

Supporting Information

Chiral Phosphoric Acid-Catalyzed Enantioselective aza-Friedel–Crafts Reaction of Naphthols and Electron-Rich Phenols with 2-Aryl-3*H*-indol-3-ones

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1. General information

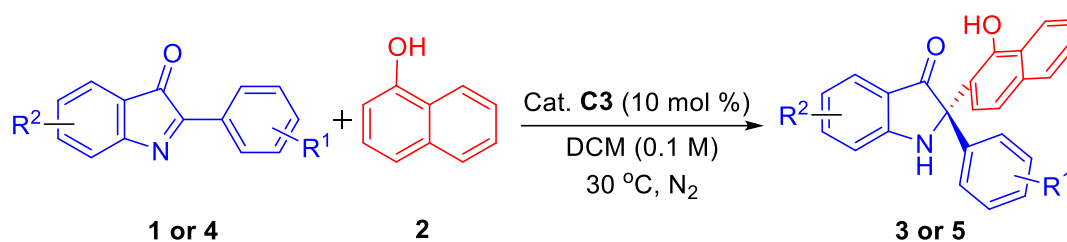
All reactions were performed using oven-dried or flame-dried glassware equipped with a magnetic stir bar before used.

All reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. All solvents were purified by standard operating method.

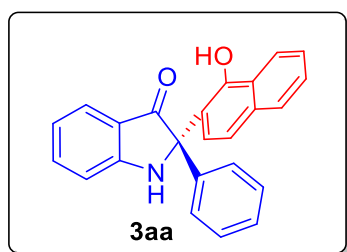
Thin-layer chromatography was performed with EMD silica gel 60 GF₂₅₄ plates eluting with solvents indicated, visualized by a 254 nm UV lamp and stained with phosphomolybdic acid (PMA). **¹H NMR**, **¹³C NMR** and **¹⁹F NMR** spectra were obtained on Bruker AM-400, Chemical shifts were denoted in ppm (δ), and calibrated by using residual undeuterated solvent CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm), tetramethylsilane (0.00 ppm) as internal reference for ¹H NMR and the deuterated solvent CDCl₃ (77.00 ppm) tetramethylsilane (0.00 ppm) as internal standard for ¹³C NMR; solvent *d*₆-DMSO (2.50 ppm), tetramethylsilane (0.00 ppm) as internal reference for ¹H NMR and the deuterated solvent DMSO-*d*₆ (39.52 ppm) tetramethylsilane (0.00 ppm) as internal standard for ¹³C NMR multiplicities are as indicated: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet. **High-resolution mass spectral analysis (HRMS) data** was measured on a Bruker impact II (Q-TOF) mass spectrum by means of the ESI technique. **Crystallographic data** were obtained from a Bruker D8 Quest diffractometer. **Optical rotations** were detected on RUDOLPH A21202-J APTV/GW. The **enantiomeric excesses** (ee) of the products were determined by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) analysis employing Daicel Chiralpak OD-H, Chiralpak AS-H columns and Chiralpak AD-H columns.

The 2-aryl indoles ^[1] and 2-aryl substituted 3*H*-indol-3-ones **1** were prepared according to the reported procedures. ^[2]

2. General procedure for the synthesis of products



General procedure for the preparation of **3 or 5**: Unless otherwise noted, reactions were performed: Cat.C3 (10 mol%), **1** (0.05 mmol), **2** (0.10 mmol) were added to DCM (0.5 mL) under N₂ atmosphere at room temperature. Then stirred for 8-96 h. The resulting yellow mixture was concentrated under vacuum, the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using petroleum ether/ EtOAc to give the title compound **3 or 5**.



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (3aa) According to the general procedure, **3aa** was obtained using 2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **1a** (10.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 85% yield (14.9 mg) and 94:6 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

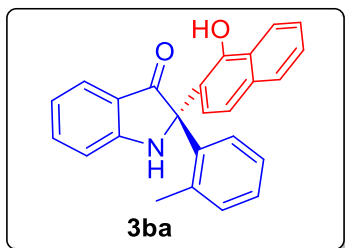
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.61 – 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.19 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 5.14 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.0, 160.0, 152.5, 140.5, 138.8, 134.6, 129.1, 128.7, 127.1, 126.8, 126.7, 126.6, 125.7, 125.24, 125.22, 122.9, 120.8, 120.5, 119.4, 117.2, 113.6, 75.77.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for C₂₄H₁₆NO₂ (M-H)⁻: 350.1187, found 350.1184.

Enantiomeric excess is 88% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 23.12$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 29.10$ min.

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +437$ ($c = 1.0$, CHCl₃).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-(o-tolyl)indolin-3-one (3ba) According to the general procedure, **3ba** was obtained using 2-(o-tolyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1b** (11.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 53% yield (9.5 mg) and 64:36 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

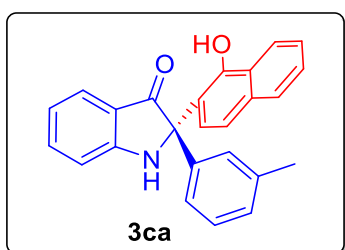
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.17 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.21 – 8.08 (m, 1H), 7.87 – 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.62 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 202.5, 160.1, 151.9, 138.1, 137.4, 137.4, 133.8, 132.3, 127.9, 127.4, 127.3, 126.5, 125.8, 125.4, 125.3, 125.2, 124.6, 122.0, 119.2, 119.0, 118.8, 118.7, 112.8, 75.1, 21.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 364.1343, found 364.1342.

Enantiomeric excess is 28% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 18.14 min; major isomer: t_r = 29.90 min.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = + 94 (c = 0.5, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-(m-tolyl)indolin-3-one (3ca) According to the general procedure, **3ca** was obtained using 2-(m-tolyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1c** (11.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 87% yield (15.9 mg) and 90:10 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

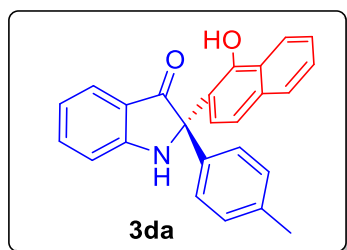
¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.00 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.20 – 8.18 (m, 1H), 7.83 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (m, 4H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 201.3, 160.4, 151.6, 140.2, 137.3, 137.1, 133.8, 128.08, 128.07, 127.5, 127.1, 126.4, 126.2, 125.1, 125.0, 124.5, 124.0, 122.4, 122.0, 118.7, 118.3, 117.3, 111.8, 73.3, 21.21.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₅H₁₈NO₂ (M-H)⁻: 364.1343, found 364.1344.

Enantiomeric excess is 80% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: *tr* = 19.71 min; major isomer: *tr* = 23.94 min.

[α]²⁰_D = + 814 (c = 0.25, CHCl₃).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-(p-tolyl)indolin-3-one (3da) According to the general procedure, **3da** was obtained using 2-(p-tolyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1d** (11.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 86% yield (15.7 mg) and 75:25 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). *R_f* = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

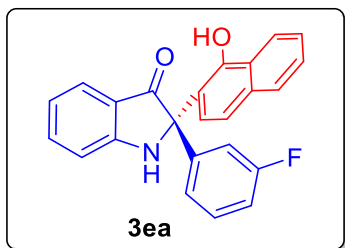
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.26 (s, 1H), 8.34 – 8.31 (m, 1H), 7.78 – 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.73 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.04 (m, 4H), 7.00 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.2, 160.0, 152.5, 138.7, 138.6, 137.6, 134.6, 129.8, 127.0, 126.7, 126.6, 126.6, 125.6, 125.3, 125.2, 123.0, 120.8, 120.5, 119.3, 117.4, 113.6, 75.6, 21.1.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₅H₁₈NO₂ (M-H)⁻: 364.1343, found 364.1344.

Enantiomeric excess is 50% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: *tr* = 27.35 min; major isomer: *tr* = 33.75 min.

[α]²⁰_D = + 497 (c = 0.25, CHCl₃).



(S)-2-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)indolin-3-one (3ea) According to the general procedure, **3ea** was obtained using 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1e** (11.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 90% yield (16.6 mg) and 91:9 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.98 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, J = 7.6 Hz 1H), 7.85 – 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.41 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.27 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.16 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H).

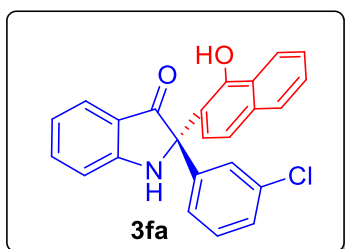
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 200.4, 162.0 (d, J = 241.0 Hz), 160.5, 151.7, 143.5 (d, J = 7.0 Hz), 137.4, 133.9, 130.1 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 127.6, 126.3, 126.1, 125.10, 125.05, 124.5, 122.8 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 122.2, 122.0, 118.9, 118.1, 117.5, 114.3 (d, J = 21.0 Hz), 113.4 (d, J = 23.0 Hz), 111.9, 72.9.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ -113.3.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for C₂₄H₁₅FNO₂ (M-H)⁻: 368.1092, found 368.1093.

Enantiomeric excess is 82% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 8.54 min; major isomer: t_r = 11.25 min.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = + 421 (c = 0.25, CHCl₃).



(S)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)indolin-3-one (3fa) According to the general procedure, **3fa** was obtained using 2-(3-chlorophenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1f** (12.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 92% yield (17.7 mg) and 93:7 er as a yellow oily

(silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

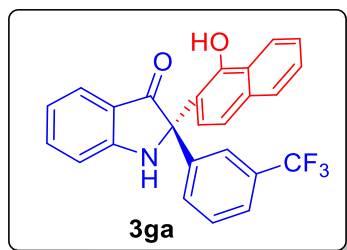
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.02 (s, 1H), 8.31 – 8.29 (m, 1H), 7.79 – 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.73 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.61 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.53 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.21 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 7.01 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 5.27 (s, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 204.3, 159.9, 152.4, 142.4, 139.1, 135.0, 134.7, 130.3, 128.9, 127.1, 126.9, 126.8, 126.7, 125.8, 125.4, 125.0, 124.8, 122.8, 120.9, 120.0, 119.7, 117.0, 113.4, 75.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClNO}_2$ (M-H): 384.0797, found 384.0799.

Enantiomeric excess is 88% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 8.89 min; major isomer: t_r = 11.94 min.

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = + 443 (c = 0.25, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)indolin-3-one (3ga) According to the general procedure, **3ga** was obtained using 2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1g** (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 91% yield (19.1 mg) and 87:13 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 9.99 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85 – 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.678 – 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.42 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 17.7, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H).

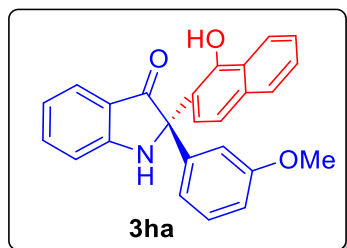
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 200.3, 160.7, 151.8, 142.3, 137.6, 133.9, 131.0, 129.4, 128.9 (q, J = 31.0 Hz), 127.9, 127.7, 126.4, 125.9, 125.2, 125.1, 124.6, 124.3 (q, J = 271.0 Hz), 122.6 (q, J = 4.0 Hz), 122.3, 122.0, 119.0, 118.0, 117.8, 112.2, 73.0.

$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (376 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ -60.9.

Enantiomeric excess is 74% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 6.56 min; major isomer: tr = 7.84 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $C_{25}H_{15}F_3NO_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 418.1060, found 418.1062.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D = +150$ (c = 0.5, $CHCl_3$).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)indolin-3-one (3ha) According to the general procedure, **3ha** was obtained using 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1h** (11.7 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 83% yield (15.8 mg) and 78:22 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

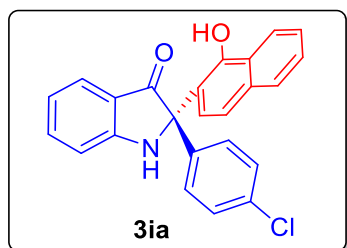
1H NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 9.98 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.83 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 6.90 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.72 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 201.0, 160.4, 159.1, 151.6, 141.7, 137.2, 133.8, 129.2, 127.5, 126.5, 126.2, 125.1, 125.0, 124.4, 122.4, 122.0, 119.2, 118.7, 118.3, 117.3, 113.3, 112.1, 111.7, 73.1, 55.0.

Enantiomeric excess is 56% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 15.69 min; major isomer: tr = 21.18 min

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $C_{25}H_{18}NO_3$ (M-H) $^-$: 380.1292, found 380.1293.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D = +201$ (c = 0.5, $CHCl_3$).



(S)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)indolin-3-one (3ia) According to the general procedure, **3ia** was obtained using 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1i** (12.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 87% yield (16.8 mg) and 88:12 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

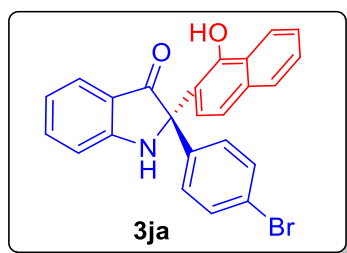
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.02 (s, 1H), 8.28 – 8.26 (m, 1H), 7.75 – 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.68 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.57 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.48 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.08 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 5.21 (s, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 204.8, 160.1, 152.5, 139.1, 138.9, 134.8, 134.7, 129.3, 128.2, 127.2, 127.0, 126.7, 125.8, 125.5, 124.8, 122.9, 120.9, 120.0, 119.7, 117.1, 113.4, 75.1.

Enantiomeric excess is 76% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 22.02$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 30.23$ min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClNO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 384.0797, found 384.0799.

$[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} = +184$ ($c = 0.25$, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(4-bromophenyl)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)indolin-3-one (3ja) According to the general procedure, **3ja** was obtained using 2-(4-bromophenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1j** (14.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 80% yield (17.2 mg) and 92:8 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

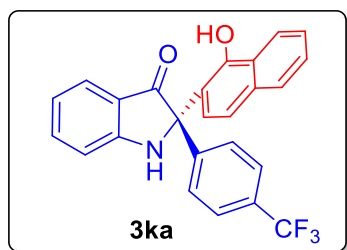
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 9.97 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.21 – 8.19 (m, 1H), 7.84 – 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.56 – 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.43 – 7.38 (m, 3H), 7.17 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.76 – 6.72 (m, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 200.7, 160.5, 151.7, 140.1, 137.4, 133.9, 131.0, 128.9, 127.6, 126.3, 126.1, 125.1, 125.1, 124.5, 122.2, 122.0, 120.7, 118.9, 118.0, 117.5, 112.0, 73.0.

Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 10.68 min; major isomer: tr = 13.32 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $C_{24}H_{15}BrNO_2$ (M-H): 428.0292, found 428.0292.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D = +86$ ($c = 0.5$, $CHCl_3$).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)indolin-3-one (3ga) According to the general procedure, **3ka** was obtained using 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **1k** (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 92% yield (19.3 mg) and 92:8 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

1H NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 9.97 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.20 – 8.18 (m, 1H), 7.86 – 7.84 (m, 1H), 7.72 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.66 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 6.75 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H).

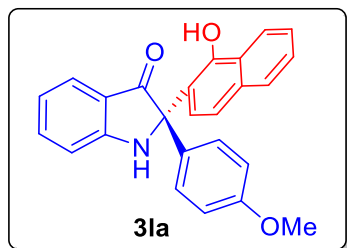
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 200.1, 160.8, 151.8, 145.7, 137.6, 133.9, 127.7, 127.9 (q, $J = 31.0$ Hz), 127.2, 126.5, 126.3, 125.7, 125.8, 125.1 (q, $J = 4.0$ Hz), 124.5, 122.0, 121.9, 121.5 (q, $J = 285.0$ Hz), 118.9, 117.8, 117.7, 112.1, 73.3.

^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ -60.8.

Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 6.36 min; major isomer: tr = 8.40 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $C_{25}H_{15}F_3NO_2$ (M-H): 418.1060, found 418.1063.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D = +194$ ($c = 0.5$, $CHCl_3$).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)indolin-3-one (3la) According to the general procedure, **3la** was obtained using 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **11** (11.7 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 76% yield (12.1 mg) and 63:37 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

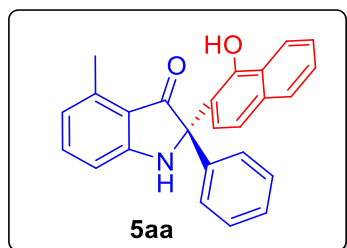
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.25 (s, 1H), 8.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.70 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 204.1, 159.1, 158.6, 151.4, 137.6, 133.6, 131.5, 127.1, 126.0, 125.6, 125.5, 124.6, 124.3, 124.1, 121.9, 119.4, 119.2, 118.3, 116.6, 113.3, 112.4, 74.3, 54.2.

Enantiomeric excess is 26% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AS-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 12.41 min; major isomer: t_r = 14.87 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_3$ (M-H) $^-$: 380.1292, found 380.1295.

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = + 89 (c = 0.5, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-4-methyl-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5aa) According to the general procedure, **5aa** was obtained using 4-methyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4a** (11.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 71% yield (13.0 mg) and 93:7 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

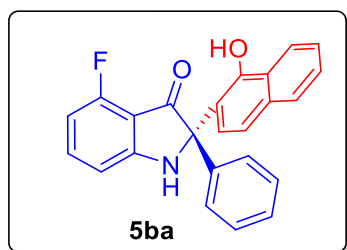
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.39 (s, 1H), 8.34– 8.32 (m, 1H), 7.78– 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.21– 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.81 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 2.62 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.7, 160.6, 152.6, 141.3, 140.9, 138.3, 134.7, 129.1, 128.6, 127.1, 126.8, 126.72, 126.70, 125.24, 125.18, 123.0, 122.2, 119.3, 118.6, 117.6, 110.7, 75.6, 18.4.

Enantiomeric excess is 26% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AS-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 12.41 min; major isomer: tr = 14.87 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₅H₁₈NO₂ (M-H)⁻: 364.1343, found 364.1343.

[α]_D²⁰ = + 456 (c = 0.25, CHCl₃).



(S)-4-fluoro-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ba) According to the general procedure, **5ba** was obtained using 4-fluoro-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4b** (11.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 60% yield (11.1 mg) and 93:7 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). *R_f* = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.79 – 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H).

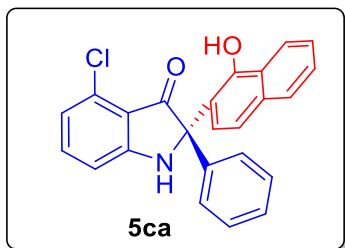
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.6, 160.8 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz), 159.9 (d, *J* = 263.0 Hz), 152.4, 140.6 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz), 139.7, 134.8, 129.2, 128.9, 127.1, 126.9, 126.8, 126.7, 125.4, 124.5, 123.0, 119.7, 117.2, 108.70, 108.66, 106.2 (d, *J* = 19.0 Hz), 76.0.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -110.1.

Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.56 min; major isomer: tr = 10.09 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₄H₁₅FNO₂ (M-H)⁻: 368.1092, found 368.1091.

[α]_D²⁰ = + 395 (c = 0.25, CHCl₃).



(S)-4-chloro-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ca) According to the general procedure, **5ca** was obtained using 4-chloro-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4c** (12.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 44% yield (8.5 mg) and 94:6 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

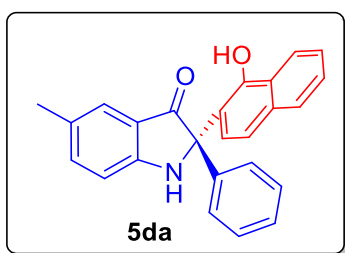
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.01 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.85 – 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.55 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.33 (m, 5H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 198.2, 161.5, 151.6, 139.4, 137.6, 133.9, 130.8, 128.3, 127.7, 127.6, 126.9, 126.7, 126.3, 125.1, 124.9, 122.6, 122.1, 118.8, 117.6, 114.4, 110.3, 73.5.

Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 8.62$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 9.72$ min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClNO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 384.0797, found 384.0799.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D = +63$ ($c = 0.25$, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-5-methyl-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5da) According to the general procedure, **5da** was obtained using 5-methyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4d** (11.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 97% yield (17.7 mg) and 91:9 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

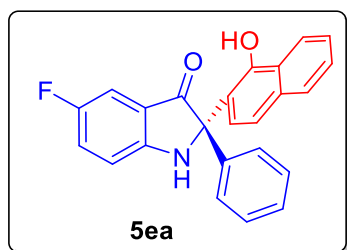
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.39 (s, 1H), 8.21 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 204.6, 158.2, 152.6, 141.0, 140.2, 134.5, 131.0, 130.0, 128.6, 127.0, 126.74, 126.68, 126.5, 125.7, 125.1, 124.8, 122.9, 121.2, 119.2, 117.1, 113.8, 76.2, 20.6.

Enantiomeric excess is 82% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 21.32 min; major isomer: tr = 28.83 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₅H₁₈NO₂ (M-H)⁻: 364.1343, found 364.1343.

[α]²⁰_D = + 434 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃).



(S)-5-fluoro-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ea) According to the general procedure, **5ea** was obtained using 5-fluoro-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4e** (11.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 81% yield (14.9 mg) and 96:4 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). *R_f* = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.97 (s, 1H), 8.24 – 8.09 (m, 2H), 7.85 – 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 3H), 7.46 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.23 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 2H).

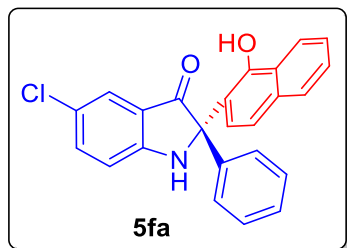
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 201.0, 157.4, 151.5, 155.0 (d, *J* = 223.0 Hz), 139.8, 133.8, 128.2, 127.6, 127.5, 126.8, 126.4, 126.2, 125.3, 125.05, 125.03, 122.5, 122.0, 118.7, 118.3 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 113.2 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 108.9 (d, *J* = 22.0 Hz), 74.3.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ -127.1.

Enantiomeric excess is 92% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 9.44 min; major isomer: tr = 12.43 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₄H₁₅FNO₂ (M-H)⁻: 368.1092, found 368.1094.

[α]²⁰_D = + 370 (c = 0.25, CHCl₃).



(S)-5-chloro-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5fa) According to the general procedure, **5fa** was obtained using 5-chloro-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4f** (12.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 82% yield (15.8 mg) and 91:9 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

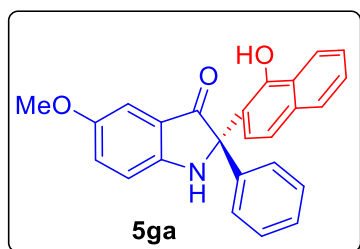
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.96 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.43 (m, 6H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 4H), 7.03 – 7.00 (m, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 200.0, 158.7, 151.5, 139.4, 136.7, 133.8, 128.2, 127.6, 126.8, 126.5, 126.5, 126.3, 125.1, 124.9, 123.4, 122.6, 122.0, 120.9, 119.4, 118.8, 113.3, 73.8.

Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 18.91$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 27.68$ min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClNO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 384.0797, found 384.0798.

$[\alpha]^{20}\text{D} = +219$ ($c = 0.5$, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-5-methoxy-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ga) According to the general procedure, **5ga** was obtained using 5-methoxy-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4g** (11.9 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 97% yield (18.5 mg) and 94:6 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

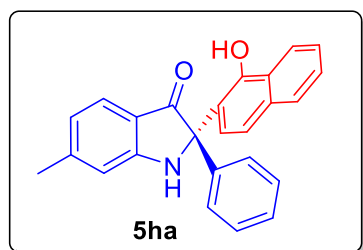
¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.83 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.39 – 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 201.5, 156.6, 152.2, 151.7, 140.6, 133.8, 128.2, 127.9, 127.5, 127.3, 126.7, 126.3, 126.2, 125.2, 125.0, 122.0, 121.9, 118.6, 118.3, 113.8, 104.6, 74.5, 55.5.

Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 13.37 min; major isomer: tr = 17.74 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₅H₁₈NO₃ (M-H)⁻: 380.1292, found 380.1294.

[α]²⁰_D = + 276 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-6-methyl-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ha) According to the general procedure, **5ha** was obtained using 6-methyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4h** (11.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 90% yield (16.4 mg) and 88:12 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). *R_f* = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1).

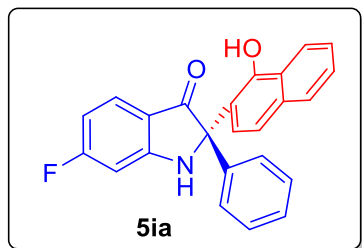
¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.84 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 6.56 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 200.8, 161.0, 151.7, 148.7, 140.5, 133.9, 128.2, 127.5, 127.4, 126.7, 126.3, 126.2, 125.3, 125.2, 125.0, 124.3, 122.1, 122.0, 119.3, 118.7, 116.0, 111.7, 73.8.

Enantiomeric excess is 76% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 13.55 min; major isomer: tr = 14.99 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₅H₁₈NO₂ (M-H)⁻: 364.1343, found 364.1343.

[α]²⁰_D = + 317 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃).



(S)-6-fluoro-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ia) According to the general procedure, **5ia** was obtained using 6-fluoro-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4i** (11.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 94% yield (17.3 mg) and 92:8 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.98 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.58 – 8.56 (m, 1H), 8.21 – 8.18 (m, 1H), 7.90 – 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.56 – 7.42 (m, 5H), 7.39 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.17 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 6.74 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.55 – 6.50 (m, 1H).

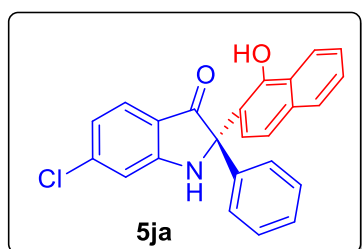
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 199.2, 168.7 (d, J = 250.0 Hz), 161.7 (d, J = 15.0 Hz), 151.6, 139.9, 133.9, 128.2, 127.6, 127.5, 127.3, 127.1, 126.6, 126.29, 126.26, 125.1, 122.3, 122.0, 118.8, 115.1, 105.6 (d, J = 25.0 Hz), 97.3 (d, J = 25.0 Hz), 73.9.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ -101.2.

Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 22.51 min; major isomer: t_r = 28.35 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for C₂₄H₁₅FNO₂ (M-H)⁻: 368.1092, found 368.1095.

$[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = + 257 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃).



(S)-6-chloro-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ja) According to the general procedure, **5ja** was obtained using 5-chloro-2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4j** (12.1 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 84% yield (16.2 mg) and 95:5 er as a yellow oily

(silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

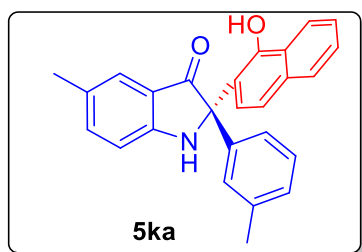
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.97 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.84 – 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.42 (m, 5H), 7.36 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 3H), 7.32 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 199.7, 160.5, 151.6, 141.9, 139.5, 133.9, 128.3, 127.7, 127.6, 126.7, 126.4, 126.3, 126.1, 125.1, 125.0, 122.5, 122.0, 118.8, 117.4, 117.2, 110.9, 73.6.

Enantiomeric excess is 90% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak OD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 95/5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 20.13 min; major isomer: t_r = 23.33 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClNO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 384.0797, found 384.0799.

$[\alpha]^{20}\text{D} = +240$ (c = 0.5, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-5-methyl-2-(m-tolyl)indolin-3-one (5ka) According to the general procedure, **5ka** was obtained using 5-methyl-2-(m-tolyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **4k** (11.8 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 75% yield (14.2 mg) and 86:14 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

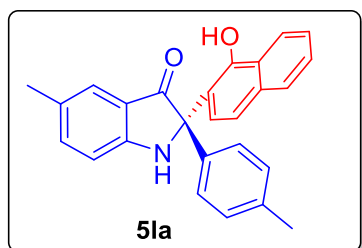
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.09 (s, 1H), 8.28 – 8.13 (m, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.89 – 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 7.10 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (m, 3H), 2.23 (m, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 201.5, 159.1, 151.7, 140.5, 138.9, 137.2, 133.8, 128.10, 128.08, 127.6, 127.1, 126.5, 126.4, 126.2, 125.2, 125.0, 124.0, 123.7, 122.2, 122.1, 118.7, 118.4, 112.1, 73.9, 21.3, 20.1.

Enantiomeric excess is 72% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 18.27 min; major isomer: t_r = 24.58 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 378.1500, found 378.1500.

$[\alpha]^{20D} = +179$ ($c = 0.5$, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-5-methyl-2-(p-tolyl)indolin-3-one (51a) According to the general procedure, **51a** was obtained using 5-methyl-2-(p-tolyl)-3*H*-indol-3-one **4l** (11.8 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 85% yield (16.1 mg) and 78:22 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

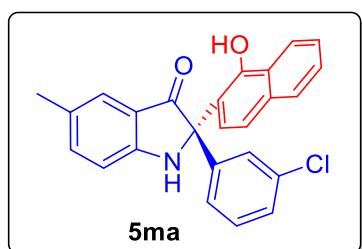
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 10.06 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.83–7.80 (m, 1H), 7.49–7.42 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.35–7.27 (m, 4H), 7.22 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 201.7, 159.1, 151.6, 138.8, 137.4, 136.6, 133.8, 128.7, 127.5, 126.7, 126.45, 126.41, 126.2, 125.2, 125.0, 123.7, 122.1, 122.0, 118.6, 118.4, 112.0, 73.7, 20.6, 20.0.

Enantiomeric excess is 56% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 12.08$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 17.56$ min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 378.1500, found 378.1501.

$[\alpha]^{20D} = +252$ ($c = 0.5$, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-5-methylindolin-3-one (5ma) According to the general procedure, **5ma** was obtained using 2-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4m** (12.8 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 1-naphthol **2a** (14.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 91% yield (18.2 mg) and 92:8 er

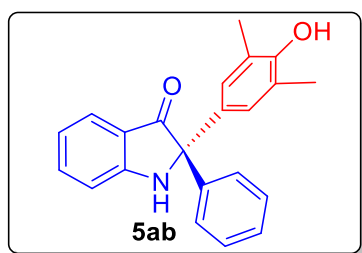
as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.27 (s, 1H), 8.30 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 – 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.66 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.39 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.21 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.08 – 7. (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 204.0, 158.2, 152.5, 142.9, 140.5, 135.0, 134.7, 131.0, 130.3, 128.9, 127.1, 126.9, 126.9, 126.6, 125.3, 125.2, 125.1, 125.0, 122.9, 120.7, 119.6, 116.9, 113.7, 75.6, 20.6. Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 17.97$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 28.27$ min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClNO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 398.0953, found 398.0955.

$[\alpha]^{20}\text{D} = +168$ ($c = 0.5$, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ab) According to the general procedure, **5ab** was obtained using 2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4a** (10.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 2,6-dimethylphenol **2b** (12.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 68% yield (11.2 mg) and 99:1 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). $R_f = 0.50$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

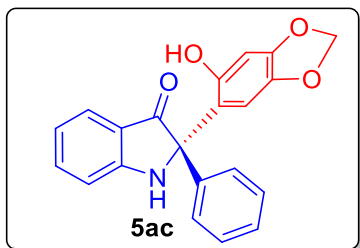
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.28 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 6.93 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.86 (s, 2H), 6.70 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 6H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 200.3, 160.6, 152.6, 141.3, 137.7, 131.0, 128.2, 127.3, 126.92, 126.89, 124.6, 123.9, 117.5, 117.4, 111.6, 73.5, 16.8.

Enantiomeric excess is 99% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 60/40, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 3.73$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 6.25$ min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_2$ (M-H) $^-$: 328.1343, found 328.1344.

$[\alpha]^{20}\text{D} = +15$ ($c = 0.1$, CH_3OH).



(S)-2-(6-hydroxybenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ac) According to the general procedure, **5ac** was obtained using 2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4a** (10.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-ol **2c** (13.8 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 63% yield (14.3 mg) and 75:25 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

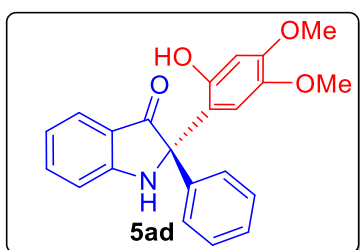
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.56 – 9.43 (m, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.47 – 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.42 – 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, J = 11.2, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.06 – 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.67 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.57 – 6.53 (m, 1H), 6.45 – 6.39 (m, 1H), 5.92 (s, 1H), 5.89 (s, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 200.2, 160.5, 151.2, 146.9, 140.2, 139.2, 137.2, 128.0, 127.1, 126.4, 124.3, 118.6, 117.9, 117.1, 111.8, 108.0, 101.0, 98.2, 72.4.

Enantiomeric excess is 50% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: t_r = 14.90 min; major isomer: t_r = 20.10 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}_4$ (M-H) $^-$: 344.0928, found 344.0928.

$[\alpha]^{20}\text{D} = +157$ ($c = 0.5$, CHCl_3).



(S)-2-(2-hydroxy-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-phenylindolin-3-one (5ad) According to the general procedure, **5ad** was obtained using 2-phenyl-3*H*-indol-3-one **4a** (10.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 3,4-dimethoxyphenol **2d** (15.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 83% yield (15.0 mg) and 87:13 er as a yellow oily (silica gel flash chromatography: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30:1). R_f = 0.50 (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 4:1)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.34 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.45 – 6.44 (m, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 3H).

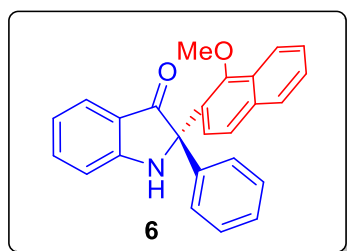
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 200.2, 160.5, 150.6, 149.3, 140.6, 140.3, 137.2, 127.9, 127.0, 126.3, 124.4, 117.7, 117.5, 117.1, 114.2, 111.8, 101.4, 72.3, 56.8, 55.4.

Enantiomeric excess is 74% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.80 min; major isomer: tr = 11.71 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₂H₁₈NO₄ (M-H)⁻: 360.1241, found 360.1243.

[α]²⁰_D = + 298 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃).

3. Synthesis applications of 3aa



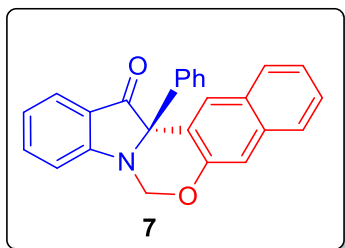
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 – 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.90 – 7.84 (m, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.66 – 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.56 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 3.27 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.5, 160.1, 155.0, 141.1, 137.5, 134.8, 130.2, 128.3, 128.24, 128.21, 127.5, 126.5, 126.4, 126.0, 125.6, 125.2, 123.7, 122.1, 118.9, 118.7, 111.7, 73.6, 61.8.

Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 70/30, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.28 min; major isomer: tr = 14.36 min.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₅H₁₈NO₂ (M-H)⁻: 364.1343, found 364.1342.

[α]²⁰_D = + 483 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃).



^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 8.07 – 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.88 – 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.79 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.66 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.49 (m, 4H), 7.41 – 7.34 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.11 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.26 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1H).

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 198.6, 159.4, 148.9, 140.5, 137.8, 133.0, 128.7, 128.4, 127.6, 127.3, 126.2, 125.3, 125.0, 124.0, 122.1, 121.9, 121.5, 120.5, 113.0, 112.3, 71.8, 71.4.

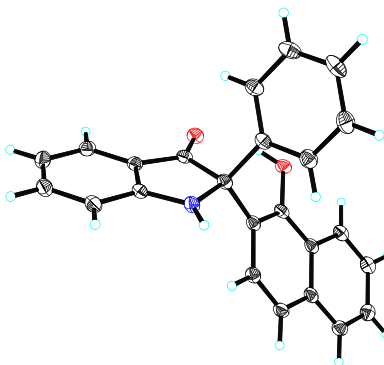
Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 70/30, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 13.24 min; major isomer: tr = 26.40 min.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{17}\text{NNaO}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$: 386.1152, found 386.1154.

$[\alpha]^{20}\text{D} = +82$ ($c = 0.5$, CHCl_3).

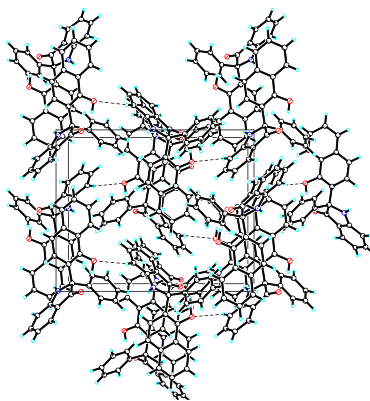
4. Crystal of 3aa

Crystal data for md_zxj372: $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_2$, $M = 351.38$, $a = 9.6357(6)$ Å, $b = 12.2218(8)$ Å, $c = 14.9472(10)$ Å, $\alpha = 90^\circ$, $\beta = 90^\circ$, $\gamma = 90^\circ$, $V = 1760.3(2)$ Å 3 , $T = 150.(2)$ K, space group $P212121$, $Z = 4$, $\mu(\text{Cu K}\alpha) = 0.670$ mm $^{-1}$, 14760 reflections measured, 3343 independent reflections ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0484$). The final R_I values were 0.0317 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$). The final $wR(F^2)$ values were 0.0836 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$). The final R_I values were 0.0335 (all data). The final $wR(F^2)$ values were 0.0852 (all data). The goodness of fit on F^2 was 1.067. Flack parameter = -0.12(10).



View of a molecule of **3aa** with the atom-labelling scheme.

Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



View of the pack drawing of **3aa**.

Hydrogen-bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for **3aa**.

Identification code	global	
Empirical formula	C ₂₄ H ₁₇ N O ₂	
Formula weight	351.38	
Temperature	150(2) K	
Wavelength	1.54178 Å	
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.6357(6) Å	α = 90°.
	b = 12.2218(8) Å	β = 90°.
	c = 14.9472(10) Å	γ = 90°.
Volume	1760.3(2) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.326 Mg/m ³	

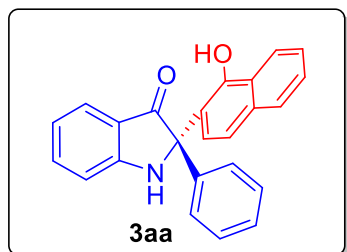
Absorption coefficient	0.670 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	736	
Crystal size	0.420 x 0.190 x 0.150 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	4.67 to 70.16°.	
Index ranges	-11<=h<=10, -13<=k<=14, - 14<=l<=18	
Reflections collected	14760	
Independent reflections	3343 [R(int) = 0.0484]	
Completeness to theta = 70.16°	99.7 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.91 and 0.57	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	3343 / 0 / 245	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.067	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0317, wR2 = 0.0836	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0335, wR2 = 0.0852	
Absolute structure parameter	-0.12(10)	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.340 and -0.225 e.Å ⁻³	

5. Reference

[1]. Lian, X.-L.; Lei, H.; Quan, X.-J.; Ren, Z.-H.; Wang, Y.-Y.; Guan, Z.-H. *Chem. Commun.* **2013**, *49*, 8196.

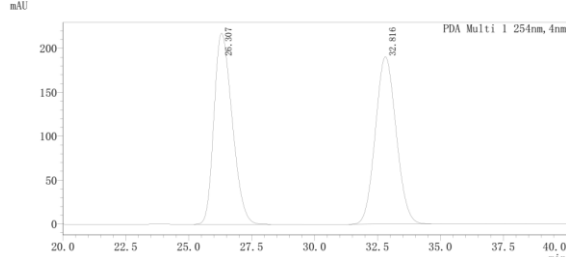
[2]. (a) Lindsay, A. C.; Leung, I. K. H.; Sperry, J. *Org. Lett.* **2016**, *18*, 5404. (b) Ling, K.-Q. *Synth. Commun.* **1995**, *25*, 3831. (c) Liu, J.-X.; Zhou, Q.-Q.; Deng, J.-G.; Chen, Y.-C. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **2013**, *11*, 8175. (d) Najahi, E.; Valentin, A.; Fabre, P.-L.; Reybier, K.; Nepveu, F. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2014**, *78*, 269. (e) Huang, J.-R.; Qin, L.; Zhu, Y.-Q.; Song, Q.; Dong, L. *Chem. Commun.* **2015**, *51*, 2844.

6. Copies of HPLC



Enantiomeric excess is 88% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 26.58 min; major isomer: tr = 32.88 min.

<色谱图>

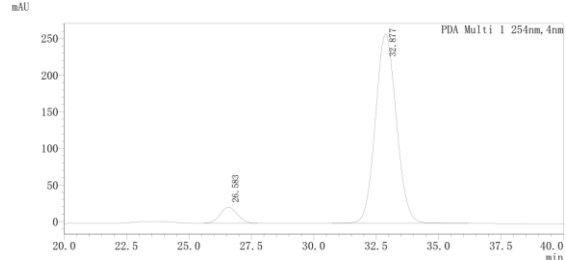


<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	26.307	10984907	217721	49.998
2	32.816	10985892	190686	50.002
总计		21970799	408407	100.000

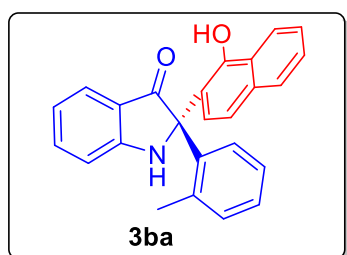
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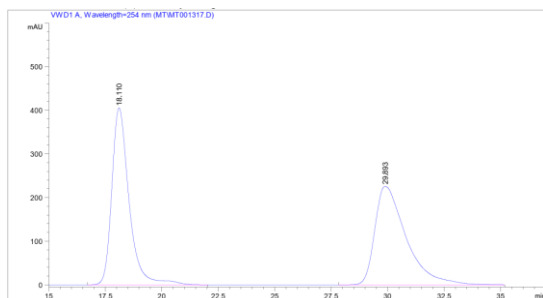
<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	26.583	1033410	21676	6.388
2	32.877	15145171	258363	93.612
总计		16178581	280039	100.000

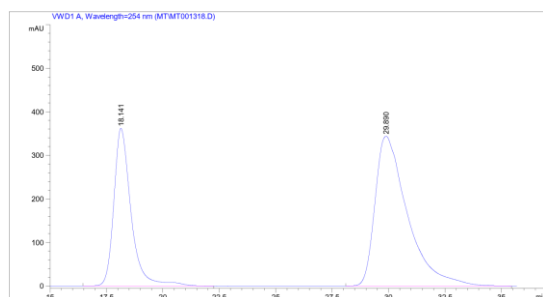


Enantiomeric excess is 28% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 18.14 min; major isomer: tr = 29.90 min.



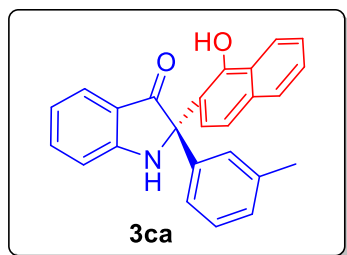
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.110	BB	0.7957	2.15313e4	405.36423	49.8188
2	29.893	BBA	1.4172	2.16879e4	225.27290	50.1812

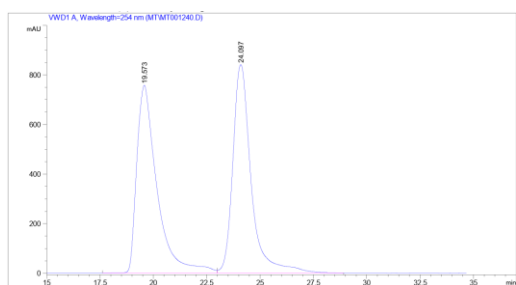


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.141	BB	0.8011	1.91252e4	361.55170	35.8446
2	29.890	BB	1.3554	3.42306e4	343.55420	64.1554

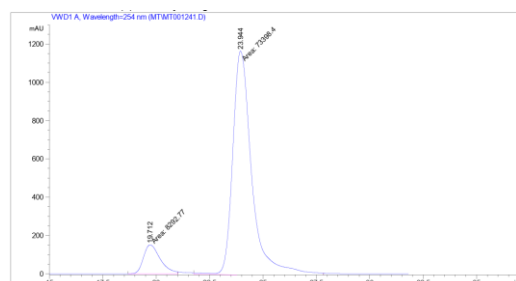


Enantiomeric excess is 80% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 19.71 min; major isomer: tr = 23.94 min.



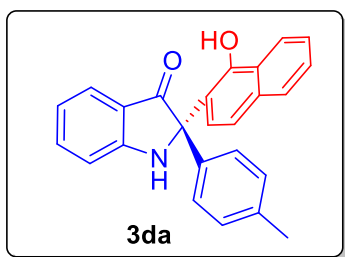
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	19.573	BV	0.9671	4.98288e4	756.85730	49.9102
2	24.097	VB	0.9000	5.00081e4	839.50391	50.0898

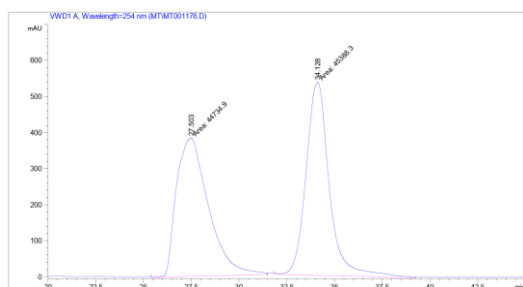


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	19.712	MM	0.9134	8292.77344	151.31978	10.1514
2	23.944	MM	1.0476	7.33984e4	1167.67822	89.8486

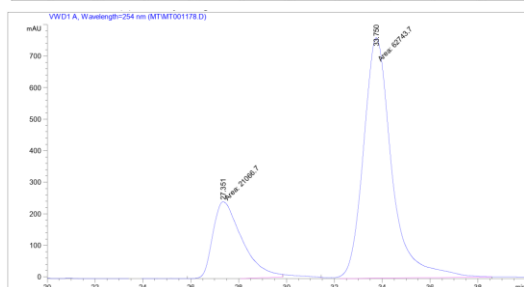


Enantiomeric excess is 50% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 27.35 min; major isomer: tr = 33.75 min.



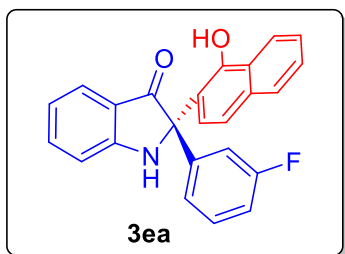
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	27.503	MM	1.9396	4.47349e4	384.39560	49.6375
2	34.128	MM	1.4077	4.53883e4	537.38129	50.3625

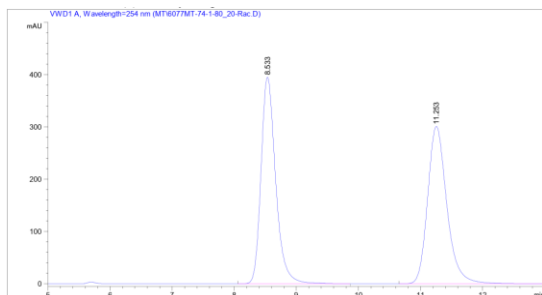


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	27.351	MM	1.4306	2.10667e4	245.42554	25.1361
2	33.750	MM	1.3727	6.27437e4	761.82507	74.8639

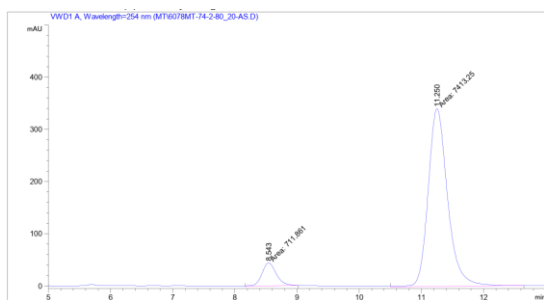


Enantiomeric excess is 82% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.54 min; major isomer: tr = 11.25 min.



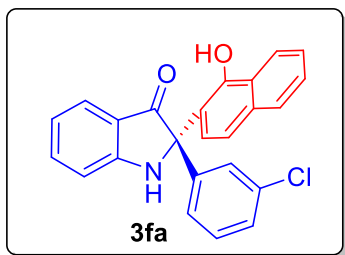
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.533	BB	0.2488	6461.44092	395.14221	49.9621
2	11.253	BB	0.3278	6471.23584	301.03995	50.0379

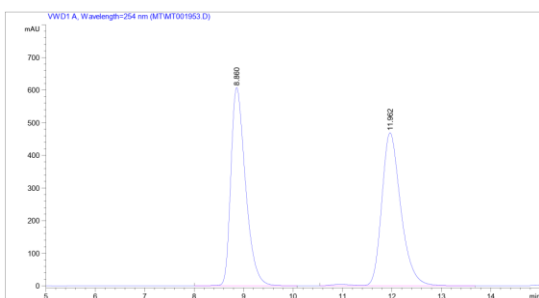


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.543	MM	0.2690	711.86139	44.10577	8.7613
2	11.250	MM	0.3628	7413.24707	340.53333	91.2387

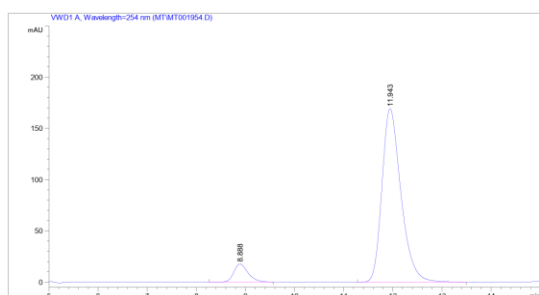


Enantiomeric excess is 88% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.89 min; major isomer: tr = 11.94 min.



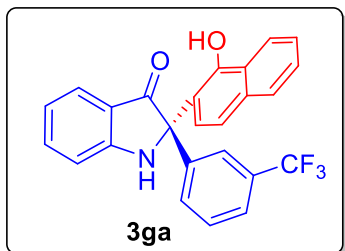
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.860	BB	0.3134	1.24497e4	606.74719	49.7268
2	11.962	VB R	0.4059	1.25865e4	468.28336	50.2732

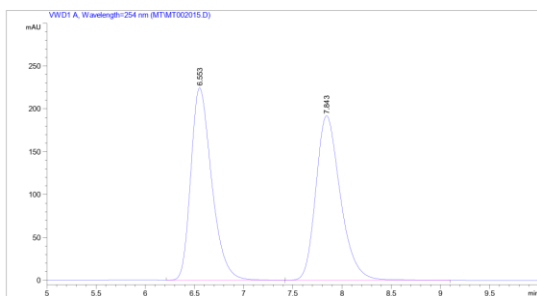


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.888	BB	0.3014	347.89841	17.54316	7.1243
2	11.943	BB	0.4069	4535.38721	169.07838	92.8757

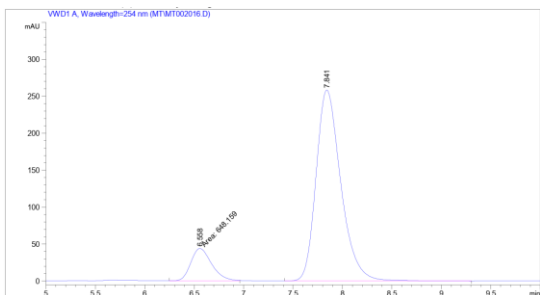


Enantiomeric excess is 74% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 6.56 min; major isomer: tr = 7.84 min.



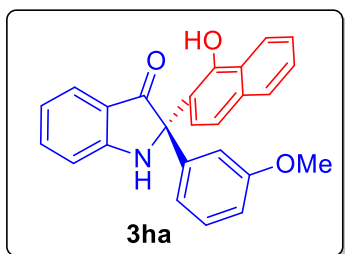
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.553	BB	0.2249	3303.63477	224.25764	49.8251
2	7.843	BB	0.2643	3326.83008	191.85947	50.1749

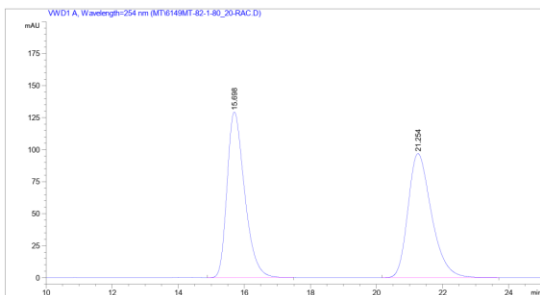


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.558	MM	0.2458	648.15942	43.94016	12.6222
2	7.841	BB	0.2657	4486.92920	258.19019	87.3778

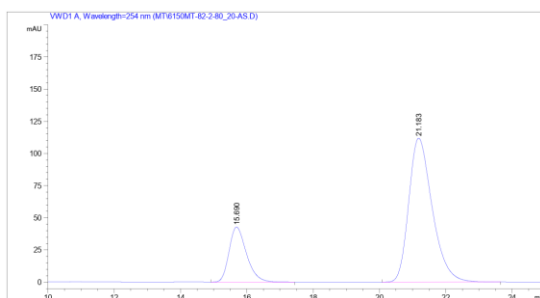


Enantiomeric excess is 56% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: $t_r = 15.69$ min; major isomer: $t_r = 21.18$ min



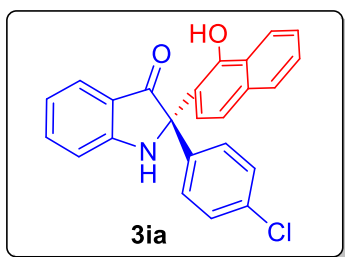
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	15.698	BB	0.5617	4762.98926	129.33043	49.9424
2	21.254	BB	0.7542	4773.97412	96.83360	50.0576

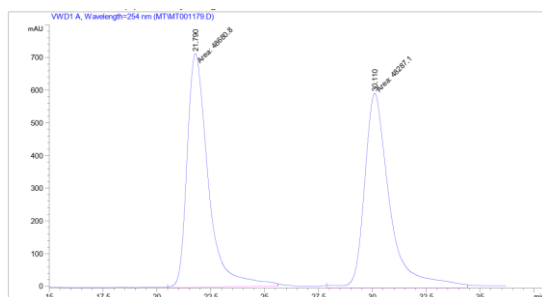


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	15.690	BB	0.5589	1560.03833	42.73273	22.1160
2	21.183	BB	0.7485	5493.86377	111.76221	77.8840

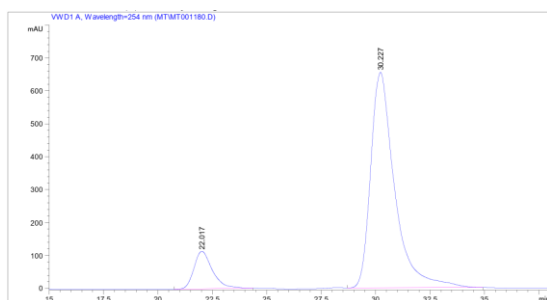


Enantiomeric excess is 76% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 22.02 min; major isomer: tr = 30.23 min.



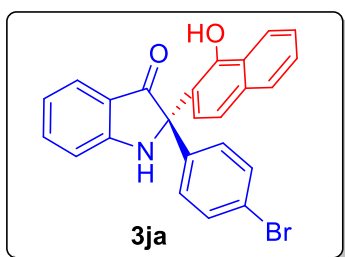
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	21.790	MM	1.1346	4.86808e4	715.10095	50.2030
2	30.110	MM	1.3530	4.82871e4	594.79370	49.7970

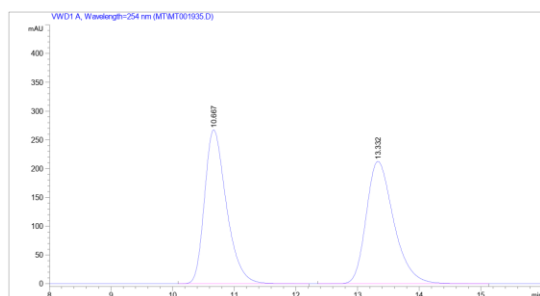


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	22.017	BB	0.8847	6747.94043	113.98557	11.8538
2	30.227	BB	1.1445	5.01787e4	654.44641	88.1462

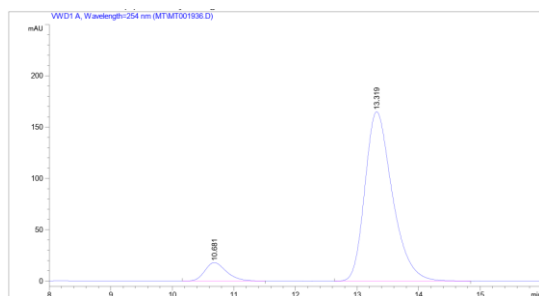


Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 10.68 min; major isomer: tr = 13.32 min.



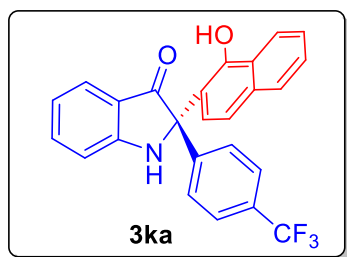
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.667	BB	0.3752	6579.19092	267.24911	49.9437
2	13.332	BB	0.4739	6594.01611	212.58794	50.0563

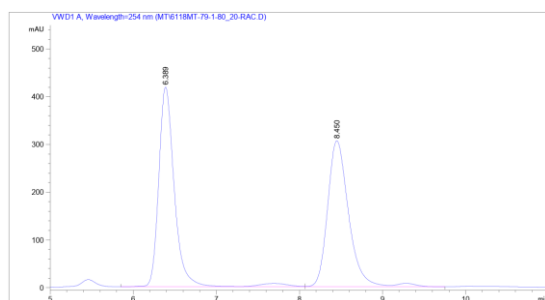


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.681	BB	0.3719	433.04770	17.85584	7.8266
2	13.319	BB	0.4697	5100.00195	164.95390	92.1734

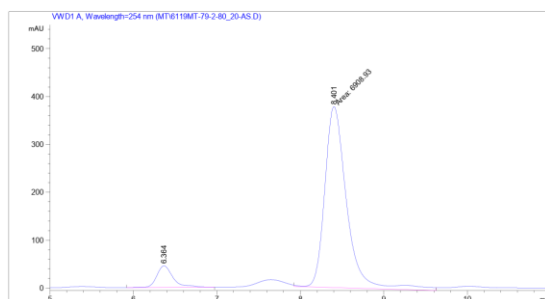


Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 6.36 min; major isomer: tr = 8.40 min.



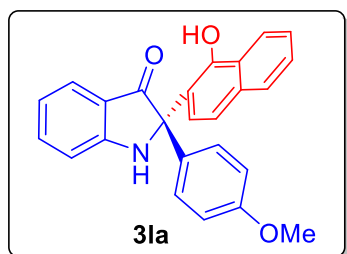
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.389	BV R	0.1954	5569.66846	418.41360	50.5879
2	8.450	VV R	0.2650	5440.21191	306.10239	49.4121

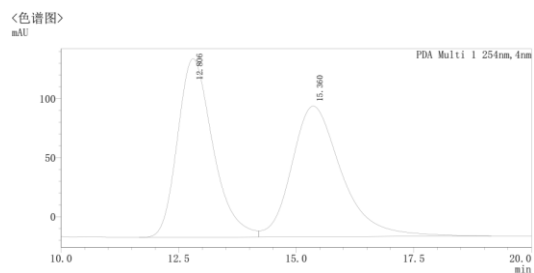


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.364	BB	0.2054	607.48541	45.02724	8.0821
2	8.401	MM	0.3049	6908.92676	377.71390	91.9179



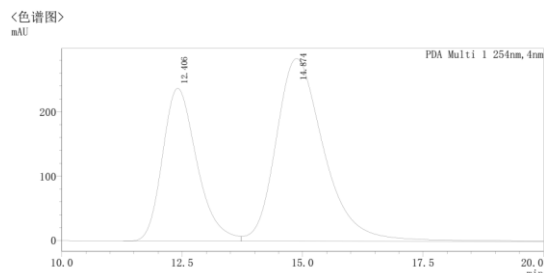
Enantiomeric excess is 26% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AS-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 12.41 min; major isomer: tr = 14.87 min.



<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

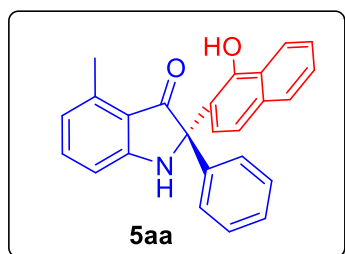
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	12.806	7908831	151066	49.258
2	15.360	8147007	110497	50.742
总计		16055838	261564	100.000



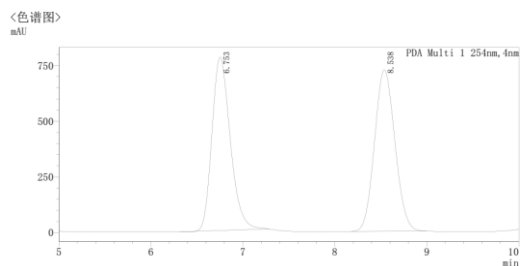
<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	12.406	11824734	237517	37.450
2	14.874	19750367	283752	62.550
总计		31575100	521269	100.000



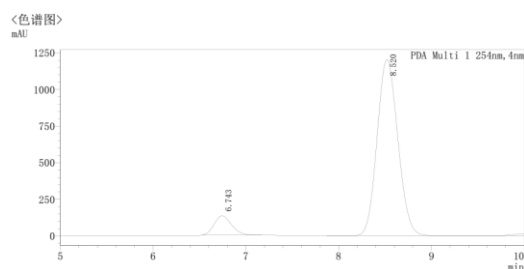
Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 6.74 min; major isomer: tr = 8.52 min.



<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

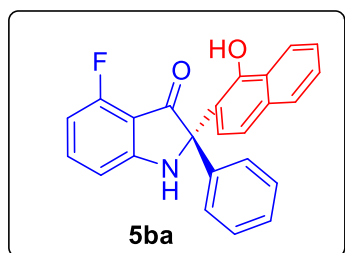
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	6.753	10768852	777831	49.111
2	8.538	11158687	723578	50.889
总计		21927539	1501409	100.000



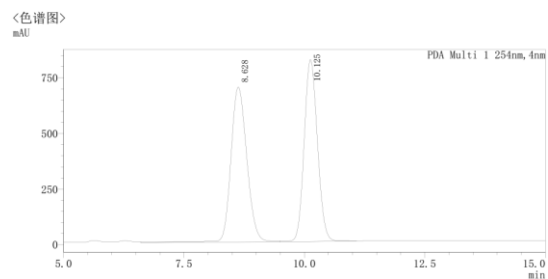
<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	6.743	1713465	131527	8.270
2	8.520	19006387	1203458	91.730
总计		20719852	1334985	100.000

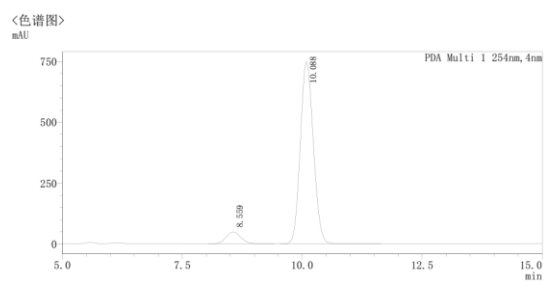


Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.56 min; major isomer: tr = 10.09 min.



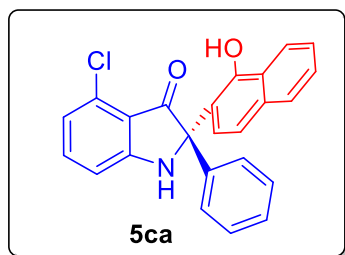
<峰表>

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	8.628	16179415	696634	50.801
2	10.125	15669405	818276	49.199
总计		31848820	1514910	100.000

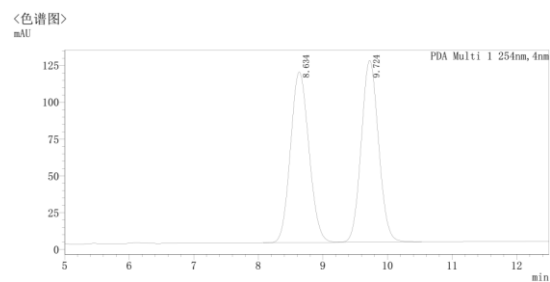


<峰表>

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	8.559	1023737	47920	6.766
2	10.088	14107268	747425	93.234
总计		15131004	795345	100.000

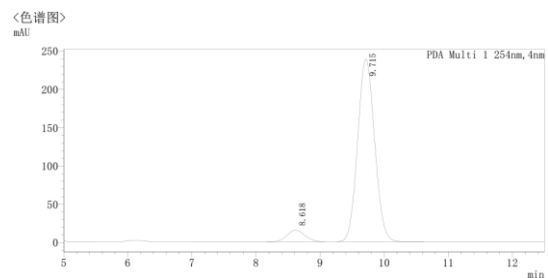


Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.62 min; major isomer: tr = 9.72 min.



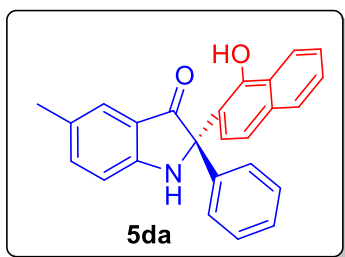
<峰表>

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	8.634	2304195	115952	50.011
2	9.724	2303136	123447	49.989
总计		4607331	239399	100.000

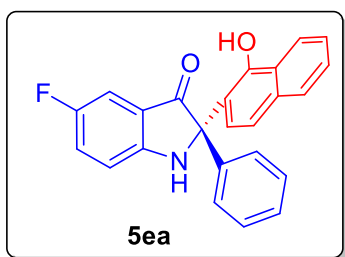
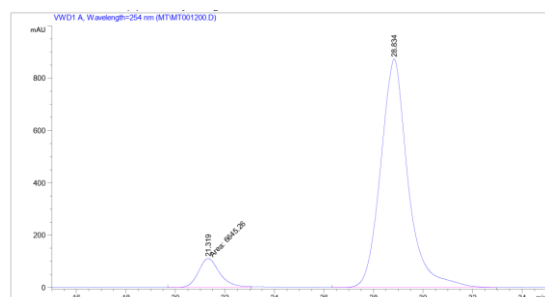
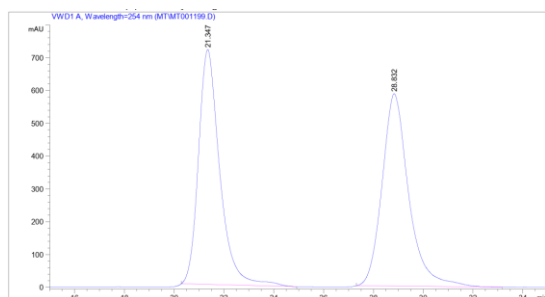


<峰表>

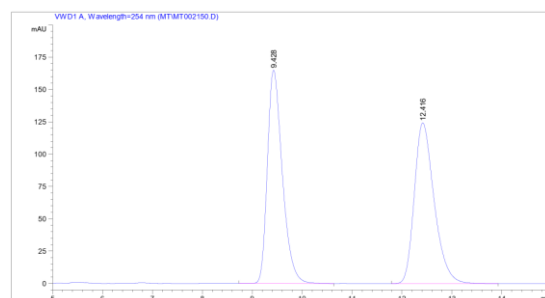
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	8.618	293660	15062	6.257
2	9.715	4399881	238382	93.743
总计		4693541	253444	100.000

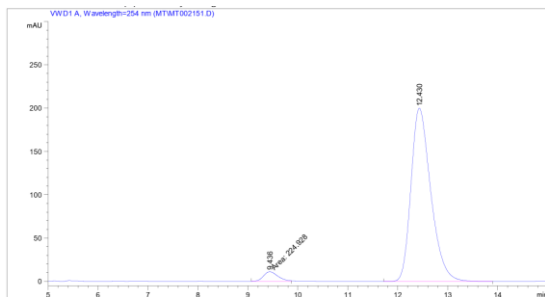


Enantiomeric excess is 82% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 21.32 min; major isomer: tr = 28.83 min.



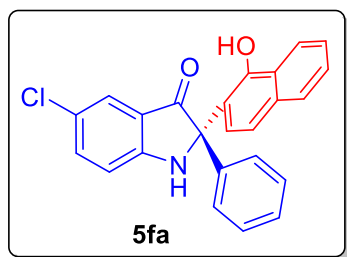
Enantiomeric excess is 92% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 9.44 min; major isomer: tr = 12.43 min.



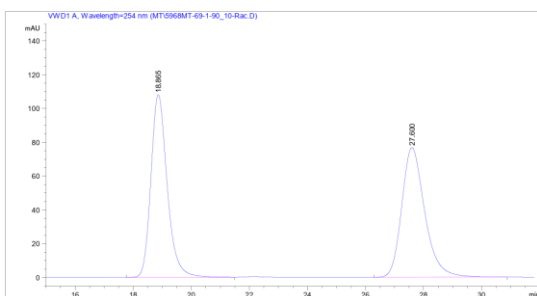


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.436	MM	0.3386	224.92831	11.07024	3.9341
2	12.430	BB	0.4186	5492.41260	199.86919	96.0659

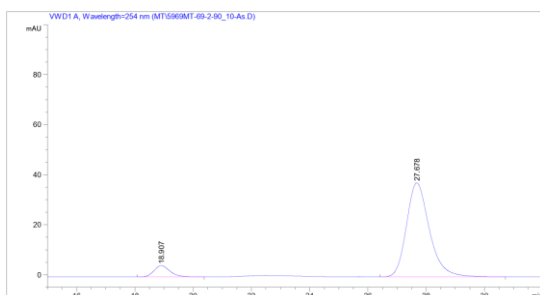


Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 18.91 min; major isomer: tr = 27.68 min.



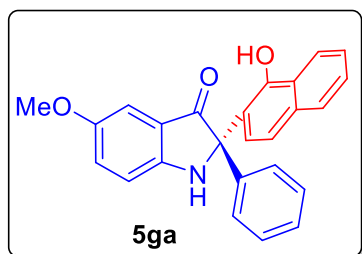
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.865	BB	0.5933	4199.43896	108.08907	49.8663
2	27.600	BB	0.8379	4221.95166	76.73201	50.1337

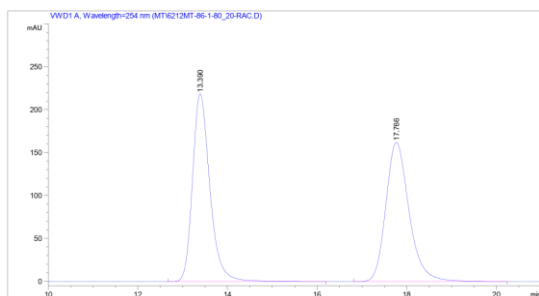


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.907	BB	0.5848	174.11121	4.52654	7.8052
2	27.678	BB	0.8294	2056.59717	37.58110	92.1948

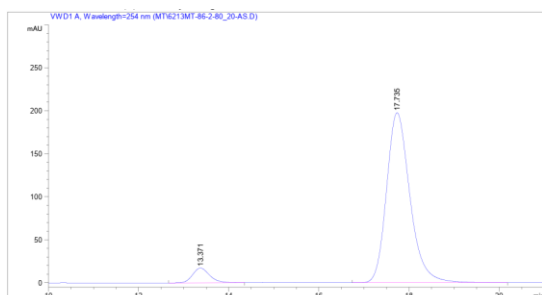


Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 13.37 min; major isomer: tr = 17.74 min.



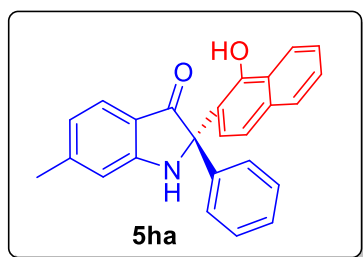
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.390	BB	0.4097	5874.41943	218.48900	50.1829
2	17.766	BB	0.5496	5831.60303	162.12424	49.8171

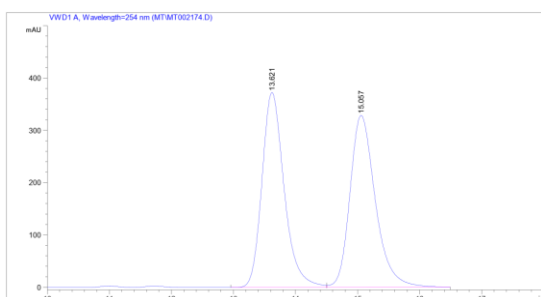


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.371	BB	0.3990	445.66245	17.10506	5.8830
2	17.735	BB	0.5508	7129.74463	197.68385	94.1170

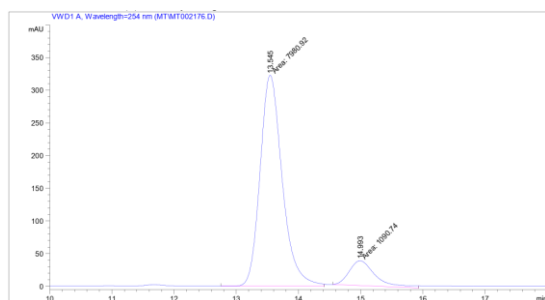


Enantiomeric excess is 76% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 13.55 min; major isomer: tr = 14.99 min.



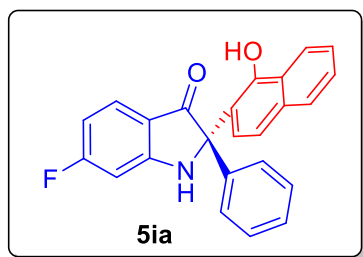
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.621	BV	0.3802	9265.69727	372.45215	49.8030
2	15.057	VBA	0.4357	9339.01758	328.42880	50.1970

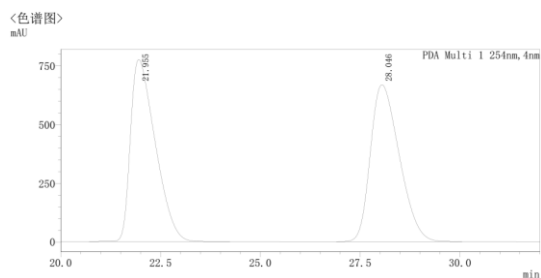


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.545	MM	0.4121	7980.91650	322.79153	87.9764
2	14.993	MM	0.4802	1090.73865	37.85950	12.0236

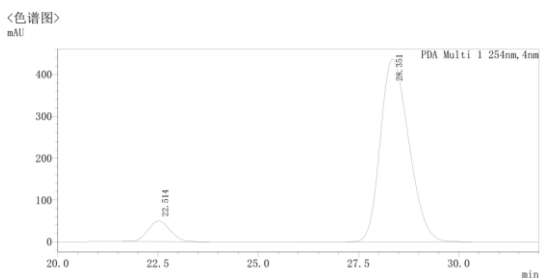


Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 22.51 min; major isomer: tr = 28.35 min.



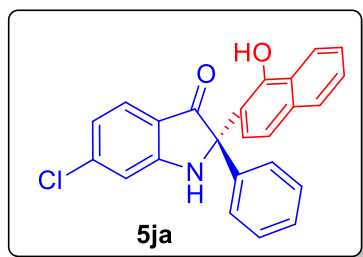
<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	21.955	33379278	774165	49.883
2	28.046	33536295	667132	50.117
总计		66915572	1441297	100.000

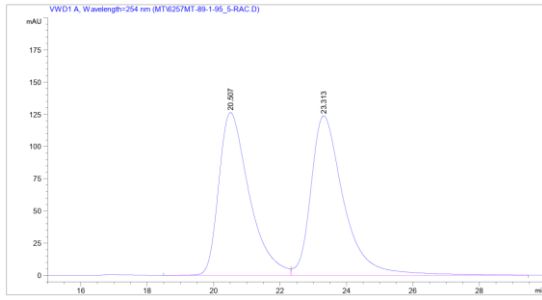


<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm				
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	22.514	1897750	49265	8.113
2	28.351	21493355	436391	91.887
总计		23391106	485656	100.000

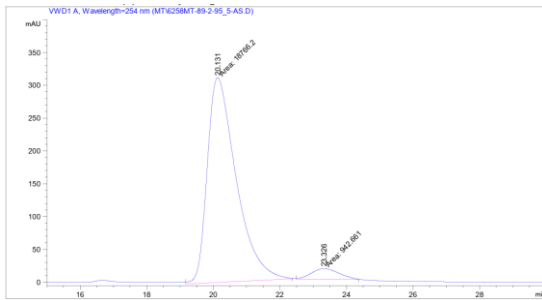


Enantiomeric excess is 90% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak OD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 95/5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 20.13 min; major isomer: tr = 23.33 min.



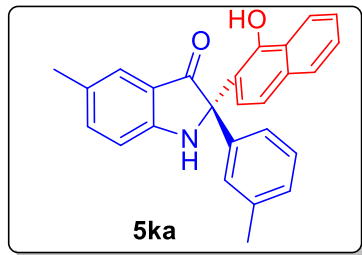
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	20.507	BV	0.9588	8035.20850	126.37903	48.6392
2	23.313	VB	1.0328	8484.81055	123.76013	51.3608

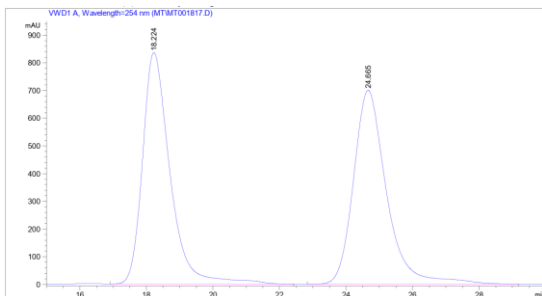


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	20.131	MM	1.0026	1.87662e4	311.95663	95.2171
2	23.326	MM	0.9658	942.66150	16.26694	4.7829

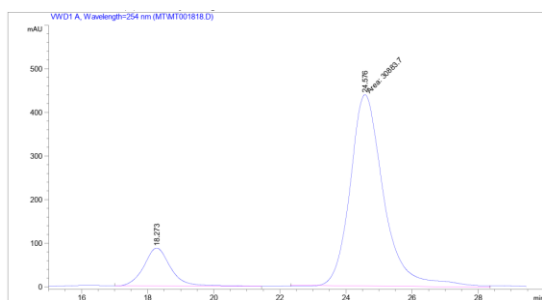


Enantiomeric excess is 72% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 18.27 min; major isomer: tr = 24.58 min.



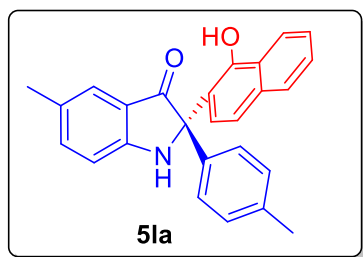
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.224	BB	0.8633	4.79313e4	835.54248	49.8505
2	24.665	BB	1.0449	4.82187e4	699.80945	50.1495

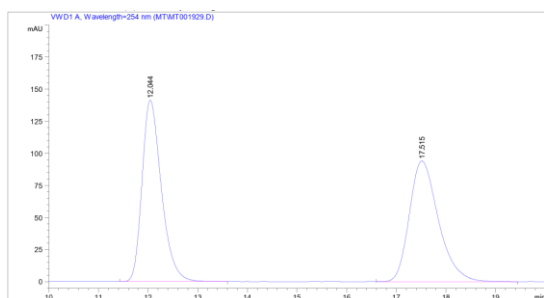


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.273	BB	0.8463	4956.06299	87.17032	13.8284
2	24.576	MM	1.1750	3.08837e4	438.07288	86.1716

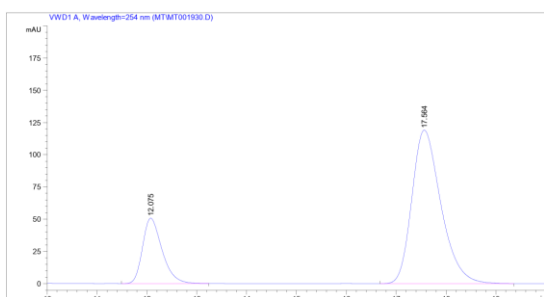


Enantiomeric excess is 56% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 12.08 min; major isomer: tr = 17.56 min.



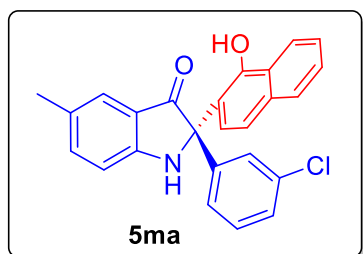
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	12.044	BB	0.4136	3818.23291	141.16299	50.0251
2	17.515	BB	0.6220	3814.40820	93.87920	49.9749

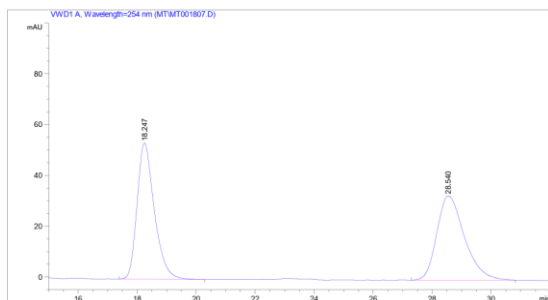


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	12.075	BB	0.4135	1374.15601	50.65971	22.1748
2	17.564	BB	0.6197	4822.76953	119.03105	77.8252

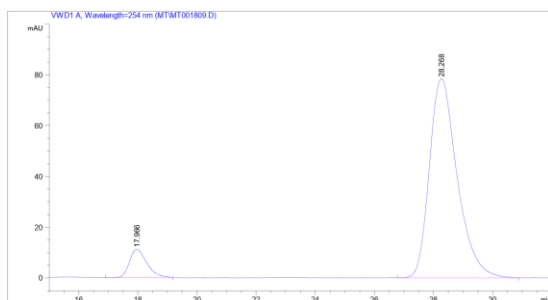


Enantiomeric excess is 84% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 17.97 min; major isomer: tr = 28.27 min.



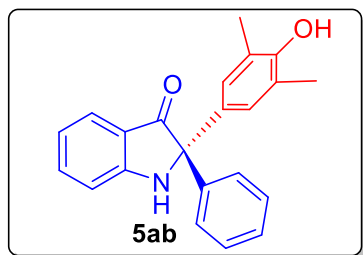
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.247	BB	0.6148	2171.59888	53.58863	50.2724
2	28.540	BB	1.0002	2148.06909	33.14143	49.7276

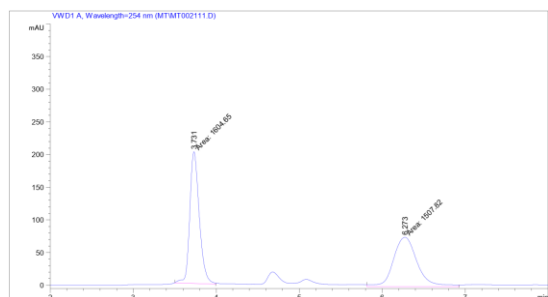


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	17.966	BB	0.6120	451.02298	11.10104	8.1058
2	28.268	BB	0.9794	5113.16992	78.34838	91.8942

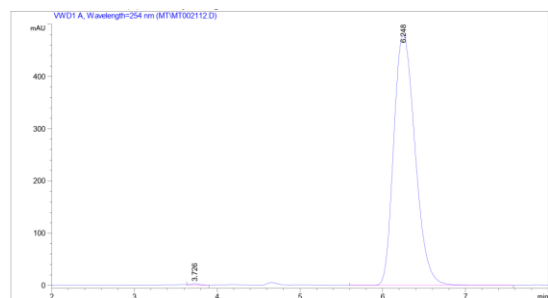


Enantiomeric excess is 99% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 60/40, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 3.73 min; major isomer: tr = 6.25 min.



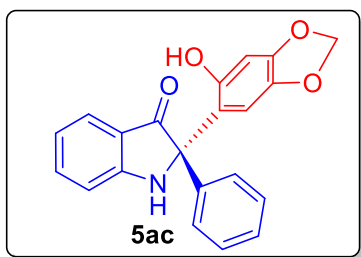
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	3.731	MM	0.1326	1604.65369	201.69762	51.5556
2	6.273	MM	0.3325	1507.81860	75.57365	48.4444

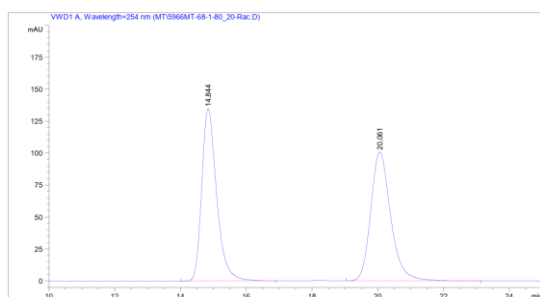


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	3.726	VB	0.1193	21.89407	2.76678	0.2541
2	6.248	BB	0.2847	8594.51465	478.05939	99.7459

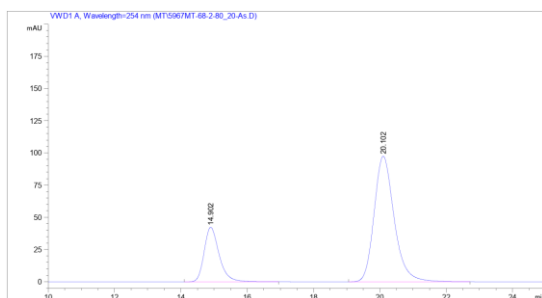


Enantiomeric excess is 50% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 14.90 min; major isomer: tr = 20.10 min.



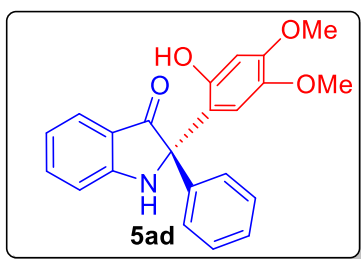
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	14.844	BB	0.4784	4232.55469	134.78165	49.9878
2	20.061	BB	0.6434	4234.61279	100.74392	50.0122

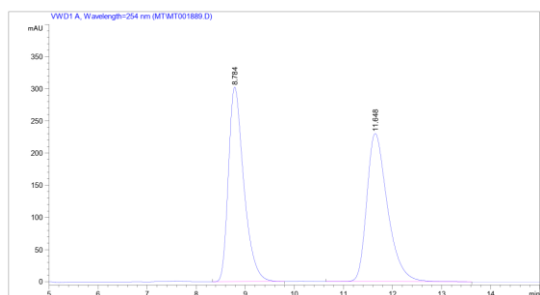


Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	14.902	BB	0.4776	1329.67017	42.31599	24.5067
2	20.102	BB	0.6423	4096.07373	97.46844	75.4933

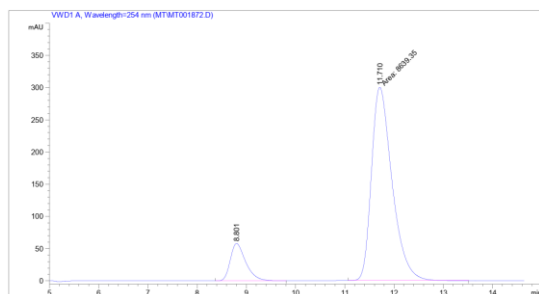


Enantiomeric excess is 74% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.80 min; major isomer: tr = 11.71 min.



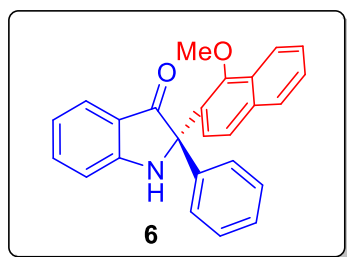
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.784	BB	0.3288	6581.73096	302.53720	49.3853
2	11.648	BB	0.4428	6745.57813	230.25417	50.6147



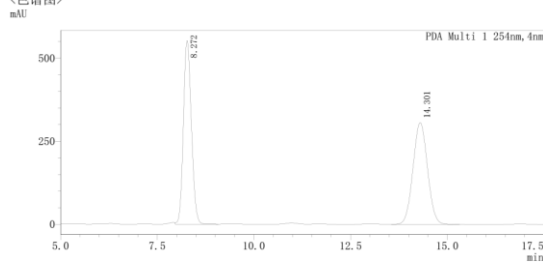
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.801	BB	0.3282	1256.94458	57.92688	12.7012
2	11.710	MM	0.4813	8639.34668	299.17529	87.2988



Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 70/30, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 8.28 min; major isomer: tr = 14.36 min.

<色谱图>

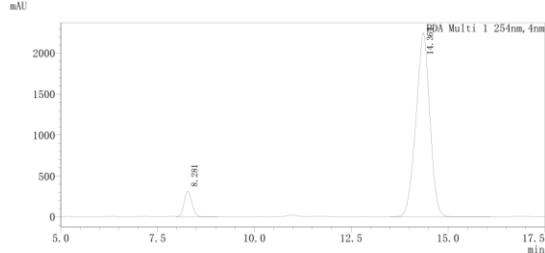


<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	8.272	7943640	551891	49.918
2	14.301	7969732	305828	50.082
总计		15913371	857719	100.000

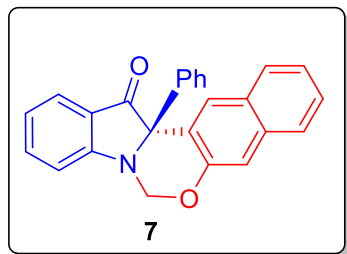
<色谱图>



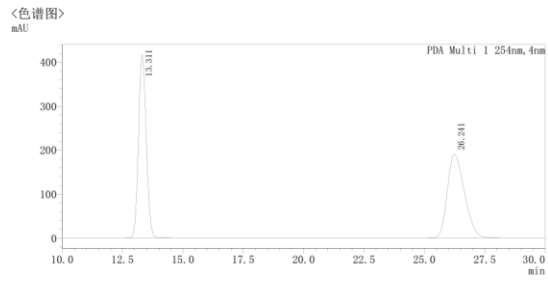
<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	8.281	4491101	312655	7.401
2	14.364	56193511	2249054	92.599
总计		60684612	2561709	100.000



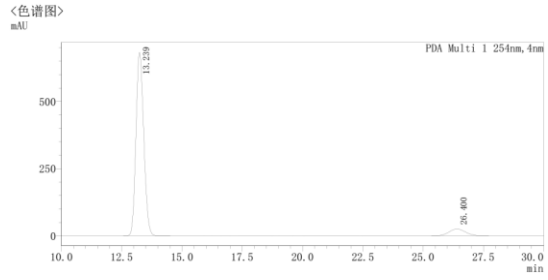
Enantiomeric excess is 86% determined by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/Isopropanol 70/30, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm): minor isomer: tr = 13.24 min; major isomer: tr = 26.40 min.



<峰表>

PDA Ch1 254nm

峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	13.311	9280202	416318	49.853
2	26.241	9334997	190057	50.147
总计		18615199	606375	100.000

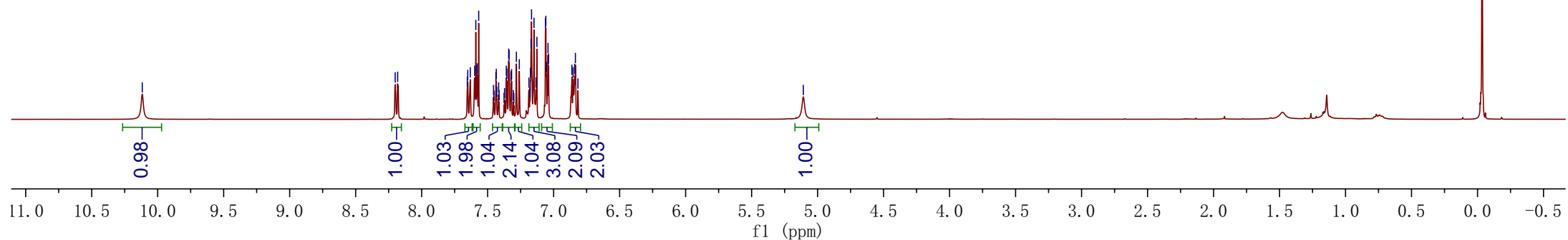
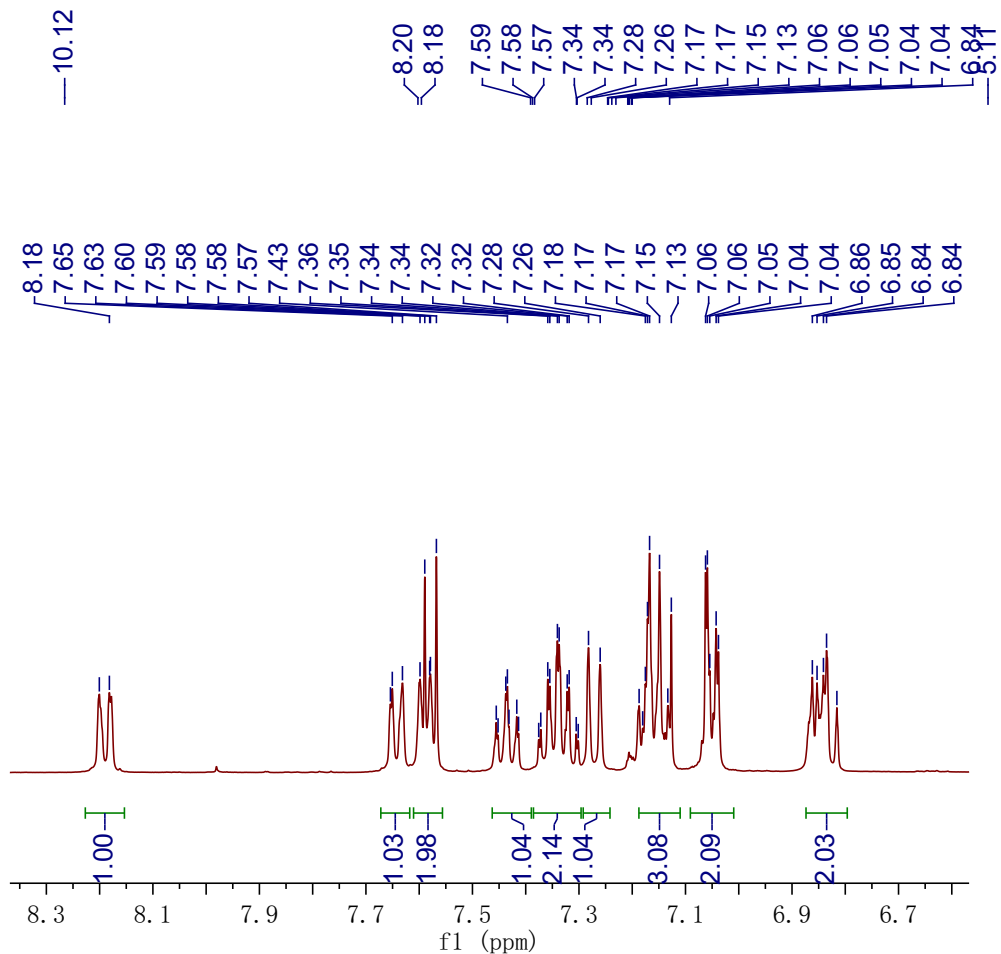
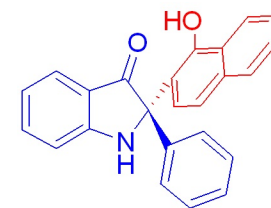


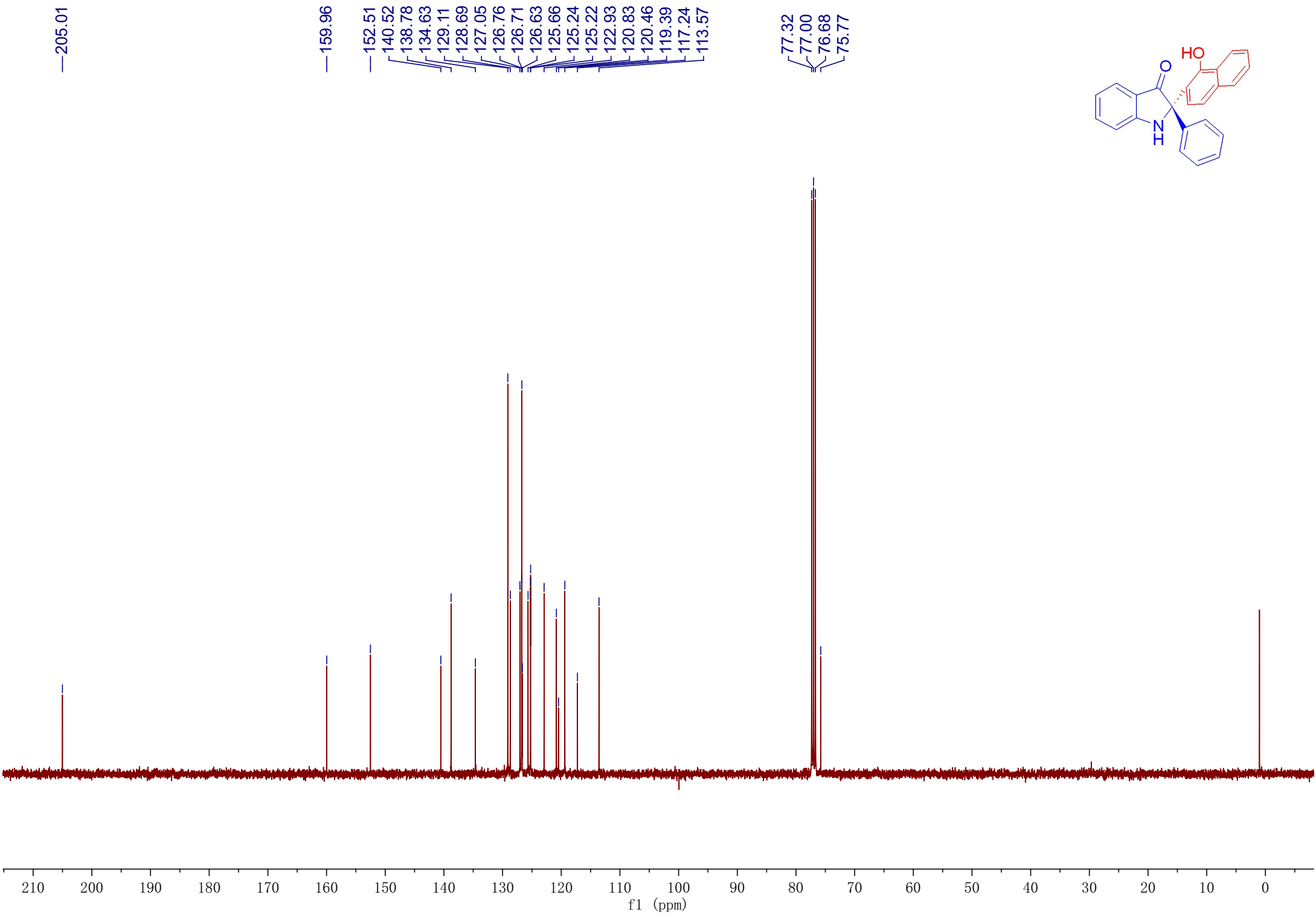
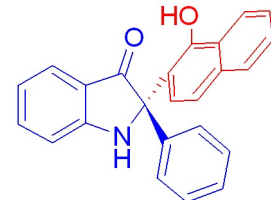
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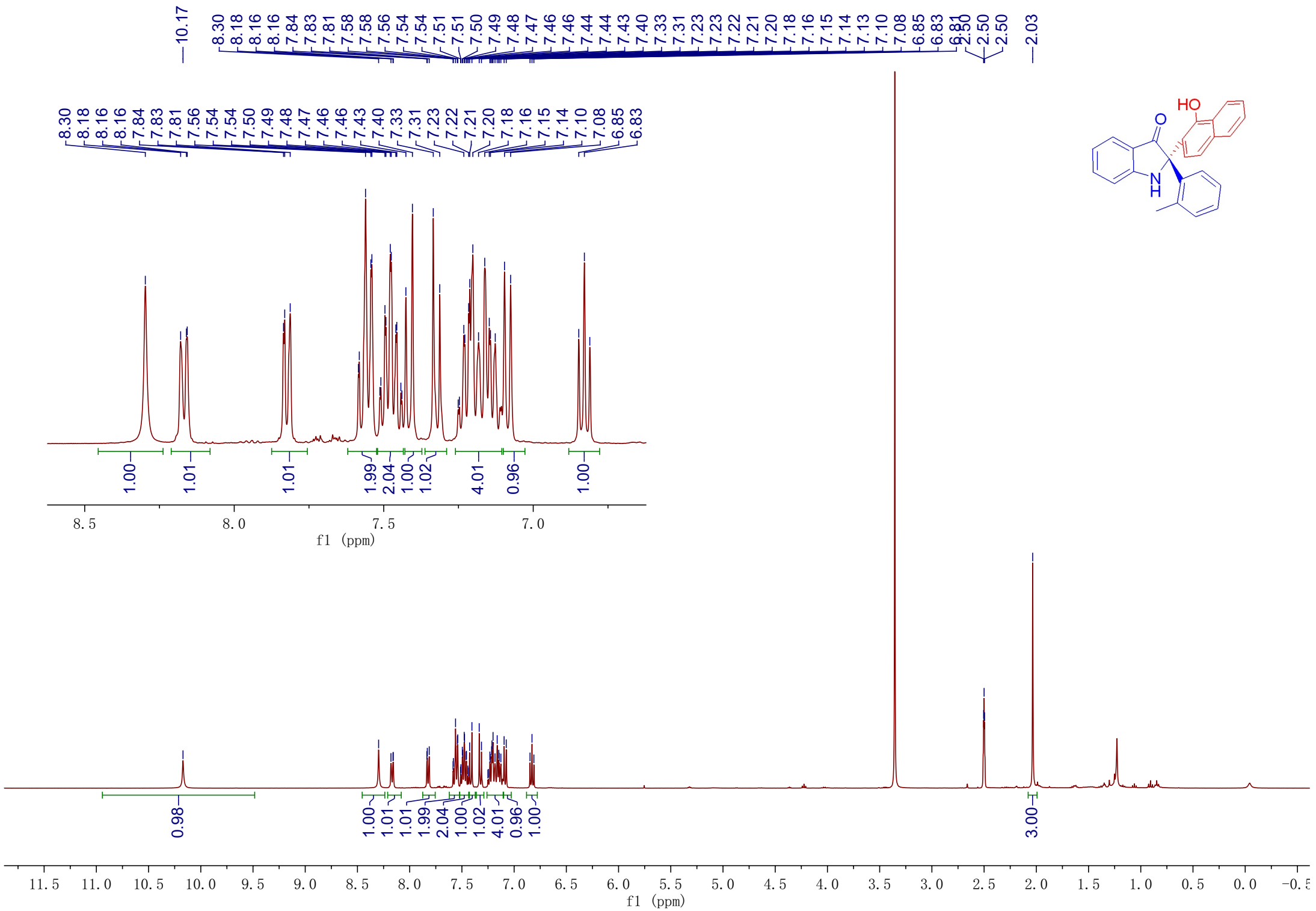
PDA Ch1 254nm

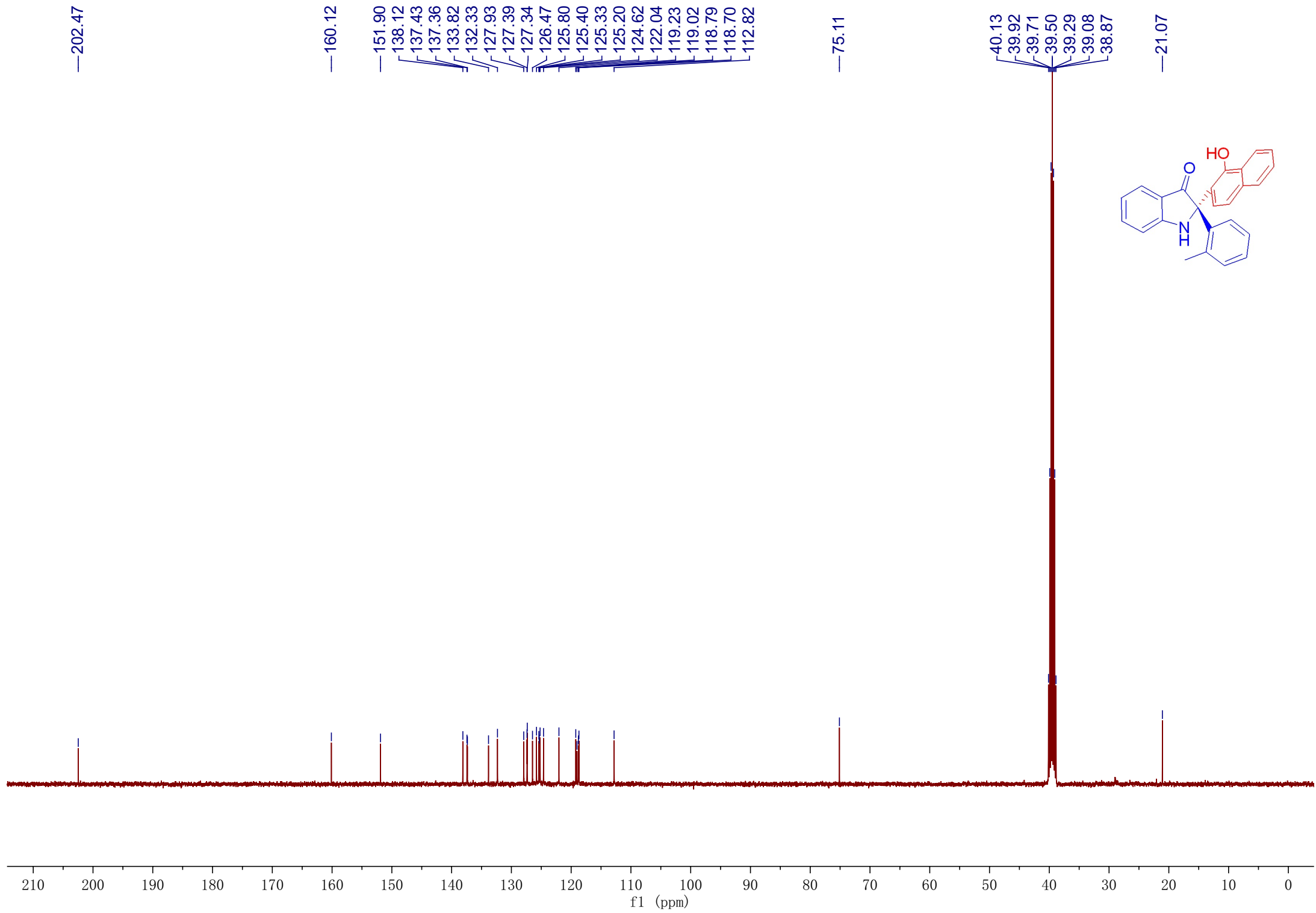
峰号	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%
1	13.239	15271088	681756	92.727
2	26.400	1197774	25210	7.273
总计		16468862	706966	100.000

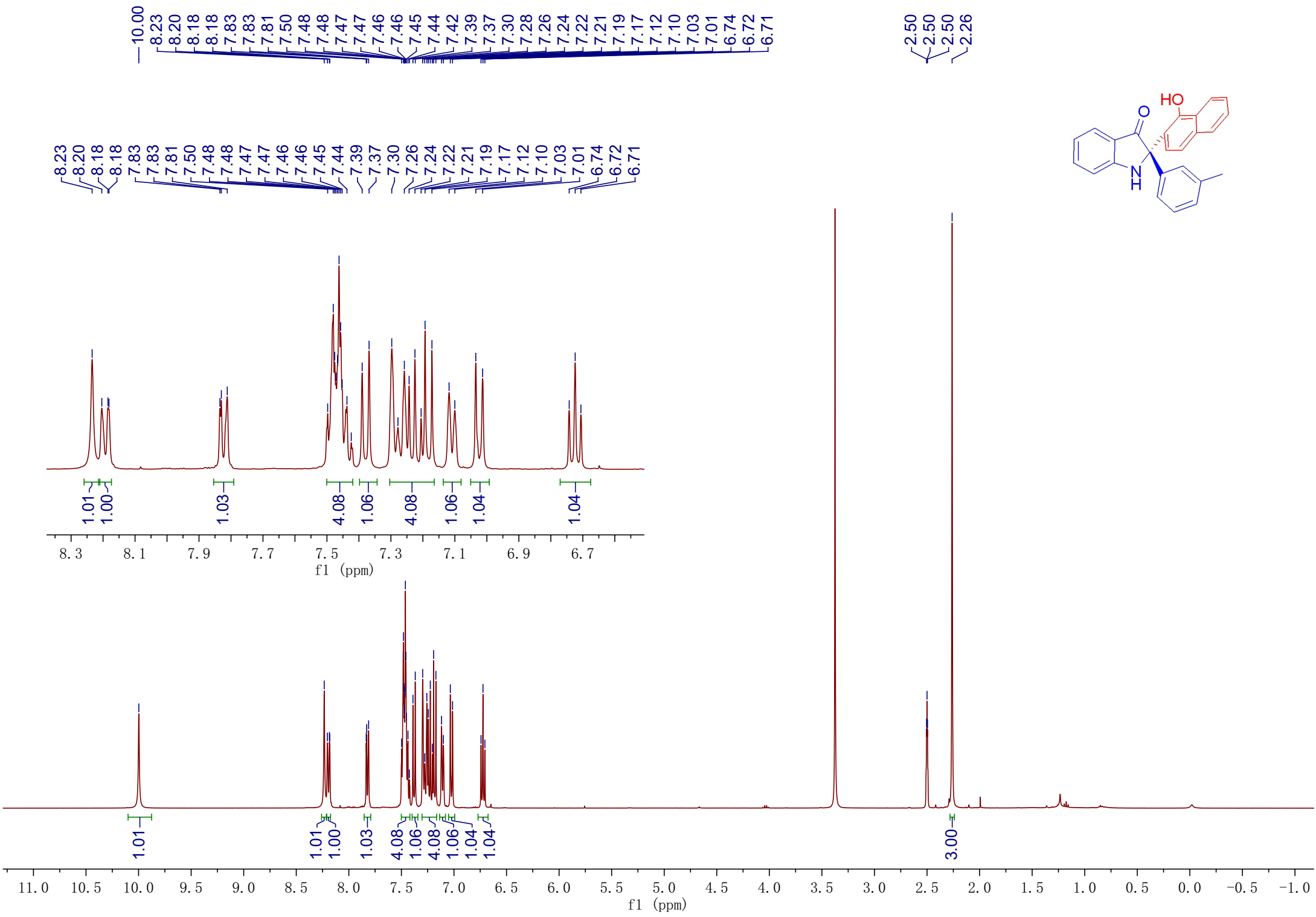
7. Copies of NMR spectra

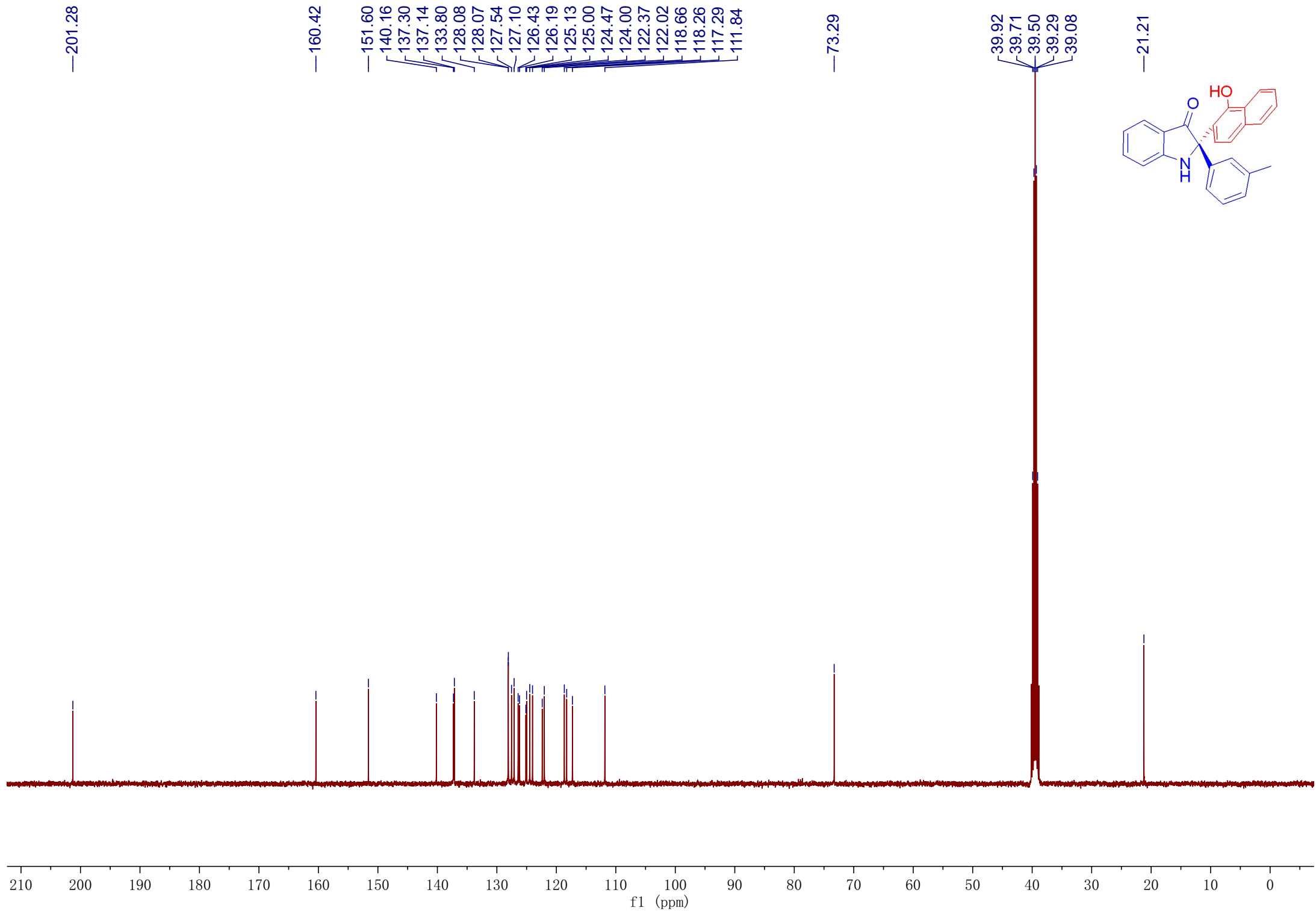


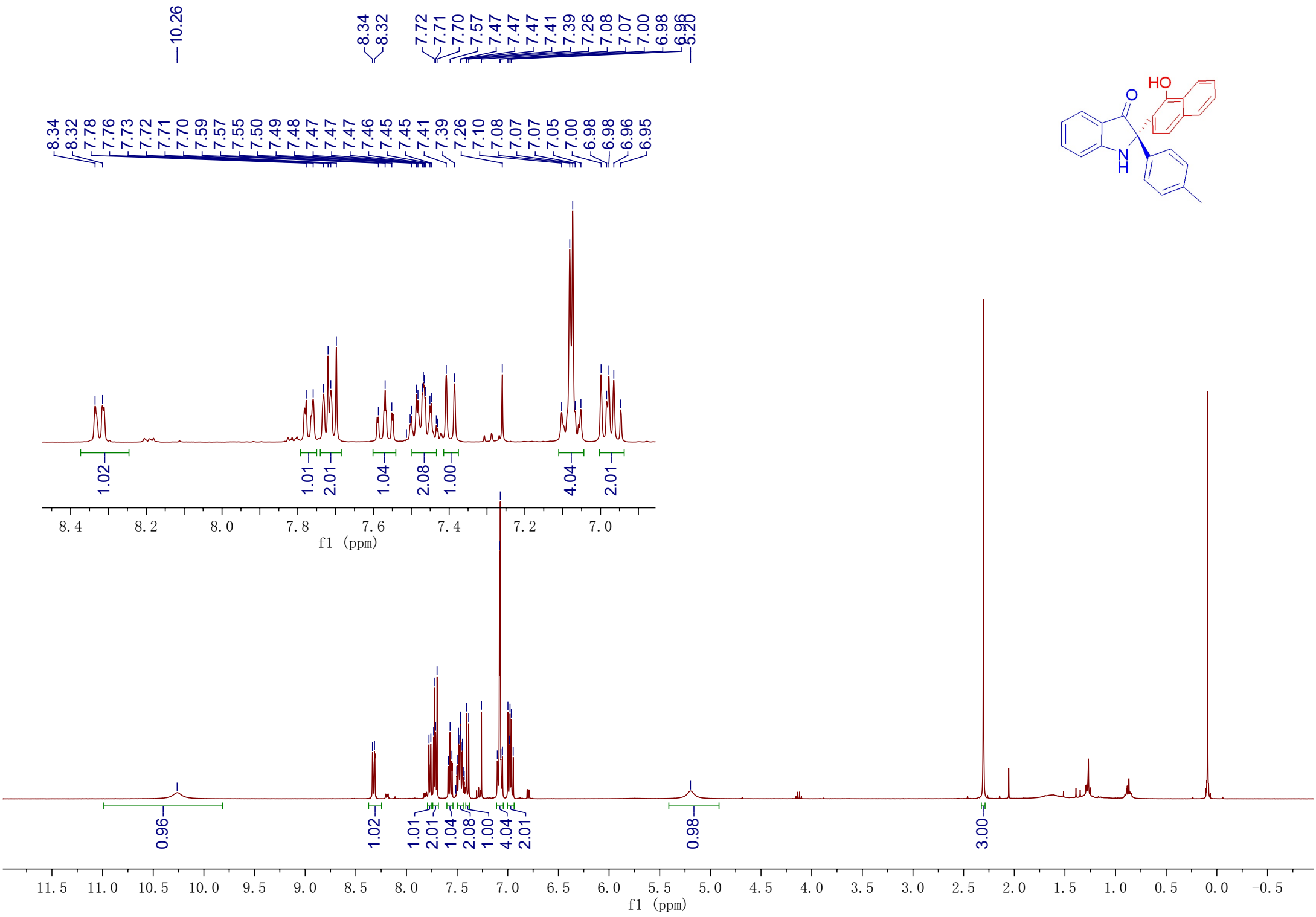


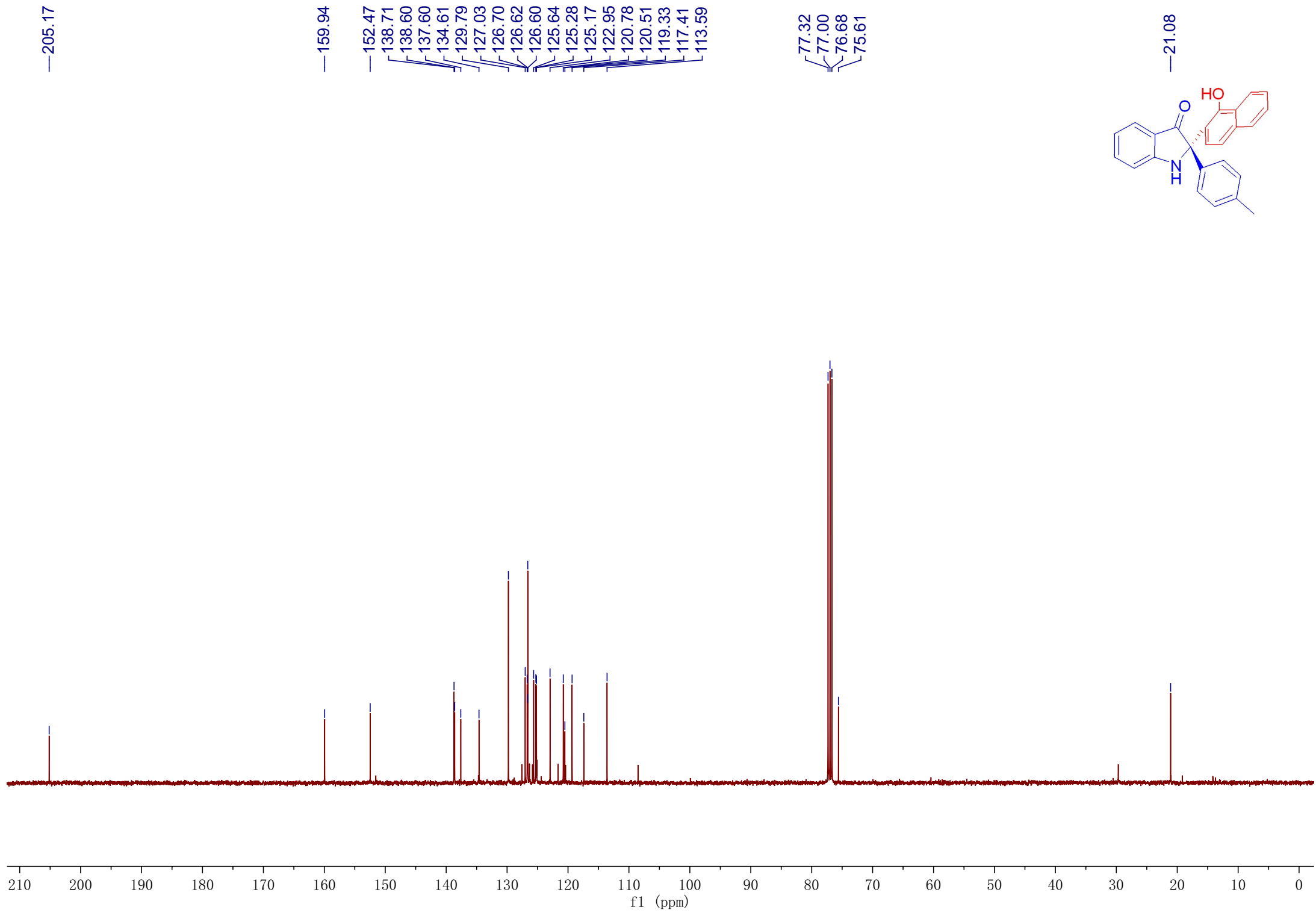


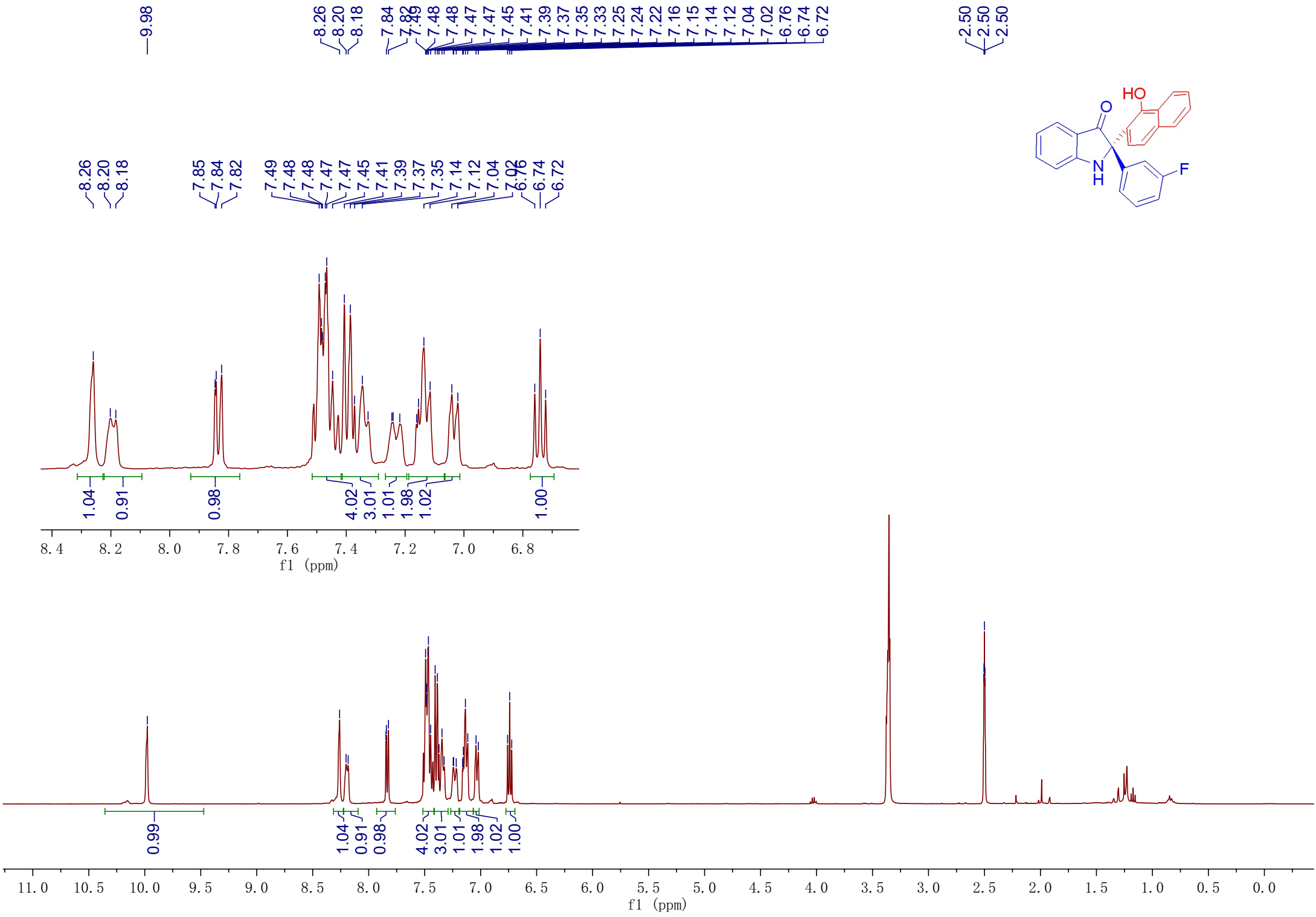


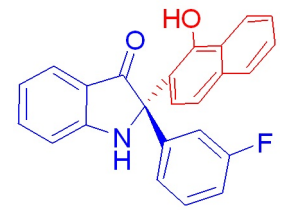
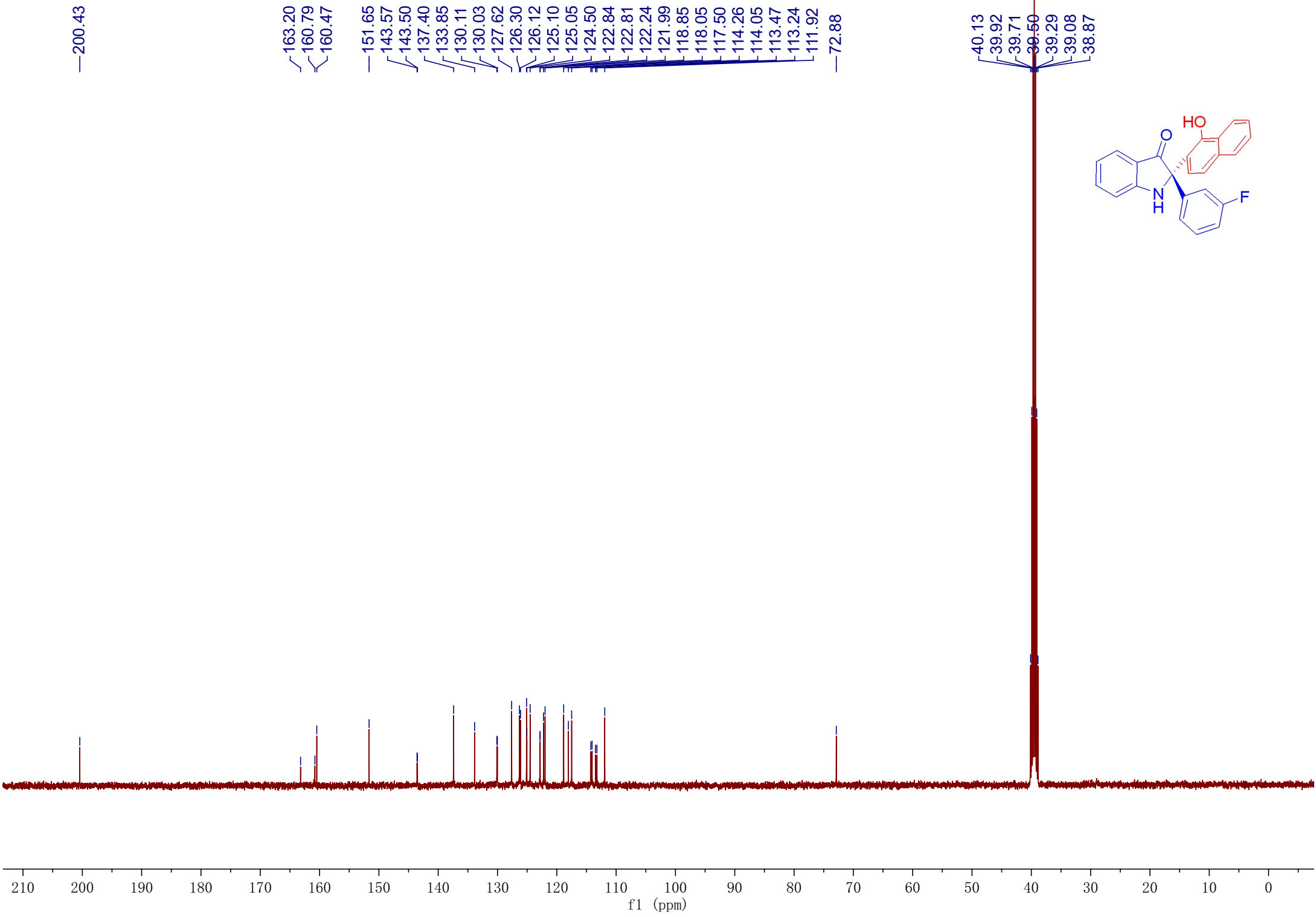


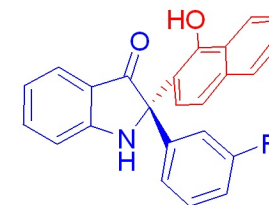




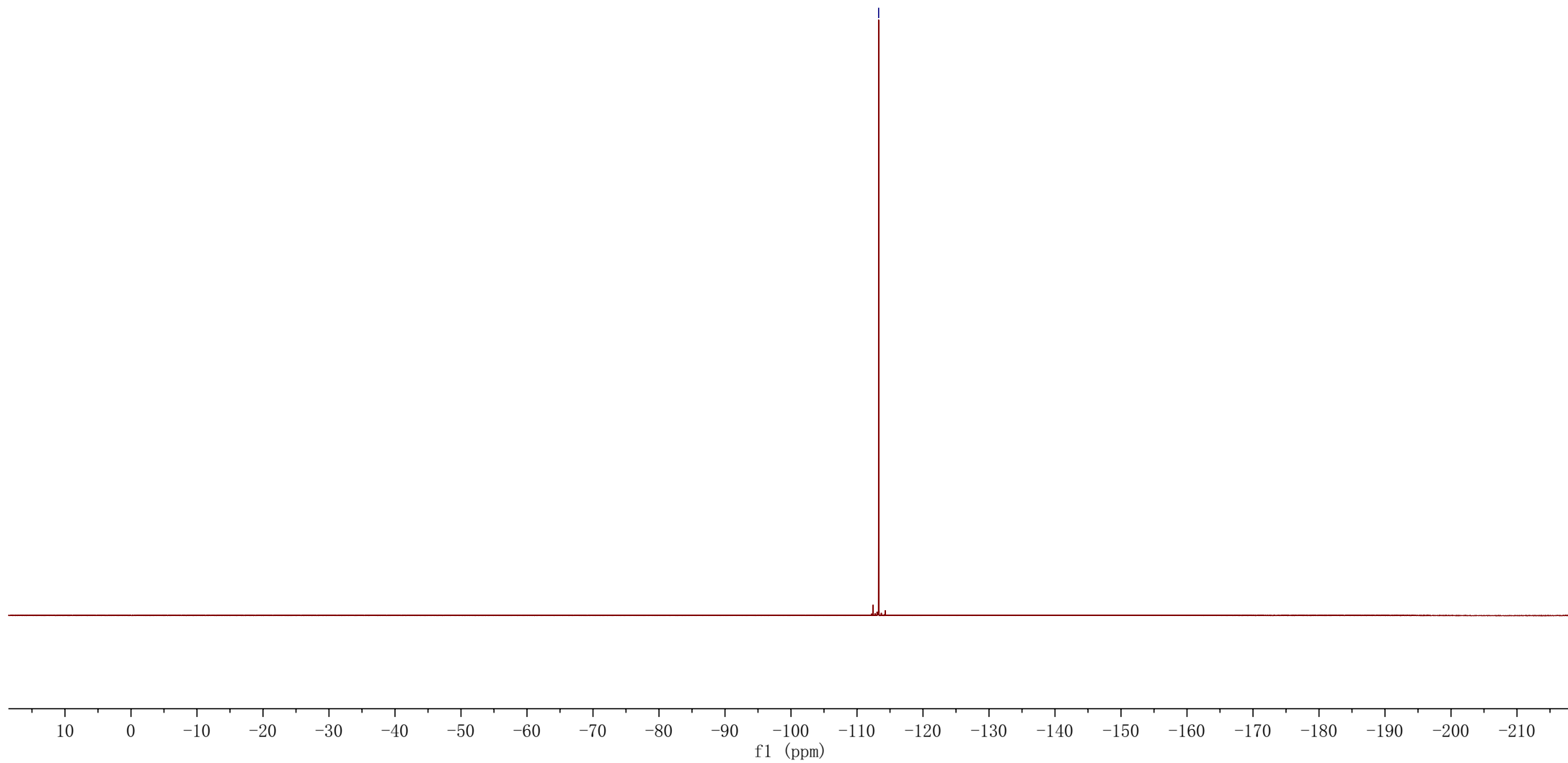


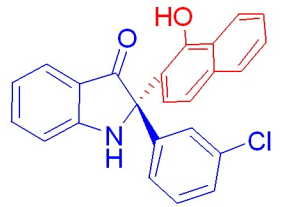
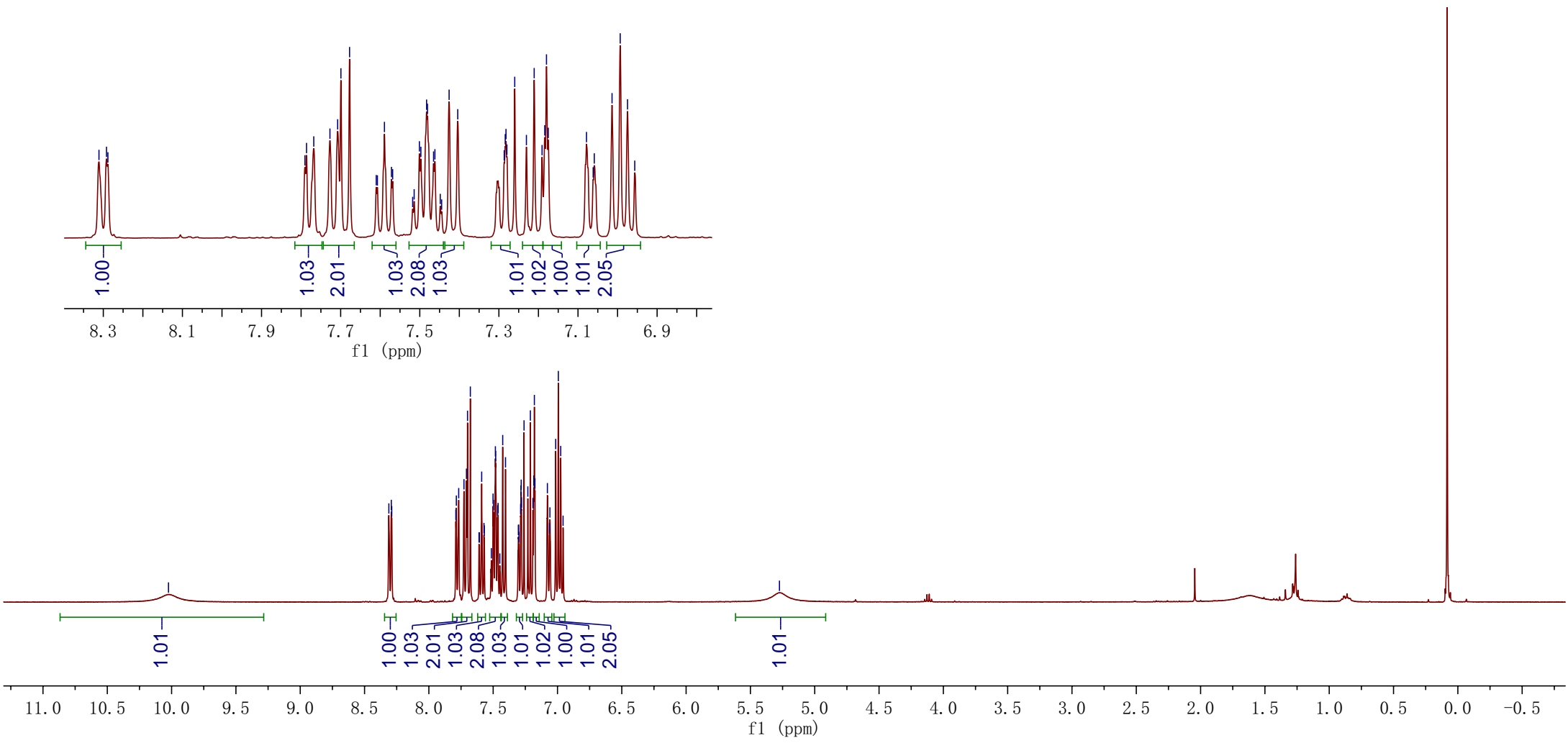


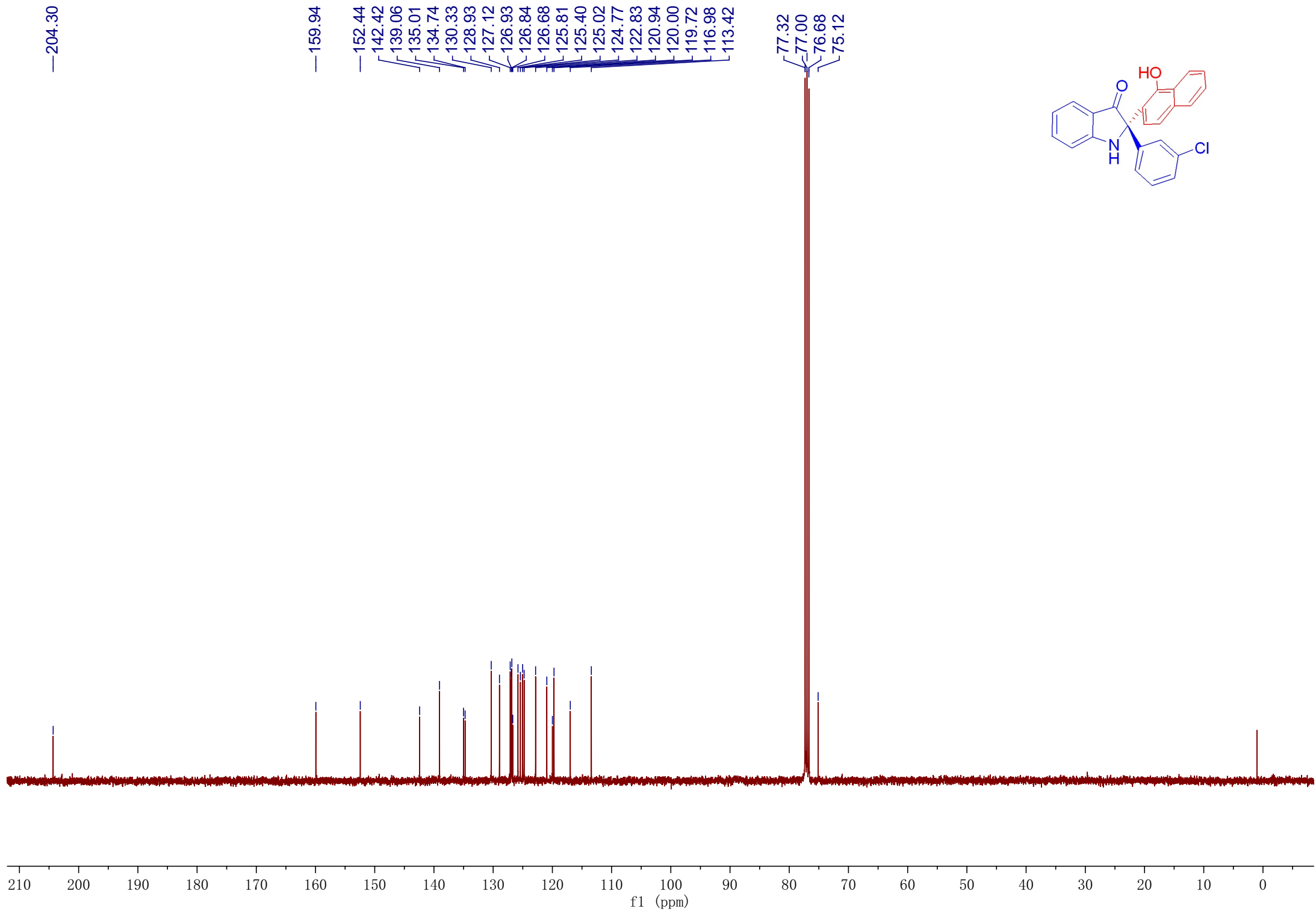


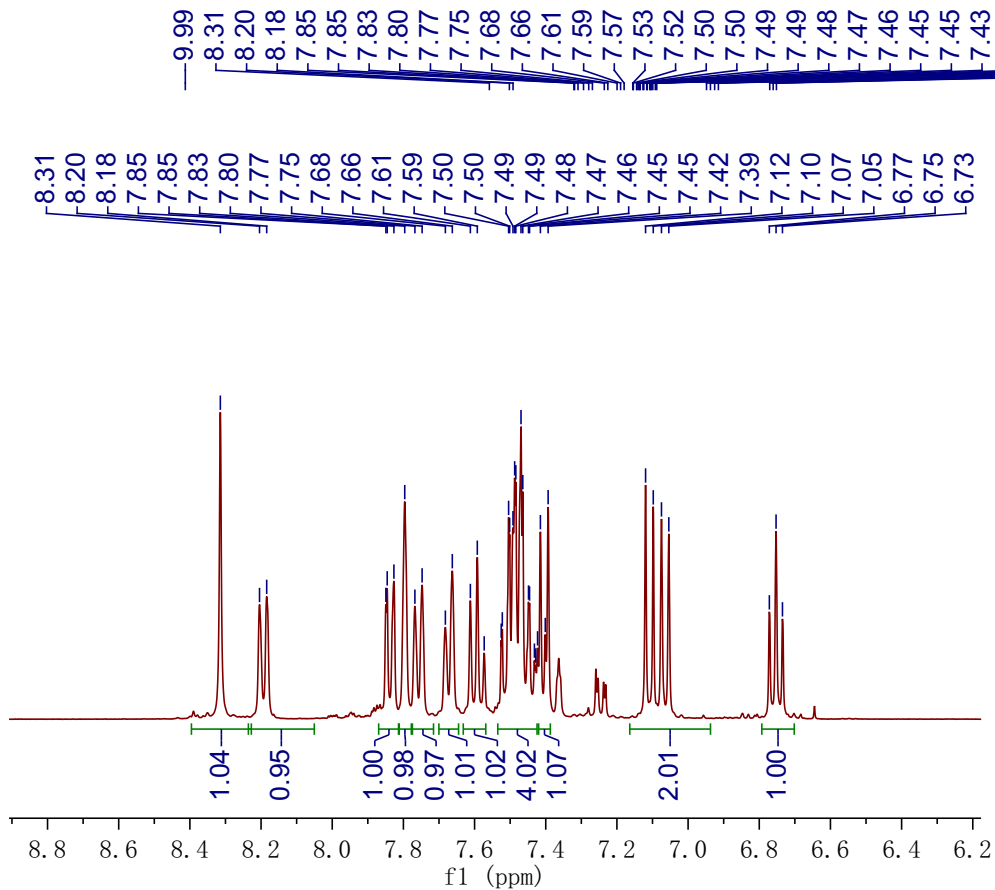


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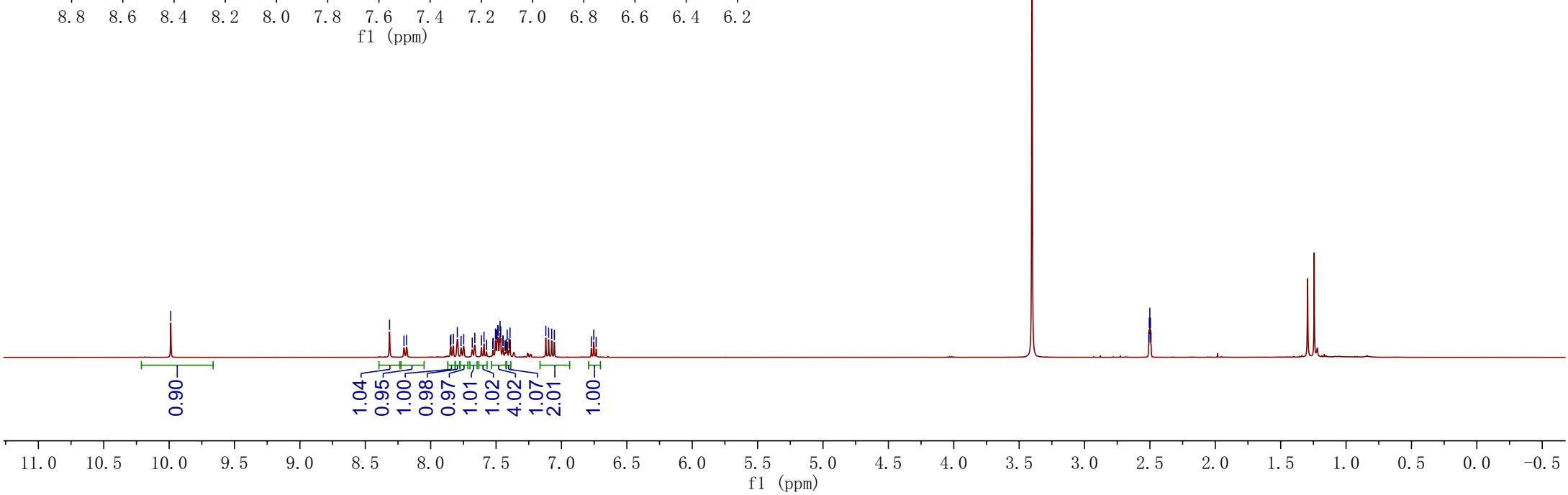
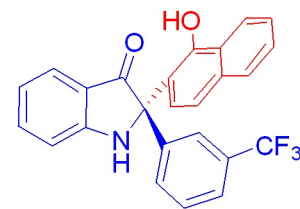


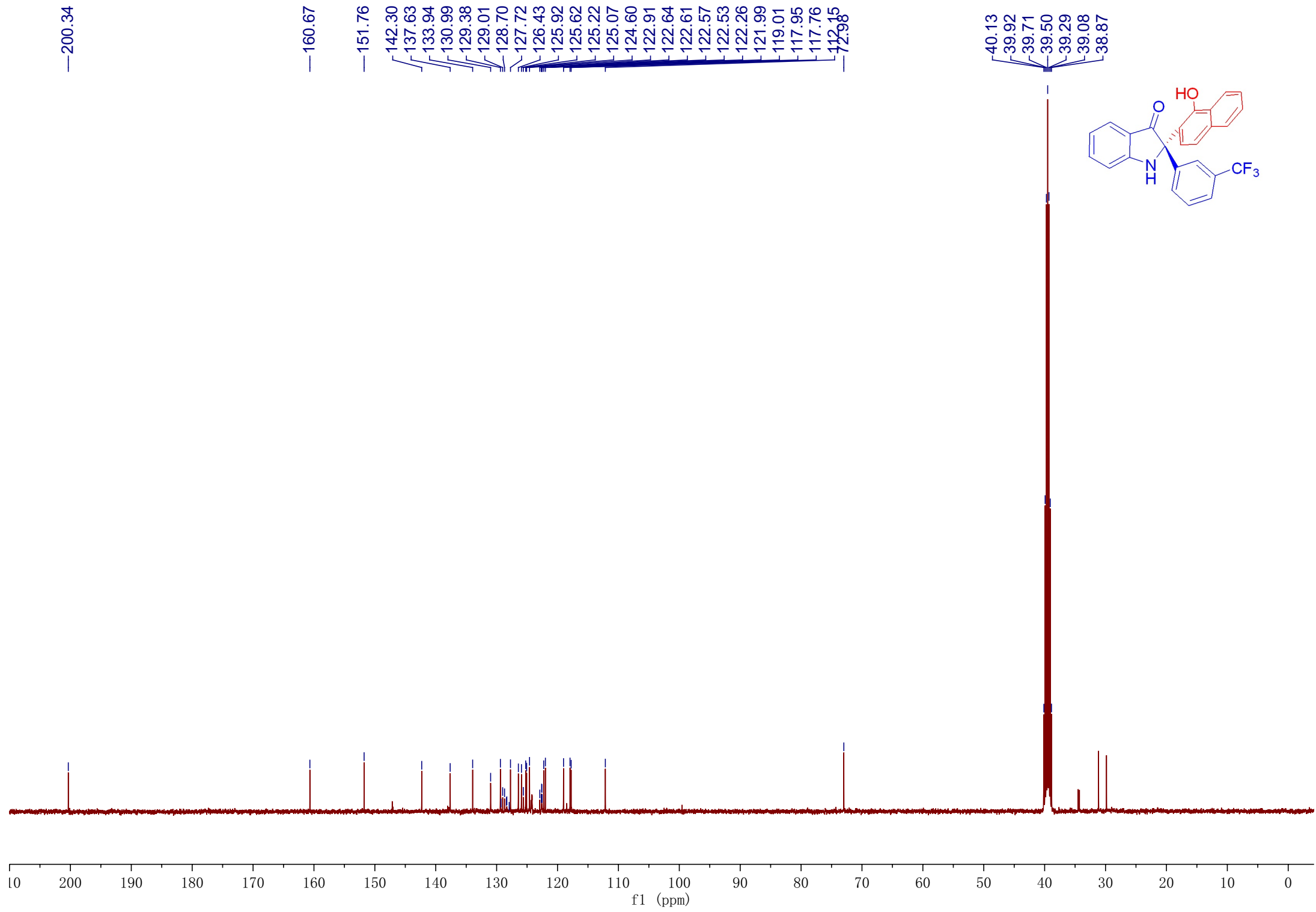




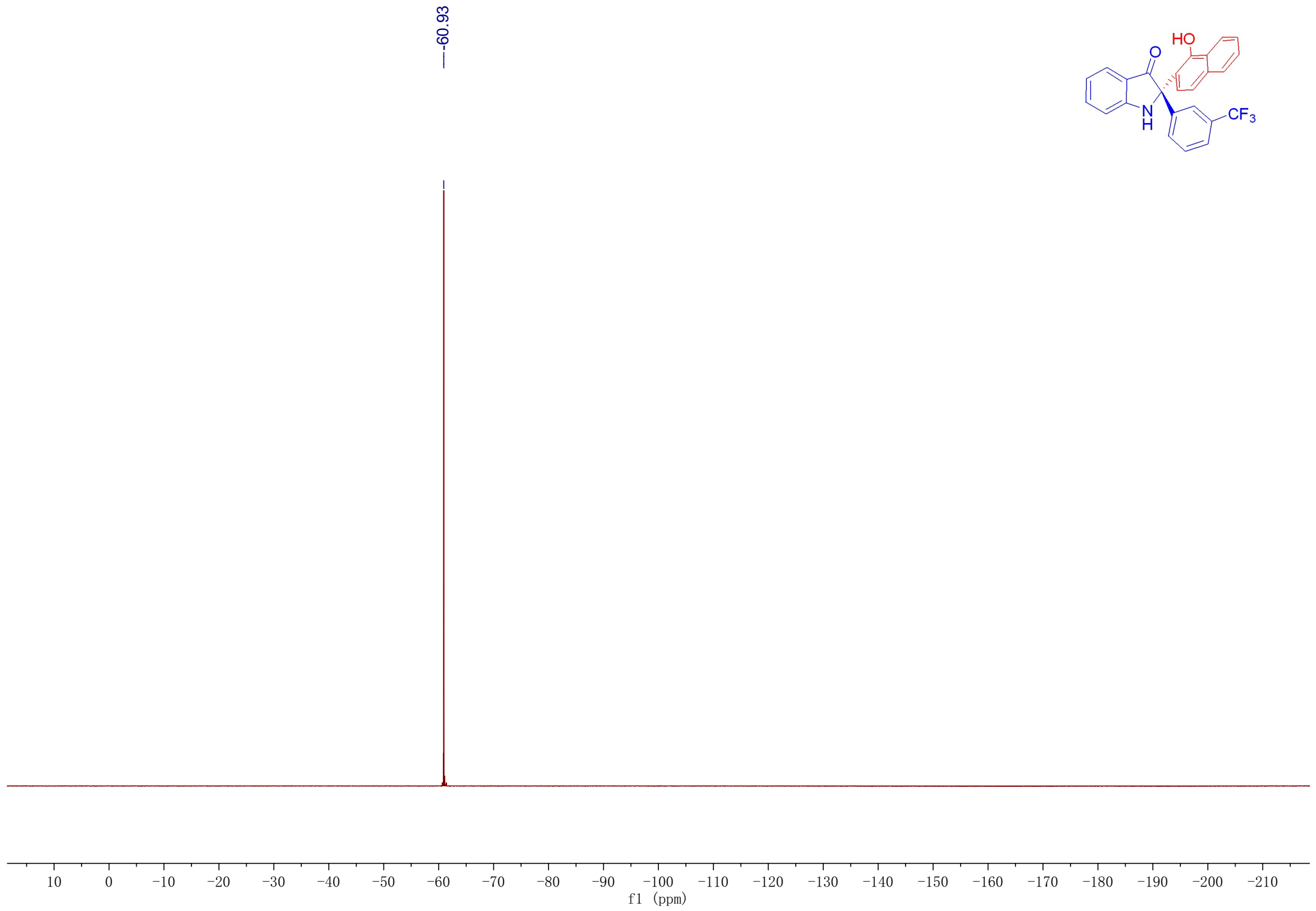
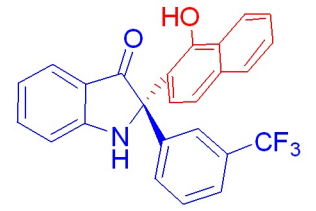


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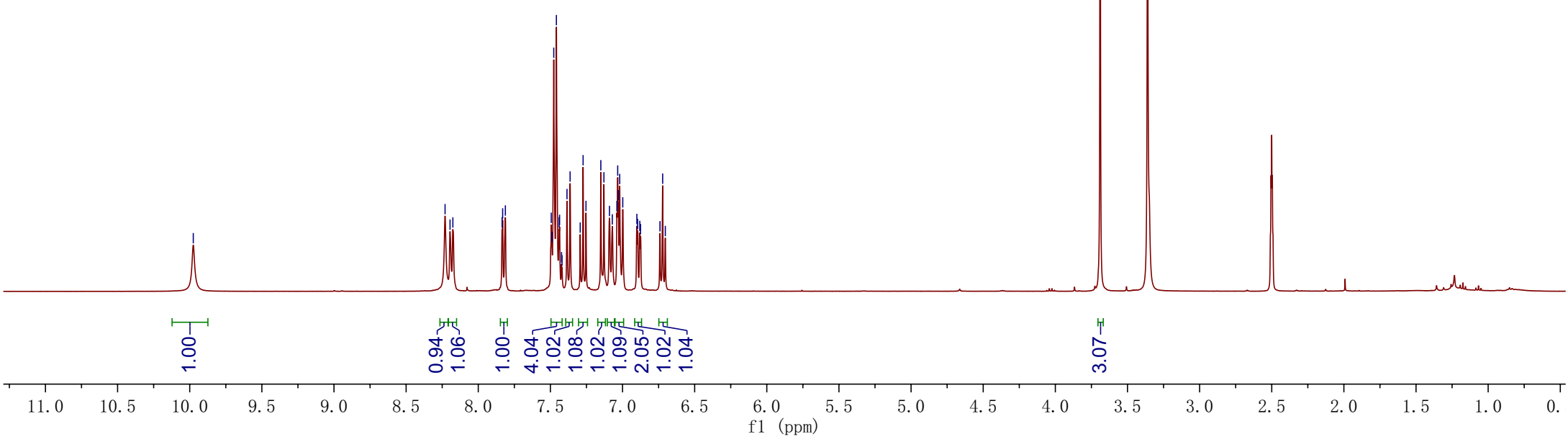
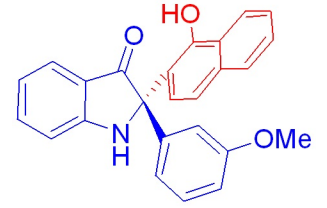
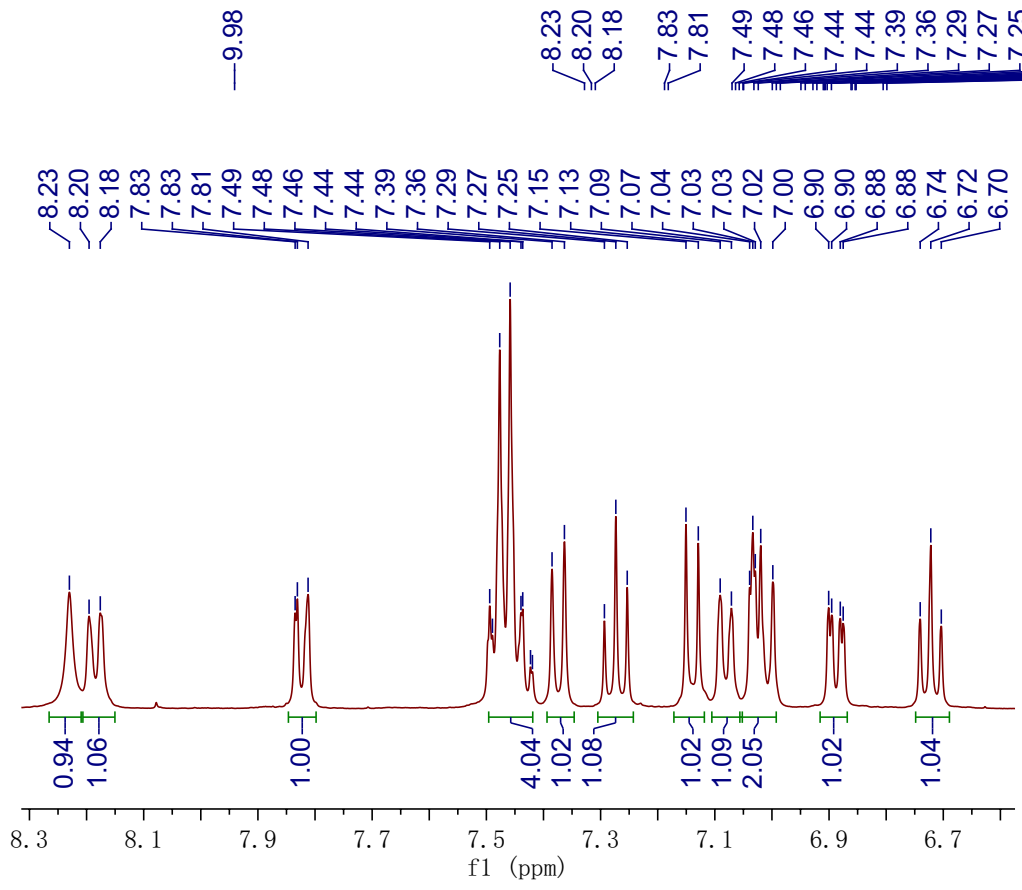


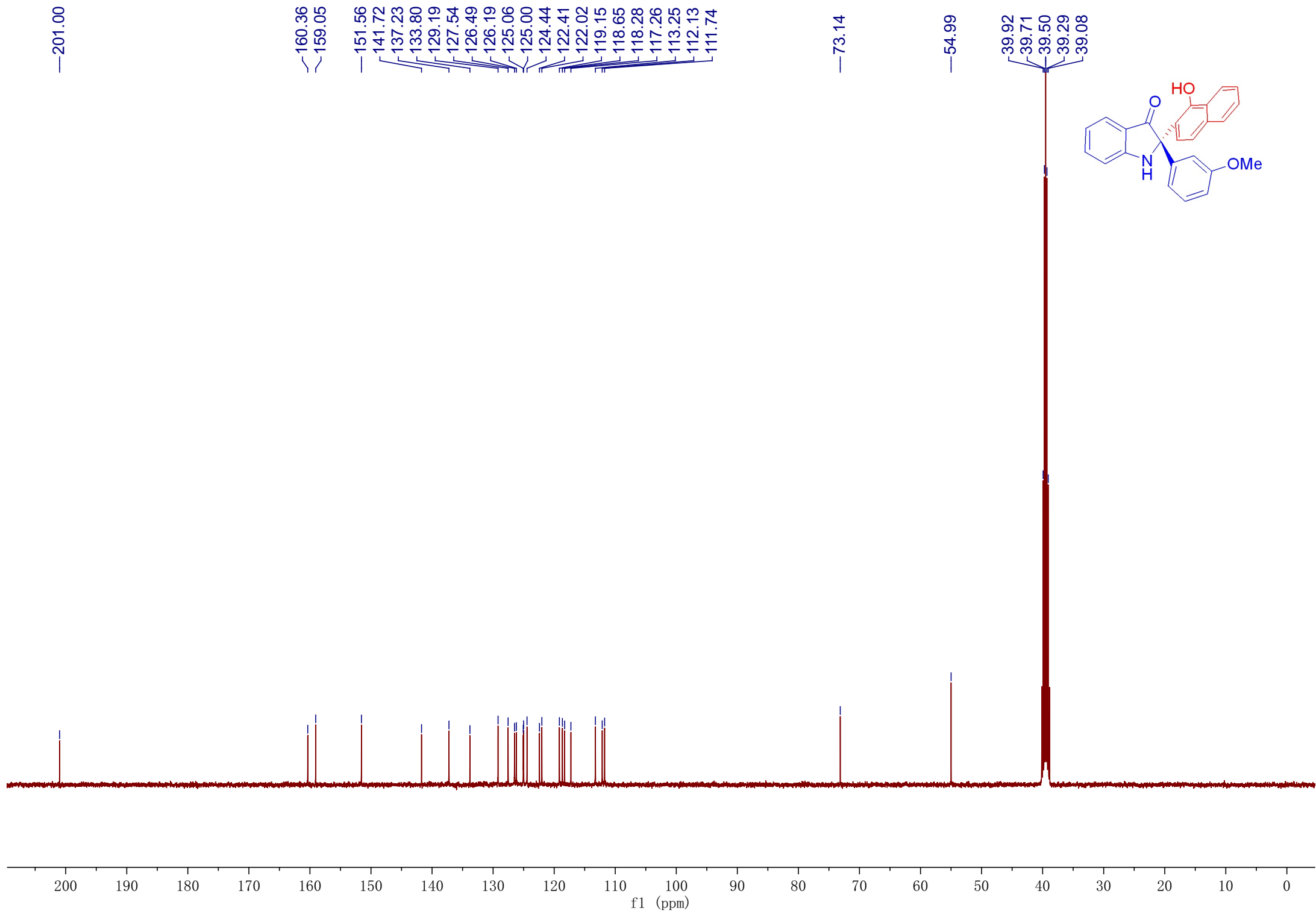


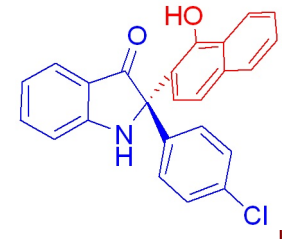
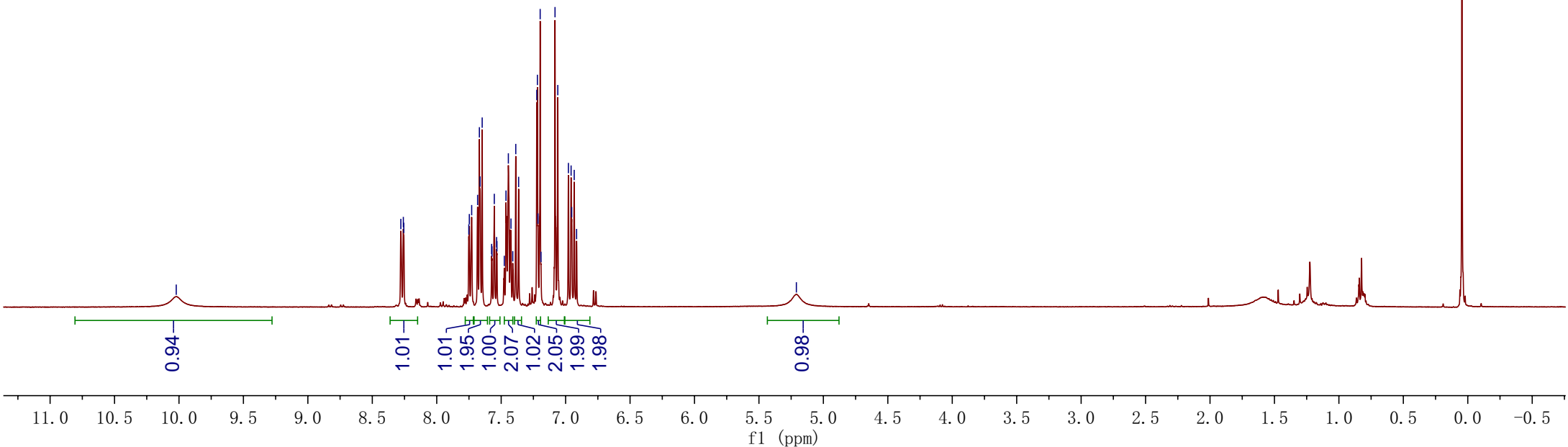
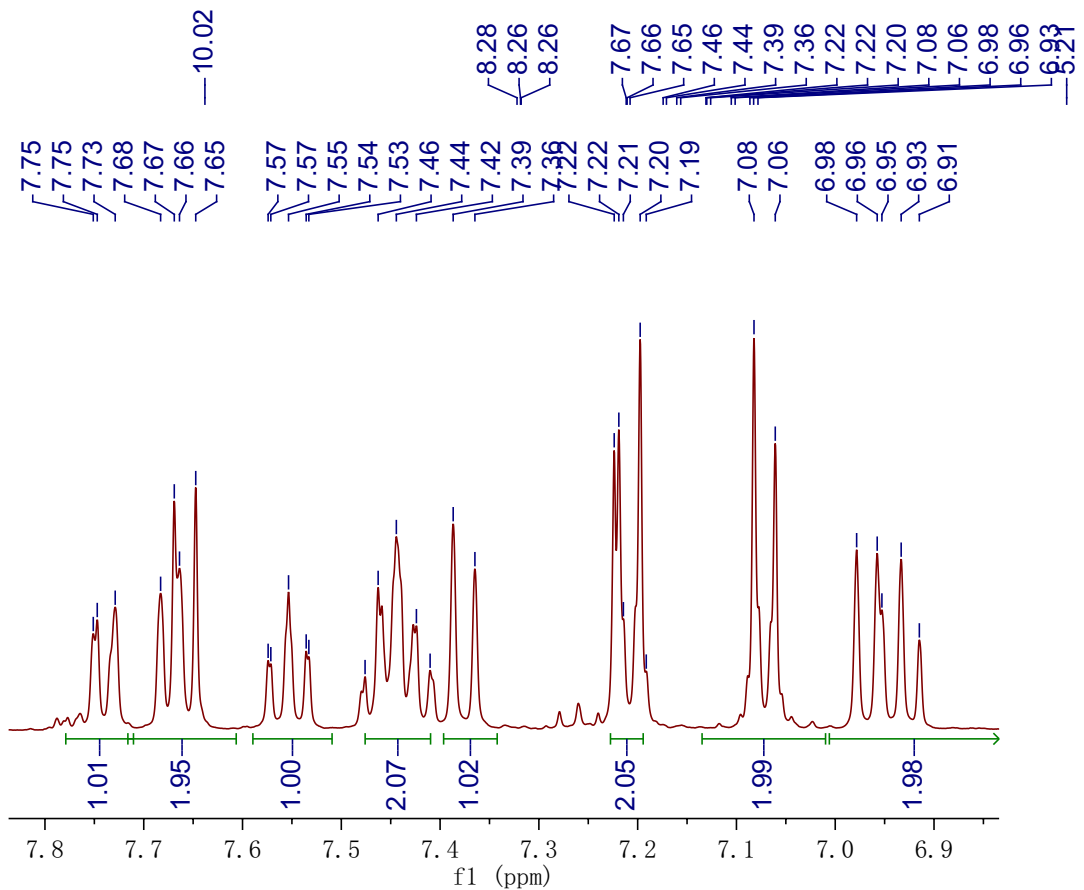
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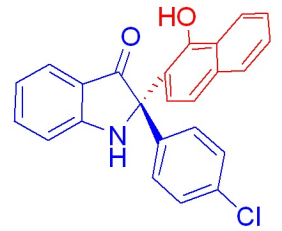
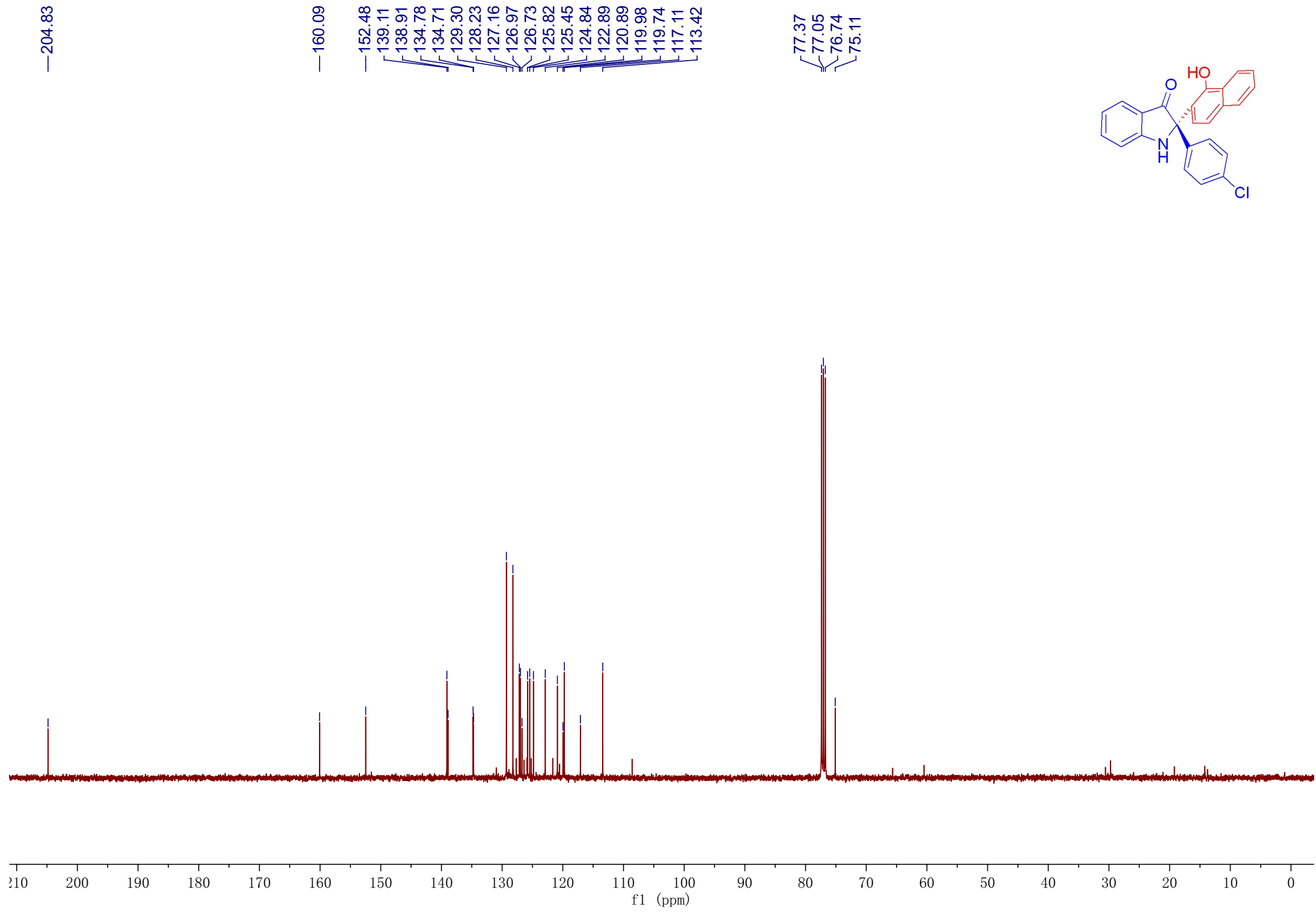


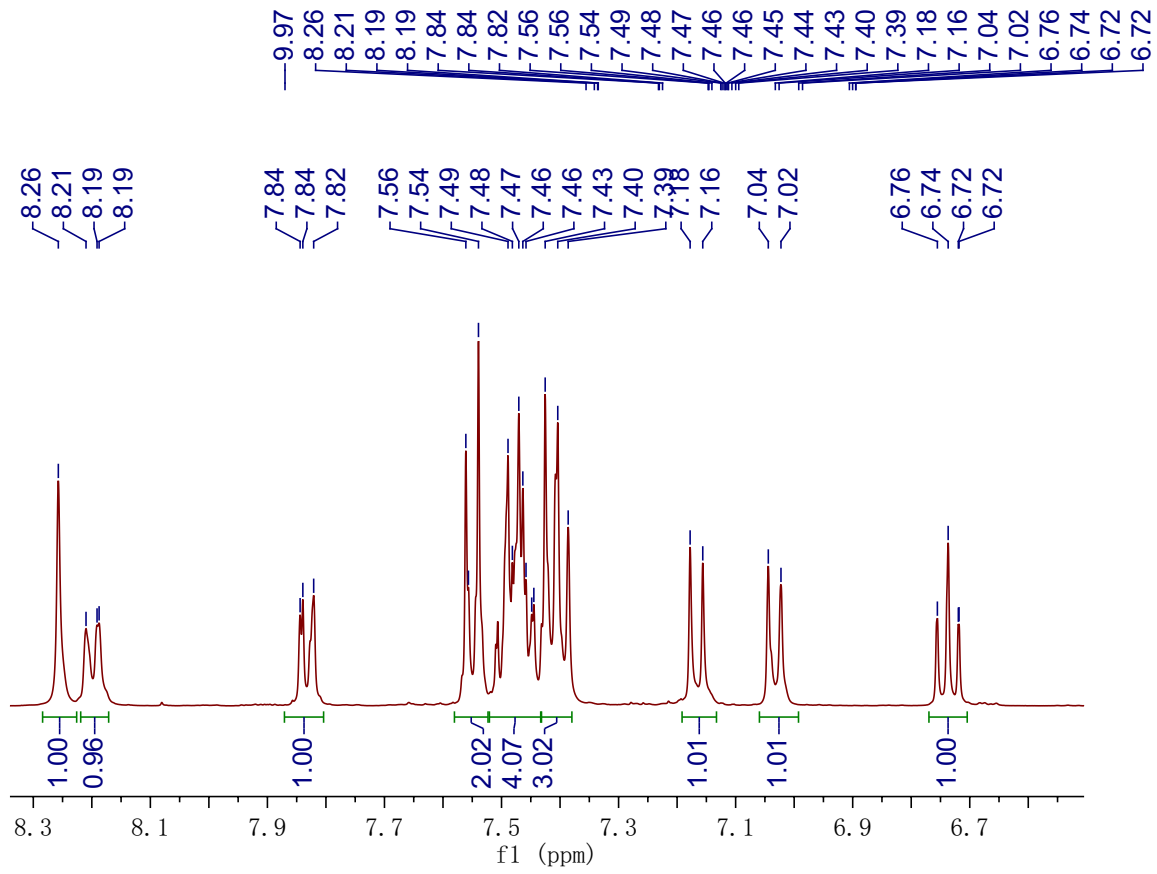
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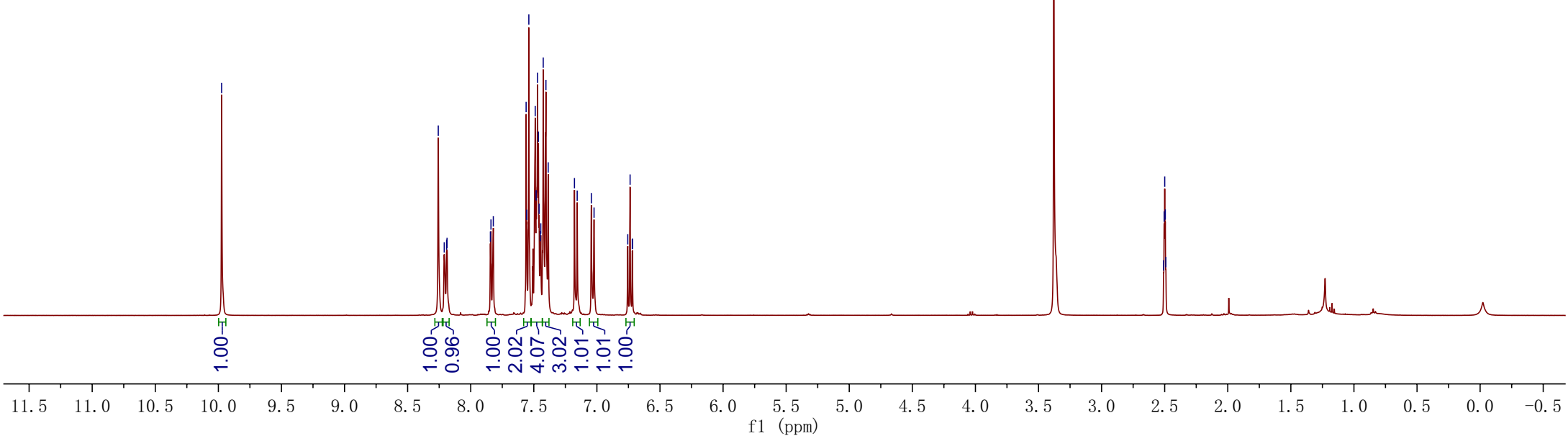
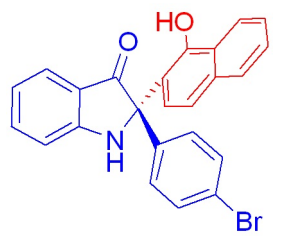


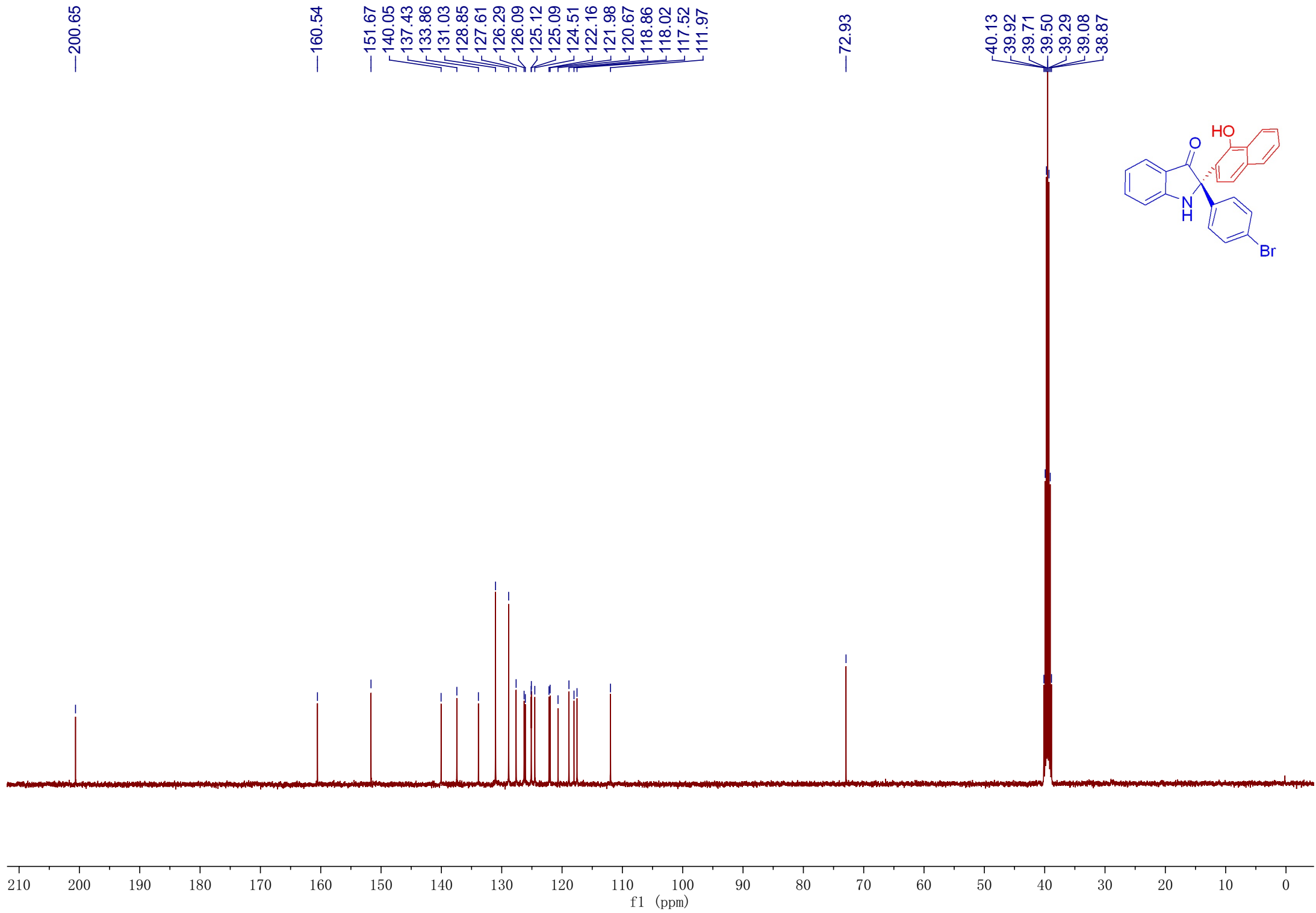


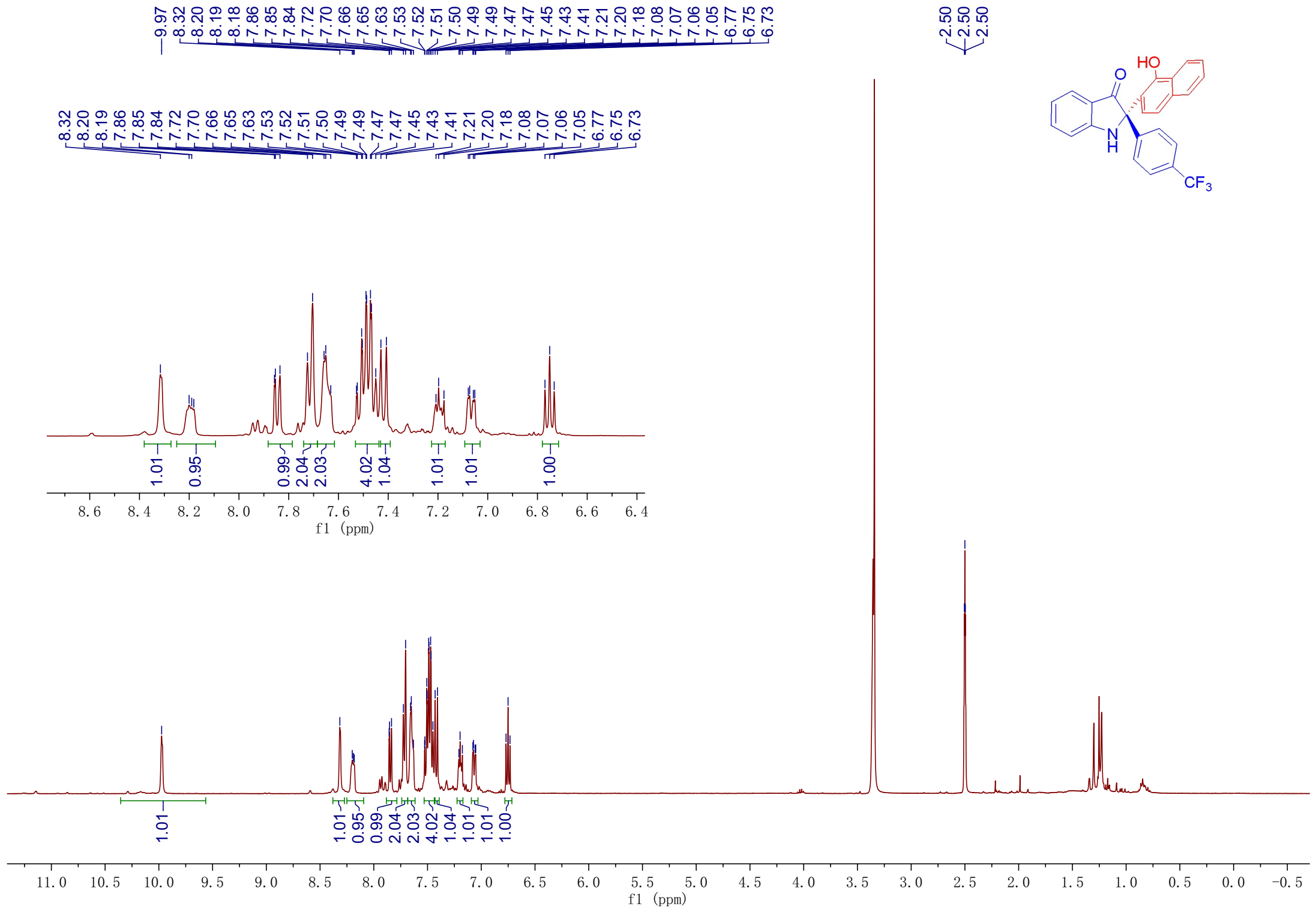


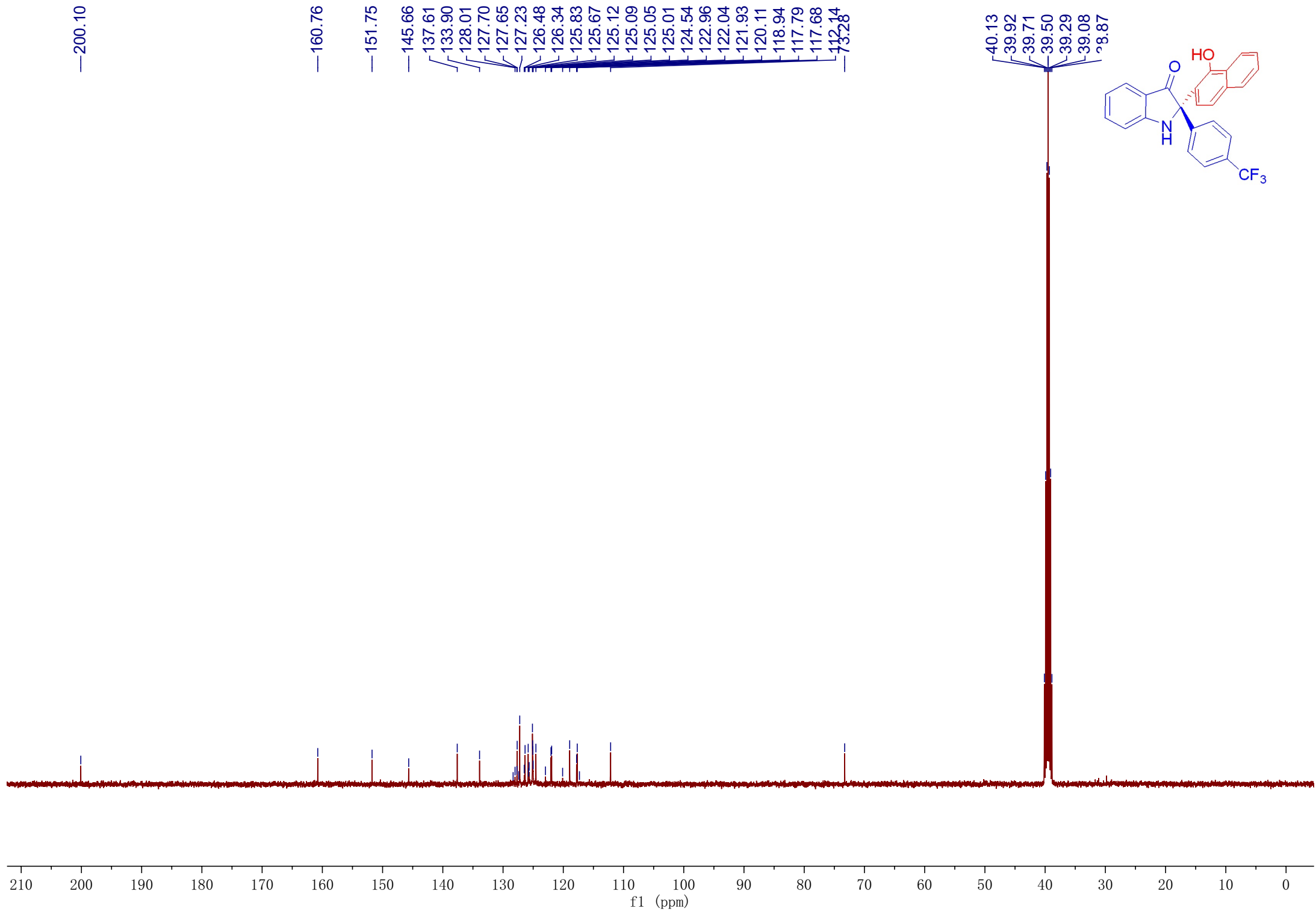


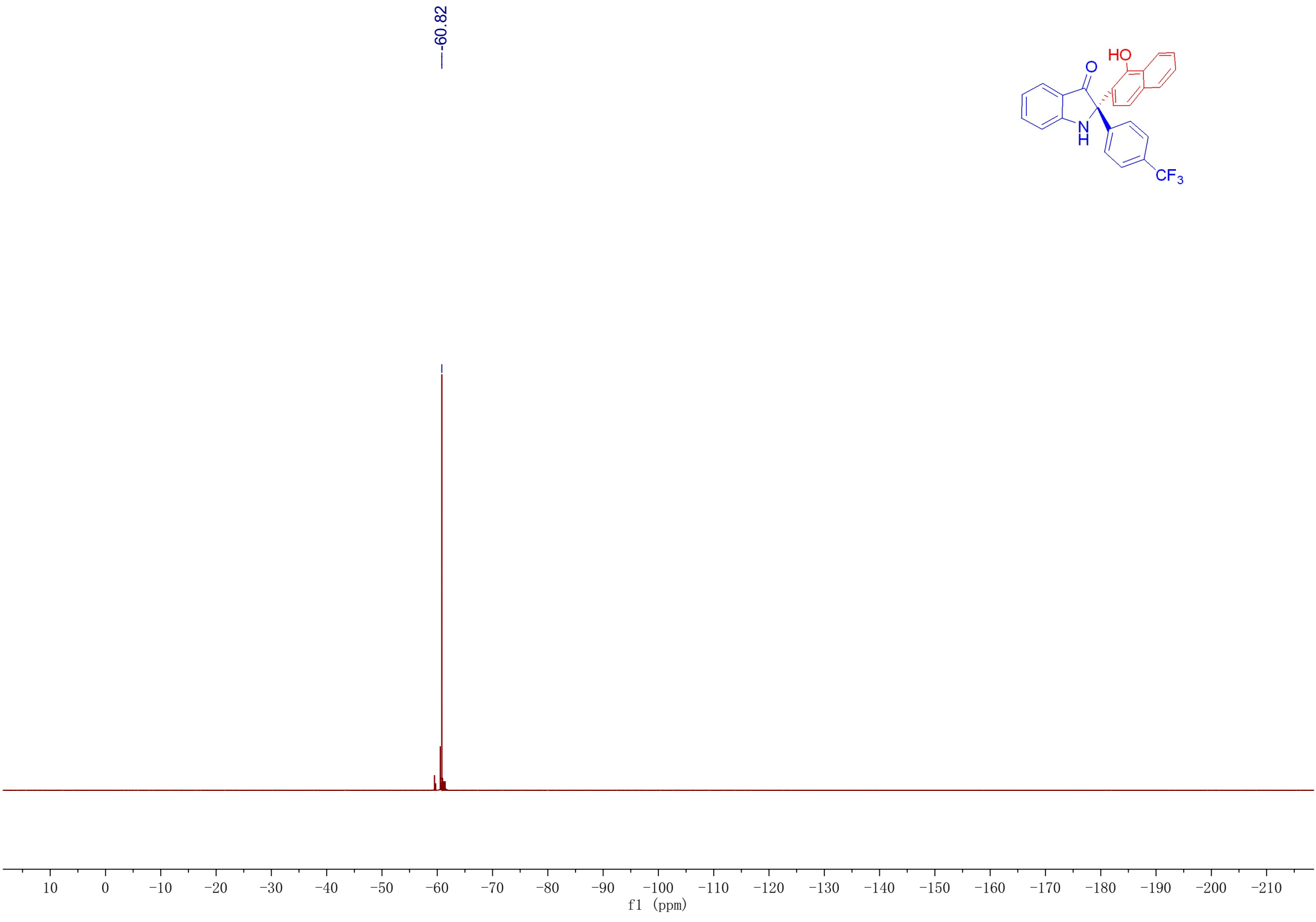
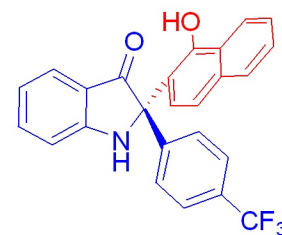
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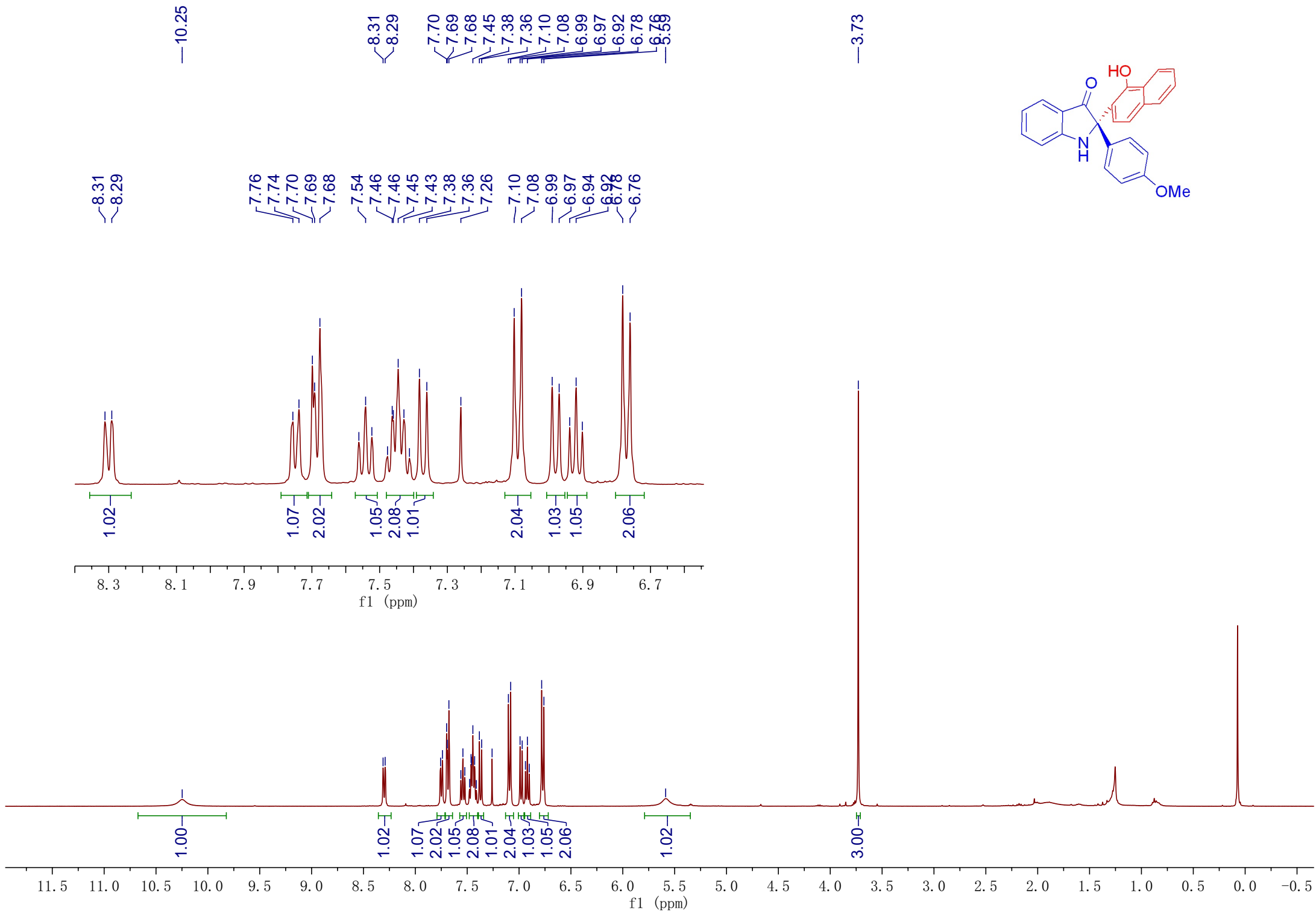


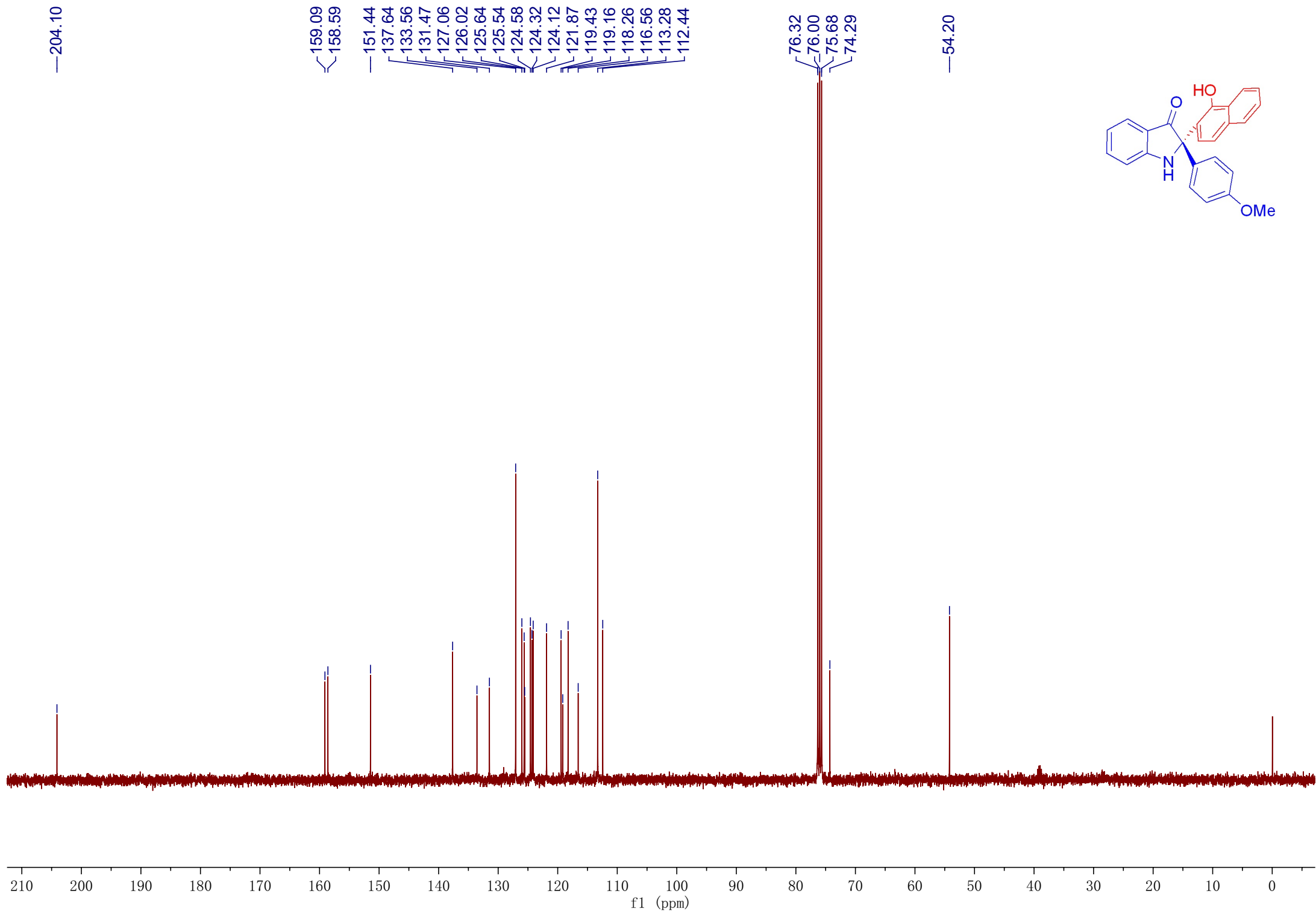


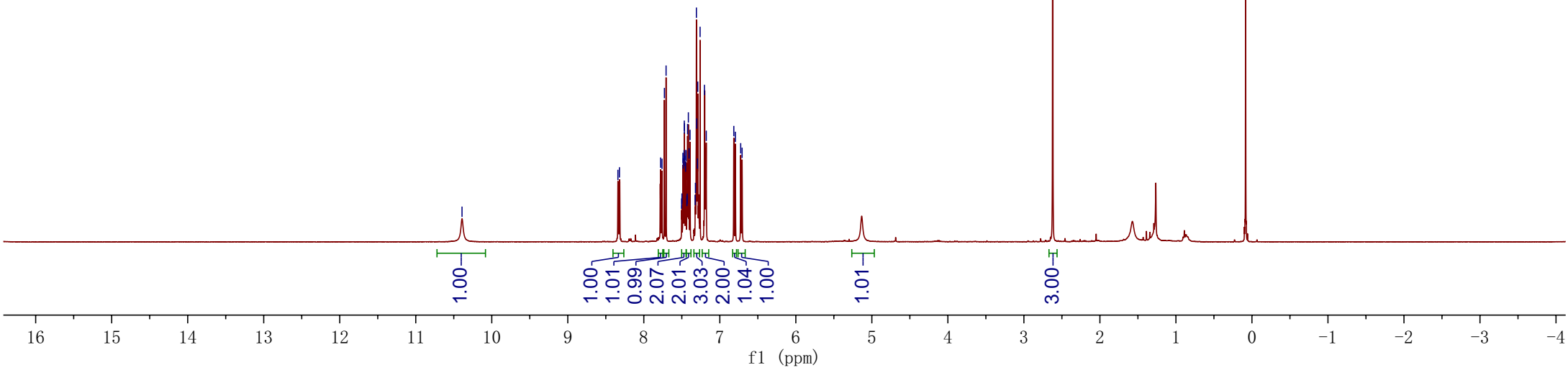
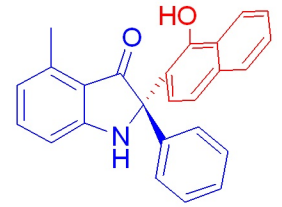
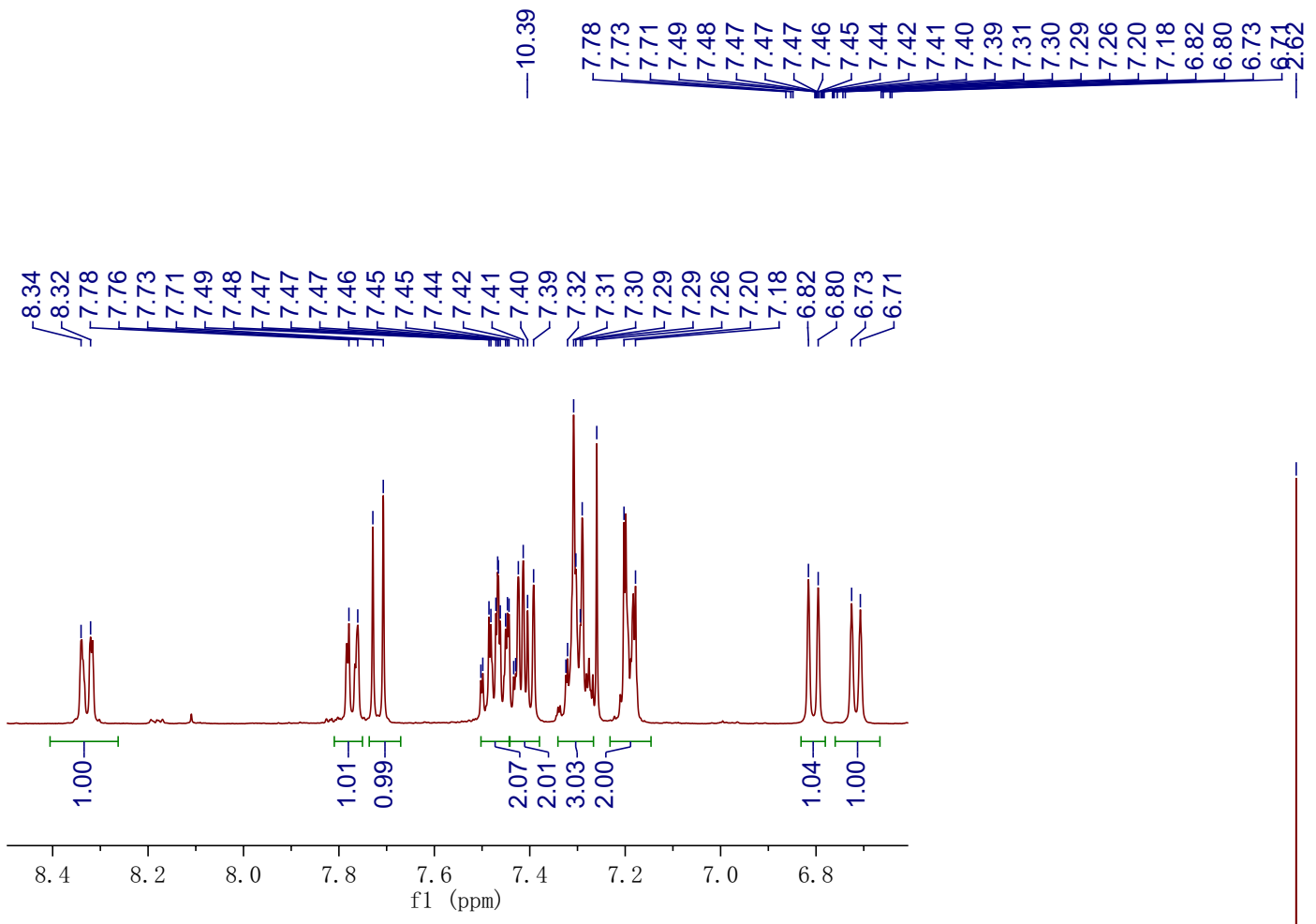


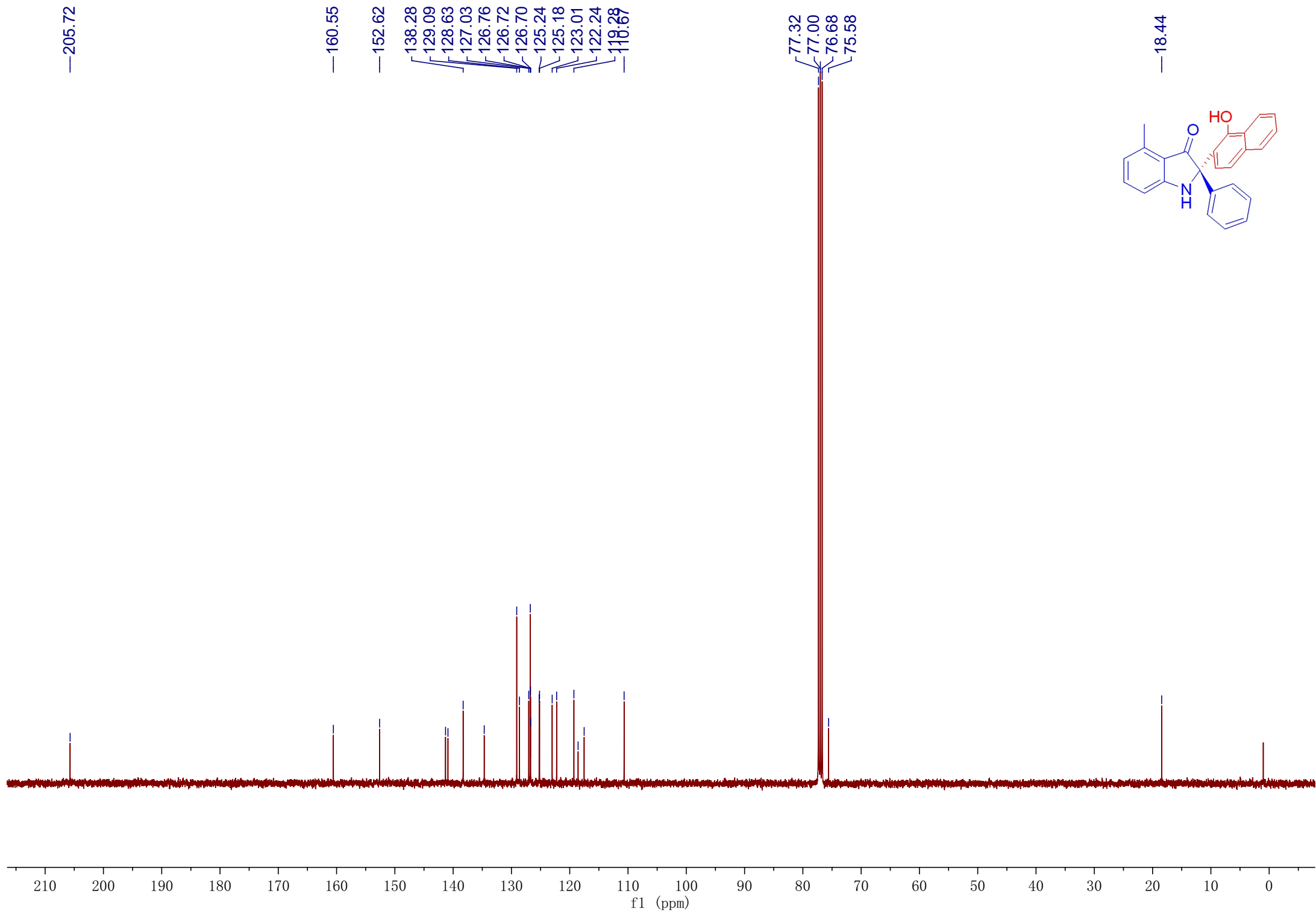


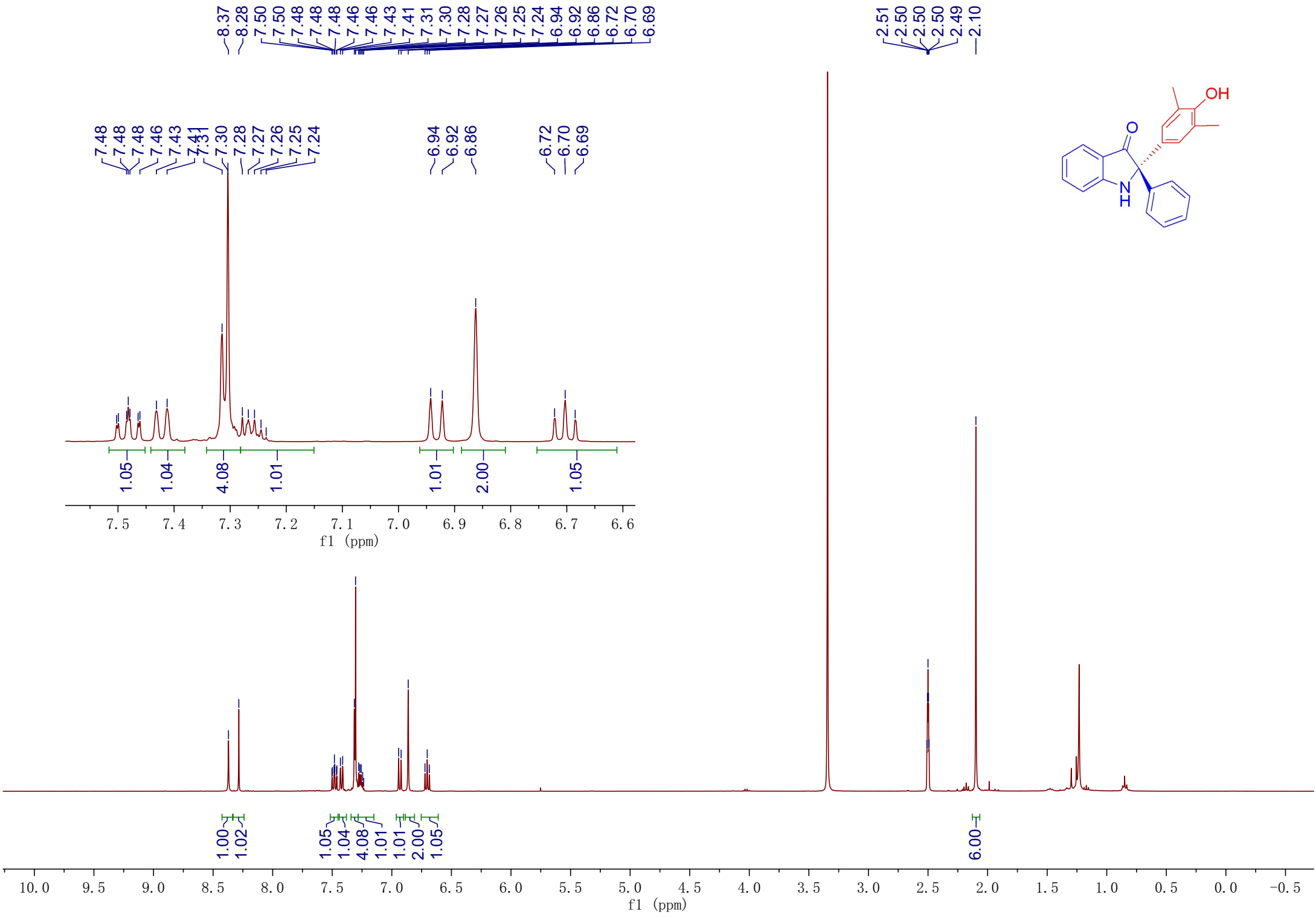


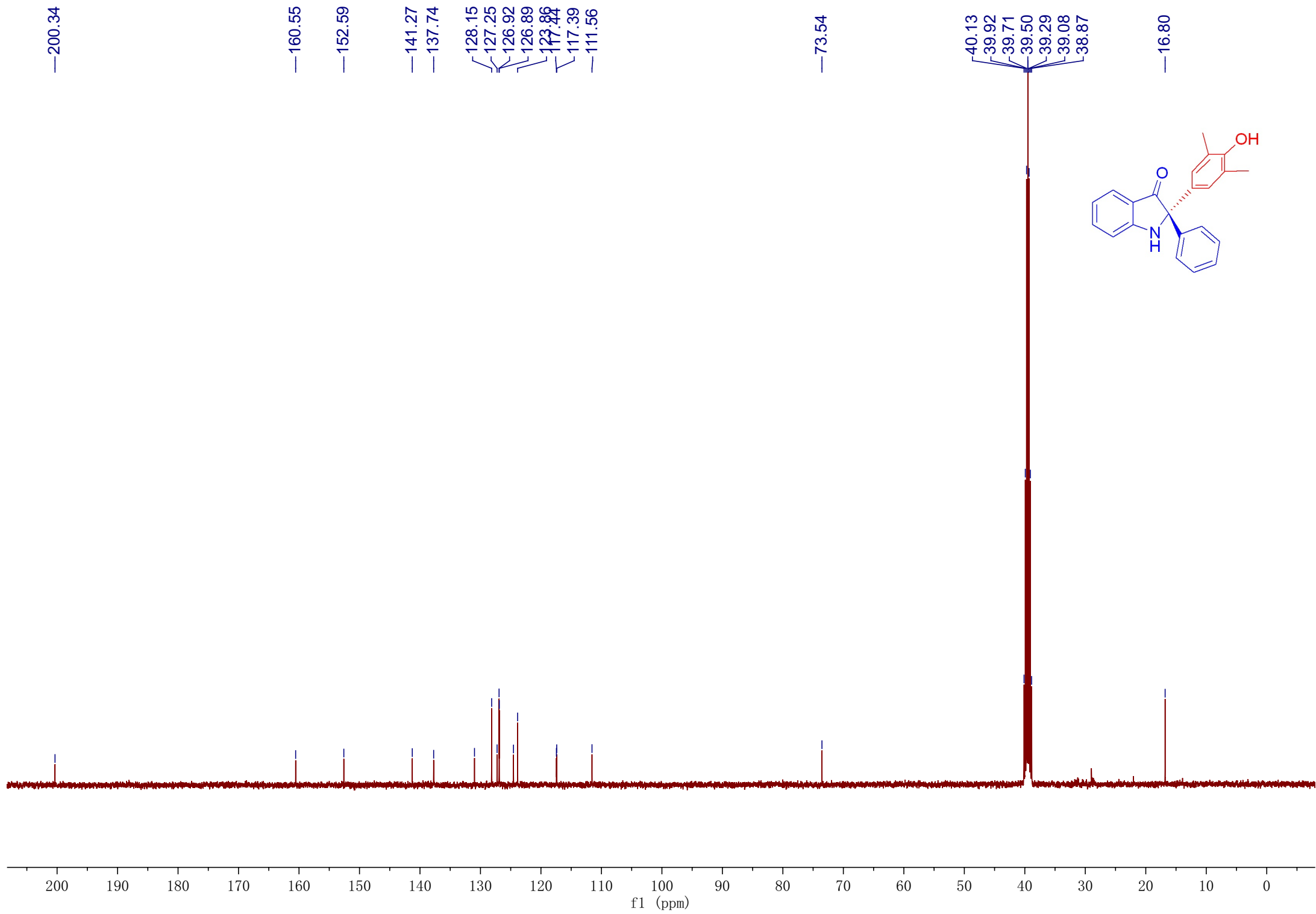


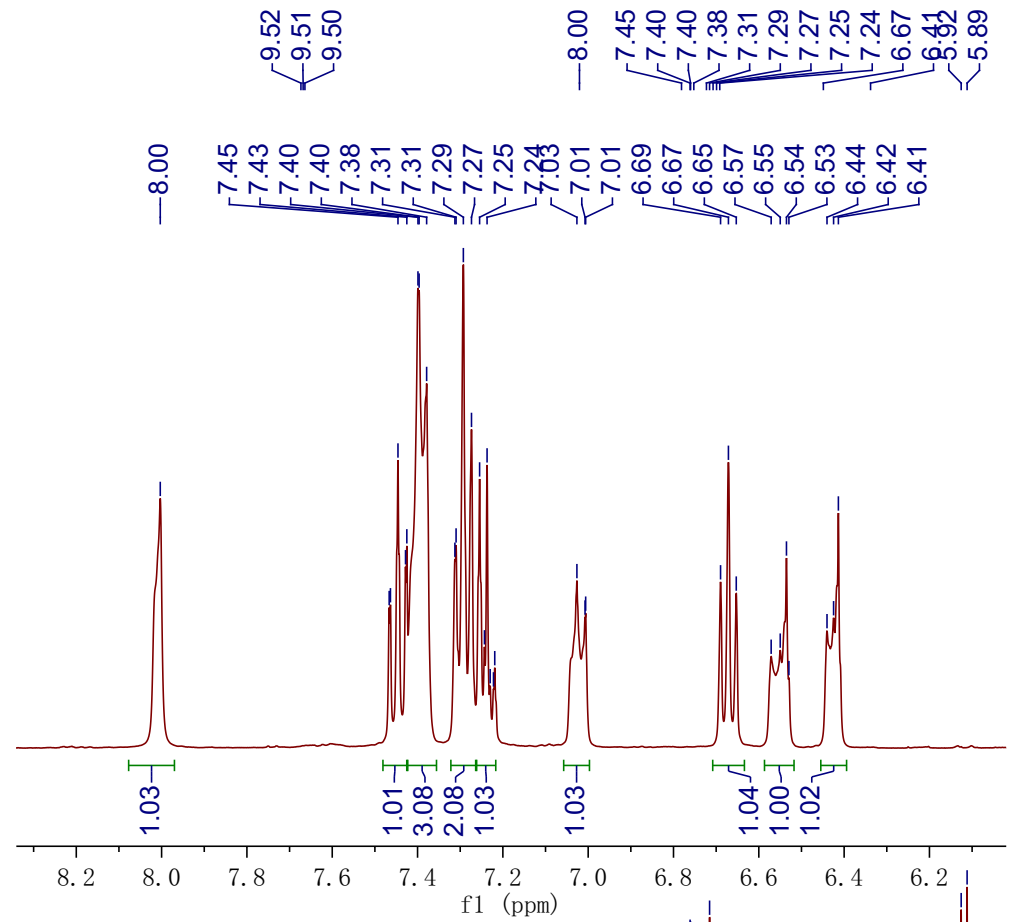






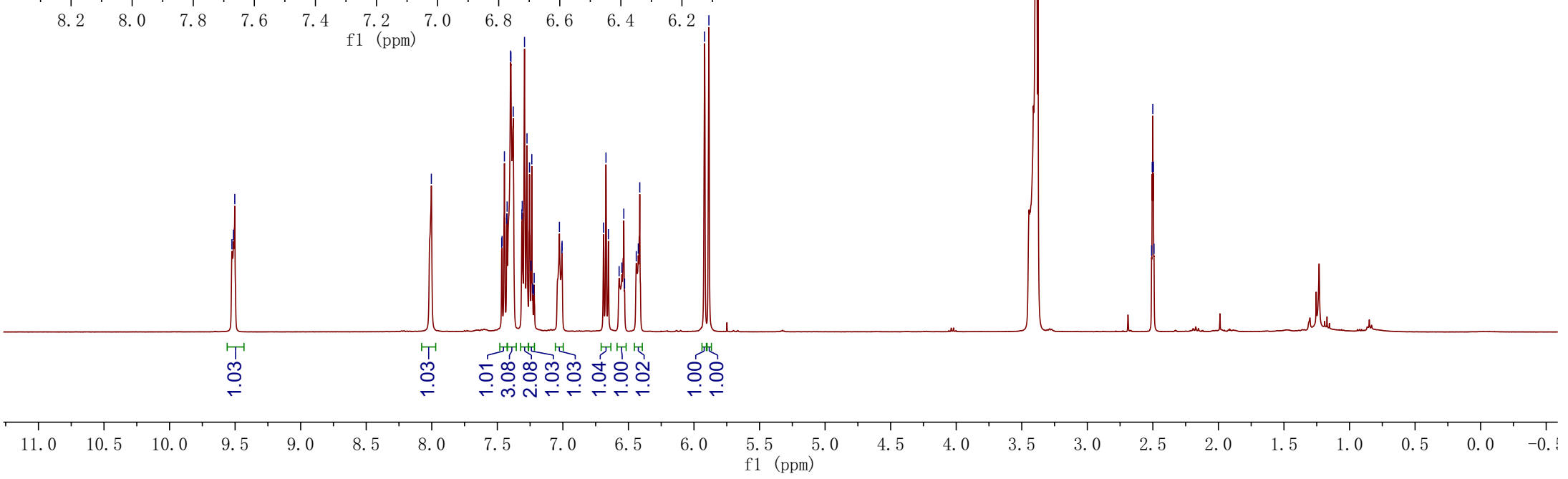
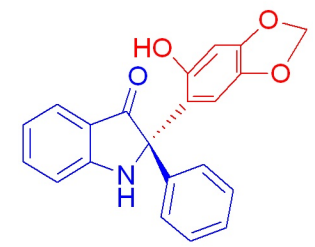


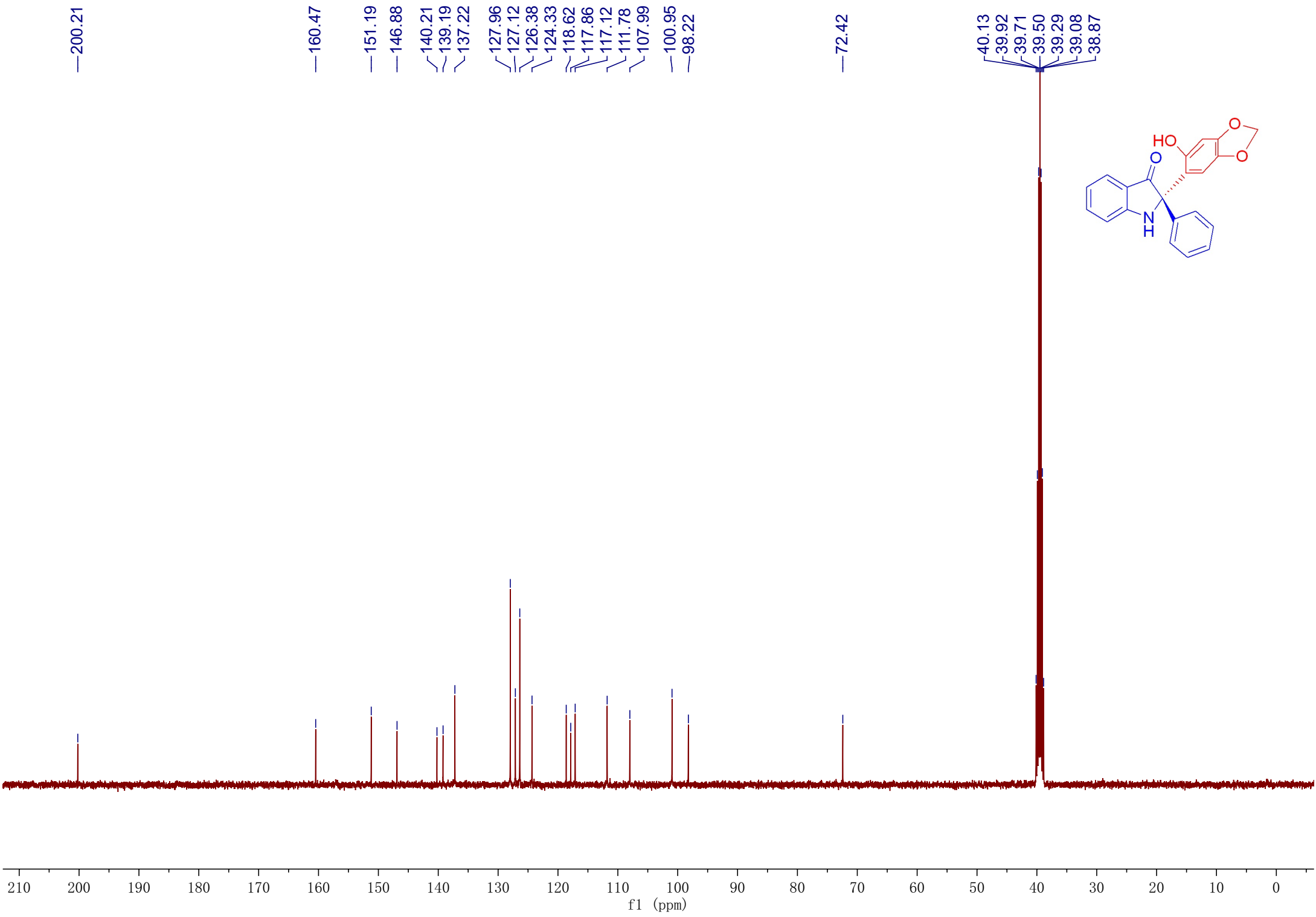


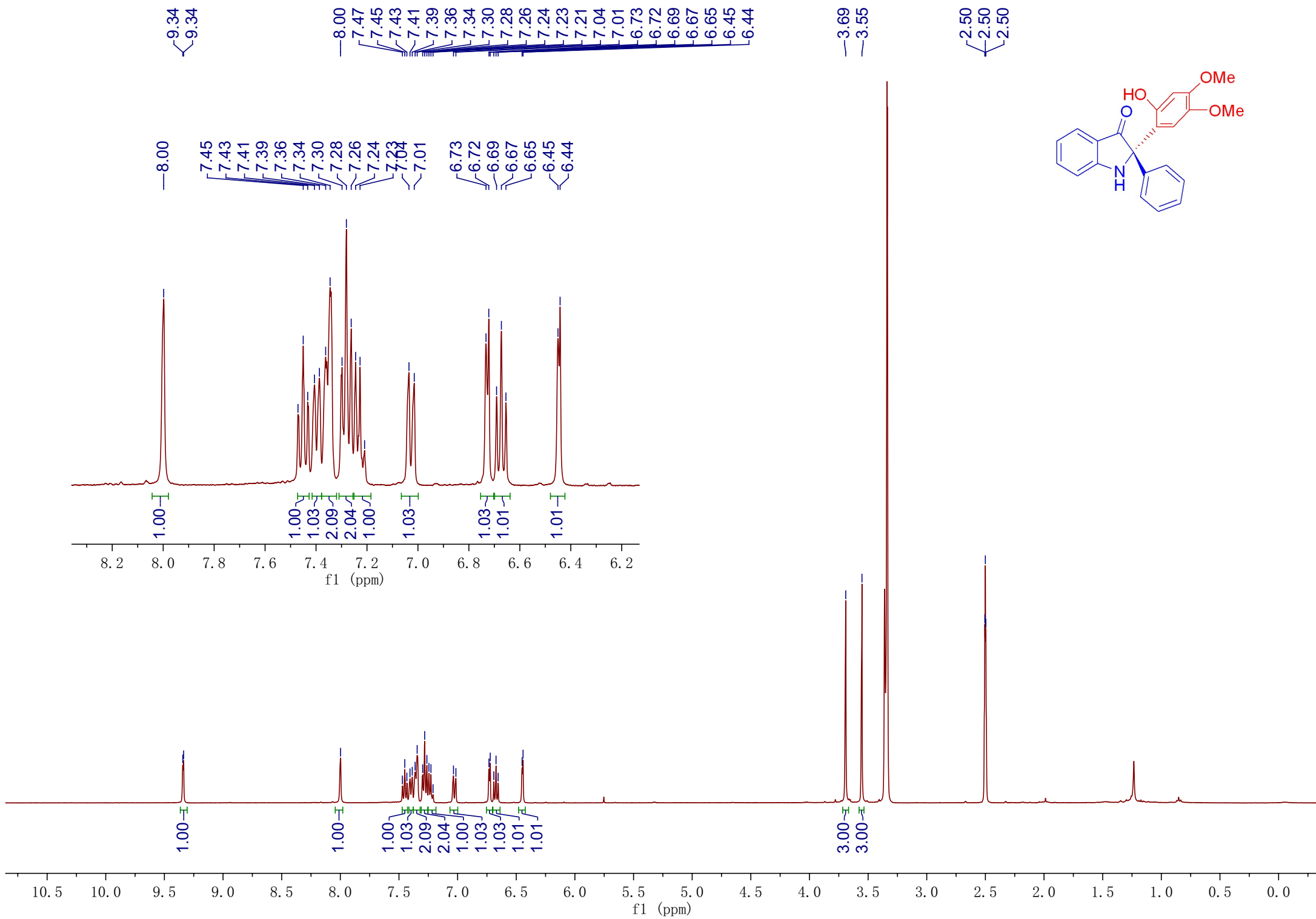


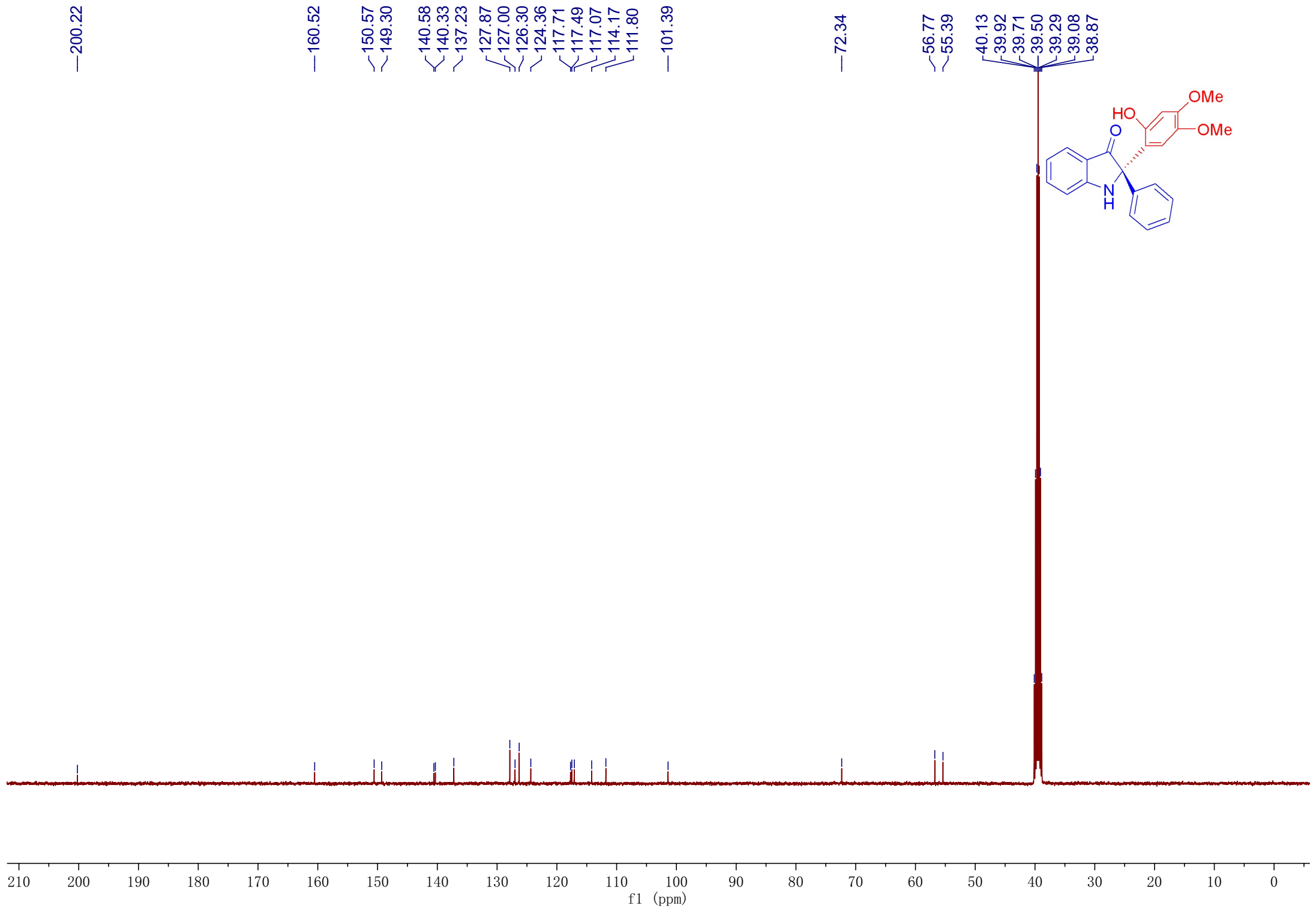
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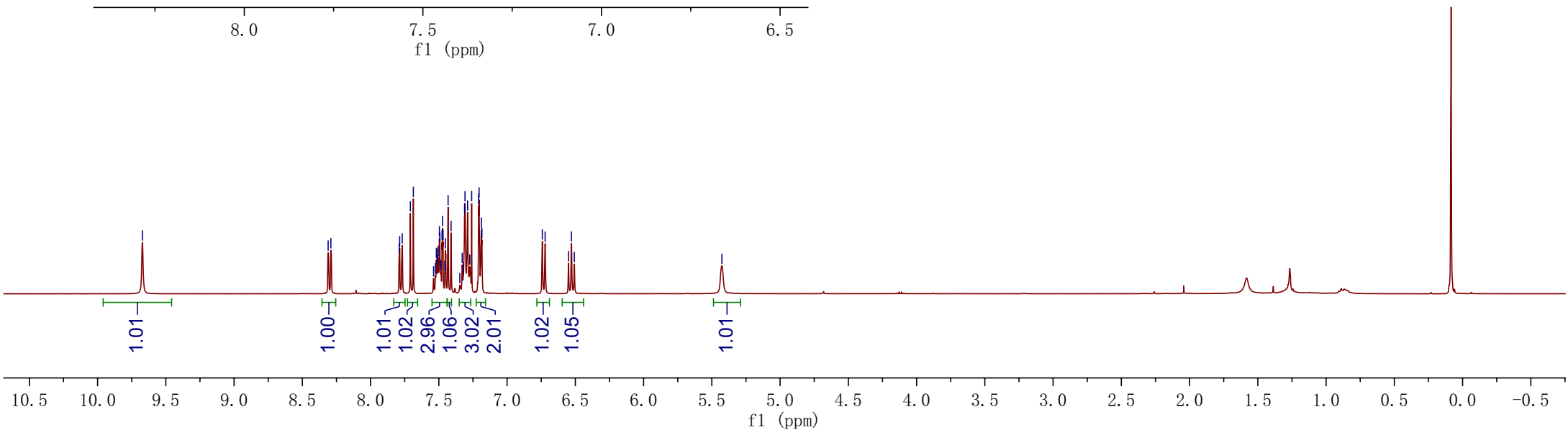
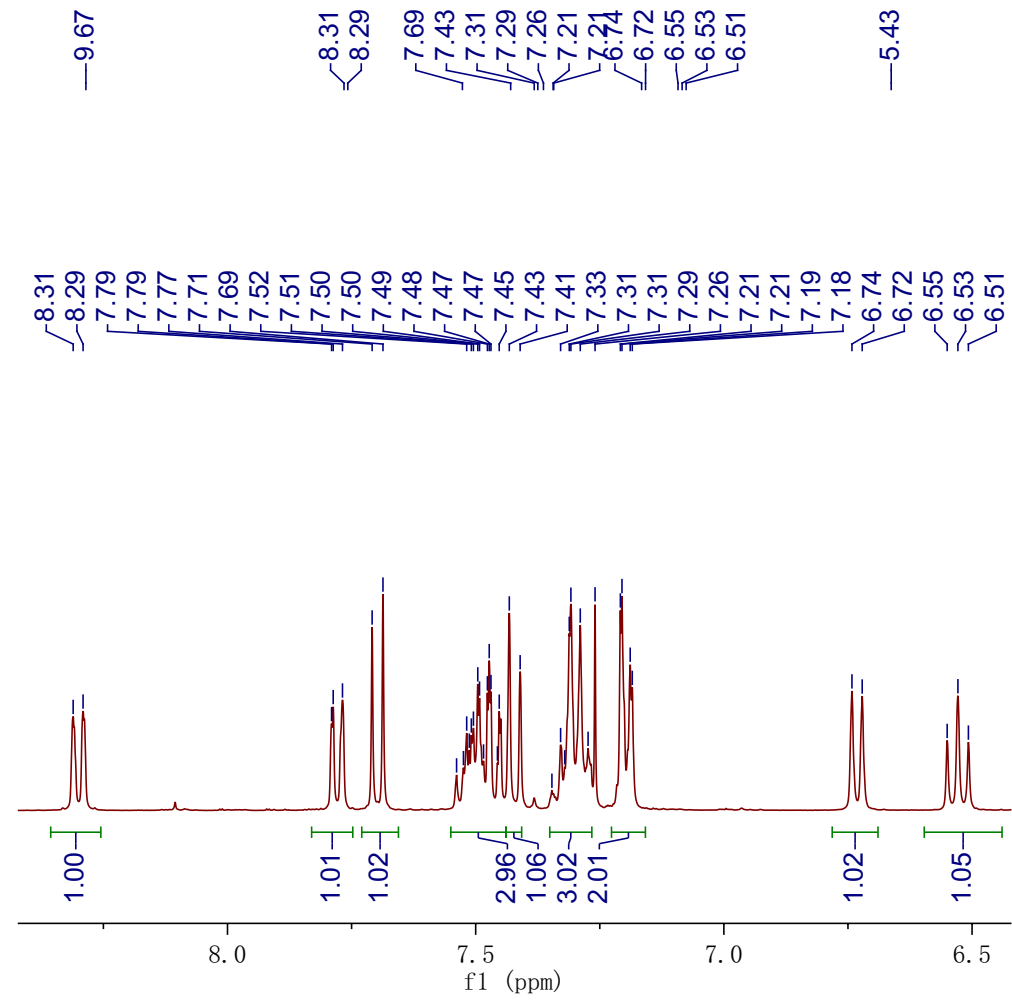
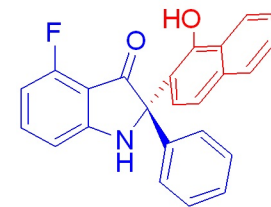
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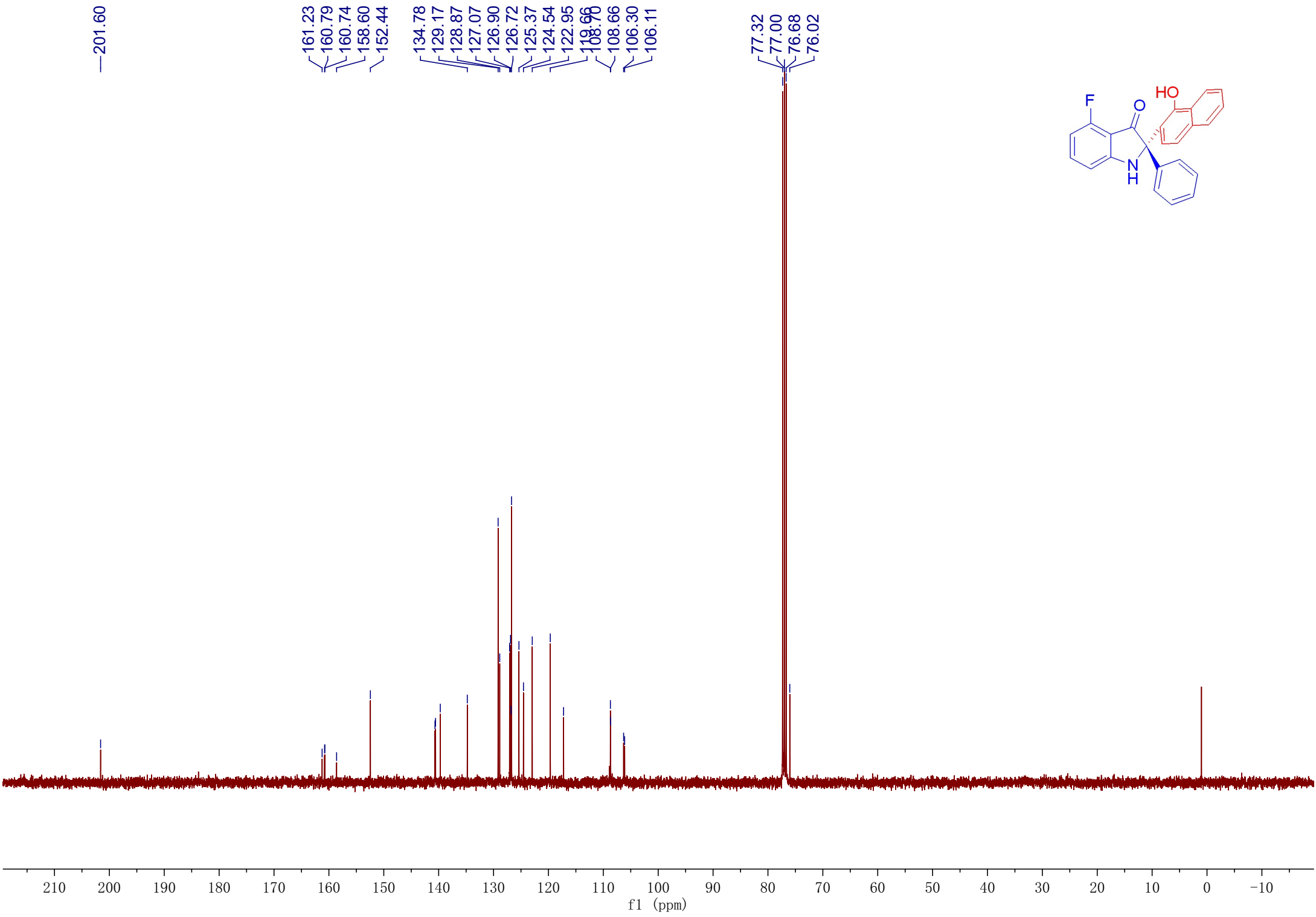


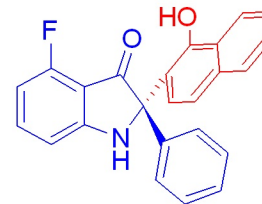




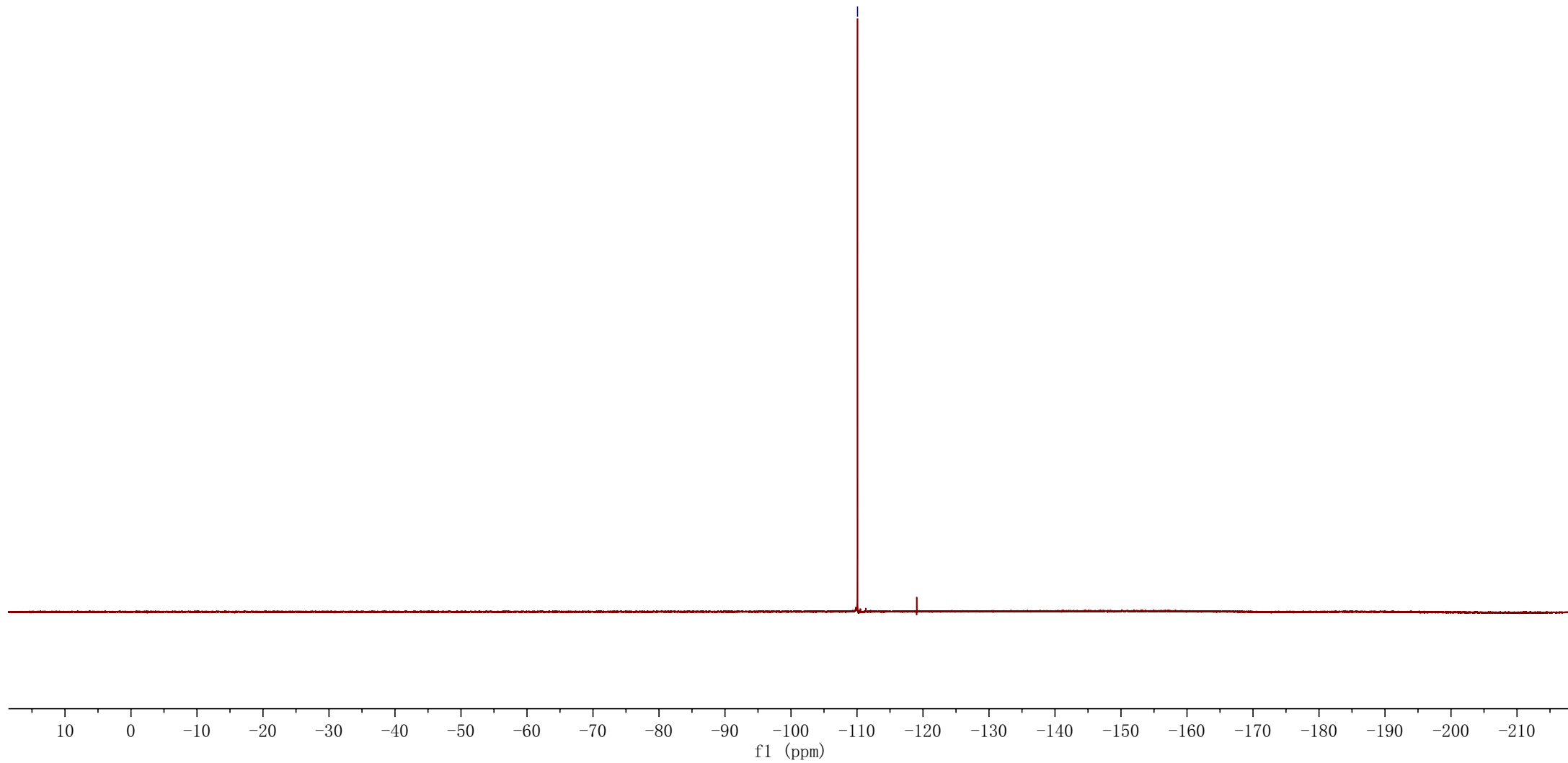


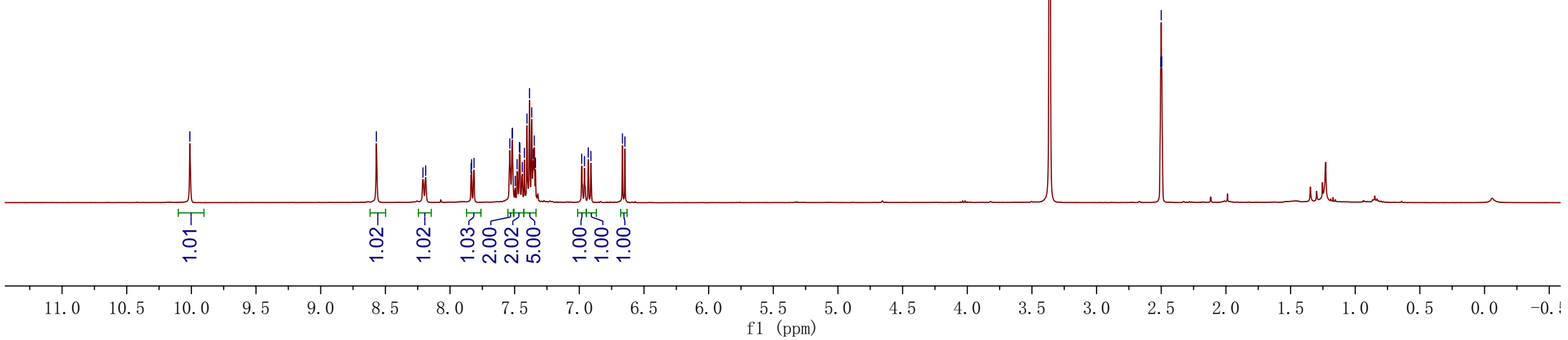
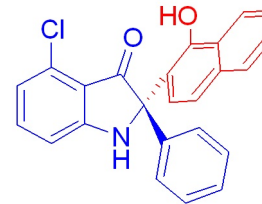
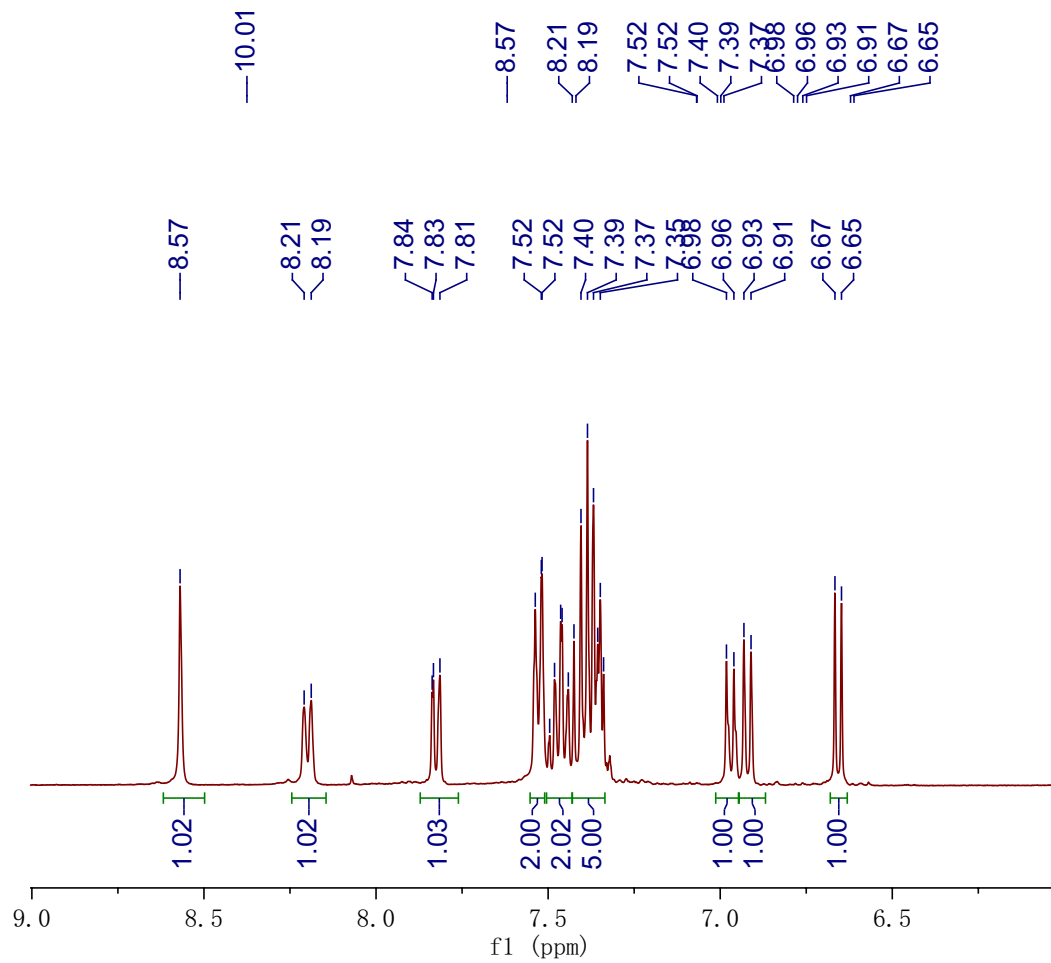


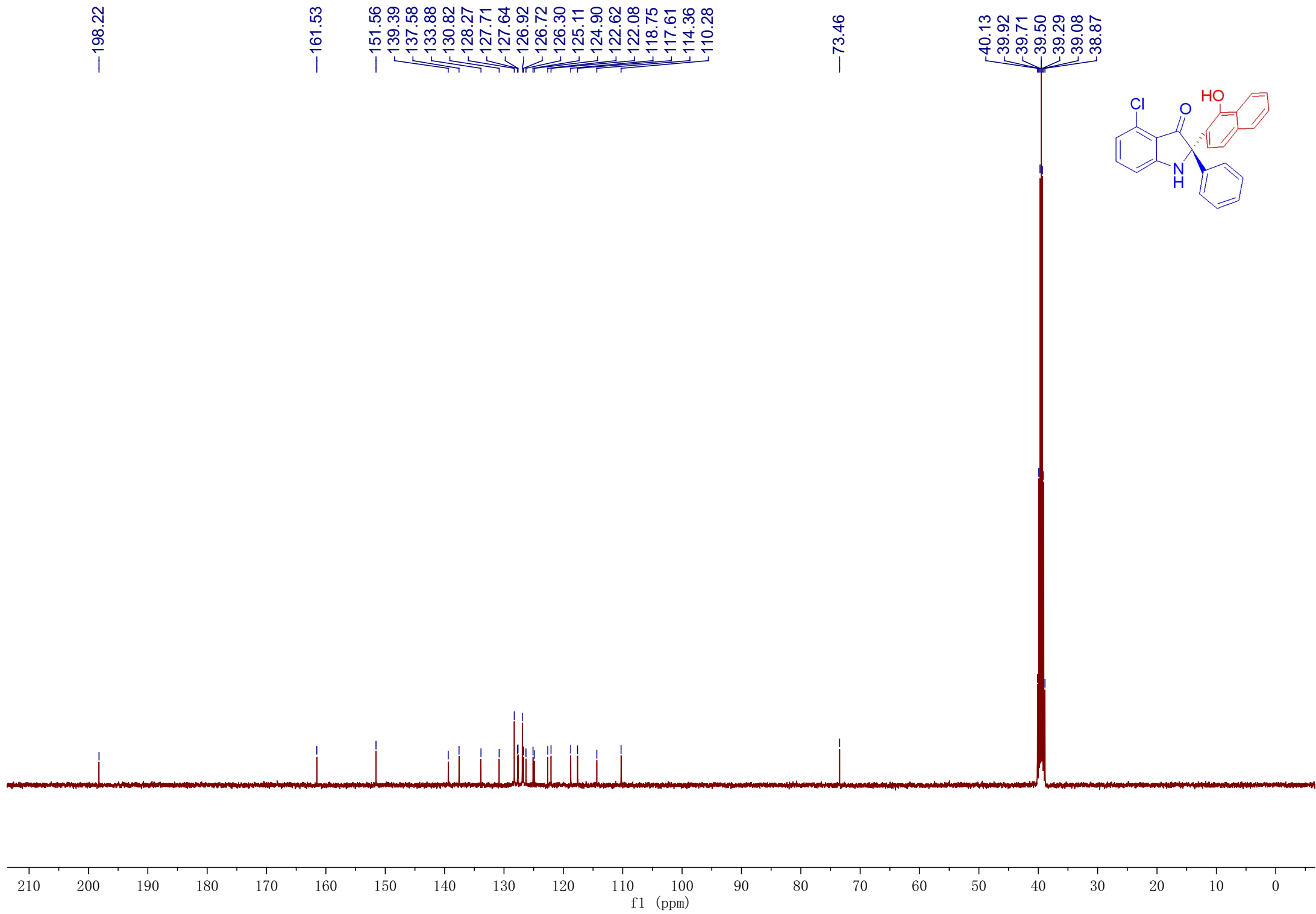


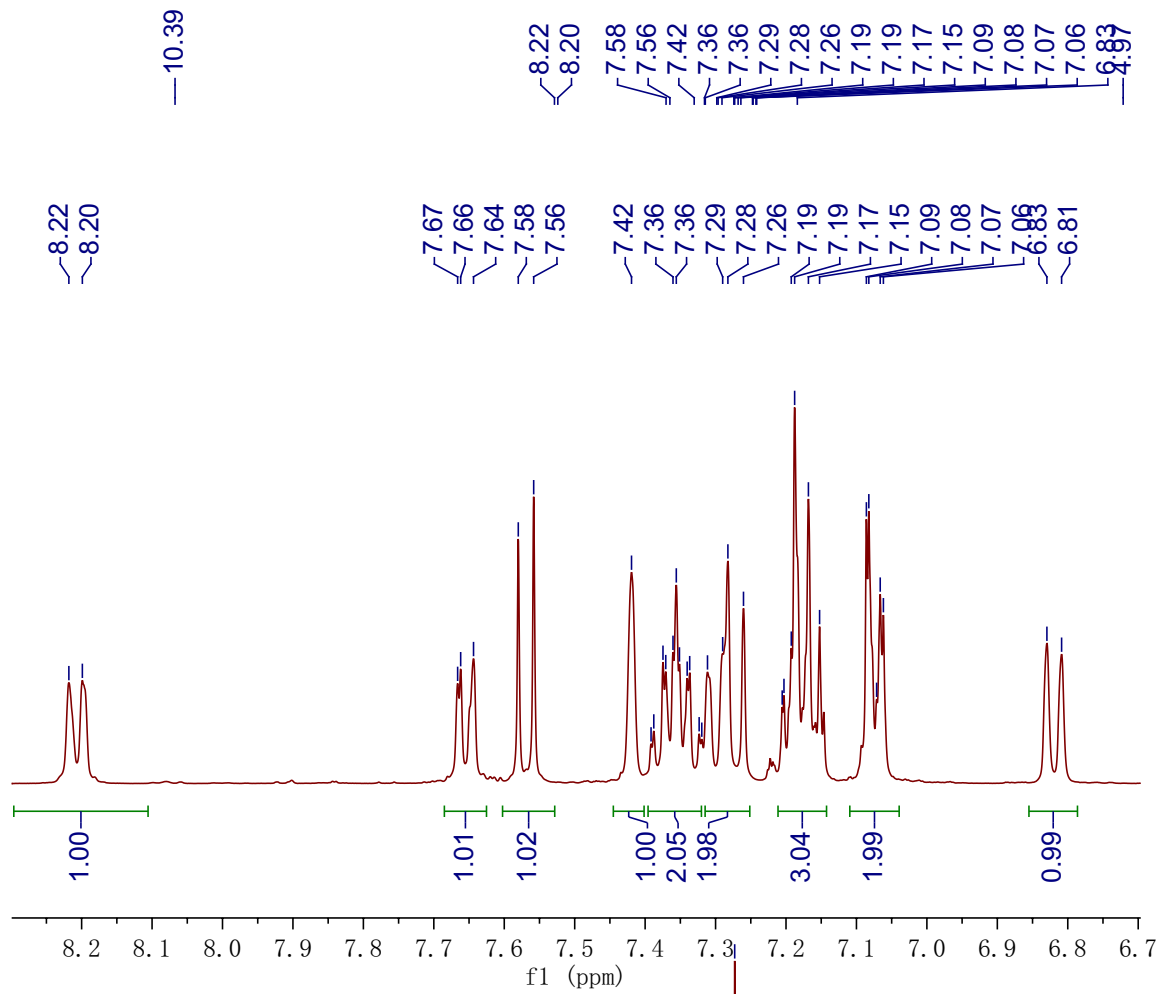


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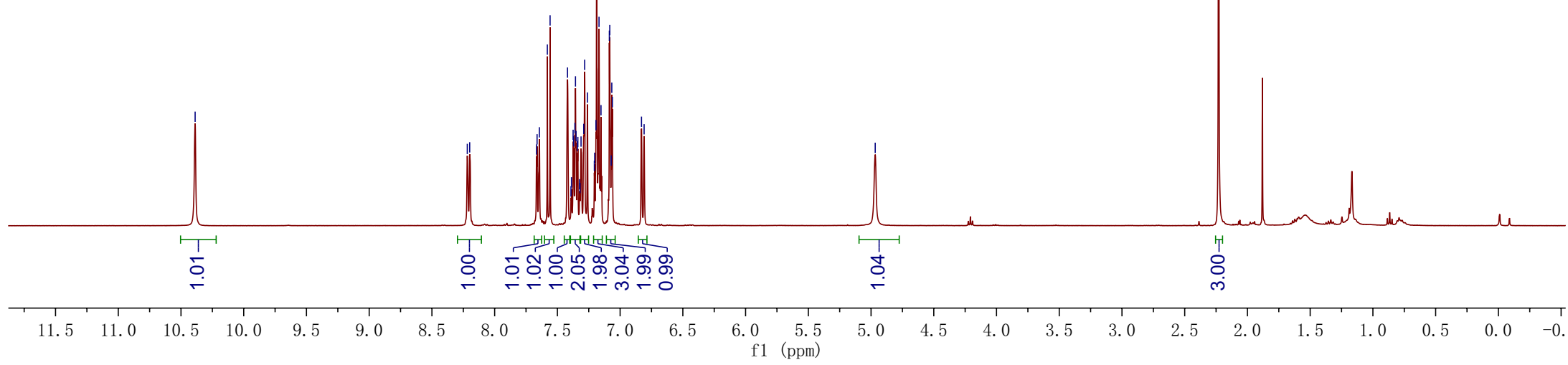
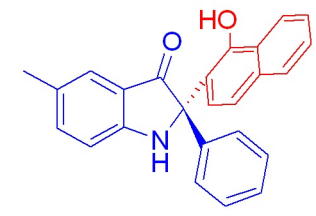


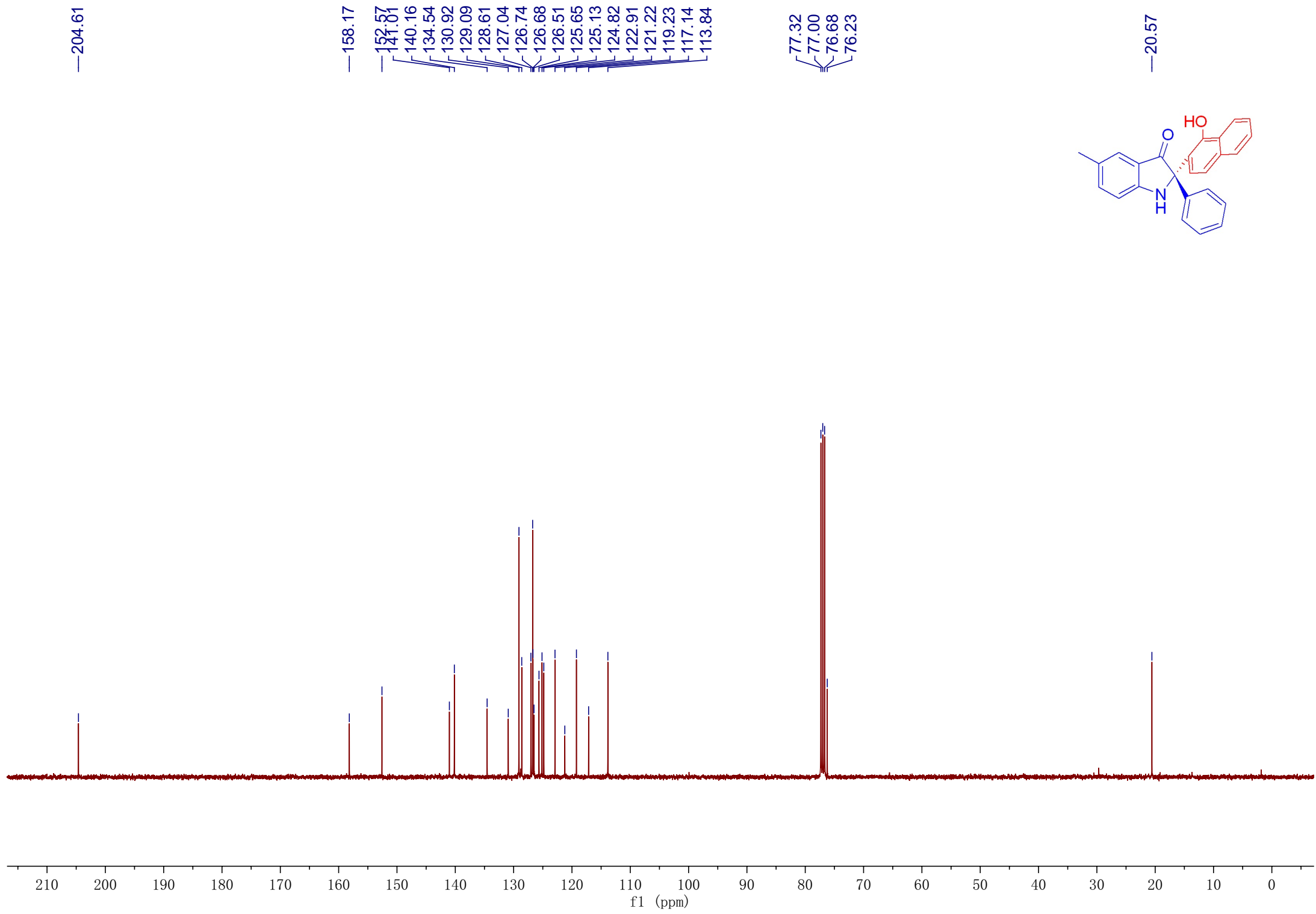


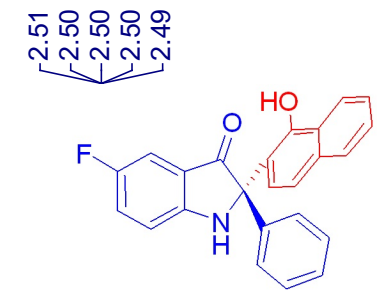
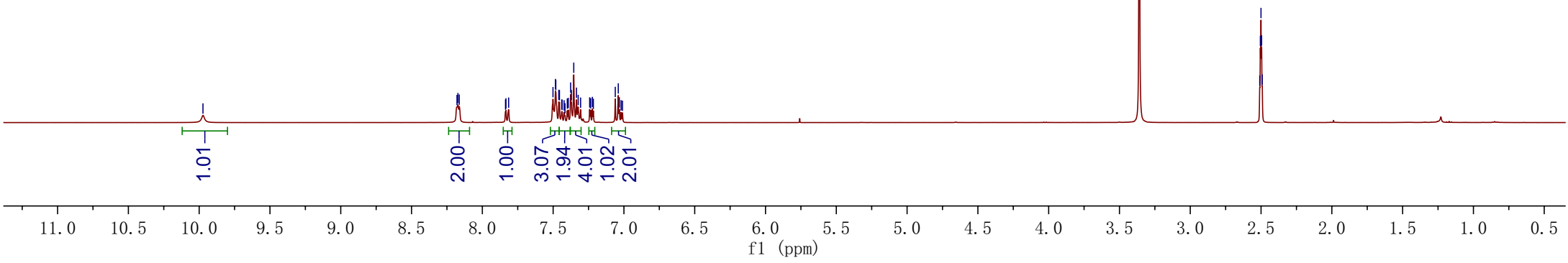
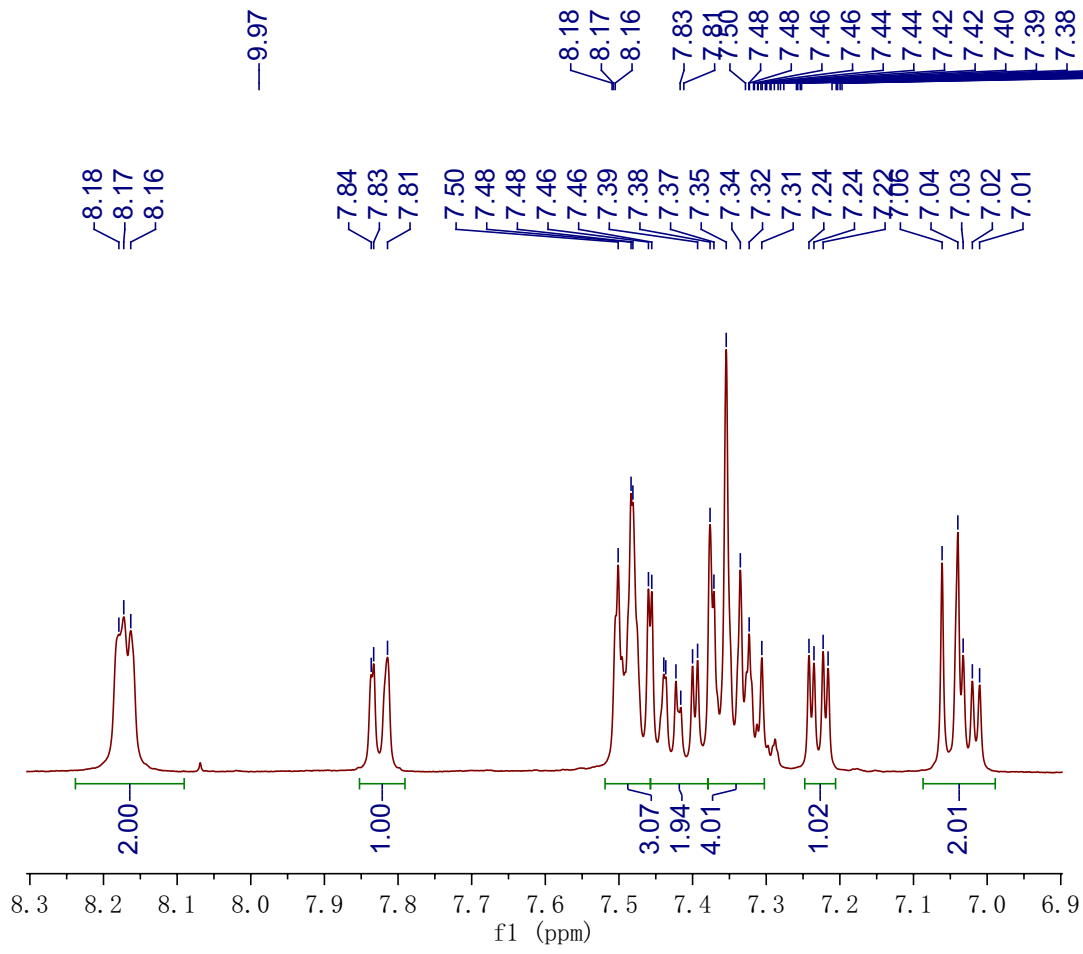


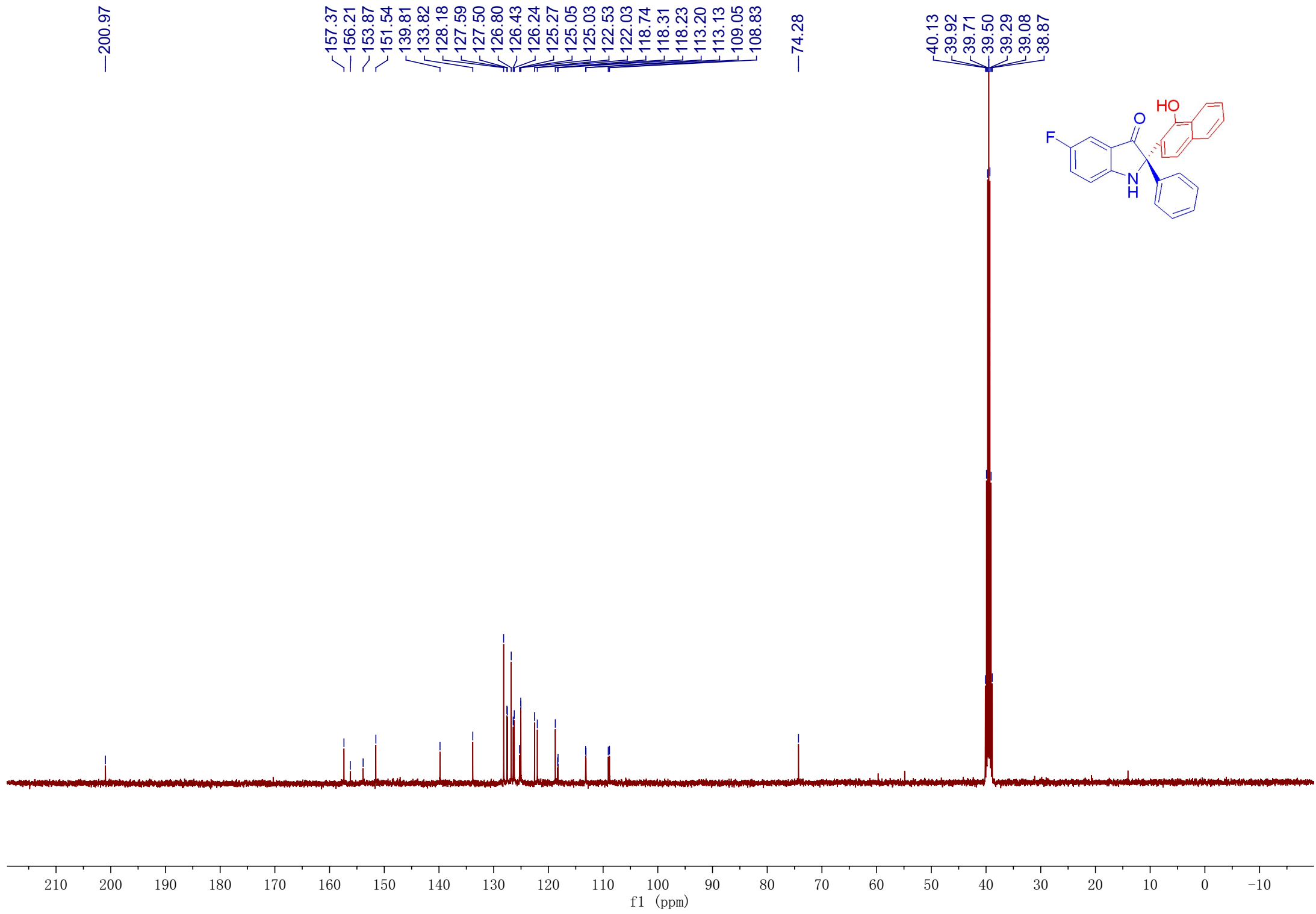


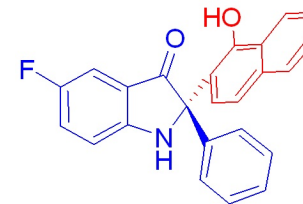
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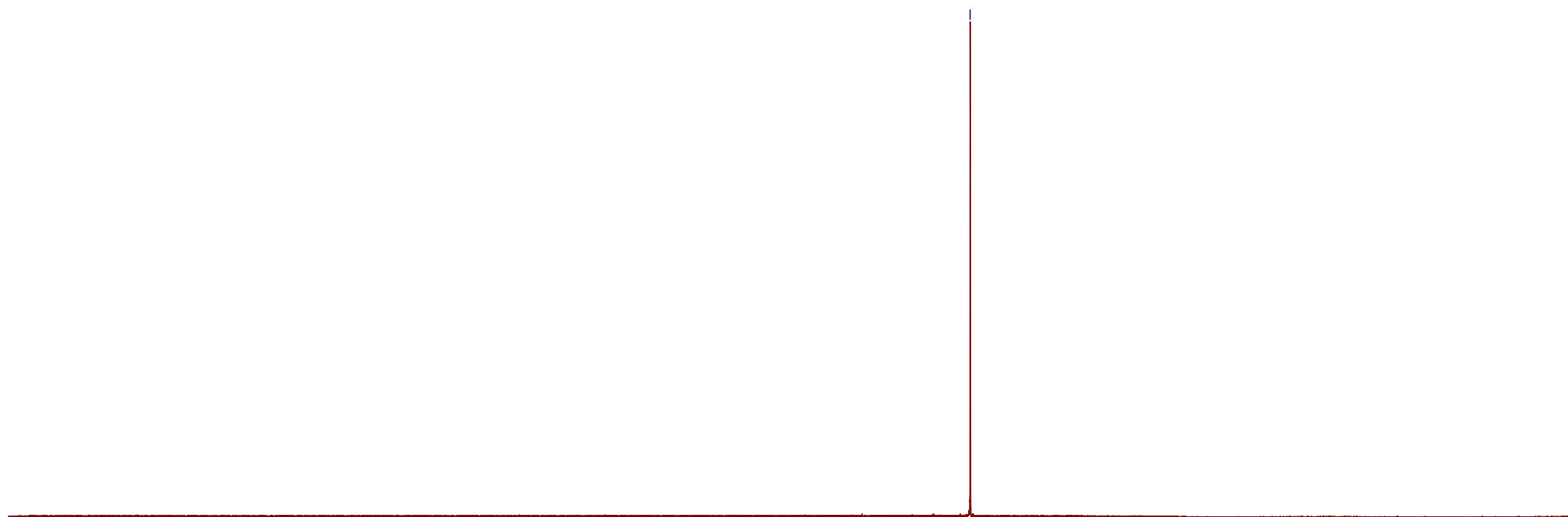






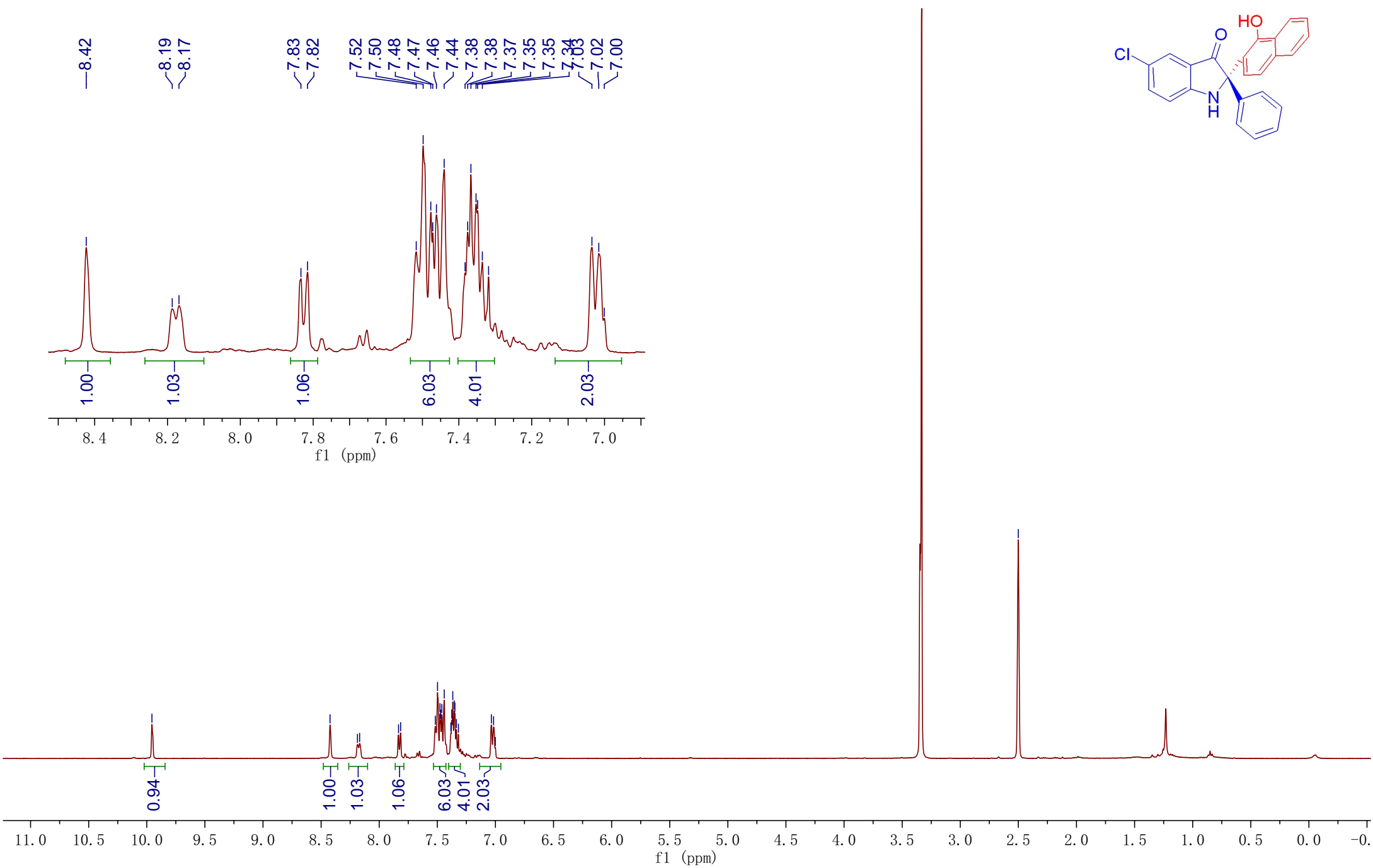


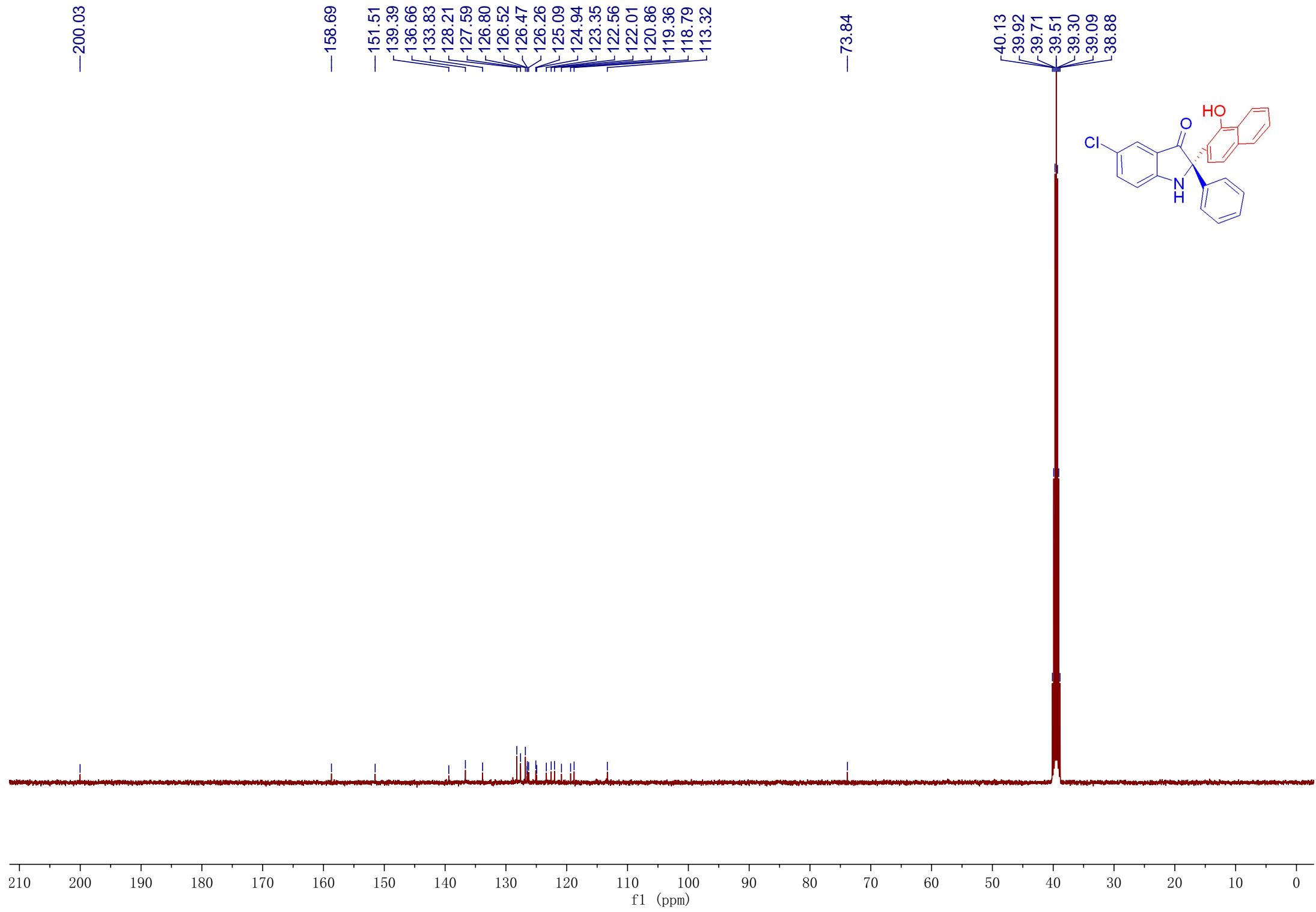
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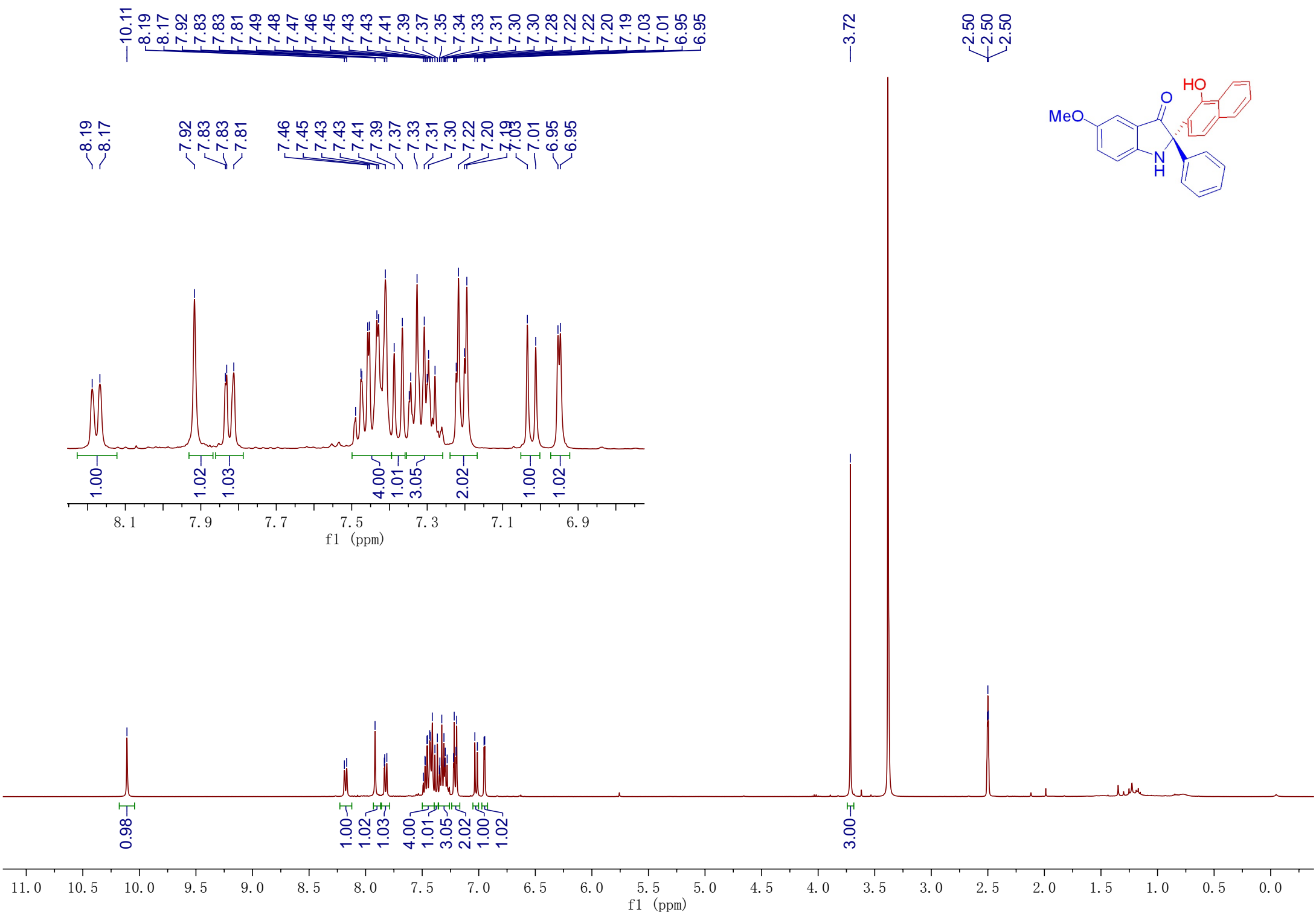


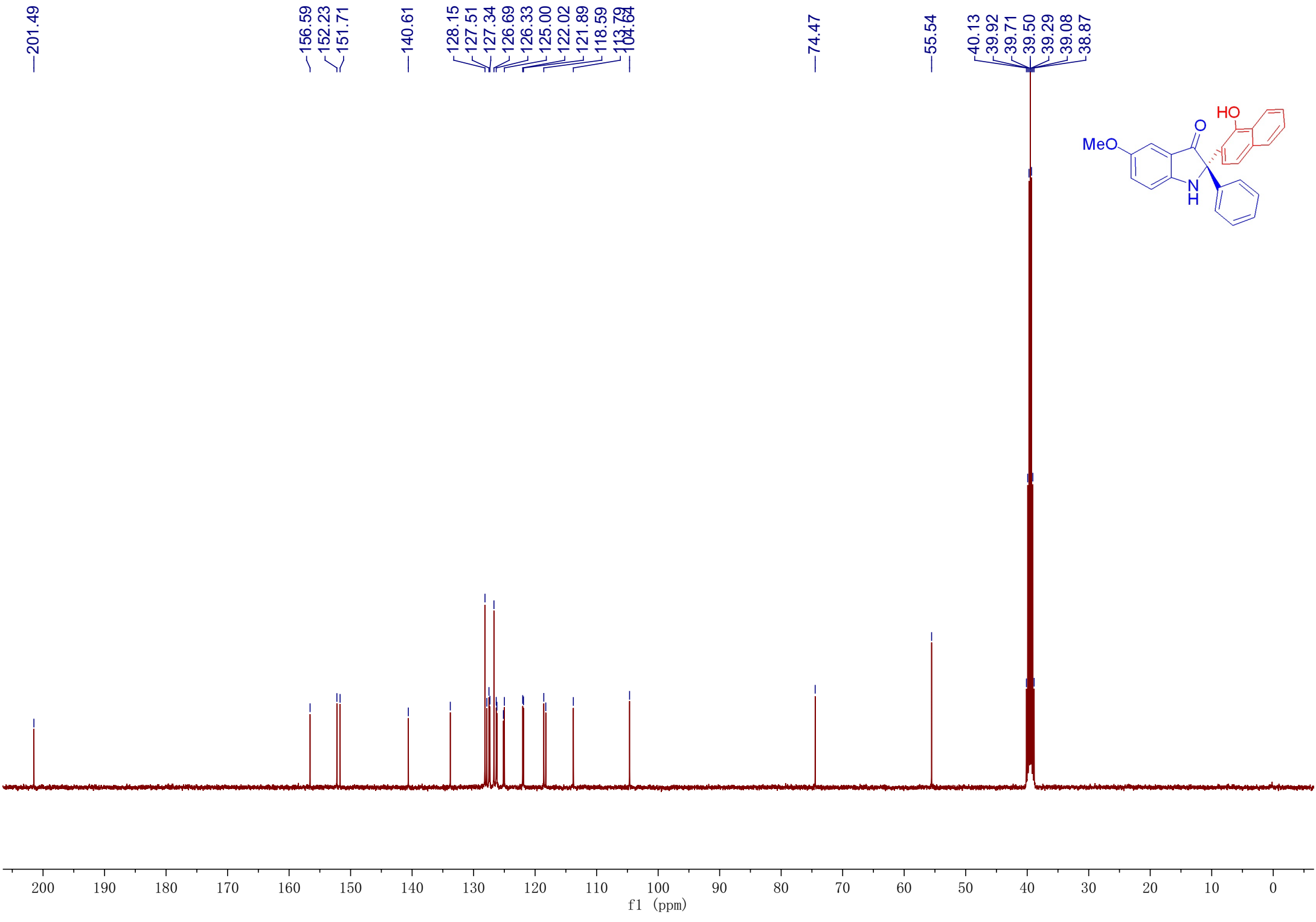
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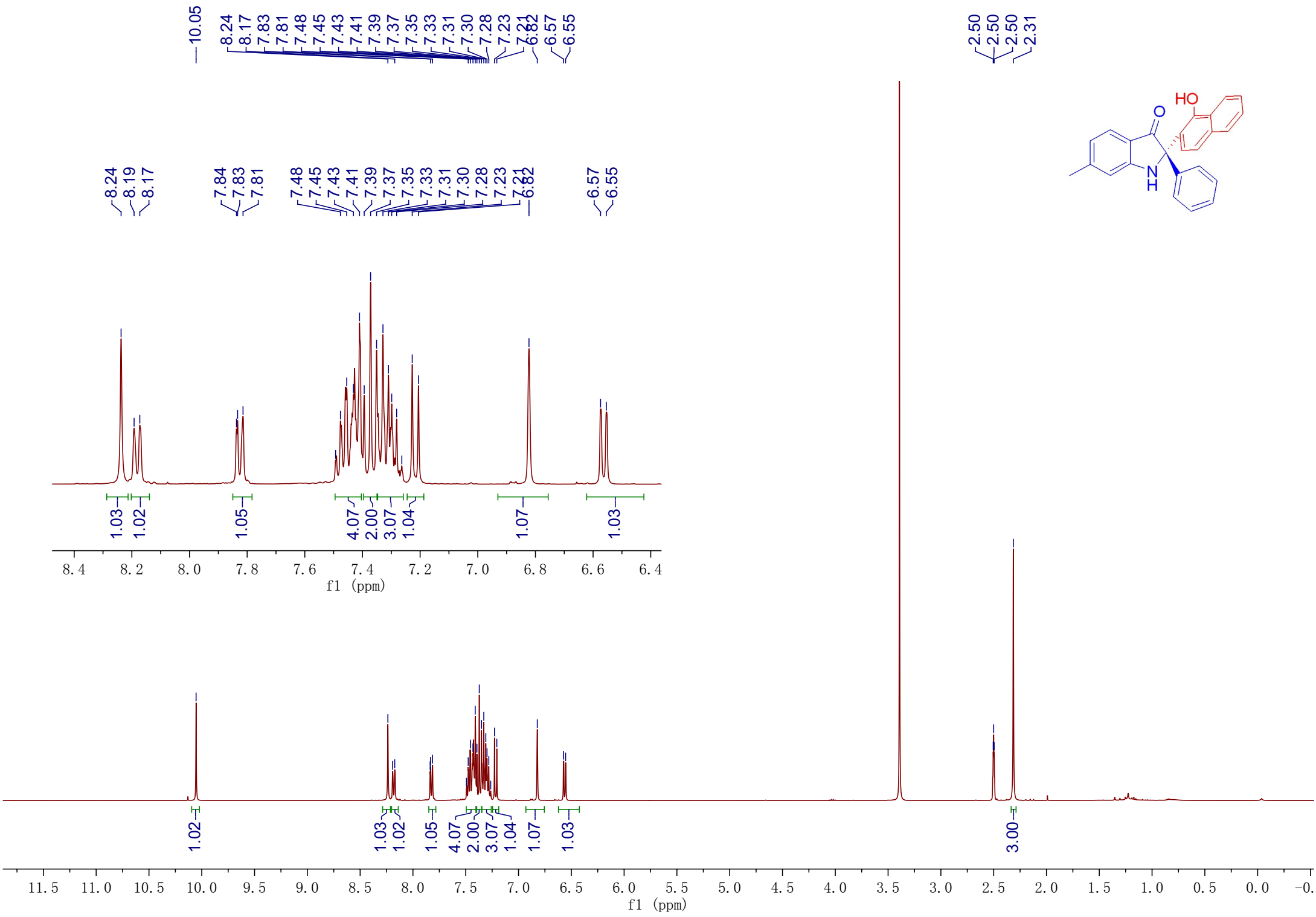
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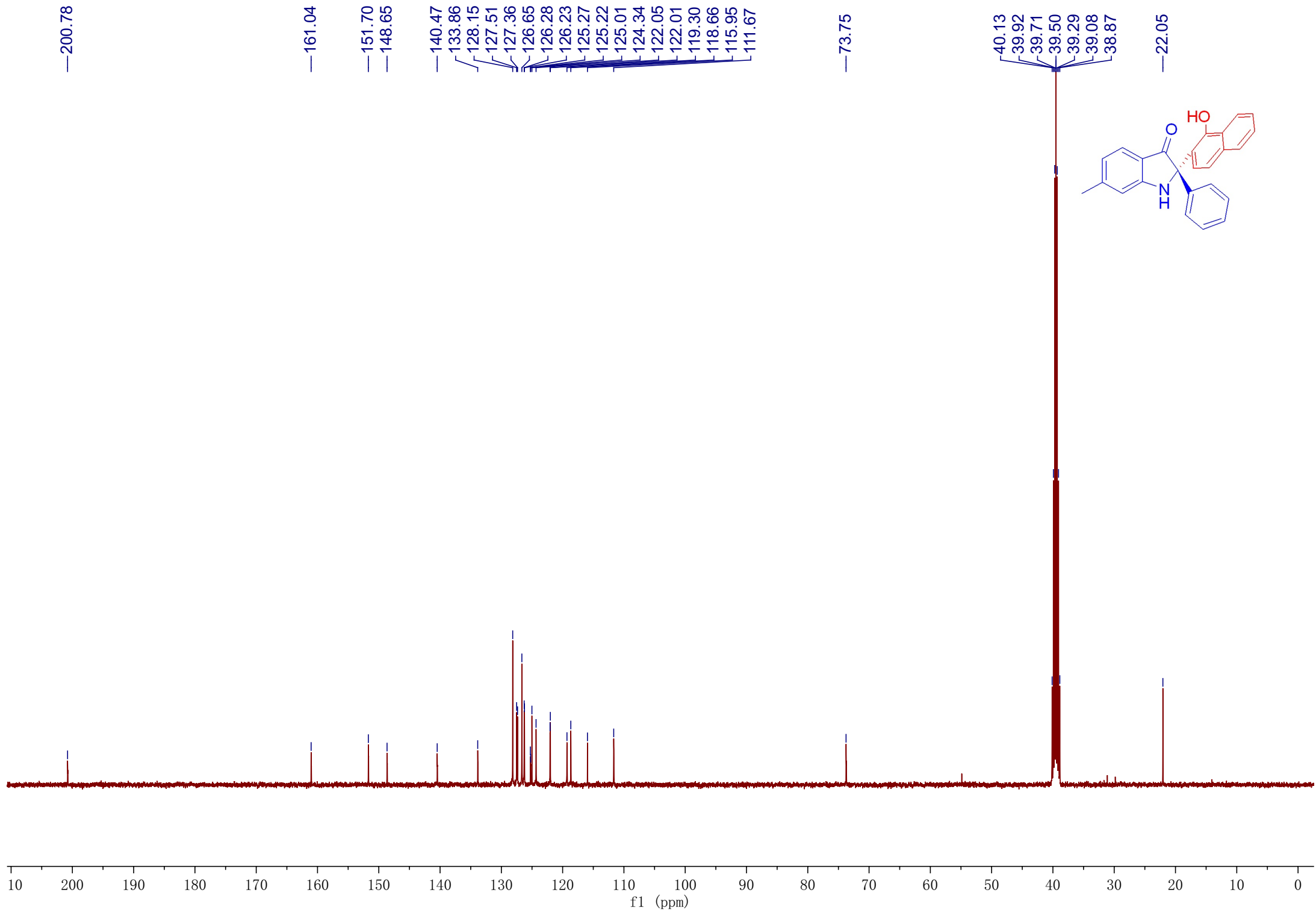


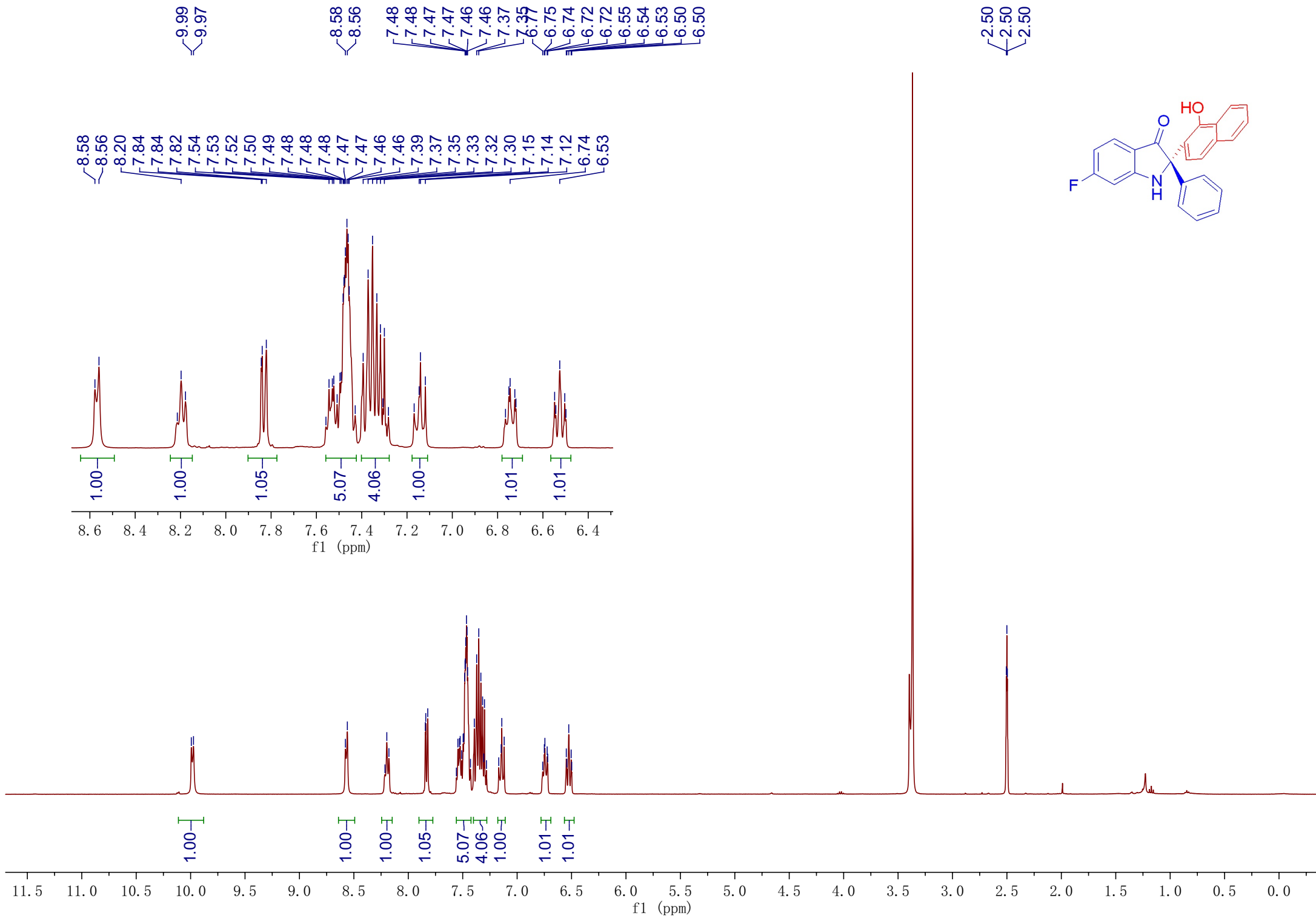


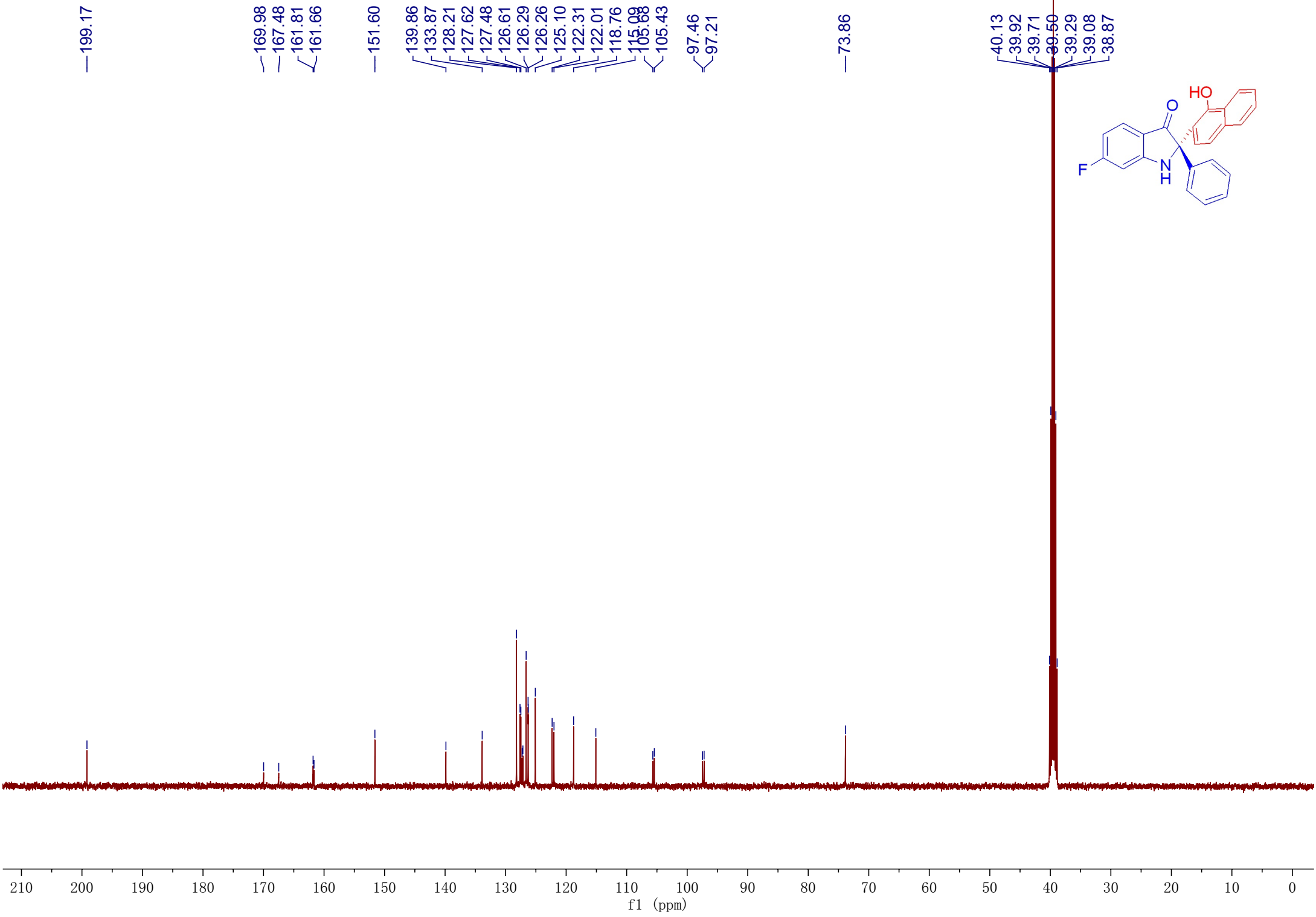


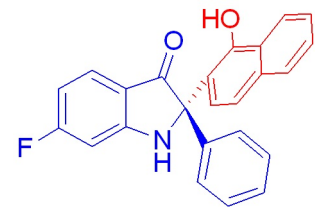




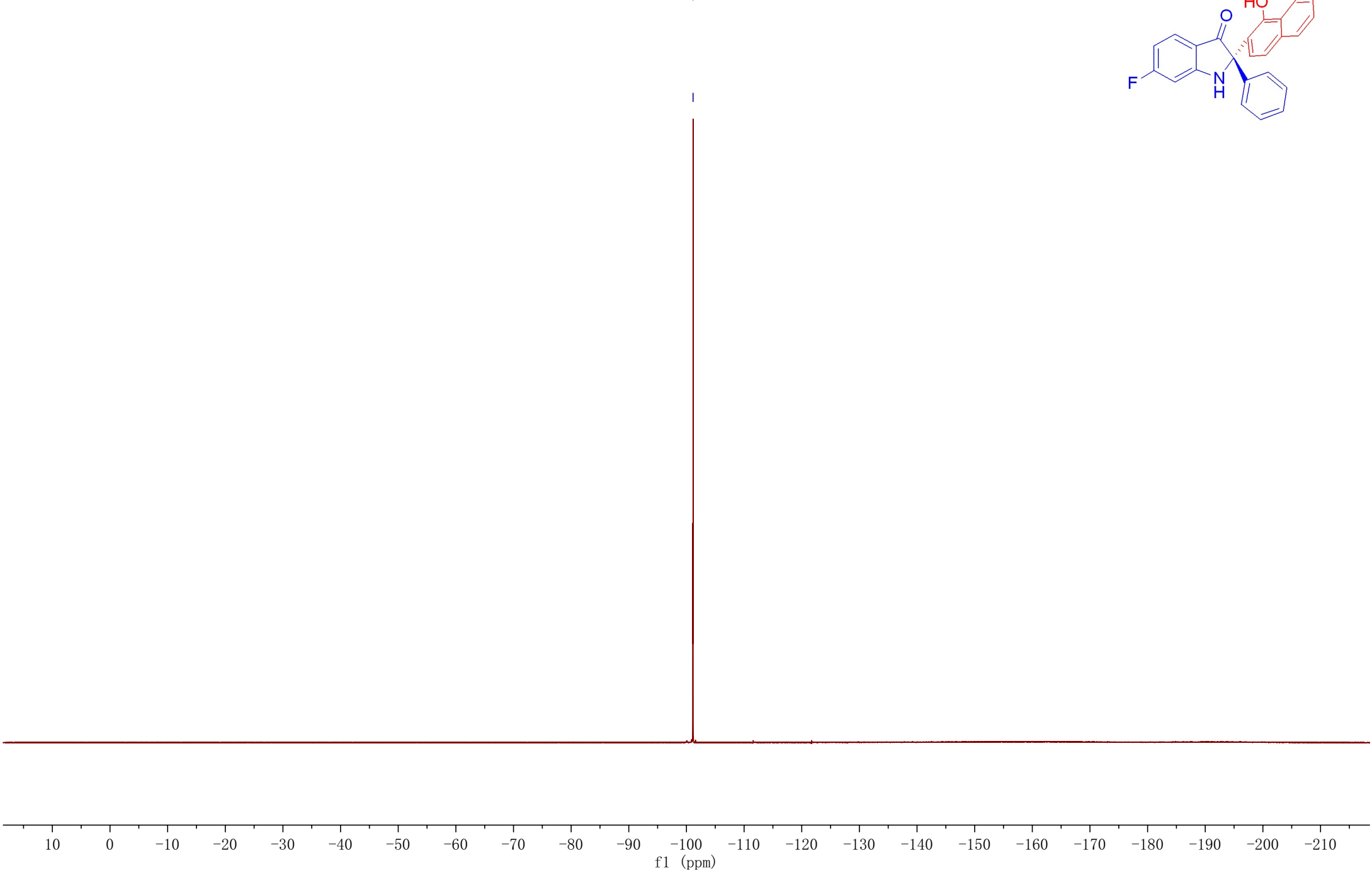




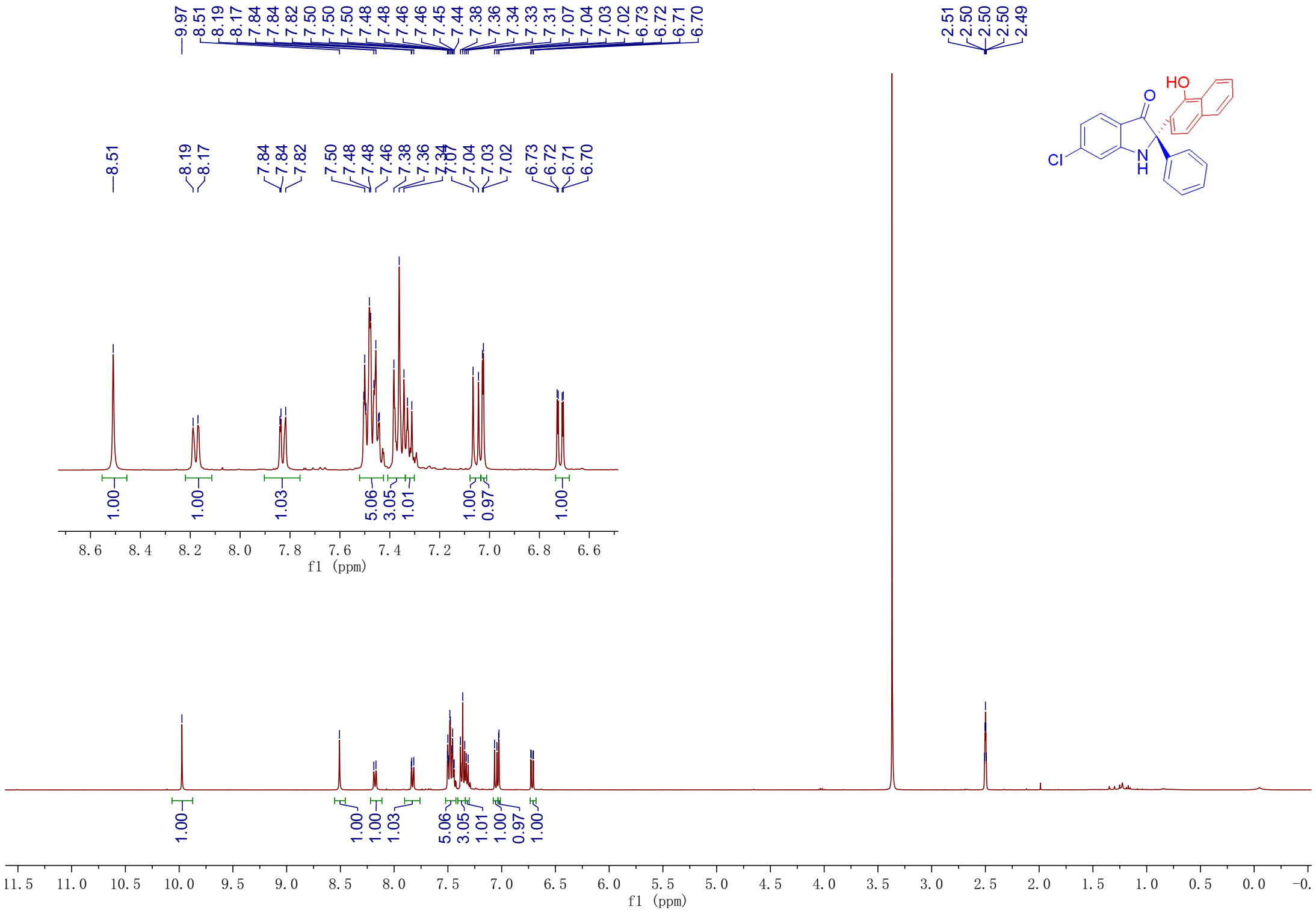


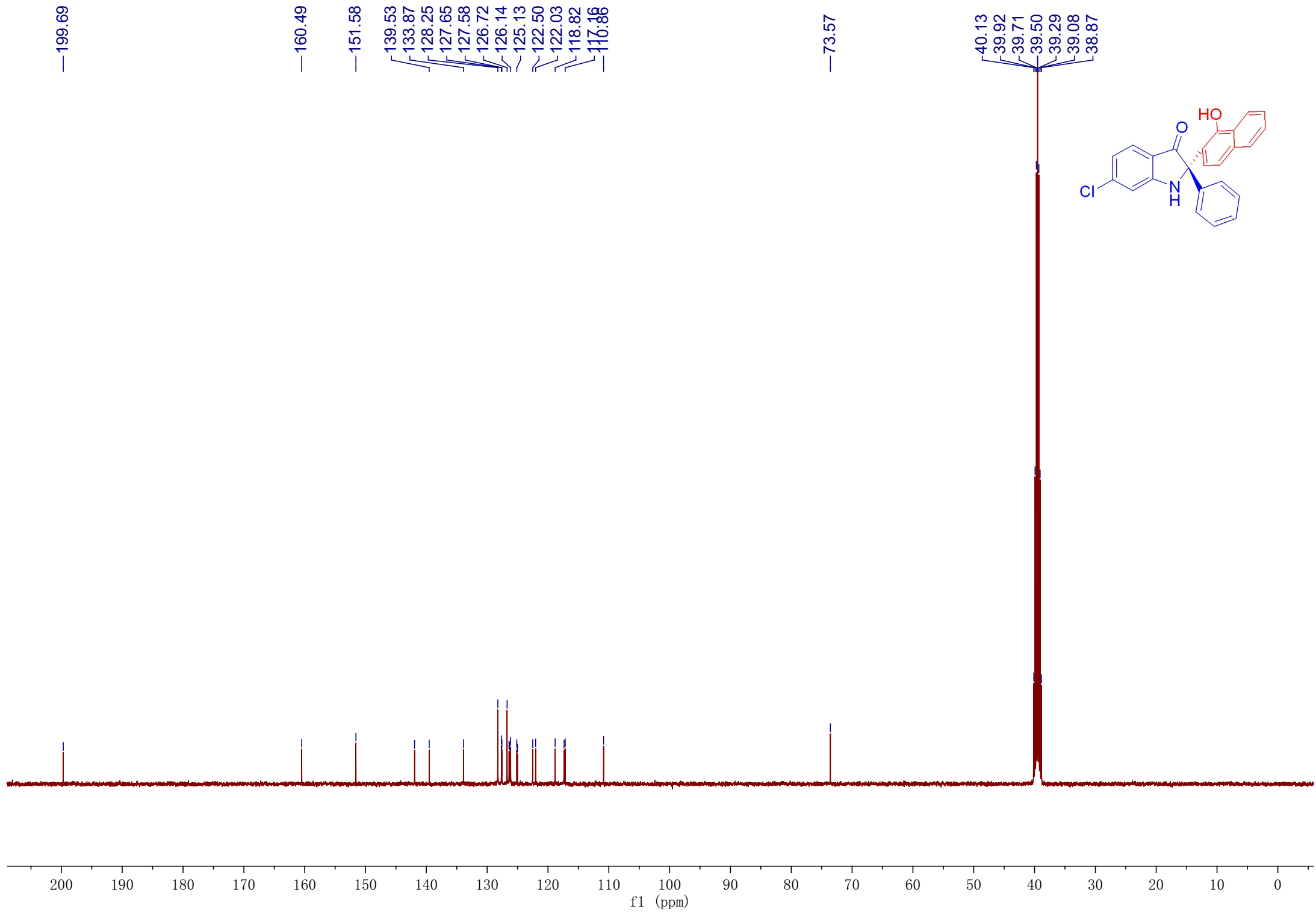


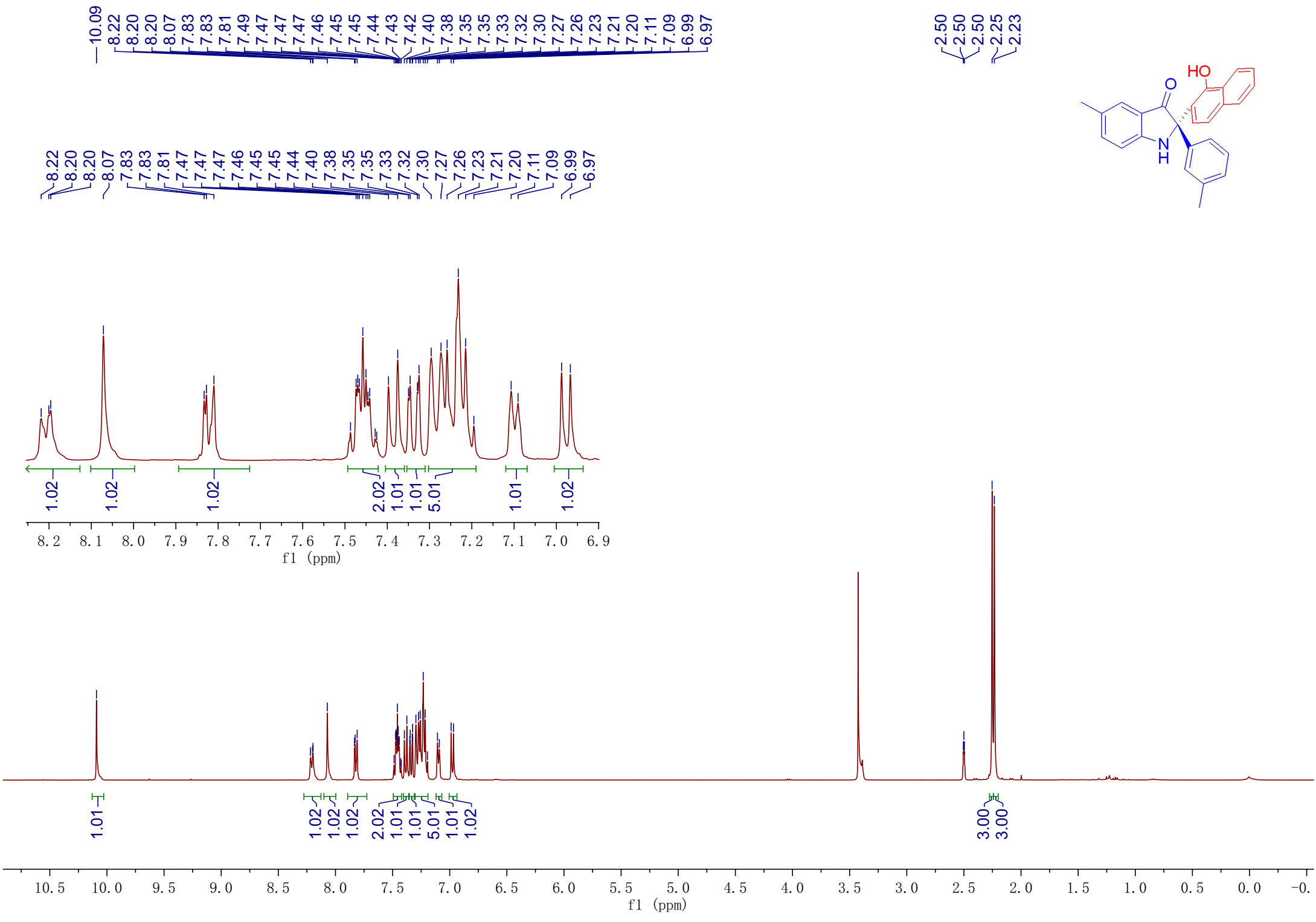
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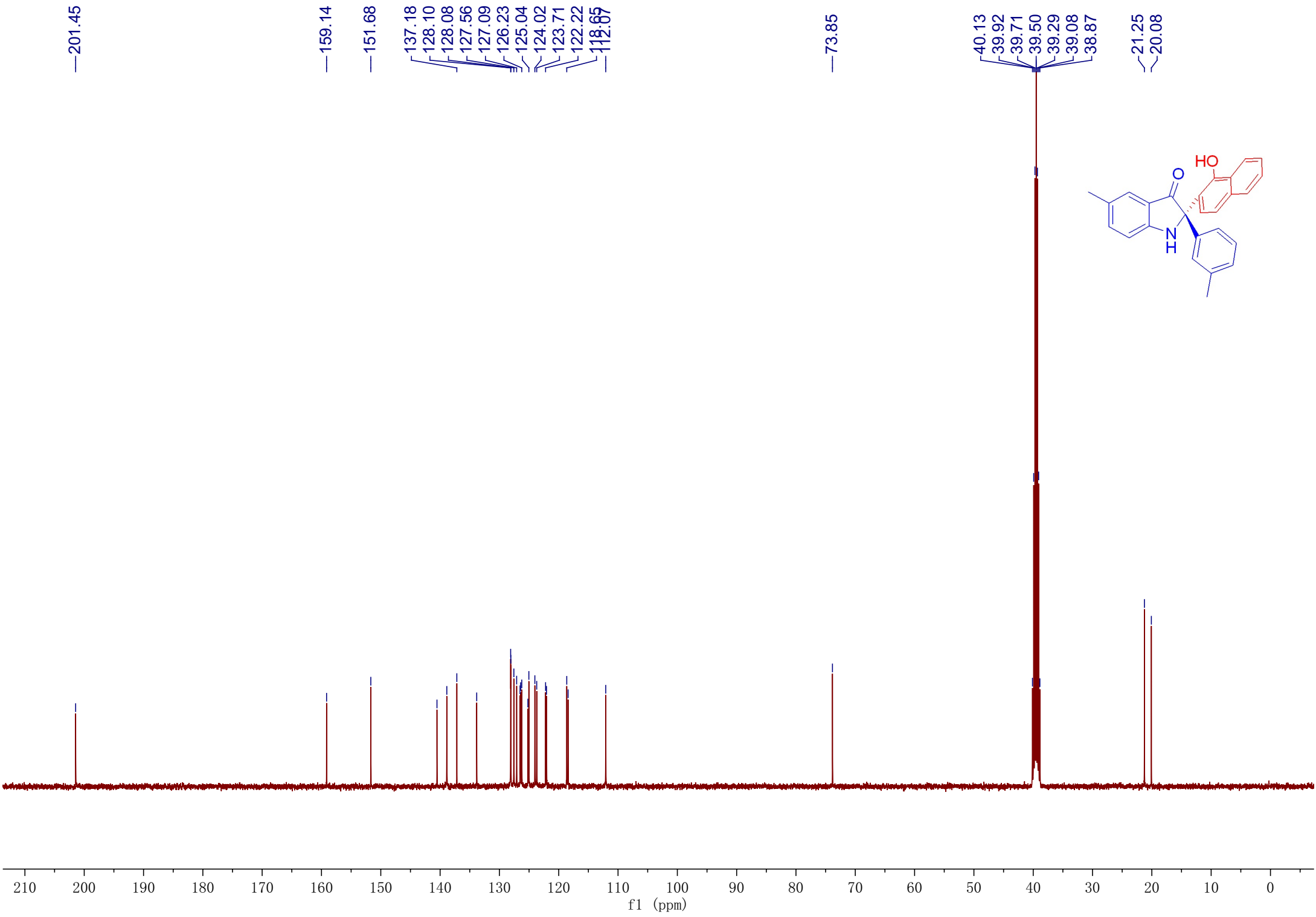


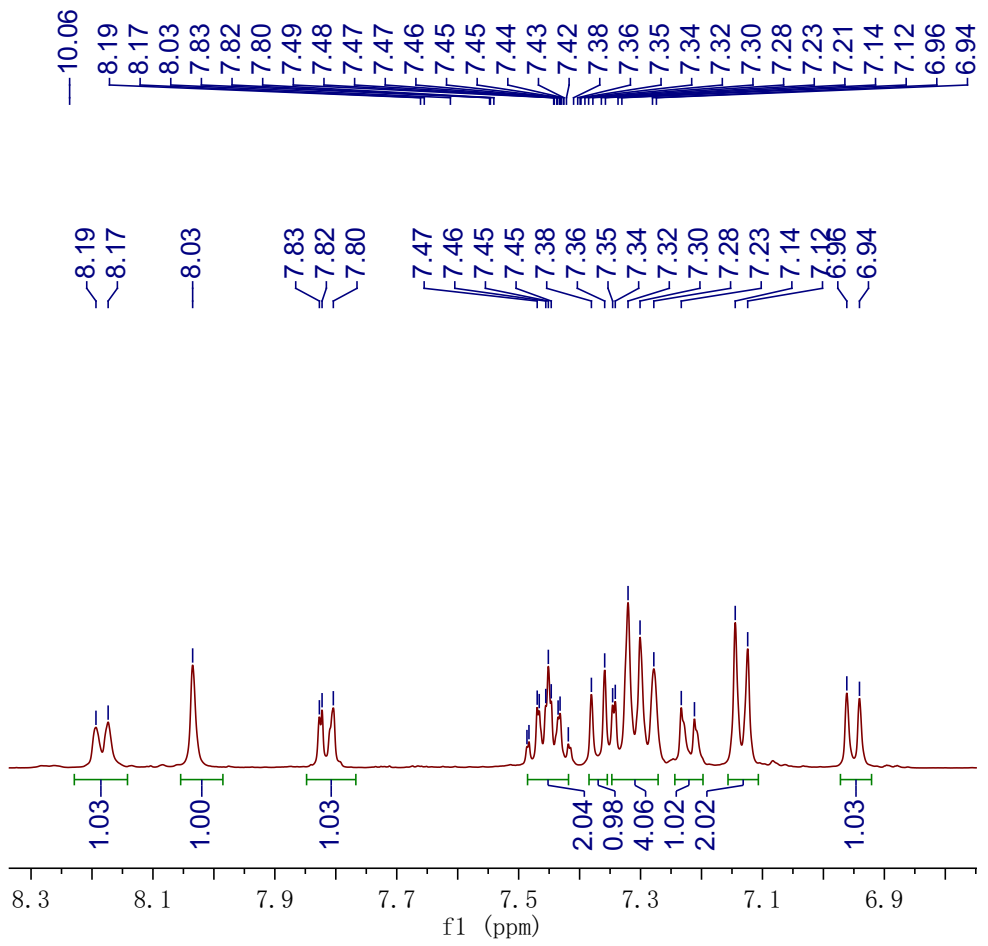
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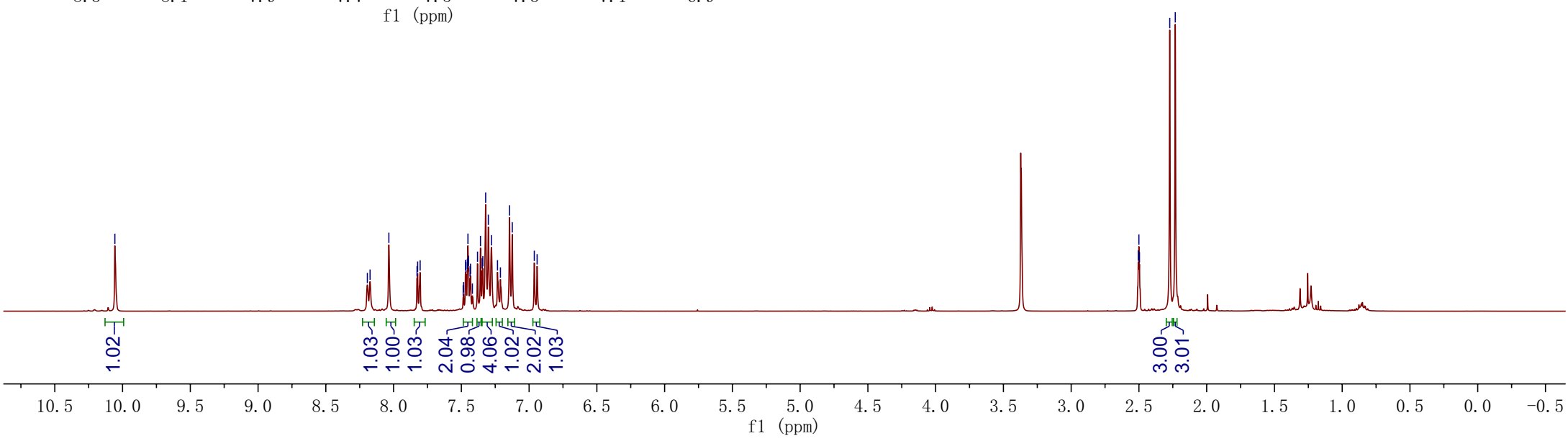
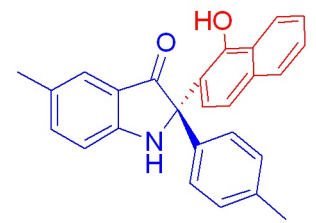


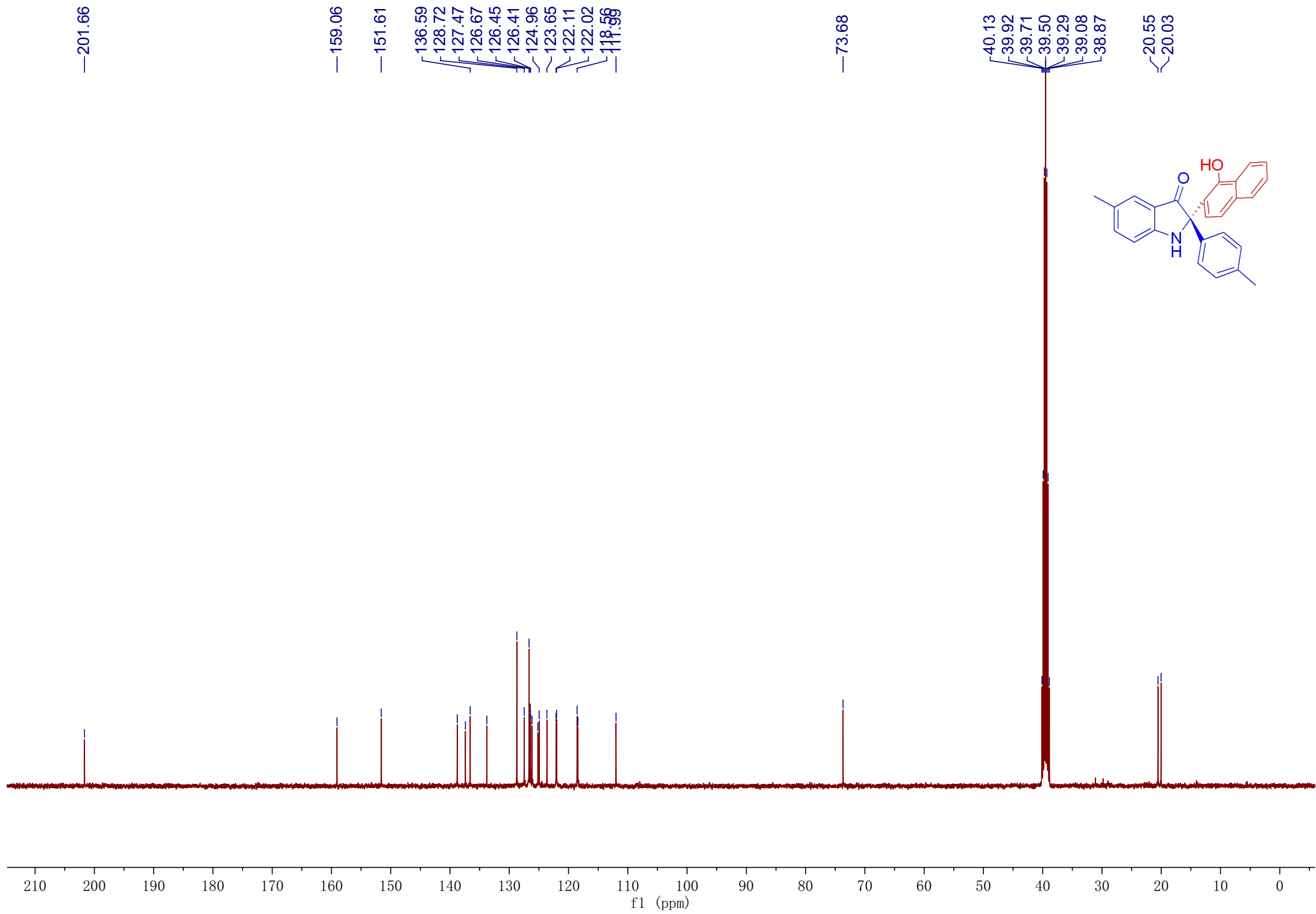


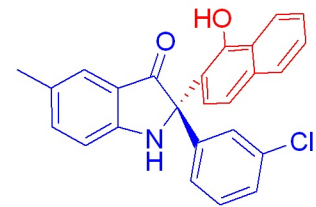
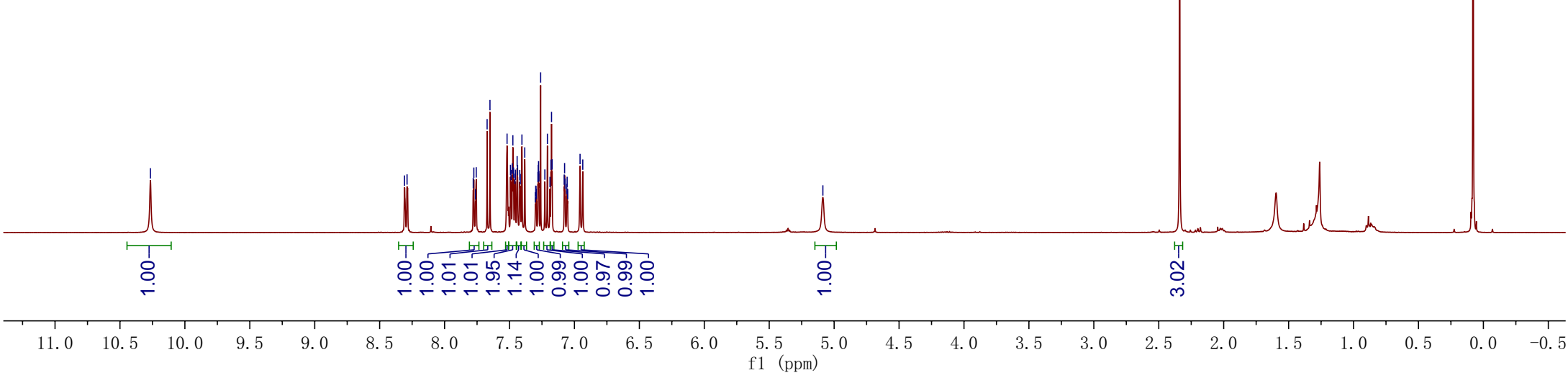
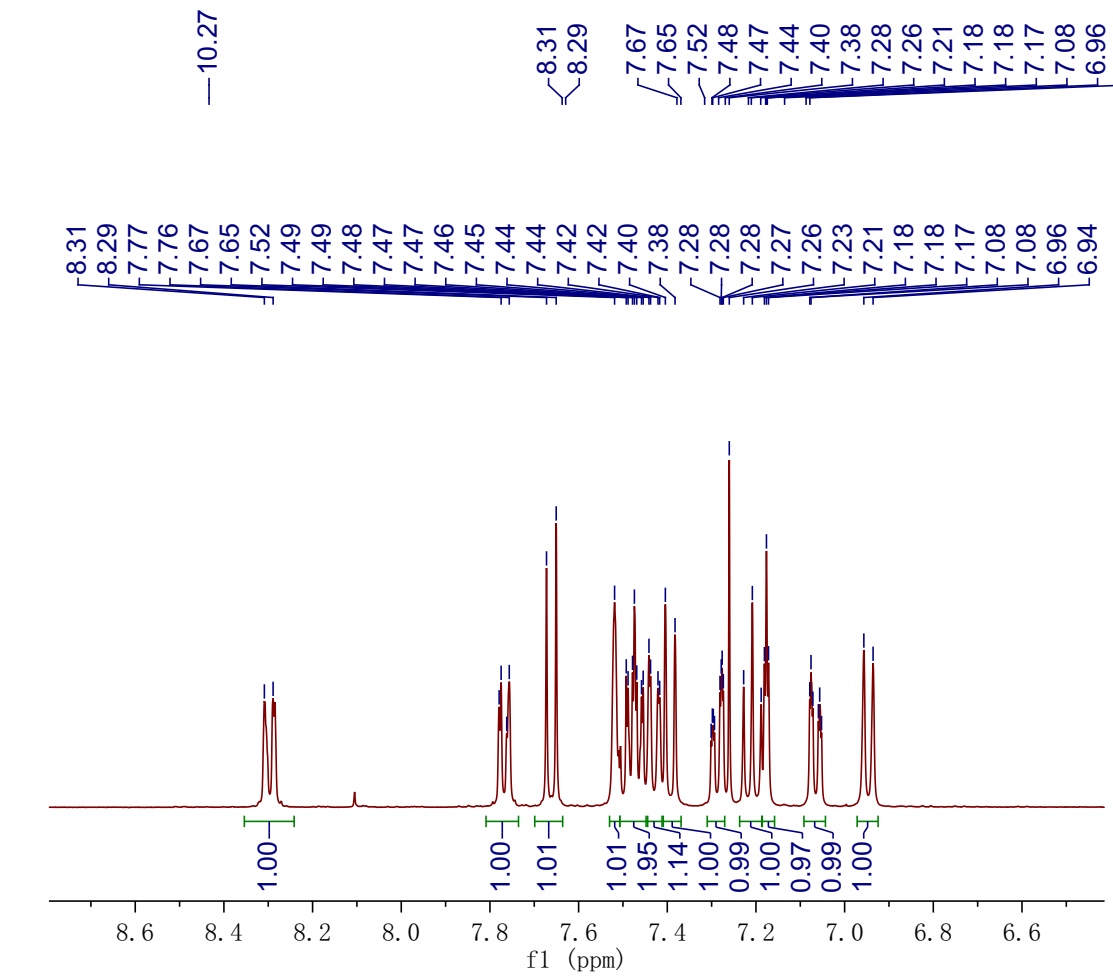


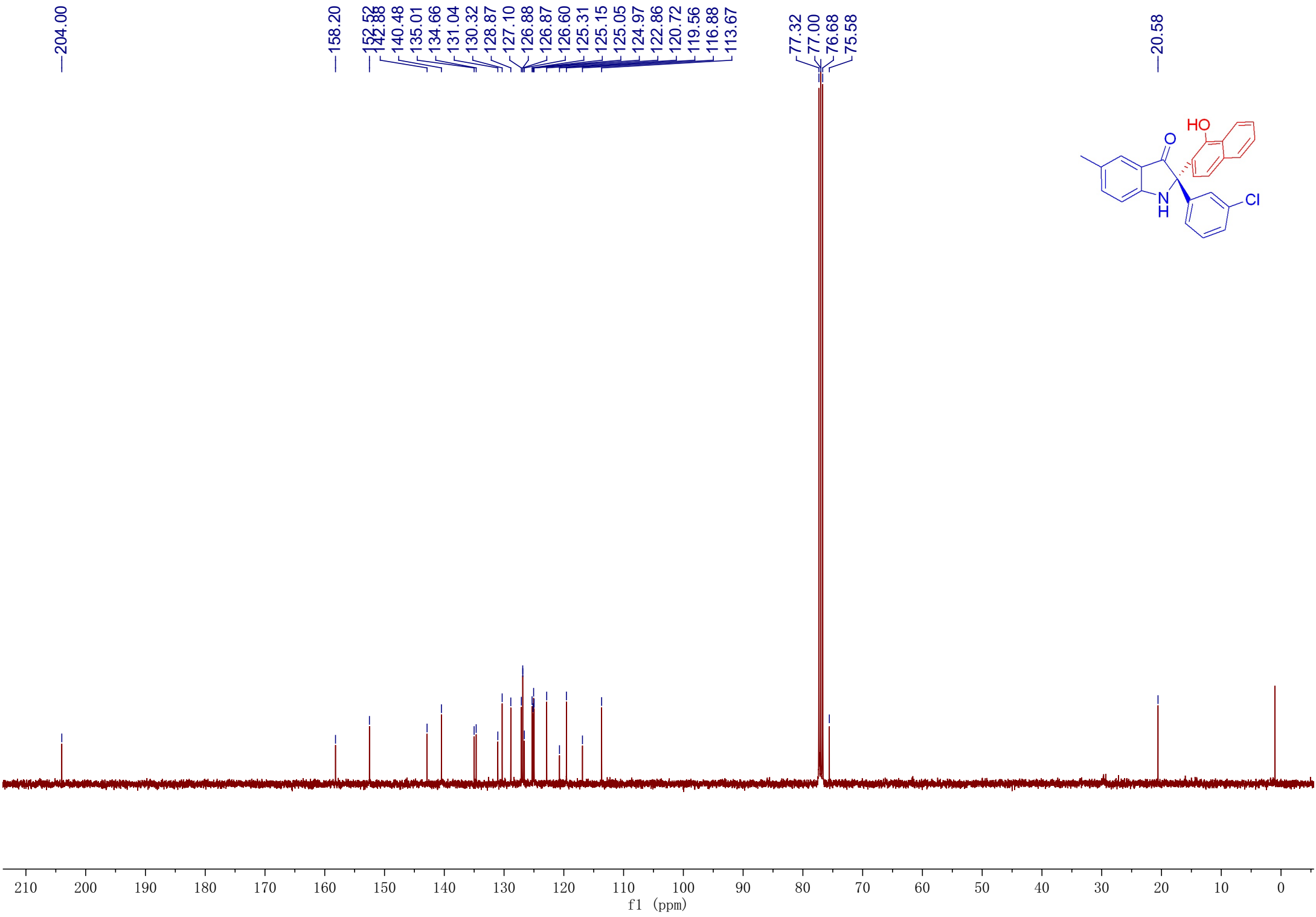


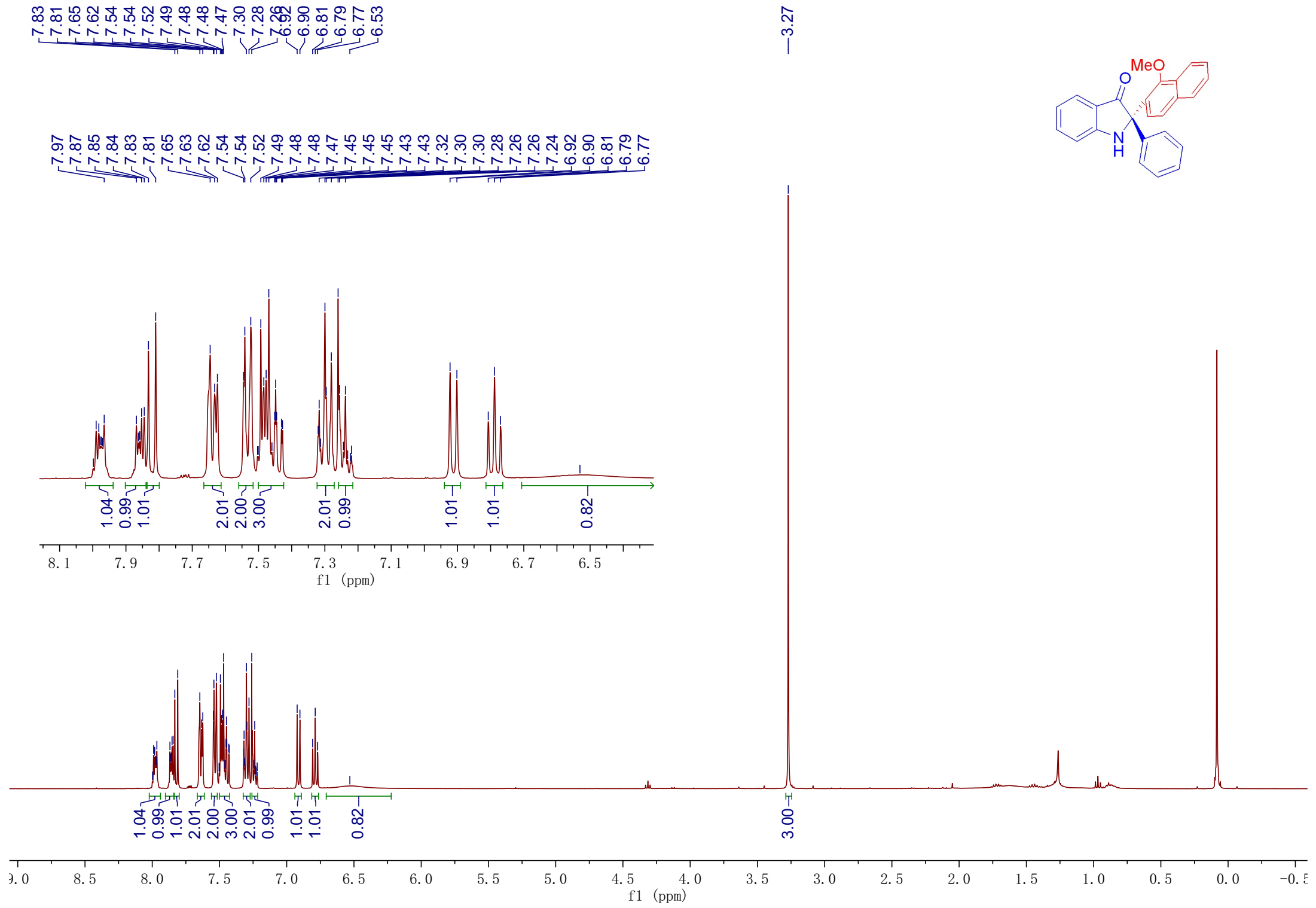
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2.27
2.23

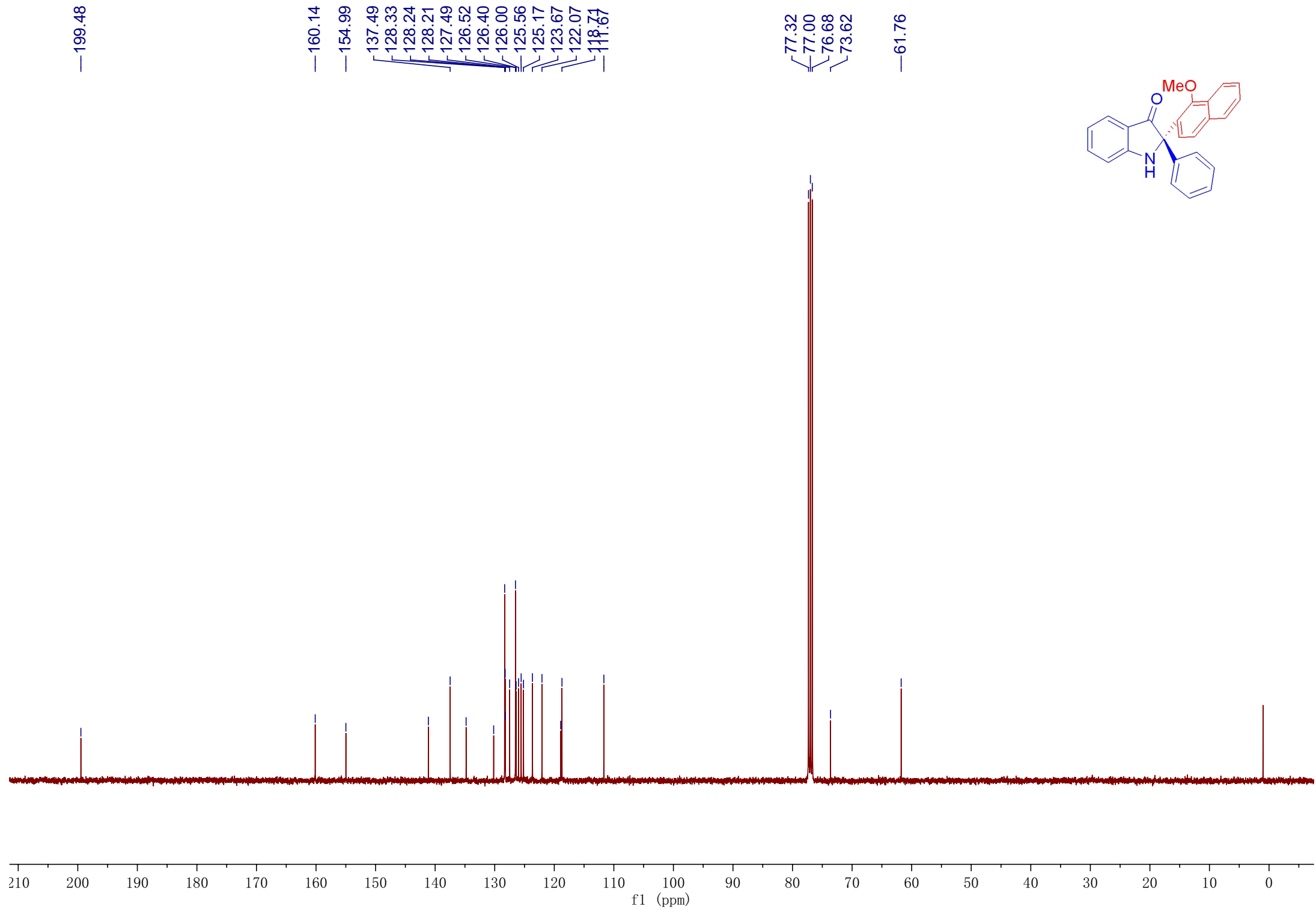


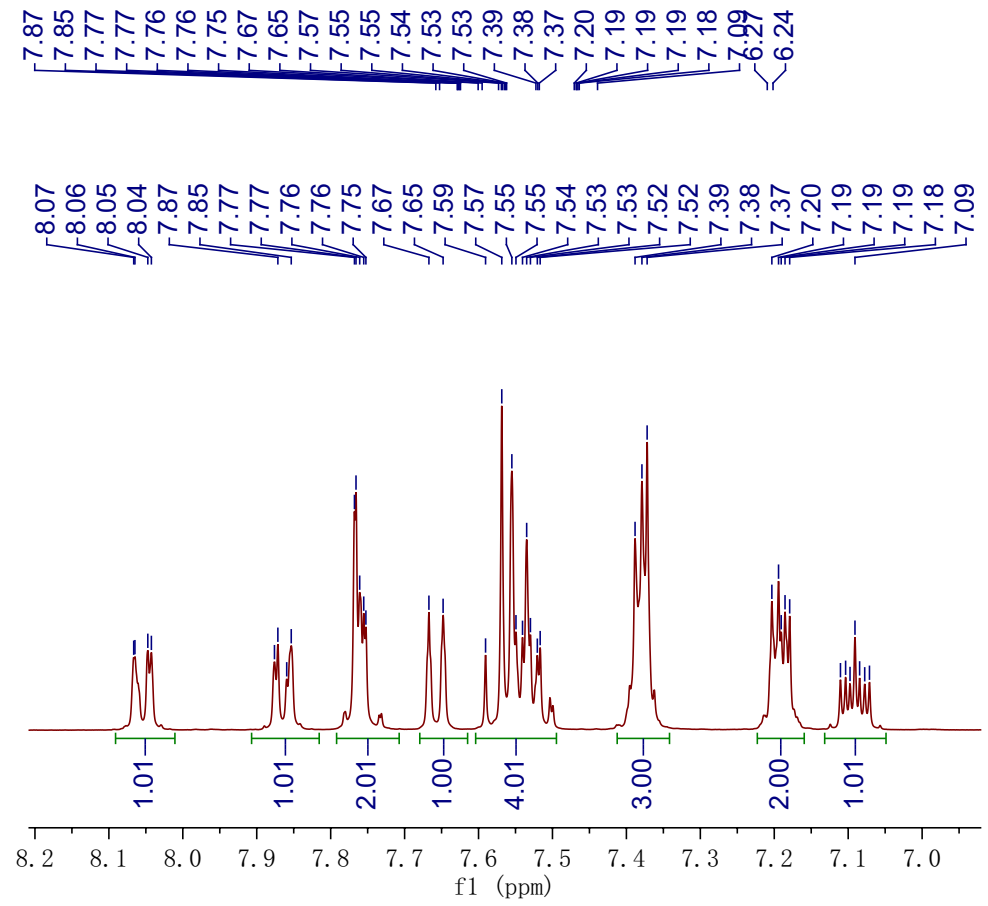












5.00
4.97

2.51
2.50
2.50
2.50
2.49

