## Supplementary Information

# Structure–Activity Relationship Studies on an Antitumor Marine Macrolide Using Aplyronine A–Swinholide A Hybrid

Takayuki Ohyoshi,\*<sup>1</sup> Atsuhiro Takano,<sup>1</sup> Imari Kikuchi,<sup>1</sup> Tomotaka Ogura,<sup>1</sup> Mayu Namiki,<sup>1</sup> Yuto Miyazaki,<sup>1</sup> Takahiro Hirano,<sup>1</sup> Shota Konishi,<sup>1</sup> Yuta Ebihara,<sup>1</sup> Koichi Takeno,<sup>1</sup> Ichiro Hayakawa,<sup>2</sup> Hideo Kigoshi\*<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, 1-1-1 Tennodai, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8571, Japan <sup>2</sup>Graduate School of Integrated Basic Sciences, Nihon University, 3-25-40 Sakurajosui Setagaya-Ku, Tokyo 156-8550, Japan

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Determination of the absolute configurations at C25 and C26 in 13

The stereochemistry of **13** was determined as follows (Scheme S1). Acetylene **13** was converted into 1,3-acetonide **S1**. The relative stereochemistry of C23 and C25 in **S1** was determined to be anti by the <sup>13</sup>C chemical shifts of two acetonide methyl groups ( $\delta_C$  23.6, 25.0).<sup>1</sup> In addition, acetylene **13** was converted into 1,3-acetonide **S3**, and the relative stereochemistry of C25 and C26 was determined to be anti by <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H coupling constants.



Scheme S1. Determination of the absolute configurations at C25 and C26 in 13

#### Reference

1) Rychnovsky, S. D.; Rogers, B.; Yang, G. J. Org. Chem. 1993, 58, 3511.

Determination of the absolute configuration at C19 of S26

#### (S)-MTPA ester of 26

To a stirred solution of alcohol **26** (2.5 mg, 2.5  $\mu$ mol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) were added (*R*)-(+)-MTPACl (9.4  $\mu$ L, 50  $\mu$ mol) and DMAP (9.1 mg, 75  $\mu$ mol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h, poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2.0 mL), and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3.0 mL × 3). The combined extracts were washed with brine (5 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The crude product was purified by preparative TLC (hexane–EtOAc 9 : 1) to afford (*S*)-MTPA ester of **26** (2.6 mg, 87%) as a colorless oil.

#### (R)-MTPA ester of 26

A solution of alcohol **26** (2.9 mg, 2.9  $\mu$ mol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) was similarly treated with (*S*)-(–)-MTPACl and DMAP to afford (*R*)-MTPA ester of **26** (2.8 mg, 80%) as a colorless oil.



**Figure S1.** The  $\Delta\delta$  values ( $\delta s - \delta R$ ) for MTPA esters of **26** 



Figure S2. SDS-PAGE of the supernatants

Tubulin was polymerized with taxol in the presence of actin and/or 1 or 5, and then precipitated by ultracentrifugation. Depolymerized proteins in the supernatant were analyzed by SDS-PAGE, and detected with CBB stain.



Figure S3. SDS-PAGE of the precipitates

Tubulin was polymerized with taxol in the presence of actin and/or 1 or 5, and then precipitated by ultracentrifugation. Polymerized proteins in the precipitate were analyzed by SDS-PAGE, and detected with CBB stain.































































































































