

Electronic Supporting Information

Dicyandiamide assisted synthesized N-doped porous CoMn-N_x@N-C carbon nanotube composites via MOFs as efficient trifunctional electrocatalysts in the same electrolyte

Shiang Li ^a, Chao Feng ^{a, b*}, Yuehong Xie ^a, Changyan Guo ^{a*}, Afaq Hassan ^a, Jide Wang ^{a*}

^a Key Laboratory of Oil and Gas Fine Chemicals, Ministry of Education & Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Xinjiang University, Urumqi, Xinjiang 830046, China

^b Ansteel Research Institute of Vanadium&Titanium (Iron&Steel)

*Corresponding author: Jide Wang, E-mail: awangjd@sina.cn; Changyan Guo, E-mail: gcysl@xju.edu.cn; Chao Feng, E-mail: afengc@sina.com

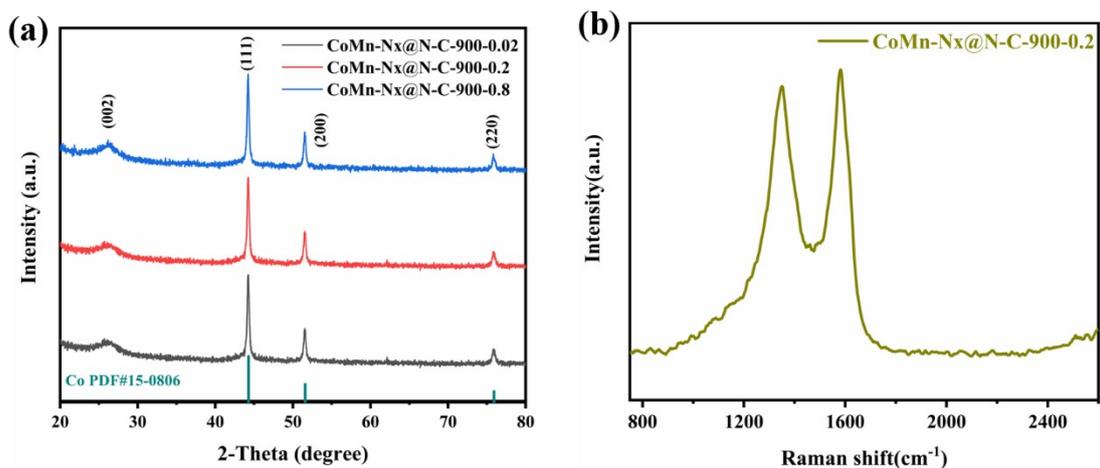


Fig. S1. (a) XRD spectra of CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.02, CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2 and CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.8 nanocomposites; (b) Raman spectra of CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2.

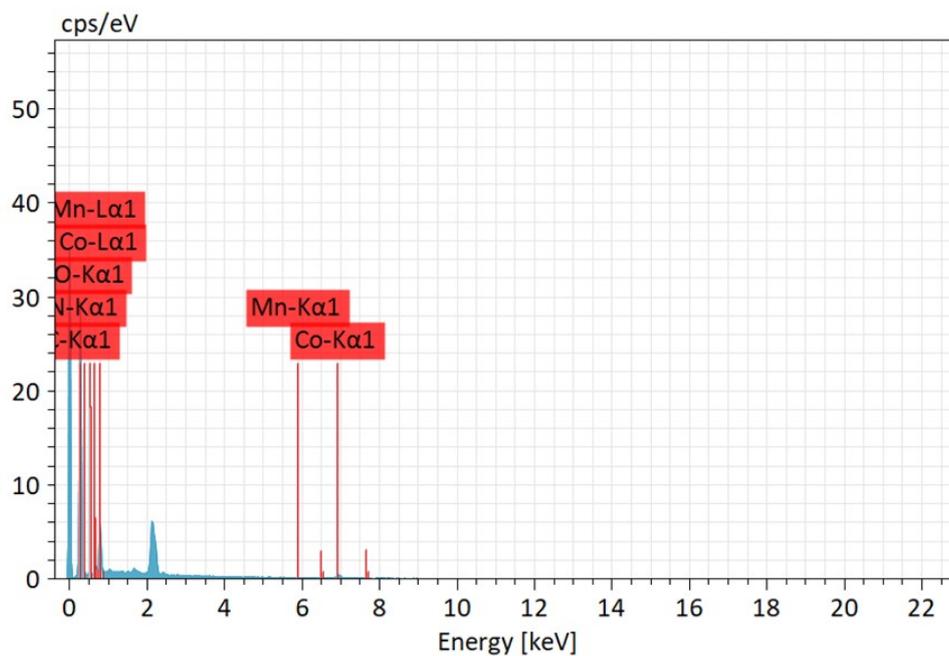


Fig. S2. The EDS spectra of CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2.

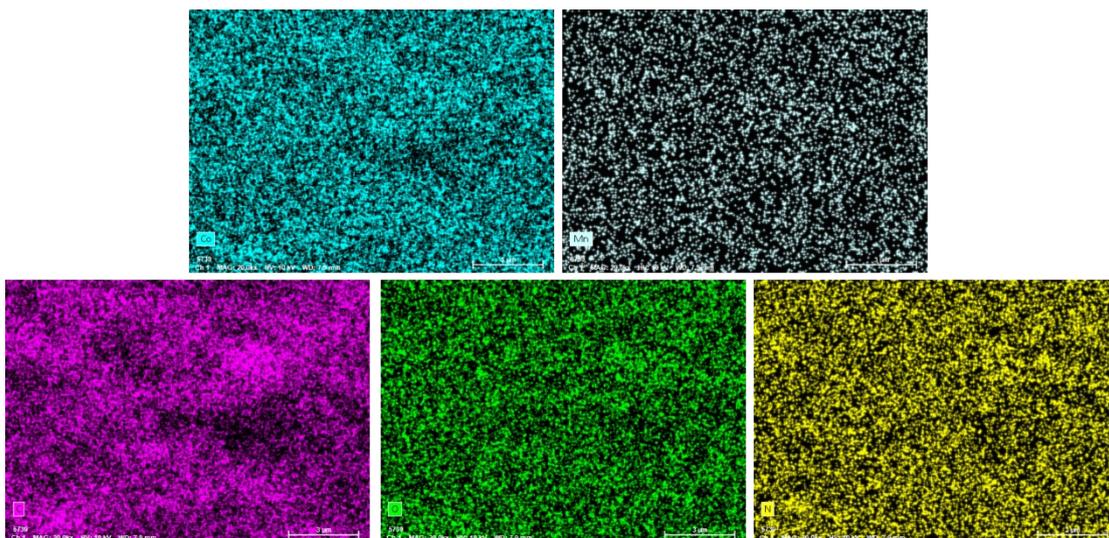


Fig. S3. elemental mapping images of CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2.

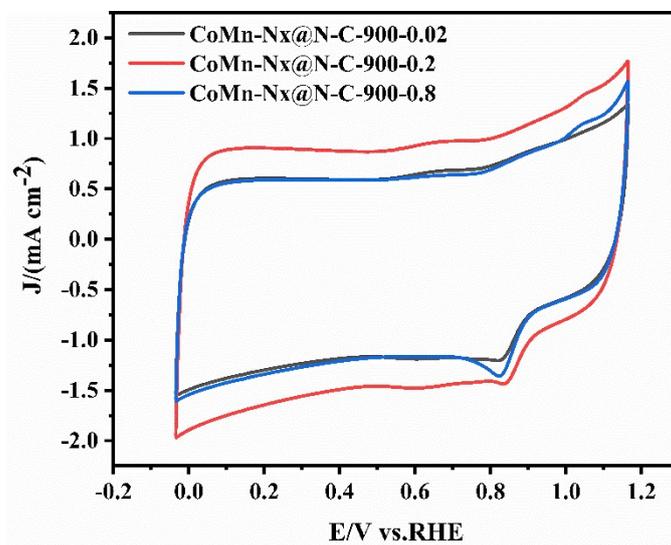


Fig. S4. CV curves of CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.02, CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2 and CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.8 nanocomposites in 0.1 KOH.

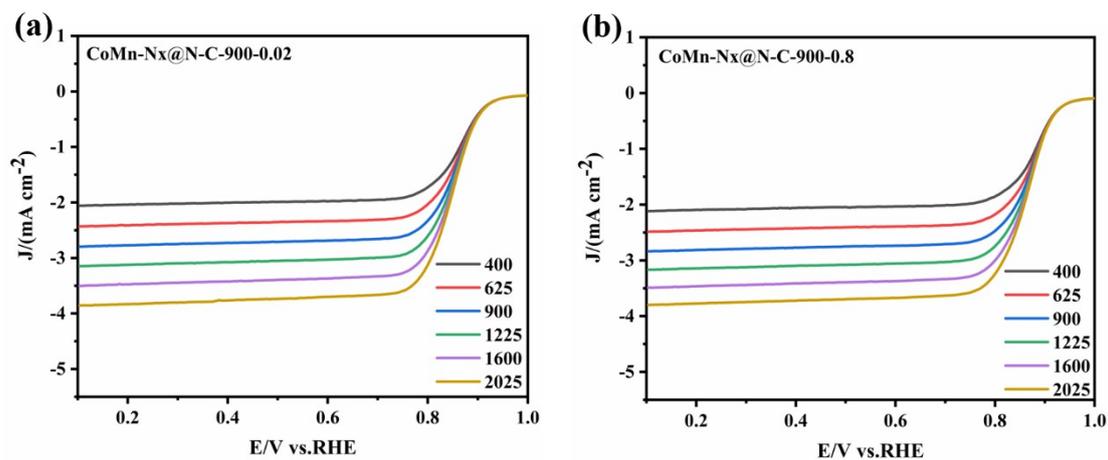


Fig. S5. LSV diagram of CoMn-Nx@N-C at different rotation rates of (a) CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.02; (b) CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.8.

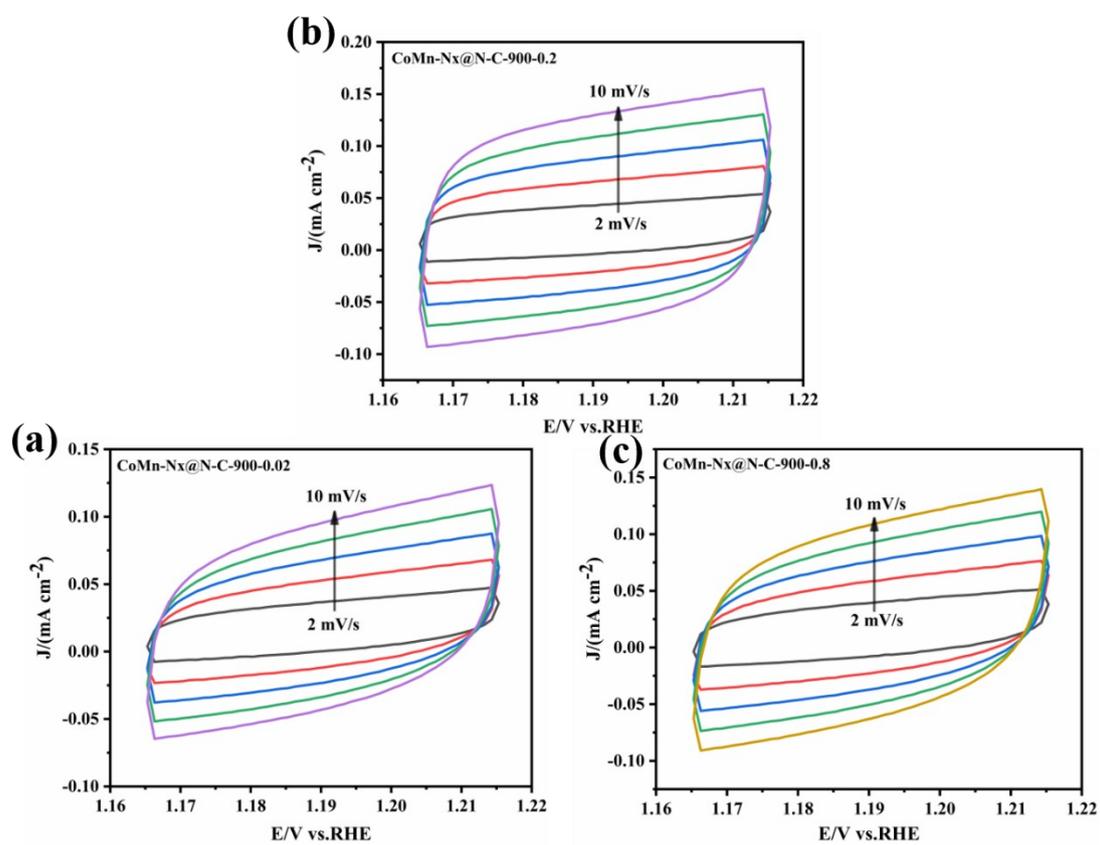


Fig. S6. CV curves measured at different scan rates from 2 to 10 mV s⁻¹ of (a) CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.02; (b) CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2; (c) CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.8.

Table S1. Summary of Porosity Parameters of CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2.

Electrocatalyst	BET SSA (m ² g ⁻¹)	Pore volume (cm ³ g ⁻¹)
CoMn-Nx@N-C-900-0.2	134.50	0.265