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Supplementary Information for

Enantioselective and Diastereoselective Boron Conjugate Addition to

α-Alkyl α,β-Unsaturated Esters

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I. General Information

All air or moisture sensitive reactions were conducted in oven-dried glassware under an atmosphere of argon using dry solvents. Anhydrous solvents were obtained by distillation over Na/benzophenone (MTBE, toluene). Unless otherwise noted, other anhydrous solvents (including deuterated solvents) and reagents were obtained from commercial sources (Adamas-beta®, Energy Chemical®) and used without further purification. For product purification, flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200~300 and 300~400 mesh). Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was visualized with UV light, or stained with KMnO₄ and phosphomolybdic acid hydrate solutions or I₂. NMR data including ¹H NMR or ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker Ascend 500 MHz or Bruker AVANCE III 400 MHz NMR. ¹H NMR chemical shifts were recorded in ppm relative to residual signals of the solvent (CDCl₃ at 7.26 ppm). ¹³C NMR chemical shifts were recorded in ppm relative to the solvent (CDCl₃ at 77.16 ppm). The substrates (1) and the chiral ligands (L1–L5) were prepared according to the literature procedures. The known compounds were characterized by ¹H NMR. The new compounds were characterized by ¹H, ¹³C NMR and HRMS. Coupling constants (J) were reported in Hz.

High resolution mass spectra were obtained from Thermo Scientific LTQ Orbitrap XL. High-pressure liquid chiral chromatography (HPLC) was performed on Agilent 1100 Series using a chiral column (25 cm) as noted for each chiral compound. Enantiomer excess was determined by HPLC analysis employing Chiralpak AD-H and OD-H column with "hexane/ⁱPrOH (or "hexane/EtOH) as the eluent. Optical rotations were measured on an Anton Paar's high-precision digital polarimeter MCP 300 series using a sodium lamp (589 nm) as the light source over a path length of 10 cm.

X-ray diffraction data collection of **3e** was recorded by Bruker D8 VENTURE system with PHOTON II CPAD detector and a Ga-target Liquid METALJET D2 PLUS X-ray Source ($\lambda = 1.34139$ Å). The structure was solved by SHELXT (version 2018/2) and refined by full-matrix least-squares procedures using the SHELXL program (version 2018/3) through the OLEX2 graphical interface.

II. Preparation of the Chiral Ligands and Substrates

a). Preparation of the Ligands¹



Typical procedure for the synthesis of *ent*-L4: A dried 100 mL Schlenk tube was charged with (*R*)-Ugi's amine (1.0 g, 3.89 mmol) and methyl *tert*-butyl ether (MTBE, 10 mL) under the protection of argon. 1.3 M 'BuLi solution in "pentane (3.14 mL, 4.08 mmol) was added dropwise and the resulting mixture was stirred at -78 °C for one hour. The mixture was warmed to room temperature and then stirred for another hour. Then, the mixture was cooled to -78 °C again, and PCl₃ (distilled prior to use) (614 mg, 4.47 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at -78 °C for one hour. Grignard reagent freshly prepared (see the details below, 5 equivalents) was added dropwise at 0 °C and the reaction was stirred overnight. The resulting mixture was quenched by 2 M NaOH solution and stirred for 30 min, and then extracted with CH₂Cl₂ for three times. The combined organic solution was washed with brine, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum. The crude residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate/ Et₃N = 10:1:0.1) to afford *ent*-L4 as a yellow solid (1.9 g, 73%).

Preparation of the Grignard reagent: A dried 100 mL three-necked flask was charged with magnesium chips (567 mg, 23.3 mmol) and tetrahydrofuran (THF, 5 mL). A dried 25 mL dropping funnel was charged 3,5-di-*tert*-butylbromobenzene (5.2 g, 19.4 mmol) and 10 mL THF. A grain of iodine was added under the protection of argon. Then, 4~5 drops of the aryl bromide solution was added at 65 °C. After the reaction was initiated, the aryl bromide solution was added slowly (2~3 s/drop). The mixture was then stirred for 2~3 hours at 65 °C. The resulting suspension was cooled to room temperature, and then used in the synthesis of *ent*-L4.

(*S*, *R_p*)-*N*, *N*-Dimethyl-2-(diphenylphosphinoferrocenyl) ethylamine (L1)^{1d}:

Orange solid (280 mg, 51% yield).

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)** *δ* 7.61–7.57 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 7.36–7.34 (m, 3H, Ar–H), 7.20–7.16 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 4.38 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.25 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.17–4.14 (q, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.94 (s, 5H, Cp–H), 3.86 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 1.77 (s, 6H, NCH₃), 1.27 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃).



 (S, R_p) -N, N-Dimethyl-2-di(3, 5-bis(methyl) phosphinoferrocenyl) ethylamine $(L2)^{1a}$:

Orange solid (715 mg, 37% yield).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.99 (s, 1H, Ar–H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, Ar–H), 4.36 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.24 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.11–4.07 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.92 (s, 5H, Cp–H), 3.88 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 2.32 (s, 6H, CH₃), 2.19 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.81 (s, 6H, NCH₃), 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃).



(*S*, *R_p*)-*N*, *N*-Dimethyl-2-di(3,5-bis(methyl)-4-methoxyphenyl) phosphinoferrocenyl) ethylamine (L3):

Orange solid (778 mg, 36% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) *δ* 7.26 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 4.36 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.24 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.13–4.07 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.92 (s, 5H, Cp–H), 3.88 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 3.74 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.67 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.29 (s, 6H, CH₃), 2.16 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.80 (s, 6H, NCH₃).



(*S*, *R_p*)-*N*, *N*-Dimethyl-2-di(3,5-bis(*tert*-butyl)) phosphinoferrocenyl) ethylamine (L4): Yellow foam solid (967 mg, 31% yield).

¹**H** NMR (**500** MHz, CDCl₃) *δ* 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.39 (s, 1H, Ar–H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, Ar–H), 4.32 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.21 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 3.92 (s, 5H, Cp–H), 3.85 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 1.68 (s, 6H, NCH₃), 1.31 (s, 18H, 'Bu). 1.21 (s, 18H, 'Bu).



(*R*, *S_p*)-*N*, *N*-Dimethyl-2-di(3,5-bis(*tert*-butyl)) phosphinoferrocenyl) ethylamine (*ent*-L4)^{1a}: Yellow foam solid (1.9 g, 73% yield).

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)** *δ* 7.54–7.52 (dd, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.39 (s, 1H, Ar–H), 7.20–7.18 (m, 3H, Ar–H), 4.35 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.23 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 4.14–4.10 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.92 (s, 5H, Cp–H), 3.87 (s, 1H, Cp–H), 1.70 (s, 6H, NCH₃), 1.31 (s, 18H, 'Bu). 1.21 (s, 18H, 'Bu).



(*S*,*R*_{*p*})-*N*,*N*-Dimethyl-2-di(3,5-bis(*tert*-butyl)-4-methoxyphenyl)phosphinoferrocenyl)

ethylamine (L5)^{1e}:

Orange solid (930 mg, 33% yield).

¹**H** NMR (**500** MHz, CDCl₃) *δ* 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 4.14–4.10 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.93 (s, 5H, Cp–H), 3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.57 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.17 (s, 9H, CH₃), 1.41 (s, 18H, ^{*i*}Bu), 1.31 (s, 18H, ^{*i*}Bu).

b). Preparation of the Substrates

General Procedure

$$R \xrightarrow{[1]}{} CHO + MeO \xrightarrow{DABCO} MeOH R \xrightarrow{[1]}{} OMe \xrightarrow{OH O} OMe \xrightarrow{NaBH_4, CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O} R \xrightarrow{[1]}{} Me OMe$$

A solution of mono-substituted benzaldehyde (843 mg, 6 mmol), methyl acrylate (1.0 g, 12 mmol), triethylenediamine (DABCO, 1.4 g, 12 mmol) in methanol (2 mL) was stirred at room temperature. After completion of reaction as monitored by TLC, the mixture was washed with water and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 for three times. The combined organic solution was washed with brine, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum. The crude residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7:1) to afford the desired product^{2a,b}.

The above product (500 mg, 2.2 mmol) and $\text{CuCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (563 mg, 3.3 mmol) were dissolved in methanol (5 mL), and then stirred for 15 min at room temperature. After that, NaBH₄ (250 mg, 6.6 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at 35~40 °C. The resulting mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc for three times. The combined organic solution was washed with brine, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum. The crude residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford the desired product^{2c}.



A dried 50 mL round-bottomed flask was charged with methyl cinnamate (0.92 mmol), NaOH solution (1.84 mmol, 2 mol/L) and methanol (2 mL). After completion, the mixture was adjusted to acidic with 1 M HCl and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 for three times. The combined organic solution was washed with brine, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum to afford the acid as a white solid.

The above acid (173 mg, 0.88 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (5 mL), and then $SOCl_2$ (126 mg, 1.06 mmol) and one drop of *N*,*N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) were added. The mixture was stirred for 7 hours at 90 °C, concentrated in vacuum to remove the solvent and residual thionyl chloride, and then used directly to the next step.

The acyl chloride was treated with TFE (131 mg, 1.32 mmol), Et_3N (267 mg, 2.64 mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL). After completion, the mixture was diluted with water and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 for three times. The organic phase was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ and the aqueous phase was

back-extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic solution was washed with brine, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20:1 to 10:1) to afford the desired product.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-2-methyl-3-phenylacrylate (1a)³:

Colorless liquid (2.8 g, 92% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.78 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.42–7.34 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 4.63–4.57 (q, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.16 (s, 3H, CH₃).



Ethyl (*E*)-2-methyl-3-phenylacrylate (1b)⁴:

Light yellow liquid (1.1 g, 94% yield).

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.69 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.41–7.37 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 4.34–4.29 (m, 1H, Ar–H), 4.30–4.25 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.12 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃).



Phenyl (*E*)-2-methyl-3-phenylacrylate (1c)⁵:

Light yellow solid (2.8 g, 73% yield).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62–7.60 (m, 2H, Alkenyl–H, Ar–H), 7.43–7.31 (m, 8H, Ar–H), 7.14 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 2.22 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H, CH₃).



(E)-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3-phenylacrylamide (1d)⁶:

White solid (1.4 g, 87% yield).

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)** *δ* 7.52–7.49 (m, 3H), 7.42–7.37 (m, 5H), 7.34–7.31 (m, 1H, Ar–H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 3.82 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.21 (s, 3H, CH₃).



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1e):

Light yellow liquid (502 mg, 77% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.71 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.29–7.22 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.01 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 4.55–4.48 (q, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 1.98 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 160.5 (d, *J* = 251.3 Hz), 134.0 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 130.8 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 130.6 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 129.3, 124.0 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 123.3 (d, *J* = 14.1 Hz), 123.3 (q, *J* = 278.3 Hz), 115.9 (d, *J* = 22.2 Hz), 61.0 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 14.3.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for $C_{12}H_{10}F_4O_2Na^+$ (M+Na)⁺ 285.0509; found 285.0508.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1f):

Yellow liquid (430 mg, 83% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.87 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.45–7.42 (m, 1H, Ar–H), 7.34–7.26 (m, 3H, Ar–H), 4.65–4.59 (q, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.03 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8, 138.3, 134.3, 133.9, 130.5, 130.0, 129.8, 129.0, 126.7, 123.2 (q, *J* = 278.3 Hz), 61.0 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 14.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₂H₁₀ClF₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 301.0214; found 301.0213.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(2-bromophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1g):

Yellow liquid (871 mg, 80% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.28– 7.20 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 7.14–7.10 (m, 1H, Ar–H), 4.57–4.50 (q, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 1.93 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 140.5, 135.7, 133.0, 130.6, 130.1, 128.6, 127.2, 124.3, 123.2 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 61.0 (q, J = 36.4 Hz), 14.0.

HRMS (**ESI**) m/z: calcd for C₁₂H₁₀BrF₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 344.9708; found 344.9709.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-2-methyl-3-(*o*-tolyl) acrylate (1h):

Light yellow liquid (342 mg, 80% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.25–7.20 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 4.64–4.57 (q, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.29 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.00 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8, 140.7, 137.1, 134.6, 130.3, 128.9, 128.7, 127.6, 125.7, 123.3 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 60.9 (q, J = 37.4 Hz), 19.9, 13.9.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 281.0760; found 281.0759.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (E)-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1i):

Light yellow liquid (616 mg, 82% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.87 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.28–7.21 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 6.90 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 4.54–4.48 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.77 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.00 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.0, 157.8, 137.4, 130.5, 130.3, 126.8, 124.4, 123.4 (q, *J* = 278.3 Hz), 120.3, 110.7, 60.8 (q, *J* = 37.4 Hz), 55.6, 14.2. **HRMS (ESI)** m/z: calcd for C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 297.0709; found 297.0710.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1j):

Light yellow liquid (437 mg, 74% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.30–7.18 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 4.55–4.49 (q, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.05 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6, 139.8, 137.1, 134.6, 129.9, 129.6, 128.9, 128.2, 127.9, 123.2 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 61.0 (q, J = 36.4 Hz), 14.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₂H₁₀ClF₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 301.0214; found 301.0213.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (E)-3-(3-bromophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1k):

Light yellow liquid (770 mg, 72% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.68 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.54 (s, 1H, Ar–H), 7.48 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.34–7.26 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 4.63–4.57 (q, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.13 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6, 139.4, 137.4, 132.5, 131.8, 130.1, 128.3, 123.2 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 122.7, 61.0 (q, J = 36.4 Hz), 14.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₂H₁₀BrF₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 344.9708; found 344.9710.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (E)-2-methyl-3-(m-tolyl) acrylate (11):

Yellow liquid (230 mg, 78% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.32–7.15 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 4.62–4.56 (q, *J*= 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.15 (d, *J*=1.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 141.4, 138.3, 135.4, 130.7, 129.8, 128.5, 127.0, 126.6, 123.3 (q, *J* = 277.9 Hz), 60.9 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 21.5, 13.7.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 281.0760; found 281.0760.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1m):

Light yellow liquid (725 mg, 89% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.74 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7,00 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.94–6.88 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 4.63–4.56 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.82 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.15 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.4, 160.1, 141.5, 137.2, 130.0, 127.6, 123.8 (q, *J* = 278.2 Hz), 123.1, 115.8, 115.0, 61.4 (q, *J* = 37.4 Hz), 55.8, 14.6. **HRMS (ESI)** m/z: calcd for C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 297.0709; found 297.0710.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1n):

Light yellow liquid (706 mg, 76% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.73 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.43–7.39 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 7.10 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 4.63–4.57 (q, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.14 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.9, 162.9 (d, J = 251.3 Hz), 139.6, 131.9 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 131.5 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 126.6 (d, J = 2.0 Hz), 123.3 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 115.7 (d, J = 21.2 Hz), 61.0 (q, J = 36.4 Hz), 14.0.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₂H₁₀F₄O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 285.0509; found 285.0508.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (10):

Light yellow liquid (213 mg, 83% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.63 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.31–7.25 (dd, J = 8.5 Hz, 16.0 Hz, 4H, Ar–H), 4.55–4.48 (q, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.05 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8, 139.8, 134.9, 133.8, 131.2, 128.9, 127.4, 123.3 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 61.0 (q, J = 36.4 Hz), 14.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₂H₁₀ClF₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 301.0214; found 301.0211.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1p):

Yellow liquid (611 mg, 86% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 4.55–4.49 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.04 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8, 139.9, 134.3, 131.9, 131.4, 127.6, 123.2, 123.2 (q, *J* = 278.3 Hz), 61.0 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 13.7.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for $C_{12}H_{10}BrF_3O_2Na^+$ (M+Na)⁺ 344.9708; found 344.9708.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (E)-2-methyl-3-(p-tolyl) acrylate (1q):

Yellow liquid, (597 mg, 85% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.66 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 4.53–4.47 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.29 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.07 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.2, 141.3, 139.2, 132.6, 130.1, 129.3, 125.8, 123.4 (q, *J* = 278.3 Hz), 60.9 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 21.4, 14.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 281.0760; found 281.0759.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (E)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylacrylate (1r):

White solid (474 mg, 62% yield), m.p. 66.3–68.5 °C.

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.73 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 4.62–4.56 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.85 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.17 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.8, 160.7, 141.4, 132.3, 128.5, 124.9, 123.8 (q, *J* = 278.3 Hz), 114.6, 61.4 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 55.9, 14.6.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 297.0709; found 297.0710.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-2-methyl-3-(naphthalen-1-yl) acrylate (1s):

Yellow liquid (435 mg, 85% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.31 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.90–7.83 (m, 3H, Np–H), 7.55–7.46 (m, 3H, Np–H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H, Np–H), 4.69–4.63 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.03 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.7, 139.9, 133.6, 132.6, 131.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.7, 126.9, 126.7, 126.4, 125.2, 124.6, 123.3 (q, *J* = 278.3 Hz), 61.0 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 14.3.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for $C_{16}H_{13}F_3O_2Na^+$ (M+Na)⁺ 317.0760; found 317.0761.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-2-methyl-3-(naphthalen-2-yl) acrylate (1t):

White solid (171 mg, 32% yield), m.p. 54-60 °C.

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.86 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.82–7.76 (m, 4H, Np–H), 7.46–7.42 (m, 3H, Np–H), 4.58–4.52 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.17 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 141.3, 133.3, 133.2, 132.9, 130.0, 128.5, 128.2, 127.8, 127.1, 127.1, 127.0, 126.7, 61.0 (q, *J* = 36.4 Hz), 14.3.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₆H₁₃F₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 317.0760; found 317.0760.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (E)-2-benzylidenebutanoate (1v):

Light yellow liquid (488 mg, 88% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (s, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 7.43–7.34 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 4.65–4.58 (q, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.63–2.57 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 1.22 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.7, 140.9, 135.3, 133.2, 129.4, 128.9, 128.7, 123.4 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 60.8 (q, J = 36.4 Hz), 20.9, 13.7.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₃H₁₃F₃O₂Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 281.0760; found 281.0774.

$$Me \xrightarrow{O} OH \xrightarrow{EDCI-HCI, Et_3N, DMAP, TFE} Me \xrightarrow{O} OCF_3$$

A dried 100 mL round-bottomed flask was charged with (*E*)-2-methylbut-2-enoic acid (1g, 10.0 mmol), EDCI-HCl (2.3 g, 12.0 mmol), DMAP (244 mg, 2.0 mol) and CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). Et₃N (1.2 g, 12.0 mmol) and TFE (1.1 g, 11.0 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred for 18 hours at room temperature. The resulting mixture was washed with H₂O, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ for three times. The combined organic solution was washed with brine, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum.



2,2,2-trifluoroethyl (*E*)-2-methylbut-2-enoate (1u):

Colorless liquid (1.5 g, 83% yield).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.02–6.96 (qq, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 7.1 Hz, 1H, Alkenyl–H), 4.55–4.48 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 1.88–1.86 (q, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 1.85–1.83 (dq, *J* = 7 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃).



2-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-naphtho[1,8-de][1,3,2] diazaborinine (Bpin-Bdan):

The compound was synthesized according to the literature procedure⁷. White solid (145 mg, 46% yield).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.26 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.17 (s, 2H, NH), 1.28 (s, 12H, CH₃).

III. Optimizations of the Conditions

a). Additives (CuCl as the catalyst precursor)

$ \begin{array}{c} $	CuCl (10 mol%), L4 (15 mol%), T additive (0.2 eq), toluene (1 mL), 4Å	FE (10 eq) A MS, rt. 48 h Bpin O I* Me Za
Additive	Conv. /% ^{[a][b]}	dr (syn : anti) ^[b]
AgNTf ₂	46	1.6:1
AgOTf	-	-
AgBF ₄	<5	-
AgPF ₆	trace	-
Ag ₂ O	trace	-
AgNO ₃	trace	-
NaBArF	42	10:1

^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B_2pin_2 (2 equiv), CuCl (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and **L4** (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), additive (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), TFE (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures.

b). Alcohols



^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B₂pin₂ (2 equiv), CuCl (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and **L4** (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), alcohol (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures.

c). Boron Agents





^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), Boron agent (2 equiv), CuCl (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and **L4** (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), HFIP (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures.

d). Solvents

$ \begin{array}{c} $	CuCl (10 mol%), L4 (15 mol%), HFI NaBArF (0.2 eq), solvent (1 mL), 4Å I	Bpin O P (10 eq) MS, rt. 48 h Me 2a
Solvent	Conv. /% ^{[a][b]}	dr (<i>syn</i> : <i>anti</i>) ^[b]
Toluene	54	6:1
PhCF ₃	44	2.3:1
THF	trace	-
CH_2Cl_2	56	1.2:1
CH ₃ CN	trace	-
Dioxane	trace	-

^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B_2pin_2 (2 eq), CuCl (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and **L4** (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), HFIP (10 equiv), in solvent (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures.

e). Copper Precursors

	Cu cat. (10 mol%), L4	(15 mol%), HFIP (10 e	Bpin O
$Me \qquad (2 e)$	n ₂ q) NaBArF (0.2 eq), toluer	ne (1 mL), 4Å MS, rt. 4	H8 h Me
1a			2a
Cu catalyst	Conv. /% ^{[a][b]}	ee /% ^[c]	dr (syn : anti) ^[b]
Cu(OTf) ₂	84	97	7:1
Cu(OAc) ₂	15	-	2.4:1
CuTc	45	98	6:1
$CuBr \cdot Me_2S$	17	-	6:1
CuOAc	47	91	3:1
CuI	<5	-	2.3:1
$Cu(acac)_2$	79	>99	5:1
Cu(acac-F ₆) ₂ ^[d]	trace	-	-
(CuOTf) · 1/2 Toluene	80	98	5:1
$CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$	8	-	4:1
$CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$	35	-	14:1
1/2 CuCO ₃ ·1/2 CuH ₂ O ₂	61	90	4:1

^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B₂pin₂ (2 equiv), Cu precursor (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and **L4** (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), HFIP (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures; ^[c] Determined by transforming **2a** into corresponding alcohol using NaBO₃·4H₂O as oxidant and then analyzed by chiral HPLC; ^[d] Cu(acac-F₆)₂: copper(II) hexafluoropentanedionate.

f). Additives (Cu(OTf)₂ as the copper precursor)

$ \begin{array}{c} $	Cu(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%), L4 (15 mol%), HFIP (10 eq) additive (0.2 eq), toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS, rt. 48 h	→ Bpin O ↓** Me 2a
Additive	Conv. /% ^{[a][b]}	dr (syn : anti) ^[b]
CsOPiv	trace	-
KOAc	trace	-
CsF	22	3:1
KF	25	3:1
NaO ^t Bu	20	1.2:1
-	44	3:1

^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B₂pin₂ (2 equiv), Cu(OTf)₂ (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and

L4 (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), additive (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), HFIP (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures.

g). NaBArF Dosage

$ \begin{array}{c} $	Cu(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%), L4 (15 mol%), HFIP (10 eq) NaBArF (x eq), toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS, rt. 48 h	Bpin O K Me 2a
NaBArF Dosage /eq	Conv. /% ^{[a][b]}	dr (syn : anti) ^[b]
0.2	84	7:1
0.3	83	6:1
0.4	83	5:1

^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B₂pin₂ (2 equiv), Cu(OTf)₂ (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and **L4** (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (x equiv), HFIP (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS, rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures.

h). Ligands

Me 1a	CF ₃ + B ₂ pin ₂ - (2 eq)	Cu(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%), NaBArF (0.2 eq), to	Ligand (15 mol%), HFIP (1 bluene (1 mL), 4Å MS, rt. 4	Bpin O B h CF3 Me 2a
Ligand	Co	nv. /% ^{[a][b]}	ee /% [c]	dr (syn : anti) ^[b]
L1		69	90	4:1
L2		36	89	5:1
L3		63	90	6:1
L4		84	97	7:1
L5		62	97	10:1
	PAr ₂ Me Fe NMe ₂	Ar = Ph, (S,R_p) -L Ar = 3,5-di-methy Ar = 3,5-di-methy Ar = 3,5-di- <i>tert</i> -bu Ar = 3,5-di- <i>tert</i> -bu	1 Ibenzene, (<i>S</i> , <i>R_p</i>)- L2 I-4-methoxybenzene, (<i>S</i> , Itylbenzene, (<i>S</i> , <i>R_p</i>)- L4 Ityl-4-methoxybenzene, (R _p)- L3 S,R _p)- L5

^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B_2pin_2 (2 equiv), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and Ligand (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), HFIP (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures; ^[c] Determined by transforming **2a** into corresponding alcohol using NaBO₃·4H₂O as oxidant and then analyzed by chiral HPLC.

i). Temperatures

ö			Bpin Q
\sim	$CE_0 + B_{enine}$	Cu(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%), L4 (15 mol%), HFIP (10 eq)	
 Me	(2 eq)	NaBArF (0.2 eq), toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS, Temp. 48h	Me Me
1a			2a

Temperature /°C	Conv. /% ^{[a][b]}	ee /% [c]	dr (syn : anti) ^[b]
0	94	96	11:1
20	84	97	7:1
40	63	93	6:1
60	44	92	6:1

^[a] Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.122 mmol), B_2pin_2 (2 equiv), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and **L4** (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), HFIP (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), Temperature, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures; ^[c] Determined by transforming **2a** into corresponding alcohol using NaBO₃·4H₂O as oxidant and then analyzed by chiral HPLC.

j). Substrates



^[a] Reaction conditions: **1** (0.122 mmol), B_2pin_2 (2 equiv), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (0.012 mmol, 10 mol%) and *ent-L4* (0.018 mmol, 15 mol%), NaBArF (0.024 mmol, 20 mol%), HFIP (10 equiv), in toluene (1 mL), 4Å MS (30 mg), rt, 48 h; ^[b] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures; ^[c] Determined by ¹H NMR analyses of the crude mixtures; ^[c] Determined by transforming **2** (excluding **2c**) into corresponding alcohol using NaBO₃·4H₂O as oxidant and then analyzed by chiral HPLC.

IV. Experimental Procedures

a). General Procedure A for the asymmetric synthesis.



Procedure A-I: A dried 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with B_{2pin_2} (62.0 mg, 0.244 mmol), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (4.4 mg, 0.012 mmol), *ent*-L4 (12.2 mg, 0.018 mmol), NaBArF (21.6 mg, 0.024 mmol), 4Å MS (30 mg) and toluene (1 mL) under the protection of argon, and then stirred at room temperature for 30 min. Then, **1** (0.122 mmol) and (CF₃)₂CHOH (HFIP, 205 mg, 0.13 mL, 1.22 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred for 48 hours. The resulting suspension was filtered through Celite, rinsed with EtOAc for three times and concentrated in vacuum. The crude product was analyzed by ¹H NMR.

Procedure A-II: Another Schlenk tube was charged with the above crude product, *p*-TsOH·H₂O (27.8 mg, 0.146 mmol), benzylamine (65.4 mg, 66.7 μ L, 0.61 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (1 mL) under the protection of argon, and then stirred at 80 °C for 24 hours. After evaporation of the volatiles under vacuum, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford the corresponding product **3**, which was analyzed by ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, HRMS and chiral HPLC.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-2-methyl-3-phenyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3a):

Colorless oily liquid (32.4 mg, 70% yield), 90% ee, 7:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +23.7$ (c = 0.37, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.24–7.16 (m, 8H, Ar–H), 6.75–6.74 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.34 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.27 (dd, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.74–2.63 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.29 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.5, 140.8, 138.2, 129.2, 128.7, 128.5, 127.5, 127.2, 126.0, 83.7, 45.4, 43.3, 24.7, 24.7, 18.2. ¹**H NMR** (*anti*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl₃) \delta 6.02 (s, 1H, NH), 4.46 (d,** *J* **= 5.9 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.83–2.79 (m, 1H, CH), 2.44 (d,** *J* **= 11.1 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.15 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.10 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.02 (d,** *J* **= 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃).**

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₃₀BNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 402.2211; found 402.2213.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 12.8 min, t₂ (major) = 13.4 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3e):

Yellow solid (37.3 mg, 77% yield), m.p. 120–125 °C, 93% ee, 17:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +9.4$ (c = 0.56, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H** NMR (*syn*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31–7.13 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.94 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.89–6.87 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.69 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.30 (dd, J = 6.4 Hz, 14.7 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.13 (dd, J = 4.9 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.88–2.78 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.30 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.21 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.4, 161.1 (d, J = 245.0 Hz), 138.3, 132.0 (d, J = 5.0 Hz), 128.6, 127.6, 127.2, 124.3 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 115.3 (d, J = 23.2 Hz), 83.8, 43.4, 43.2, 24.8, 24.6, 17.9. ¹**H** NMR (*anti*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.12 (s, 1H, NH), 4.45 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 1.03 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS(ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BFNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 420.2117; found 420.2119.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 11.3 min, t₂ (major) = 12.4 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3*f*):

Light yellow solid (35.0 mg, 69% yield), m.p. 150–152 °C, 87% ee, 9:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +19.1$ (c = 0.59, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.35–7.08 (m, 7H, Ar–H), 6.90–6.89 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.63 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.28 (dd, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H,

CH₂), 3.05 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.99–2.93 (m, 1H, CH), 1.33 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.20 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.4, 138.9, 138.3, 134.2, 131.4, 129.7, 128.6, 127.6, 127.3, 127.0, 83.7, 43.4, 43.0, 24.9, 24.7, 17.8. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **400 MHz, CDCl₃**) δ 6.13 (s, 1H, NH), 4.47 (s, 2H, CH₂), 1.17 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.13 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.03 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BClNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 436.1821; found 436.1828.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 9.6 min, t₂ (minor) = 10.0 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(2-bromophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3g):

Light yellow solid (39.4 mg, 70% yield), m.p. 142–150 °C, 92% ee, 4:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +13.3$ (c = 0.62, CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (*syn*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (dd, J = 1.5 Hz, 8.0 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.36 (dd, J = 1.8 Hz, 7.8 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.22–7.19 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 7.01 (td, J = 1.7 Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.94–6.91 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.67 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.29 (dd, J = 6.0 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.24 (dd, J = 5.4 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.10 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 3.00–2.92 (m, 1H, CH), 1.31 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.23 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.20 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.3, 140.5, 138.3, 133.1, 128.6, 127.7, 127.5, 127.5, 127.3, 83.7, 43.4, 43.3, 24.9, 24.7, 17.6. ¹H NMR (*anti*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.15 (s, 1H, NH), 4.48–4.46 (dd, J = 3.0 Hz, 5.6 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.06 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.90–2.85 (m, 1H, CH), 1.16 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.13 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.07 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BBrNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 480.1316; found 480.1320.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 8.7 min, t₂ (minor) = 9.9 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3-(*o*-tolyl) propenamide (3h):

Yellow oily liquid (35.0 mg, 73% yield), 99% ee, 4:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +22.7$ (c = 0.62, CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (*syn*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (dd, J = 2.2 Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.17–7.15 (m, 3H, Ar–H), 7.11 (dd, J = 2.6 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.07–7.04 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.37 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H, NH), 4.28 (dd, J = 6.4 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.03 (dd, J = 4.9 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.94 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.80–2.73 (m, 1H, CH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.31 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, CH₃), 1.19 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.14 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.8, 139.4, 138.3, 137.2, 130.8, 128.5, 127.9, 127.4, 127.1, 125.9, 125.6, 83.5, 44.7, 43.4, 24.7, 24.6, 20.4, 18.3. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.13 (s, 1H, NH), 4.47–4.46 (dd, J = 3.2 Hz, 5.7 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.36(s, 3H, CH₃), 1.11 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.07 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.00 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for $C_{24}H_{32}BNO_3Na^+$ (M+Na)⁺ 416.2368; found 416.2369.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 220 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 10.2 min, t₂ (minor) = 13.2 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3i):

Colorless oily liquid (41.9 mg, 84% yield), 90% ee, 2:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +29.8$ (c = 0.25, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **500 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.34–7.27 (m, 1H, Ar–H), 7.23–7.18 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.85–6.83 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.70 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H, NH), 4.16 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.64 (s, 3H, O–CH₃), 2.92–2.86 (m, 1H, CH), 2.75 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.32 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, CH₃), 1.21 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.17 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.0, 156.9, 138.6, 131.2, 128.9, 128.6, 127.7, 127.2, 127.2, 121.2, 110.4, 83.4, 55.2, 43.4, 43.3, 25.0, 24.9, 18.4. ¹**H** NMR (*anti*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.10 (s, 1H, NH), 4.44 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.80 (s, 3H, O–CH₃), 1.12 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₄H₃₂BNO₄Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 432.2317; found 432.2320.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak OD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 11.4 min, t₂ (minor) = 13.6 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3j):

Colorless solid (33.8 mg, 67% yield), m.p. 99–107 °C, 91% ee, 7:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +18.1$ (c = 0.33, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.26 (s, 1H, Ar–H), 7.20 (dd, J = 1.6 Hz, 4.6 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.16–7.10 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 6.82–6.80 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.44 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.36 (dd, J = 6.6 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.06 (dd, J = 4.8 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.72–2.62 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.28 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.19 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.0, 143.0, 138.1, 134.3, 129.8, 129.0, 128.6, 127.6, 127.5, 127.3, 126.2, 83.9, 45.2, 43.3, 24.7, 24.7, 18.2. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **400** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.03 (s, 1H, NH), 4.47 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.84–2.76 (m, 1H, CH), 2.39 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.14 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.11 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.04 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BCINO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 436.1821; found 436.1827.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 230 nm, Chiralpak OD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 9.8 min, t₂ (minor) = 11.1 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(3-bromophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3k):

Colorless solid (37.7 mg, 67% yield), m.p. 104–110 °C, 90% ee, 6:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +17.4$ (c = 0.47, CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (syn, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.30 (dt, J = 1.3 Hz, 7.9 Hz,

1H, Ar–H), 7.22–7.16 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.83–6.80 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.45 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.36 (dd, J = 6.6 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.05 (dd, J = 4.8 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.70–2.61 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.27 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.19 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.0, 143.3, 138.1, 131.9, 130.2, 129.2, 128.7, 128.0, 127.5, 127.3, 122.6, 83.9, 45.2, 43.3, 24.7, 24.7, 18.2. ¹H NMR (*anti*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.07 (s, 1H, NH), 4.47 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.84–2.76 (m, 1H, CH), 2.37 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.14 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.11 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.04 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BBrNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 480.1316; found 480.1317.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 10.0 min, t₂ (minor) = 11.1 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3-(*m*-tolyl) propenamide (3l):

White solid (28.8 mg, 60% yield), m.p. 112–114 °C, 91% ee, 2:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +21.5$ (c = 0.46, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **500 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.17–7.10 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 7.04 (s, 1H, Ar–H), 7.04 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.99 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.74–6.73 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.34 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.30 (dd, J = 6.5 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.04 (dd, J = 4.9 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.73–2.66 (m, 1H, CH), 2.59 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.27 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.28 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.6, 140.7, 138.3, 138.15, 130.0, 128.5, 127.5, 127.2, 126.8, 126.0, 83.7, 45.3, 43.3, 24.7, 24.7, 21.5, 18.2. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.02 (s, 1H, NH), 4.46 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.82–2.75 (m, 1H, CH), 2.40 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.30 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.15 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.10 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.02 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₄H₃₂BNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 416.2368; found 416.2371.

HPLC conditions: hexane/ ethanol = 95/5, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 9.9 min, t₂ (major) = 12.0 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3m):

Light yellow solid (36.4 mg, 73% yield), m.p. 88–95 °C, 92% ee, 4:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +18.1$ (c = 0.50, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **500 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.19–7.12 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 6.83–6.78 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 6.72 (dd, J = 2.8 Hz, 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 5.37 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.29 (dd, J = 6.4 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.07 (dd, J = 4.9 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.73 (s, 3H, O–CH₃), 2.73–2.66 (m, 1H, CH), 2.61 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.28 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.5, 159.9, 142.5, 138.3, 129.6, 128.6, 127.5, 127.2, 121.6, 114.5, 111.9, 83.7, 55.2, 45.3, 43.4, 24.7, 24.7, 18.2. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.99 (s, 1H, NH), 4.46 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.77 (s, 3H, O–CH₃), 2.82–2.76 (m, 1H, CH), 2.41 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.16 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.11 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.03 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₄H₃₂BNO₄Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 432.2317; found 432.2318.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 15.6 min, t₂ (minor) = 16.9 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3n):

Colorless solid (31.5 mg, 65% yield), m.p. 90–105 °C, 93% ee, 8:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +20.8$ (c= 0.42, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H** NMR (*syn*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21–7.18 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 6.90 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.78–6.76 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.42 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.35 (dd, J = 6.9 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.03 (dd, J = 4.4 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.69–2.61 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.27 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.2, 161.5

(d, J = 244.7 Hz), 138.2, 136.5 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 130.6 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 128.6, 127.5, 127.3, 115.4 (d, J = 18.2 Hz), 83.8, 45.6, 43.3, 24.7, 24.7, 18.3. ¹H NMR (*anti*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.03 (s, 1H, NH), 4.45 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.80–2.73 (m, 1H, CH), 2.41 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.15 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.10 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.03 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS(ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BFNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 420.2117; found 420.2119.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 11.3 min, t₂ (major) = 12.0 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (30):

Yellow oily liquid (31.6 mg, 62% yield), 92% ee, 7:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.6$ (c = 0.28, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.23–7.15 (m, 7H, Ar–H), 6.75–6.73 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.39 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.40 (dd, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.00 (dd, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.68–2.61 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.1, 139.4, 138.1, 131.8, 130.6, 128.8, 128.6, 127.5, 127.4, 83.8, 45.4, 43.3, 24.7, 24.7, 18.3. ¹**H NMR** (*anti*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl₃) \delta 5.99 (s, 1H, NH), 4.48–4.46 (dd,** *J* **= 2.0 Hz, 5.8 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.82–2.74 (m, 1H, CH), 2.40 (d,** *J* **= 11.1 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.14 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.11 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.03 (d,** *J* **= 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).**

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BClNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 436.1821; found 436.1828.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 95/5, 1 mL/min, λ = 230 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 28.5 min, t₂ (major) = 31.5 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3p):

Colorless oily liquid (36.6 mg, 66% yield), 91% ee, 5:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +10.9$ (c = 0.22, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.34 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.24–7.22 (m, 3H, Ar–H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.76–6.74 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.38 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.40 (dd, J = 6.9 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.00 (dd, J = 4.6 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.70–2.60 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.27 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.1, 140.0, 138.1, 131.7, 131.0, 128.7, 127.5, 127.4, 119.9, 83.9, 45.4, 43.3, 24.7, 24.7, 18.3. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **400** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.98 (s, 1H, NH), 4.48–4.46 (dd, J = 2.1 Hz, 5.6 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.82–2.74 (m, 1H, CH), 2.39 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.14 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.11 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.03 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₉BBrNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 480.1316; found 480.1317.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 11.5 min, t₂ (major) = 12.5 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3-(*p*-tolyl) propenamide (3q):

White solid (36.9 mg, 77% yield), m.p. 98–105 °C, 92% ee, 5:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +21.8$ (c = 0.35, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H** NMR (*syn*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.18–7.15 (m, 3H, Ar–H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 6.77–6.76 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.31 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.30 (dd, J = 6.4 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.04 (dd, J = 4.9 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.70–2.64 (m, 1H, CH), 2.58 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.31 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.28 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.6, 138.4, 137.7, 135.3, 129.4, 129.0, 128.5, 127.6, 127.2, 83.6, 45.4, 43.4, 24.8, 24.7, 21.2, 18.2.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₄H₃₂BNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 416.2368; found 416.2361.

HPLC conditions: hexane/ ethanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 11.2 min, t₂ (major) = 11.7 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3r):

White solid (38.4 mg, 77% yield), m.p. 95–98 °C, 98% ee, 4:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +20.8$ (c = 0.28, CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (*syn*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.18–7.14 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 6.78–6.76 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 5.32 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.33 (dd, J = 6.6 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.04 (dd, J = 4.9 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.78 (s, 3H, O–CH₃), 2.67–2.61 (m, 1H, CH), 2.57 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.27 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.6, 158.0, 138.4, 132.8, 130.1, 128.5, 127.6, 127.2, 114.1, 83.7, 55.3, 45.6, 43.4, 24.8, 24.7, 18.2. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.99 (s, 1H, NH), 4.46 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.77 (s, 3H, O–CH₃), 2.82–2.76 (m, 1H, CH), 2.41 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.16 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.11 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.03 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₄H₃₂BNO₄Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 432.2317; found 432.2318.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 220 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 10.4 min, t₂ (major) = 16.8 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-2-methyl-3-(naphthalen-1-yl)-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3s):

Yellow oily liquid (26.2 mg, 50% yield), 92% ee, 4:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +16.6$ (c = 0.52, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H** NMR (*syn*, **500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.48–7.31 (m, 6H, Np–H, Ar–H), 7.10 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 7.05 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.52 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 5.20 (br, 1H, NH), 3.99 (dd, J = 6.0 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.94 (dd, J = 5.2 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.99–2.93 (m, 1H, CH), 1.40 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.21 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.14 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.4, 138.5, 138.0, 134.0, 132.3, 128.3, 128.2, 127.9, 127.7, 127.6, 127.6, 127.2, 127.0, 126.0, 125.3, 83.8, 45.4, 43.3, 24.8, 24.7, 18.4. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **500 MHz, CDCl₃**) *δ* 6.10 (s, 1H, NH), 4.50–4.48 (dd, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 5.7 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.31 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 3.07–3.00 (m, 1H, CH).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₇H₃₂BNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 452.2368; found 452.2368.

HPLC conditions: hexane/ ethanol = 95/5, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 11.2 min, t₂ (major) = 14.1 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-2-methyl-3-(naphthalen-2-yl)-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (3t):

Yellow oily liquid (31.4 mg, 60% yield), 92% ee, 6:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +11.9$ (c = 0.52, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **500 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.81–7.70 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 7.45–7.39 (m, 3H, Ar–H), 6.97 (t, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.74 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 6.42 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 5.34 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.28 (dd, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.91 (dd, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.85–2.79 (m, 2H, CH, B–CH), 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.17 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.3, 138.4, 137.8, 133.9, 132.2, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 127.5, 127.1, 126.9, 125.8, 125.2, 83.7, 45.3, 43.2, 24.6, 24.6, 18.2. ¹**H NMR** (*anti*, **500 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 6.06 (s, 1H, NH), 4.49–4.48 (dd, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 5.6 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.97–2.91 (m, 1H, CH), 2.61 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.15 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.09 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.05 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₇H₃₂BNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 452.2368; found 452.2363.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 220 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 19.3 min, t₂ (minor) = 23.0 min.



N-benzyl-2-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) butanamide (3u):

White solid (30.4 mg, 78% yield), m.p. 92–103 °C, 90% ee, 1:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +9.2$ (c = 0.53, CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34–7.24 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 6.16–6.10 (m, 1H, NH), 4.49–4.37 (m,

2H, CH₂), 3.78 (s, 3H, O–CH₃), 2.67–2.61 (m, 1H, CH), 2.57 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.27 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.22 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.18 (s, 6H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.9, 176.2, 138.7, 138.6, 128.8, 128.0, 128.0, 127.5, 83.4, 83.1, 44.0, 43.8, 43.6, 43.6, 24.9, 24.8, 24.8, 24.7, 17.3, 16.6, 13.1, 13.0.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₈H₂₈BNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 340.2054; found 340.2053.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 8.4 min, t₂ (major) = 9.9 min.



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*-benzyl-2-phenyl(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)methyl)butanamide (3v):

White solid (38.6 mg, 45% yield), m.p. 148–161 °C, 90% ee, 6:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +15.6$ (c = 0.32, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H NMR** (*syn*, **400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.24–7.15 (m, 8H, Ar–H), 6.74–6.72 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 5.31 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H, NH), 4.25 (dd, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.06 (dd, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 14.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.67 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 2.51–2.45 (td, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 3.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.85–1.74 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.65–1.56 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.21 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.17 (s, 6H, CH₃), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.5, 140.7, 138.3, 129.2, 128.6, 128.5, 127.6, 127.2, 126.0, 83.7, 53.5, 43.3, 26.2, 24.7, 12.7. ¹H NMR (*anti*, **400** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.96 (s, 1H, NH), 4.56 (dd, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.42 (dd, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 14.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 1.15 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.09 (s, 6H, CH₃), 0.81 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS(ESI) m/z: calcd for $C_{24}H_{32}BNO_3Na^+$ (M+Na)⁺ 416.2373; found 416.2375.

HPLC conditions: hexane/EtOH = 95/5, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (minor) = 19.4 min, t₂ (major) = 21.7 min.

b). General Procedure B for the preparation of racemic products.



Procedure B-I: A dried 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **1** (0.122 mmol), B₂pin₂ (46.5 mg, S30

0.183 mmol), CuCl (3.6 mg, 0.037 mmol), 1,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane (17.0 mg, 0.043 mmol), NaO'Bu (3.5 mg, 0.037 mmol), CF₃CH₂OH (TFE, 61.0 mg, 43.9 μ L, 0.61 mmol), 4Å MS (30 mg) and toluene (1 mL) under the protection of argon, and then stirred at room temperature for 48 hours. The suspension was filtered through Celite, rinsed with EtOAc for three times and concentrated in vacuum. The crude product was analyzed by ¹H NMR. **Procedure B-II:** Refer to the **Procedure A-II**.

c). Applications of stereospecific transformation.



A dried 50 mL Schlenk tube was charged with B_2pin_2 (1.0 g, 4.094 mmol), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (74.0 mg, 0.205 mmol), *ent*-L4 (163.5 mg, 0.246 mmol), NaBArF (181.4 mg, 0.205 mmol), 4Å MS and toluene (10 mL) under the protection of argon, and then stirred at room temperature for 30 min. Then, **1a** (500 mg, 2.047 mmol) and HFIP (3.4 g, 2.16 mL, 20.47 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred for 48 hours. The resulting suspension was filtered through Celite, rinsed with EtOAc for three times and concentrated in vacuum. The crude product was analyzed by ¹H NMR.

Half of the above crude product was used for the **Procedure A-II**: Another Schlenk tube was charged with the above crude product, *p*-TsOH·H₂O (233 mg, 1.224 mmol), benzylamine (546 mg, 0.56 mL, 5.1 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane under the protection of argon, and then stirred at 80 °C for 24 hours. After evaporation of the volatiles under vacuum, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 to 2:1) to afford **3a** as a colorless oily liquid (246 mg, 64% yield), which was analyzed by ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, HRMS and chiral HPLC.

The other half of the crude product was treated with LiOH·H₂O (107 mg, 2.55 mmol) and a mixed solution (THF/H₂O = 9:1), and then the reaction mixture was stirred for 24 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Then, petroleum ether and water were added, and the aqueous phase was extracted with MTBE. After adjusting the pH of the aqueous phase with 1M HCl solution, the aqueous phase was extracted with MTBE for three times. The combined organic solution was dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum.

A dried 25 mL Schlenk tube was charged with Et_2NH (373 mg, 0.53 mL, 5.1 mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 under the protection of argon. Then, Et_3N (619 mg, 0.85 mL, 6.12 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min. TBTU (982 mg, 3.06 mmol) and the above acid were added at 0 °C and stirred overnight. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Then, ethyl acetate and water were added, and the organic phase was successively washed with diluted HCl and 2% aqueous K_2CO_3 . The aqueous phase was back-extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined

organic solutions were washed with brine, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10: 1 to 2:1) to afford **5** as a colorless oily liquid (232 mg, 66% yield).



(2*S*,3*S*)-*N*,*N*-diethyl-2-methyl-3-phenyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) propenamide (5):

Colorless oily liquid (232 mg, 66% yield), 92% ee, 7:1 dr. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +43.3$ (c = 0.85, CH₂Cl₂). **¹H NMR** (*syn*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, Ar–H), 7.21–7.17 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H,

Ar–H), 7.11–7.08 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H, Ar–H), 3.40–3.31 (m, 1H, N–CH₂), 3.21–2.92 (m, 4H, N–CH₂, CH), 2.73 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.25 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.21 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.20 (s, 6H, CH₃), 0.99 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 0.82 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.9, 141.0, 129.7, 128.0, 125.6, 83.0, 41.7, 40.3, 39.6, 24.8, 24.8, 18.1, 14.7, 12.8. ¹H NMR (*anti*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.57–3.48 (m, 1H, N–CH₂), 2.43 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, B–CH), 1.14 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.10 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.06 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₃₂BNO₃Na⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 368.2368; found 368.2368.

HPLC conditions: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, Chiralpak AD-H column (4.6 mm x 250 mm), t₁ (major) = 5.5 min, t₂ (minor) = 6.2 min.



A solution of **3a** (100 mg, 0.264 mmol) in MeOH (1.2 mL) was treated with 4.5 M aqueous KHF₂ (0.29 mL, 1.32 mmol), and then the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in toluene and concentrated in vacuum for three times to remove the residual water. The crude mixture was then dissolved in acetone and filtered. The combined organic solution was concentrated in vacuum. The pale solid obtained was dissolved in minimum amount of acetone and then hexanes were added to the solution. The participates were collected and dried in vacuum to afford **4** (77.4 mg, 82%) as a white solid ^[8].



(2S,3S)-N-benzyl-2-methyl-3-phenyl-3-(trifluoro- λ^4 -boranyl) propanamide, potassium salt (4):

White solid (77.4 mg, 82% yield), 8:1 dr.

¹**H** NMR (*syn*, 400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 7.23–7.21 (m, 1H, Ar–H), 7.13–7.05 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 6.99–6.92 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 6.76–6.74 (m, 2H, Ar–H), 4.23 (dd, J = 6.64 Hz, 15.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 4.01 (dd, J = 5.52 Hz, 15.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.89–2.81 (m, 1H, CH), 2.09–2.02 (m, 1H, B–CH), 1.27 (d, J = 6.88 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 178.6, 149.5, 140.3, 129.6, 128.4, 127.6, 127.4, 126.5, 123.6, 45.4, 42.5, 18.5. ¹⁹F{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 376 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ – 138.96.



A dried 25 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **5** (66.5 mg, 0.192 mmol) and THF (1.5 mL) under the protection of argon. Then, vinyImagnesium bromide (0.96 mL of a 1 M solution in THF, 0.96 mmol) was added dropwise at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min. The reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C for 30 min, a solution of iodine (97.5 mg, 0.384 mmol) in methanol (2 mL) was added dropwise and stirred for one hour. The resulting mixture was filtered through Celite, rinsed with CH₂Cl₂ for three times and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **6** as a colorless oily liquid (23.7 mg, 50% yield)⁹.



(2S,3S)-N,N-diethyl-2-methyl-3-phenylpent-4-enamide (6):

Colorless oily liquid (23.7 mg, 50% yield). $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +1.8$ (c = 0.39, CH₂Cl₂).

¹**H** NMR (*syn*, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25–7.11 (m, 5H, Ar–H), 6.02 (dt, *J* = 9.88 Hz, 17.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂=CH), 5.19–5.11 (m, 2H, CH₂=CH), 3.58 (t, *J* = 9.88 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.46–3.37 (m, 1H, N–CH₂), 3.20–3.11 (m, 1H, N–CH₂), 2.96–2.81 (m, 3H, N–CH₂, CH), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.64 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.28 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 0.73 (t, *J* = 7 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (*syn*, 101 MHz, CDCl₃)

 δ 174.4, 143.3, 139.2, 128.4, 128.0, 126.4, 116.9, 54.2, 41.8, 41.1, 40.3, 17.3, 14.7, 12.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₆H₂₃NONa⁺ (M+Na)⁺ 268.1672; found 268.1670.



V. HPLC Spectra














































No.	Time	Peak Area	Peak Height	Peak Width	Symmetry Factor	Peak Area %
1	28.483	369.7	7	0.6705	0.966	3.770
2	31.527	9438.4	159.1	0.9002	0.937	96.230















No.	Time	Peak Area	Peak Height	Peak Width	Symmetry Factor	Peak Area %
1	11.765	6573.6	308.1	0.3269	0.77	41.902
2	15.063	6496.7	141	0.6957	0.702	41.412
3	30.732	1375.5	33.4	0.6	0.856	8.768
4	32.301	1242	26.8	0.6344	0.954	7.917





No.	Time	Peak Area	Peak Height	Peak Width	Symmetry Factor	Peak Area %
1	14.053	821.6	34.9	0.3629	0.892	16.248
2	16.485	829.4	28.8	0.4298	0.911	16.402
3	19.741	1687.7	41.6	0.6759	0.96	33.375
4	23.334	1718.1	35.2	0.8132	0.92	33.976



No.	Time	Peak Area	Peak Height	Peak Width	Symmetry Factor	Peak Area %
1	19.31	18322.1	450.6	0.6144	0.842	95.795
2	23.011	804.3	16.8	0.7998	0.99	4.205



No.	Time	Peak Area	Peak Height	Peak Width	Symmetry Factor	Peak Area %
1	7.516	4328.1	347	0.1955	0.929	24.225
2	8.147	4251.5	317.1	0.2064	0.955	23.797
3	8.55	4636.4	335.2	0.2134	0.939	25.951
4	10.099	4649.8	285.2	0.2542	0.929	26.026



No.	Time	Peak Area	Peak Height	Peak Width	Symmetry Factor	Peak Area %
1	8.354	224	17.6	0.2117	0.754	4.949
2	9.851	4301	267.9	0.2493	0.953	95.051









VI. X-ray Analysis of 3e

The single crystal of **3e** could be obtained by slow evaporation of the solvent (*n*-hexane and methyl *tert*-butyl ether) at room temperature. Crystallographic data (excluding structure factors) for the structure has been deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center as supplementary publication number (CCDC 2171509).





The above figure was showed as ellipsoids at 50% probability level.

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0057 AWavelength=1.34139 Cell: a=10.0208 (5) b=9.4096 (5) c=12.1630(7) alpha=90 beta=93.034(2) gamma=90 Temperature: 150 K Calculated Reported Volume 1145.26(11) 1145.26(11) Space group P 21 P 1 21 1 Hall group P 2yb P 2yb C23 H29 B F N O3 Moiety formula C23 H29 B F N O3 Sum formula C23 H29 B F N O3 C23 H29 B F N O3 Mr 397.28 397.28 Dx, g cm- 3 1.152 1.152 Ζ 2 2 Mu (mm- 1) 0.413 0.416 F000 424.0 424.0 F000' 424.98 h, k, l max 12, 11, 14 12, 11, 14 Nref 4232 [2256] 4152 Tmin, Tmax 0.920, 0.920 0.577, 0.751 Tmin' 0.920

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin= 0.577 Tmax=0.751 AbsCorr = MULTI - SCAN

Data completeness= 1.84/0.98 Theta(max)= 54.101R(reflections)= 0.0577(3897) wR2(reflections)= 0.1659(4152)S = 1.039 Npar = 308

VII. Reference

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VIII. NMR Spectra






















































































































































S96

