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Supporting Information

Catecholase catalyzed synthesis of wedelolactone, a natural coumestan and its analogs

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MATERIALS AND METHODS:

Section I: General information for synthesis

All reactions were carried out in a two-way dry round bottom flask or a Schlenk tube. All reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DPX 300 MHz, JEOL JNM-ECZ 400 MHz, Bruker AV-400 MHz and Bruker DRX 600 MHz NMR instrument at an ambient temperature either in CDCl₃, acetone-d₆ or DMSO-d₆. ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 75 MHz, 100 MHz and 150 MHz at ambient temperature. The chemical shifts were recorded in parts per million (ppm) with TMS as the internal reference. ¹H NMR is reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s=singlet, d=doublet, dd=doublet of doublet, brs=broad singlet, t=triplet, q=quartet, m=multiplet), coupling constant and integration. Coupling constant (J) values are given in Hertz (Hz). All ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded with complete proton decoupling. Mass spectral data correspond to ESI-MS and are given in m/z unit. ESI-HRMS were done on LC-MS Xevo G2 XS Q-Tof Mass Spectrometer, Agilent(R) 6538 UHD HRMS/Q-TOF highresolution spectrophotometer and Waters(R) Micromass(R) Q-TOF MicroTM Mass Spectrometer. The X-ray diffraction measurements were carried out at 298 K on a Bruker APEX2 CCD diffractometer. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Merck 20 × 20 cm silica gel 60-F₂₅₄ plates. Column chromatography was done with Biotage flash, silica gel 100-200 mesh.

Purification of catecholase enzyme from sweet potato:1

600 g of potato tubers were taken in 250 mL isolation buffer (50 mM NaOAc, 0.1 M NaCl, 0.5% sodium ascorbate of pH 6.0) and homogenized in a mixer grinder. To precipitate out phenolic compounds of low molecular mass, 24 g polyvinylpolypyrrolidone was added to it. This was kept for an hour at 4 °C for the precipitate to settle. The mixture was filtered through a cheesecloth. Successive salting out of the extract was done at 4 °C. 62.5 g solid $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ (in the proportion 25 g/100 mL solution) was added to it to 35% saturation and stirred for 30 min. The precipitate was removed by centrifugation (10000 × g, 4 °C, 1.5 h). To the supernatant part, $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ was added to make 85% saturation. The solution was stirred for an hour. The solution was again kept for centrifugation: $10000 \times g$, 4 °C for 1.5 h. The precipitate obtained hence dissolved in 250 mL of the previously prepared buffer. This

resultant solution was saturated further to 35% by addition of $(NH_4)_2SO_4$. The pH of this solution is adjusted to 4.0 with 2 N HCl and stirred for 15 min before subjecting it to centrifuge again at $14000 \times g$, 4 °C for 20 min. The supernatant was taken and its pH was adjusted to 6.0 with 0.2 M NaOH. To it, $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ was added and the solution was saturated to 85%. It was centrifuged at $14000 \times g$, 4 °C for 1 h. A brown pellet was formed and this was lyophilized. The resultant dried pellet was dissolved in 50 mM NaOAc buffer (which contains 0.5 M NaCl of pH 6.0).

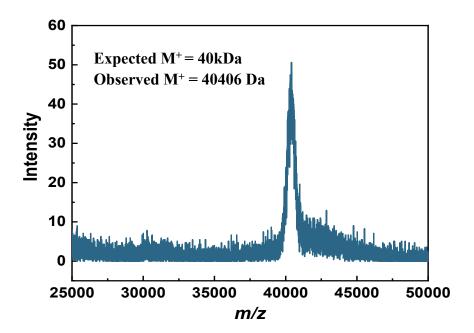
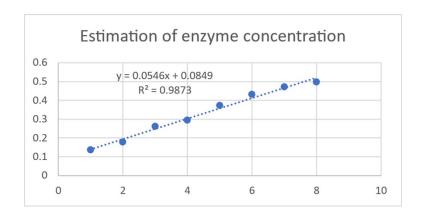


Figure S1: MALDI-MS of Catechol oxidase (*Ipomoea batatas*) in 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid as matrix

Estimation of catecholase concentration

BSA (5 $\mu g/\mu L$) was used as a standard protein to estimate and normalize the catecholase concentration. Catecholase was centrifuged at $16000 \times g$ for 10 min at 4 °C. The supernatant was collected and measured the protein concentration using the Lowry assay by CLARIOstar (BMG Labtech). The catecholase concentration was further normalized to 5 $\mu g/\mu L$ (125 μM) by adding a required volume of cold PBS. This normalized protein was used for the reaction to catalyze.



Typical experimental procedure for the synthesis of 4a-4h, 4k-4n

The selective monomethylation of 2,4,6-trihydroxyacetophenone by dimethyl sulfate yielded the corresponding 2,6-dihydroxy-4-methoxyacetophenone (1c), which was cyclized on being heated with diethylcarbonate in the presence of sodium to afford 4,5-dihydroxy-7-methoxycoumarin (2c). Oxidative cyclization of 2 with catechol (3) using catecholase enzyme from sweet potato was performed next to afford the desired product in phosphate buffer medium (pH 7.4) at ambient temperature.

General experimental procedure for 4a-4h, 4k-4n

$$R_1$$
 OH OH Phosphate buffer (pH 7.4)

 R_2 OH R_3 R_3 R_4 R_3 R_4 R_5 R_5 R_5 R_6 R_7 R_8 R_8

2,4,6-trihydroxyacetophenone (168.1 mg, 1 mmol) was dissolved in dry acetone (3 mL) at room temperature, and K_2CO_3 (165.8 mg, 1.2 mmol) was added and stirred until the solution turned turbid. To it, dimethyl sulfate (142 μ L, 1.5 mmol) was added slowly at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5-6 h to yield 2,6-dihydroxy-4-methoxyacetophenone (1c). This formed 2,6-dihydroxy-4-methoxyacetophenone (1c) was further reacted with diethylcarbonate for concomitant cyclization to yield 4,5-dihydroxy-7-

methoxycoumarin (**2b**). In a 25 mL round bottom flask, 4,5-dihydroxy-7-methoxycoumarin (**2b**; 104.1 mg, 0.5 mmol) and catechol (**3**; 60.5 mg, 0.55 mmol) were taken with 2.0 mL phosphate buffer (pH 7.4). Then semi-purified catecholase (30 μL, 125 μM) was added to it. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was extracted with chloroform (2 × 15 mL) and washed with water (10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The desired product was isolated by flash chromatography (silica gel 100- 200) and eluted with ethyl acetate/ hexane (60:40) to give **4a** as pale brown solid.

Experimental procedure of 4i

To a solution of 1,8,9-trihydroxy-3-methoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-c]chromen-6-one (**4a**, 314 mg, 1 mmol) in dry acetone (8 mL) at room temperature, K₂CO₃ (483 mg, 3.5 mmol) was added and stirred until the solution turned turbid. To it, dimethyl sulfate (332 μ L, 3.5 mmol) was added slowly at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5-6 h. After completion of the reaction, acetone was evaporated, and the reaction mixture was worked up with ethyl acetate (3 × 30 mL) and water. The organic layer was then dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 1,3,8,9-tetramethoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-c]chromen-6-one (**4i**, 185 mg, 52%) as yellow solid.

Experimental procedure for 4j

To a solution of 1,8,9-trihydroxy-3-methoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-c]chromen-6-one (4a, 314 mg, 1 mmol) in dry acetone (8 mL) at room temperature, K₂CO₃ (345 mg, 2.5 mmol) was added and stirred until the solution turned turbid. To it, dimethyl sulfate (237 μ L, 2.5 mmol) was added slowly at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5-6h.

After completion of the reaction, acetone was evaporated, and the reaction mixture was worked up with ethyl acetate (3×30 mL) and water. The organic layer was then dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 1-hydroxy-3,8,9-trimethoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*]chromen-6-one (4**j**, 188 mg, 55%) as yellow solid. A minor amount of 4**i** was also formed in the course of the reaction which was recovered by flash chromatography.

Spectral characterization

1, 8, 9-Trihydroxy-3-methoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*] chromen-6-one (4a)

Pale cream solid. 207.2 mg (66% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.77 (s, 3H), 6.41 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 9.35 (d, 2 -

OH), 10.91 (s, 1 -OH). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 56.2 (CH₃), 93.7 (CH), 97.2 (C), 98.6 (CH), 99.4 (CH), 102.2 (C), 105.1 (CH), 114.2 (C), 144.8 (C), 145.9 (C), 149.4 (C), 155.3 (C), 155.8 (C), 158.3 (C), 159.4 (C), 162.7 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₆H₁₁O₇ [M+H]⁺ is 315.0505; found 315.0497.

8, 9-Dihydroxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*] chromen-6-one (4b)

Off-white solid. 187.6 mg (70% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 7.26$ (s, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (m, 1H), 8.02 (dd, J = 7.8 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 9.60 (s, 1H), 9.72 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150

MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 99.4 (CH), 105.3 (CH), 105.9 (C), 112.9 (C), 114.3 (C), 117.6 (CH), 121.6 (CH), 125.4 (CH), 131.8 (CH), 145.2 (C), 147.0 (C), 149.9 (C), 152.8 (C), 157.9 (C), 158.3 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₅H₉O₅ [M + H]⁺ 269.0450; found 269.0440.

8, 9-Dihydroxy-1,3-dimethoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*] chromen-6-one (4c)

Brownish solid. 180.4 mg (55% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 3.89 (s, 3H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 6.66 (brs, 1H), 6.79 (brs, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 9.43 (s, 1H), 9.49 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 56.1 (CH₃), 56.6 (CH₃),

94.1 (CH), 95.7 (CH), 97.2 (C), 98.8 (CH), 102.2 (C), 104.5 (CH), 113.6 (C), 144.4 (C), 145.6 (C), 148.9 (C), 155.1 (C), 156.2 (C), 157.6 (C), 158.3 (C), 162.6 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₇H₁₃O₇ [M + H]⁺ 329.0661; found 329.0654.

7, 8-Diallyl-9,10-dihydroxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*]chromen-6-one (4d)

Pale cream solid. 174 mg (50% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 3.69$ (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.97 – 4.86 (m, 2H), 5.03 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (m, 2H), 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (m, 2H), 7.49 – 7.44 (m,

= 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 – 8.01 (m, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 9.10 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 28.42 (CH₂), 31.43 (CH₂), 106.81 (C), 109.25 (C), 112.61 (C), 114.12 (CH₂), 114.85 (CH₂), 116.09 (C), 117.15 (CH), 118.61 (C), 121.85 (CH), 125.34 (CH), 132.04 (CH), 135.91 (CH), 138.19 (CH), 142.81 (C), 144.82 (C), 149.09 (C), 152.74 (C), 157.68 (C), 158.81 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₂₁H₁₇O₅ [M + H]⁺ 349.1076; found 349.1068.

7-Allyl-9,10-dihydroxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*]chromen-6-one (4e)

Brown solid. 163.2 mg (53% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO -d₆): δ = 3.67 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 5.02 – 5.15 (m, 2H), 5.98 – 6.12 (m, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t like, 1H), 8.04 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 9.95 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 27.9

(CH₂), 102.5 (CH), 105.7 (C), 110.1 (C), 112.5 (C), 113.2 (C), 115.6 (CH₂), 117.1 (CH), 121.2 (CH), 124.9 (CH), 131.3 (CH), 135.3 (CH), 144.0 (C), 144.4 (C), 148.8 (C), 152.3 (C), 157.6 (C), 157.7 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for $C_{18}H_{13}O_5$ [M + H]⁺ 309.0763; found 309.0753.

3-(4,5-Dihydroxy-2-methylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-2*H*-chromen-2-one (4f)

Yellowish-white solid. 127.8 mg (45% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 1.92 (s, 3H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 6.65 (s, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.85 (s, 1H), 10.94 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz,

DMSO-d₆): δ = 19.08 (CH₃), 105.87 (C), 116.64 (CH), 116.83 (C), 117.76 (CH), 119.07 (C), 121.64 (CH), 124.14 (CH), 124.40 (CH), 128.94 (C), 132.53 (CH), 143.41 (C), 145.71 (C), 152.96 (C), 160.66 (C), 162.24 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₆H₁₃O₅ [M + H]⁺ 285.0763; found 285.0756.

8,9-Dihydroxy-7-methoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*] chromen-6-one (4g)

Dark yellow solid. 155 mg (52% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 4.09 (s, 3H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 7.49 (t, J= 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, J= 7.5 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J= 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆):

 $\delta = 60.7 \text{ (CH}_3), 99.4 \text{ (CH)}, 105.6 \text{ (C)}, 112.3 \text{ (C)}, 114.2 \text{ (C)}, 117.1 \text{ (CH)}, 121.4 \text{ (CH)}, 125.0 \text{ (CH)}, 131.5 \text{ (CH)}, 133.7 \text{ (C)}, 138.2 \text{ (C)}, 141.8 \text{ (C)}, 145.9 \text{ (C)}, 152.4 \text{ (C)}, 157.5 \text{ (C)}, 158.0 \text{ (C)}. HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for <math>C_{16}H_{11}O_6 \text{ [M + H]}^+ 299.0556$; found 299. 0543.

3-(2, 3-dihydroxy-6-nitrophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2*H*-chromen-2-one (4h)

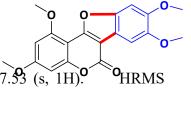
Pale brown solid. 183 mg (58% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 6.94$ (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.39 - 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.62-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 99.2$ (C), 112.6 (C), 116.3 (CH), 117.5 (CH),

OH

123.9 (CH), 124.6 (CH), 132.0 (CH), 142.5 (C), 146.0 (C), 152.0 (C), 153.1 (C), 162.6 (C). Three peaks probably merged. HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for $C_{15}H_{10}NO_7$ [M + H]⁺ 316.0457; found 316.0448.

1, 3, 8, 9-tetramethoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3, 2-*c*]chromen-6-one (4i)

Yellow solid. 185 mg (52% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.89$ (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 4.05 (s, 3H), 6.44 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H merged), 7.53 (s, 1H). (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₉H₁₇O₇ [M + H]⁺ 357.0974; found 357.1041.



1-hydroxy-3,8,9-trimethoxy-6*H*-benzofuro[3,2-*c*] chromen-6-one (4j)

(s, 1H). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for $C_{18}H_{15}O_7$ [M + H]⁺ 343.0818; found 343.0919.

Yellow solid. 188 mg (55% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.89$ (s, 3H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 4.04 (s, 3H), 5.66 (s, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 7.59

8,9-dihydroxy-7-methyl-6H-benzofuro[3,2-c]chromen-6-one (4k)

Yellowish-white solid. 138.1 mg, (49%) .¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO -d₆) : δ = 2.41 (s, 3H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.69 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 8.05 (dd, J = 7.8,

1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 9.81 (s, 1H). 13 C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) : δ = 9.55 (CH₃), 102.42 (CH), 106.259 (C), 109.12 (C), 113.04 (C), 113.52 (C), 117.61 (CH), 121.76 (CH), 125.45 (CH), 131.78 (CH), 144.75 (C), 144.78 (C), 149.60 (C), 152.86 (C), 158.14 (C), 158.22 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₆H₁₁O₅ [M + H]⁺ 283.0606; found 283.0603.

7-fluoro-8,9-dihydroxy-6H-benzofuro[3,2-c]chromen-6-one (41)

Off-white solid. 100.2 mg, (35%) .¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) : δ = 7.08 (s, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H), 10.25 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) : δ = 95.42 (CH), 104.51 (C), 105.11 (C), 112.39 (C), 117.43 (CH), 121.93 (CH), 125.40 (CH), 132.25 (CH), 132.78 (C), 143.25 (C), 145.71 (C), 149.19 (C), 153.10 (C), 156.51 (C), 158.57 (C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₅H₈O₅F [M + H]⁺ 287.0356; found 287.0346.

7-bromo-8,9-dihydroxy-6H-benzofuro[3,2-c]chromen-6-one (4m)

Brown solid. 176.5 mg (51%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 9.30 (s, 1H), 10.61 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR(100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) : δ = 98.26 (CH), 100.90 (C), 105.77 (C), 112.35 (C), 115.88 (C), 117.14 (CH), 121.92(CH), 125.26(CH), 132.36(CH), 143.29(C), 146.99(C), 149.61 (C), 152.98(C), 155.95(C), 159.19(C). HRMS (ESI) m/z: calc. for C₁₅H₈O₅Br [M + H]⁺ 346.9555; found 346.9539.

7-ethyl-8,9-dihydroxy-6H-benzofuro[3,2-c]chromen-6-one (4n)

Section II: ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of 4a – 4n

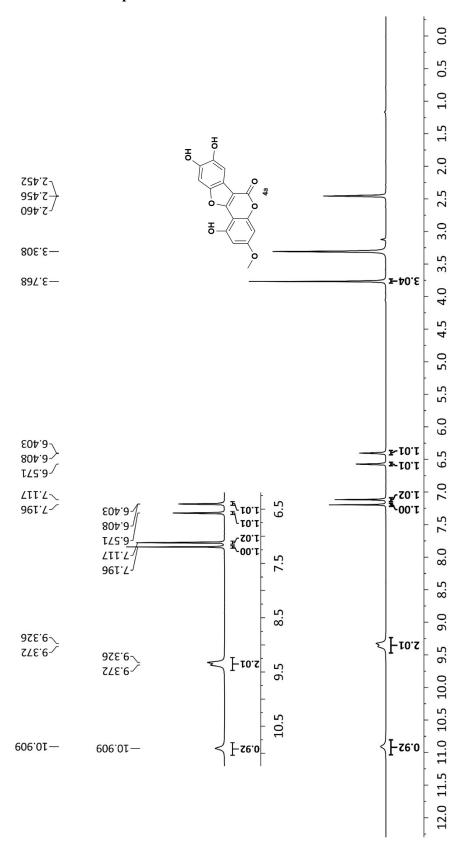


Figure S2: ¹H NMR spectrum of 4a in DMSO-d₆ at 400 MHz

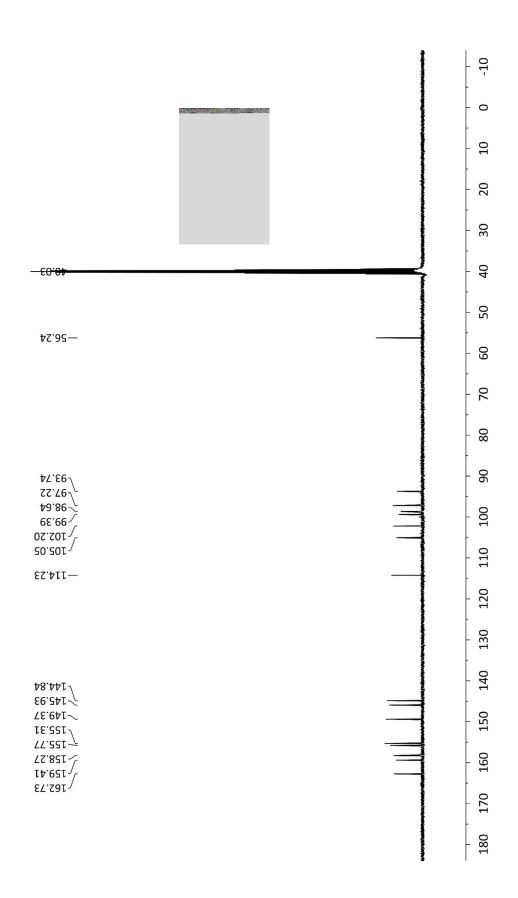


Figure S3: ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4a in DMSO-d₆ at 100 MHz

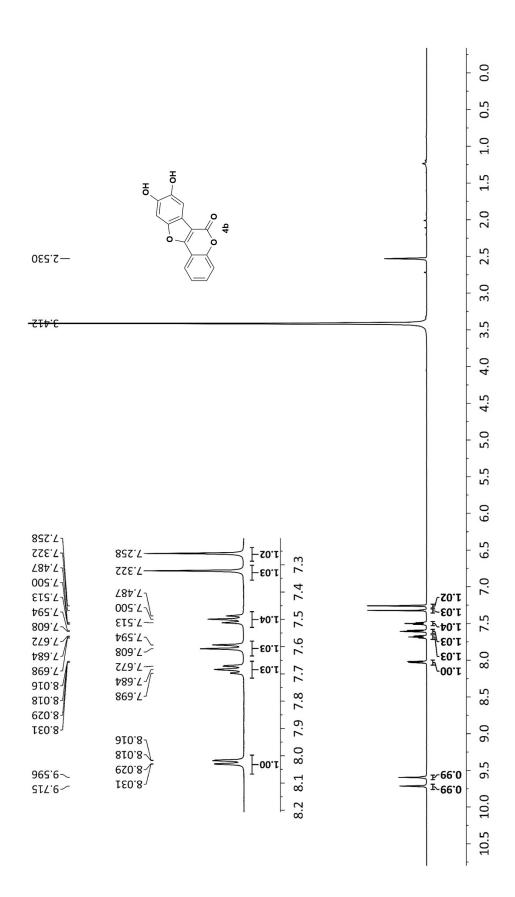


Figure S4: ¹H NMR spectrum of 4b in DMSO-d₆ at 600 MHz

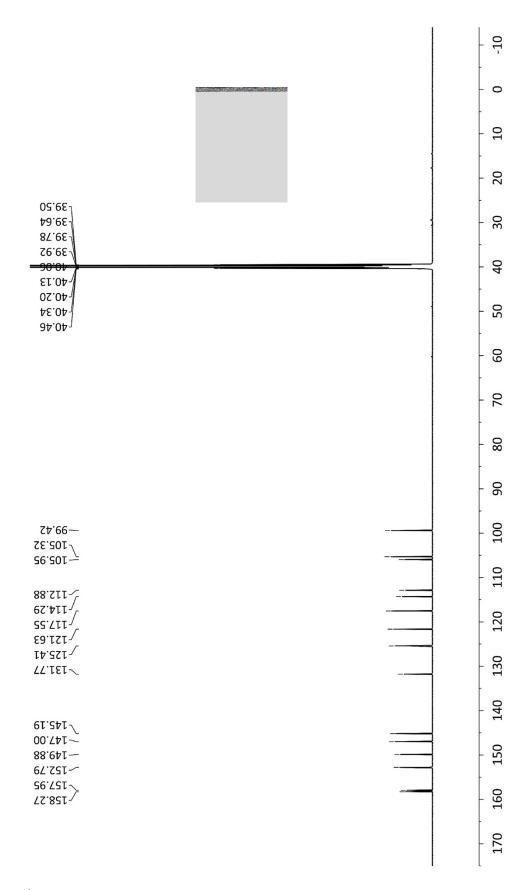


Figure S5: ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4b in DMSO-d₆ at 150 MHz

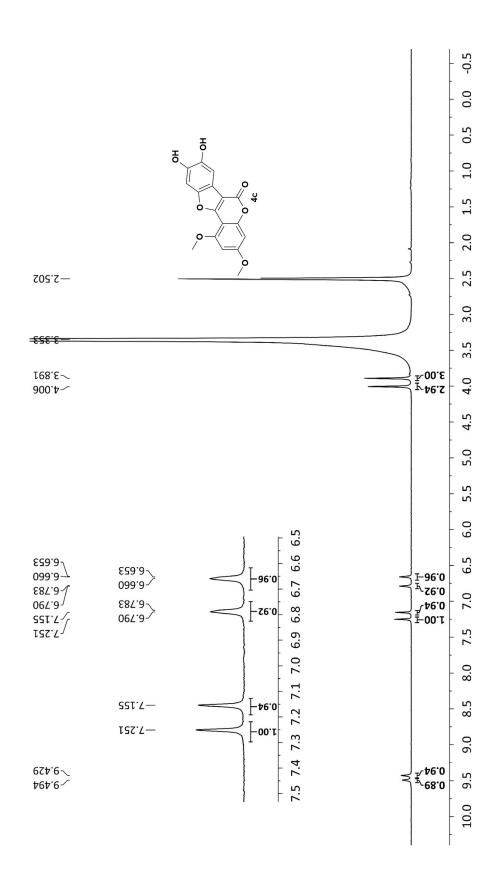


Figure S6: ¹H NMR spectrum of 4c in DMSO-d₆ at 300 MHz

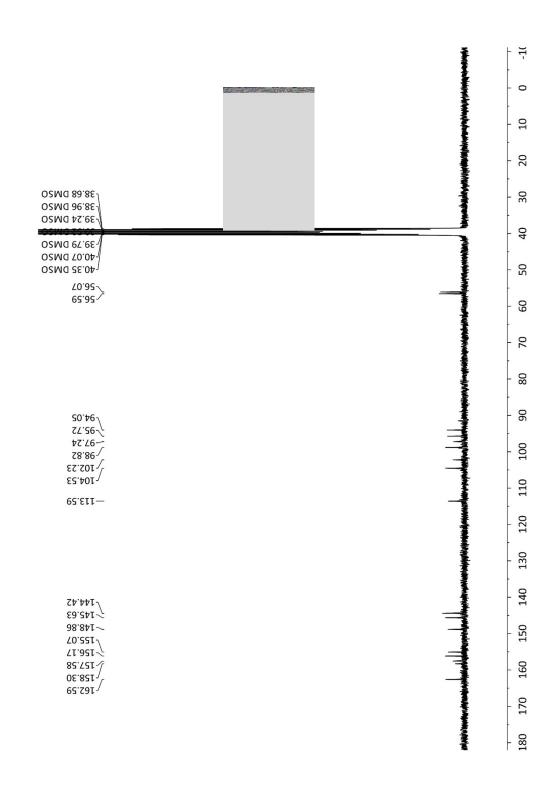


Figure S7: 13 C NMR spectrum of 4c in DMSO-d₆ at 75 MHz

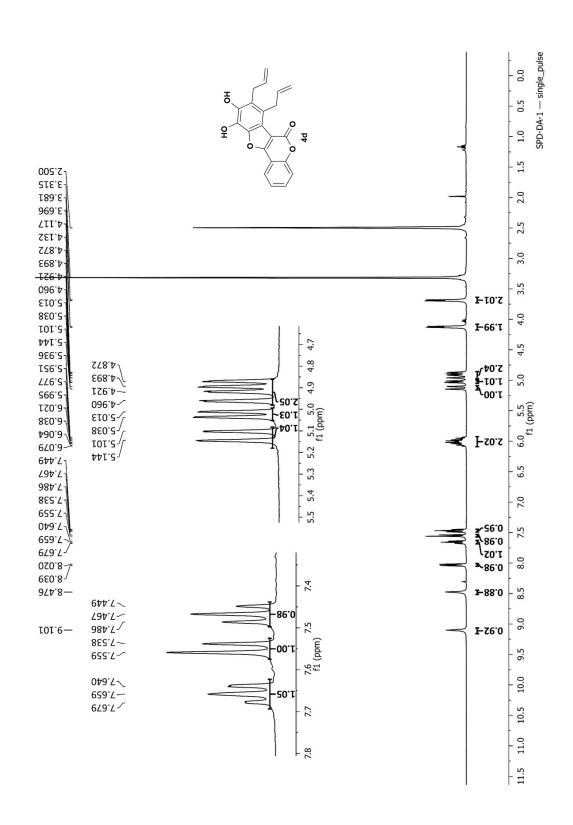


Figure S8: ¹H NMR spectrum of 4d in DMSO-d₆ at 400 MHz

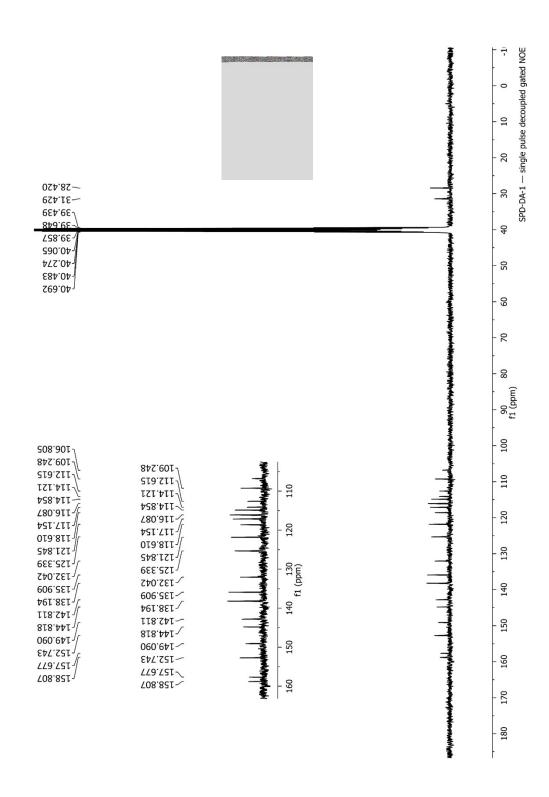


Figure S9: 13 C NMR spectrum of 4d in DMSO- d_6 at 100 MHz

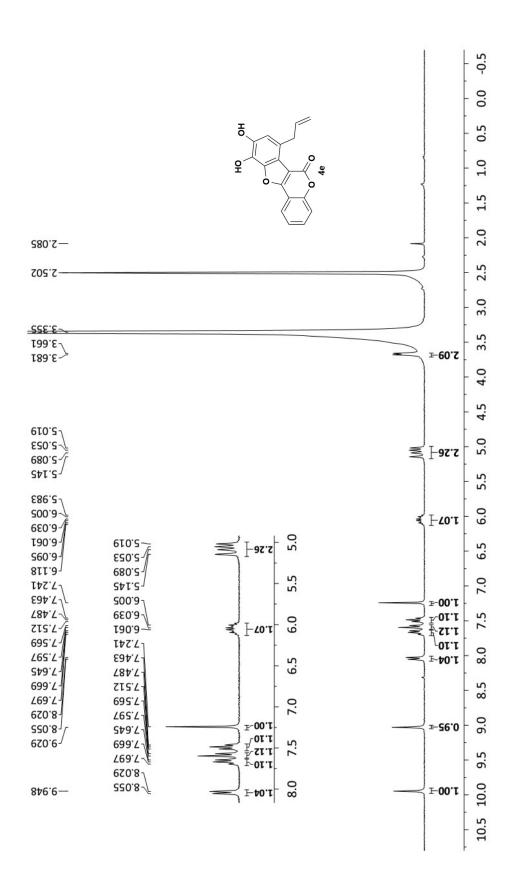


Figure S10: ¹H NMR spectrum of 4e in DMSO-d₆ at 300 MHz

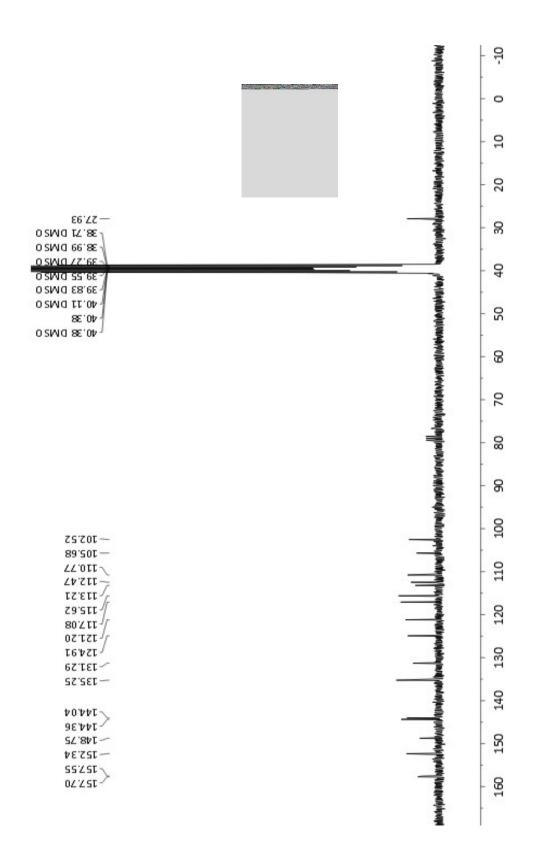


Figure S11: ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4e in DMSO-d₆ at 75 MHz

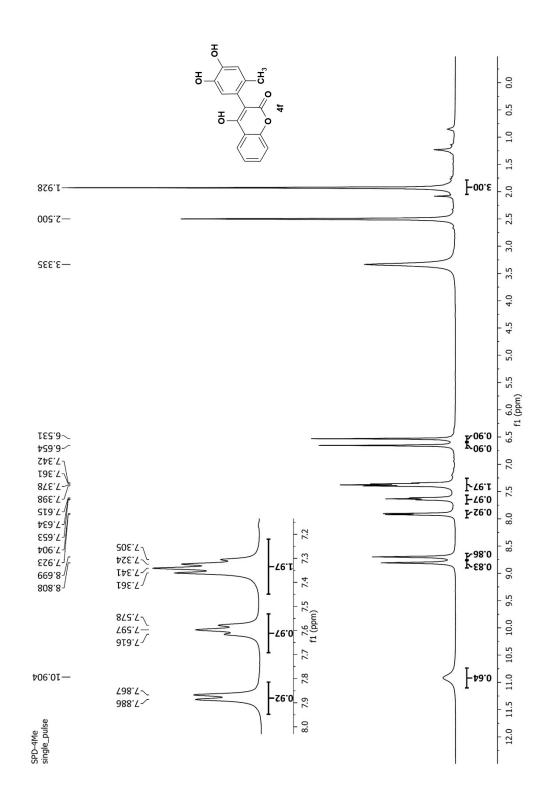


Figure S12: 1 H NMR spectrum of 4f in DMSO-d₆ at 400 MHz

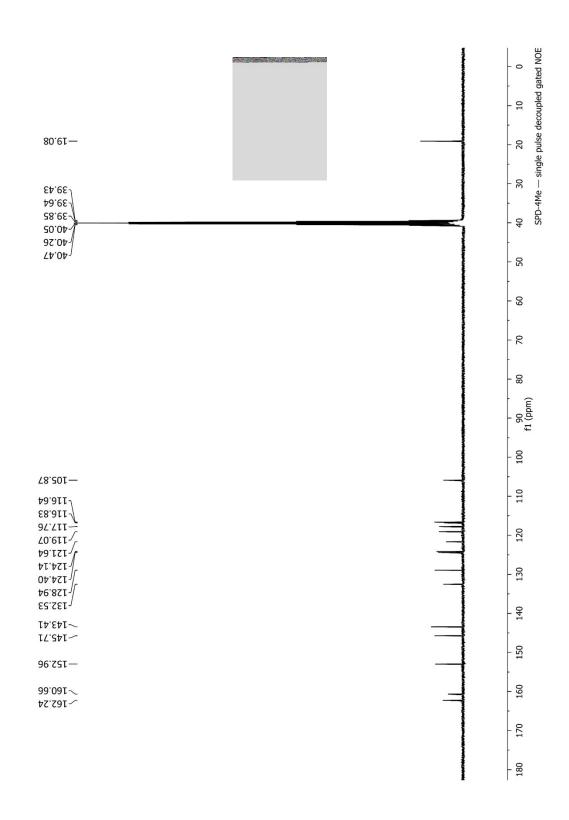


Figure S13: 13 C NMR spectrum of 4f in DMSO-d₆ at 100 MHz

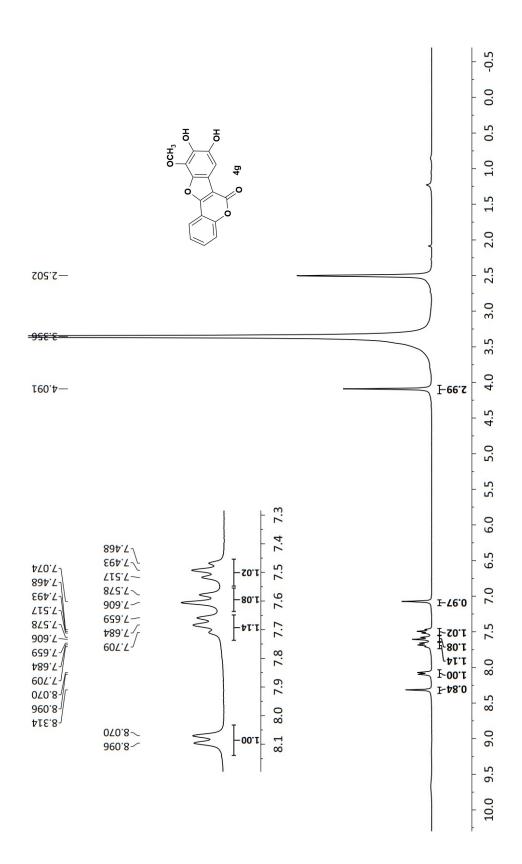


Figure S14: 1 H NMR spectrum of 4g in DMSO-d₆ at 300 MHz

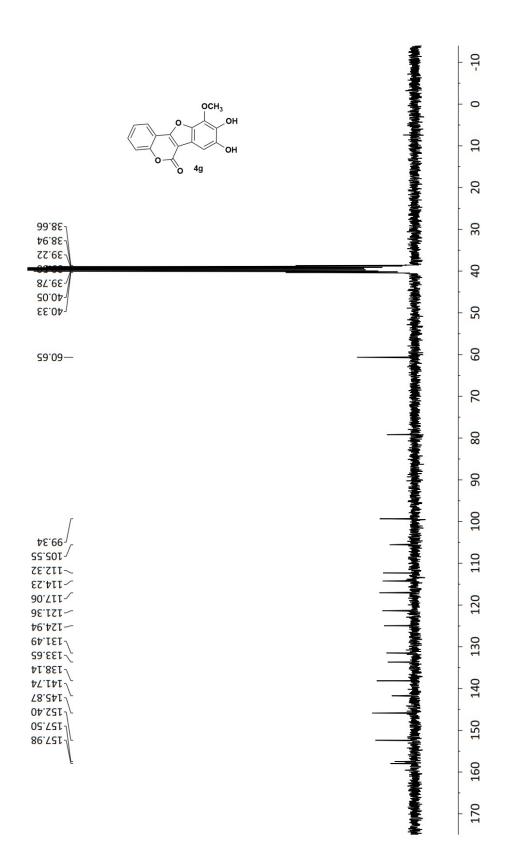


Figure S15: ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4g in DMSO-d₆ at 75 MHz

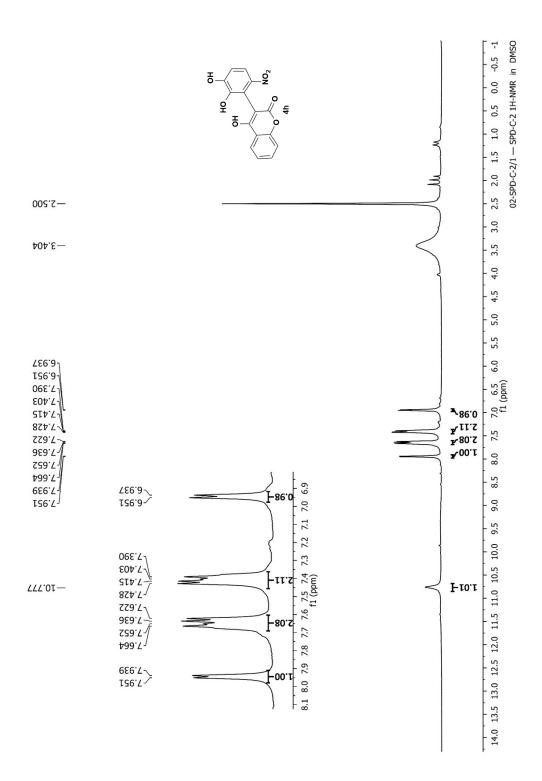


Figure S16: 1 H NMR spectrum of 4h in DMSO-d₆ at 300 MHz

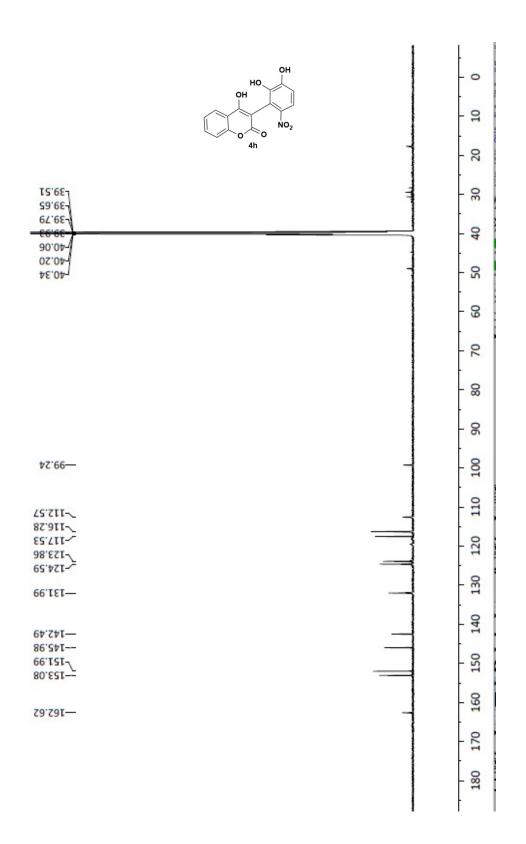


Figure S17: 13 C NMR spectrum of 4h in DMSO-d₆ at 75 MHz

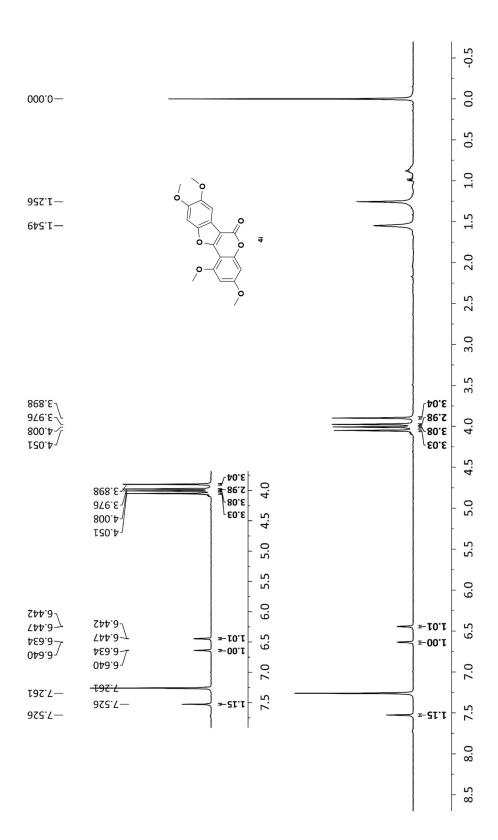


Figure S18: ¹H NMR spectrum of 4i in CDCl₃ at 400 MHz

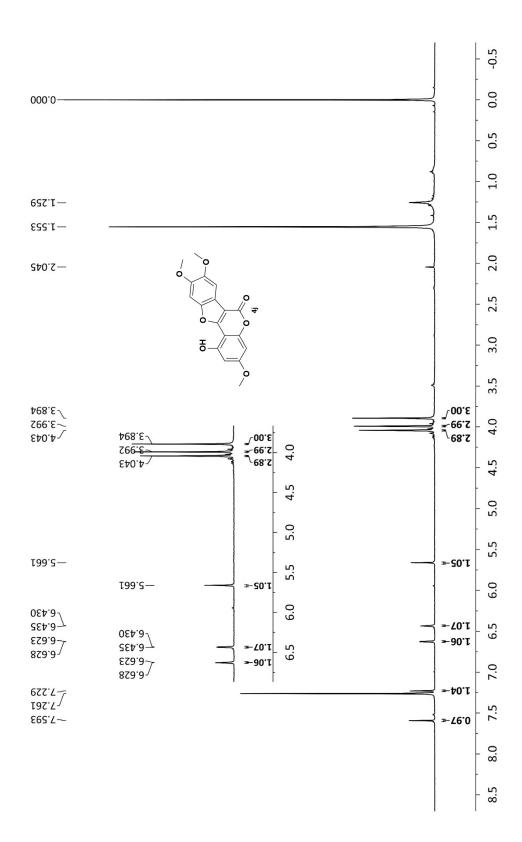


Figure S19: ¹H NMR spectrum of 4j in CDCl₃ at 400 MHz

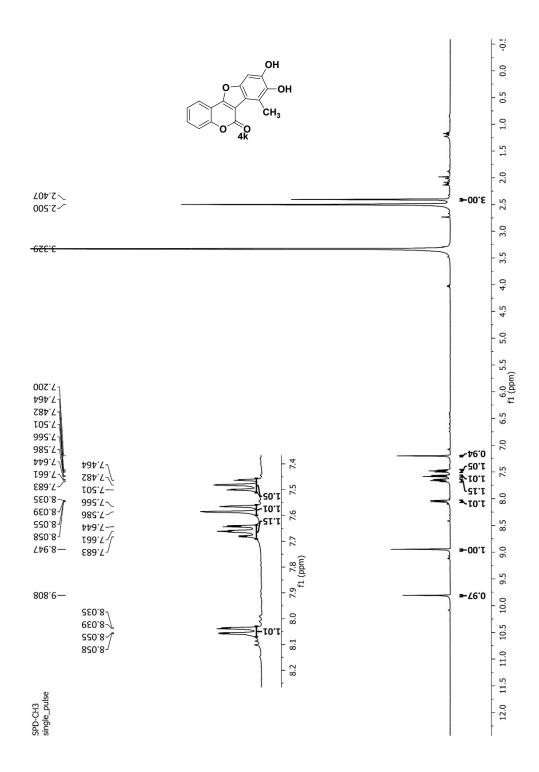


Figure S20: 1 H NMR spectrum of 4k in DMSO-d₆ at 400 MHz

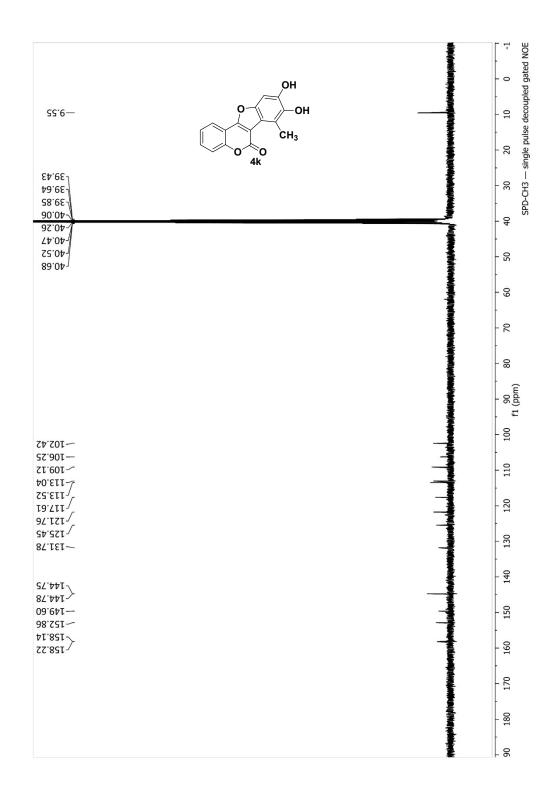


Figure S21: 13 C NMR spectrum of 4k in DMSO-d₆ at 100 MHz

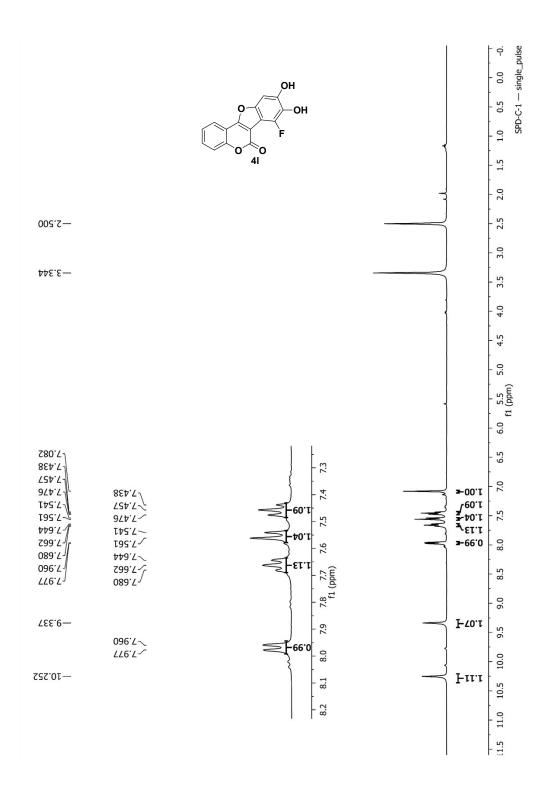


Figure S22: 1 H NMR spectrum of 41 in DMSO-d₆ at 400 MHz

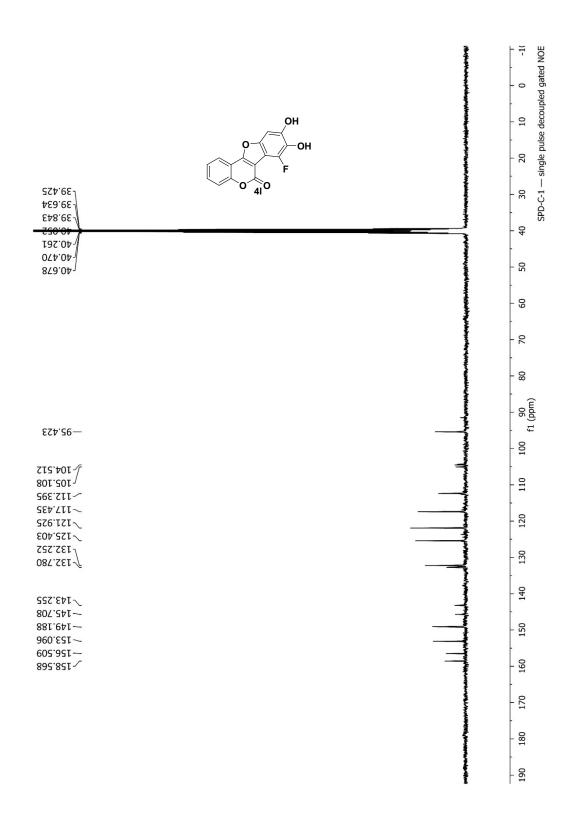


Figure S23: 13 C NMR spectrum of 41 in DMSO- d_6 at 100 MHz

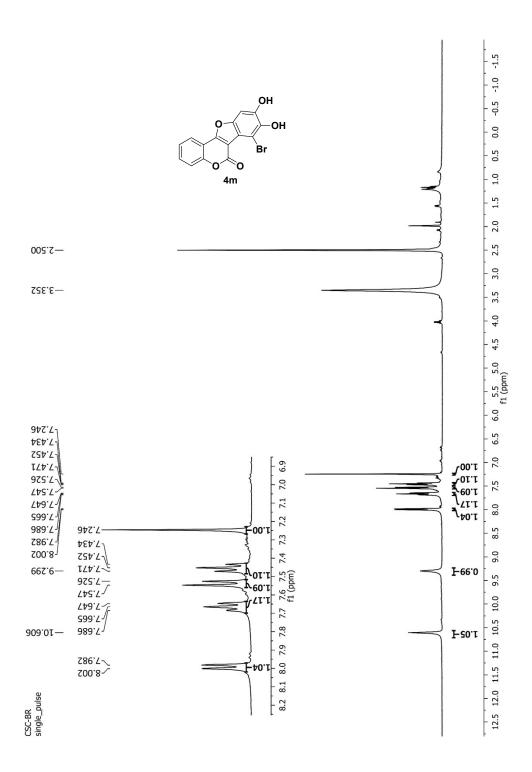


Figure S24: ${}^{1}\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of 4m in DMSO-d₆ at 400 MHz

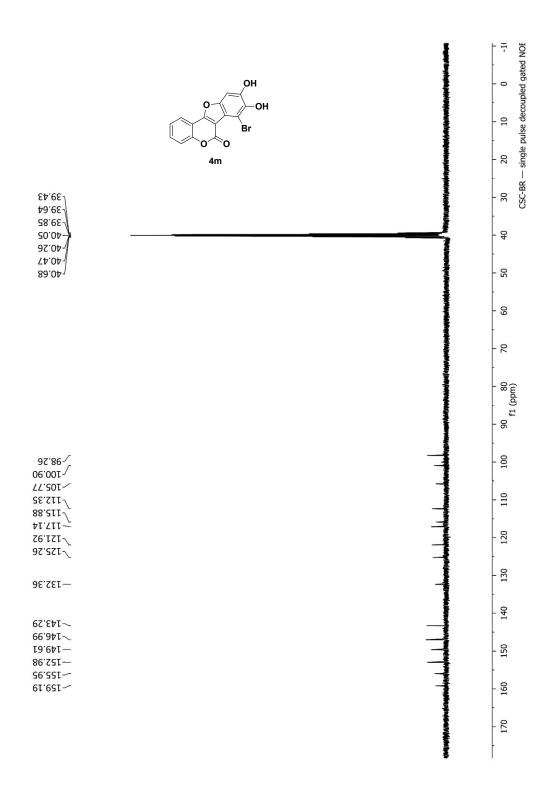


Figure S25: ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4m in DMSO-d₆ at 100 MHz

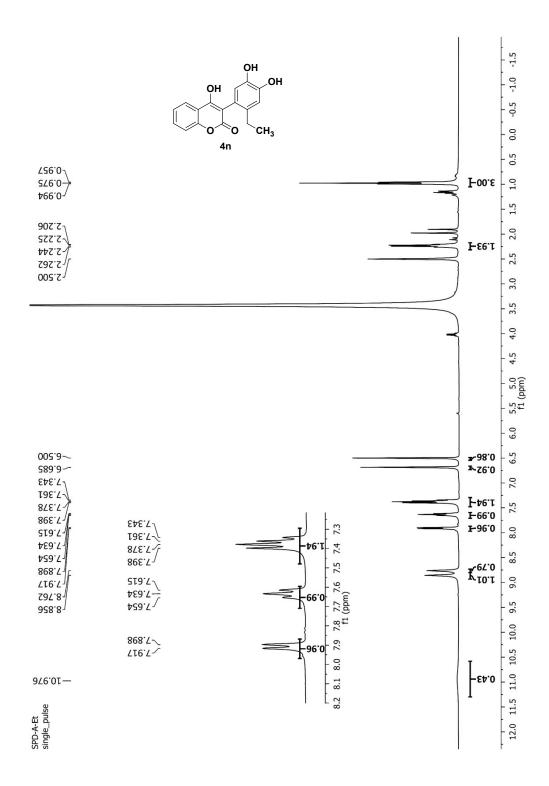


Figure S26: 1 H NMR spectrum of 4n in DMSO-d₆ at 400 MHz

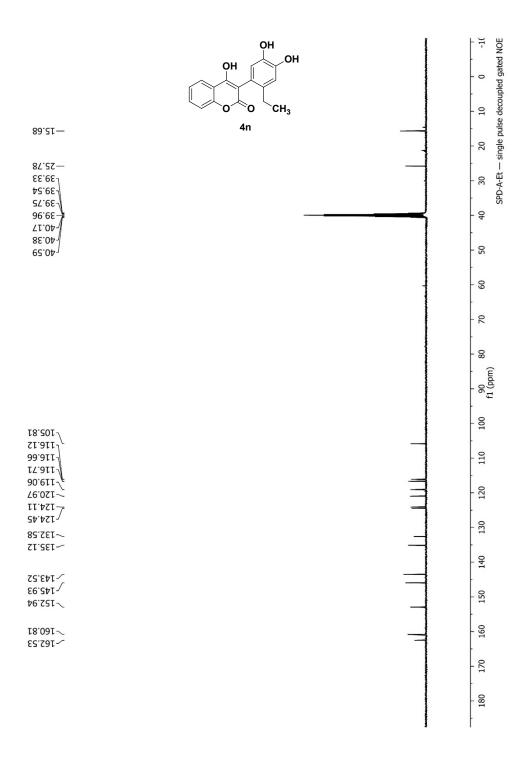
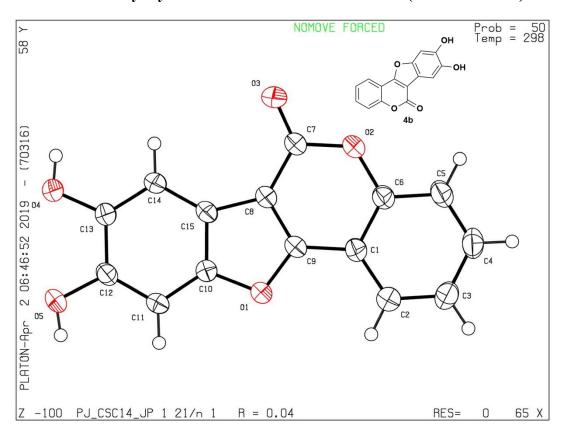


Figure S27: ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4n in DMSO-d₆ at 100 MH

Section III: X-ray crystal structure determination for 4b (CCDC 1907579)



Bond precision:	C-C = 0.0019 A	Wavelength=0.71073		
Cell:	a=8.1252(9)			
Temperature:	alpha=90 298 K	beta=97.880(5)	gamma=90	
	Calculated	Reported		
Volume	1117.0(2)	1117.0(2)		
Space group		P 1 21/n		
Hall group		-P 2ybc (
Moiety formula		C15 H8 O5		
	C15 H8 O5	C15 H8 O5		
Mr	268.21	268.23		
Dx,q cm-3		1.595		
Z	4	4		
	0.122	0.122		
	552.0	552.4		
	552.35	332.4		
h,k,lmax		10,8,26		
	2567	2535		
	0.941,0.952	0.874,1.0	0.0	
Tmin'	0.941	0.074,1.0	00	
111111	0.541			
Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.874 Tmax=1.000 AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN				
Data completeness= 0.988		Theta(max) = 27.50	0	
R(reflections) = 0.0417(2231) wR2(reflections) = 0.1225(2535)				
S = 1.091 Npar= 183				

References:

1. Eicken C., Zippel F., Karentzopoulos K. B., Krebs B. (1998) Biochemical and spectroscopic characterization of catechol oxidase from sweet potatoes (Ipomoea batatas) containing a type-3 dicopper center. *FEBS Letters*. 436, 293-299.