

## **Alkylation of benzene using CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub> over ZnZrOx/ZSM-5: the effect of Y doping**

Guowei Bian<sup>a,b</sup>, Pengyu Niu<sup>a</sup>, Litao Jia<sup>a,c\*</sup>, Heqin Guo<sup>a</sup>, Debao Li<sup>a,c\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>State Key Laboratory of Coal Conversion, Institute of Coal Chemistry, Chinese

Academy of Sciences, Taiyuan 030001, PR China

<sup>b</sup>University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100039, PR China

<sup>c</sup>Dalian National Laboratory of Clean Energy, Dalian, 116023, PR China

\* Corresponding author. E-mail: jialitao910@163.com (Litao Jia), dbli@sxicc.ac.cn

(Debao Li).

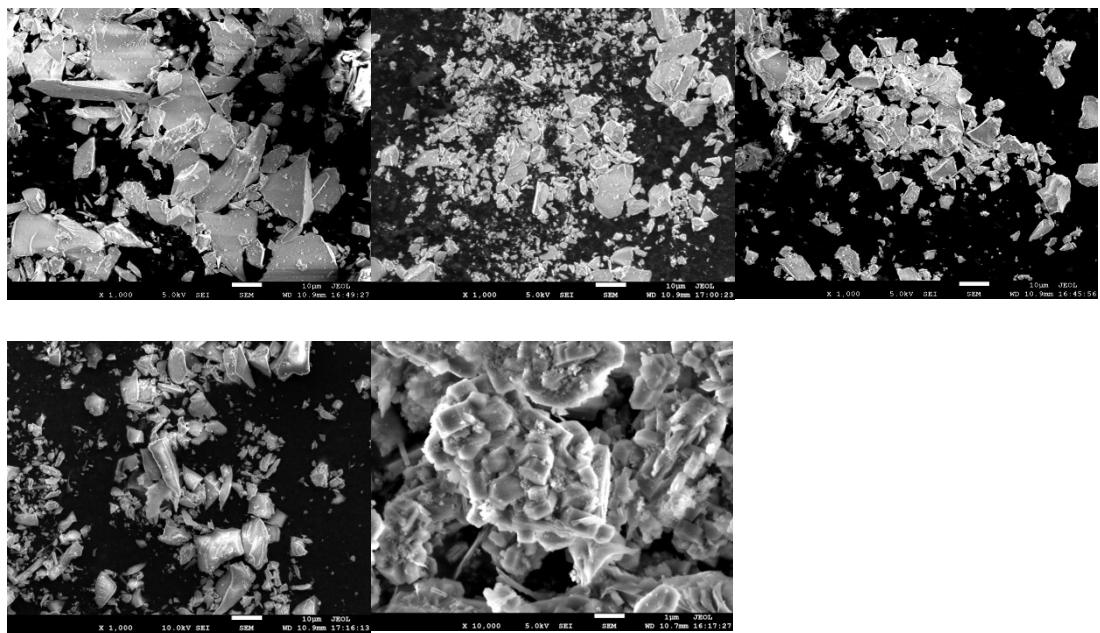


Fig.S1 Y0, Y0.05, Y0.1, Y0.3,ZSM-5 SEM images

Table S1 d-spacings of prepared catalysts calculated using the Bragg equation from XRD

	$2\theta / {}^\circ$	d(011) (nm)	$2\theta / {}^\circ$	d(110) (nm)	$2\theta / {}^\circ$	d(020) (nm)	$2\theta / {}^\circ$	d(121) (nm)
<b>Y0</b>	30.53	0.2926	35.38	0.2535	50.83	0.1795	60.4	0.1531
<b>Y0.05</b>	30.46	0.2932	35.28	0.2542	50.78	0.1797	60.33	0.1533
<b>Y0.1</b>	30.45	0.2933	35.27	0.2544	50.70	0.1799	60.23	0.1535
<b>Y0.3</b>	30.41	0.2937	35.15	0.2551	50.44	0.1808	59.94	0.1542

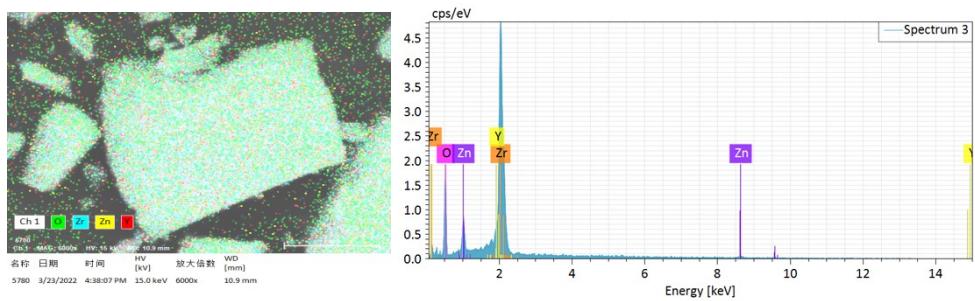


Fig.S2 EDS-mapping of Y0.1

Table S2 EDS-mapping element content analysis of Y0.1.

Element	Atomic number	Quality / %	Normalized Mass / %	Atoms / %
O	8	24.8	29.9	70.3
Zn	30	3.6	4.3	2.5
Y	39	3.8	4.6	1.9
Zr	40	50.8	61.3	25.3
		82.9	100	100

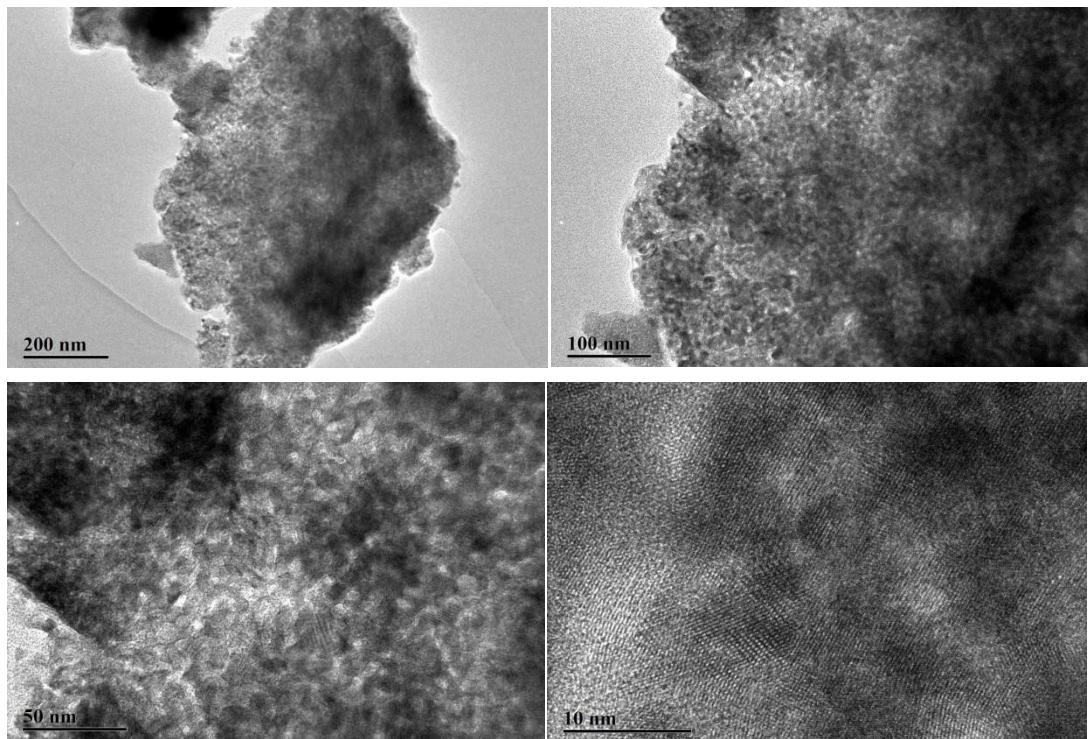


Fig. S3 Y0.1TEM images of different magnifications

Table S3 Deconvolution results of O 1s XPS peaks.

Catalyst	O <sub>OH</sub> / %	O <sub>V</sub> / %	O <sub>L</sub> / %
<b>Y0</b>	13.1	17.8	69.1
<b>Y0.05</b>	11.0	24.7	64.3
<b>Y0.1</b>	13.6	25.7	60.7
<b>Y0.3</b>	17.3	20.2	62.5

Table S4 Y-doped ZnZrOx/HZSM-5 catalyzed alkylation of CO<sub>2</sub> and benzene.

Catalyst	Conv.	Conv.	Selectivity/%			
	CO <sub>2</sub> /%	benz./%	M <sub>B</sub>	E <sub>B</sub>	X <sub>B</sub>	Other
<b>Y0/ZSM-5</b>	10.0	19.7	73.6	3.0	14.3	9.1
<b>Y0.05/ZSM-5</b>	10.2	22.7	61.8	2.6	12.4	23.2
<b>Y0.1/ZSM-5</b>	17.3	30.8	56.5	2.5	15.0	26.0
<b>Y0.3/ZSM-5</b>	14.5	18.3	73.3	3.0	11.5	12.2

Table S5 Liquid phase product distribution

Catalyst	Conv.	Liquid phase product distribution / %			
	benz. / %	M <sub>B</sub>	E <sub>B</sub>	X <sub>B</sub>	C <sub>9+</sub>
<b>Y0/ZSM-5</b>	19.7	80.2	3.3	15.5	1.0
<b>Y0.05/ZSM-5</b>	22.7	79.8	3.3	16.1	0.7
<b>Y0.1/ZSM-5</b>	30.8	74.8	3.3	20.0	1.9
<b>Y0.3/ZSM-5</b>	18.3	81.5	3.3	12.8	2.3
<b>Zn0.1Ti/ZSM-5(30)</b>	23.8	77.4	2.8	16.1	3.7

Table S6 Different mixing methods of Y0.1/HZSM-5 catalyzed alkylation of CO<sub>2</sub> and benzene.

	Conv.	Conv.	Selectivity/%			
	CO <sub>2</sub> /%	benz./%	M <sub>B</sub>	E <sub>B</sub>	X <sub>B</sub>	Other
<b>dual-bed</b>	12.8	9.33	56.8	5.9	6.2	31.1
<b>granule-mixing</b>	14.8	28.5	58.0	2.1	14.4	26.5
<b>powder-mixing</b>	17.3	30.8	56.5	2.5	15.1	25.9

Table S7 Gas phase products of Y0.1/ZSM-5 and Y0.1 for CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to methanol

Catalyst	Conv. CO <sub>2</sub> /%	Selectivity/%						
		Methane	Ethylene	Ethane	Propylene	Propane	Butane	CO
<b>Y0.1/ZS M-5</b>	17.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	56.3
<b>Y0.1</b>	13.5	3.7	0	0	0	0	0	91.8

Table S8 H<sub>2</sub> consumption amount of various catalysts.

Catalysts	ZnY-O-Zr / mmol/g	ZrO <sub>2</sub> / mmol/g	(ZnY-O-Zr)/(ZnY-O-Zr+ZrO <sub>2</sub> )
<b>Y0</b>	0.08	0.52	0.13
<b>Y0.05</b>	0.18	0.58	0.24
<b>Y0.1</b>	0.24	0.34	0.41
<b>Y0.3</b>	0.11	0.54	0.17

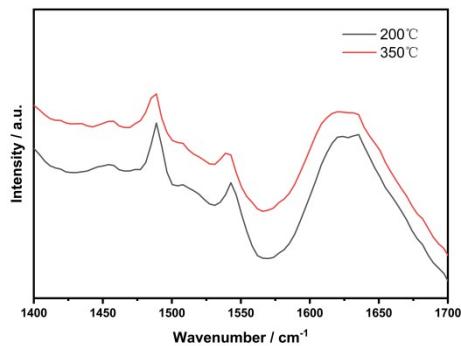


Fig. S4 IR spectra of the ZSM-5 after pyridine desorption

	BET Surface Area / m <sup>2</sup> /g	Pore Volume / cm <sup>3</sup> /g	Pore Size / nm
<b>Y0</b>	28	0.03	3
<b>Y0.05</b>	33	0.04	3
<b>Y0.1</b>	29	0.04	3
<b>Y0.3</b>	14	0.01	3
<b>ZSM-5</b>	346	0.09	6

Table S9 Catalyst bet specific surface area, pore volume and pore size

1. Liu, X.; Pan, Y.; Zhang, P.; Wang, Y.; Xu, G.; Su, Z. *Frontiers of Chemical Science and Engineering* **2021**, *16* (3), 384-396.