## Stable D-xylose ditriflate in divergent syntheses of dihydroxy

## prolines, pyrrolidines, tetrahydrofuran-2-carboxylic acids,

## and cyclic $\beta$ -amino acids.

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## **SUPPORTING INFORMATION**

<sup>1</sup> HNMR and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra for compounds 21α, 21β, 10α, 10β, 23, 14.HCl, 24, 15.HCl, 11α, 11β, 27, 28, 32, 18, 13, 39, 41, 17, 36, 37, 38.HCl	S2-S22
Glycosidase inhibition studies of compound <b>38</b>	S23-S24
X-Ray cristal structure for compound <b>32</b>	S25-S26



(1R,3S,4S,7R)-5-Benzyl-7-(benzyloxy)-3-methoxy-2-oxa-5-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (21a)

(1R,3R,4S,7R)-5-benzyl-7-(benzyloxy)-3-methoxy-2-oxa-5-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (21β)



Benzyl (*1R,3S,4S,7R*)-7-hydroxy-3-methoxy-2-oxa-5-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-5carboxylate (10α)





Benzyl (*1R,3R,4S,7R*)-7-hydroxy-3-methoxy-2-oxa-5-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-5carboxylate (10β)



Benzyl (2R,3R,4R)-3,4-dihydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (23)



(2R,3R,4R)-2-(Hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-3,4-diol (DAB) (14.HCl)



#### (3R,4R)-N-((Benzyloxy)carbonyl)-3,4-dihydroxy-L-proline (24)

### (3R,4R))-3,4-Dihydroxy-L-proline (15.HCl)





<sup>1</sup>H-NMR



(1R,3S,4S,7S)-7-(benzyloxy)-3-methoxy-2,5-dioxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (11β)



Methyl (2*S*,3*S*,4*R*)-3-(benzyloxy)-4-hydroxytetrahydrofuran-2-carboxylate (27)



### Methyl (2*S*,3*S*,4*S*)-4-azido-3-(benzyloxy)tetrahydrofuran-2-carboxylate (28) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR





(Ethyl (1*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,7*R*)-7-(benzyloxy)-5-cyano-3-methoxy-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-5-carboxylate (32)

S14



### Ethyl (1*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,7*R*)-7-(benzyloxy)-5-((((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino)methyl)-3-methoxy-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-5-carboxylate (18)

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR

S15

Allyl (1*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,7*R*)-7-(benzyloxy)-5-cyano-3-methoxy-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-5-carboxylate (13)







Methyl ((1*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,7*R*)-7-(benzyloxy)-5-cyano-3-methoxy-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-5carbonyl)glycinate (39)

#### Methyl ((1R,3R,4S,5S,7R)-7-(benzyloxy)-5-((2-

(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino)acetamido)methyl)-3-methoxy-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-5carbonyl)glycinate (41)





Methyl

(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino)acetamido)methyl)-4-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentane-1-carbonyl)glycinate (17)

#### <sup>1</sup>H-NMR





#### S20





## ((1*S*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*)-3,4-dihydroxy-1,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl)methanaminium chloride (38.HCl)



<sup>13</sup>C-NMR



## ((1*S*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*)-3,4-dihydroxy-1,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)cyclopentyl)methanaminium chloride (38.HCl)



Concentration of iminosugars giving 50 % inhibition of various glycosidases

enzyme	reLB0816e30
$\alpha$ -glucosidase	
rice	NI (0%)
rat intestinal maltase	NI (0%)
yeast	NI (0%)
human lysosome	NI (0%)
β-glucosidase	
almond	NI (0%)
bovine liver	NI (18.2%)
$\alpha$ -galactosidase	
coffee beans	NI (0%)
β-galactosidase	
bovine liver	NI (11.2%)
$\alpha$ -mannosidase	
Jack bean	NI (0%)
β-mannnosidase	
snail	NI (0%)
$\alpha$ -L-fucosidase	
bovine kidney	NI (0%)
$\alpha$ -L-rhamnosidase	
Penicillium decumbens	NI (1.93%)
Amyloglucosidase	
A.niger	NI (0.617%)
Trehalase	
Porcine kidney	NI (7.71%)
β-glucuronidase	
E.coli	NI (4.35%)
bovine liver	NI (0%)

Methods for the Glycosidase Inhibition Studies

The enzymes -glucosidase (from yeast, rice), -glucosidase (from almonds, bovine liver), -galactosidase (from coffee beans), -galactosidase (from bovine liver), -mannosidase (from jackbeans), -mannosidase (from snails), -L-fucosidase (from bovine kidney), -L-rhamnosidase (fromPenicillium decumbens), -glucuronidases (from Escherichia coli), , -trehalase (from porcine kidney), amyloglucosidase (from Aspergillus niger), p-nitrophenyl glycosides, and various disaccharides werepurchased from Sigma-Aldrich Co. Brush border membranes were prepared from the rat small

intestine according to the method of Kessler et al. [35], and were assayed at pH 6.8 for rat intestinal maltase using maltose. For rat intestinal glucosidases and porcine kidney trehalase activities, the reaction mixture (0.2 mL) contained 25 mM substrate and the appropriate amount of enzyme, and the incubations were performed for 10 min at 37

C. The reaction was stopped by heating at 100 C for 3 min. After centrifugation (600 g; 10 min), 0.035 mL of the resulting reaction mixture were added to 2.1 mL of the Glucose CII-testWako (Wako Pure Chemical Ind., Osaka, Japan). The absorbance at 505 nm was measured to determine the amount of the released D-glucose. Other glycosidase activities were determined using an appropriate p-nitrophenyl glycoside as substrate at the optimum pH of each enzyme. The reaction mixture (0.2 mL) contained 2 mM of the substrate and the appropriate amount of enzyme. The reaction was stopped by adding 0.4 mL of 400 mM Na2CO3. The released p-nitrophenol was measured spectrometrically at 400 nm.



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Bond precision:		C-C = 0.0041  A			Wavelength=0.71073			
Cell:	a=5.8300	(5)	b=16.7011(12)		c=	c=8.4430(6)		
	alpha=90		beta=90.811(5)		ga	gamma=90		
Temperature:	100 K							
		Calculate	ed			]	Reported	
Volume		821.99(1	1)			8	821.99(11)	
Space group		P 21				]	P 21	
Hall group		P 2yb				]	P 2yb	
Moiety formu	ıla	C18 H21	N O5			(	C18 H21 N O5	
Sum formula		C18 H21	N O5			(	C18 H21 N O5	
Mr		331.36					331.36	
Dx,g cm-3		1.339				-	1.339	
Ζ		2					2	
Mu (mm-1)		0.098				(	0.098	
F000		352.0					352.0	
F000'		352.19						
h,k,lmax		7,21,10				-	7,21,10	
Nref		3658[ 18	93]				3577	
Tmin,Tmax		0.979,0.9	996			(	0.828,0.959	
Tmin'		0.960						
Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.828 Tmax=0.959 AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN								
Data completeness= 1.89/0.98 Theta(max)= 27.191								
R(reflections)= 0.0433( 2628)					wR2(reflections)= 0.0801( 3577)			
S = 0.951		Npar	= 219					

# Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for compound **32**, and CCDC: 2180680