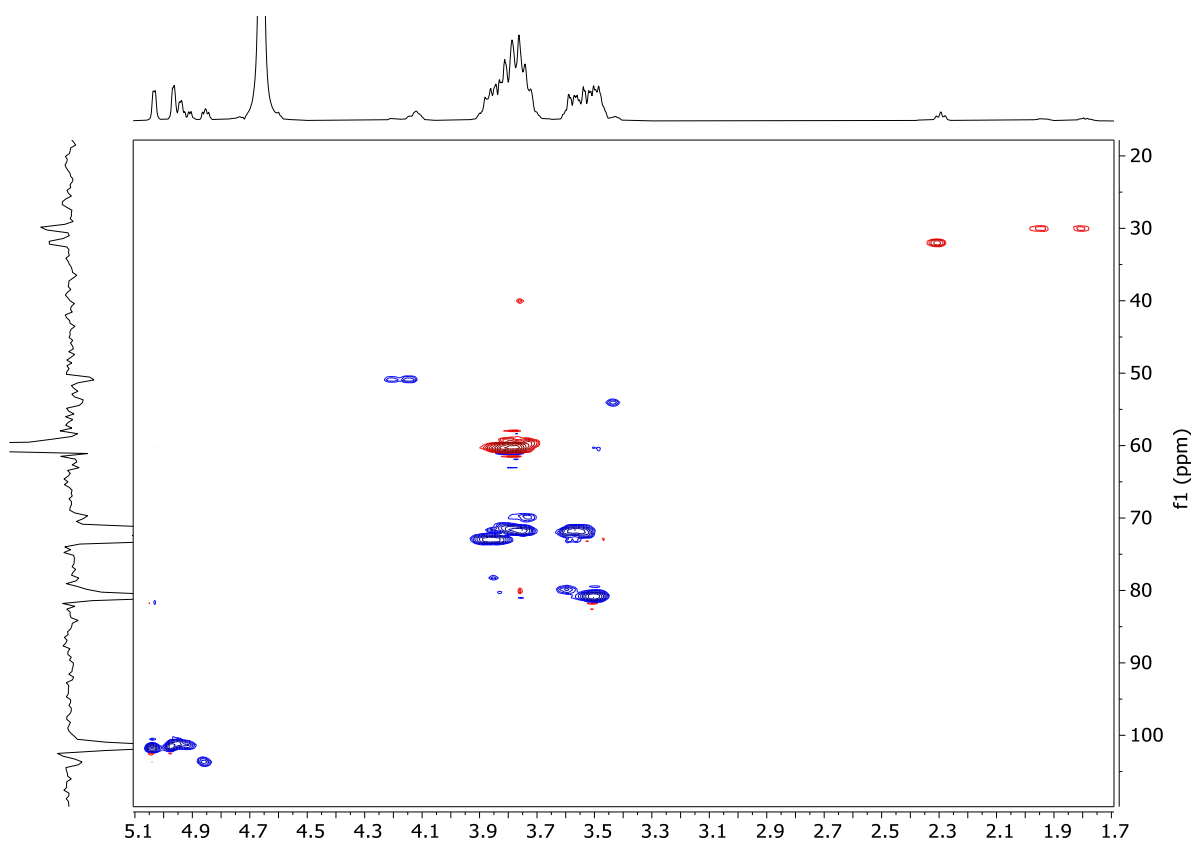


Figure 8S. HSQC spectrum of β CyD2Glu (D_2O , 500 MHz)

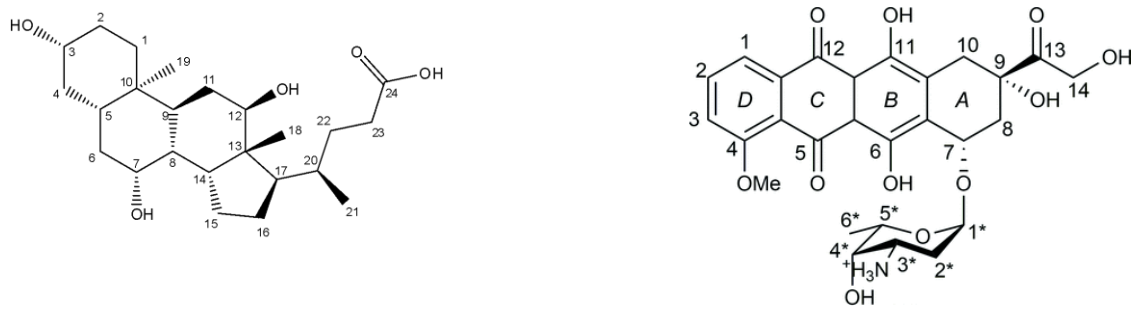


Figure 9S. Cholic acid and DOXO numbering

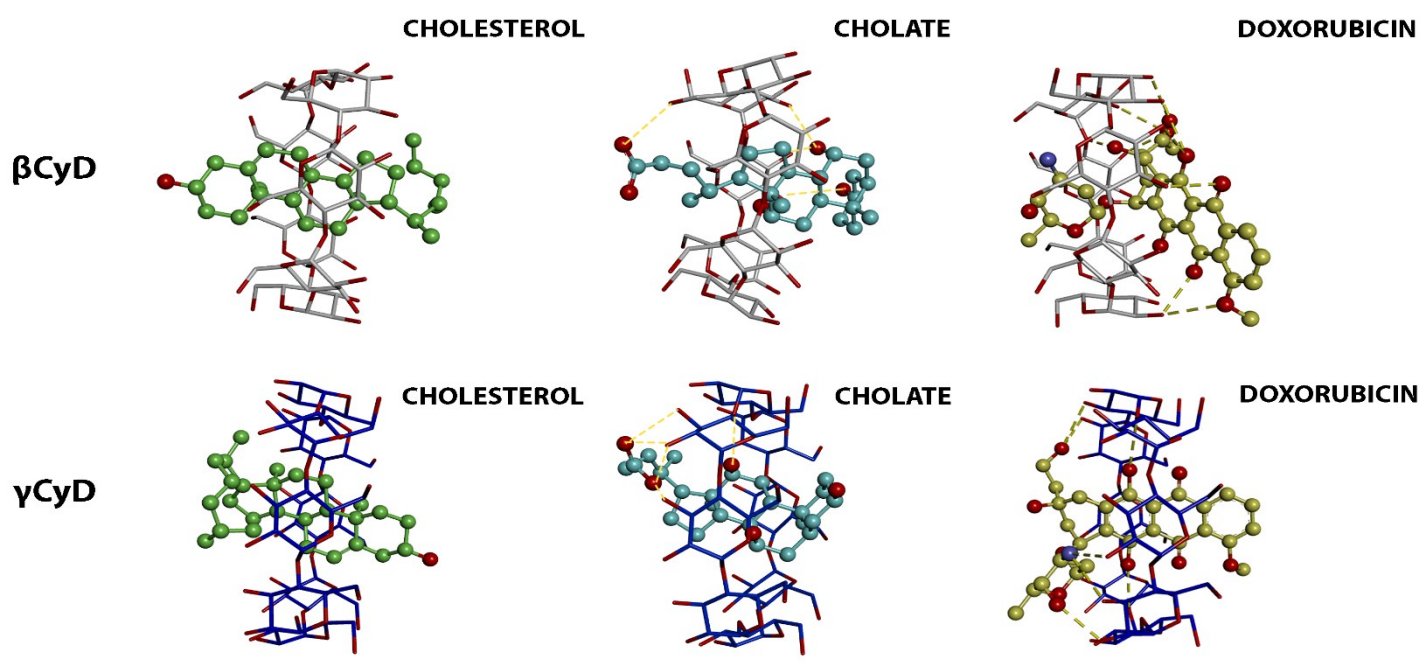


Figure 10S. Docking poses of cholate (blue) cholesterol (green) and doxorubicin (yellow) into the cavity of native β- and γ-cyclodextrins. H bond interactions are depicted as dotted yellow lines

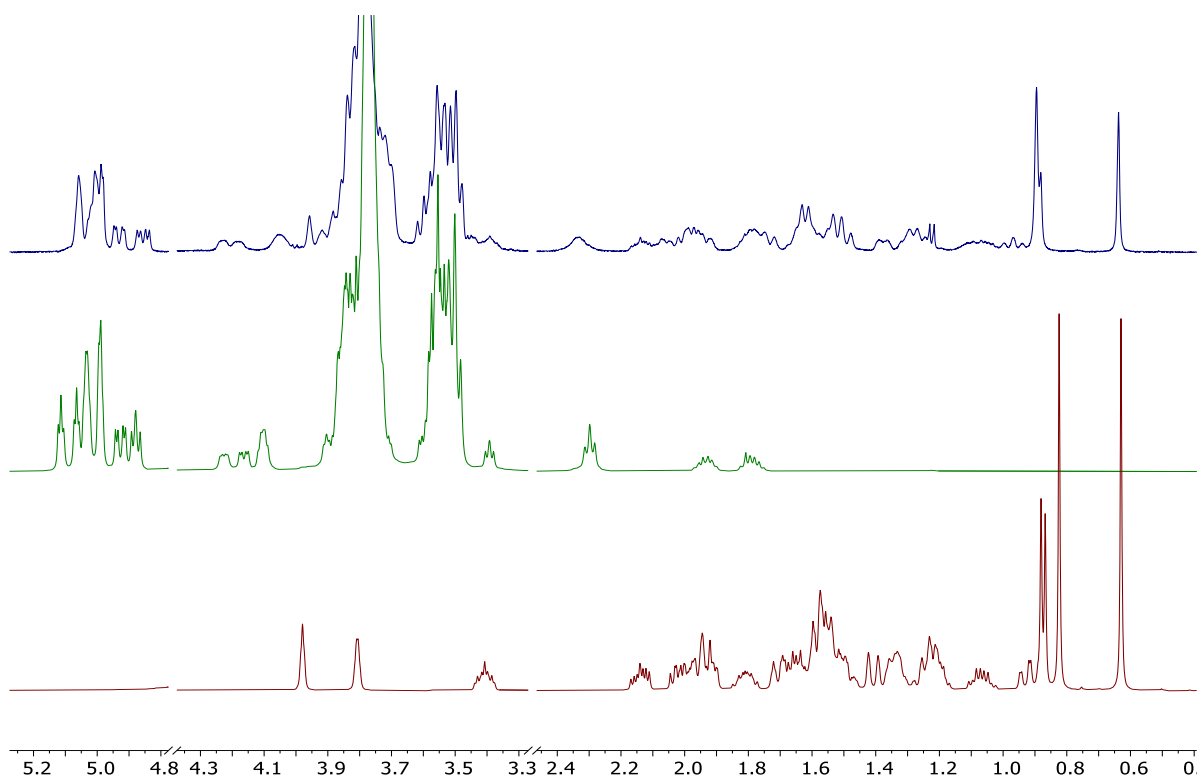


Figure 11S. ^1H NMR spectrum of Ch/ $\gamma\text{CyD2Glu}$ 1:1 molar ratio (500 MHz, D_2O): $\gamma\text{Ch}/\beta\text{CyD2Glu}$ (top), $\gamma\text{CyD2Glu}$ (bottom) and Ch alone (middle)

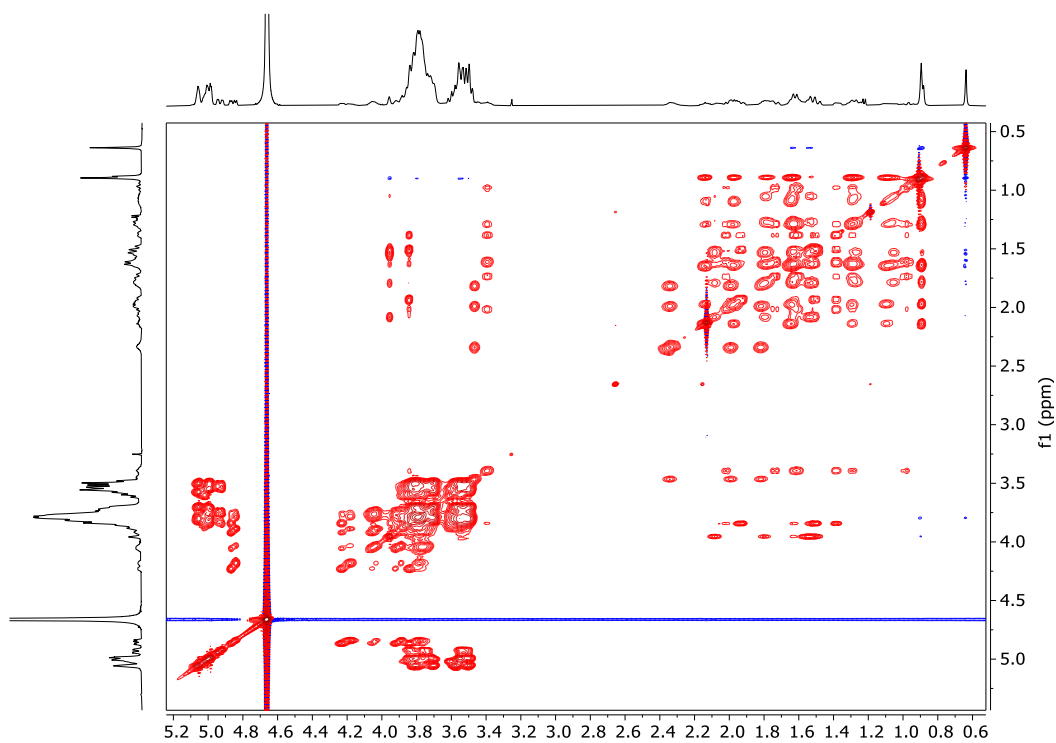


Figure 12S. ^1H NMR spectrum of $\gamma\text{CyD2Glu}/\text{Cholate}$ 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)

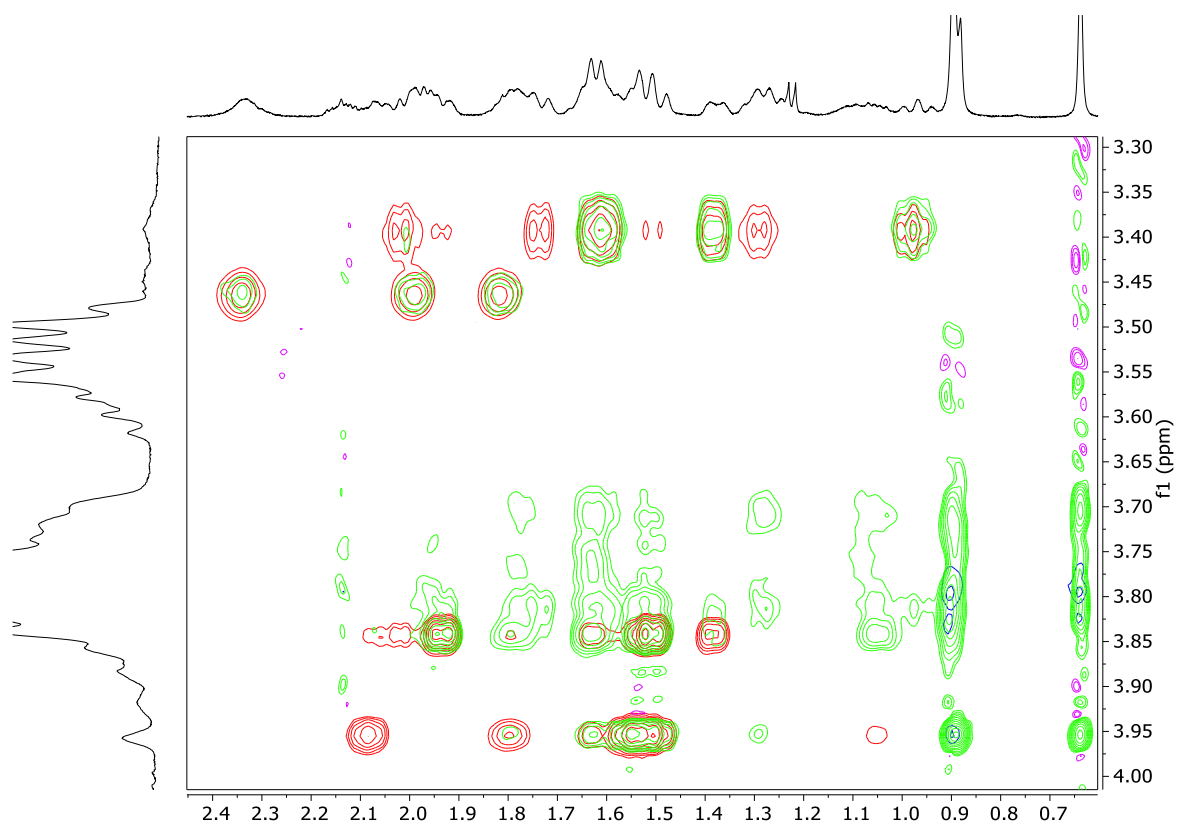


Figure 13S. Overlapped TOCSY (Red) and ROESY (Green) spectra of γ CyD2Glu/Cholate 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)

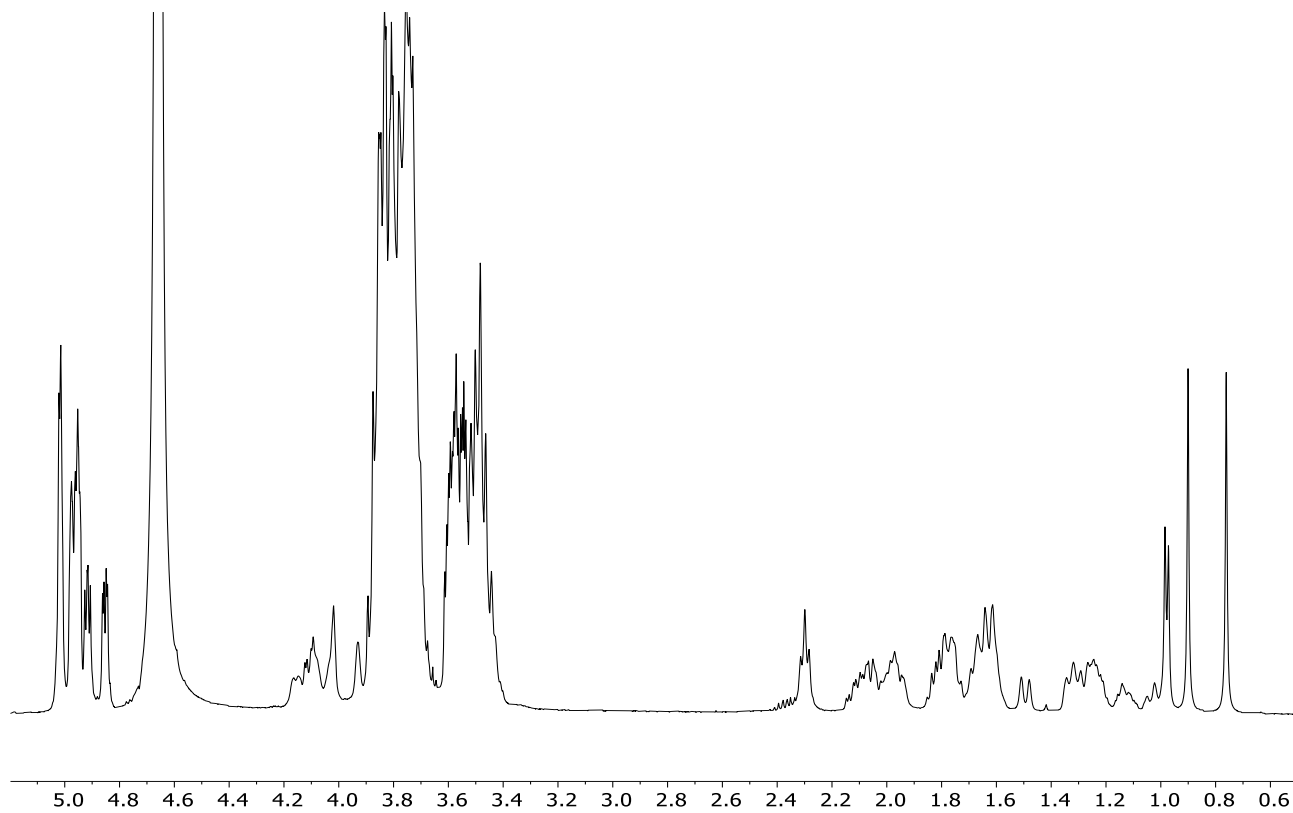


Figure 14S. 1H NMR spectrum of β CyD2Glu/Cholate 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)

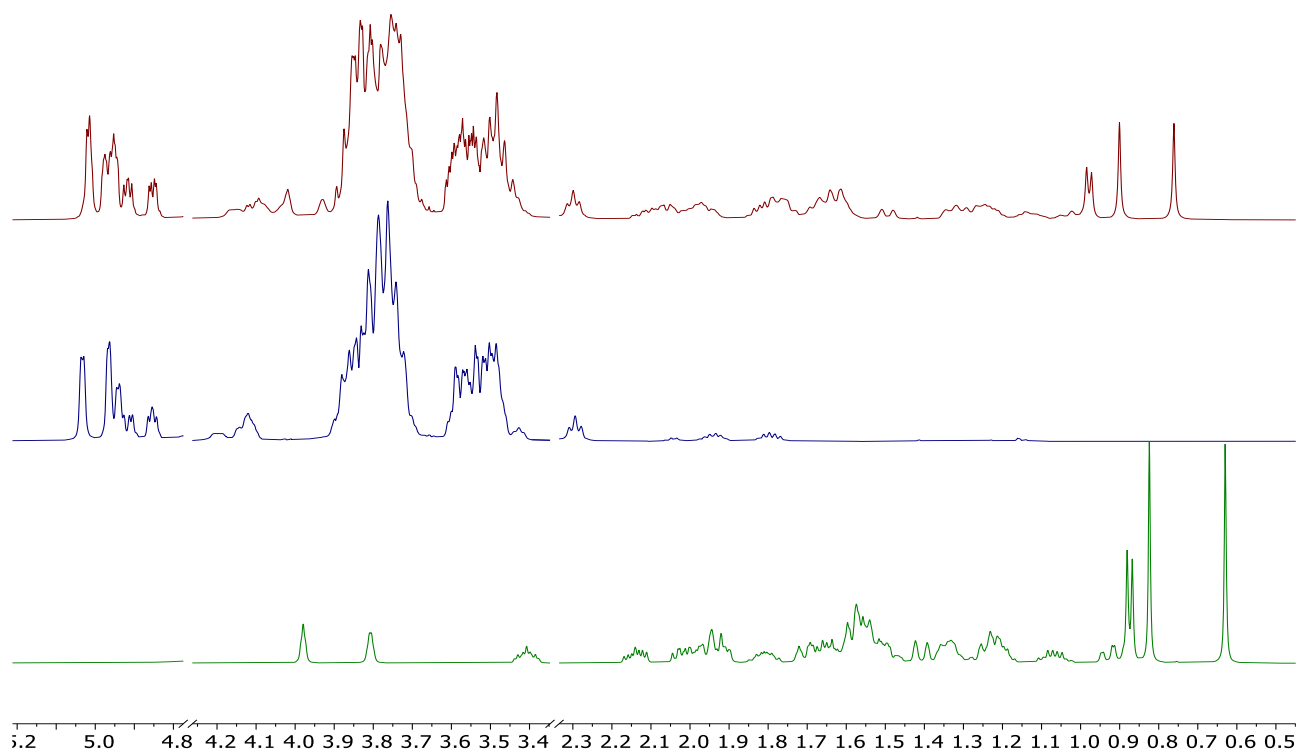


Figure 15S. ^1H NMR spectrum of Ch/ $\beta\text{CyD2Glu}$ 1:1 molar ratio (500 MHz, D_2O): Ch/ $\beta\text{CyD2Glu}$ (top), $\beta\text{CyD2Glu}$ (bottom) and Ch alone (middle)

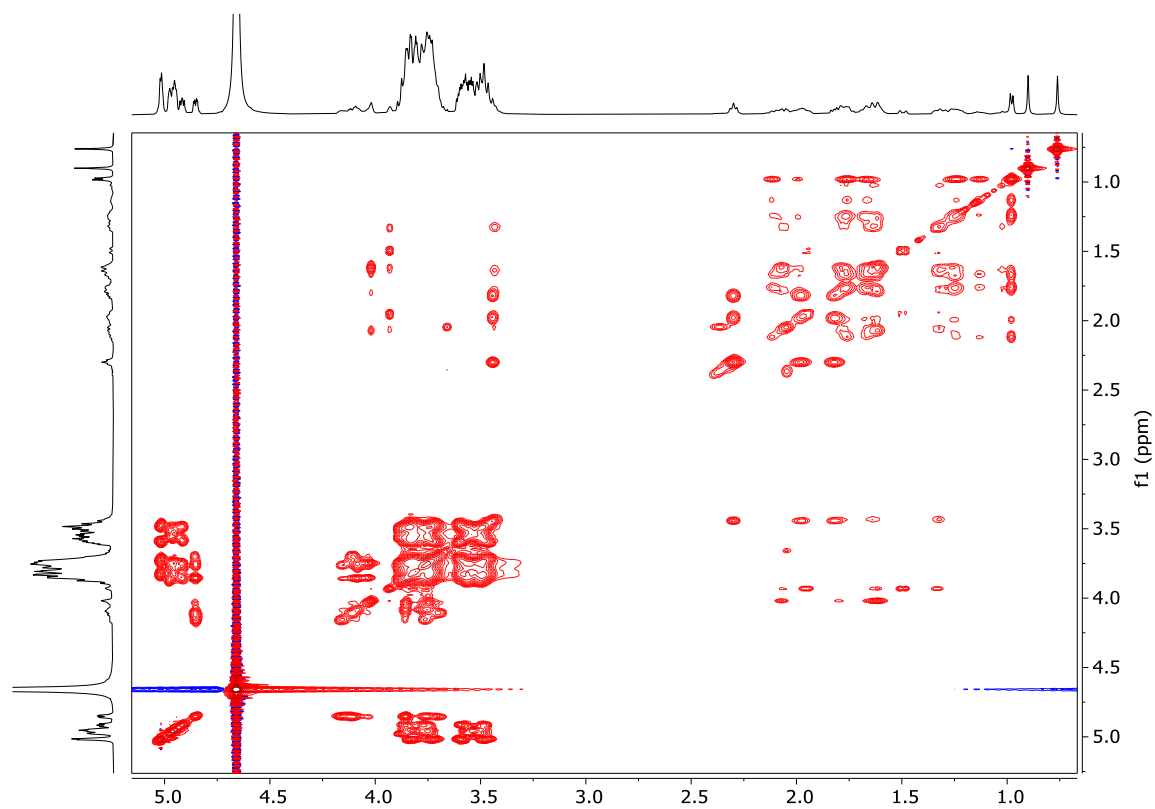


Figure 16S. TOCSY spectrum of $\beta\text{CyD2Glu}$ /Cholate 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)

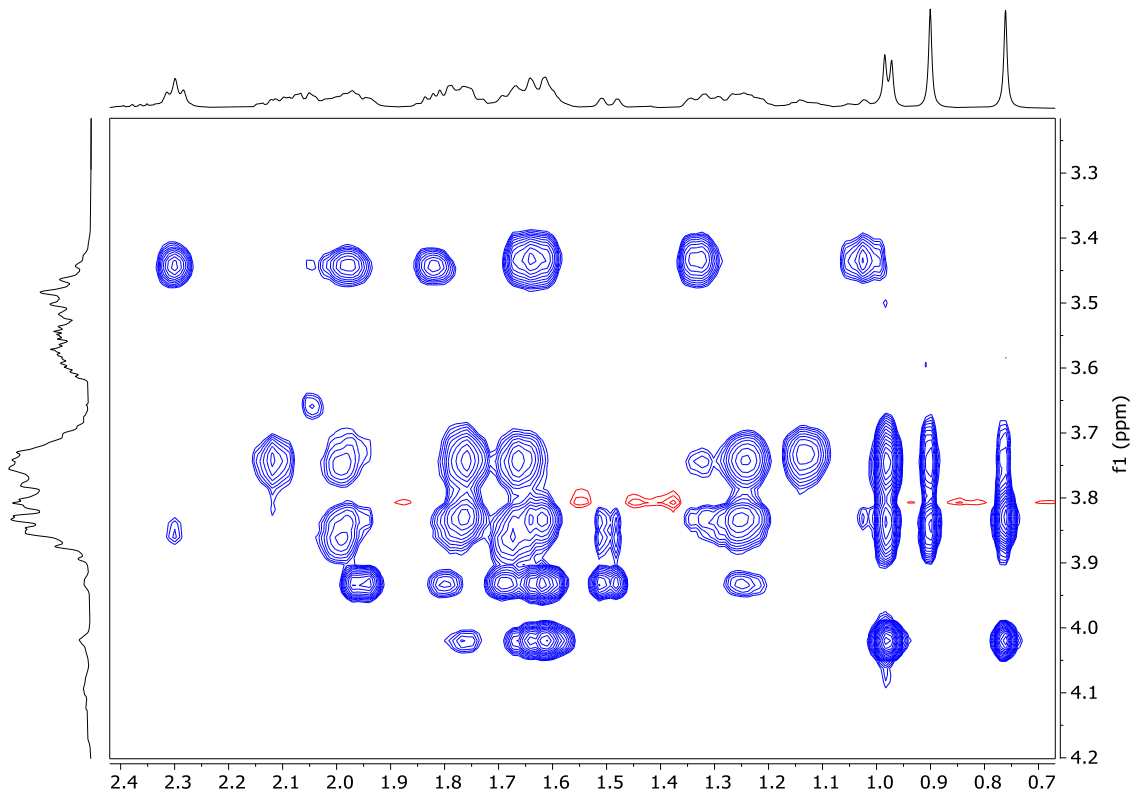


Figure 17S. ROESY of β CyD2Glu/Cholate 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)

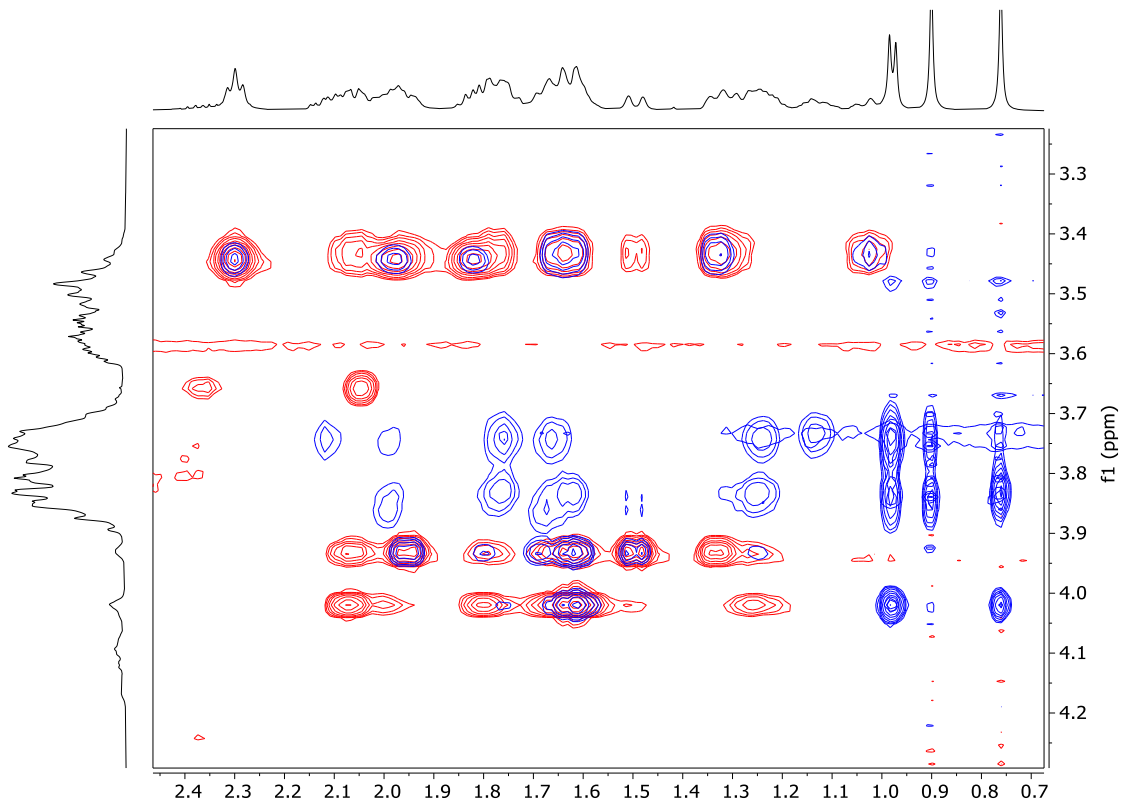


Figure 18S. Overlapped TOCSY (Red) and ROESY (Blue) spectra of β CyD2Glu/Cholate 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)

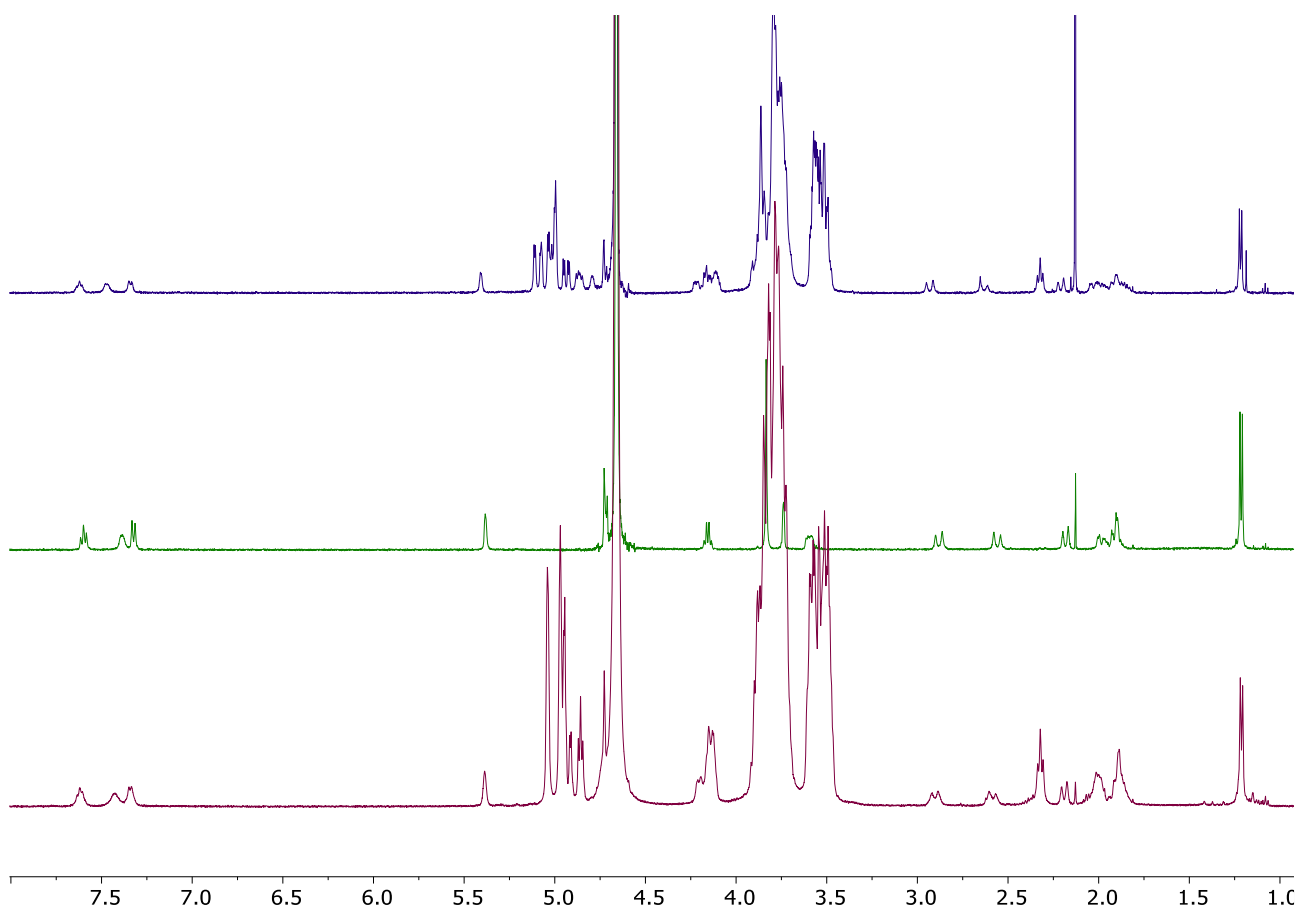


Figure 19S. ^1H NMR spectrum (D_2O , 500 MHz) of $\gamma\text{CyD2Glu/DOXO}$ (top); doxo (middle); $\beta\text{CyD2Glu/DOXO}$ bottom. Acetone trace are present in $\gamma\text{CyD2Glu}$ spectrum at 2.1 ppm

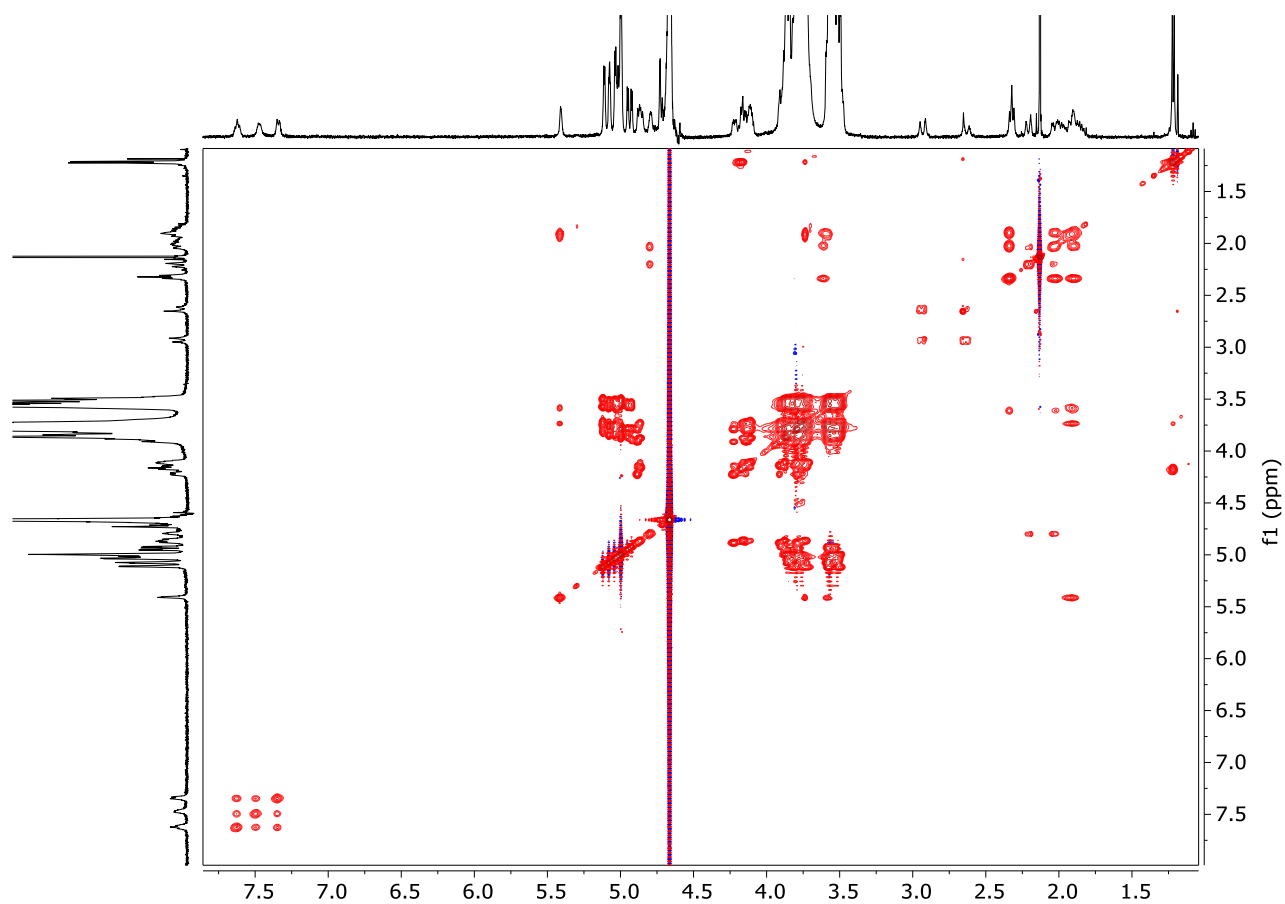


Figure 20S. TOCSY of γ CyD2Glu/DOXO 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)

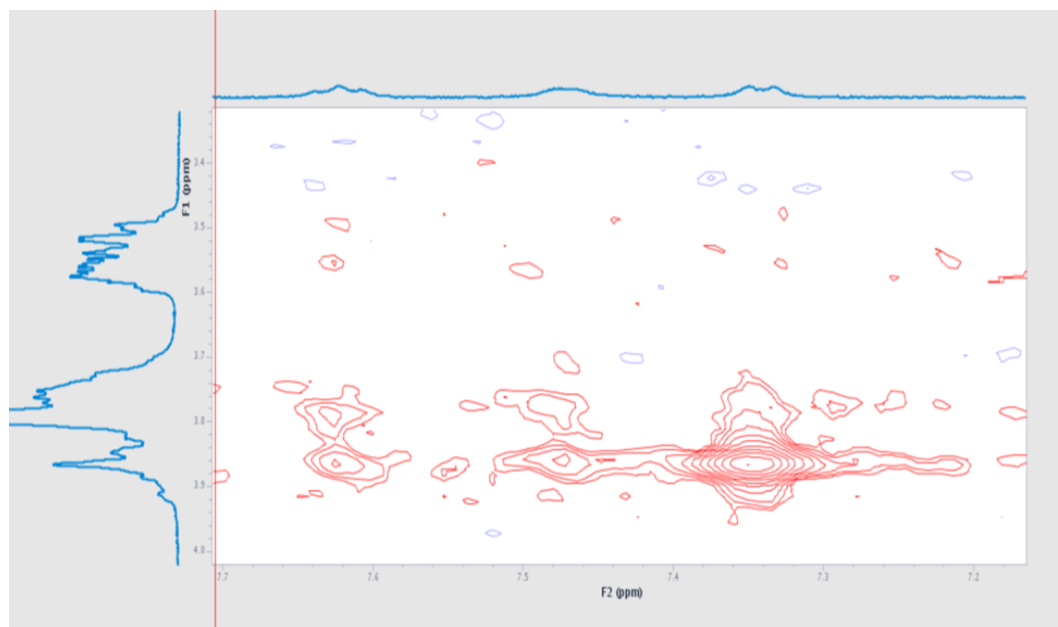


Figure 21S. ROESY of γ CyD2Glu/DOXO 1:1 (D_2O , 500 MHz)